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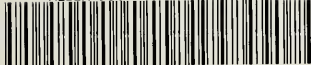
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ADMISSIONS
TO THE COLLEGE OF
ST JOHN THE EVANGELIST
IN THE UNIVERSITY OF
CAMBRIDGE

PART III

JULY 1715—NOVEMBER 1767

EDITED WITH NOTES

BY

ROBERT FORSYTH SCOTT, M.A.,

FELLOW AND SENIOR BURSAR OF THE COLLEGE

CAMBRIDGE

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TO THE READER.

8-31-60 #11-744 (45)
IN this Volume I have continued the work of editing the College Admission Register begun by Professor John E. B. Mayor.

Professor Mayor generously placed at my disposal his transcript of the Register; this contained a number of brief notes by the late Mr C. H. Cooper. He also allowed me the use of a number of his MS. volumes of notes on members of the College. To this source most of the references to the *Gentleman's Magazine* and nearly all the references to the *Cambridge Chronicle* are due.

Following the example of Dr Venn in his work on the Registers of Gonville and Caius College I have searched the Act Books, Ordination Books, and Institution Books in many Diocesan Registries, extracting from these the ordinations of members of the College and their institutions to benefices. The value of these records can hardly be overstated. In most dioceses the degree and College of those ordained is given, though the practice and the date at which it commences varies.

The MSS. at the Public Record Office and the Cole and Davy Collections in the British Museum have also been consulted. Cole's collections have been quoted very freely, for his comments and his point of view are often more illuminating than the actual facts recorded. I have also had the use of Mr Joseph Foster's legal and ecclesiastical collections.

The *Parish Registers* of some of the Churches in Cambridge, more especially that of All Saints, in which the older part of the College is situated, have been examined.

I have also to thank many correspondents for help. The late Mr Justin Simpson, of Stamford; the late Rev. J. Ingle Dredge, Vicar of Buckland Brewer; the late Mr C. W. Holgate, of Salisbury; the Rev. Canon A. R. Maddison, of Lincoln; Mr E. H. W. Dunkin; the Rev. T. W. Hutchinson; Dr A. D. H. Leadman, of Pocklington, and Mr H. M. Wood have been most generous in furnishing me with notes and hints.

Occasionally I have been so fortunate as to get details from descendants of members of the College, or from correspondents specially interested in some person or family.

The result is that in about ninety per cent. of the entries some account of the subsequent career of the individual has been obtained. These accounts necessarily differ in fulness, but in the majority of cases enough has been collected to suggest to a searcher where to look for more. Where the identification has not been completely satisfactory to my own mind I have still given my conjecture, with the expression of a doubt, in the hope that someone may be able to carry the matter a step further.

It is almost impossible in a work such as this to attain finality. Its appearance will, I hope, lead to further identifications and to the accumulation of further facts regarding the names contained in the Register. I shall be very grateful to any correspondent who may feel inclined to assist me.

I have not ventured to impose on anyone the task of reading the proofs of the Appendix. But dates and references have been checked with the original transcripts, and I hope the mistakes will not be found numerous.

Mr P. J. F. Gantillon has prepared the index to the Register on the lines suggested by Professor Mayor.

The sections of this index deserve study. They give a convenient summary of the facts recorded. The county and school indices shew the wide field from which the College drew its members.

From the sources above indicated a number of further notes on the names in Parts I. and II. of the published Register have been collected. I intended at one time to have issued these in the present volume, but found that to do so would increase its dimensions to quite unmanageable limits. These notes are therefore held over for the present, perhaps to be included hereafter in a supplementary volume.

R. F. SCOTT.

ST JOHN'S COLLEGE,
September, 1903.

ADMISSIONS

FROM

11 JULY 1715.

JULY 1715—JULY 1716

Admissiones a Julii 6 An. Dom. 1715

(1) **Jefferson, Henry**, son of Henry Jefferson, clerk, Yorkshire; born at Beverley; bred there (Mr Lambert) for 8 years; admitted sizar for Mr Perkins, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, 11 July, aet. 18.

5 (2) **Hollis, Thomas**, son of John Hollis, farmer (*firmarii*), Northants; born at Kilsby; bred at Rugby, Warwickshire (Mr Holyoake) 'fere' 8 years; admitted sizar for Mr Roper, tutor Mr Drake, 23 July, aet. 20.

10 Memorand. Quod idem Thomas Hollis de admissione sua in Aul. Clar. die Decemb. 9, 1714 de duobus terminis in dicto Collegio adimpletis deque vita sua laudabili dum apud eos commoratus est, id omne testatum habuit a

Aul. Clar. Jul. 23,
An. Dom. 1715.

Nath. Vincent, Praes.
Rob. Greene, Tut.

15 (3) **Rutter, Martin**, son of Henry Rutter, mercer (*mercarii*), Notts; born at Worksop; school, Sedbergh (Mr Saunders) 2 years; admitted sizar for Mr Clarke, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, 6 August, aet. 18.

20 (4) **Wheler, Sir Trevor**, baronet, son of Sir William Wheler of Leamington Hastange, Warwickshire, baronet; bred at Rugby (Mr Holyoake); admitted fellow commoner, tutor Dr Anstey, 26 August, aet. 18.

(5) **Motte, Samuel**, son of Samuel Motte, gentleman, Essex; born at Colchester; bred at Ipswich, Suffolk (Mr Leeds) for 4 years;

admitted sizar for Mr Wotton, tutor Dr Edmundson, 29 September, aet. 16.

Memorand. Quod idem Samuel Motte literas secum adduxit de vita sua probata, ut et de venia sibi concessa ad aliud quodcunque Collegium se conferendi, descriptas et signatas a

5

Anl. Cath.

Tho. Crosse, Coll. Praes.

Sep. 27, 1715.

(6) **Thomas, William**, son of William Thomas, schoolmaster, Leicester; born at Leicester; educated there by his father; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, 7 October, aet. 19.

10

Memorand. Quod idem Gulielmus Thomas de admissione sua in Coll. Eman. Mar. 4 an. D. 1713 de terminis omnib. et singulis ab isto tempore in dicto Collegio completis de venia sibi concessa ad aliud quodcunque Coll. migrandi; nec non de vita sua laudabili dum apud eos commoratus est, literas secum attulit signatas

15

Coll. Eman.

Johan. Balderstone, Coll. Praes.

Oct. 6, 1715.

Gul. Lawe, Tutore &c.

(7) **Pennoyre, Thomas**, son of Thomas Pennoyre, gentleman, Hereford; born at Clifford; school, Hereford (Mr Traherne) for 4 years; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Anstey, 17 October, aet. 19.

20

(8) **Duffe, Arthur**, son of Patrick Duffe (deceased), Ireland, mother's county Middlesex; bred at Kidderminster (Mr Best); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Anstey, 17 October, aet. 17.

(9) **Roberts, Hugh**, son of John Roberts of Place-Nowith, 25 Denbigh, esquire; school, Westminster (Dr Friend) 3 years; admitted fellow commoner, tutor Mr Foulkes, 24 October, aet. 18.

(10) **Richardson, Richard**, son of Richard Richardson, 'pilearii,' Kent; born at Tunbridge; bred there (Mr Spencer); admitted sizar for Dominus Rigden, tutor and surety Dr Anstey, 28 October, 30 aet. 18.

(11) **Lloyd, Thomas**, son of Thomas Lloyd, gentleman, Wales (Cambro-britannus); born at Overton, Flint; bred at Whitchurch, Salop (Mr Hughes); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Foulkes, 4 November, aet. 17.

35

(12) **Altham, Peyton**, son of James Altham of Mark Hall, Essex, esquire; bred at Bishop's Stortford (Dr Tooke) 3 years; admitted fellow commoner, tutor Dr Anstey, 8 Nov., aet. 19.

(13) **Tetlow, John**, son of Robert Tetlow, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorkshire; born at Skirding, Yorks; bred at Cunistone (Mr Robinson) 2 years; admitted sizar for Mr White, tutor Dr Edmundson, 7 Nov., aet. 20.

40

(14) **Staige, Theodosius**, son of William Staige, clerk, Middlesex; born in London; school, St Paul's (Mr Askew) 3 years; admitted sizar for Mr Pearson, tutor and surety Dr Anstey, 17 45 December, aet. 19.

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- (15) **Wood, Nathaniel**, son of William Wood, clerk, Northamptonshire; born at Great Houghton; school, Northampton (Mr Stiles); admitted pensioner under Dr Anstey, 26 Jan., aet. past 17.
- (16) **Jenkin, Thomas**, son of Henry Jenkin, clerk, Norfolk; 5 born at Tilney; school, Eton (Dr Snape) 2 years; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Anstey, 9 February, aet. 18.
- (17) **Bolton, Richard**, son of Richard Bolton, gentleman, Lancashire; born at Halywell; bred at Rivington (Mr Glassebrooke); admitted sizar for Mr Johnstone, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, 10 13 February, aet. 19.
- (18) **Craven, William Baron**, son of William Baron Craven of Hampstead Marshall, Middlesex; bred at Rugby (Mr Holyoake) 4 years; admitted fellow commoner, tutor Mr Johnson, 28 February, aet. 17.
- 15 (19) **Coxe, Francis**, son of William Coxe, woollen-draper (*lanarii*), Warwickshire; born at Southam; bred at Rugby (Mr Holyoake) 7 years; admitted sizar for Lord Craven, tutor Dr Anstey, 2 March.
- (20) **Armstrong, Daniel**, son of Thomas Armstrong, bailiff (*villici*) to the Earl of Nottingham; born at Burleigh on the Hill; 20 bred at Okeham (Mr Wright) 10 years; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Anstey, 6 March, aet. 17.
- (21) **Culm, Benjamin**, son of John Culm, currier (*coriarii*), Cheshire; born at Chester; bred there (Mr Henchman) 8 years; admitted sizar for Mr Chester; tutor Dr Edmundson, 12 March, aet. 25 18.
- (22) **Mompesson, William**, son of George Mompesson, clerk, Yorkshire; born at York; school, Wakefield (Mr Clarke) 2 years; admitted sizar for Mr Roper, tutor Mr Drake, 20 March, aet. past 18.

1716

- (23) **Finch, William**, son of Henry Finch, husbandman (*agri- 30 colae*), Staffordshire; born at Brawood; bred there (Mr Hillman); admitted sizar for Mr Fenwick, tutor Dr Anstey, 4 April, aet. past 17.
- (24) **Bettinson, George**, son of Thomas Bettinson, innkeeper (*pandochei*), Nottingham; born at Nottingham; bred there (Mr Johnson); admitted sizar for Mr Foulkes, tutor Dr Anstey, 4 April, 35 aet. past 19.
- (25) **Gee, Thomas**, son of Thomas Gee, gentleman, Yorkshire; born at Bishops Burton; bred at Beverley (Mr Lambert) 8 years; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, 9 April, aet. past 15.
- (26) **Chambers, William**, son of William Chambers, gentleman, 40 Derbyshire; born at Derby; bred there (Mr Blackwell); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, 18 April, aet. 16.
- (27) **Robinson, Thomas**, son of John Robinson, clerk, Yorkshire; born at Lestingham; bred at Richmond (Mr Thompson); admitted sizar for Dr Pearson, tutor Dr Anstey, 20 April, aet. 18.

(28) **Edmundson, Alexander**, son of William Edmundson, gentleman, Lancashire; born at Manchester; bred at Sedbergh (Mr Saunders) 4 years; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, 29 April, aet. 18.

(29) **Maddox, John**, son of William Maddox, mercer (*mercarii*), Herefordshire; born at Hereford; bred there (Mr Traherne); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Anstey, 4 May, aet. past 15¹. 5

(30) **Lebeg, Honoratus**, son of Honoratus Lebeg, M.D., Lancashire; born at Liverpool; bred at Sedbergh (Mr Saunders) 2 years, previously at Preston (Mr Manwaring) 10 years; admitted sizar for Mr Clarke, tutor Dr Edmundson, 8 May, aet. 17. 10

(31) **Brand, Jacob**, son of Jacob Brand, gentleman, Suffolk; born at Polstead; school, Westminster (Dr Friend) 4 years; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, 9 May, aet. 18. 15

(32) **Lowther, Thomas**, son of Thomas Lowther, Yorkshire; born at Lowdon; bred at Sherbourne (Mr Potter) 2 years, previously at York (Mr Herbert); admitted sizar for Mr Roper, tutor Mr Drake, 11 May, aet. 18.

(33) **Clarke, Thomas**, son of William Clarke, clerk, Yorkshire; born at York; bred at Sherbourne (Mr Potter) more than a year, previously at York (Mr Foster) 5 years; admitted sizar for Mr Foulkes, tutor and surety Dr Anstey, 12 May, aet. 18. 20

(34) **Procter, George**, son of Robert Procter, currier (*coriarii*), Yorkshire; born at Craven; bred at Threshfield (Mr Marshall); admitted sizar for Mr Wotton, tutor and surety Mr Drake, 14 May, aet. 19. 25

(35) **Bridges, William**, son of William Bridges, clerk, Yorkshire; born at Castleford; bred at Sedbergh (Mr Saunders) one year, previously at Leeds (Mr Bernard) 5 years; admitted sizar for Mr Roper, tutor Mr Drake, 16 May, aet. 'fere' 18. 30

(36) **Askew, Antony**, son of Antony Askew, M.D., Westmorland; born at Kendal; bred there (Mr Towers) 6 years; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, 19 May, aet. 17.

(37) **Dodgson, Christopher**, son of Robert Dodgson, husbandman, Yorkshire; born at Guisbourne; bred at Threshfield (Mr Marshall) 2 years; admitted sizar for Mr Palmer, tutor Dr Edmundson, 19 May. 35

(38) **Jackson, Thomas**, son of Richard Jackson, husbandman, Yorkshire; born at Austwicke; school, Sedbergh (Mr Saunders) 3 years; admitted sizar for Mr Foche, tutor Dr Anstey, 19 May, aet. 20. 40

(39) **Goslin, James**, son of Joseph Goslin, ironmonger (*mercatoris ferrarii*), Buckinghamshire; born at Chaffen St Peters; school, Westminster (Dr Friend) 4 years; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Anstey, 21 May, aet. past 15. 45

¹ Et paulo post Discip. pro Ducissa Somerset. (Note in margin of Register.)

- (40) **Moorhouse, Edward**, son of John Moorhouse, farmer (*firmarii*), Yorkshire; born at Skibden; bred at Skipton (Messrs Carre and Settell) 6 years; admitted sizar for Mr Clarke, tutor Dr Edmundson, 21 May, aet. 19.
- 5 (41) **Adams, George**, son of George Adams, clerk, Ireland; 'Matre natus Middlesexiensi apud Killallon in Comitatu Mediens'; school, Peterborough, $\frac{1}{2}$ year; 'Maxime ab ipso Patre infra Upton,' Hunts; admitted sizar for Mr Fenwick, tutor Dr Anstey, 23 May, aet. past 18.
- 10 (42) **Wilson, William**, son of John Wilson, tailor (*sutoris vestiarii*), Cambridge; born at Cambridge; bred at the King's School there (Mr Foster) 6 years; admitted sizar for Mr Bradfield, tutor Dr Anstey, 24 May, aet. 18.
- (43) **Fenwicke, John**, son of Roger Fenwicke, esquire, North-
 15 umberland; born at Stanton; bred at home (Mr Lisle); admitted fellow commoner, tutor Mr Fenwicke, 2 June, aet. 18.
- (44) **Evans, Thomas**, son of William Evans, gentleman, Montgomery; born at Landvinium; school, Shrewsbury (Mr Lloyd) 7 years; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Drake, 4 June, aet. 18.
- 20 (45) **Whitaker, Thomas**, son of Thomas Whitaker, husbandman (*agricolae*), Staffordshire; born at Bucknall; bred at Stoke (Mr Lea) 4 years; admitted sizar for Dominus Peake, tutor Dr Edmundson, 6 June, aet. 'fere' 18.
- (46) **Gittens, Richard**, son of Thomas Gittens, goldsmith (*auri-*
 25 *ficis*), Salop; born at Shrewsbury; school, Eton (Dr Snape) 6 years; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Anstey, 11 June, aet. 'fere' 19.
- (47) **Tollett, Cooke**, son of George Tollett, gentleman, Middlesex; born in London; school, Westminster (Dr Friend) 4 years; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Anstey, 15 June, aet. 18. (Admitted
 30 fellow commoner January 17 $\frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{1}{1}$. *Note in margin.*)
- (48) **Sagge, Thomas**, son of Thomas Sagge, clerk, Yorkshire; born at Thrushes near Sutton; bred at home; admitted sizar for Mr Lloyd, tutor Mr Drake, 18 June, aet. 18.
- (49) **Bowyer, William**, son of William Bowyer, printer (*typo-*
 35 *graphi*), Middlesex; born in London; bred at Headley (Mr Bonwicke); admitted sizar for the President, tutor Dr Anstey, 19 June, aet. past 16.
- (50) **Johnson, Rolland**, son of Richard Johnson, clerk; born at Dolegelle, Merioneth; bred at Rythwin, Denbigh (Mr Lloyd); admitted
 40 sizar for Mr Foulkes, tutor Dr Anstey, 19 June, aet. 18.
- (51) **Latham, John**, son of John Latham, clerk, Sussex; born at Etchingham; bred at Lewis (Mr Pierce) 6 years; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Drake, 19 June, aet. 18.
- (52) **Conway, Benjamin**, B.A. of Jesus College, Oxford;
 45 Denbigh; admitted pensioner, surety Dr Edmundson, 21 June.

Omnibus in Christo fidelibus ad quos hoc praesens scriptum pervenerit salutem. Nos principalis et socii Coll. Jesu Oxon. testamur et testatum facimus Benjamin Conway ad Gradum Bac-

calaurii in Artibus promotum fuisse anno Domini 1703. In ejus rei testimonium sigillum nostrum manuale apponi fecimus.

Datum è Coll. Jes. Oxon.

J. Asaph, Pr^{lie}.

Jun. die 9^{no}., 1716.

(53) **Rolle, Samuel**, son of Dennis Rolle, clerk, Devon; born at Merton; bred at Exeter (Mr Reynolds); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Anstey, 21 June, aet. 17. 5

(54) **Lodge, John**, son of Edmund Lodge, husbandman (*agricolae*), Lancashire; born at Bolton; bred at Clapham in Co. York (Mr Ashe); admitted sizar for Mr Foulkes, tutor Dr Anstey, 26 June. 10

(55) **Lowthian, Richard**, son of George Lowthian, gentleman, Cumberland; born at Stafford; bred at Carlisle (Mr Walton); admitted sizar for Mr Richardson, tutor Dr Edmundson, 26 June, aet. 18.

(56) **Smith, George**, son of John Smith, clothier (*pannifici*), Yorkshire; born at *Back o' th' Hill* near Bradford; school, Sedbergh (Mr Saunders) 1 year; admitted sizar for his tutor Dr Anstey, 26 June, aet. 17.

(57) **Morton, Richard**, son of John Morton, vintner (*oenopolae*), Kent; born at Tunbridge; bred there (Mr Spencer) 1½ years; 20 admitted sizar for Mr Rigden, tutor Dr Anstey, 27 June, aet. past 15.

(58) **Pulford, Thomas**, son of Alexander Pulford, goldsmith (*aurifabri*), Cheshire; born at Chester; bred at Audlem (Mr Evans); admitted sizar for his tutor Mr Foulkes, 27 June, aet. 'fere' 16.

(59) **Davies, Robert**, son of Francis Davies, collector of taxes (*telonarii*); born at Ruthwyn, Denbigh; school, Shrewsbury (Mr Lloyd); admitted sizar for Mr Foulkes his tutor, 28 June, aet. 18. 25

(60) **Hotchkis, Richard**, son of Richard Hotchkis (deceased), Salop; born at Churbury; school, Shrewsbury, 3 months, but chiefly bred at home; admitted sizar for Mr Lloyd, tutor Dr Anstey, 28 June, aet. 19. 30

(61) **Launce, Robert Stiles**, son of John Launce, gentleman, Durham; born at Darlington; school, Merchant Taylors' (Mr Parsell) 1 year, longer at Worcester School (Mr Wilson); admitted sizar for Mr Parke, tutor Dr Edmundson, 30 June, aet. 18. 35

(62) **Rogers, Robert**, son of Robert Rogers, clerk, Essex; born at Brackstead; school, Charterhouse (Dr Walker) 4 years; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, 2 July, aet. 18.

(63) **Clarke, Francis**, son of Francis Clarke, merchant, Middlesex; born in London; school, Bury, Suffolk (Mr Randal and Mr Kinsman); admitted sizar for Mr Goodwin, tutor Dr Anstey, 2 July, aet. past 17. 40

(64) **Pidding, John**, son of John Pidding, barber (*barbitonsoris*), Wiltshire; born at Marlborough; bred there (Mr Hildrop); admitted pensioner¹, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, 4 July, aet. 18. 45

¹ Et paulo post Discip. pro Duciss. Somerset.

Coll. Merton Oxon. Jul. 2^{do}., 1716.

5 Johannes Pidding in Collegium Mertonense sexto die Aprilis admissus fuit, anno Domini millesimo septingentesimo, decimo quinto, et quamdiu apud nos vixerit honestè, piè sobrieque vitam instituit. In ejus testimonium nomina nostra subscripsimus.

Die Julii 2^{do}.
an. 1716.

Guliel. Marten, Burs. Sen.
Johan. Marten, Princip.
Hen. Byne, Bursarius.
Gilb. Trowe, Decan. Med.

10 (65) **Bradshaw, James**, son of William Bradshaw, bailiff (*villici dispensatoris*), Lancashire; born at Standish near Wigan; bred at Heskin (Mr Foster); admitted sizar for Mr Grove, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, 5 July, aet. 19.

[Admissions in the year $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c. } 5 \\ \text{p. } 22 \\ \text{s. } 38 \end{array} \right\} 65.]$

JULY 1716—JULY 1717

Admissiones à Julii 6^{to} Anno Dom. 1716

15 (1) **Drury, John**, son of William Drury, gentleman, Notts; born at Nottingham; bred there (Mr Johnson); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, 6 July, aet. 17.

(2) **Johnson, William**, son of Thomas Johnson, currier (*coriarii*), Northumberland; born at Hexham; bred there (Mr Bewick);
20 admitted sizar for Mr Newcome, tutor and surety Dr Anstey, 25 July, aet. 18.

(3) **Altham, James**, son of James Altham, gentleman, Middlesex; born in London; bred at Bishops Stortford (Dr Tooke) 8 years; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, 12
25 September, aet. 18.

(4) **Wenyeve, Edward**, son of George Wenyeve, lawyer (*juris-consulti*), Suffolk; born in France¹; school, Bury (Messrs Kinsman and Randall); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, 17 September, aet. 18.

30 (5) **Sanderson, William**, son of Francis Sanderson, 'praefecti militum,' Middlesex; born in London; school, Charterhouse (Dr Walker) 7 years; admitted sizar for Mr Fenwick, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, 20 September, aet. 20.

¹ Originally the county of birth was given as Middlesex and the place 'Natus (aut nescit) infra Fulham in Comit. praedict.,' these words being erased and Suffolk and 'in regno Galliae' substituted, with the note 'Haec Interlin. coram Magistro et Senioribus.'

(6) **Powell, Thomas**, son of Henry Powell, clerk, Wales; born at Langadock, Carmarthenshire; bred at Histon, Cambridgeshire (Mr Scaife); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, 21 September, aet. 18.

(7) **Hody, Edward**, son of John Hody, gentleman, Dorset; 5 born at Holt Lodge near Winbourne; school, Charterhouse (Dr Walker) 5 years; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, 26 September, aet. 18.

(8) **Harwood, Rolland**, son of Thomas Harwood, gentleman, Shropshire; born at Shrewsbury; school, Eton (Dr Snape) 7 years; 10 admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, 26 September, aet. 18.

(9) **Bankes, William**, son of William Bankes, lawyer (*juris-periti*), Yorks; born at Skipton; bred there (Mr Leadall) 8 years; admitted sizar for Dominus Peake, tutor Dr Edmundson, 27 September, aet. 17. 15

(10) **Archer, Gilbert Edward**, son of Benjamin Archer, clerk, Buckinghamshire; born at Quainton near Ailesbury; bred at Thame (Oxon) and Westminster for one year; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, 26 October, aet. past 16.

(11) **Saffery, Thomas**, son of Henry Saffery, maltster (*brasia-toris*), Norfolk; born at Downham Markett; school, Norwich (Mr Pate) 5 years; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, 30 October, aet. 18. 20

(12) **Richards, John**, son of Richard Richards, butcher (*lanii*), Lincolnshire; born at Spaldinge; bred there (Mr Waring); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, 2 November, aet. past 17. 25

(13) **Newlin, Richard**, son of John Newlin, clerk, Hampshire; born at Axton; bred at Corhampton (Mr Ainsworth) 7 years; admitted sizar for Mr Parke, tutor Dr Edmundson, 5 November, 30 aet. 18.

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(14) **Brownsmith, John**, son of John Brownsmith, clerk, Suffolk; born at Pakingham; bred at Bury St Edmunds (Mr Kinesman); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, 10 January, aet. 18.

(15) **Dean, George**, son of William Dean, clerk, Hunts; born at Offord Darcy; bred at Huntingdon (Mr Matthews); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, 6 February, aet. past 17. 35

(16) **Farmery, Robert**, son of William Farmery, clerk, Lincolnshire; born at Blyton; bred at Westminster (Dr Friend) 6 years; 40 admitted sizar for Mr Prior, tutor Dr Edmundson, 13 February, aet. past 17.

(17) **Walburge, Simon**, son of Richard Walburge, grocer (*aromatarii*), Lincolnshire; born at Stamford; bred at Rugby (Mr Holyoake) 2 years; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, 45 15 March, aet. 17.

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(18) **Heaton, Peter**, son of Henry Heaton, linen-draper (*lintearii*), Lancashire; born at Preston; bred there and at Sedbergh (Mr Saunders) 1 year; admitted sizar for Dominus Tatham, tutor Dr Edmundson, 26 March, aet. 19.

5 (19) **Frank, Nathaniel**, son of John Frank, 'armorum lustratoris,' Lancashire; born at Preston; bred at Sedbergh (Mr Saunders) 5 years; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, 28 March, aet. past 19.

(20) **Fawcett, Horace**, son of Robert Fawcett, clerk, Norfolk; 10 born at Rackheath; bred at Windham (Mr Sayer) 4 years; admitted sizar for Mr Simpson, tutor Mr Newcome, 3 April, aet. past 18.

(21) **Beanlands, George**, son of Joseph Beanlands, clothier (*pannifici*), Yorkshire, born at Brack on Bank near Kighley; bred 15 at Sedbergh (Mr Saunders) 2 years; admitted sizar for Mr Bradfield, tutor Mr Newcome, 10 April, aet. 24.

(22) **Richardson, Thomas**, son of Thomas Richardson, 'tabellarii,' Yorkshire; born at Mountgate near the city of York; bred at York (Mr Herbert) 4 years; admitted sizar for Mr Lisle, tutor Mr New- 20 come, 11 April, aet. past 18.

(23) **Challenour, William**, son of William Challenour, barrister (*causidici*), Northamptonshire; born at Wollaston; bred there (Mr Munton) 3 years; admitted sizar for Mr Peake, tutor Dr Edmundson, 23 April, aet. past 19.

25 (24) **Callow, William**, son of Roger Callow, clerk, Sussex; born at Warbleton; bred at Tunbridge (Mr Spencer), 2 years; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, 26 April, aet. 'fere' 16.

(25) **Wilson, William**, son of Robert Wilson, ironmonger (*mercatoris ferrarii*), Cumberland; born at Pearith (Penrith); bred 30 at Sedbergh (Mr Saunders) 2 years; admitted sizar for Mr Clarke, tutor Dr Edmundson, 29 April, aet. nearly 19.

(26) **Hanson, Antony**, son of Thomas Hanson, clerk, Yorkshire; born at Thornton near Skipton; bred at Sedbergh (Mr Saunders) 2 years; admitted sizar for Mr Heald, tutor Dr Edmundson, 29 35 April, aet. 20.

(27) **Brome, Richard**, son of Edmund Brome, clerk, Suffolk; born at Woodbridge; bred there (Mr Leeds); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, 30 April, aet. past 16.

(28) **Bainbridge, Edward**, son of Henry Bainbridge, husband- 40 man (*agricolae*), Westmorland; born at Barton near Kirkby Lonsdale; bred at Sedbergh (Mr Saunders) 2 years; admitted sizar for Mr Roper, tutor Mr Drake, 1 May, aet. past 17.

(29) **Lynch, George**, son of John Lynch, gentleman, Kent; born at Staple, near Sandwich; bred at Canterbury (Mr Smith); 45 admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, 2 May, aet. past 17.

(30) **Knowler, William**, son of Gilbert Knowler, esquire, Kent;

born at Herne near Canterbury; school, Canterbury (Mr Smith); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Drake, 3 May, aet. 18.

(31) **Vowe, John**, son of Leonard Vowe, gentleman, Leicestershire; born at Hallaton; bred at Carleton Curlew (Mr Salter); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, 8 May, aet. 15½. 5

(32) **Covert, Charles Ranulph**, of Hart Hall, Oxford; admitted pensioner, surety Mr Newcome, 8 May.

(33) **Taylor, John**, son of William Taylor, esquire, Yorkshire; born at Beverley; bred there (Mr Johnstone); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, 10 May, aet. 20. 10

(34) **Fairfax, Thomas**, son of William Fairfax, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorkshire; born at Russop; bred at Thorneton (Mr Dowbiggin); admitted sizar, tutor Mr Newcome, 16 May, aet. 18.

(35) **Jackson, Thomas**, son of Thomas Jackson, steward (*dispensatoris*), Lancashire; born at Burnley; bred there (Mr Robert Shaw); admitted sizar for Dominus Tatham, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, 17 May, aet. 18. 15

(36) **King, John**, son of Thomas King, of Melford, esquire, Suffolk; born at Bury St Edmunds; bred at Melford in his father's house (Mr Sharpe); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, 22 May, aet. 17. 20

(37) **Hart, Robert**, son of Rawson Hart, esquire, Lincolnshire; born at Grantham; bred there (Mr Ellis); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, 22 May, aet. 17.

(38) **Simcock, John**, son of John Simcock, husbandman (*agricolae*), Cheshire; born at Middlewich; bred at Macclesfield (Mr Denham); admitted sizar for Mr Bradfield, tutor Mr Newcome, 25 May, aet. 22. 25

(39) **Hare, John**, son of John Hare, 'organopoei,' Middlesex; born in London; schools, Eton (Mr Newborough) and Merchant Taylors' (Mr Parsell); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, 27 May, aet. 19. 30

(40) **Quellyn, William**, son of Hugh Quellyn, gentleman, Wales; born at Quellyn near Carnarvon; bred at Bangor (Mr Doulben) 2 years; admitted sizar for Dominus Williams, tutor Mr Newcome, 35 6 June, aet. past 18.

(41) **Beresford, Edward**, son of John Beresford, gentleman, Derbyshire; born at Bentley; bred at Stockport (Mr Dale) 5 years; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, 8 June, aet. 18.

(42) **Kirke, Richard**, son of William Kirke, butcher (*lanii*), Lincolnshire; born at Grantham; bred there (Mr Ellis); admitted sizar for Mr Rowse, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, 15 June, aet. 19. 40

(43) **Archer, Myles**, son of Richard Archer, farmer (*firmarii*), Lancashire; born at Hawkshard Hall near Ambleside; bred at Hawkshard (Mr Ballfell); admitted sizar for Mr Peake, tutor Dr Edmundson, 19 June, aet. past 18.

(44) **Lowe, George**, son of John Lowe, gentleman, Cheshire; born at Northwyche; bred at Madeley, Staffs (Mr Jenkinson) 2

years, afterwards at Westminster School (Dr Friend) more than $\frac{1}{2}$ year; admitted pensioner under Mr Newcome, 21 June, aet. 18.

(45) **Perne, Chester**, son of John Perne, 'jurisperiti,' one of the Esquire Bedells of the University, Hertford; born at Cocken Hatch; bred at Eton (Mr Newborough) 3 years, then at home (Mr Chappelow); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Chappelow, 24 June, aet. 16. (Note in the margin, 'Admitted fellow commoner, 20 January, 1729'.)

(46) **Hammond, Thomas**, son of Antony Hammond, gentleman, Middlesex; born in London; school, Westminster (Dr Friend) 4 years; admitted fellow commoner, tutor Mr Newcome, 24 June, aet. past 16.

(47) **FitzEdwards, Francis**, son of Francis FitzEdwards, gentleman, Surrey; born at Lambeth; bred at Sutton Colefield, Warwickshire (Mr Saunders); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, 25 June, aet. past 18.

(48) **Smith, Robert**, son of Robert Smith, grocer (*aromatarii*), Northamptonshire; born in Peterborough; school, Westminster (Dr Friend) nearly 3 years; admitted sizar for Mr Roper, tutor Mr Newcome, 26 June, aet. past 17.

(49) **Radcliff, William**, son of John Radcliff, clerk (deceased), Middlesex; born in London; school, Warwick (Mr Lydiott) $1\frac{1}{2}$ years; admitted sizar for Mr Featherstonehaugh, tutor Dr Edmundson, 26 June, aet. 19.

(50) **Robinson, John**, son of Edward Robinson, scrivener (*scriniarii*), Yorkshire; born at Beverley; bred there (Mr Lambert) more than 8 years; admitted sizar for Mr Chappelow, tutor Dr Edmundson, 27 June, aet. past 19.

(51) **Chester, Edward**, son of Robert Chester, gentleman, Hertfordshire; born at Bygrave; bred at home (Mr Parke); admitted fellow commoner under the said Mr Parke, 29 June, aet. 14.

(52) **Hitching, John**, son of Nicholas Hitching, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Threapland; bred at Threshfield (Mr Marshall); admitted sizar for Mr Allott, tutor Mr Newcome, 29 June, aet. 18.

(53) **Daniel, Richard**, son of John Daniel, grocer (*aromatarii*), Essex; born at Colchester; school, Felstead, afterwards the Charterhouse (Mr Walker) nearly 1 year; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, 1 July, aet. 'prope' 18. (Note in margin, 'Fellow commoner, 22 February, 1729'.)

(54) **Gibbon, Williams**, son of Thomas Gibbon, Dean of Carlisle; born at Graystock; bred at Sedbergh (Mr Saunders); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, 2 July, aet. 18.

(55) **Standish, David**, son of David Standish, clerk, Northamptonshire; born at Peterborough; bred there, at home; admitted sizar for Mr Creyke, tutor and surety Mr Drake, 3 July, aet. 20.

(56) **Forster, John**, son of William Forster, clerk, Lincolnshire;

born at Stamford; bred there (Mr Turner); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, 4 July, aet. past 16.

(57) **Sharp, Martin**, A.M., of Christ's College, *Bene decessit* signed by Doctor Covell and others; admitted fellow commoner, surety Mr Newcome, 5 July.

5

[Admissions this year $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c. } 5 \\ \text{p. } 26 \\ \text{s. } 26 \end{array} \right\} 57.]$

JULY 1717—JULY 1718

Admissiones à Julii 5^{to} An. Dom. 1717

(1) **Bedford, William**, son of Thomas Bedford, 'cognitoris,' Beds; born at Barford; school, Westminster (Dr Friend) 4 years; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, 22 July, aet. 'fere' 18.

(2) **Cavell, John**, son of William Cavell, clerk, Suffolk; born at 10 Butteley Abbey; school, Ipswich (Mr Leeds); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, 25 September, aet. past 18.

(3) **Warburton, Thomas**, son of John Warburton, clerk, Rutlandshire; born at Okeham; bred there (Mr Wright) 8 years; admitted sizar for Dominus Parnham, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, 15 28 September, aet. past 17.

(4) **Rowe, Henry**, son of Lewis Rowe, gentleman, Wales; born at Cleager near Pembroke; school, Pembroke (Mr Evans) 6 years; admitted sizar for Mr Foulkes, tutor Mr Newcome, 3 October, aet. 'prope' 18.

20

(5) **Bonwicke, James**, son of Ambrose Bonwicke, clerk, Surrey; born at Headley; educated by his father; admitted sizar for Dr Berry, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, 12 October, aet. past 13.

(6) **Willis, Richard**, son of Richard Willis, clerk, Northants; born at Higham Ferrers; school, Charterhouse (Dr Walker); admitted sizar for Mr Grove senior, tutor Mr Newcome, 22 October, aet. 20.

(7) **Harrison, John**, son of John Harrison, clerk, Bucks; born at Walton near Newport; school, Eton 2 years; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, 2 November, aet. 16.

30

(8) **Sutton, Stephen**, son of Richard Sutton, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorkshire; born at Aldborough near Borrowbridge (Boroughbridge); bred near Coxwold (Mr Midgeley); admitted sizar for Mr Whitstones, tutor Mr Newcome, 2 November, aet. past 17.

(9) **Nairne, Richard**, son of Richard Nairne, maltster (*brasia-* 35 *toris*), Kent; born at Sandwich; school, Canterbury (Mr Smith) 8 years; admitted sizar for Mr Johnson, tutor Mr Newcome, 11 December, aet. 19.

171 $\frac{7}{8}$

(10) **Burletson, Robert**, son of William Burletson, clerk, Kent; born at Teston near Maidstone; schools, Maidstone and Westminster; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, 9 January, aet. 18.

(11) **Richardson, Benjamin**, son of James Richardson, clerk, 5 Middlesex; born in London; bred at home; admitted sizar for Mr Bowtell, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, 20 January, aet. 16.

(12) **Hodson, George**, son of John Hodson, clerk, Cheshire; born at Chrisbleton; bred by his father; admitted sizar for Mr Richardson, tutor Dr Edmundson, 19 March, aet. 16.

1718

10 (13) **Routh, William**, son of John Routh, 'stapler,' Yorkshire; born at Monk Friston near Pontefract; bred at Sherbourne (Mr Williams); admitted sizar for Mr Bradfield, tutor Mr Newcome, 27 March, aet. past 18.

(14) **Davies, George**, son of George Davies, druggist (*pharmaco-*
15 *copolae*); born at Beverley; bred there (Mr Lambert and Mr Johnstone); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, 11 April, aet. past 16.

(15) **Barry, Nicholas**, son of Richard Barry, clerk, Wilts; born at Upton Scudamore; bred at Warminster by his father; admitted
20 pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, 12 April, aet. 18. (Discip. pro Ducissa Somerset. *Note in margin.*)

(16) **Dowbiggin, Thomas**, son of Christopher Dowbiggin, husbandman (*agricolae*), Lancashire; born at Tatham near Lancaster; bred at Sedbergh (Mr Saunders) nearly one year; admitted sizar
25 for Dominus Robinson, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, 14 April.

(17) **Cecil, Honourable Brownlow**, second son of John Earl of Exeter, Northamptonshire; born at Burghley House near Stamford; school, Northampton (*Antonae*) (Mr Stiles) 2 years; admitted fellow
30 commoner, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, 15 April, aet. 17. (Et anno 1722 Comes Exon. *Note in margin.*)

(18) **Cecil, Honourable William**, third son of John Earl of Exeter, Northamptonshire; born at Burghley House near Stamford; school, Northampton (*Antonae*) (Mr Stiles) 2 years; admitted fellow
commoner, tutor Dr Edmundson, 15 April, aet. 16.

35 (19) **Dowbiggin, John**, son of Christopher Dowbiggin, husbandman (*agricolae*), Lancashire; born at Tatham; bred at Sedbergh (Mr Saunders), admitted sizar for his tutor Mr Newcome, 16 April, aet. 22.

(20) **Warren, Thomas**, son of Martin Warren, husbandman
40 (*agricolae*), Cambridge; born at Snowhill; bred at Beverley (Mr Lambert and Mr Johnstone) 6 years; admitted sizar for Mr Chappel-
low, tutor Dr Edmundson, 18 April, aet. 18.

(21) **Stroother, Thomas**, son of Wilfrid Stroother, barrister (*causidici*), Yorks; born at Burrowbridge (Boroughbridge); bred at

Sedbergh (Mr Saunders) 3 years ; admitted sizar for Mr Lisle, tutor Mr Newcome, 23 April, aet. past 18.

(22) **Branston, Joseph**, son of John Branston, farmer (*firmary*), Lincolnshire ; born at Gunnerby near Grantham ; bred at Grantham (Mr Ellis) lately also at Okeham nearly one year (Mr Wright) ; admitted sizar for Mr Bradfield, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, 24 April, aet. nearly 18. 5

(23) **Fogge, Robert**, son of Arthur Fogge, D.D., Cheshire ; born at Chester ; bred there (Mr Henchman) ; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, 26 April, aet. past 17. 10

(24) **Fogge, John**, son of Arthur Fogge, D.D., Cheshire ; born at Chester ; bred there (Mr Henchman) 4 years ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, 26 April, aet. past 16.

(25) **Ince, Thomas**, son of Nicholas Ince, gentleman, Cheshire ; born at Chester ; bred there (Mr Henchman) 5 years ; admitted sizar for Mr Clarke, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, 26 April, aet. past 17. 15

(26) **Ingram, Goodrick**, admitted pensioner, 4 May, '*et paulo post discessit.*'

(27) **Cayley, Arthur**, son of Simon Cayley, clerk, deceased, 20 Beds ; born at Ampthill ; bred at Kelloe near Durham (Mr Thompson) 4 years ; admitted sizar for Mr Grove, tutor Mr Newcome, 6 May, aet. nearly 16.

(28) **Elsley, Charles**, son of William Elsley, clerk, Yorks ; born near York ; bred there (Mr Foster) ; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, 15 May, aet. 18. 25

(29) **Pugh, William**, son of William Pugh, husbandman (*agricolae*), Wales ; born at Lowess, Radnor ; bred at Hereford (Mr Rodd) 3 years ; admitted sizar for Mr Grove, jun., tutor and surety Mr Newcome, 21 May, aet. 22. 30

(30) **Charnley, William**, son of Henry Charnley, grocer (*aromatarii*), Lancaster ; born at Balderstone, near Preston ; bred at Threshfield (Mr Marshall) ; admitted sizar for Dominus Tatham, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, 22 May, aet. 21.

Martii 25, 1718. Ego Johannes Walmsley Registrarius Collegii SS^{tae} et individuae Trinitatis juxta Dublin. testor Gulielmum Charnley die Maii 16 annoque Dom. 1714 in Coll. praedict. admissum fuisse et per decem terminos quibus ibidem commoratus est, sedulam operam literis navasse, probe vitam instituisse et cum venia decessisse. In cujus rei testimonium manum meam apposui hoc die Martii 25 anno- 40 que Dom. 1718.

John Walmsley Registrarius.

(31) **Dawson, William**, son of Thomas Dawson, husbandman (*agricolae*), Cumberland ; born at Crosse near Booth ; bred at Millom (Mr Steele) ; admitted sizar for Dominus Featherstonehaugh, tutor Dr Edmundson, 24 May, aet. 21. 45

(32) **Iveson, John**, son of William Iveson, clerk, Yorks ; born at Cattericke near Richmond ; school Charterhouse (Dr Walker) 4 years ; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, 26 May, aet. 18.

(33) **Philips, John**, son of Pepys Philips, gentleman, Suffolk; born at Mildenhall; school, Bury St Edmunds (Mr Kinnersman) 6 years; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, 31 May, aet. past 19.

5 (34) **Prime, Samuel**, son of Thomas Prime, grocer (*aromatarii*), Suffolk; born at Bury St Edmunds; bred there (Mr Randall and Mr Kinnersman); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, 10 June, aet. past 16.

(35) **Ascham, Robert**, son of Dingley Ascham, 'juristae,' Hunts; 10 born at St Ives; school, Charterhouse (Dr Walker) 2 years; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, 12 June, aet. 16.

(36) **Leyland, Thomas**, son of John Leyland, husbandman (*agricolae*), Lancashire, born at Kellmore near Kirkham; bred there (Mr Taylor); admitted sizar for Mr Peake, tutor and surety Mr 15 Parke, 21 June, aet. past 19.

(37) **Holdon, Humfrey**, son of Humfrey Holdon, furrier (*pellionis*), Durham; born at Durham; bred there (Mr Wren) 5 years; admitted sizar for Mr Lisle, tutor Mr Newcome, 23 June, aet. 20.

(38) **Sidebottom, Samuel**; admitted pensioner, from Oxford, 20 surety Dr Edmundson, 25 June, aet. 28.

Memorandum. Quod idem Samuel Sidebottom de Middleton in Comitatu Palatin. Lancastriae, Rector, Literas secum attulit testimoniales de vita sua laudabili, animoque erga ecclesiam nostram Anglicanam optime affecto, signatas a Gulielmo Assheton, B.D., 25 Rector de Prestwick, Petro Haddon de Bolton, Vic. &c. June 12, 1718.

Memorandum etiam quod praedictus Samuel Sidebottom de gradu suo Baccalaur. in Artibus ipso Termino quadragesimali (*sic*) anno Domini 1713 (quoad omnes formas requisitas) sibi collato. 30 Id quoque ab Oxoniis testatum habuit signatumque <a>

Coll. Aeneanasen. Oxon.
April 18, 1718.

Tho. Leigh, V. Princ.
Edv. Radcliffe, Tut. et Dec.
Johan. Featley, Promo.

(39) **Peake, Richard**, of London; B.A. of Queen's College, 35 Oxford; admitted pensioner, surety Mr Newcome, 25 June, aet. 24.

Omnibus quorum interest haec infra scripta non nescire salutem in Domino.

Cum dilectus nobis in Christo Richardus Peake petierit litteras nostras testimoniales de vitae suae et morum integritate, deque iis 40 honoribus quibus venerabilis nostra Academia Oxoniensis eum insignivit; Nos Praepositus et socii Collegii Reginae Oxoniensis per praesentes testamur, dictum Richardum Peake gradu Baccalauri in Artibus fuisse insignitum termino Sancti Michaelis, qui fuit in anno Domini millesimo septingentesimo decimo quinto; nec 45 non vitam sobrie et honeste, quamdiu nobiscum vixerit, instituisse; nec quicquam quod scimus, credidisse aut tenuisse, nisi quod Ecclesia Anglicana approbat et tuetur; In cujus rei Testimonium scriptum hoc Sigillo Collegij, quo hac in parte utimur, munivimus hoc nono die Junij, anno Domini millesimo septingentesimo decimo octavo.

(40) **Dewhurst, John**, son of John Dewhurst, 'institoris,' Lancashire; born at Coln; schools, Wakefield (Mr Clarke) also Threshfield (Mr Marshall) 3 months; admitted sizar for Dominus Tatham, tutor Dr Edmundson, 26 June, aet. nearly 18.

(41) **Burton, John**, son of Michael Burton, counsellor (*consiliarii*) Derbyshire; born at Wigwall; school, Derby (Mr Blackwell); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Drake, 27 June, aet. 18. 5

(42) **Burton, Michael**, 'cum fratre praedict. in ceteris omnibus concordat'; admitted pensioner, aet. *illegible*.

(43) **Best, Major**, son of John Best, surgical instrument maker, 10 (*instrumentorum chirurgicorum opificis*); born in London; bred there (Mr Rogerson); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, 28 June, aet. 16.

(44) **Holbrooke, John**, son of Edward Holbrooke, 'juristae,' Stafford; born at Wolverhampton; bred there (Mr Dawbry); admitted sizar for Mr Wilks, tutor Mr Newcome, 28 June, aet. 20. 15

[Admissions in the year $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c. } 2 \\ \text{p. } 19 \\ \text{s. } 23 \end{array} \right\} 44.]$

JULY 1718—JULY 1719

Admissiones à Julii 4^{to} Anno Dom. 1718

(1) **Chaworth, Patrick**, son of Patrick Chaworth, esquire, Notts; born at Annesley; school, Eton (Dr Snape); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, 28 Aug. aet. 17. 20

(2) **Steer, Charles**, son of William Steer, cutler (*cultellarii*), Yorks; born at Sheffield; bred at Beighton (Mr Drake); admitted sizar for Dominus Tatham, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, 10 Sep., aet. (blank).

(3) **Boughton, Thomas**, son of Thomas Boughton, gentleman, 25 Northants; born at King's Cliffe; school, Uppingham (Mr Savage); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, 26 Sep. aet. 15.

(4) **Burnaby, John**, son of John Burnaby, gentleman, Middlesex; born in London; school, Eton (Dr Snape) 6 years; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, 25 Oct., aet. past 17. 30

(5) **Husey, George**, son of Robert Husey, farmer (*firmarii*), Dorset; born at Corfe Mullen; bred at Taunton, Somerset; admitted sizar for Mr Grove, jun., tutor Mr Newcome, 30 Oct. aet. nearly 19.

Memorandum. Quod idem Georgius Husey literas secum attulit 35 testimoniales de vita sua laudabili, <in> studiisque profectu non mediocri dum in Collegio Regali versatus est a Doctore Adams Collegii Praepos. descriptas; ut et alteras, quae de Admissionem ejus in Coll. Regal. Nov. 4, 1717 et perpetua ab isto die residentia ad testatum haberent a Tutore ejus

(6) **Beadles, Thomas**, son of Thomas Beadles, grocer (*aromatarii*), Beds; born at Bedford; bred there (Mr Aspinhall); admitted sizar for Dr Bowtell, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, 5 Nov., aet. 19.

5 (7) **Sandiford, Charles**, son of Thomas Sandiford, 'tribuni militum'; born in Barbadoes; school, Merchant Taylors, London (Mr Parsell) 3 years; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Johnson, 15 Nov., aet. past 16.

171 $\frac{8}{9}$.

10 (8) **Robinson, Henry**, son of Henry Robinson, husbandman (*agricolæ*), Lancashire; born at Arnside near Hawkshead; bred there (Mr Hunter) and at Kendal School 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ years; admitted sizar for Mr Richardson, tutor Dr Edmundson, 4 Mar., aet. nearly 20.

15 (9) **Nickins, Michael**, son of Michael Nickins, clerk, deceased, Staffs; born at Tipton near Wolverhampton; bred at Heywood, 15 and latterly at Stafford (Mr Dearle); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wilkes, 17 Mar., aet. past 16.

1719.

20 (10) **Wright, John**, son of Richard Wright, 'jurisperiti,' Lincolnshire; born at Lowthe; bred there and lastly at Beverley (Mr Johnstone); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, 25 Mar., aet. nearly 19.

(11) **Howdell, William**, son of William Howdell, husbandman (*agricolæ*), Yorks; born at Lowthe; bred there (Mr Williams); admitted sizar for Mr Russell, tutor Mr Newcome, 26 Mar., aet. 19.

25 (12) **Kenyon, Roger**, son of George Kenyon, 'jurisconsulti,' Lancashire; born at Peale; bred at Manchester (Mr Barrow) and then at Stockport (Mr Dale) 6 years; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, 31 Mar., aet. 17.

(13) **Kenyon, George**, aet. 16, 'per caetera omnia cum fratre praedicto concordat.'

30 (14) **Riccard, John Peter**, son of John Riccard, gentleman, Yorks; born at Killham, near Bridlington; bred at Beverley (Mr Lambert and Mr Johnstone); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, 1 April, aet. 19.

35 (15) **Hope, William**, son of John Hope, M.D., Derbyshire; born at Derby; bred there (Mr Blackwell); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, 1 April, aet. 17.

(16) **Butterwood, Robert**, son of Robert Butterwood, grocer (*aromatarii*), Yorks; born at Doncaster; bred there (Mr Withers); admitted sizar for Dr Edmundson his tutor, 1 April, aet. 17.

40 (17) **Pigott, Thomas**, son of Robert Pigott, steward (*dispensatoris*) to Sir Richard Grosvenor, Bart.; born at Otford near Chester; school, Eton (Dr Snape); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, 9 April, aet. 18.

45 (18) **Cooke, Thomas**, son of Thomas Cooke, clerk (deceased), Derbyshire; born at Derby; bred there (Mr Blackwell) 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ years,

previously at Burton on Trent (Mr Prydhan) 6 years ; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, 11 April, aet. 19.

(19) **Brage, Robert**, son of William Brage, esquire, Essex ; born at Bulmore ; bred at Felsted (Mr Hutchin) ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, 17 April, aet. 19. 5

(20) **Peke, Edward**, son of Thomas Peke, gentleman, Kent ; born at Ashe near Sandwich ; bred at Ashford (Mr Bates) ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Johnson, 17 April, aet. 17.

(21) **Bowes, William**, son of George Bowes, gentleman, Durham ; born at Bradely Hall ; bred at Bishop Auckland (Mr Emerson) ; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, 18 April, aet. 18. 10

(22) **Goodday, George**, son of George Goodday, esquire, Suffolk ; born at Tostock ; school, Bishops Stortford (Dr Tooke) ; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Monins, 9 May, aet. nearly 18. 15

(23) **Turner, Thomas**, son of Thomas Turner 'jurisconsulti,' Middlesex ; born in London ; school, Charterhouse (Dr Walker) ; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, 11 May, aet. 15.

(24) **Russell, Richard**, son of Hugh Russell, gentleman, Hereford ; born at Thruxton near Hereford ; school, Hereford (Mr Traherne) ; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, 14 May, aet. 18. ('Discip. pro Duciss. Somerset.' Note in margin.) 20

(25) **Corker, Thomas**, son of John Corker, 'jurisperiti,' Lancashire ; born at Lund near Ulverston ; bred there (Mr Turner) ; admitted sizar for Mr Peake, tutor Mr Parke, 18 May, aet. 25. 25

(26) **Harrison, William**, son of William Harrison, husbandman (*agricolae*), Lancashire ; born at Hode near Kirkham ; bred there (Mr Taylor) ; admitted sizar for Dominus Lloyd, tutor Mr Parke, 19 May, aet. past 17.

(27) **Annesley, Martin**, son of Francis Annesley, 'jurisconsulti,' Ireland ; born in Dublin ; school, Eton (Dr Snape) ; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, 20 May, aet. about 16. 30

(28) **Annesley, Francis**, esquire, grandson (nepos) of Francis, Viscount Valentia and of Lord Mountmorris ; admitted fellow commoner, surety Mr Newcome, 21 May. 35

(29) **Mason, Maidwell**, son of Matthew Mason, clerk, Rutland ; born at Ashwell ; school, Okeham (Mr Wright) ; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, 22 May, aet. past 17.

(30) **Sheepshanks, James**, son of James Sheepshanks, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks ; born at Linton near Skipton ; bred at Threshfield (Mr Marshall) ; admitted sizar for Mr Bradfield, tutor Mr Newcome, 22 May, aet. 'prope' 17. 40

(31) **Rycroff, Henry**, son of Henry Rycroff, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks ; born at Coniston-Cold ; bred there (Mr Robinson) and last at Threshfield (Mr Marshall) admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, 35 May, aet. 18. 45

(32) **Floyer, Sacheverel**, son of Ralph Floyer, gentleman (*generosi*), Staffordshire ; born at Sutton ; school, Tamworth (Mr

Shaw); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Baker, 29 May, aet. 20.

(33) **Haygarth, Josias**, son of Matthew Haygarth, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Hollins near Sedbergh; school, Sedbergh 5 (Mr Saunders) 6 years; admitted sizar for Mr Russell, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, 30 May, aet. 18.

(34) **Grainger, William**, son of Thomas Grainger, husbandman (*agricolae*), Cumberland; born at Stone-raise near Wigtowne; school, Wigton (Mr Salkeld) and Appleby (Mr Bankes) 1 year; admitted sizar 10 for Mr Richardson, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, 3 June, aet. 18.

(35) **Smith, Caleb**, son of William Smith, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Kirby Moor; bred at Coxwold (Mr Midgeley); admitted sizar for Dominus Bernard, tutor Mr Newcome, 6 June, aet. 18.

15 (36) **Murdin, William**, son of Edward Murdin, trunk-maker (*cistarum fabricatoris*), Middlesex; born in London; school, Merchant Taylors (Mr Parsell); admitted sizar for Dominus Grigman, tutor Mr Newcome, 9 Jun., aet. 16.

(37) **Lloyd, Moses**, son of Maurice Lloyd, druggist (*pharmacopolae*), Salop; born at Shrewsbury; bred there (Mr Lloyd); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, 10 Jun., aet. 18.

(38) **Wainhouse, Richard**, son of Nathaniel Wainhouse, clerk (deceased), Yorks; born at Bradford; bred there (Mr Hill etc.); admitted sizar for Mr Deane, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, 25 11 Jun., aet. past 18.

(39) **Acherley, Richard**, son of Thomas Acherley, ironmonger (*mercatoris ferrarii*), Salop; born at Stannerdine near Shrewsbury; bred at Wrexham (Mr Appleton); admitted sizar for Mr Clarke, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, 16 Jun., aet. near 17.

30 (40) **Jones, Samuel**, son of Samuel Jones, 'calcearii,' Salop; born at Shrewsbury; bred there (Mr Lloyd); admitted sizar for Mr Russell, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, 25 Jun., aet. past 17.

(41) **Battersby, Thomas**, son of John Battersby, clerk (deceased), Notts; born at North Leverton; bred there (Mr Battersby); 35 admitted sizar for Mr Healde, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, 25 Jun., aet. 17.

(42) **Crucius, Lewis**, son of Irenaeus Crucius, clerk, Middlesex; born in London; school, Charterhouse (Dr Walker); admitted sizar for Mr Parnham, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, 27 Jun. 40 aet. nearly 19.

(43) **Emmerson, John**, son of Ralph Emmerson, clerk, Northumberland; born in Newcastle; school, Charterhouse (Dr Walker); admitted sizar for Mr L'Isle, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, June 27, aet. 18.

45 (44) **Leftwicke, Nathaniel**, A.B. of New College, Oxford; admitted pensioner, surety Dr Edmundson, June 29.

Memorandum. Quod idem Nathaniel Leftwicke, Novi Collegii Oxoniensis quondam capellanus, de vita sua laudabili morumque

probitate, de licentia sibi concessa ad aliud quodeunque Collegium vel Aulam migrandi, deque animo ejus denique erga Ecclesiam nostram Anglicanam in omnibus (quod norunt) optime affecto; literas secum testimoniales attulit signatos a

Dat. in Novo Collegio	Johan. Burton, Vice Cust.	5
die 2 ^{do} Mensis Maii	Johan. Dobson, A.M. Thesaur.	
annoque Dom. 1719.	Johan. Biddel, A.M.	
	Benj. Colinge, Jur. Civ. Dre.	

(45) **Havard, David**, A.B. of Jesus College, Oxford; admitted pensioner, surety Mr Newcome, July 1. 10

Memorandum. Quod praedictus David Havard de Gradu suo A.B. in eadem Academia concessio anno 1698 nec non de determinatione sua in Quadragesima proxime sequenti facta, id omne testatum habuit

Oxon. Jun. 27, 1719.	Sam. Hughes, V.P.L.	15
	Gul. Lloyd.	
	Tho. Price.	
	Tho. Parde.	

(46) **Morgan, John**, son of Nathaniel Morgan, registrar (*registrarii*), Wales; born at Carmarthen; bred there 'per annos aliquot,' 20 last at Hereford School (Mr Traherne) 3 years; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, 2 July, aet. past 17.

(47) **Le'Hunt, Alexander**, son of John Le'Hunt, gentleman (*generosi*), Surrey; born at Battersea near Richmond; school, Eton (Dr Snape) 4 years; admitted sizar for the Master of the College, 25 tutor Mr Newcome, 2 July, aet. 17.

(48) **Lewis, Edward**, son of John Lewis, farmer (*firmaryi*), Cheshire; born at Aldersey near Chester; bred at Wrexham (Mr Appleton) 2 years; admitted sizar for Dr Lambert, tutor Dr Edmundson, 3 July, aet. past 18. 30

(49) **Bunning, John**, son of David Bunning, clerk, Leicestershire; born at Branting Thorp; school, Okeham (Mr Wright); admitted sizar for Mr Bradfield, tutor Mr Newcome, 4 July, aet. near 17.

(50) **Webb, Thomas**, son of Nathaniel Webb, gentleman (*generosi*), Hants; born at East Mean near Petersfield; bred at Corhampton (Mr Soane) 3 years and last at Winchester (Dr Cheyney) 'fere' 1 year; admitted sizar for Mr Grigman, tutor Mr Newcome, 4 July, aet. past 18.

(51) **Snagg, Edward**, son of Edward Snagg, esquire, Cambs.; 40 born at Ditton; bred at Carrington, Bedfordshire (Mr Biby) 4 years; admitted (*propter variolas per vicarium*) fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, 4 July, aet. 17.

(52) **Peyton, Mr Thomas**, son of Sewster Peyton, Bart., Middlesex; born in London; school, Entfield (Dr Uvedale); admitted 45 fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dominus Williams, 6 July, aet. 18.

[Admissions in the year { f. c. 7 }
p. 21 } 52.]
s. 24 }

JULY 1719—JULY 1720.

Admissiones à Julii 6^{to} An. Dom. 1719.

(1) **Tatham, James**, son of Edmund Tatham, clerk, Essex; born at Newport; bred there (Mr Allen), also at Boxford, Suffolk (Mr Tatham) 1 year; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, 9 July, aet. 15.

5 (2) **Barry, Willoughby**, son of George Barry, surgeon, Essex born at Wood; bred at Lewis, Sussex (Mr Pierce) 2 years; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, 10 September, aet. 18.

(3) **Glassbrooke, Simon Peter**, son of Peter Glassbrooke, M.D., Kent; born at Whitstaple near Canterbury; bred at Canterbury
10 (Mr Burroughs) 3 years; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, 14 September, aet. 20.

(4) **Woodford, Richard**, son of John Woodford, clerk, Northamptonshire; born at Duston near Northampton; school, Northampton (Mr Stiles) 3 years; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr
15 Newcome, 8 October, aet. 17. (Admitted fellow commoner 172 $\frac{9}{10}$.
Note in margin.)

(5) **Vidal, Peter**, son of Peter Vidal, 'e satellitibus regiis,' Middlesex; born in London; school, Westminster (Dr Friend) 4 years; admitted sizar for Mr Grigman, tutor and surety Mr New-
20 come, 30 October, aet. 17.

(6) **Carre, Richard**, son of William Carre, clerk, deceased, Yorks; born at Pocklington; school, Pocklington (Mr Baker); admitted sizar for Mr Healde, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, 14 November, aet. 18.

25 (7) **Sneyd, Bowyer**, son of Ralph Sneyd, surgeon, Staffs; born at Bishton near Stafford; bred at Lichfield (Mr Hunter); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Wilkes, December 9, aet. 18.

17 $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{9}{10}$.

(8) **Henvill, Philip**, son of William Henvill, husbandman (*agricolae*), Dorset; born at Haydon near Stirmister; school, Sherbourne
30 (Mr Gerard); admitted sizar for Mr Baker, tutor Mr Newcome, January 13, aet. past 16.

(9) **Downing, George**, son of George Downing, clerk, Herts; born at Hinxworth near Biggleswade; school, Bishops Stortford (Dr Tooke); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Johnson,
35 January 21, aet. 17.

(10) **Bellinger, John Edward**, son of Francis Bellinger, druggist (*pharmacopolae* sic), Lincolnshire; born in Stamford; bred there (Mr Turner); admitted sizar for Mr Peake, tutor Dr Edmundson, January 22, aet. 18.

40 (11) **Chappelow, Edward**, son of Edward Chappelow, grocer afterwards farmer (*aromatarii post firmarii*), Yorks; born at Beverley; bred there (Mr Lambert and Mr Johnston); admitted

sizar for Mr Featherstonehaugh, tutor Mr Chappelow, February 18, aet. 19.

(12) **Leake, Thomas**, son of Marmaduke Leake, furrier (*pellionis*), Yorks; born in Beverley; bred there (Mr Lambert and Mr Johnson); admitted sizar for Dr Lambert, tutor Dr Edmundson, 5 February 18, aet. 'prope' 18.

(13) **Parry, Thomas**, son of Rolland Parry, currier (*coriarii*), Wales; born at Machyulleth, Montgomeryshire; school, Shrewsbury (Mr Lloyd) 3 years; admitted sizar for Dr Bowtell, tutor Mr Newcome, March 8, aet. 18.

(14) **Powell, Charles**, son of Henry Powell, clerk, Wales; born at Langadock, Carmarthenshire; school Brecknock $\frac{1}{2}$ year, previously at Swansea, 2 years; admitted sizar for Mr Featherstonehaugh, tutor Dr Edmundson, March 23, aet. 'fere' 18.

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1720.

(15) **Hesilrige, Arthur**, son of Sir Robert Hesilrige, Bart., 15 Northamptonshire; born at Northampton; bred at Carleton, Leicestershire (Mr Salter); admitted fellow commoner, tutor Mr Newcome, March 28, aet. 16.

(16) **Haslam, William**, son of Edward Haslam, druggist, Lancashire, born at Rochdale; bred there (Mr Kippax), last at 20 Stockport, Cheshire (Mr Dale) 4 years; admitted sizar for Mr Rowse, tutor Mr Newcome, April 4, aet. 19.

(17) **Wolfe, Nicholas**, son of Richard Wolfe, merchant, Yorks; born at Bridlington Key; schools, 'Annus-Burton' (Burton Agnes) (Mr Stabber) 5 years, Beverley (Mr Johnson) 4 years; admitted 25 pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, April 6, aet. 19. (Admitted fellow commoner, 12 Dec. 1724. *Note in margin.*)

(18) **Kilner, George**, son of Thomas Kilner, husbandman (*agricolae*), Lancashire; born in Cartmel; bred there (Mr Roskell), last at Hawkshead (Mr Hunter); admitted sizar for Mr Parke, tutor Dr 30 Edmundson, April 6, aet. 17.

(19) **Lawe, Edmund**, son of Edmund Lawe, clerk, Lancashire; born at Cartmel; bred there (Mr Roskell), and last at Kendal School (Mr Towers); admitted sizar for Mr Shaw, tutor Dr Edmundson, April 6, aet. 'fere' 17.

35

(20) **Hewitt, Robert**, son of James Hewitt, 'yeoman,' Yorks; born at Threshfield near Skipton; bred there (Mr Marshall); admitted sizar for Mr Hall, tutor Mr Newcome, April 16, aet. past 18.

(21) **Leveson (Gower), Honourable Baptist**, fourth son of John Leveson, Baron Gower of Stittenham, Yorks, Middlesex; born 40 in London; school, Westminster (Dr Friend); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, April 22, aet. 16.

(22) **Hoyland, Edward**, son of John Hoyland, farmer (*firmarii*), Yorks; born at Brearly, near Wakefield; school, Wakefield (Mr Clarke); admitted sizar for his tutor Dr Edmundson, April 22, 45 aet. 19.

- (23) **Kay, John**, son of Thomas Kay, husbandman (*agricolae*), Lancashire; born at Leigh, near Manchester; bred at Bradford, Yorks (Mr Hill) 3 years; admitted sizar for Mr Chappelow, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, April 26, aet. past 19.
- 5 (24) **Pullein, Samuel**, son of Samuel Pullein, grocer (*aromatarii*), Yorks; born at Beedall; bred there (Mr Marshall), also at Sedbergh School (Mr Saunders) more than 1 year; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, May 13, aet. 19.
- (25) **Lupton, Robert**, son of Thomas Lupton, 'yeoman,' Yorks; 10 born at Linton, near Skipton; school, Threshfield (Mr Marshall); admitted sizar for Dominus Bernard, tutor Mr Newcome, May 20, aet. 17.
- (26) **Humberstone, Matthew**, son of Edward Humberstone, gentleman, Hants; born at Portsmouth ('*Portum Magnum*'); 15 schools, Bishops Stortford and Entfield; admitted fellow commoner, tutor Mr Monins, May 23, aet. (blank).
- (27) **Frewen, John**, son of Thankfull Frewen, Rector of Northiam, Sussex; born there; bred there (his father); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Johnson, May 24, aet. 'fere' 18.
- 20 (28) **Chaworth, Pole**, son of Patrick Chaworth, esquire, Notts; born at Annesley; school, Eton (Dr Snape); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, May 25, aet. 18.
- (29) **Chaworth, George**, aet. 17, 'per cætera cuncta cum fratre praedicto concordat.'
- 25 (30) **Marryott, John**, son of John Marryott, clerk, Berks; born at Pinfield, near Windsor; bred at Buddesdale, Suffolk (Mr Maybourne); admitted sizar for Mr Clarke, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, May 26, aet. 20.
- (31) **Swire, Samuel John**, son of John Swire, gentleman, Yorks; 30 born at Skipton; bred there (Mr Leadall); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, May 27, aet. past 19.
- (32) **Robinson, William**, son of Stephen Robinson, clerk, Yorks; born at Cunistone Cold; taught there by his father; admitted sizar for Mr Dean, tutor Dr Edmundson, May 27, aet. 18.
- 35 (33) **Leach, Richard**, son of Robert Leach, 'caedis Quaesitoris,' Yorks; born at Micklethwait, near Bingley; bred there (Mr Ellison); admitted sizar for Mr Leake, tutor Mr Newcome, May 27, aet. 'prope' 18.
- (34) **Leeke, Samuel**, son of Robert Leeke, clerk, Durham; born 40 in Durham; bred there (Mr Rymer); admitted sizar for Mr L'isle, tutor Mr Newcome, June 1, aet. 'prope' 18.
- (35) **Patrick, Thomas**, son of John Patrick, currier, Yorks; born at Beverley; bred there (Mr Johnstone); admitted sizar for Mr Palmer, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 7, aet. 22.
- 45 (36) **Lovell, Hugh**, son of Hugh Lovell, husbandman (*agricolae*), Northants; born at Boughton, near Northampton (Antona); bred there (Mr Stiles); admitted sizar for Mr Peake, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 9, aet. past 17.

(37) **Cliffe, John**, son of John Cliffe, draper (*pannarii*), Yorks; born at Workbey, in the parish of Leeds; bred at Threshfield (Mr Marshall); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, June 11, aet. 18.

(38) **Welch, John**, son of John Welch, grazier (*pecuarii*), 5 Notts; born at Sturton, near Gainsborough; bred at Fresswell (Mr Newsholme); admitted sizar for Mr Rigden, tutor Mr Johnson, June 15, aet. 18.

(39) **Stillingfleet, Fairfax**, son of John Stillingfleet, clerk, Lincoln; born at Beckingham; schools, Lincoln (Mr Garmstone) 10 2 years, and a private school at Hough, near Grantham, 5 years; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Newton, June 21, aet. 'prope' 17.

(40) **Baker, George**, son of Francis Baker, gentleman, Durham; born at Whickham, near Newcastle; bred at Morpeth, 2 years, but 15 chiefly in his father's house (Mr Bindlesse); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, June 21, aet. 17.

(41) **Bindlesse, Roger**, son of Antony Bindlesse, mercer (*mercarii*), Yorks; born in Sedbergh; school, Sedbergh (Mr Wharton, Mr Dwyer, Mr Saunders); admitted sizar for Mr Bradfield, tutor Mr 20 Newcome, June 21, aet. 28.

(42) **Deane, Rev. William**, Rector of Offord Darcy, Hunts; admitted (non sine gravi causa) fellow commoner, surety Dr Edmundson, June 29.

Idem vir Reverendus de Collegio quondam Æneasensi Oxon. ad 25 gradum M.A. omnino secundum formam ab eadem Academia praestitutam (nulla gratia seu favore adhibito) in Convocatione Jun. 17, 1687, celebrata promotus est; uti patet per literas ab Academiae Registrario datas signatasque Oxon. Jun. 23, 1720.

Geo. Cooper.

30

(43) **Price, William**, of St Mary's Hall, Oxford; admitted pensioner, surety Dr Edmundson, June 30.

Idem Gul. Price ad gradum A.B. omnino secundum formam ab eadem Academia praestitutam (nulla gratia seu favore adhibito) in Convocatione Martii 21, 1703, celebrata promotus erat; uti patet per 35 literas ab Academiae Registrario datas signatasque Oxon. Maii 25, 1720.

Geo. Cooper.

(44) **Hall, George**, son of John Hall, clerk, Durham; born at Chester Street, near Durham; bred at Darlington (Mr Richardson); 40 admitted sizar for Mr Clarke, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 30, aet. 18.

(45) **Whitehead, Robert**, son of John Whitehead, merchant (*mercatoris*), Yorks; born at Cusworth, near Doncaster; bred at Leeds (Mr Bernard); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 30, aet. 18.

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(46) **Negus, John**, son of Edward Negus, farmer (*firmarii*), Cambs; born at Girton; bred at Histon (Mr Scaife); admitted sizar for Dominus Eyles, tutor Dr Edmundson, July 2, aet. 'fere' 19.

- (47) **Mills, Thomas**, son of Thomas Mills, 'nunc temporis apud Spalding Commentariensis,' Lincolnshire; born at Grantham; bred at Spalding (Mr Neve); admitted sizar for Mr Bradfield, tutor Mr Newcome, July 4, aet. 'prope' 17.
- 5 (48) **Hotchkis, James**, son of Joshua Hotchkis, clerk, Canon of St Paul's, Bucks; born at Moulsoo, near Newport; school, Charter house (Dr Walker); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, July 5, aet. 18.
- 10 (49) **Hoggard, John**, son of Nathaniel Hoggard, husbandman (*agricolae*), Notts; born at Tresswell, near Redford; bred there (Mr Newsholme); admitted sizar for Mr Monins, tutor Mr Johnson, July 6, aet. 18.
- (50) **Drake, James**, son of James Drake, M.D., Middlesex; born in London; school, Westminster (Dr Friend); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, July 8, aet. 17.
- 15

Admissions in the year $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c.} \quad 4 \\ \text{p.} \quad 17 \\ \text{s.} \quad 29 \end{array} \right\} 50.$

JULY 1720—JULY 1721.

Admissiones a Julii 8^{vo} Anno Dom. 1720.

- (1) **Lamplugh, William**, son of William Lamplugh, clerk, Yorks; born at Sprotbrough, near Doncaster; school, Wakefield (Mr Clark) 2 years, and last at the school called St Martin's Library, London (Mr Richardson); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, July 9, aet. (blank).
- 20 (2) **Gardiner, Robert**, son of Robert Gardiner, gentleman, Lincolnshire; born at Sleeford; bred in Lincoln (Mr Garmstone); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, October 5, aet. 17.
- 25 (3) **Holcombe, John**, son of William Holcombe, gentleman, Wales; born at Mounton, near Pembroke; schools, Pembroke, and then Westminster (Dr Friend) 2 years; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, October 24, aet. 16.
- (4) **Sandford, John**, son of John Sandford, gentleman, Middlesex; born in London; school, Westminster (Dr Friend) 6 years; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, October 24, aet. 'prope' 18.
- 30 (5) **Turner, David**, son of David Turner, esquire, Kent; born at Margate, in the Isle of Thanet; school, Canterbury (Mr Smith); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Johnson, October 27, aet. past 16.
- 35 (6) **Dunn, Field**, son of Field Dunn, clerk, Yorks; born in Hull; bred there (Mr Clarke); admitted sizar for Mr Roper, tutor Mr Newcome, October 30, aet. 18.
- (7) **Price, Richard**, son of Richard Price, 'Cancellariae Registrarii,' Middlesex; born in London; bred at Bishops Stortford (Dr Tooke); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, November 3, aet. past 18. (Admitted fellow commoner 1725. Note in margin.)
- 40

(8) **Wadsworth, Charles**, son of Nathaniel Wadsworth, clerk, Norfolk; born at Brooke near Norwich; schools, Sherbourne (Mr Mosely) and Sedbergh (Mr Saunders); admitted sizar for the President, tutor Dr Edmundson, November 29, aet. 19.

(9) **Holt, Henry**, son of Rolland Holt, gentleman, of Redgrave 5 in Suffolk, Middlesex; born in London; schools, Buddesdale, Suffolk and Eton (Dr Snape) 2 years; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, Dec. 7, aet. 19.

1720 $\frac{0}{1}$.

(10) **Cawne, Charles**, son of William Cawne, clerk (deceased), Bucks; born at Wavenden; bred at Houghton Conquest, Beds, 10 but chiefly by his father; admitted sizar for Mr Rowse, tutor Mr Newcome, January 24, aet. 'fere' 18.

(11) **Farrington, Henry**, son of Valentine Farrington, M.D., Lancashire; born at Preston; school, Manchester (Mr Barrow); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, February 2, aet. past 15. 15

(12) **Prince, William**, son of William Prince, clerk (deceased), Devon; born at Clovelly near Bideford; bred at Barnstaple (Mr Lacke); admitted sizar for Mr Rowse, tutor Mr Newcome, February 6, aet. past 17.

(13) **Rowe, Thomas**, son of Antony Rowe, pewterer (*stannarii*), 20 Durham; born at Gateshead; bred at Sedbergh and Newcastle; admitted sizar for Mr Hall, tutor Mr Newcome, February 7, aet. 19.

(14) **Powell, Joseph**, son of Roger Powell, gentleman, Hereford; born at Withington; bred at Hereford (Mr Traherne); admitted 25 pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, February 11, aet. 'fere' 18.

(15) **Boughton, Henry**, son of Le Neve Boughton, clerk, Yorks; born in York; schools, Sedbergh (Mr Saunders) 5 years, Westminster (Dr Friend) 3 years; admitted sizar for Mr Prior, tutor Dr Edmundson, February 22, aet. 18. 30

(16) **Creyke, Ralph**, son of Ralph Creyke, gentleman, Yorks; born at Marton near Burlington; schools, Wakefield (Mr Clarke) 3 years, Rotheram (Mr Withers) 4 years; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, February 25, aet. 18.

(17) **Burneby, Andrew**, son of Andrew Burneby, clerk, 35 Leicestershire; born at Assfordby near Melton; bred there (Mr Henley) 4 years, also at Okeham (Mr Wright) 5 years; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, March 6, aet. 18.

(18) **Pindar, John**, son of Richard Pindar, 'yeoman,' Yorks; born at Langton near Malton; bred at Thornton (Mr Dowbiggin) 40 2 years; admitted sizar for Mr Robinson, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, March 6, aet. 18.

(19) **Cornwall, Charles**, son of Frederick Cornwall, clerk, Salop; born at Berrington near Lempster; school, Charterhouse (Dr Walker) 5 years; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, 45 March 17, aet. 17.

(20) **Leaver, William**, B.A. of New College, Oxford; admitted pensioner, surety Mr Newcome, March 22.

Omnibus in Christo Fidelibus salutem in Domino Sempiternam.

5 Cum Gulielmus Leaver A.B. e Nov. Coll. in Oxon., nuper Capellanus, Literas nostras testimoniales de vita sua laudabili morumque probitate concedi sibi petierit; Nos Custos et Socii ejusdem Collegii testamur eundem Gulielmum Leaver quamdiu apud nos vixerit, pie, 10 sobrie et studiose vitam suam instituisse, nec quicquam unquam tenuisse Ecclesiae Anglicanae Doctrinae seu disciplinae contrarium seu derogativum: In cujus rei testimonium Nomina nostra et Cognomina, una cum sigillo quo in hoc casu utimur, praesentibus apposuimus.

Dat. e Coll. Nov.

Johns. Dobson, Custos.

Febr. 22^{do}, 1721.

Tho. Swallow, Vice-custos.

15

Johns. Burton, Burs.

(21) **Pinsent, John**, son of John Pinsent, clerk, Herts; born at Digswell near Welling; bred there (Mr Hassell); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, March 22, aet. past 16.

(22) **Smith, Francis**, son of Thomas Smith, innkeeper (*pan-dochei*), Sussex; born at Battell; bred there and also at Maidstone school (Mr Walwyn); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, March 24, aet. past 17.

1721.

(23) **Lister, John**, son of James Lister, gentleman, Yorks; born at Halifax; schools, Wakefield (Mr Clarke), Bradford (Mr 25 Hill) one year; admitted sizar for Dominus Eyles, tutor Dr Edmundson, March 25, aet. 'prope' 18.

(24) **Smith, William**, son of John Smith, gentleman, Yorks; born at Cawood; schools, York (Mr Herbert) 5 years, then Sherbourne (Mr Moseley) 2 years; admitted pensioner, tutor and 30 surety Dr Edmundson, March 27, aet. 'prope' 18.

(25) **Wilmot, Richard**, son of Robert Wilmot, gentleman, Derbyshire; born in Derby; bred there (Mr Blackwell); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, March 29, aet. 16.

(26) **Gordoun, Robert**, son of Robert Gordoun, gentleman, 35 Durham; born at Woolsingham; bred at Durham (Mr Rosse); admitted sizar for Mr Lisle, tutor Mr Newcome, March 29, aet. 17.

(27) **Henchman, Joseph**, son of Joseph Henchman, clerk, Kent; born at Chatham; bred at Buddesdale, Suffolk (Mr Maybourne); admitted sizar for Mr Smith, tutor Mr Newcome, May 26, aet. 40 past 17.

(28) **Carter, Thomas**, son of William Carter, esquire, Beds; born at Turvey; bred at Woolaston, Northamptonshire; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, May 31, aet. 18.

(29) **Taylor, John**, son of John Taylor, barber (*tonsoris*), Salop; 45 born in Shrewsbury; school, Shrewsbury (Mr Lloyd); admitted sizar for Mr Robinson, tutor Mr Newcome, June 7, aet. 17.

(30) **Wilson, William**, son of Isaac Wilson, husbandman (*agricolae*), Lancashire; born at Stainton Gap near Ulverstone; schools, Urswick (Mr Holmes) 7 years and Kendal, Westmorland (Mr Towers) more than one year; admitted sizar for Dominus Eyles, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 12, aet. 20.

5

(31) **Gorges, Robert**, son of Henry Gorges, gentleman, Herefordshire, born at Eye near Lemster; schools, Coney Hatch (Mr Ellis), Hereford (Mr Rodd) about 4 years; admitted fellow commoner, tutor Mr Johnson, June 20, aet. past 18.

(32) **Dod, Richard**, son of Theophilus Dod, innkeeper (*pandochei*), Salop; born in Shrewsbury; school, Shrewsbury (Mr Lloyd); admitted sizar for Mr Robinson, tutor Mr Newcome, June 21, aet. 'fere' 18.

15

(33) **Keyssel, Nicolas**, A.B. of Balliol College, Oxford; admitted pensioner, surety Mr Newcome, June 26.

Memorandum Quod idem Nicolaus Keyssell (*sic*) Literas secum attulit satis authenticas de Gradu A.B. (omnino secundum formam) in dicto Collegio suscept. Mart. 4. Anno D. 1717 signatasque

Oxon. April 10, 1721.

Geo. Cooper.

(34) **Wombwell, George**, son of William Wombwell, gentleman, 20 Yorks; born at Wombwell near Annesley; bred in his father's house (Mr Holdsworth) also in York school (Mr Herbert) 4 years; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Johnson, June 26, aet. past 19.

(35) **Rakes, John**, son of William Rakes, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Eshton near Skipton; school, Threshfield (Mr Marshall); admitted sizar for Mr Symonds, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, June 28, aet. 20.

25

(36) **Rothery, William**, son of Robert Rothery 'tunicarum pueril. fabricatoris,' Middlesex; born in London; bred in Chelsey (Mr Close) about 5 years, also in Westminster school (Dr Friend) 'fere' 1½ years; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, June 29, aet. past 16.

30

(37) **Beatniffe, Samuel**, son of John Beatniffe, clerk, Lincolnshire; born at Houghton near Great Grimsby; bred at Barnaby, Lincolnshire (Barnetby?) (Mr Thompson) and last at Beverley, Yorks (Mr Johnston) a little more than three years; admitted sizar for Mr Leake, tutor Mr Newcome, June 29, aet. 18.

35

(38) **Walker, Christopher**, son of Christopher Walker, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Hedon; school, Beverley (Mr Johnston); admitted sizar for Dr Lambert, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 29, aet. 'fere' 17.

40

(39) **Matthews, Andrew**, B.A. of Jesus College, Oxford; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 30.

Memorandum. Quod idem Andreas Matthews literas secum attulit satis authenticas de Gradu A.B. (omnino secundum formam) in dicta Academia suscept. die Octob. 14, 1709. Signatas

Oxon. Jun. 11, 1721.

Geo. Cooper.

Omnibus in Christo Fidelibus ad quos praesens hoc scriptum pervenerit salutem et debitam Reverentiam.

Cum pium et officiosum sit veritati testimonium perhibere, praesertim cum ad hoc simus specialiter requisiti, cumque Andreas Matthews, A.B. e Collegio Jesu Oxoniensis Literas nostras testimoniales de vita sua laudabili morumque integritate, sibi a nobis concedi petierit; nos tam honestae ejus petitioni (quantum in nobis fuerit) obsecundare volentes, Testamur et Testatum facimus, praedictum Andream Matthews per totum illud tempus quo apud nos vixerit sedulam suis navasse operam studiis, vitamque suam pie et sobrie semper instituisse; Et praeterea in iis quae ad Religionem spectant, nihil unquam (quoad scimus) vel tenuisse vel credidisse, nisi quod consonum sit veritati Christianae et Catholicae, et quod Ecclesia Anglicana approbat et tuetur.

In hujus rei testimonium nomina nostra subscripsimus

Datum e Coll. Jesu

Luc. Williams.

Oxon.

Johan. Brickdal.

Sept. 9^{mo} Anno Dⁿⁱ 1710^{mo}.

Jacobus Harcourt.

Eubulus Thetwall.

Johan. Jones.

Griffinus Gunnis.

(40) **Squire, John**, B.A. of Merton College, Oxford; admitted pensioner, surety Mr Newcome, June 30.

Omnibus quorum interest haec infra scripta non nescire.

Nos Custos et Socii Collegii Mertonensis testamur Johannem Squire nuper ex nostro Collegio, gradum Baccalaurei in Artibus suscepisse, mense Februarii A.D. MDCCXIV.

In cujus rei testimonium sigillum ejusdem Collegii affiximus, et nomina nostra subscripsimus

Dat. e Coll. Merton.

Jo. Holland, Custos.

Decimo Sexto Calend. Junii

Johan. Martin, M.D.

A.D. MDCCXI.

Bloss. Tovey, LL.D.

Rich. Meadowcourt, A.M.

Gi. Trowe, M.B.

(41) **Smythe, Sidney Stafford**, son of Henry Smythe, 'praefecti militum,' Middlesex; born in London; bred in Kensington (Mr Coxe); admitted fellow commoner, tutor Dr Edmundson, July 1, aet. 'prope' 16.

(42) **Gawthrop, Thomas**, son of Christopher Gawthrop, 'plebei,' 40 Yorks; born at Dent near Kirby Lonsdale; bred there (Mr Nelson), but last at Sedbergh school (Mr Saunders) 3 years; admitted sizar for Mr Russell, tutor Mr Newcome, July 1, aet. 20.

(43) **Wilkinson, Matthew**, son of John Wilkinson, clothier (pannifici), Yorks; born at Illingworth near Hallifax; bred at 45 Bradford (Mr Hill); admitted sizar for Mr Harrison, tutor Dr Edmundson, July 1, aet. 'prope' 18.

(44) **Roberts, William**, son of Thomas Roberts, gentleman, Rutland; born at Wardley near Uppingham; school, Uppingham

(Mr Savage) 6 years, and last at home (Mr Wotton) 2 years; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, July 3, aet. past 18.

(45) **Scott, Thomas**, son of Robert Scott, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Yokefleet near Holden; bred at Beverley (Mr Johnstone); admitted sizar for Mr Clarke, tutor Dr Edmundson, 5 July 3, aet. 'prope' 17.

(46) **Baker, Ferdinando**, son of Francis Baker, gentleman, Durham; bred at Whickham, near Newcastle; bred at home (Mr Bindlesse), for some years also at Morpeth school (Mr Cary); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, July 4, aet. 17. 10

(47) **Cooper, Thomas**, son of John Cooper, clerk, Leicestershire; born at Wifordby near Melton; bred at Nuneaton, Warwickshire (Mr Liptrott); admitted sizar for Mr Bradfield, tutor Mr Newcome, 'per vicarium,' July 1, aet. past 17.

[Admissions in the year $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c. } 2 \\ \text{p. } 25 \\ \text{s. } 20 \end{array} \right\} 47.]$ 15

JULY 1721—JULY 1722.

Admissiones a Julii 7^{mo} Anno Dom. 1721.

(1) **Betts, John**, son of John Betts, schoolmaster, Beds; born at Maulden; bred at Hitching, Herts (Mr Belsham); admitted sizar for Mr Rowse, tutor Mr Newcome, August 28, aet. 'fere' 19.

(2) **Salisbury, William**, son of William Salisbury, barrister (*causidici*), Warwickshire; born at Atherstone; school, Charterhouse 20 (Dr Walker); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, September 8, aet. past 15.

(3) **Dell, Humphrey**, son of Humphrey (sic) Dell, jeweller (*gemmarii*), Middlesex; born in London; school, St Paul's (Dr Ayscough); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, 25 September 18, aet. past 15.

(4) **Fayting, Nicholas**, son of John Fayting 'factor' at Blackwell Hall, Middlesex; school, Merchant Taylors (Mr Parsell and Dr Smith); admitted sizar for Mr Yardley, tutor Mr Newcome, September 30, aet. 'fere' 19. 30

(5) **Chace, Thomas**, son of Samuel Chace, brick-maker (*laterarii*), Middlesex; born in London; school, Eton (Dr Snape); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, October 2, aet. 18.

(6) **Ray, Benjamin**, son of Joseph Ray, merchant, Lincolnshire; born at Spalding; bred there (Mr Neeve); admitted pensioner, tutor 35 Mr Newcome, October 10, aet. 17.

(7) **Fowler, Chappel**, son of George Fowler, mercer (*merciarii*), Notts, born in Southwell; schools, Southwell (Mr Neepe) for some time, but chiefly Newark (Mr Warburton); admitted sizar for Mr Bradfield, tutor Mr Newcome, October 14, aet. 17. 40

(8) **Brett, William**, son of William Brett, gentleman, Somerset;

born at East Chinnock; bred at Crewkern (Mr Pilver); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, October 17, aet. 18.

(9) **Lyn, George**, son of George Lyn, esquire, Middlesex; born in London; school, Spalding, Lincs (Mr Neeve); admitted 5 fellow commoner, tutor Mr Newcome, November 1, aet. 15.

(10) **Seward, Benjamin**, son of John Seward, steward (*dispensator*), to Lord Windsor, Worcestershire; born at Badsey near Evesham; school, Westminster (Dr Friend) 3 years; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, November 2, aet. 'fere' 16.

10 (11) **Carr, William**, son of Richard Carr, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Pocklington; school, Pocklington (Mr Lantrow and Mr Baker); admitted sizar for Mr Clarke, tutor Dr Edmundson, November 4, aet. 18.

(12) **Aspinwall, Ireland**, son of Edward Aspinwall, gentleman, 15 Middlesex; born in Islington; school, Chester (Mr Henshaw); admitted fellow commoner, tutor Dr Edmundson, November 22, aet. 18.

172 $\frac{1}{2}$.

(13) **Chevalier, Nathaniel Michael**, son of John Chevalier, clerk, Rutland; born at Greetham; bred at Corby, Lincolnshire 20 (Mr Lucas) 7 years, and last at Okeham School (Mr Wright) 2 years; admitted sizar for Mr Lynn (sic), tutor Mr Newcome, January 6, aet. past 18.

(14) **Brownsmith, Andrew**, son of John Brownsmith, clerk, Suffolk; born at Pakenham; taught by his father; admitted sizar 25 for Mr Symonds, tutor Mr Newcome, January 19, aet. 17.

(15) **Dixon, William**, son of Edward Dixon, husbandman (*agricolae*), Lancashire; born at Hawkshead; bred there (Mr Hunter); admitted sizar for Mr Shaw, tutor Dr Edmundson, March 1, aet. past 17.

30 (16) **Burton, John**, son of Richard Burton, clerk, Yorks; born at Muston near Hollingby; school, Pocklington (Mr Baker); admitted sizar for Mr Chappelow, tutor Dr Edmundson, March 2, aet. past 17.

(17) **Swale, Richard**, son of John Swale, 'in arte scribendi 35 praeceptoris,' Yorks; born in York; school, Sherbourne (Mr Moseley); admitted sizar for Mr Williams, tutor Mr Newcome, March 6, aet. past 18.

(18) **Tennant, Francis**, son of Richard Tennant, barrister (*causidici*), Yorks; born at Milbeck in the parish of Sedbergh; 40 school, Sedbergh (Mr Saunders) 6 years; admitted sizar for Mr Downes, tutor Mr Newcome, March 15, aet. 'fere' 21.

(19) **Heblethwait, Thomas**, son of Joshua Heblethwait, 'yeoman,' Yorks; born in Dent; school, Sedbergh (Mr Saunders); admitted sizar for Mr Oldham, tutor and surety, Mr Newcome, 45 March 15, aet. past 18.

1722.

(20) **Holmes, Joseph**, son of Joseph Holmes, maltster (*brasiatoris*), Yorks; born at Lightcliffe in the parish of Halifax; school, Threshfield (Mr Marshall) 2 years; admitted sizar for Mr Lynn (sic), tutor Mr Newcome, March 26, aet. past 17.

(21) **Grantham, Robert**, son of Leonard Grantham, barrister 5 (*causidici*), Cheshire, born in the city of Chester; bred there (Mr Henchman); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, March 30, aet. 18.

(22) **Bird, John**, son of John Bird, clerk, Surrey; born at Ryegate; taught by his father; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr 10 Edmundson, April 20, aet. past 13.

(23) **Tatham, Ralph**, son of Ralph Tatham, gentleman, Durham; born at Bishopton near Stockton; bred at Darlington (Mr Richardson) 4 years; admitted sizar for Mr Lisle, tutor Mr Newcome, April 21, aet. past 19.

(24) **Wilson, Thomas**, son of Charles Wilson, farmer (*firmary*), 15 Notts; born at Arnold near Nottingham; bred at Southwell (Mr Lambe); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Johnson, May 10, aet. past 16.

(25) **Barber, George**, son of William Barber, husbandman (*agricolae*) 20 Yorks; born at Kippax near Pontefract; bred at Sherbourne (Mr Moseley) and last for some time in Sedbergh school (Mr Saunders); admitted sizar for Mr Thomas, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, May 12, aet. past 17.

(26) **Turner, Hammond**, son of William Turner, 'pecudum 25 saginatoris,' Norfolk; born at Wendling; bred at Loughton (Mr Browne) 4 years and then at Chesterfield (Mr Burrough); admitted sizar for Mr Rigden, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, May 17, aet. past 20.

(27) **Bellamy, George**, son of Robert Bellamy, husbandman 30 (*agricolae*), Durham; born at Moorhouse in the parish of Houghton le Spring; schools, Durham (Mr Randall) 4 years, Houghton (Mr Nelson) 1 year; admitted sizar¹ for the Master, tutor Mr Newcome, May 19, aet. 18.

(28) **Bedford, William**, son of Hilkiah Bedford, clerk, Middlesex; school, Westminster (Dr Friend); admitted sizar¹ for the Master, tutor Mr Johnson, May 29, aet. 17.

(29) **Stubbinge, John**, son of Godfrey Stubbinge, gentleman, Derbyshire; born at Whittington near Chesterfield; school, Chesterfield (Mr Burrough); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, 40 May 30, aet. past 17.

(30) **Pegge, Samuel**, son of Christopher Pegge, mercer (*mercarii*), Derbyshire; born at Chesterfield; bred there (Mr Burrough); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, May 30, aet. past 17.

¹ In these cases the term is *sizator* instead of *subsizator* the usual term.

(31) **Wright, Thomas**, M.A., of Royston; admitted fellow commoner, surety Dr Edmundson, May 31.

(32) **Haigh, Richard**, son of Henry Haigh, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Quarnby (or perhaps Queenby) near Halifax; 5 schools, Bradford (Mr Hill) 2 years and last at Sedbergh, one year; admitted sizar for Mr Leeke, tutor Mr Newcome, June 6, aet. past 18.

(33) **Holmes, Edward**, son of John Holmes, hosier (*tibialium venditoris*), Yorks; born in Sedbergh; school, Sedbergh (Mr Saunders); 10 admitted sizar for Mr Robinson, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, June 6, aet. past 19.

(34) **Shaw, Samuel**, B.A. of Clare Hall, admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, June 9.

15 Memorandum, Quod idem Samuel Shaw literas secum attulit satis authenticas de vita sua probata, veniaque ad quodvis aliud Collegium transmigrandi, signatas

Aul. Clar.
Junii 18. 1722.

Ed. Clarke, Praes.
Rob. Greene, Tutor.

(35) **Godly, Michael**, son of Joseph Godly, 'pannificis,' Yorks; 20 born at Trimmingam near Halifax; school, Halifax (Mr Lister); admitted sizar for Mr Dean, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, June 12, aet. past 17.

(36) **Sutcliffe, Joseph**, son of Jonathan Sutcliffe, draper (*pannarii*), Yorks; born at Stansfield near Halifax; bred first at 25 Heptinstall near Halifax (Mr Wilson) then at Burnley, Lancashire (Mr Robertshire); admitted sizar for Mr Williams, tutor Mr Newcome, June 12, aet. past 18.

(37) **Marsh, John**, son of Richard Marsh, clerk, Kent; born at Longdon Abbey near Dover; school, Canterbury (Mr Smith); 30 admitted sizar for Dominus Eyles, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 18, aet. past 17.

(38) **Jebb, John**, son of Samuel Jebb, maltster (*brasiatoris*), Notts; born at Mansfield; bred there (Mr Hucklebridge); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Johnson, June 19, aet. 35 'circ. 16.'

(39) **Carre, George**, son of George Carre, 'in re nautica & institutoris,' Northumberland; born in Newcastle; bred there (Mr Lodge); admitted sizar for Mr Russel, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, June 21, aet. past 17.

40 (40) **Bowen, William**, from Jesus College, Oxford; admitted fellow commoner, surety Mr Newcome, June 25.

45 Memorandum. This is to certify y^t Mr William Bowen was admitted into our College Feb. 17. 170^z, y^t he was regularly enter'd on y^e Law-line Octob. 16, 1711. y^t during his continuance with us he kept fourteen terms, during which time he behav'd himself very soberly and regularly: But being presented to a Living in Pembroke-

shire, which he constantly serv'd, was prevented from keeping a statutable residence here

Jes. Coll. Oxon.

21 June 1722.

W. Jones prll.

Thomas Pardo,

B.D. and fellow.

5

(41) **Richmond, Thomas**, A.B. of Balliol College, Oxford, Wiltshire; admitted pensioner, surety Mr Rigden, June 29.

Omnibus in Christo fidelibus ad quos hoc praesens scriptum pervenerit, Salutem. Nos Magister et Socii Collegii Baliolensis in Universitate Oxon: testamur Thomam Richmond admissum fuisse 10 comunarium Collegii nostri Termino S^{ci} Hilarii Anno Domini 17 $\frac{1}{2}$ et gradum Baccalaurei in Artibus suscepisse Termino S^{ci} Michaelis Anno Domini 1715 et e Collegio nostro decessisse Termino S^tae Trinitatis Anno Domini 1716.

Insuper testamur praefatum Thomam Richmond pie sobrie et 15 honeste vitam instituisse, quamdiu apud nos commoratus fuerit, sedulam studiis operam navasse, Regi fidelem extitisse, nihilque ecclesiae Anglicanae Doctrinae vel Disciplinae contrarium (quantum seimus) unquam tenuisse scripsisse vel docuisse. In quorum omnium Testimonium, praesens hoc scriptum Sigillo Collegii, quo 20 hac in parte utimur, munivimus, et nomina nostra ultro subscripsimus.

Joh. Baron, Mag.

Jos. Hunt, Soc.

Ric. Monnox, Soc.

J. Sanford, Soc.

Tho. Rich, Soc.

Gul. Best, Soc.

Johan. Jones, Soc.

25

(42) **Loftus, Henry**, son of James Loftus, 'apud Jacobum 30 Graham Praefectum Militum Dispensatoris,' Westmorland; born at Lawrence House, in the parish of Hearsom; school, Sedbergh (Mr Saunders); admitted sizar for Mr Bernard, tutor Mr Newcome, June 26, aet. 'prope' 20.

(43) **Smith, Robert**, son of Robert Smith, 'firmarii et pecudum 35 saginatoris,' Rutland; born at Liddington; school, Uppingham (Mr Savage and Mr Reddall); admitted sizar for Mr Palmer, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, June 29, aet. 'fere' 18.

(44) **Robinson, Thomas**, son of John Robinson, gentleman, Durham; born at Darlington; bred there (Mr Richardson); admitted sizar for Mr Robinson, tutor Mr Newcome, June 30, aet. past 18.

(45) **Jenyns, Soame**, son of Roger Jenyns, knight, Middlesex; born in London; taught in his father's house (Mr Hill and Mr White); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Edmund- 45 son, July 2, aet. 17.

(46) **Dod, Thomas**, son of Thomas Dod, head cook of St John's College, Cambs; born at Witzer; at the King's School, Cambridge

(Mr Redman); admitted sizar for Mr Thomas, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, July 2, aet. past 17.

(47) **Lloyd, Talbot**, son of Talbot Lloyd, 'præfecti militum,' Middlesex; born in London; school, Westminster (Dr Friend); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, July 3, aet. past 18.

(48) **Greenhalgh, Henry**, son of Richard Greenhalgh, iron-monger (*mercatoris ferrarii*), Middlesex; born in London; bred at Bury, Lancashire (Mr Rider); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, July 6, aet. 'circ.' 19.

10 [Admissions in the year $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c. } 5 \\ \text{p. } 15 \\ \text{s. } 28 \end{array} \right\} 4\text{s.}]$

1315309

JULY 1722—JULY 1723.

Admissiones a Julii 7^{mo} A.D. 1722.

(1) **Wentworth, Godfrey**, son of Godfrey Wentworth, gentleman, Yorks; born at Brodsworth, near Doncaster; school, Wakefield (Mr Clark); admitted fellow commoner, tutor Dr Edmundson, July 21, aet. 17.

15 (2) **Smith, Joseph**, son of John Smith, butcher (*lanii*), Wilts; born in Marlborough; school, Charterhouse (Dr Walker); admitted sizar for Mr Eyles, tutor Dr Edmundson, September 22, aet. 17.

(3) **Woodroffe, John**, son of William Woodroffe, clerk, Cambs; born in Balsam; school, Felsted (Mr Hutchins); admitted sizar for 20 Mr Cayley, tutor Mr Johnson, October 10, aet. past 17.

(4) **Moore, Thomas**, son of Henry Moore, gentleman, Somersetshire; born at Coker, near Yeovil; bred at Sherburne (Mr Wilding); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, October 11, aet. past 18.

(5) **Jenkin, Robert**, son of Henry Jenkin, Rector of Tilney, 25 Norfolk; born at Holm; bred at Beckswell (Mr Foster); admitted sizar for the Master, tutor Dominus Jenkin, October 17, aet. past 18.

(6) **Massey, Robert**, son of Trafford Massey, grocer (*aromatarii*), Cheshire; born in the city of Chester; bred there (Mr Henchman); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, 30 October 19, aet. past 16.

(7) **Nourse, Major**, son of Peter Nourse, D.D., Hants; born at Droxford; bred at Southampton (Mr Kingsman); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, October 20, aet. past 17.

(8) **Chalmers, James**, M.A. of Aberdeen University; admitted 35 fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, November 6.

(9) **Johnson, Walter**, 'hujus collegii olim alumnus¹,' admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, November 10.

¹ Walter Johnson was first admitted to the College 30 March 1703. See Part II. p. 165, No. 17.

(10) **Jenkin, Thomas**, son of John Jenkin, barrister (*causidici*), Kent; born at Wye; bred at Biddenden (Mr Gandy); admitted sizar for Mr Rigden, tutor Mr Johnson, December 14.

172 $\frac{2}{3}$.

(11) **Powel, William**, son of William Powel, gentleman, Wales; born at Nanteos, Cardiganshire; bred at Hereford (Mr Traherne); 5 admitted pensioner, tutor and surety, Mr Newcome, January 14, aet. 'fere' 17.

(12) **Scot, John**, son of Benjamin Scot, 'unus e Telonariis apud Lond.' Wilts; born at Chippenham; bred at Marlborough (Mr Hildrop); admitted sizar for Mr Wrigley, tutor Dr Edmundson, 10 February 12, aet. past 18.

(13) **Hazelhurst, Joseph**, son of Henry Hazelhurst, husbandman (*agricolae*), Cheshire; born at Synderland, in the parish of Bowdon; bred at Lym, Cheshire (Mr Spencer); admitted sizar for Mr Robinson, tutor and surety Mr Robinson, February 19, aet. 21. 15

(14) **Fleming, John**, son of William Fleming, barrister (*causidici*), Yorks; born at Kippax; bred at Sherbourne and Wakefield; admitted sizar for Dominus Wilson, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, March 14, aet. 'fere' 17.

(15) **Meyrick, Essex**, son of John Meyrick, gentleman, Wales; 20 born at Pembroke; taught in his father's house (Mr Clarke); admitted fellow commoner, tutor Mr Clarke, March 21, aet. 'circa' 18.

(16) **Creswell, William**, son of John Creswell, goldsmith (*auri fabri*); Kent; born in Rochester; bred there (Mr Colson); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, March 21, aet. past 17. 25

1723.

(17) **Scot, Joshua**, son of Thomas Scot, gentleman, Yorks; born in Hull; bred there (Mr Clarke); admitted sizar for Mr Featherstonhaugh; tutor and surety Mr Chappelow, March 27, aet. 'fere' 19.

(18) **Ludlam, John**, son of John Ludlam, mercer (*mercerii*), Yorks; born at Barnsley; bred at Bradford (Mr Hill); admitted 30 sizar for Mr Clarke, tutor Dr Edmundson, March 30, aet. 'fere' 16.

(19) **Wood, George**, son of John Wood, maltster (*brasiatoris*), Yorks; born at Smithes; bred at Huddersfield (Mr Smyth); admitted sizar for Mr Wrigley, tutor Dr Edmundson, March 30, aet. 18.

(20) **Spearman, Charles**, son of Gilbert Spearman, barrister-at-law (*causidici repagularis*), Durham; born in Durham; school, Westminster (Dr Friend) 4 years; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, March 30, aet. past 16. 35

(21) **Bold, Robert**, son of Thomas Bold, clothier (*pannifici*), Yorks; born at Scothill, near Wakefield; bred at Bradford (Mr Hill); 40 admitted sizar for Dominus Archer, tutor Dr Edmundson, April 4, aet. 27.

(22) **Foljambe, Francis**, son of Francis Foljambe, esquire,

Yorks ; born at Aldwarke ; bred at Kirk Leatham (Mr Clarke) ; admitted fellow commoner, tutor Dr Edmundson, April 20, aet. 18.

(23) **Potter, Thomas**, son of Henry Potter, gentleman, Lancashire ; born at Knowsley, near Liverpool ; bred at Much Woolton 5 (Mr Holmes), and last for more than half a year at Warrington (Mr Hayward) ; admitted sizar for Mr Shaw, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, April 22, aet. past 18.

(24) **Eccles, Joseph**, son of Joseph Eccles, farmer (*firmary*), Yorks ; born at Coley, near Halifax ; bred at Hipperholm (Mr 10 Sharpe) ; admitted sizar for Dominus Wilson, tutor Dr Edmundson, April 29, aet. 18.

(25) **Kirkby, John**, son of Thomas Kirkby, clerk, Yorks ; born at Lownsborough ; taught by his father ; admitted sizar for Dr Waller, tutor Mr Newcome, May 4, aet. 18.

15 (26) **Dent, Thomas**, son of William Dent, 'pecudum saginatoris,' Leicestershire ; born at Hallaton ; school, Uppingham (Mr Savage and Mr Reddall) 5 years ; admitted sizar for Mr Newton, tutor Mr Newcome, May 9, aet. 'fere' 19.

(27) **Sandford, Daniel**, son of Daniel Sandford, 'serici facti 20 mercatoris,' Middlesex ; born in London ; bred at Manchester (Mr Barrow) 7 years, and last at Wanslay, Derbyshire (Mr Farneworth) 1 year ; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, May 18, aet. 17.

(28) **Robotom, Thomas**, son of Thomas Robotom, 'senatoris urbani,' Norfolk ; born at King's Lynn ; bred there (Mr Horne) ; 25 admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, May 20, aet. 'fere' 17.

(29) **Goulton, Christopher**, son of Thomas Goulton, gentleman, Yorks ; born at Bessingby, near Bridlington ; school, Beverley (Mr Tatham) ; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Chappelow, May 30, aet. 30 past 16.

(30) **Hargreaves, James**, son of James Hargreaves, clerk, Yorks ; born at Brandsburton ; school, Beverley (Mr Tatham) ; admitted sizar for Dr Lambert, tutor Dr Edmundson, May 30, aet. past 17.

35 (31) **Jackson, John**, son of Richard Jackson, barrister (*causidici*), Yorks ; born at Clapham, near Settle ; school, Sedbergh (Dr Saunders) 4 years ; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, May 30, aet. past 16.

(32) **Mearson, Robert**, son of Richard Mearson, husbandman 40 (*agricolae*), Westmorland ; born at Crostwaite ; schools, Hawkshead, Lancashire (Mr Hunter) 2 years, and last at Kendal (Mr Towers) half a year ; admitted sizar for Dominus Archer, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 5, aet. 'circa' 20.

(33) **Franke, Charles**, son of Richard Franke, mercer, Notts ; 45 born at Southwell ; bred there (Mr Lambe) ; admitted sizar for Mr Cayley, tutor and surety Mr Drake, June 7, aet. 'fere' 18.

(34) **Pasham, James**, son of John Pasham, bookseller (*bibliopolae*) deceased, Northants ; born in Northampton (Antonae) ; bred

there (Mr Stiles); admitted sizar for Mr Russell, tutor Mr Newcome, June 11, aet. 17.

(35) **Head, John**, son of William Head, farmer (*firmarii*), Kent; born at Tunbridge; bred there (Mr Spencer); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 15, aet. past 17. 5

(36) **Ford, Thomas**, son of Thomas Ford, innkeeper (*pandochei*), Herefordshire; born in Hereford; bred there (Mr Traherne); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, June 26, aet. past 18.

(37) **Cowperthwaite, George**, son of George Cowperthwaite, 'tributi publici inspectoris', Westmorland; born at Kendal; school, 10 Sedbergh (Dr Saunders); admitted sizar for Mr Allott, tutor Mr Newcome, June 28, aet. 'fere' 18.

(38) **Kay, Richard**, son of Richard Kay, clerk, Yorks; born at More Monckton, near York; school, Sedbergh (Dr Saunders); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, June 28, aet. past 18. 15

(39) **Hollins, Philip**, son of Philip Hollins, clerk, Yorks; born at Ackworth near Pontefract; school, Eton (Dr Bland); admitted sizar for Mr Rigden, tutor Mr Newcome, June 29, aet. 19.

(40) **Dent, Peter**, son of Peter Dent, gentleman, Cambs; born 20 in Cambridge; bred at Felstead (Mr Hutchin); admitted sizar for Dr Berry, tutor Mr Newcome, July 1, aet. past 17.

(41) **Sismey, Thomas**, son of John Sismey 'pecudum saguatoris', Rutland; born at Thorpe near Uppingham; school, Stamford (Mr Turner); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, 25 July 1, aet. past 18.

[Admissions in the year $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c. 5} \\ \text{p. 14} \\ \text{s. 22} \end{array} \right\}$ 41].

JULY 1723—JULY 1724.

Admissiones a Julii 5^{to} Anno Dom. 1723.

(1) **Belgrave, Con**, son of Cornelius Belgrave, clerk, Rutland; born at Preston; school, Uppingham (Mr Reddall) and Colchester (Mr Turner) 'per aliquod tempus'; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr 30 Edmundson, June (*sic* July) 22, aet. 'fere' 17.

(2) **Cuny, Walter**, son of Richard Cuny, gentleman, Wales; born in Pembroke; school, Hereford (Mr Traherne); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, July 27, aet. 'fere' 18.

(3) **Dewhurst, William**, son of Clayton Dewhurst, husbandman 35 (*agricolae*), Lancashire; born at Ribchester near Preston; bred at Houghton (Mr Northcrosse); admitted sizar for Dr Lambert, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, August 13, aet. past 19.

(4) **Taylor, Daniel**, son of Daniel Taylor, clerk, America; born in the County of New Kent, Virginia; bred at William and 40 Mary College (Mr Frye); admitted sizar, tutor Mr Newcome, August 17, aet. 'fere' 19.

(5) **Prudom, John**, son of John Prudom, merchant, Middlesex; born in London; bred at home (Mr Kidley); admitted fellow commoner, tutor Mr Newcome, October 4, aet. 19.

(6) **Cholmely, Robert**, son of James Cholmely, esquire; born 5 in London; school, Marlborough (Mr Hildrop); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, October 7, aet. 'fere' 17.

(7) **Boswell, Dillingham**, son of John Boswell, butcher (*lanii*), Middlesex; born in London; school, Merchant Taylors' (Dr Smith); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, October 23, 10 aet. 18.

(8) **Fogg, Orlando**, son of Arthur Fogg, D.D., Cheshire; born in Chester; bred there (Mr Henchman); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, October 26, aet. 17.

(9) **Latter, Edmund**, son of Edmund Latter, farmer (*firmarii*). 15 Kent; born in Tunbridge; bred there (Mr Spencer); admitted sizar for Mr Featherstonehaugh, tutor Dr Edmundson, November 25, aet. past 16.

(10) **Fidler, Thomas**, son of Jasper Fidler, farmer (*firmarii*), Derbyshire; born at Chesterfield; bred there (Mr Burroughs); 20 admitted sizar for Dr Edmundson, his tutor and surety, November 29, aet. 18.

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(11) **Baxter, John**, son of Robert Baxter, clerk, Cheshire; born at Lymm near Nutsford; bred at Wrexham (Mr Appleton) 'per annum integrum proxime elapsum'; admitted sizar for Mr 25 Culm, tutor Dr Edmundson, January 21, aet. past 18.

(12) **Tufton, Thomas**, youngest son of the Honourable Sackville Tufton, esquire, Northamptonshire; born at Newbottle; educated in his father's house there (Henry Hall); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Drake junior, January 9, aet. 20.

30 (13) **Bridges, Lord Henry**, second son of James Duke of Chandois (Chandos), Middlesex; born at Kensington; school, Westminster (Dr Friend); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, February 1, aet. 16.

(14) **Noel, Baptist**, Earl of Gainsborough, eldest son of Baptist 35 Noel late Earl of Gainsborough, Rutland; born at Eynning; school, Eton (Dr Bland); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, February 26, aet. past 15.

(15) **Smith, John**, son of John Smith, husbandman (*agricolae*), Somerset; born at Stokegomer; bred at Taunton (Mr Upton); 40 admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, February 26, aet. past 19.

Memorandum. Quod idem Johannes Smith accessit ad nos e Collegio Reginali et Literas secum attulit satis authenticas a tutore ejus Mro Burford signatas.

(16) **Nabbs, William**, son of John Nabbs, husbandman (*agricolae*), Lancashire; born at Charnock; bred at Rivington (Mr Pier- 45

point); admitted sizar for Mr Cayley, tutor and surety Mr Drake junior, March 6, aet. 18.

(17) **Yate, Francis**, Cumberland; A.B. of Queen's College, Oxford; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, March 14.

Memorandum. Quod idem Franciscus Yate literas secum attulit 5
satis authenticas de gradu A.B. in dicta Acad. suscept. die Maii 2^{do},
1721 signatas a Georgio Cowper, Registrario.

(18) **Storie, John**, A.B. of St John's College, Oxford; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Leeke, March 14.

Memorandum. Quod idem Johannes Storie litteras secum attulit 10
satis authenticas de gradu A.B. in dicta Academia suscept. die 14^{to}
Decembris 1694 signatas a Mro Cowper Registrario.

(19) **Lovel, Edward**, son of E. Lovel, D.D., Surrey; born at Moulsey; school, Westminster (Dr Friend); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, March 18, aet. past 16. 15

(20) **Bellamy, Edward**, son of Edward Bellamy, clerk, Cambs; born at Wisbich; bred there (Mr Carter); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, March 20, aet. 17.

(21) **Davison, George**, son of Thomas Davison, physician (*medici*), Durham; born in Durham; school, Sedbergh (Dr Saunders); 20
admitted pensioner, tutor and surety, Mr Newcome, March 21, aet. 18.

(22) **Peyton, Henry**, son of Sir Sewster Peyton, baronet, Middlesex; born in London; school, Westminster (Dr Friend); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Williams, March 23, aet. 17. 25

1724.

(23) **Searl, John**, son of J. Searl, clerk, Essex; bred at Felstead (Mr Hutchin); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, April 6, aet. 16. (Admitted fellow commoner 1725. *Note in margin.*)

(24) **Hill, Rowland**, son of John Hill, gentleman, Salop; born at Hawxton; bred at Richmond, Surrey (Mr Mackenzey); 30
admitted fellow commoner, tutor Mr Clark junior, April 7, aet. past 18.

(25) **Palmer, Charles**, son of C. Palmer, gentleman, Bucks; born at Hay near Uxbridge; school, Eton (Mr Newborough); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, April 14, aet. 17.

(26) **Birket, Thomas**, son of T. Birket, clerk, deceased, Cum- 35
berland; born at Whitehaven; bred at St Bees (Mr Jackson); admitted sizar for Mr Richardson, tutor Dr Edmundson, April 15, aet. past 17.

(27) **Smallwood, Thomas**, son of T. Smallwood, Derbyshire; born at Ashbourne; bred at Stockport, Cheshire (Mr Dale); 40
admitted sizar for Dominus Nickins, tutor Mr Newcome, April 17, aet. 18.

(28) **Harrison, Joseph**, son of William Harrison, plumber (*plumbarii*), Yorks; born at Glusburne in Keldwick; bred at

Threshfield (Mr Marshall), 12 years; admitted sizar for Dominus Nairn, tutor Mr Newcome, April 18, aet. 20.

(29) **Topham, Matthew**, son of Christopher Topham, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Cressington near Skipton; school, Threshfield (Mr Marshall) 10 years; admitted sizar for Dominus Stillingfleet, tutor Mr Newcome, April 18, aet. 17.

(30) **Bedford, Thomas**, son of Hilkiah Bedford, clerk, Middlesex; school, Westminster (Dr Friend); admitted sizar for Mr Cayley, tutor Mr Drake, May 5, aet. 17.

10 (31) **Jones, Edward**, son of Randle Jones, attorney, Wales; bred at Wrexham (Mr Appleton); admitted sizar for Dominus Fogg, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, May 8, aet. 17.

(32) **Perne, John**, son of J. Perne, esquire Bedell of the University, Cambs; born in Cambridge; school, Bury (St Edmunds); 15 admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Chappelow, May 18, aet. 17.

(33) **Bolland, Thomas**, son of John Bolland, Yorks; born at Kettlewell; bred at Threshfield, 7 years; admitted sizar for Mr Prudom, tutor and surety Mr Newcome, May 18, aet. 20.

(34) **Drake, John**, son of Marmaduke Drake, clerk, Derbyshire; 20 born at Beighton; bred at Bradford (Mr Hill); admitted sizar, tutor Mr Drake, junior, May 21, aet. past 17.

(35) **Rudd, Anthony**, son of Sir A. Rudd, Baronet, Wales; (birth-place left blank); school, Westminster (Dr Friend); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Williams, May 21, aet. 17.

25 (36) **Smith, George**, son of William Smith, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Bank Newton; bred at Bolton (Mr Carr); admitted sizar, tutor Mr Newcome, May 23, aet. 17.

(37) **Cumbrey, Robert**, son of Henry Cumbrey, grocer (*aromatarii*), Rutland; bred at Oakham (Mr Wright); admitted sizar, tutor 30 Mr Newcome, May 23, aet. 17.

(38) **Barrel, Francis**, son of F. Barrel, barrister (*causidici*), Kent; born in Rochester; school, Rochester (Mr Colson); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, May 26, aet. 17. (Fellow commoner 1725. *Note in margin.*)

35 (39) **Ellys, William**, son of Thomas Ellys, cutler (*cultellarii*), Yorks; born in Sheffield; bred there (Mr Robinson); admitted sizar for Mr Drake, junior, his tutor, May 29, aet. past 18.

(40) **Hodson, John**, son of J. Hodson, clerk, Cheshire; born at Thursteston (Thurstaston); taught by his father; admitted sizar, 40 tutor Dr Edmundson, May 30, aet. 17.

(41) **Mall, John**, son of Richard Mall 'stay-maker', Salop; born in Shrewsbury; bred there (Mr Owen); admitted sizar, tutor Mr Newcome, June 8, aet. past 15.

(42) **Taylor, John**, son of Robert Taylor, blacksmith (*fabricarii*), Lancashire; born at Cockram near Lancaster; school, Sedbergh (Dr Saunders); admitted sizar, tutor Mr Newcome, June 45 9, aet. 17.

(43) **Green, John**, son of J. Green, tax collector (*telonarii*),

Yorks ; born at Beverley ; bred there (Mr Jefferson) ; admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 10, aet. past 17.

(44) **Ross, William**, son of John Ross, plumber (*plumbarii*), Lincolnshire ; born at Stamford ; bred at Oakham, Rutland (Mr Wright) ; admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 13, aet. 18. 5

(45) **Bosworth, Edward**, son of E. Bosworth, gentleman, Suffolk ; born at Sturston ; school, Bury (St Edmunds) ; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, June 22, aet. past 19.

(46) **Oddie, Thomas**, son of William Oddie, gentleman, Yorks ; born at Stirkhouse near Gisbourne ; school, Sedbergh (Dr Saunders) ; 10 admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 26, aet. 19.

(47) **Bagshaw, Richard**, son of R. Bagshaw, esquire, Derbyshire ; born at Castleton ; bred at Chesterfield ; admitted fellow commoner, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 29, aet. 19.

(48) **Johnson, Humfrey**, son of Joshua Johnson, M.A., Salop ; 15 born in Shrewsbury ; bred there (Mr Owen) ; admitted sizar, tutor Mr Newcome, June 29, aet. 15.

(49) **Philips, Richard**, son of Isaac Philips, butcher (*lanii*), Salop ; born in Shrewsbury ; bred there (Mr Owen) ; admitted sizar, tutor Mr Newcome, June 29, aet. 16. 20

(50) **Tunstall, James**, son of James Tunstall, attorney, Richmondshire ; born in Richmond ; bred at Slaidburn, Yorks (Mr Bradbury) ; admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 29, aet. past 16.

(51) **Bower, Francis**, son of F. Bower, husbandman (*agricolae*), 25 Derbyshire ; born near Chesterfield ; bred there (Mr Burrow) ; admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 29, aet. 17.

(52) **Dalton, John**, son of J. Dalton, husbandman (*agricolae*), Notts ; born at South-searl ; bred at Newark (Mr Warburton) ; admitted sizar, tutor Mr Newcome, July 1, aet. 20. 30

(53) **Moseley, Maurice**, son of M. Moseley, gentleman, Suffolk (Query Surrey, originally Middlesex, but this erased) ; born in London ; school, Bury, Suffolk (Mr Kinnesman) ; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Rigden, July 6, aet. 19.

(54) **Hurd, Nathaniel**, son of N. Hurd, gentleman, Staffordshire ; 35 born at Mashfield ; bred at Stockport, Cheshire (Mr Dale) ; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, July 9, aet. 19.

(55) **Betts, Trubshaw**, son of T. Betts, husbandman (*agricolae*), Cambs ; at school there, many years, last at St Ives ; admitted sizar, tutor Mr Newcome, July 10, aet. past 18. 40

[Admissions in the year $\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c. 6} \\ \text{p. 20} \\ \text{s. 29} \end{array} \right\} 55$].

JULY 1724—JULY 1725.

Admissiones a Julii 10 A.D. 1724.

(1) **Williamson, Edmund Thomas**, son of Henry Williamson, esquire, Cambs; born at March in the Isle of Ely; bred at Isleworth, Middlesex (Samuel Hemmings, M.A.); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Williams, July 31.

5 (2) **Burnaby, Thomas**, son of John Burnaby, gentleman, Middlesex; born in Kensington; school, Charterhouse (Mr Walker); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, September 5, aet. past 16.

(3) **Hulse, John**, son of Thomas Hulse, gentleman, Cheshire; born at Middle Wyche; bred at Stockport, Cheshire (Mr Dale);
10 admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, September 14, aet. past 16.

(4) **Baskervyle, John**, son of J. Baskervyle, gentleman, Cheshire; born at Withington; bred at Stockport (Mr Dale); admitted fellow commoner, tutor Mr Newcome, October 10, aet. 18.

15 (5) **Rake, John**, son of Samuel Rake, gentleman, Somerset; born at Pens-Elwood; bred at Pernton (?) (Mr Goldsborough); admitted sizar, tutor Mr Newcome, October 15, aet. 18.

(6) **Lewis, Lewis**, son of Edward Lewis, gentleman, Wales; born at Machylleth; bred at Llanegryn (Mr Edwards); admitted
20 sizar, tutor Mr Newcome, October 24, aet. past 19.

(7) **Ellis, William**, son of Timothy Ellis, gentleman, Yorks; born at Doncaster; bred at Brigg in the county of Lincoln (Mr Waterworth); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, October 30, aet. 19.

25 Memorandum quod idem Gul. Ellis secum attulit literas satis authenticas de vita sua laudabili, dum in Collegio Magdalensi versatus est: signatas a tutore ejus Mro Waterland.

(8) **Metcalfe, Richard**, son of John Metcalfe, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Newbald; bred at Walkington near
30 Beverley (Mr Sedgwick); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, November 9, aet. past 20.

(9) **Hebberden, William**, son of Richard Hebberden, gentleman, Surrey; born in Southwark; bred there (Mr Symonds); admitted sizar, tutor Mr Newcome, December 23, aet. 15.

172 $\frac{4}{5}$.

35 (10) **Ball, Samuel**, son of Thomas Ball, D.D., Lincolnshire; born at Gretford; bred at Oundle, Northamptonshire (Mr Jones); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome January 5.

(11) **Goddard, Henry**, son of Edward Goddard, gentleman, Richmondshire; born at Richmond; bred at Kirk-Leatham, Yorks
40 (Mr Clark); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, January 20, aet. past 17.

(12) **Davenport, Richard**, son of George Davenport, gentleman, Staffordshire; born at Whitmore; schools, Chester some years, then Westminster; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Newcome, February 17, aet. past 18.

(13) **Fawcett, Richard**, son of James Fawcett, fuller (*fullonis*), 5
Yorks; born at Dent; bred at Sedbergh; admitted sizar, tutor Dr Newcome, March 5, aet. 21.

(14) **Melford, James**, son of J. Melford, M.D., Lincolnshire; born at Bassington; bred at Brigg (Mr Waterworth); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Newcome, March 10, aet. 18. 10

(15) **Stor, Joseph**, son of J. Stor, gentleman, Yorks; born at Hilston; school, Beverley (Mr Tatham); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Chappelow, March 13, aet. 18.

(16) **Norcross, John**, son of Thomas Norcross, husbandman (*agricolae*); born at Ribchester; school, Sedbergh (Mr Saunders); 15
admitted sizar, tutor Dr Newcome, March 16, aet. 26.

(17) **Broxholme, William**, son of Francis Broxholme, attorney, Yorks; born at Beverley; bred there (Mr Jefferson); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, March 22.

(18) **Borwick, Roger**, son of John Borwick, husbandman 20
(*agricolae*), Lancashire; born at Borwick Ground; bred at Hawk-Head (Hawkshead), Lancashire (Mr Hunter); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, March 23, aet. 21.

1725.

(19) **Hall, Samuel**, son of Joseph Hall, shoemaker (*sutoris*), Cheshire; born at Coggelston; bred there (Mr Malbon) 10 years; 25
admitted sizar, tutor Dr Newcome, March 27, aet. past 19.

(20) **Waterhouse, Robert**, son of Henry Waterhouse 'juris-
consulti', Yorks; born at Sheffield; bred there (Mr Robinson);
admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Newcome, April 1, aet. past 17.

(21) **Dickenson, John**, son of Thomas Dickenson, plumber, 30
(*plumbarii*), Yorks; born at Sheffield; bred there (Mr Robinson);
admitted sizar, tutor Dr Newcome, April 1, aet. 17.

(22) **Midgley, Samuel**, son of S. Midgley, gentleman, Yorks; born near (*non ita procul a*) North Allerton; bred at Bradford (Mr Hill); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, April 9, aet. 19. 35

(23) **Chapman, Thomas**, son of T. Chapman, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Bradford; bred there (Mr Hill); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, April 9, aet. past 17.

(24) **Hutchinson, Simon**, son of Matthew Hutchinson, merchant, Richmondshire; born in Richmond; school, Richmond (Mr 40
Close); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Newcome, April 9, aet. 17.

(25) **Brook, William**, son of Thomas Brook, clerk, Yorks; born at Osborne; school, Richmond (Mr Close); admitted pensioner,
tutor Dr Newcome, April 16, aet. 18.

(26) **Penn, John**, son of J. Penn, clerk, Notts; born at Ednistow 45

(Query Edwinstowe) near Mansfield ; bred at Pennystone, Yorks (Mr Ramesden) ; admitted sizar, tutor Dr Newcome, April 16, aet. 17.

(27) **Hough, Thomas**, son of T. Hough, clerk, Yorks ; born at Pennystone ; bred there (Mr Ramesden) ; admitted sizar, tutor Mr
5 Drake, April 16, aet. 18.

(28) **Rowse, Oliver**, son of Samuel Rowse, clerk, Devonshire ; born at Huish ; bred at Tiverton (Mr Rayner) ; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Newcome, April 28, aet. 17.

(29) **Cradock, John**, son of William Cradock, clerk, Salop ;
10 born at Donington ; bred at (*in schola libera de*, erased) Trentham, Staffordshire (Mr Hargreaves) ; admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, April 29, aet. 17.

(30) **Townsend, Gerrard**, son of G. Townsend, esquire, Cheshire ; born at Christleton ; bred at Chester (Mr Henchman) ; admitted
15 pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, April 30, aet. 18.

(31) **Wright, Thomas**, son of Edward Wright, husbandman (*agricolae*), Lancashire ; born at Blackburn ; bred there (Mr Smith) ; admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, May 1, aet. 17.

(32) **Wilson, George**, son of John Wilson, tailor (*sutoris*
20 *vestiarii*), Cambs ; born in Cambridge ; school, Merchant Taylors ; admitted sizar, tutor Dr Newcome, May 8, aet. 18.

(33) **Robinson, William**, son of George Robinson, husbandman (*agricolae*), Lancashire ; born at Borwick-Ground ; school, Kendal (Mr Towers) ; admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, May 10, aet. 18.

25 (34) **Hartley, Thomas**, son of Robert Hartley, bookseller (*bibliopolae*), Middlesex ; born in London ; school, Kendal, Westmorland (Mr Towers) ; admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, May 10, aet. 16.

(35) **Tillotson, Stephen**, son of Thomas Tillotson, husbandman
30 (*agricolae*), Yorks ; born at Cunningley ; bred at Threshfield (Mr Marshall) ; admitted sizar, tutor Dr Newcome, May 10, aet. 18.

(36) **Pulleyn, Charles**, son of Charles Pulleyn, gentleman, Yorks ; born at Burley near Otteley ; bred at Bradford (Mr Hill) ; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Drake, May 12, aet. 18.

35 (37) **Stephens, Roger**, son of R. Stephens, clerk, Lincolnshire ; born at Barson near Grantham ; bred at Corby, Lincolnshire (Mr Bradfield) ; admitted sizar, tutor Dr Newcome, May 18, aet. 19.

(38) **Etty, Lewis**, son of William Etty, clerk, Yorks ; born in the city of York ; school, Ely (Mr Tennant) ; admitted sizar, tutor
40 Dr Newcome, May 19, aet. 17.

(39) **Garnett, Henry**, son of John Garnett, clerk, Surrey ; born in Lambeth ; bred at Beverley (Mr Tatham) ; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, May 21, aet. 17.

(40) **Garnett, John**, aet. 16, 'per caetera omnia cum fratre
45 praed. concordat'.

(41) **Bainbridge, Henry**, son of H. Bainbridge, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks ; born at Langer-House near Skipton ; admitted sizar, tutor Dr Newcome, May 22, aet. 23.

(42) **Branfoot, John**, son of Robert Branfoot, Yorks; born at Chappel-town in the parish of Leeds; school, Sherbourne (Mr Lowther) 1 year; admitted sizar, tutor Dr Newcome, aet. 18.

(43) **Veale, Charles**, Devonshire; A.B. of Balliol College, Oxford; admitted fellow commoner, tutor Dr Newcome, May 28. 5

Memorandum, literas habuit authenticas gradus sui a Mro Cowper signatas.

(44) **Wood, John**, son of — Wood, attorney, Yorks; born in Hallifax; bred at Hipperholme (Mr Sharpe); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 1, aet. 18. 10

(45) **Jeffery, George**, Devonshire; A.B. of Balliol College, Oxford; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Newcome, June 3.

Literas habuit satis authenticas gradus sui a Mro Cowper signatas.

(46) **Teasdale, John**, son of Marmaduke Teasdale, Clerk, Yorks; 15
(birth place blank); bred at Drax, Yorkshire, where his father is master; admitted sizar, tutor Dr Newcome June 5, aet. 18.

(47) **Barret, William**, son of John Barret, husbandman (*agricolae*) Yorks; born at Hemmingworth; bred at Drax; admitted sizar, tutor Dr Newcome, June 5, aet. 16. 20

(48) **Oliver, George**, son of Walram Oliver, gentleman, Kent; born at Sandwyck; school, Canterbury (Mr Le Hunt); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 10, aet. 17.

(49) **Reynolds, Robert**, son of Richard Reynolds, Yorks; born in York; bred there (Mr Clerk); admitted pensioner, tutor 25
Mr Drake, June 12, aet. past 17.

(50) **Clarke, Henry**, son of Thomas Clarke, clerk, Yorks; born at Beverley; bred at Brigg, Lincolnshire (Mr Waterworth); admitted sizar for Mr Clark, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 17, aet. 17.

(51) **Trevor, Roger**, son of R. Trevor, gentleman, Montgomery, 30
born at Bodynfol; bred at Wem, Salop (Mr Edwards); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Williams, June 21, aet. 18.

(52) **Trevor, Thomas**, aet. 17, 'in caeteris cum fratre praedicto concordat'.

(53) **Lowe, Theophilus**, son of Christopher Lowe, plumber 35
(*plumbarii*), Staffordshire; born at Litchfield; bred there (Mr Hunter); admitted sizar for Dr Baker, tutor Mr Williams, June 21, aet. 17.

(54) **Armytage, John**, son of Christopher Armytage, clerk, and grandson of Sir J. Armytage of Kirkleese, Baronet, Yorks; born at 40
Thicket in the parish of Wheldrake; bred at Bradford (Mr Hill); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, June 26, aet. past 16.

(55) **Rutherford, John**, son of Aaron Rutherford, attorney, Hampshire; born at Rumsey; school, Salisbury, Wilts (Mr Heal); 45
admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Newcome, June 30, aet. 18.

(56) **Heron, John**, son of Robert Heron, husbandman (*agricolae*),

Northumberland; born at Hexham; school, Durham (Mr Thompson); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Newcome, July 2, aet. 17.

(57) **Overend, George**, son of G. Overend, clerk, Yorks; born at Stillingfleet; bred at Threshfield (Mr Marshall); admitted sizar, 5 tutor Dr Newcome, July 2, aet. past 20.

(58) **Brook, Samuel**, son of S. Brook, miller (*molendinari*); born at Mirfield; bred at Bradford (Mr Hill); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, July 2, aet. 17.

(59) **Reid, Farington**, son of Anthony Reid, clerk, Lincolnshire; 10 born in Lincoln; bred there (Mr Grodal); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Newcome, July 3, aet. 18.

(60) **Price, Vincent**, son of V. Price, surgeon, Salop; born in Shrewsbury; bred there (Mr Tench); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Newcome, July 5, aet. 18.

15 (61) **Balguy, Charles**, son of Henry Balguy, esquire, Derbyshire; born at Derwent; bred at Chesterfield (Mr Burrow); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, July 5, aet. 18.

(62) **Barber, Samuel**, son of John Barber, husbandman (*agricolae*), Beds; born at Southill; bred there (Mr Bradford); admitted 20 sizar, tutor Dr Newcome, July 6, aet. 18.

[Admissions in the year $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c. } 4 \\ \text{p. } 22 \\ \text{s. } 36 \end{array} \right\}$ 62.]

JULY 1725—JULY 1726

Admissiones a Julii 9^{mo} A. D. 1725.

(1) **Green, John**, son of J. Green, gentleman, Lincolnshire; born at Spalding; bred there (Mr Neve); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Newcome, October 19, aet. 17.

25 (2) **Jones, William**, son of Samuel Jones, gentleman, Cheshire; born at Frodsham; bred at Tarvin (Mr Thomason); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, October 28, aet. 17.

(3) **Wankford, Robert**, son of Shelly Wankford, gentleman, Essex; born at Stanbourn; bred at Newport near Walden (Mr 30 Allen); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, November 9, aet. 19.

(4) **Cowper, Benjamin**, son of George Cowper, gentleman, Notts; born at Southwell; bred there (Mr Hodson); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Drake, November 11, aet. 19.

(5) **Halls, John**, son of Robert Halls, attorney, Essex; born at 35 Colchester; school, Bury, Suffolk (Mr Kinnesman); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, November 30, aet. 17.

(6) **Austin, Richard**, son of R. Austin, clerk, Northamptonshire; born at Maxey; school, Peterborough (Mr Sparkes), 3 years; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, December 9.

40 (7) **Alvis, Andrew**, son of A. Alvis 'plebeii', Suffolk; born 'in

villa Faustini' (Bury St Edmunds); bred there (Mr Kinnesman); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Newcome, December 18, aet. 17.

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(8) **Kynaston, Edward**, son of John Kynaston, gentleman, Salop; born at Hordley; school, Eton (Dr Bland); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Williams, January 3, aet. past 16. 5

(9) **Belgrave, Cornelius**, Rutland, B.A. of Trinity College, Oxford; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, 'suscepitque gradum Magisterii in Artibus, eodem die'.

(10) **Clayton, Thomas**, son of T. Clayton, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Shirbourne; bred there (Mr Lowther); admitted 10 sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, February 25, aet. 17.

(11) **Morton, Edward**, son of Thomas Morton, esquire, Denbigh; born at Wrexham; bred at Elsemere, Salop (Mr Dean); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Newcome, February 26, aet. 17.

(12) **Grinfeild, Richard**, son of R. Grinfeild, gentleman, Wilts; 15 born at Marlborough; bred there (Mr Hildrop); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, March 16, aet. 17.

(13) **Wilkinson, Thomas**, son of T. Wilkinson, 'plebeii', Yorks; born at Acaster-Selby near York; bred at Threshfield; admitted sizar, tutor Dr Newcome, March 17, aet. 20. 20

(14) **Robinson, John**, son of J. Robinson, husbandman (*agricolae*); Cheshire; born at Lyddington; bred at Lym, Cheshire (Mr Spencer); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Newcome, March 21, aet. past 24.

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(15) **Wickins, John**, son of Edmund Wickins, clerk, Westmorland; born at Kirby-Thore; school, Sedbergh (Dr Saunders); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Newcome, March 26, aet. 18. 25

(16) **Moresby, John**, son of J. Moresby, gentleman, Cumberland; born at Staffield; bred at Morland, Westmorland (Mr Thompson); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, March 28, aet. 20.

(17) **Drift, Hadrian**, son of Matthew Drift, clerk, Suffolk; 30 born at Lavenham; school, Westminster (Dr Friend); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, April, aet. 17.

(18) **Darwent, Thomas**, son of Robert Darwent, clerk, Yorks; born at Rotherham; bred there (Mr Withers); admitted sizar, tutor Mr Drake, April 6, aet. 18. 35

(19) **Rutherford, Thomas**, son of T. Rutherford, clerk, Cambs; born at Papworth St Agnes; bred at Huntingdon (Mr Matthews) 6 years; admitted sizar for his tutor, Mr Williams, April 6, aet. 14.

(20) **Hartopp, William**, son of Samuel Hartopp, clerk, Leicestershire; born at Dalby; bred at Oakham, Rutland (Mr Adcock); 40 admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Williams, April 19, aet. 19.

(21) **Wingfield, William**, son of Jonathan Wingfield, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Batterfitt near Sheffield; bred at

Rotheram (Mr Withers); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Newcome, April 26, aet. past 22.

(22) **Holme, Hugh**, son of Edward Holme, attorney, Lancashire; born at Holland; bred at Winwick (Mr Wright); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Newcome, May 4, aet. past 18.

(23) **North, Samuel**, son of John North, husbandman (*agricolae*), Leicestershire; born at Saltby; bred at Gorthrop (Mr Turner); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, May 6, aet. 16.

(24) **Clayton, Nathaniel**, son of N. Clayton, merchant (*mercatoris*), Northumberland; born at Newcastle; schools, Newcastle, for several years, and last Sedbergh (Dr Saunders) 1 year; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Newcome, May 14, aet. 17.

(25) **Pearse, Thomas**, son of T. Pearse, gentleman, Middlesex; born in London; bred at Ludsdow, Kent (Mr Thornton); admitted fellow commoner, tutor Mr Newton, May 17, aet. past 17.

(26) **Manwaring, Edward**, son of James Manwaring, gentleman, Cheshire; born in Chester; school, Sedbergh (Dr Saunders) 4 years; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Newcome, May 18, aet. 16.

(27) **Henchman, Charles**, son of C. Henchman, clerk, Cheshire; born in the city of Chester; school, Chester (his father being master); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, May 28, aet. 18.

(28) **Draper, William**, son of Edmund Draper, gentleman, Suffolk; born in Bury St Edmunds ('in villa Faustini'); bred there (Mr Kinnersman); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Newcome, June 1, aet. 17.

(29) **Markland, Matthew**, son of Matthew Markland, gentleman, Notts; born at Mansfield; bred at Chesterfield (Mr Burrow); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 1, aet. 18.

(30) **Key, John**, son of William Key 'plebei', Derbyshire; born at Chesterfield; bred there (Mr Burrow); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 1, aet. 17.

(31) **Parry, Humfrey**, son of Henry Parry, clerk, Montgomery; born at Gilsfield; bred at Oswistry, Salop (Mr Patrick); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Newcome, June 2.

(32) **Robinson, Caleb**, son of Richard Robinson, gentleman, Leicestershire; born at Billaston; bred at Oakham (Mr Wright and Mr Adcock); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 14, aet. past 20.

(33) **Squire, Samuel**, son of Edward Squire, clerk, Devonshire; born at Oakford; school, Tiverton (Mr Reyner); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Newcome, June 16, aet. 18.

(34) **Rowse, John**, son of John Rowse, clerk, Devonshire; born at Barum; bred there (Mr Luck); admitted sizar (*sizator*, not *subsizator* the usual term) for his uncle Mr Rowse, tutor Dr Newcome, June 16, aet. past 18.

(35) **Rowse, Ezekiel**, sizar (*subsizator* as usual) for his tutor Dr Newcome, aet. 17, 'in cæteris concordat cum fratre superius memorato'.

(36) **Wilson, John**, son of Isaac Wilson, husbandman (*agricolae*), Lancashire; born at Stanten-Gap in the parish of Ulverston; bred at Kendal, Westmorland (Mr Towers); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 18, aet. 24.

(37) **Beeke, Christopher**, son of Henry Beeke, gardener (*hortulani*), Kent, born at Stroud; bred at Rochester (Mr Dormer); admitted sizar, tutor Mr Rigden, June 27, aet. 17.

(38) **Chamberlayne, Thomas**, son of William Chamberlayne, gentleman, Notts; born at Southwell; bred at Sherbourne, Yorks (Mr Lowther); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, July 1, 10 aet. 19.

(39) **Atkinson, Richard**, son of Simeon Atkinson, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Sedbergh; school, Sedbergh (Dr Saunders); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Newcome, July 1, aet. 21.

(40) **Clarke, William**, son of 'G.' (William?) Clarke, barber, (*tonsoris*), Derbyshire; born at Chesterfield; bred there (Mr Burrow); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, July 2, aet. 18.

(41) **Clarke, Thomas**, Kent, A.B. of Hart Hall, Oxford; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Newcome, July 2, 'suscepitque gradum 20 Magisterii in Artibus in Comitiiis sequentibus'.

(42) **Sewell, Cuthbert**, son of Joseph Sewell, tax-gatherer (*rectigalium collector*), Cumberland; born at Carlisle; school, Sedbergh (Dr Saunders) 5 years; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Newcome, July 2, aet. 17.

(43) **Lever, John Revel**, son of John Lever, esquire, Lancashire; born at Collyhurst near Manchester; bred at Stockport, Cheshire (Mr Dale); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, July 4, aet. 19.

(44) **Malme, Charles**, son of Henry Malme, gentleman, Lincolnshire; born at Bloxham near Sleaford; bred at Newark, Notts (Mr Warburton); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Newcome, July 4, aet. 17.

(45) **Shakleford, William**, son of 'G.' (William?) Shakleford 'plebeii', Hampshire; born at Alresford; school, Merchant Taylors', 35 London (Dr Smith); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Newcome, July 4, aet. 19.

(46) **Combe, Benedict**, son of Brian Combe, attorney, Dorset; born at Rutherbury near Bridport; bred at Thernworth near Blanford; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Williams, July 5, aet. 40 past 17.

(47) **Jolland, George**, son of G. Jolland, gentleman, Lincolnshire; born at Glumsford Brigg, 'vulgo Brigg'; schools, Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk (Mr Kinnesman) for some years, and last Colchester, Essex (Rev. Mr Smythies); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, 45 July 7, aet. 16.

(48) **Foster, William**, son of 'G.' (William?) Foster, clerk, Dorset; born at Hampreston near Winburne; taught at home

by his father; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Foster, July 7, aet. past 19.

[Admissions in the year $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c. 1} \\ \text{p. 24} \\ \text{s. 23} \end{array} \right\}$ 48.]

JULY 1726—JULY 1727

Admissiones a Julii Svo 1726

(1) **Leeke, Nicholas**, esquire, Middlesex; school, Westminster 5 (Dr Friend); admitted fellow commoner, tutor Dr Newcome, August 16, aet. 16.

(2) **Bolton, Edmund**, from Brasenose College, Oxford; admitted pensioner 'attulitque secum literas satis authenticas a Roberto Shippen signatas, Collegii istius Principali.'

10 (3) **Paddon, George**, son of William Paddon, husbandman (*agricolae*), Devonshire, born at Dowland; bred at Tiverton (Mr Rayner); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Newcome, October 26, aet. 18.

(4) **Lynn, John**, son of George Lynn, Northamptonshire; born at Southwick; bred at Spalding, Lincolnshire (Mr Neve); 15 admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Newcome, October 28, aet. past 16.

(5) **Bedford, John**, son of Hilkiah Bedford, clerk, Middlesex; born in London; school, Westminster (Dr Friend); admitted sizar for the Master, tutor Dr Newcome, aet. past 14.

(6) **Prime, Arthur**, son of Thomas Prime, grocer (*aromatarii*), 20 Suffolk; born in Bury St Edmunds; bred there (Mr Kinnersman); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, December 1, aet. past 15.

(7) **Jones, Cadwalader**, son of John Jones, husbandman (*agricolae*), Carnarvonshire; born at Llangyby; bred at Puleley (Mr Jones); admitted sizar, tutor Mr Williams, December 1, aet. 18.

25 (8) **Grove, Peirce**, son of J. Grove, gentleman, Cambs; born in Cambridge; school, Bury St Edmunds (Mr Kinnersman); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, December 17, aet. past 17.

(9) **Vaughan, William**, son of Richard Vaughan, esquire, Merioneth; born at Cors-y-gedol; bred at Mortlock (Mr Ellys) 2 30 years; admitted fellow commoner, tutor Mr Williams, December 22, aet. past 19.

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(10) **Allen, William**, son of John Allen, merchant, Middlesex; born in London; bred at Highgate (Mr Brown); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Newcome, January 17, aet. 18.

35 (11) **Scott, John**, son of William Scott, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Snape; bred at Kirk Leadham (Mr Clarke); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, February 25, aet. past 20.

(12) **Stockdale, John**, son of William Stockdale, gentleman, Lancashire; born at Greenham near Dalton; school, Sedbergh 40 (Dr Saunders) 5 years; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, March 15, aet. 19.

(13) **Flasby, Joseph**, son of John Flasby, clerk, Suffolk; born at Goroton; school, Bury St Edmunds; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, March 23, aet. past 17.

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(14) **Thomas, John**, son of J. Thomas, clerk, Berks; born at Suning; educated by his father; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, April 6, aet. past 18.

(15) **Seller, William**, son of Thomas Seller, clerk, Lincolnshire; born at Sleeford; bred at Grantham (Mr Ellis); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Newcome, April 12, aet. 18.

(16) **Turner, Jonathan**, son of J. Turner, smith (*fabri*), Yorks; born at Sheffield; bred there (Mr Robinson); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Newcome, April 15, aet. 18.

(17) **Oliver, Daniel**, son of D. Oliver, husbandman (*agricolae*), Derbyshire; born at Frogget; bred at Sheffield, Yorks (Mr Robinson); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Newcome, April 15, aet. 21. 15

(18) **Taylor, Robert**, son of William Taylor, gentleman, Durham; born at Kibblesworth; bred at Sheffield (Mr Robinson); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, April 17, aet. 18.

(19) **Edwards, William**, son of Timothy Edwards, gentleman, Carnarvonshire; born at Aberdaren; bred at Whitchurch, Salop 20 (Mr Hughes); admitted sizar, tutor Mr Williams, April 17, aet. 18.

(20) **Gunthorp, Robert**, son of John Gunthorp, gentleman, Notts; born at Mansfield Woodhouse; bred at Mansfield (Mr Hucklebridge); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Newcome, May 3, aet. past 18. 25

(21) **Tomlin, William**, son of 'G.' (William?) Tomlin, clerk, Yorks; born at Elliker near Beverley; educated by his father; admitted sizar, tutor Dr Newcome, May 5, aet. 15.

(22) **Waller, John**, son of William Waller, clerk, Bucks; born at Newport Pagnal; bred at Abington; admitted sizar for Dr Waller 'avunculo suo', tutor Dr Newcome, May 9, aet. past 16. 30

(23) **Marsh, Richard**, son of R. Marsh, clerk, Kent; born at St Margarets Atcliff near Dover; school, Canterbury (Mr Lehunt); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, May 15, aet. 18.

(24) **Elcock, Thomas**, son of T. Elcock, clerk, Derbyshire; born at South Normanton near Chesterfield; school, Beverley (Mr Jefferson); admitted sizar (*sizator*) for the Master, tutor Dr Edmundson, May 18, aet. 17. 35

(25) **Wynd, Robert**, son of Mark Wynd, husbandman (*agricolae*), Richmondshire; born at Melsonby near Richmond; bred at Threshfield; admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, May 22, aet. 18. 40

(26) **Buck, William**, son of Thomas Buck, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Fenton near Sherbourne; bred at Sherbourne (Mr Lowther); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, May 25, aet. 18. 45

(27) **Cookson, Richard**, son of William Cookson, gentleman;

born at Darrington; bred at Sherbourne (Mr Lowther); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, May 25, aet. 17.

(28) **Gill, William**, son of Stephen Gill, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Fenton; bred at Sherbourne (Mr Lowther); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, May 25, aet. past 19.

(29) **Robinson, Thomas**, son of T. Robinson, husbandman (*agricolae*), Lincolnshire; born at Hale near Sleaford; school, Peterborough (Mr Bradfield); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Newcome, May 25, aet. past 20.

(30) **Laverack, John**, son of James Laverack, gentleman, Derbyshire; born at Morton; bred at Southwell, Notts (Mr Hodgshon); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, May 25, aet. past 17.

(31) **Bogden, James**, son of J. Bogden, gentleman, Cambs; born at Horningsea; bred at Moulton, Lincolnshire (Mr Chapman); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, May 26, aet. past 16.

(32) **Halley, Thomas**, son of George Halley, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Bubwith; bred at Pocklington (Mr Baker); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 1, aet. 19.

(33) **Hotham, Robert**, son of John Hotham, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Storthwate; bred at Pocklington (Mr Baker); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 1, aet. 20.

(34) **Heber, John**, Yorks; from University College, Oxford; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 2.

Memorandum, quod idem Johannes Heber literas secum attulit peramplas de vita sua laudabili et morum probitate a Magistro sociisque signatas.

(35) **Chadwick, Antony**, son of A. Chadwick, gentleman, Derbyshire; born at Ashley-Hay near Worksworth; bred at Chesterfield (Mr Burrow); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 13, aet. 18.

(36) **Hurt, Low**, son of Francis Hurt, gentleman, Derbyshire; born at Hill-side near Worksworth; bred at Chesterfield (Mr Burrow); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 13, aet. past 17.

(37) **Lipyeatt, Thomas**, son of T. Lipyeatt, gentleman, Wilts; born at Marlborough; bred there (Mr Hildrop); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 15, aet. past 15.

(38) **Seward, Thomas**, son of John Seward, gentleman, Worcestershire; born at Badsey near Evesham; school, Westminster (Dr Friend); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 17.

(39) **Drake, William**, son of Marmaduke Drake, clerk, Derbyshire; born at Beighton; bred at Kirk Letham, Yorks (Mr Clarke); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 17, aet. past 17.

(40) **Richardson, Peter**, son of Samuel Richardson, husbandman (*agricolae*), Lancashire; born in Walney Island near Dalton; bred at Kendal (Mr Towers); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 17, aet. 19.

(41) **Burton, John**, son of J. Burton, merchant (*mercatoris*);

born in Colchester ; school, Merchant Taylors' ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Newcome, June 19, aet. past 18.

(42) **Elam, John**, son of Thomas Elam, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks ; born at Hutton Pannel ; school, Sedbergh (Dr Saunders) ; admitted sizar, tutor Dr Newcome, June 21, aet. 21. 5

(43) **Taylor, Robert**, son of John Taylor, gentleman, Notts ; born at Newark ; bred there (Mr Warburton) ; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Newcome, June 23, aet. 17.

(44) **Bradley, John**, A.B. of Wadham College, Oxford ; admitted fellow commoner, tutor Dr Newcome, June 24. 10

Memorandum quod praedictus Johannes Bradley literas attulit secum satis authenticas, tam de gradu suscepto, tam de vita sua laudabili, morumque probitate.

(45) **Walton, Isaac**, son of I. Walton, clerk, Yorks ; born at Marsden near Almondbury ; bred at Rishworth (Mr Wadesworth) ; admitted sizar, tutor Dr Newcome, June 30, aet. 21. 15

(46) **Davison, Robert**, son of Thomas Davison, M.A., Durham ; born in Durham ; school, Sedbergh (Dr Saunders) 4 years ; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Newcome, July 1, aet. 18.

(47) **Hall, George**, son of William Hall, shoemaker (*calceatoris*), Middlesex ; born in London ; school, Merchant Taylors' (Dr Smith) ; admitted sizar, tutor Dr Newcome, July 1, aet. 18. 20

(48) **Swain, Thomas**, son of 'S.', gentleman, Yorks ; born at Bradford ; bred there (Mr Hill) ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, July 1, aet. past 15. 25

(49) **Bayley, Benjamin**, son of Richard Bayley, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks ; born at Coln-bridge ; bred at Bradford (Mr Hill) ; admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, July 1, aet. 17.

(50) **Bate, John**, son of Richard Bate, clerk, Kent ; born at Bockton Mallard (Boughton Malherbe) near Lenham ; bred at Sutton Valence (Mr Savage) ; admitted sizar, tutor Mr Bate, his brother, July 3, aet. 17. 30

(51) **Bate, Julius**, Per omnia cum fratre supra memorato concordat, gemelli enim sunt.

(52) **Johnson, Samuel**, son of Samuel Johnson, gentleman, Kent ; born in Canterbury ; bred there (Mr Lehunt) ; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Rigden, July 3, aet. 17. 35

[Admissions in the year $\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c. 3} \\ \text{p. 19} \\ \text{s. 30} \end{array} \right\} 52.]$

JULY 1727—JULY 1728

Admissiones a Julii 7mo 1727

(1) **Rogers, John**, son of Samuel Rogers, clerk, Rutland ; born at Exton ; school, St Paul's, London ; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, July 8, aet. 17. 40

(2) **Cook, John**, son of J. Cook, gentleman, Kent; born at Swift in the parish of Cranbrook; school, Canterbury (Mr Lehunt); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Rigden, August 5, aet. past 17.

(3) **Moor, Henry**, son of H. Moor, D.D., Middlesex; born in 5 London; school, Bury St Edmunds (Mr Kinnesman); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Lisle, September 18, aet. past 15.

(4) **Musgrave, Richard**, son of R. Musgrave, gentleman, Ireland; born at Lismore, county Waterford (father's county, York); school, Lismore (Mr Hill); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, 10 September 18, aet. 17 'hoc ipso die'.

(5) **Brage, William**, son of 'G.' (William ?) Brage, gentleman, Essex; born at Hatfield Peverel; school, Bury (Mr Kinnesman); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Newcome, September 26, aet. 19.

(6) **Morrison, William**, son of 'G.' (William ?) Morrison, vintner 15 (*oenopolae*), Middlesex; born in London; school Westminster (Dr Friend); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Newcome, September 27, aet. 16.

(7) **Legh, Peter**, son of Thomas Legh, esquire, Lancashire; born at Hotton Moss; school, Westminster (Dr Friend); admitted 20 fellow commoner, tutor Dr Newcome, October 7, aet. 20.

(8) **Williams, Thomas**, son of T. Williams, gentleman, Cambs; born in Cambridge; school, Beaumaris in the Isle of Anglesea (Mr Owen); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, October 7, aet. past 16.

(9) **Allgood, Crow**, son of James Allgood, clerk, Northumberland; born at Ingram; educated by his father; admitted pensioner, 25 tutor Dr Edmundson, October 13, aet. past 16.

(10) **Mayes, Christopher**, son of C. Mayes, chandler (*a candelis*), Cambs; born in Cambridge; schools, first Cambridge (Mr Sparkes) 30 and lastly Walsingham in Norfolk (Mr Roberts); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, October 25, aet. past 16.

(11) **Somerscale, Joseph**, son of Richard Somerscale, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Silsden; bred at Threshfield (Mr Marshall); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, October 28, 35 aet. 18.

(12) **Beevan, Richard**, son of R. Beevan, gentleman, Cheshire; born at Stoke near Chester; bred in Chester (Mr Henchman); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, November 4, aet. past 18.

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(13) **Vaughan, Evans**, son of — Vaughan, esquire, Merioneth; 40 born at Cross-y-gedol ('Kessygedol' in margin); school, Eton (Dr Bland); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Williams, February 6, aet. 18.

(14) **Wood, Robert**, son of R. Wood, druggist (*pharmacopolae*), Salop; born in Shrewsbury; school, Shrewsbury (Dr Philips); 45 admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Williams, February 12, aet. past 16.

(15) **Powell, George**, son of G. Powell, clerk, Herefordshire ; born at Croft ; school, Eton (Dr Bland) 4 years ; admitted sizar, tutor Mr Williams, February 17, aet. 18.

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(16) **Arderne, John**, son of Richard Arderne, gentleman, Cheshire ; born at Stockport ; bred there (Mr Dale) ; admitted 5 fellow commoner, tutor Mr Williams, March 25, aet. 19.

(17) **Dale, John**, son of Thomas Dale 'plebeii', Cheshire ; born at Stockport ; bred there (Mr Dale) ; admitted sizar, tutor Mr Williams, March 25, aet. past 17.

(18) **Anstey, Christopher**, son of — Anstey, gentleman, Berks ; 10 born near Wantage ; school Sedbergh (Dr Saunders) ; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Williams, March 26, aet. past 17.

(19) **Price, Mansfield**, son of Morris Price, gentleman, Somerset ; born in Bristol ; school, Shrewsbury (Dr Philips) ; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Taylor, April 12, aet. 15. 15

(20) **Wingfield, Benjamin**, son of — Wingfield, clerk, Salop ; born in Shrewsbury ; bred there ; admitted sizar, tutor Mr Williams, April 12.

(21) **Tempest, John**, son of J. Tempest, esquire, Durham ; born in Durham ; bred there (Mr Rymmer) ; admitted fellow com- 20 moner, tutor Mr Taylor, April 13, aet. 17.

(22) **Tempest, William**, son of John Tempest, 'in omnibus cum fratre concordat,' aet. 15.

(23) **Lewen, James**, son of Thomas Lewen, attorney, Durham ; born in Durham ; bred there ; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Williams, 25 April 13, aet. 18.

(24) **Lamb, Robert**, son of John Lamb, mercer (*merceriū*), Durham ; born in Durham ; bred there ; admitted sizar, tutor Mr Williams, April 13, aet. 16.

(25) **Kay, William**, son of Richard Kay, clerk, Yorks ; born at 30 Moor Mounton ; bred at Kirk Leadham (Mr Clark) ; admitted sizar, tutor Mr Williams, April 20, aet. 18.

(26) **Burton, Christopher**, son of John Burton, merchant, Essex ; born in Colchester ; school, Merchant Taylors' ; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Bate, April 23, aet. past 17. 35

(27) **Leigh, Egerton**, Cheshire, from Oxford ; admitted fellow commoner, tutor Mr Williams, April 24.

(28) **Weston, William**, son of Nathaniel Weston, clerk, Rutland ; born at Normanton ; bred at Oakham (Mr Adcock) ; admitted sizar, tutor Mr Williams, April 26, aet. 17. 40

(29) **Clarke, Henry**, son of H. Clarke, clerk, Notts ; born at Ascham ; bred at Newark (Mr Warburton) ; admitted sizar, tutor Mr Williams, April 27.

(30) **Curtiene, William**, son of Ambrose Curtiene, surgeon, Suffolk ; born at Haverhill ; bred at Walden, Essex (Mr Butts) ; 45 admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, April 29, aet. 18.

(31) **Chapman, Benjamin**, son of Thomas Chapman, grocer (*aromatarii*), Suffolk; born at Lavenham; bred there (Mr Brown-smith); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, April 30, aet. past 17.

(32) **Houghton, John**, son of Ralph Houghton, gentleman, Lancashire; born in Manchester; bred for some years at Macclesfield, Cheshire; but last 'sub Mro Townsend *privatim*'; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, May 6, aet. 16.

(33) **Holme, John**, son of — Holme, gentleman, Yorks; born at Ik[lington?]; school, Beverley (Mr Jefferson); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, May 23, aet. past 17.

(34) **Wilkinson, John**, son of John Wilkinson, esquire, Yorks; born at Greenhead near Huddersfield; bred at Bradford (Mr Hill); admitted fellow commoner, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 7, aet. 18.

(35) **Brearccliffe, John**, son of — Brearccliffe, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born near Huddersfield; bred at Bradford (Mr Hill); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 7, aet. 18.

(36) **Prettyman, Nunn**, son of N. Prettyman, gentleman, Suffolk; born at Laxfield; bred at Monks-Soam (Mr Raye); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Williams, June 21, aet. 18.

(37) **Phillips, John**, son of Robert Phillips, D.D., Salop; born in Shrewsbury; school, Shrewsbury (his father being Head master); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmunds, June 24, aet. 18.

(38) **Tailer, John**, son of J. Tailer, 'plebei', Derbyshire; born at Dranfield; bred at Sheffield, Yorks (Mr Robinson); admitted sizar, tutor Mr Robinson, June 24, aet. 20.

(39) **Thompson, William**, son of Samuel Thompson, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Middleton near Leeds; bred at Wakefield (Mr Clark); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 27, aet. 22.

(40) **Batcheller, Paul**, son of P. Batcheller, clerk, Middlesex; born in London; educated by his father; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 28, aet. 19.

(41) **Smallwood, John**, son of Thomas Smallwood, clerk, Staffordshire; born at Mear; bred at Trentham (Mr Hargreaves); admitted sizar, tutor Mr Williams, June 28, aet. 18.

(42) **Walton, John**, son of J. Walton, clerk, Westmorland; born at Crossby Garret; school, Durham (Mr Rymer); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, July 1, aet. 17.

(43) **Manwaring, Edward**, son of E. Manwaring, esquire; Staffordshire; born at Whitmore; bred at Trentham (Mr Hargreaves); admitted fellow commoner, tutor Mr Williams, July 4, aet. 18.

(44) **Bamforth, George**, son of G. Bamforth, esquire, Yorks; born at High-House, near Sheffield; bred at Bradford (Mr Hill); admitted fellow commoner, tutor Dr Edmundson, July 5, aet. 18.

[Admissions in the year $\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c. 8} \\ \text{p. 18} \\ \text{s. 18} \end{array} \right\} 44.]$

JULY 1728—JULY 1729

Admissiones a Julii 6to 1728

(1) **Russel, Joseph**, son of John Russel, clerk, Middlesex; born in London; bred at Sevenoaks, Kent (Mr Simpson); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Leeke, August 14, aet. 18.

(2) **Oborne, Henry**, son of H. Oborne, clerk, Essex; born at Great Waltham; bred at Felstead (Mr Wyat); admitted pensioner, 5 tutor Dr Edmundson, September 11, aet. past 16.

(3) **Ripley, John**, son of William Ripley, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Poodell, near Threshfield; bred at Threshfield (Mr Marshall) 6 years; admitted sizar, tutor Mr Williams, October 19, aet. 17. 10

(4) **Kenrick, Conway**, son of John Kenrick, husbandman (*agricolae*), Cheshire, born at Thurstanton; 'literis institutus a Mro Hodson in domo sua per multos annos'; admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, October 22, aet. 18.

(5) **Tyson, Michael**, son of M. Tyson, gentleman, Westmor- 15 land; born at Martingdale; school, Sedbergh (Dr Saunders); admitted pensioner, October 25, aet. past 17.

(6) **Guest, William**, son of John Guest, cutler (*cultellarii*), Yorks; born at Sheffield; bred at Chesterfield (Mr Burrow); admitted sizar, tutor Mr Williams, November 2. 20

(7) **Bostock, Charles**, son of John Bostock, gentleman, Cheshire; born at Macclesfield; bred there (Mr Allen); admitted sizar, tutor Mr Williams, November 4, aet. 17.

(8) **Needham, Peter**, from New College, Oxford, Hampshire; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Newton, November 18, 'suscepitque 25 apud nos gradum Magisterii in Artibus die sequente.'

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(9) **Fern, George**, son of Giles Fern, clerk, Cambs; born at Ely; school, Ely (Mr Gunning); admitted sizar, tutor Mr Williams, January 8, aet. past 17.

(10) **Lowndes, John**, son of Robert Lowndes, esquire, Bucks; 30 born at Winslow; New College School, Oxford; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Williams, February 4, aet. past 18.

(11) **Nourse, Peter**, son of P. Nourse, D.D., Hampshire; born at Droxford; schools, Winchester, 2 years, and last at Southampton; admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, February 5, aet. 18. 35

(12) **Russel, John**, son of J. Russel, gentleman, Salop; born at Morton; schools, Whitchurch and Hanmer; admitted sizar, tutor Mr Taylor, February 6, aet. 19.

(13) **Creffield, Edward**, son of E. Creffield, clerk, Suffolk; born at Polstead; school, Bury (Mr Kinnesman); admitted pensioner, 40 tutor Dr Edmundson, February 18, aet. 17.

(14) **Marshall, Henry**, son of H. Marshall, clerk, Lincolnshire; born at Fulletby; school, Lincoln (Mr Goodall), 3 years; admitted sizar, tutor Mr Williams, March 10, aet. 17.

(15) **Eyre, Venn**, son of Ambrose Eyre, gentleman, Middlesex; 5 born in London; school, Charterhouse (Mr Took); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Williams, March 22, aet. 17.

1729

(16) **Mercer, Thomas**, son of Thomas Mercer, clerk, Lancashire; born at Preston; school, Manchester (Mr Brook); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, March 25, aet. 18.

10 (17) **Penn, Alexander**, son of John Penn, clerk, Notts; born at Edwistow; bred at Bradford, Yorks (Mr Hill); admitted sizar, tutor Mr Williams, April —, aet. 17.

(18) **Newton, Stephen**, son of St. Newton, butcher (*lanii*), Yorks; born in Sheffield; bred there (Mr Robinson); admitted sizar, 15 tutor Mr Robinson, April 10, aet. 19.

(19) **Nelthorpe, Richard**, son of James Nelthorpe, esquire, Lincolnshire; born at Scawby; bred at Brigg (Mr Waterworth); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, April 11, aet. 18.

(20) **Eaton, Edward**, son of Peter Eaton, 'plebeii', Derbyshire; 20 born at Raynor; bred at Chesterfield (Mr Burrow); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, April 16, aet. 19.

(21) **Larken, John**, son of J. Larken, gentleman, Hertfordshire; born at Munden; bred at Buntingford (Mr Sherson); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, May 14, aet. past 16.

25 (22) **Hargreaves, John**, son of J. Hargreaves, clerk, Northamptonshire; born at Islip; bred at Oakham, Rutland (Mr Adcock); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, May 15, aet. past 19.

(23) **Lloyd, Henry**, son of Owen Lloyd, gentleman, Wales; born in the Diocese of Bangor; bred at Beaumauris (Mr Owen); admitted 30 sizar, tutor Mr Williams, May 17, aet. 18.

(24) **Cass, Eustace**, son of Richard Cass, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Hackness, near Scarborough; bred at Thornton, Yorks; admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, May 20, aet. 18.

(25) **Whitmore, Bethel William**, son of Joseph Whitmore, 35 gentleman; born in the diocese of St Asaph; bred at Wem, Salop (Mr Appleton); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Williams, May 23, aet. past 17.

(26) **Rawlins, Thomas**, son of Th. Rawlins, gentleman, Essex; born at Rivenal (Rivenhall, near Witham?); school, Bury St Edmunds (Mr Kinnesman); admitted sizar for Mr Simpson, tutor Mr 40 Williams, May 23, aet. past 17.

(27) **Richardson, William**, son of Richard Richardson, M.D., Yorks; born at Bierley, near Bradford; bred at Bradford (Mr Hill); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, May 24, aet. past 45 18.

Jes. Coll. May 23; 1729.

William Richardson admitted Pensioner of this College June 8:
1728 has my leave to remove to any other College.

Ch. Ashton, Master.

(28) **Green, John**, son of Richard Green, husbandman (*agri- 5*
colae), Yorks; born at Wentworth; school, private at Risbrook; admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, May 28, aet. 25.

(29) **Chilcott, William**, son of Richard Chilcott, gentleman,
Wilts; born at Deverel; bred at Crookern (Crewkerne), Somerset;
admitted fellow commoner, tutor Dr Edmundson, May 31, aet. past 10
25.

(30) **Allenson, Gilbert**, son of Allan Allenson, clerk, Herts;
born at Aldenham; school, Aldenham, of which his father is master;
admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 3, aet. 19.

(31) **Burrow, William**, son of G. (? William) Burrow, clerk, 15
Derbyshire; born at Chesterfield; school, Chesterfield, of which his
father is master (*istius scholae Moderatore dignissimo*); admitted
pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 6, aet. 17.

(32) **Bright, Thomas**, son of Thomas Bright, gentleman, Yorks;
born near Sheffield; school, Chesterfield (Mr Burrow); admitted 20
pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 6, aet. 17.

(33) **Mower, Marmaduke**, son of Edmund Mower, gentleman,
Notts; born at Newark; bred at Chesterfield (Mr Burrow); admitted
pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 6, aet. 17.

(34) **Ward, Edmund**, son of Joseph Ward, gentleman, Derby- 25
shire; born near Chesterfield; bred there (Mr Burrow); admitted
sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 6, aet. 18.

(35) **Mainwaring, Henry**, son of Edward Mainwaring, esquire,
Staffordshire; born at Whitmore; bred at Trentham (Mr Har-
greaves); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Williams, June 9, aet. 18. 30

(36) **Horton, Thomas**; born in London; bred at Highgate;
admitted fellow commoner, tutor Mr Yardley, June 12, aet. past 24.

(37) **Harpur, William**, son of G. (? William) Harpur, gentleman,
Durham; born at Gateside, near Newcastle; school, Sedbergh (Dr
Saunders); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Robinson, June 16, aet. 18. 35

(38) **Ward, Charles**, son of William Ward, merchant, North-
umberland; born in Newcastle; school, Sedbergh; admitted pen-
sioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 16, aet. 18.

(39) **Gates, Thomas**, son of George Gates, 'plebeii,' North-
umberland; born in Newcastle; school, Sedbergh; admitted pen- 40
sioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 16, aet. 17.

(40) **Birket**¹, —, Hampshire, A.B. of Queen's College, Oxford;
admitted pensioner, June 24, 'habens literas gradus sui a Mro
Cooper Registrario signatas.'

(41) **Roe, James**, son of Thomas Roe, clerk, Derbyshire; born 45
at Castleton; bred at Stockport, Cheshire (Mr Dale); admitted sizar,
tutor Mr Williams, June 26, aet. 18.

¹ John Birket, B.A. Qu. Coll. Oxon. Oct. 12, 1708; M.A. Cantab. 1729.

(42) **Eare, John**, son of John Eare, grocer (*aromatarii*), Lincolnshire; born in Lincoln; bred there (Mr Goodal); admitted sizar, tutor Mr Williams, June 26, aet. 18.

(43) **Agur, William**, son of Thomas Agur, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Redkar, in Cleaveland; bred at Kirk Leadam (Mr Oakley); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 27, aet. 19.

(44) **Steer, William**, son of G. (? William) Steer, clerk, Yorks; born at Ecclesfield; school, Sedbergh (Dr Saunders); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 30, aet. 19.

10 (45) **Eyre, Joseph**, son of Thomas Eyre, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Ecclesfield; bred at Sheffield (Mr Robinson); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 30, aet. 20.

(46) **Taylor, Clemens**, son of Thomas Taylor, husbandman (*agricolae*), Lancashire; born at Roger-Ridding, near Hawxstead; 15 school, Sedbergh (Dr Saunders); admitted sizar, tutor Mr Robinson, June 30, aet. past 27.

(47) **Smith, John**, son of J. Smith, merchant, Norfolk; born at Diss; bred there (Mr Randal); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, July 1, aet. 20.

20 [Admissions in the year $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c. } 2 \\ \text{p. } 20 \\ \text{s. } 25 \end{array} \right\} 47.]$

JULY 1729—JULY 1730.

(a) **Hele, Arthur**, from Trinity College, Oxford, son of Richard Hele, A.M., Master of the public school of Salisbury and Prebendary of the Cathedral there, Wiltshire; born in Salisbury; educated there under his father; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Williams, September 25 28, 1730, aet. 18¹.

Memorandum quod idem Arthurus Hele literas testimoniales secum attulit de vita sua laudabili et morum probitate a Praeside sociisque praedicti Trinitatis Collegii signatas.

Admissiones à Julii 4^{to} 1729.

(1) **Williams, Richard**, son of Sir John Williams, Knight, 30 London; bred first in Westminster School (Dr Freind), then in his father's house (Mr White); admitted fellow commoner, tutor Dr Edmundson, August 4, aet. 19.

(2) **Penington, Lowther**, son of Joseph Penington, esquire, Westmorland; born at Lowther; bred there (Mr Wilkinson); 35 admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Williams, October 11, aet. 18.

(3) **Lord, John**, son of John Lord, clerk, Herts; born at Kixsworth; bred at Harpenden (Mr Barnard); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, October 14, aet. past 17.

¹ This admission, written in a different hand from those which precede and follow it, is out of place. See p. 64, No. 1.

(4) **Monckton, Jonathan**, son of Charles Monckton, gentleman, Cornwall; born at Lisgard; school, Westminster (Dr Friend); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Williams, October 23, aet. 17.

(5) **Savignee, James**, son of J. Savignee, gentleman, Middlesex; born 'infra Pomoeria Westmonasterii'; school Westminster (Dr 5 Friend); admitted sizar, tutor Mr Williams, October 23, aet. 'fere' 17.

(6) **Burnaby, Daniel**, son of John Burnaby, gentleman, Middlesex; born in Kensington; bred there; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Williams, October 25, aet. past 18. 10

17 $\frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{9}{10}$.

(7) **Pepper, Prescott**, son of Cuthbert Pepper, gentleman, Richmondshire; born at Moulton; bred at Kirk-Leatham (Mr Clark); admitted fellow commoner, tutor Mr Williams, March 17, aet. 20.

1730.

(8) **Spencer, Richard**, son of R. Spencer, clerk, Kent; born at Tunbridge; educated by his father, head-master there; admitted 15 pensioner, tutor and surety, Dr Edmundson, March 28, aet. 18.

(9) **Ansty, Thomas**, son of James Ansty, gentleman, Berks; school Sedbergh (Dr Saunders) many years; admitted sizar¹ for Dr Baker, tutor and surety Mr Williams, March 30, aet. 18.

(10) **Parrot, Andrew**, son of Thomas Parrot, clerk, Yorks; 20 bred at Trentham, Staffordshire; admitted sizar¹ for the Master, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, April 13, aet. 18.

(11) **Clerke, Thomas**, son of Thomas Clerke, clerk, Berks; born at Farrington; bred at Rygate, Surrey (Mr Rigden); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, April 14, aet. past 16. 25

(12) **Sparke, John**, son of Joseph Sparke, clerk, Northamptonshire; born at Peterborough; bred there (Mr Bradfield); admitted sizar, tutor Mr Williams, April 24, aet. past 17.

(13) **Selwin, William**, son of William Selwin, merchant (*mercatoris*), Middlesex; born in London; school, St Paul's (Mr Morland); 30 admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Edmundson, April 28, aet. 15 'hoc ipso die'.

(14) **Broom, Richard**, son of Charles Broom, attorney, Staffordshire; born at Burton; bred there; admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, May 6, aet. past 16. 35

(15) **Graves, Edward**, son of John Graves, gentleman, Lancashire; born in Manchester; bred at Bradford, Yorks, for several years; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Wrigley, May 11, aet. 'fere' 18.

(16) **Peake, Jonathan**, son of Peter Peake, 'plebeii', Lancashire; born in Manchester; bred there (Mr Brook); admitted sizar, tutor 40 Mr Williams, May 11, aet. 'fere' 17.

(17) **Dakin, Thomas**, son of Edward Dakin, husbandman (*agricolae*), Derbyshire; born at Barkwell (or Bashwell); bred at

¹ 'sizator,' not subsizator as usual.

Stockport, Cheshire; admitted sizar, tutor Mr Williams, May 18, aet. 23.

(18) **Marshall, Thomas**, son of Michael Marshall, husbandman (*agricolae*), Derbyshire; born at Teasdal; bred at Stockport, Cheshire
5 (Mr Dale); admitted sizar, tutor Mr Williams, May 18, aet. 18.

(19) **Richard, Thomas**, son of John Richard, husbandman (*agricolae*), Cambridgeshire; born at Swaffham Bulbeck; bred there (Mr Davies); admitted sizar, tutor Mr Williams, May 18, aet. 18.

(20) **Lloyd, David**, son of Edward Lloyd, husbandman (*agri-
10 colae*), Bangor; born in the parish of Lanebster (?); bred at Ruthin; admitted sizar, tutor Mr Williams, May 27, aet. past 17.

(21) **Holgate, William**, son of William Holgate, clerk, Lincolnshire; born at Normanby; bred at Brigg (Mr Waterworth); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, May 28, aet. past 19.

15 (22) **Walker, Edmund**, son of Edmund Walker, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Huddersfield; school Huddersfield (Mr Smith); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, May 28, aet. past 17.

(23) **Laidman, William**, son of John Laidman, clerk, Northum-
20 berland; born at Woodhall; school, Sedbergh (Dr Saunders) 3 years; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Williams, June 8, aet. 19.

(24) **Milburne, Thomas**, son of Thomas Milburne, gentleman, Northumberland; born in Newcastle; bred there (Mr Salkeld); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Robinson, June 10, aet. 17.

25 (25) **Williams, John**, son of William Williams, 'artificis', Middlesex; born in London; school, Merchant Taylors' (Dr Smith); admitted sizar, tutor Mr Williams, June 15, aet. 18.

(26) **Sorsbie, Benjamin**, son of Malin Sorsby (sic), clerk, Durham; born at Ryton; school, Sedbergh (Dr Saunders); admitted
30 sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 20, aet. past 21.

(27) **Summers, John**, son of Henry Summers, esquire, Essex; born at Heningham Sybill; bred at Felstead (Mr Wyatt); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 23, aet. 'fere' 18.

(28) **Squire, Samuel**, son of S. Squire, druggist (*pharma-
35 copolae*), Wilts; born at Warminster; bred there; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Williams, June 23, aet. 17.

(29) **Williams, William**, son of William Williams, clerk, Salop; born at Stoke, Salop; bred at Hanmer, Flint (Mr Hughs); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Williams, June 25, aet. 17.

40 (30) **Crane, John**, son of John Crane, clerk, Kent; born near Canterbury; bred at Canterbury (Mr Lehunt); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 27, aet. 18.

(31) **Birbeck, Charles**, son of Christopher Birbeck, surgeon, Yorks; born in York; school, Rippon (Mr Barber); admitted pen-
45 sioner, tutor Mr Robinson, June 27, aet. 17.

(32) **Pinckney, Francis**, son of Thomas Pinckney, gentleman, London; school, St Paul's (Mr Morland); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Edmundson, June 29, aet. 19.

(33) **James, Robert**, son of John James, gentleman, Suffolk ; born at Sudbury ; school Blackheath, Kent (Mr Richardson) ; admitted sizar, tutor Dr Williams, July 1, aet. ' fere ' 20.

(34) **Lynam, James**, son of James Lynam, husbandman (*agricolae*), Notts ; born at Bilsthorpe ; bred at West-Hallum, Derbyshire 5 (Mr Raworth) ; admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, July 1, aet. 18.

(35) **Worthington, William**, A.B. Oxford ; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Williams, July 1.

Literas secum attulit satis authenticas de moribus et gradu, tam 10
a Principalis et Sociis Collegii Jesu, quam a Registrario Publico
Mro Cowper signatas.

(36) **Sherwood, James**, son of James Sherwood 'a Galeris', Yorks ; born in Beverley ; bred there (Mr Jefferson) ; admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, July 1, aet. 19. 15

(37) **Boys, Joseph**, son of Joseph Boys, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks ; born near York ; bred at Beverley (Mr Jefferson) ; admitted sizar, tutor Dr Edmundson, July 1, aet. 17.

(38) **Williams, William**, Carnarvonshire, A.B. Oxford ; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Williams, July 4. 20

Literas secum attulit satis authenticas de morum probitate dum
moram traxerit in Collegio Jesu.

(39) **Wells, William**, son of William Wells, esquire, Leicester-shire ; bred at Leicester ; admitted fellow commoner, tutor Mr Thomas, July 4, aet. 18. 25

(40) **Sampson, Joshua**, son of Joshua Sampson, husbandman (*agricolae*), Derbyshire ; born at Teasdale ; bred there ; admitted sizar, tutor Mr Robinson, July 4, aet. 20.

[Admissions in the year $\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c. 3} \\ \text{p. 16} \\ \text{s. 21} \end{array} \right\} 40$].

JULY 1730—JULY 1731.

Admissiones a Julii 10^{mo}. 1730.

(1) **Hele, Arthur**, Wiltshire ; from Trinity College, Oxford, 30 admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Williams, September 28, of the second year¹.

(2) **Brisdale, John**, son of J. Brisdale, gentleman, Salop ; born in Shrewsbury ; school, Shrewsbury (Dr Phillips) ; admitted pensioner, aet. 16. 35

(3) **Crawley, Thomas**, son of John Crawley, M.D., Beds ; born at Dunstable ; bred at Harpenden, Herts (Mr Barnard) ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, September 30, aet. 16.

(4) **Smales, Thomas**, son of Matthew Smales, gentleman, Richmondshire ; born at Gilling near Richmond ; school, Sedbergh (Dr 40

¹ See (a) p. 61. Apparently Hele was admitted as a second year man.

Saunders); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Wrigley, October 24, aet. past 19.

(5) **Edwards, Andrew**, son of Richard Edwards, husbandman (*agricolae*), Denbigh; born at Ruthin; bred there (Mr Vaughan);
5 admitted sizar, tutor Dr Williams, November 2, aet. past 17.

(6) **Beach, William**, son of Benjamin Beach, gentleman, Wilts; born at Mounton Deverell; bred at Brewton, Somerset (Mr Colesbury); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, December 12, aet. past 18.

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10 (7) **Alcock, William**, son of Peter Alcock, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Threshfield; bred there (Mr Marshall); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, January 11, aet. 21.

(8) **Topham, Benjamin**, son of Christopher Topham, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Gressington in the parish of Linton;
15 bred at Threshfield (Mr Marshall); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, January 11, aet. 18.

(9) **St John, Pawlet**, son of Pawlet St John, Beds; born at Yelden; school, Bury, Suffolk (Mr Kinsman); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, January 14, aet. 16.

20 (10) **James, Antony**, son of David James, clerk, Middlesex; school, Eton (Mr George); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, February 18, aet. 19.

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(11) **Broughton, Gustavus**, son of Edward Broughton, clerk, Leicestershire; born at Ailestone; educated at home by his father;
25 admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, March 25, aet. 17

(12) **Thornton, William**, son of Sir William Thornton, knight, Yorks; born at Netherton; bred in the city of York (Mr Jackson); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, March 27, aet. 18.

30 (13) **Robinson, Robert**, son of James Robinson, merchant, Richmondshire; born at Richmond; school, Sedbergh (Dr Saunders) nearly 3 years; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, March 29, aet. 17.

(14) **Sayer, John**, son of John Sayer, woollen-draper (*lanarii*),
35 Essex; born at Braintree; bred at Colchester (Mr Comark); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, April 1, aet. 17.

(15) **Austin, Daniel**, son of Daniel Austin; born in London; New College School, Oxford (Mr Bowler); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, April 2, aet. 15.

40 (16) **Creyk, John**, son of Ralph Creyk, gentleman, Yorks; born at Marton; bred at Burlington (Mr Young); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, April 7, aet. 18.

(17) **Churchill, Henry**, son of Henry Churchill, clerk, Dorset; born at Hammoon; bred at Sherbourn (Mr Wilding); admitted pen-
45 sioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, April 7, aet. 19.

(18) **Leek, Herbert**, son of Herbert Leek, gentleman, Notts; born at Carleton; bred at Burton, Notts (Mr Saunders); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Leek, April 8, aet. 19.

(19) **Grey, George**, son of George Grey, 'juris consulti', Northumberland; born in Newcastle; bred there (Mr Salkeld); admitted 5 pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, April 9, aet. 17.

(20) **Warcopp, John**, son of John Warcopp, gentleman, Yorks; born at Gatenby; bred at Burneston (Mr Peacock); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dominus Goddard, April 9, aet. 18.

(21) **Morgan, Charles**, son of Henry Morgan, attorney, Devon- 10 shire; born at Exeter; school, Ely, Cambridgeshire (Mr Gunning); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, April 15, aet. 17.

(22) **Mapletoft, Edmund**, son of Edmund Mapletoft, clerk, Cambridgeshire; born at Bartlow; school, Walden, Essex (Mr Butts); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, April 30, 15 aet. 17.

(23) **Robinson, Thomas**, son of Matthew Robinson, esquire, Yorks; born in York; school, Westminster (Dr Freind); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, April 19, aet. 17.

(24) **Oliver, John**, son of Henry Oliver, gaoler at Oakham 20 (*Carceris apud Oakham custodis*), Rutland; born at Oakham; bred there (Mr Adcock); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, April 27, aet. 18.

(25) **Henchman, Humphrey**, son of Charles Henchman, clerk, Cheshire; born in Chester; educated there by his father; admitted 25 pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, April 29, aet. 19.

(26) **Waring, Richard**, son of Richard Waring, clerk, Herefordshire; born in Hereford; bred there (Mr Rodd); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, May 4, aet. 18.

(27) **Bateman, Winn**, son of Thomas Bateman, gentleman, 30 Richmondshire; born at Middleham; school, Sedbergh (Dr Saunders) nearly 2 years; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, May 20, aet. 17.

(28) **Hurst, Thomas**, son of Thomas Hurst, gentleman, Notts; born at Newark; bred at Nottingham (Mr Hardy); admitted pen- 35 sioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, May 22, aet. 17.

(29) **Stephenson, Anthony**, son of Anthony Stephenson, 'plebeii,' Westmorland; born at Selside; bred at Kendal (Mr Towers); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 1, 40 aet. 17.

(30) **Stead, William**, son of Jonathan Stead, merchant, Yorks; born at Hallifax; school, Sedbergh (Dr Saunders) nearly two years; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 4, aet. 18.

(31) **Steevens, Jonathan**, son of Jonathan Steevens, grocer (*aromatarii*), Sussex, born at Rothersbridge; bred at Battle (Mr 45 Sorsbie); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 5, aet. 18.

(32) **Evans, Edmund**, son of Edmund Evans, gentleman, Derby-

shire; born at Bonsall; bred at Chesterfield (Mr Burrow); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 5, aet. 19.

(33) **Smith, Eyre Foster**, son of Philip Foster Smith, attorney, Staffordshire; born at Beamhurst; bred at Chesterfield (Mr Burrow);
5 admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Lecke, June 5, aet. 19.

(34) **Barker, William**, son of William Barker, gentleman, Derbyshire; born at Edenser; bred at Chesterfield (Mr Burrow); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 5, aet. 18.

(35) **Weightman, William**, son of Thomas Weightman, brewer
10 (*potificis*), Yorks; born in York; bred at Sheffield (Mr Robinson); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 10, aet. 18.

(36) **Robinson, John**, son of Anthony Robinson, farmer (*fir-*
marii), Derbyshire; born at Tidswell; bred at Sheffield, Yorks (Mr Robinson); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 10,
15 aet. 19.

(37) **Parry, Henry**, son of Henry Parry, clerk, Montgomeryshire; born at Guildfield; educated by his father at home; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 12, aet. 18.

(38) **Perrot, Andrew**, son of Charles Perrot, merchant, Yorks;
20 born in York; bred at Hull (Mr Clarke); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 12, aet. 18.

(39) **Moore, Richard**, son of William Moore, gentleman, Somerset; born at Stoak-lane; bred at Sherbourn, Dorset (Mr Wilding); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 24,
25 aet. 18.

(40) **Polhill, Robert**, son of Robert Polhill, gentleman, Kent; born at Tonbridge; bred there (Mr Spencer); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 26, aet. 20.

(41) **Burrell, David**, son of John Burrell, 'plebeii,' Durham;
30 born at Fieldhouse near Ganford; school, Sedbergh (Dr Saunders) 3 years; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 29, aet. past 18.

(42) **Parkinson, Barton**, Lancashire, from Trinity College, Dublin; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Williams, June 29.

35 Memorandum quod praedictus Barton Parkinson literas attulit secum satis authenticas tum de gradu A.B. suscepto tum de vita sua laudabili morumque probitate.

(43) **Bagshaw, William**, son of Richard Bagshaw, esquire, Derbyshire; born at Castleton; bred at Chesterfield (Mr Burrow);
40 admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety, Mr Wrigley, July 1, aet. 17.

(44) **Perfect, Caleb**, A.B. of Trinity College, Oxford; admitted pensioner, surety Mr Wrigley, July 2.

45 Memorandum quod praedictus C. B. literas secum attulit satis authenticas de gradu A.B. suscepto.

(45) **Astley, William**, son of Walter Astley, clerk, Stafford-

shire; born at Froshall; bred at Repton, Derbyshire (Mr Fletcher); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, July 3, aet. 18.

(46) **Mottershaw, Thomas**, son of John Mottershaw, farmer (*firmarii*), Derbyshire; born at Clay-Cross; bred at Chesterfield (Mr Burrow); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, July 5, 5 aet. 19.

(47) **Branston, Richard**, son of William Branston, mercer (*mercarii*), Lincolnshire; born at Gainsborough; bred at Brigg (Mr Waterworth); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, July 5, aet. 20.

10

[Admissions in the year $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c. } 2 \\ \text{p. } 23 \\ \text{s. } 22 \end{array} \right\} 47.]$

JULY 1731—JULY 1732

Admissiones a nono Julii, 1731.

(1) **Forster, George**, eldest son of George Forster, esquire; born in Little Bristol, in the Island of Barbadoes 'oriundus ex Agro Northumbriensi'; bred in the parish of St James, Barbadoes, by Henry Rishton, M.A., formerly of this College; admitted fellow 15 commoner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, July 17, aet. 17.

(2) **Blayney, Charles**, eldest son of Cadwallader Blayney, Baron Monaghan, of Monaghan in Ireland; born in Dublin (mother's county Berkshire); educated in the parish of Carrick Macrosse, in Ireland, by William Folds, formerly of this College; admitted pensioner, 20 tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, July 30, aet. past 10. (Baron Monaghan and fellow commoner, 31 March, 1733. *Note in margin*.)

(3) **Dixon, Edward**, son of James Dixon, box or trunk maker (*capsarii*), Lancashire; born at Kirkham; bred there (Mr Taylor); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, October 5, aet. 19. 25

(4) **Davison, Thomas**, son of Thomas Davison, esquire; born at Blakiston, in the Bishopric of Durham; bred at Kirk Heaton, Yorks (Mr Clarke); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, October 18, aet. 19.

(5) **Nelthorp, Griffith**, son of James Nelthorp, gentleman, 30 Lincolnshire; born at Brigg; bred there (Mr Waterworth); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, October 20, aet. 18.

(6) **Christopherson, Preston**, son of John Christopherson, B.D., formerly fellow of the College, Cumberland; born at Addingham, near Penrith; bred at Appleby, Westmoreland (Mr Yates); 35 admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, October 22, aet. 17.

(7) **Hopwood, John**, son of John Hopwood, esquire, Essex; born at Stannaway; educated by his father; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, October 25, aet. past 19.

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(8) **Montgomery, George**, son of George Montgomery, esquire, 40 Middlesex; born in London; school, Eton (Mr George); admitted

fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, January 12, aet. past 19.

(9) **Salt, William**, son of James Salt, clerk, Cambs; born at Chesterton; school, Bury (Mr Kinsman); admitted sizar, tutor and 5 surety Mr Wrigley, January 15, aet. 19.

(10) **Cardale, Joseph**, from Trinity College, Oxford, son of Joseph Cardale, clerk, Warwickshire; born at Bulkington; bred at Nuneaton (Mr Liptrott); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, February 8, aet. 18.

10 Memorandum Literas commendatitias infra scriptas secum attulit—
Josephus Cardale e Collegio SS Trinitatis Oxoniensis a tempore
admissionis suae (scilicet 28 May 1731) terminos tres complevit et
vitam suam pie sobrie et honeste instituit in cujus rei testimonium
nomina vestra subscripsimus

15	Geo. Huddesford, <i>Praes.</i>	Tho. Ball, <i>Soc.</i>
	Fran. Wise, <i>Vice Praes.</i>	Tho. Finch, <i>Soc.</i>
	Tho. Wilkes, <i>Dec.</i>	

(11) **Mather, Thomas**, son of Thomas Mather, lawyer (*juris consulti*), Cheshire; born in Chester; bred at Stockport (Mr Dale);
20 admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, February 25, aet. 18.

(12) **Sandford, Samuel**, son of Samuel Sandford, attorney, Salop; born at Whitchurch; bred at Wem (Mr Appleton); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, March 3, aet. 18.

1732

25 (13) **Andrew, John**, son of Robert Andrew, merchant; born at Gateshead (Gabrocentum) in the Bishopric of Durham; bred at Newcastle (Mr Salkeld); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Row, March 27, aet. 17.

(14) **Ris, James**, son of Abraham Ris, gentleman, Cambridge-
30 shire; born at Thorney in the Isle of Ely; bred at Oakham (Mr Adcock); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, May 2, aet. 18.

(15) **Holden, John**, son of Robert Holden, clerk, Derbyshire; born at Weston; bred at Loughborough, Leicestershire (Mr Martin);
35 admitted sizar for Mr Rouse, tutor and surety Dr Williams, May 3, aet. 18.

(16) **Fountaine, Robert**, son of William Fountaine, gentleman, Yorks; born at Linton; bred first at Threshfield (Mr Marshall), then at Burnsall (Mr Alcock); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr
40 Wrigley, May 5, aet. 19.

(17) **Pye, William**, son of Thomas Pye, merchant, Northumberland; born at Morpeth; bred there (Mr Holden); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, May 7, aet. 19. ('Secundo curr. anno mortuus.' *Note in margin.*)

45 (18) **Brown, John**, son of John Brown, clerk, Northumberland; born at Rothbery; bred at Wigton, Cumberland (Mr Birbeck); ad-

mitted sizar for Mr Richardson, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, May 8, act. past 16.

(19) **Jefferson, John**, son of J. Jefferson, grocer (*aromatarii*), Cumberland; born at Wigton; bred there (Mr Birbeck); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, May 8, act. 24. 5

(20) **Washbourne, Richard**, son of William Washbourne, clerk, Middlesex; born at Endfield; bred there (Mr Davies); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Leeke, May 16, act. 18.

(21) **Tipton, Edward**, son of E. Tipton, clothier (*pannificis*), Salop; born at Worthen; school, Shrewsbury (Dr Phillips); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, May 25, act. 17. 10

(22) **Vaughan, Arthur**, son of Richard Vaughan, saddler (*ephippiarii*), Salop; born in Shrewsbury; school, Shrewsbury (Dr Phillips); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Taylor, senior, May 25, act. 18. 15

(23) **Smith, John**, son of John Smith, clerk, Lincolnshire; born at Spilsby; bred at Glamford-Brigg (Mr Waterworth); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, May 30, act. 19.

(24) **Foster, Richard**, son of R. Foster, clerk, Norfolk; born at Bexwell; bred at Wisbitch, in the Isle of Ely, by his father; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, May 31, act. 17. 20

(25) **Bentham, Thomas**, son of Samuel Bentham, clerk, Cambridgeshire; born at Ely; bred there (Mr Gunning); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 10, act. 18.

(26) **Hatton, Christopher**, son of the Reverend William Hatton, formerly fellow of the College; born in London; school, Bury (Mr Kinsman); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 10, act. 16. 25

(27) **Basket, John**, son of the Reverend John Basket, formerly fellow of the College, Dorset; born at Blandford; school, Charterhouse (Mr Hotchkiss); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 10, act. 18. 30

(28) **Dering, John**, son of the Reverend Heneage Dering, LL.D., Dean of Rippon, Yorks; born at Rippon; bred there (Mr Steevens); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 19, act. 17. 35

(29) **Hill, John**, son of Richard Hill, clerk; born in Cambridge; bred at Shipton, Yorks (Mr Clarke); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 20, act. 16.

(30) **Batt, William**, son of G. (? William) Batt, gentleman, Wiltshire; born at Pewsey; bred at Marlborough (Mr Hiltrop); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Leeke, June 22, act. 18. 40

(31) **Robinson, Thomas**, son of William Robinson, gentleman, Richmondshire; born at Easby; bred at Richmond (Mr Close); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 24, act. 19.

(32) **Cowperthwait, William**, son of George Cowperthwaite, gentleman, Yorks; born at Bedle (? Bedale); school, Sedbergh (Dr Saunders); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 27, act. past 19. 45

(33) **Curtis, Caesar**, son of Robert Curtis, surgeon, Kent; born at Stroud; bred at Tottenham High Cross, Middlesex (Mr Gawthrop); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 30, aet. 19.

5 (34) **Cass, Robert**, son of William Cass, farmer (*firmary*), Yorks; born at Houghton Bushell; bred at Sherbourne (Mr Young); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 30, aet. 17.

(35) **Dixon, Richard**, son of William Dixon, gentleman, Lancashire; born at Satterthwait, in Furness Fells; bred at Hawshied (Mr Broxholme, fellow of the College); admitted sizar, tutor and surety, Mr Wrigley, July 1, aet. 18.

Admissions in the year $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c.} \quad 2 \\ \text{p.} \quad 12 \\ \text{s.} \quad 21 \end{array} \right\} 35.$

JULY 1732—JULY 1733.

Admissiones a 7mo Julii 1732.

(1) **Franck, Thomas**, son of T. Franck, farmer (*firmary*), Leicestershire; born at Queenborough; bred at Loughborough (Mr Martin); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, July 19, aet. 19.

(2) **Smyth, Henry**, son of H. Smyth, Clerk, Herefordshire; born at Dormington; bred at Finchemstad (Finchampstead?), Berks (Mr Rogers); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, 20 October 28, aet. 17.

(3) **Yates, Maile**, son of Joseph Yates, esquire, Lancashire; born in Manchester; bred at Stockport, Cheshire (Mr Dale); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, November 7, aet. 17.

25 (4) **Rawstorne, William**, son of G. (? William) Rawstorne, esquire, Lancashire; born at Preston; school, Sedbergh (Dr Saunders) 7 years; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, November 13, aet. 20.

30 Memorandum quod prædictus G. R. literas infra Scriptas secum attulit e Coll. Sid. Suss.
Novr. 12, 1732.

These are to certify that William Rawstorne was admitted in Sidney College on ye 7th day of May 1732, has behav'd himself soberly and studiously and has leave to remove to any other College.

35 Witness our hands,
J. Adams,
W. Murdin, *Dean*
W. Foord, *Praelector*.

(5) **Leyland, John**, son of William Leyland, Yorks; born at Gressington; bred at Threshfield (Mr Marshall); admitted sizar, 40 tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, November 24, aet. 19.

(6) **Blackborn, John**, son of John Blackborn, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Hetton; bred at Threshfield (Mr Mar-

shall); admitted sizar, tutor and surety, Mr Wrigley, November 24, aet. 18.

(7) **Young, John**, son of J. Young, Kent; born at Biddenden; bred at Sutton, Kent (Mr Fletcher); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, December 14, aet. 17. 5

(8) **Hovell, William**, son of Oliver Hovell, gentleman; born at Bury, Suffolk; bred there (Mr Kynsman); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Leeke, December 23, aet. 17.

1732 $\frac{2}{3}$

(9) **Knowsley, John**, son of Robert Knowsley, gentleman, Yorks; born at Cottham; bred at Sherburn (Mr Lowther); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, January 26, aet. 18. 10

(10) **Churchill, William**, son of Henry Churchill, clerk, Dorset; bred at Sherbourn, Dorset (Mr Wilding); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, February 21, aet. 18.

1733

(11) **Belton, Samuel**, son of S. Belton, hosier (*caligarii*), Leicestershire; born in Leicester; bred there (Mr Clayton); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety, Mr Wrigley, April 18, aet. 19. 15

(12) **Gunning, Peter**, son of P. Gunning, clerk, Cambridge-shire; born at Ely; educated there by his father; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, May 9, aet. 18. 20

(13) **Alcock, Robert**, son of John Alcock, grazier (*pecuarii*), Lincolnshire; born at Marsh Chappell; bred at Glamford-Brig, Lincolnshire (Mr Waterworth); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, May 12, aet. 18.

(14) **Hatfield, Charles**, only son of Charles Hatfield of Chappel-in-le-frith, grazier (*pecuarii*), Derbyshire; bred at Chappel-in-le-frith (Mr Brooks); admitted sizar for Mr Husey, tutor and surety Dr Williams, May 16, aet. 23. 25

(15) **Milton, John**, son of William Milton, collector of taxes (*telonarii*), Essex; born at Dedham; bred there (Mr Grimwood); admitted sizar, tutor and surety, Mr Wrigley, May 24, aet. 16. 30

(16) **Starky, John**, son of J. Starky, gentleman, Lancashire; born at Rochdale; bred at Bury, Lancashire (Mr Lister); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, May 28, aet. 17.

(17) **Cuthbert, Joseph**, son of Edward Cuthbert, clerk, Wilts; born at Cricklade; bred at Marlborough (Mr Hildrop); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 4, aet. 18. 35

(18) **Skelton, George**, son of G. Skelton, Lincolnshire; born in Lincoln; bred there (Mr Goodall); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 5, aet. 17. 40

(19) **Loggan, William**, son of G. (? William) Loggan, gentleman, Herefordshire; born at Cradley; bred there (Mr Hinds); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 7, aet. 18.

(20) **Elliss, William**, son of John Elliss, Yorks; born at Clifton; bred at Sherbourn (Mr Young); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 11, aet. 17.

(21) **Cromwell, John**, son of Edward Cromwell, gentleman, 5 Notts; born at Heddingley; bred at Hallam in the county of Derby (Mr Routh); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 14, aet. 18.

(22) **Lambert, John**, son of J. Lambert, clerk, Yorks; born at Killham; bred at Chesterfield, Derbyshire (Mr Burrow); admitted 10 sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 15, aet. 18.

(23) **Tonge, John**, son of James Tonge, merchant, Kent; born at Sittingbourn; bred at Sutton, Kent (Mr Savage); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 20, aet. past 18.

(24) **Moreton, Robert**, son of Thomas Moreton, barrister (*causi-* 15 *dici*), Salop; born at Shiffnal; bred at Newport, Salop (Mr Lea); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 27, aet. 19.

(25) **Ogle, Nathaniel**, son of Henry Ogle, merchant, Northumberland; born in Newcastle; bred there (Mr Lodge); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 27, aet. 18.

(26) **Bunting, John**, son of Francis Bunting, steward (*dispensatoris*), Derbyshire; born at Youlgrave; bred at Chesterfield (Mr Burrow); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 28, aet. 18.

(27) **Lambe, Lacon**, of Balliol College, Oxford; admitted pensioner, surety Dr Williams, June 28.

(28) **Lawson, Richard**, of Brasenose College, Oxford; admitted 25 pensioner, tutor Mr Wrigley, June 29.

(29) **Jessopp, William**, son of G. (? William) Jessopp, esquire, Yorks; born at Thurnscoe; bred at Wakefield (Mr Wilson); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 29, aet. 18.

(30) **Weatherhead, Thomas**, son of Anthony Weatherhead, 30 clerk, Yorks; born at Sladbourn; bred there (Mr Bradbury); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 13, aet. 21.

(31) **Edwards, Edward**, son of Thomas Edwards, gentleman, born at Llanilar in the diocese of St David's; bred at Carmarthen 35 in the diocese of St David's (Mr Davies); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 30, aet. 20.

(32) **Robins, Thomas**, son of T. Robins, husbandman (*agricolae*), Somerset; born at Bath; bred at Bristol (Mr Cathcart); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, July 3, aet. 23.

40 Admissions in the year $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{p. 14} \\ \text{s. 18} \end{array} \right\}$ 32.

JULY 1733—JULY 1734.

Admissiones a 7mo. Julii 1733.

(1) **Coleman, John**, son of Joseph Coleman, esquire, Salop; born at Ellismere; bred at Hanmer, Flintshire (Mr Hughes); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, September 28, aet. past 18.

(2) **Laurie, Walter**, son of W. Laurie, gentleman; born in Nithsdale, Scotland; school, Charterhouse (Mr Hothskiss); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, October 3, aet. 16.

(3) **Griffies, George**, son of John Griffies, gentleman, born at Carmarthen, Wales; school, Westminster (Dr Friend and Dr 5 Nichols); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, October 8, aet. 17.

(4) **Gladwin, Lemuel**, son of Lemuel Gladwin, esquire, Derbyshire, born at Tupton; bred at Chesterfield (Mr Burrows); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, October 11, aet. 20. 10

(5) **James, Thomas**, son of David James, clerk, Middlesex; born in London; school, Eton (Dr George); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, October 25, aet. 18.

(6) **Browne, Francis**, son of F. Browne, D.D., Middlesex; born in London; school, Bury (Mr Kinsman); admitted pensioner, tutor 15 and surety Dr Williams, October 25, aet. 18.

(7) **Parratt, Thomas**, son of T. Parratt, physician (*medici*), Middlesex; born in London; school, Bury (Mr Kinsman); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, October 25, aet. 18.

(8) **Remington William**, son of Thomas Remington, steward 20 (*dispensatoris*), Lincolnshire; born at Harlaxton; bred at Litchfield, Staffordshire (Mr Hunter); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, November 2, aet. 18.

(9) **Birbeach, Edward**, son of E. Birbeach, Yorks; born at Sedberg; school, Sedberg (Dr Saunders); admitted sizar, tutor and 25 surety Dr Williams, November 7, aet. 22.

(10) **Waring, John**, son of Joseph Waring, farmer (*firmarii*) Salop, born at Foord; school, Shrewsbury (Dr Phillips); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, November 10, aet. 17.

(11) **Corrance, Robert**, son of Clement Corrance, gentleman, 30 Suffolk; born at Rougham; school, Bury (Mr Kinsman); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Alvis, December 4, aet. 18.

(12) **Harrison, Philip**, son of John Harrison 'decurionis', Middlesex; born at Kingston; school, Peterborough, Northamptonshire (Mr Bradfield); admitted sizar, tutor and surety, Mr Wrigley, 35 December 14, aet. 18.

(13) **Grove, Richard**, son of John Grove, gentleman, Cambridge-shire; born in Cambridge; school, Bury, Suffolk (Mr Kinsman); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, December 17, aet. 17.

173 $\frac{3}{4}$.

(14) **Beningfield, Philip**, son of James Beningfield, esquire, 40 Middlesex; born in London; school, Westminster (Dr Nichols); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, January 17, aet. 17.

(15) **Holcombe, George**, son of G. Holcombe, gentleman, Pembrokeshire; born at Brownslett; bred at Denbigh (Mr Weston); 45 admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, February 13, aet. 19.

(16) **Thomas, Thomas**, son of David Thomas, collector of taxes (*telonarii*), Carnarvonshire; born at Conway; bred at Denbigh (Mr Weston); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, February 13, aet. 16. (See below *).

5 (17) **Lambe, Davies**, son of John Lambe, clerk, Notts; born at Southwell; school, Nottingham (Mr Swale); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Leeke, February 20, aet. 18.

(18) **Bridges, Joseph**, third son of T. Bridges, collector of taxes (*telonarii*), Yorks; born in Hull; school, Hull (Mr Clarke);
10 admitted sizar for Mr Broxholm, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, March 15, aet. 18.

(19) **Potter, John**, only son of Robert Potter, Yorks; born at Sherburn; bred there (Mr Clayton); admitted sizar for Mr Drake, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, March 16, aet. 19.

1734.

15 (20) **Williams, John**, second son of Sir John Williams, knight, Middlesex; bred, first in Westminster School (Dr Friend), then in his father's house (Mr White); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Green, April 5, aet. 18.

(21) **Williams, James**, third son of Sir John Williams, knight,
20 Middlesex; born in the City of London; bred, first in Westminster School (Dr Friend) then in his father's house (Mr White); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Green, April 5, aet. 17.

(22) **Brooke, John**, only son of Richard Brooke, mercer (*mercarii*), Worcestershire; born in Worcester; school, Shrewsbury
25 (Dr Phillips); admitted sizar for Mr Taylor, senior, tutor and surety Dr Williams, April 13, aet. 18.

(23) **Poole, Cudworth**, eldest son of Edward Poole, esquire, of Woodin, Lancashire; born in Newall, Cheshire; school, Stockport, Cheshire (Mr Dale); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr
30 Williams, April 26, aet. 18.

(24) **Poole, Edward**, second son of Edward Poole, esquire, of Woodin, Lancashire; born in Newall, Cheshire; school, Stockport, Cheshire (Mr Dale); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, April 26, aet. 17.

35 (25) **Bugg, John**, sixth son of Henry Bugg, husbandman (*agricolae*), Leicestershire; born at Bottesford; school, Southwell, Notts (Mr Bugg, his brother); admitted sizar for Mr Fowler, tutor and surety Dr Williams, May 9, aet. 19.

(*) **Thomas, Thomas**, (see No. (16) above) who was admitted
40 sizar February 13, 173 $\frac{3}{4}$, is admitted pensioner, May 17.

(26) **Wright, Thomas**, only son of Joseph Wright of Staffordshire, goldsmith (*aurifabri*) in the city of London; born in Ireland; schools, first Chesterfield, Derbyshire (Mr Burroughs), then Westminster (Dr Nichols); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr
45 Wrigley, May 22, aet. 19.

(27) **Trot, Edward**, only son of John Trot, druggist and surgeon (*pharmacopolaë et chirurgi*), Hunts; born in St Neots; school, Bury, Suffolk (Mr Kinsman); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, May 22, aet 19.

(28) **Borron, Arthur**, eldest son of John Borron, esquire, 5 Lancashire; born in Warrington; schools, first Warrington (Mr Haywood) then Stockport (Mr Dale) 2 years; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, May 27, aet. 20.

(29) **Balguy, Thomas**, only son of John Balguy, clerk, Rector of Northallerton, Yorks, Durham; born in the town of Lamesby; 10 school, Rippon (Mr Stephens); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, May 28, aet. 18.

(30) **Clayton, John**, eldest son of John Clayton, clerk, Leicestershire; born in Leicester; school, Leicester (his father); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, May 29, aet. 19.

(31) **Crackenthorp, Gilbert**, younger son of Richard Crackenthorp, attorney, Westmorland, born in Kendall; school, Kendall (Mr Towers); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, May 29, aet. 18. 15

(32) **King, James**, son of Thomas King, gentleman, Yorks; 20 born in the town of Kirkby; school, Rippon (Mr Stephens); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 1, aet. 19.

(33) **Norton, Fletcher**, eldest son of Thomas Norton, gentleman, Yorks; born in the town of Grantley; school, Rippon (Mr Stephens); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 1, aet. 17. 25

(34) **Teasdale, Marmaduke**, third son of Marmaduke Teasdale, clerk, Yorks; born at Hemmimborough; educated by his father; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 1, aet. 21.

(35) **Suger, Zachary**, third son of Nicholas Suger, gentleman; born in the city of York; school, Rippon (Mr Stephens); admitted 30 pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 3, aet. 18.

(36) **Cardale, George**, second son of Joseph Cardale, clerk, Warwickshire; born in the town of Bulkinton; school, Nuneaton (Mr Liptrot); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 3, aet. 19. 35

(37) **Baker, Thomas**, only son of Thomas Baker, clerk; born in the parish of St James, Westminster; school Westminster (Dr Nichols); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 20, aet. 18.

(38) **Butler, James**, second son of James Butler, timber merchant (*mercatoris lignarii*), Yorks; born in the town of Beverley; school, Beverley (Mr Jefferson); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 21, aet. 18. 40

(39) **Gery, Thomas**, only son of Thomas Gery, clerk, Cambs; born in the town of Chatteris in the Isle of Ely; the King's School 45 Cambridge (Mr Southernwood); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 22, aet. 17.

(40) **Harrison, Joseph**, second son of William Harrison, esquire,

Yorks; born in Orgrave; school, Chesterfield, Derbyshire (Mr Burrow); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 24, aet. 19.

(41) **Griffith, Middlemore**, eldest son of John Griffith, clerk, 5 Derbyshire; born in Stanton; school, Chesterfield (Mr Burrow); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 24, aet. 19.

(42) **Ellis, Seth**, eldest son of Seth Ellis, clerk, Derbyshire; born in Brampton; school, Chesterfield (Mr Burrow); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 24, aet. 19.

10 (43) **Laughton, Manwaring**, second son of John Laughton, attorney at law, Yorks; born in the town of Eastfield; school, Chesterfield, Derbyshire (Mr Burrow); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 24, aet. 19.

(44) **Wright, William**, eldest son of John Wright, gentleman, 15 Derbyshire; born in the town of Beely; school, Chesterfield (Mr Burrow); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 24, aet. 20.

(45) **Hughes, William**, son of Robert Hughes, attorney at law (*attornati ad legem*), Denbighshire; born in the town of Wrexham; 20 school, Wrexham (Mr Jones); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 25, aet. 19.

(46) **Cock, John**, only son of Joseph Cock, merchant, Cambs; born in Cambridge; school, Eton (Dr George); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 25, aet. 19.

25 (47) **Gutteridge, Bartin**, elder son of Bartin Gutteridge, husbandman (*agricolae*), Northamptonshire; born at Thorp-Melsworth; school, Oakham (Mr Adcock); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 25, aet. 20.

(48) **Mitchener, John**, A.B. of Magdalen Hall, Oxford; admitted pensioner, June 27, tutor and surety Dr Williams. 30

(49) **Evans, Walter**, A.B. of Jesus College, Oxford; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 27.

(50) **Robinson, John**, elder son of Josiah Robinson, gentleman, Yorks; born in the town of Hull; at school there (Mr Little); 35 admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 28, aet. 19.

(51) **Brooke, Zachary**, younger son of Zachary Brooke, clerk, Hunts; born in Hammerton; school, Stamford, Lincolnshire (Mr Reid); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 28, aet. 19.

40 (52) **Shaw, Thomas**, only son of James Shaw, Lancashire; born in the town of Dean; school, Clitherow (Mr Park); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, July 1, aet. 20.

(53) **Boys, James**, only son of James Boys, esquire, Essex; born at Dukes in the parish of Layer-Marney; school, Colchester 45 (Mr Smythies); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, July 2, aet. 18.

(54) **Powell, William Samuel**, elder son of Francis Powel (*sic*) clerk, Essex; born in Colchester; school, Colchester (Mr

Smythies); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, July 4, aet. 17.

(55) **Salvin, Antony**, only son of Antony Salvin, esquire, Durham; born in the city of Durham; school, Durham (Mr Dongworth); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Taylor, senior, 5 July 4, aet. 19.

(56) **Wilmot, Richard**, eldest son of Richard Wilmot, M.D., Derbyshire; born in Derby; school, Appleby, Leicestershire, (Mr Martin); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, July 5, aet. 18.

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[Admissions in the year $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{p. 33} \\ \text{s. 23} \end{array} \right\}$ 56.] (See p. 75 No. (16) and l. 39.)

JULY 1734—JULY 1735.

Admissiones a 5to Julii 1734.

(1) **Ward, Thomas Watson**, only son of John Ward, gentleman, Cambs; born in Wilbraham; school, Saffron Walden (Mr Butts); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, July 5, aet. 16.

15

(2) **Ludlam, William**, elder son of Richard Ludlam, M.D., Leicestershire; born in Leicester; school, Leicester (Mr Clayton); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, July 24, aet. 18.

(3) **Cantrell, William**, only son of Henry Cantrell, clerk, 20 Derbyshire; born in Derby; schools, Derby and Repton (Mr Winter and Mr Fletcher); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, September 27, aet. 19.

(4) **Lawson, Alfrid**, third son of Alfrid Lawson, collector of taxes (*telonarii*), Cumberland, born in Whitehaven; school, Appleby, 25 Westmorland (Mr Yates); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, October 14, aet. 19.

(5) **Bridges, Joseph**, Yorks, who was admitted sizar, March 15, 1733 $\frac{1}{2}$, admitted pensioner, October 14.

(6) **Seward, Benjamin**, Worcestershire, who was admitted 30 pensioner, November 4, 1721, now admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, October 19.

(7) **Broughton, Peter**, only son of Peter Broughton, esquire, of Shenton, Notts; born in Lowdham; school, Nottingham (Mr Swaile), and then his father's house (Mr Malbon); admitted pensioner, tutor 35 and surety Mr Leeke, October 28, aet. 19.

(8) **Savage, Thomas**, second son of William Savage, gentleman, Yorks; born in Sheffield; bred there (Mr Robinson) and afterwards at Westminster School (Dr Nicoll); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, October 29, aet. 19.

40

(9) **Aynscough, Thomas**, son of Radley Aynscough, clerk, Lancashire; born in Manchester; bred there (Mr Brooke); ad-

mitted sizar for Mr Archer, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, October 31, act. 16.

(10) **Bosville, Godfrey**, only son of William Bosville 'centurionis,' Yorks; born at Gunthwaite in the parish of Pennington; school, 5 Westminster (Dr Nicoll); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, November 25, act. 18.

1734 $\frac{4}{5}$.

(11) **Houghton, John**, Lancashire, who was admitted pensioner, admitted fellow commoner, January 14.

(12) **Tennant, Francis**, formerly sizar for Mr Grove; admitted 10 fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, February 7.

(13) **May, William**, A.B., Kent, formerly pensioner, admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, February 11.

(14) **Brewster, Richard**, son of Thomas Brewster, collector of taxes (*telonarii*), Yorks; born in Ganthorp; school, Thresfield; 15 admitted sizar for Mr Broxholme, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, March 24, act. 18.

1735.

(15) **Bentham, Edmund**, seventh son of Samuel Bentham, clerk, Cambridgeshire; born in the city of Ely; school, Ely (Mr Gunning); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, April 3, act. 17.

20 (16) **Cawthorne, John**, only son of John Cawthorne, esquire, Lancashire; born in Wireside in Wiresdale; school, Sedbergh (Dr Saunders), 9 years; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, April 7, act. 20.

(17) **Mawson, Robert**, son of George Mawson, attorney at law, 25 Yorks; born in Sedbergh; school, Sedbergh (Dr Saunders); admitted sizar for Mr Taylor, junior, tutor and surety Dr Williams, April 7, act. 21.

(18) **Blagden, Bragg**, son of George Blagden, alchouse keeper (*cervisarii*), Sussex; born in Chichester; school, Chichester (Mr Dove); 30 admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, April 14, act. 20.

(19) **Darby, Henry Harward**, son of Henry Darby, clerk, Suffolk; born in Stowmarket; school, private in Suffolk (Mr Ray); admitted sizar for Mr Alvis, tutor and surety Dr Williams, April 17, act. 19.

35 (20) **Stevens, Richard**, son of Thomas Stevens, grocer (*aromatarii*), Lincolnshire, born in Grantham; school, Grantham (Mr Bacon); admitted sizar for Mr Robinson, tutor and surety Dr Williams, April 17, act. 18.

(21) **Howard, Charles**, second son of Henry Booze¹ Howard, 40 Earl of Berkshire; born in Elford, Staffordshire; school, Eton (Dr George); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, April 26, act. 17.

¹ This should be Bowes.

(22) **Close, Israel**, elder son of William Close, attorney at law, Lincolnshire; born in Boston; school, Boston (Mr Smith); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, May 24, aet 20.

(23) **Wibbersley, John**, son of Isaac Wibbersley, gentleman, Derbyshire, born 'in vico' Prestcliff, Bakewell parish; school, 5 Chapell le Frith (Mr Hatfield); admitted sizar for Mr Burton, tutor and surety Dr Williams, May 26, aet 17.

(24) **Bourne, William**, son of Laurence Bourne, surgeon, Notts; born in Nottingham; school, Chesterfield (Mr Burrow); admitted sizar for Mr Prime, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, aet. 19. 10

(25) **Barnard, Edward**, second son of George Barnard, clerk, Herts; born in Harpenden; school, Eton (Mr George); admitted sizar for Mr Bernard, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 4, aet. 19.

(26) **Robinson, John**, second son of George Robinson, gentleman, Durham; born in Easington; school, Durham (Mr Dongworth); 15 admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 6, aet. 18.

(27) **Gem, Richard**, only son of Richard Gem, gentleman, Worcestershire; born at Barnsley Hall within the parish of Bromsgrove; bred in the house of William Philips, clerk, in the City of Worcester; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 20 12, aet. 19.

(28) **Wingfield, Thomas**, third son of John Wingfield, esquire, Rutland; born in Tichenccoat; school, Oakham (Mr Adcock); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 16, aet. 19.

(29) **Currer, William**, only son of Henry Currer, gentleman, 25 Yorks; born at Skipton in Craven; school, Skipton (Mr Wilkinson); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 18, aet. 19.

(30) **Vandernan, Fretwell**, eldest son of Fretwell Vandernan, of Southwell, Notts.; born in Southwell; school, Southwell (Mr Bugg); admitted sizar, tutor and surety, Dr Williams, June 25, aet. 19. 30

(31) **Felton, William**, eldest son of George Felton, clerk, Salop, born in Drayton; school, Manchester (Mr Brooke); admitted sizar, tutor and surety, Mr Wrigley, June 26, aet. 19.

(32) **Brome, John**, eldest son of John Brome, clerk, Suffolk, born in Woodbridge; school, Bury (Mr Kinsman); admitted sizar, 35 tutor and surety, Dr Williams, June 26, aet. 20.

(33) **Baskett, Samuel**, A.B. of Christ Church, Oxford, admitted pensioner, tutor and surety, Dr Williams, June 26.

(34) **Manningham, Thomas**, eldest son of Thomas Manningham, D.D., Sussex, born in Slinfold; school, Westminster (Dr Nicolls); 40 admitted pensioner, tutor and surety —, June 28, aet. 18.

(35) **Manningham, Richard**, younger son of T. Manningham, D.D., Sussex, born in Slinfold; school, Westminster (Dr Nicolls); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety, Dr Williams, June 28, aet. 17.

(36) **Story, Dixon**, sixth son of Robert Story, husbandman 45 (*agricolae*), Lincolnshire, born in Gautby; school, Lincoln (Mr Goodall); admitted sizar, tutor and surety, Dr Williams, June 30, aet. 17.

(37) **Swift, John**, only son of George Swift, Derbyshire, born in

Chesterfield; school, Chesterfield (Mr Burrow); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 30, aet. 19.

- (38) **Jemblein, John**, only son of James Jemblein, surgeon, Cambridgeshire, born at Thorney in the Isle of Ely; school, Lincoln (Mr Goodall); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 30, aet. 19.

[Admissions in the year $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c. } 5 \\ \text{p. } 16 \\ \text{s. } 17 \end{array} \right\}$ 38.]

JULY 1735—JULY 1736

Admissiones a Julii 4^{to} Anno Dom. 1735

- (1) **Lloyd, John**, eldest son of John Lloyd, esquire, Middlesex, born in London; school, Shrewsbury (Dr Phillips); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, September 22, aet. 17.

(2) **Starky, Joseph**, third son of John Starky, attorney at law, Lancashire; born in Rochdale; school, Rivington (Mr Norcross); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, September 29, aet. 17.

- (3) **Bedingfield, Philip**, Middlesex, formerly pensioner, admitted fellow-commoner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, October 9.

- (4) **Maxwell, Edward**, younger son of Henry Maxwell, esquire, of Fynnabrouge, County Down, Ireland, born there; educated at home (Mr Hawky); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, October 11, aet. 17.

(5) **Vallate, Peter**, only son of Peter Vallate, esquire, born at Port Royal in Jamaica; school, Buntingford, Herts (Mr Sherson); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, October 25, aet. 21.

- (6) **Ball, Nathaniel**, third son of John Ball, grocer (*aromatopolae*), Middlesex, born in London; school, Kirbyhill, Richmondshire (Mr Stubbs); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, October 27, aet. 23.

- (7) **Rickson, William**, only son of Joseph Rickson, collector of taxes (*telonarii*); born at Milford Haven, Pembrokeshire; school, Tenby (Mr Edwards); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, October 28, aet. 19.

- (8) **Bowling, John**, third son of William Bowling, husbandman (*agricolae*); born in Pembroke; school, Cosheston, Pembrokeshire (Mr Evans); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, October 28, aet. 18.

(9) **Griffith, John**, younger son of John Griffith, clerk, Derbyshire; born in Stanton; school, Chesterfield (Mr Burrow); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, October 31, aet. 19.

- (10) **Bosville, Godfrey**, admitted pensioner November 25, 1734,

admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, November 3.

(11) **Strong, Thomas**, second son of Isaac Strong, attorney, Cambridgeshire; born in Chatteris in the Isle of Ely; schools, Stamford and Peterborough (Mr Reid and Mr Bradfield): admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, November 4, aet. 18. 5

1735 $\frac{5}{8}$

(12) **Penn, John**, Notts, admitted sizar, April 16, 1725, admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, January 13.

(13) **Hovell, William**, Suffolk, admitted pensioner, December 23, 1732, is admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, January 19. 10

(14) **Creffield, Peter**, son of Ralph Creffield, esquire, Essex; born in Colchester; school, Ipswich (Mr Leeds); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Tunstall, January 21, aet. 17.

(15) **Watson, Robert**, eldest son of John Watson, clerk, Yorks; born in Rippon; school, Rippon (Mr Stephens); admitted sizar for Mr Broxholm, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, February 2, aet. 19. 15

(16) **Robinson, Edward**, son of James Robinson, carpenter (*fabri lignarii*), Yorks; born in Beverley; school, Beverley (Mr Jefferson); admitted sizar for Mr Heberden, tutor and surety Mr Green, March 20, aet. 18. 20

1736

(17) **Wroughton, William**, A.B. of Wadham College, Oxford, admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Heberden, April 8.

(18) **Sprat, John**, younger son of Harflete Sprat, surgeon-doctor (*chirurgi et medici*), Kent; born in Sandwich; school, Sandwich (Mr Rutton); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, April 9, aet. 19. 25

(19) **Miller, John**, fourth son of James Miller, husbandman (*agricolae*), Lancashire, born at Clifton; school, Clitharo, Lancashire (Mr Parke); admitted sizar for *Dominus* Rawstorne, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, April 15, aet. 19. 30

(20) **Boardman, John**, younger son of Thomas Boardman, schoolmaster (*ludi-magistri*), Lancashire; born at Bury; schools, Bury, Lancashire (his father being master), and then at Braughtmote, Lancashire (Mr Wild), 3 months; admitted sizar for Mr Wilson, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, April 16, aet. 23. 35

(21) **Edwards, John**, elder son of Nathaniel Edwards, medical man (*medici*), Derbyshire; born at Derby; school, Repton (Mr Fletcher); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety, Mr Wrigley, April 30, aet. 19. 40

(22) **Greatorex, John**, only son of Daniel Greatorex, clerk, Derbyshire; born at Westhallam; school, Chesterfield (Mr Burrow); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, May 1, aet. 19.

(23) **Burrow, Benjamin**, second son of William Burrow, clerk, Derbyshire; born and bred in Chesterfield (under his father); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, May 1, aet. 20.

(24) **Hatfield, George**, second son of John Hatfield, gentleman, 5 Yorks; born at Hatfield; school, Chesterfield (Mr Burrow); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, May 1, aet. 19.

(25) **Holford, Peter**, eldest son of Robert Holford, esquire and master in Chancery (*armigeri et magistri Chancellariae*), London; school, Westminster (Dr Nicholls); admitted pensioner, tutor and 10 surety Dr Williams, May 3, aet. 17.

(26) **Baker, Thomas**, eldest son of Edward Baker, maltster (*brasiatoris*), Kent; born at Wingham; school, Canterbury (Mr Monins); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, May 12, aet. 19.

15 (27) **Carr, William**, only son of John Carr, organist of St Peter's Church, Leeds, Yorks; born in Leeds; school, Leeds (Mr Sumpster); admitted sizar for Mr Beresford, tutor and surety Dr Williams, May 13, aet. 18.

(28) **Mainwaring, Henry**, A.B., who was admitted pensioner 20 June 9, 1729; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, May 17.

(29) **Summers, John**, formerly admitted pensioner; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, May 18.

(30) **Noden, Ralph**, only son of Ralph Noden, merchant, 25 Middlesex; born in London; bred in Mr Craner's private school; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Taylor, senior, May 24, aet. 20.

(31) **Colquitt, Edward**, younger son of John Colquitt, collector of taxes (*telonarii*) at Liverpool, Lancashire; born in Leith, Scot- 30 land; school, Bury, Lancashire (Mr Lister); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 3, aet. 20.

(32) **Robinson, William**, second son of Thomas Robinson, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at South Duffield in the eastern portion of the county of York; school, Sedbergh (Dr 35 Saunders), two years and three months; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 4, aet. 21.

(33) **Bridgeman, Richard**, only son of Robert Bridgeman, gentleman, Cambridgeshire; born at Swaffham Bulbeck; school, Ely (Mr Gunning); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, 40 June 10, aet. 19.

(34) **Fitzherbert, John**, second son of William Fitzherbert, lawyer (*legis periti*), Derbyshire; born in Derby; bred at Appleby (Mr Martin); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 19, aet. 18.

45 (35) **Mickelson, Henry**, eldest son of Henry Mickelson, shipwright (*naviculariam facientis*), Norfolk; born in Lynn Regis; bred there (Mr Squire); admitted sizar for Mr Rutherford, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 21, aet. 17.

(36) **Steed, Thomas**, A.B. of Pembroke College, Oxford; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Heberden, June 25.

(37) **Hammond, William**, elder son of William Hammond, druggist (*pharmacopolaë*), Sussex; born in the town of Battle; school, Charterhouse, London (Mr Hotchkis); admitted pensioner, 5 tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 26, aet. 18.

(38) **Okeley, Francis**, eldest son of Francis Okeley, peruke maker (*capillamentorum sutoris*), Beds; born in Bedford; school, Charterhouse, London (Mr Hotchkis); admitted sizar for Mr Salisbury, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 26, aet. 18. 10

(39) **Ward, Thomas**, younger son of Thomas Ward, husbandman (*agricolæ*) Yorks; born in Deepdale in Dent; school, Sedbergh (Dr Saunders), 2 years; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 28, aet. 20.

(40) **Tennant, Calvert**, younger son of Edward Tennant, 15 husbandman (*agricolæ*), Yorks; born at Mount-Parke in Wensley, Richmondshire; school, Sedbergh (Dr Saunders), 5 years; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 28, aet. 20.

(41) **Tucker, John Carter**, second son of Francis Tucker, clerk, Devonshire; born in Lankey; school, Barnstaple (Mr Luck); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Green, June 28, aet. 16. 20

(42) **Lord, Robert**, A.B. of Exeter College, Oxford; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Heberden, July 1.

(43) **Walker, Edward**, A.B. of Balliol College, Oxford; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Heberden, July 1. 25

(44) **Frampton, Algernon**, eldest son of Thomas Frampton, clerk, Wilts; born in Marlborough; bred there (Mr Stone), 2 years; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, July 7, aet. 16.

[Admissions in the year $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{f.c. } 71 \\ \text{p. } 23 \\ \text{s. } 14 \end{array} \right\}$ 44.]

JULY 1736—JULY 1737

Admissiones a Julii 9^{no} A. D. 1736

(1) **Ogden, Samuel**, son of Thomas Ogden, dyer (*pannos tingentis*), Lancashire; born in Manchester; school, Manchester (Mr Brook), admitted sizar for Mr Culm, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, August 25, aet. 20. 30

Memorandum quod prædictus S. Ogden litteras infra scriptas secum attulit e Coll. Regali.

This is to certify all whom it may concern that Samuel Ogden was admitted poor scholar in King's College in Cambridge the beginning of March, 1733, and hath kept eight terms, and during

¹ Of these six had previously been admitted sizar or pensioner of the college. The whole number of new members admitted is therefore only 38. 35

all that time hath behaved himself in a studious, decent and sober manner.

King's College, August 19,
1736.

J. Evans, *Senior Fellow*.

J. Heath, *Master of Arts*.

J. Bowles, *Dean of Arts*.

John Naylor, *Bursar*.

John Whaley, *Lecturer*.

5

The above mentioned Samuel Ogden hath hereby our consent to admit himself in any other college.

King's Coll., August 20, 1736.

10

[Signed by the same persons, Heath adding to his description above *and Pro Tutor*.]

(2) **Green, John**, eldest son of Maurice Green, Mus. Doc. and Professor of Music in the University of Cambridge, Middlesex; born in London; school, Eton (Dr George); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, August 26, aet. 18. 15

(3) **Cooper, Nathaniel**, only son of Nathaniel Cooper, gentleman, Devonshire; born in Plymouth; bred at Much Haddam, Hertfordshire (Mr Hassell); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, October 14, aet. 18. 20

(4) **Leeke, Seymour**, Middlesex; born in London; school, Westminster (Dr Nichols); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, October 25, aet. 18.

(5) **Omer, Jacob**, son of Peter Omer, shipowner (*naucleri*), Surrey; born in Southwark; school, Canterbury (Mr Monins); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, November 6, aet. 20. 25

173 $\frac{6}{7}$

(6) **Gale, William**, eldest son of Thomas Gale, clerk, Yorks; born in Kighley; school, Threshfield (Mr Marshall), one year; admitted sizar for Mr Tyson, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, January 24, 30 aet. 20.

(7) **Pawsey, James**, eldest son of James Pawsey, husbandman (*agricolae*), Suffolk; born at Stanningfield; school, Bury (Mr Kinsman); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Alvis, March 4, aet. 19.

(8) **Lipyeatt, Jonathan**, youngest son of Thomas Lipyeatt, 35 gentleman, Wiltshire; born at Marlborough; bred there (Mr Stone); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, March 11, aet. 14.

(9) **Charlesworth, Robert**, youngest son of Robert Charlesworth, gentleman, Derbyshire; born at Castleton; school, Chesterfield (Mr Burrow); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, 40 March 18, aet. 19.

(10) **Hallows, Brabazon**, eldest son of Thomas Hallows, esquire, Notts; born in Nottingham; school, Chesterfield, Derbyshire (Mr Burrow); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, March 18, aet. 20. 45

1737

(11) **Fry, Joseph**, elder son of Walter Fry, stone-mason (*caementarii*), Wilts; born at Salisbury; bred there (Mr Hele); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Green, March 29, aet. 19.

(12) **White, Thomas**, only son of Joseph White, glover (*chirothecarii*), Herefordshire; born in Hereford; bred there (Mr Willim); 5 admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, April 18, aet. 19.

(13) **Rosse, John**, only son of John Rosse, attorney at law, Herefordshire; born in Ross; bred in Hereford (Mr Willim); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, April 18, aet. 18.

(14) **Dering, Heneage**, younger son of Heneage Dering, LL.D., 10 Dean of Rippon, Yorks; born in Rippon; bred there (Mr Stephens); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, April 22, aet. 17.

(15) **Elsley, Gregory**, second son of Gregory Elsley, gentleman, Yorks; born in Patrick Brompton; bred at Kirk Heaton (Mr Clarke); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Green, April 23, aet. 20. 15

(16) **Eliot, Alexander**, only son of Griffith Eliot, gentleman, Pembrokeshire; born in Tenby; bred there (Mr Holcombe); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, April 23, aet. 17.

(17) **Charnley, Henry**, only son of William Charnley, clerk, Lancashire; born in Alston; bred at Sherbourn, Yorks (Mr Addison); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, April 28, aet. 19. 20

(18) **Batty, William**, elder son of William Batty, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Tadcaster; bred at Sherbourn (Mr Addison); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Green, April 28, aet. 20. 25

(19) **Morgan, Edward**, younger son of David Edwards Morgan, husbandman (*agricolae*), Carmarthenshire; born at Lansadurn; bred at Langathen (Mr Prothero); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, May 2, aet. 23.

(20) **Kerchevall, John**, younger son of John Kerchevall, clerk, 30 Lincolnshire; born at Grantham; bred at Oakham (Mr Adcock); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, May 5, aet. 18.

(21) **Venn, Edward**, eldest son of Richard Venn, clerk, Middlesex; born in London; school, St Paul's, London (Mr Crump 2 years and then Mr Charles); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr 35 Williams, May 9, aet. 20.

(22) **Christopherson, Christopher**, younger son of John Christopherson, clerk, Cumberland; born at Addingham; bred at Appleby, Westmorland (Mr Yates); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, May 17, aet. 18. 40

(23) **Stoddart, William**, son of John Stoddart, attorney at law, Northumberland; born at Morpeth; bred there (Mr Holden); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, May 17, aet. 19.

(24) **Adams, George**, younger son of Robert Adams, husbandman (*agricolae*), Cambridgeshire; born at Duxford; bred at Bishopstortford (Mr Mall); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, May 24, aet. 20. 45

(25) **Hodson, Henry**, elder son of Henry Hodson, clerk, Kent; born in Headcorn; school, Tunbridge (Mr Spencer); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, May 27, aet. 18.

(26) **Burrell, John**, younger son of William Burrell, clerk, 5 Sussex, born at Brightling; bred at Battle (Mr Jenkin); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 18, aet. 18.

(27) **Phillcox, John**, eldest son of Thomas Phillcox, merchant, Sussex; born at Battle; bred there (Mr Jenkin); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 18, aet. 18. (Died at Battle, 10 Dec. 25, 1738. *Note in margin.*)

(28) **Bridges, Michael**, only son of Michael Bridges, clerk, Yorks; born at Crambe; bred at Leeds (Mr Barnard); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Green, June 23, aet. 19.

(29) **Barnard, Thomas**, elder son of Thomas Barnard, Head 15 master of Leeds school; born in Leeds; bred there under his father; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 24, aet. 18.

(30) **Shaw, Timothy**, seventh son of John Shaw, husbandman (*agricolae*), Cheshire; born at Chermingham; bred at Audlem (Mr Evans); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 27, 20 aet. 22.

(31) **Franklyn, Richard Farewell**, elder son of Thomas Franklyn, attorney, Wiltshire; born at Marlborough; bred there (Mr Stone); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 30, aet. 17.

25 (32) **Richardson, Thomas**, younger son of William Richardson, gentleman, Cumberland; born at Penreth; bred at Lowther (Mr Wilkinson); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, July 1, aet. 18.

(33) **Fletcher, John**, second son of John Fletcher, gentleman, 30 Cumberland; born at Westward; bred at Appleby, Westmorland (Mr Yates); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, July 4, aet. 19.

(34) **Littleton, Thomas,**
(35) **Price, Richard,** } B.A. Oxford; admitted pensioners,
35 (36) **Pardoe, Thomas,** } tutor and surety Mr Cradock, July 4.

(37) **Rawstorne, James**, fifth son of William Rawstorne, esquire, Lancashire; born at Preston; bred there (Mr Davis); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, July 7, aet. 19.

(38) **Howen, John**, formerly sizar, admitted fellow commoner, 40 tutor and surety Dr Williams, July 8.

(39) **Legassicke, Henry**, eldest son of James Legassicke, esquire, Devonshire; born at Modbury; school, Winchester (Dr Burton); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, July 8, aet. 20.

45 [Admissions in the year { f.c.¹ 1 }
{ p. 20 } 39].
{ s. 18 }

¹ This was a readmission.

JULY 1737—JULY 1738

Admissiones a Julii 8^{vo} Anno Dom. 1737

(1) **Murton, Antony**, eldest son of Antony Murton, clerk, Northamptonshire; born at Woollaston; educated by his father there; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, July 11, aet. 17.

(2) **Read, Henry**, elder son of Henry Read, gentleman, 5 Wiltshire; born at Crowood; school, Marlborough (Mr Stone); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, July 29, aet. 17.

(3) **Osborn, Marcellus**, only son of George Osborn, esquire, Derbyshire; born in Derby; educated in his father's house (Mr Burden); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, 10 July 30, aet. 20.

(4) **Twentyman, Childers**, elder son of John Twentyman, woollen draper (*lanarii*); born at Newark; bred there (Mr Broughton); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, October 19, aet. 18. 15

(5) **Dawson, James**, elder son of William Dawson, druggist (*pharmacopolae*), Lancashire; born in Manchester; bred at Salford (Mr Clayton); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, October 21, aet. 20.

(6) **Peck, Francis**, only son of Fr. Peck, clerk, Northampton- 20 shire; born at King's Cliff; schools, Oakham, Rutland (Mr Adcock) 1 year 3 months, then Loughborough, Leicestershire (Mr Martin); admitted sizar¹ for the Master, tutor and surety Dr Williams, October 27, aet. 18.

(7) **Christian, Humphrey**, third son of John Christian, lawyer 25 (*juris consulti*), Cumberland; born at Unerigg; bred at Appleby, Westmoreland (Mr Yates); admitted sizar for Mr Fogg, tutor and surety Mr Green, October 29, aet. 18.

(8) **Griffenhoof, Nicolas**, eldest son of Abraham Griffenhoof, druggist (*pharmacopolae*), Essex; born at Chelmsford; bred there 30 (Mr Tindall); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, October 31, aet. 20.

(9) **Dickenson, Charles**, only son of John Dickenson, clerk, Lincolnshire; born at Harlaxton; bred at Oakham, Rutland (Mr Adcock); admitted sizar for Mr Robinson, tutor and surety Dr 35 Williams, November 2, aet. 18.

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(10) **Walford, Edwin**, son of Edwin Walford, gentleman, Essex; born at Coggs hall; school, Eton (Dr George); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Green, January 9, aet. 18.

(11) **Perrot, Andrew**, formerly pensioner, admitted fellow 40 commoner, January 25.

¹ Sizar not subsizar as usual.

(12) **Wright, Henry**, son of Henry Wright, gentleman, Cheshire; born at Offerton; school, Chesterfield (Mr Burrow); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, February 14, aet. 19.

(13) **Skyrme, William**, eldest son of John Skyrme, esquire, 5 Pembrokehire; born at Llawhaden; school, Westminster (Dr Nichols); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, March 3, aet. 20.

(14) **Mount, James**, only son of James Mount, clerk, Lancashire; born at Kirkham; bred there (Mr Taylor) and at Clitherow 10 school (Mr Parke) for seven years; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, March 7, aet. 20.

(15) **Copley, John**, elder son of John Copley, attorney at law, Lancashire; born at Hawkshead; bred there (Mr Broxholm) four years, and at Lowther school, Westmorland (Mr Wilkinson), four 15 years; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, March 10, aet. 18.

(16) **Dale, Richard**, only son of John Dale, saddler (*ephippiarii*), Yorks; born in Beverley; bred there (Mr Clarke); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Green, March 21, aet. 19.

20 (17) **Clint, Samuel**, only son of Samuel Clint, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Ripley; bred at Threshfield (Mr Marshall); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, March 21, aet. 19.

(18) **Stockdale, John**, second son of William Stockdale, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Grassington; bred at Threshfield (Mr Marshall); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, 25 March 21, aet. 18.

(19) **Barton, James**, younger son of Ralph Barton, yeoman (*yeomanni*), Lancashire, born at Wiggan; school, Manchester (Mr 30 Brooke); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, March 24, aet. 18.

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(20) **Abson, Samuel**, only son of John Abson, clerk, Notts; born in Nottingham; bred at Southwell (Mr Bugg) three years, and at Chesterfield (Mr Burrow) one year; admitted sizar, tutor and 35 surety Dr Williams, March 27, aet. 19.

(21) **Vyner, Robert**, only son of Robert Vyner, esquire, Middlesex; born in London; educated in his father's house (Mr Guenaire); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Tunstall, April 3, aet. 19.

40 (22) **Knowsley, Edward**, only son of Edward Knowsley, gentleman, Yorks; born at Brandesburton; bred at Beverley (Mr Clarke); admitted sizar for Mr Tunstall, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, April 4, aet. 19.

(23) **Murray, William**, Middlesex, A.B. of Oxford; admitted 45 pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Clerke, April 11.

(24) **Johnston, Samuel**, son of Samuel Johnston, clerk, Yorks;

born at Beverley; bred there (Mr Clarke); admitted sizar for Mr Broxholme, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, April 14, aet. 20.

(25) **Bentham, Geoffrey**, eighth son of Samuel Bentham, clerk, Cambridgeshire; born in Ely; bred there (Mr Gunning); admitted sizar for Mr Rutherford, tutor and surety Dr Williams, April 15, 5 aet. 18.

(26) **Dammant, William**, elder son of William Dammant, surgeon (*chirurgi*), Essex; born at Colchester; bred there (Mr Smythies) for more than four years, afterwards at Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk (Mr Kinsman), two years; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr 10 Williams, April 29, aet. 17.

(27) **Pinnell, Richard**, eldest son of Richard Pinnell, merchant, Surrey; born in Tooting; school, Eton (Dr George); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, May 6, aet. 19.

(28) **Allen, George**, eldest son of Thomas Allen, clerk, Notts; 15 born at Mansfield; bred at Chesterfield (Mr Burrow); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, May 10, aet. 20.

(29) **Marsh, William**, seventh son of Richard Marsh, clerk, and formerly fellow of the College, Kent; born at Dover; bred at Canterbury (Mr Monins); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr 20 Williams, May 17, aet. 20.

(30) **Rothery, William**, eldest son of Joseph Rothery, clerk, Yorks; born in York; school, Charterhouse (Mr Hotchkis); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Taylor, senior, May 24, aet. 15.

(31) **Gough, Thomas**, third son of Walter Gough, esquire, Staf- 25 fordshire; born at Bishopberry; bred at Newport, Salop (Mr Lea); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, May 26, aet. 18.

(32) **Turner, William**, eldest son of William Turner, attorney at law, Derbyshire; born in Derby; bred at Repton (Mr Fletcher); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, May 29, aet. 18. 30

(33) **Carleton, George**, second son of Henry Carleton, collector of taxes (*exactoris*), Sussex; born at Hastings; school, Westminster (Dr Nichols); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 1, aet. 20.

(34) **Roper, Robert**, elder son of Bryan Roper, esquire, Durham; 35 born in Trimdon; school, Durham (Mr Dongworth); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 5, aet. 17.

(35) **Abdy, Antony Thomas**, eldest son of Sir William Abdy, Bart., Middlesex; born in London; bred at Felsted, Essex (Mr Wyatt); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 9, 40 aet. 17.

(36) **Hall, Francis**, elder son of Francis Hall, attorney at law, Yorks; born at Swath; bred at Chesterfield, Derbyshire (Mr Burrows); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 16, aet. 18.

(37) **Hallows, Chaworth**, second son of Thomas Hallows, esquire, 45 Ireland; born in Dublin, parents' counties, the one Derbyshire, the other Notts; bred at Chesterfield (Mr Burrows); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 16, aet. 20.

(38) **Dawson, John**, younger son of John Dawson, 'aromato-
polae,' Lancashire; born in Rochdale; bred there (Mr Sutcliffe);
admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 16, aet. 18.

(39) **Robinson, Edward**, sixth son of John Robinson, husband-
5 man (*agricolae*), Lancashire; born at Holton; bred at Scorton, Yorks
(Mr Noble); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 20,
aet. 18.

(40) **Allen, Cuthbert**, younger son of John Allen, husbandman
(*agricolae*), Richmondshire; born at Snaisholm in Aisgarth; bred at
10 Scorton, Yorks (Mr Noble); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr
Wrigley, June 20, aet. 21.

(41) **Smith, Robert**, son of Robert Smith, husbandman (*agri-
colae*), Isle of Ely; born at Whittlesea; bred in the city of Ely (Mr
Gunning); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June
15 22, aet. 21.

(42) **Smith, Lawrence**, third son of James Smith, husbandman
(*agricolae*), Beds; born at Sharpinhoe; bred at Houghton Regis (Mr
Bradshaw); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 23,
aet. 18.

20 (43) **Gunning, Stuart**, second son of Henry Gunning, clerk,
Isle of Ely; born in the city of Ely; educated there by his father,
admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 24, aet. 15.

(44) **Smith, Sawyer**, only son of Edward Smith, druggist
(*pharmacopolae*), Warwickshire; born in Coventry; bred there (Mr
25 Jackson); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June
28, aet. 21.

(45) **Brown, Tatton, A.B.**, of Balliol College, Oxford, admitted
pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 28.

(46) **Underwood, George, A.B.**, of Christ Church, Oxford, ad-
30 mitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Prime, June 28.

(47) **Griffith, Richard, A.B.**, of University College, Oxford, ad-
mitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Prime, June 28.

(48) **Wilson, Cuthbert**, third son of Roger Wilson, merchant,
Northumberland; born in Newcastle; school, Sedbergh (Dr Saunders);
35 admitted sizar for Mr Clayton, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June
28, aet. 18 years and about 9 months.

(49) **White, Thomas, A.B.**, of Merton College, Oxford, admitted
pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Green, June 28.

(50) **Lawson, Johnson**, only son of John Lawson, linen draper
40 (*lintearii*), Kent; born in Canterbury; bred there (Mr Monins);
admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Green, June 29, aet. 19.

(51) **Ball, James**, fourth son of John Ball, 'centurionis,' North-
amptonshire; born at Stoke; bred at Oakham, Rutland (Mr Ad-
cock); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 29,
45 aet. 20.

(52) **Martin, John**, eldest son of Digory Martin, attorney at law,
Devonshire; born at Hatherleigh; bred at Tiverton (Mr Westley);
admitted sizar for Mr Rowse, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 30,
aet. 20.

(53) **Lewis, Samuel**, only son of Samuel Lewis, blacksmith (*fabri ferrei*), Suffolk; born at Stratford; bred at Dedham, Essex (Mr Grimwood); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 30, aet. 19.

(54) **Williams, George, A.B.**, of New Inn Hall, Oxford, admitted 5 pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Prime, July 1.

(55) **Ramsden, William**, elder son of John Ramsden, school-master (*ludi magistri*), Yorks; born at Pennistone; bred at Worsbrough (Mr Staniland); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, July 3, aet. 20.

10

(56) **Griffiths, Griffith**, only son of Maurice Griffith, gentleman; born at Aberdaron, Bangor; bred at Carnarvon (Mr Jones); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, July 3, aet. 19.

(57) **Stafford, James**, fifth son of Antony Stafford, gentleman, Derbyshire; born at Strand; school, Sedbergh (Dr Saunders) one 15 year; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, July 6, aet. 23.

(58) **Hutchinson, Samuel**, only son of Samuel Hutchinson, clerk, Lincolnshire; born at Langton; school, Charterhouse (Mr Hotchkis); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, July 6, aet. 'circiter' 17.

20

[Admissions in the year $\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c. } 3^1 \\ \text{p. } 25 \\ \text{s. } 30 \end{array} \right\} 58.]$

JULY 1738—JULY 1739

Admissiones a Julii 7^{mo} 1738

(1) **Thomas, Noah**, only son of Hopkin Thomas, master of a merchant vessel (*navis onerariae praefecti*), Glamorganshire; born at Neath; bred at Oakham, Rutland (Mr Adcock); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, July 18, aet. 18.

25

(2) **Beauvoir, Osmund**, third son of William Beauvoir, clerk, Essex; born at Bocking; school, Canterbury (Mr Monins); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, October 26, aet. 18.

(3) **Lethieullier, Samuel**, fourth son of William Lethieullier, esquire, Middlesex; born in London; educated in his father's house 30 (Mr Cradock) for four years and then in the house of Mr Grigman for two years; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Clerke, November 1, aet. 19.

(4) **Hallows, Brabazon**, Notts, who was admitted pensioner March 18, 1738^g, admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr 35 Wrigley November 3.

(5) **Forster, Richard**, second son of George Forster, esquire; born in the parish of St Joseph in the island of Barbadoes, America, on the father's side coming of a Northumberland family; bred at

¹ Of this number one was a readmission.

Hackney, Middlesex (Mr Henry Newcome); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, November 4, aet. 21.

- (6) **Grinfield, William**, younger son of Richard Grinfield, gentleman, Wiltshire; born at Mildenhall; school, Marlborough (Mr Stone); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, November 11, aet. 17.

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(7) **Omer, Jacob**, admitted pensioner on November 6, 1736, admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, February 3.

- (8) **Ainscough, Thomas**, A.B., who was formerly admitted sizar, admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, February 9.

(9) **Twells, John**, younger son of Leonard Twells, clerk, Hampshire; born at Wallop; school, Marlborough (Mr Stone); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, February 15, aet. 19.

- (10) **Ainsworth, Thomas**, second son of John Ainsworth, gentleman, Lancashire; born at Blackburn; schools, Rivington (Mr Norcross) 6 years, and Sedbergh (Dr Saunders) one year and more; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, March 14.

- (11) **Ryley, John**, younger son of John Ryley, husbandman (*agricolæ*), Yorks; born at Bolton; bred at Clitharow, Lancashire (Mr Parke); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, March 19, aet. 19.

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(12) **Goodere, Richard**, second son of John Goodere, esquire, Essex; born at Barking; school, Eton (Dr George); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, March 27, aet. 20.

- (13) **Eyre, Robert**, eldest son of John Eyre, esquire, Surrey; born at Putney; bred at Guilsborough, Northamptonshire (Mr Horton); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, April 6, aet. 19.

(*Febre et gangræna correptus mortem obiit, August 8, 1739 :*

- Note in Register.)

(14) **Claobury, John**, elder son of Augustine Claobury, shoemaker (*calceatoris*), Salop; born at Longden; school, Shrewsbury (Mr Hotchkis); admitted sizar for Mr Rutherford, tutor and surety Dr Williams, April 19, aet. 19.

- (15) **Laxton, Robert**, elder son of Robert Laxton, Northamptonshire; born in Peterborough; school, Peterborough (Mr Marshall); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, May 3, aet. 18.

- (16) **Lee, John**, elder son of William Lee, gentleman, Yorks; born at Leconfield near Beverley; school, Beverley (Mr Clark); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, May 5, aet. 20.

(17) **Craven, John Hardey**, younger son of John Craven, bailiff (*praediorum procuratoris*) to the Earl of Berkshire, Lancashire; born at Melling; school, Eton (Dr George); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, May 9, aet. 20.

(18) **Bryant, William**, eldest son of William Bryant, weaver (*textoris*), Norfolk; born at Norwich; educated in the house of Mr Langwade in that city; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Green, May 15, aet. 20.

(19) **Gibson, John**, eldest son of Richard Gibson, husbandman 5 (*agricolae*), Lancashire; born at Hollinghead; school, Manchester (Mr Brook); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, May 15, aet. 19.

(20) **Samber, James Stirling**, only son of Samuel Legg Samber, M.D., Dorset; born at Dorchester; school, Salisbury (Mr Thomas); 10 admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Green, May 18, aet. 19.

(21) **Rowley, William**, elder son of William Rowley, 'in arte pannos conficiendi opificis,' Herefordshire; born in Hereford; school, Hereford (Mr Willim); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, May 30, aet. 19. 15

(22) **Hutton, Thomas**, eldest son of Thomas Hutton, deceased, Westmorland; born at Kirkby Lonsdale; school, Sedbergh (Dr Saunders) 2 years; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 2, aet. 20.

(23) **Salt, Thomas**, third son of James Salt, clerk, Cambridge- 20 shire; born at Chesterton; school, Bury St Edmunds (Mr Kinsman) four years; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 5, aet. past 18.

(24) **Burrell, Peter**, son of John Burrell, esquire, Middlesex; born in London; bred at Douay, Flanders; admitted pensioner, 25 tutor and surety Mr Taylor, junior, June 9, aet. 21.

(25) **Woolley, Richard**, son of John Woolley, husbandman (*agricolae*), Derbyshire; born at Marston Montgomery; school, Repton; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 11, aet. 19. 30

(26) **Harding, William**, younger son of John Harding, druggist (*pharmacopolae*), Hunts; born at Kimbolton; bred at Oakham, Rutland (Mr Adcock); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 13, aet. 20.

(27) **Degulhon, Stephen**, only son of Stephen Degulhon, 35 gentleman, Middlesex; born in London; bred in Canterbury (Mr Monins); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 20, aet. 19.

(28) **Davison, Morton**, second son of William Davison, esquire, Durham; born in Beamish; school, Durham (Mr Dongworth); 40 admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Taylor, junior, June 23, aet. 18.

(29) **Burne, Robert**, son of William Burne, clerk, Durham; born at Monk Haselden; school, Durham (Mr Dongworth); admitted sizar for Mr Rowe, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 23, 45 aet. 19.

(30) **Ashton, John**, fourth son of Francis Ashton, schoolmaster, Lancashire; born in Lancaster; educated some time by his father,

then at Preston (Mr Oliver) *pene* two years and lastly at Eton (Dr George) half a year; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 26, aet. 18.

(31) **Cole, William**, third son of Charles Cole, clerk, Rector of 5 North Crawley, Bucks; born there; school, Ely (Mr Gunning); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 27, aet. 18.

(32) **Cole, Charles Nalson**, fourth son of Charles Cole, above; born at North Crawley, Bucks; school, Ely (Mr Gunning); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 27, 10 aet. 17.

(33) **Pateman, William**, elder son of William Pateman, butcher (*lanii*), Bedfordshire; born at Arlsey; bred there; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 27, aet. 16.

(34) **Wood, Thomas**, A.B., Oxford, admitted pensioner, surety 15 Mr Green, June 27.

(35) **Smith, John**, younger son of Kenelm Smith; born at Barrowdon, Rutland; bred at Uppingham (Mr Hubbert); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 28, aet. 18.

(36) **Wilmot, William**, second son of Richard Wilmot, M.D., 20 Derbyshire; born in Derby; bred at Appleby, Leicestershire (Mr Martin); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, July 5, aet. 18.

[Admissions in the year $\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c. } 2^1 \\ \text{p. } 20^1 \\ \text{s. } 14 \end{array} \right\} 36.$]

JULY 1739—JULY 1740

Admissiones a Julii 6^{to} 1739

(1) **Powel, Charles**, younger son of Francis Powel, clerk, 25 Essex; born in Colchester; school, Colchester (Mr Smythies); admitted sizar for Mr Tunstall, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, September 19, aet. 19.

(2) **Younge, Thomas**, second son of Thomas Younge, deceased, Yorks; born at Sheffield; bred there (Mr Cliff); admitted sizar, 30 tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, October 10, aet. 18 and 'circiter' nine months.

(3) **Hussey, Thomas**, eldest son of Thomas Hussey, esquire, deceased, Sussex; born at Burwash; bred first at Maidstone (Mr Walvyn), then in the private house of Mr Moreton at Staplehurst; 35 admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, October 13, aet. 17 and one month.

(4) **Bell, Ralph**, elder son of Ralph Bell, gentleman, Yorks; born at Thirsk; bred at Beverley (Mr Clarke); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, October 13, aet. 19.

¹ One of these is a readmission.

(5) **Tennant, John**, second son of John Tennant, gentleman, Yorks; born at Burnsall; bred at Threshfield (Mr Marshall); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, October 30, aet. 18.

(6) **Derby, John**, elder son of William Derby, clerk, Dorset; born at Winbourne; school, Eton (Dr George); admitted sizar for 5 Mr Fogg, tutor and surety Mr Green, November 1, aet. 19.

(7) **Cheriton, George**, second son of Charles Cheriton, glover (*chirothecariū*), Middlesex; born in Westminster; school, Westminster (Dr Nicol); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, November 5, aet. 17. 10

(8) **Towers, John**, second son of James Towers, husbandman (*agricolae*), Lancashire; born in the Isle of Walney; bred at Kendal (Mr Towers) one and a half years, then at Urswick, Lancashire (Mr Addison); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, November 6, aet. 20. 15

(9) **Wright, Henry**, Cheshire, who was admitted pensioner February 14, 1735; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, November 7.

(10) **Kingsman, Jasper**, only son of Jasper Kingsman, esquire, Middlesex; born in London; bred at Hackney (Mr Newcome); 20 admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, November 14, aet. 19.

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(11) **Platt, Joshua**, elder son of Williamson Platt, husbandman (*agricolae*), Lancashire; born at Warrington; bred there at first, and afterwards at Manchester school (Mr Brooks) for eleven months; 25 admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, April 14, aet. 18.

(12) **Baskett, Kingsman**, son of the Reverend John Baskett, formerly fellow of the College, Dorset; born at Shapwick; school, Winbourne; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, April 21, aet. 19. 30

(13) **Taylor, John**, elder son of John Taylor, clerk. Kent; born at Darenth; bred at Bishops Stortford, Herts (Mr Mall); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Taylor, junior, May 1, aet. 17.

(14) **Mapletoft, Matthew**, third son of Edmund Mapletoft, clerk, Cambridgeshire; born at Bartlow; bred at Bishops Stortford, 35 Herts (Mr Mall); admitted sizar for Mr Tunstall, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, May 1, aet. 18.

(15) **Griffies, John**, son of J. Griffies, gentleman; born in Carmarthen; school, Charterhouse (Mr Hotchkis); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Green, May 5, aet. 18. 40

(16) **Heton, James**, fourth son of James Heton, husbandman (*agricolae*), Lancashire; born at Bolton; bred there (Mr Ashburnell); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, May 12, aet. 18.

(17) **Moseley, Thomas**, eldest son of Richard Moseley, clerk, Yorks; born in York; school, Beverley (Mr Clarke); admitted sizar, 45 tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, May 21, aet. 18.

- (18) **Riley, Joseph**, third son of James Riley, cloth-maker (*panni opificis*), Yorks; born at Sourby; school, Rishworth (Mr Wadsworth); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, May 23, aet. 23.
- 5 (19) **Powley, John**, only son of Robert Powley, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born in Sedbergh; school, Sedbergh (Dr Saunders); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, May 28, aet. 19.
- (20) **Hurton, Pregion**, posthumous son of John Hurton, 10 yeoman (*fundi sui cultoris*), Lincolnshire; born at Apley; school, Lincoln (Mr Gooddall); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 2, aet. 18.
- (21) **Davison, Morton**, admitted pensioner, June 23, 1739; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Taylor, junior, 15 June 3.
- (22) **Hesleden, William**, posthumous son of William Hesleden, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Horton; bred there (Mr Thornton); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 4, aet. 24.
- 20 (23) **Corney, James**, fourth son of James Corney, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Howgill in the parish of Sedbergh; school, Sedbergh (Dr Saunders); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 11, aet. 21.
- (24) **Clark, John**, younger son of Edward Clark, clerk, Rich- 25 mondshire; born at Cleasby; bred at Scorton (Mr Noble); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 13, aet. 19.
- (25) **Tennant, John**, admitted sizar on Oct. 30, is admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 14.
- (26) **Forster, William**, eldest son of William Forster, clerk 30 and Precentor of Durham Cathedral, Durham; born in the City of Durham; bred there (Mr Dongworth); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 16, aet. 17.
- (27) **Ekins, Randolph**, younger son of Robert Ekins, gentleman, Middlesex; born in London; school, Merchant Tailors' (Mr Creech); 35 admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 19, aet. 19.
- (28) **Jackson, William**, fifth son of Lancelot Jackson, deceased, Westmorland; born at Bampton; bred at Lowther (Mr Wilkinson); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 19, aet. 19.
- (29) **Benson, John**, third son of William Benson, husbandman 40 (*agricolae*), Lancashire; born at Hawkshead; bred at Lowther (Mr Wilkinson); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 19, aet. 22.
- (30) **Austen, Thomas**, eldest son of Thomas Austen, gentleman, Kent; born at Chatham; bred, first at Maidstone (Mr Walwyn), then 45 Canterbury (Mr Monins); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 21, aet. 19.
- (31) **Lodge, John**, son of John Lodge, clerk, Cambridgeshire; born at March in the parish of Doddington in the Isle of Ely;

educated by his father ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 24, aet. 18.

(32) **Shepherd, Antony**, elder son of Arthur Shepherd, Westmorland ; born at Kendal ; bred there (Mr Towers) ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 25, aet. 19. 5

(33) **Baker, George**, son of George Baker, esquire, of Crooke, Durham ; born at Crooke ; school, Eton (Dr George) ; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 27, aet. 18.

(34) **Davison, Thomas**, youngest son of William Davison, esquire, of Beamish, Durham ; born at Beamish ; school, Durham 10 (Mr Dongworth) ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Taylor, junior, June 27, aet. 18.

(35) **Wilson, James, A.B.**, of Jesus College, Oxford ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Clerke, June 26.

(36) **Hill, Thomas**, son of John Hill, clerk, Wilts ; born at 15 Stourton ; bred at Brawton (Mr Goldsborough) ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Green, June 26, aet. past 18.

(37) **Wynn, John, A.B.**, of Jesus College, Oxford ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Fogg, June 26.

(38) **Stuart, John**, son of John Steuart (*sic*), clerk, Sussex ; 20 born at Chichester ; school, Southampton (Mr Scott) ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 26, aet. 19.

(39) **Webster, Thomas**, elder son of William Webster, architect (*architecti*), Hunts ; born at Kimbolton ; bred under Dr Owen ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, June 28, aet. 20. 25

(40) **Fortune, John, A.B.** of Pembroke College, Oxford ; admitted pensioner, surety Mr Wrigley, June 28.

(41) **Downes, Henry**, son of John Downes, clerk, Derbyshire ; born at Derwent ; bred at Rothram (Mr Stephenson) ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 30, aet. 19. 30

(42) **Marsden, Henry**, only son of Henry Marsden of Wennington Hall in the parish of Melling in the county of Lancaster, esquire, Westmorland ; born at Askham ; bred at Scorton in the county of York (Mr Noble) ; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Tunstall, July 1, aet. 18. 35

(43) **Barnard, Thomas**, son of George Barnard, clerk, Hertfordshire ; born at Harpenden ; educated by his father at home ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, July 1, aet. 19.

(44) **Smith, John**, elder son of John Smith, deceased, Essex ; born at Stanway ; bred at Dedham (Mr Grimwood) ; admitted sizar, 40 tutor and surety Dr Williams, July 1, aet. 17.

(45) **Wegg, Samuel**, younger son of George Wegg, gentleman, Essex ; born at Colchester ; bred there (Mr Smithies) for six years, and for the last year Bury St Edmunds (Mr Kinsman) ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, July 2, aet. 16. 45

[Admissions in the year $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c. } 18 \\ \text{p. } 4 \\ \text{s. } 23 \end{array} \right\}$ 45.]

JULY 1740—JULY 1741

Admissiones a Julii 5to 1740

- (1) **Farrington, William**, eldest son of George Farrington, esquire, Lancashire; born at Shaw-Hall; bred at Chesterfield (Mr Burroughs); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, July 21, aet. 19.
- 5 (2) **Pitt, Ridgway**, Earl of Londonderry; born in London, son of Thomas, Earl of Londonderry; school, Bury St Edmunds (Mr Kinnesman); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Clerke, September 25, aet. 18.
- 10 (3) **Hall, Thomas Rumbold**, only son of Henry Hall, clerk, Cambs; born at Foulmire; bred at Scarning, Norfolk (Mr Brett); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, September 27, aet. 18.
- (4) **Wilkinson, James**, eldest son of John Wilkinson, attorney at law, Yorks; born in Hull; bred at Beverley (Mr Clarke);
15 admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, September 30, aet. 19.
- (5) **Colefax, Thomas**, only son of Richard Colefax, husbandman (*agricolae*), Salop; born in Shrewsbury; bred there (Mr Hotchkiss); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, October 4, aet. 18.
- 20 (6) **Lethieullier, Samuel**, admitted pensioner, November 1, 1738, admitted fellow commoner, tutor Mr Clerke, October 8.
- (7) **Twyfard, William**, only son of Robert Twyfard, clerk, Derbyshire; born at Glossop; bred at Manchester (Mr Brooke); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, October 10, aet. 17.
- 25 (8) **Wadsworth, Richard**, elder son of Richard Wadsworth, schoolmaster (*ludimagistri*), Yorks; born at Sowerby in the parish of Hallifax; school, Rishworth (Mr Wadsworth, his father); admitted sizar, tutor Mr Wrigley, October 11, aet. 21.
- (9) **Whitworth, Henry**, eldest son of William Whitworth,
30 gentleman, Yorks; born at Soyland in the parish of Hallifax; bred at Rishworth (Mr Wadsworth); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, October 11, aet. 20.
- (10) **Steer, George**, eldest son of George Steer, deceased, Yorks; born at Sheffield; bred there (Mr Cliffe); admitted sizar,
35 tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, October 13, aet. 21.
- (11) **Benson, Edward**, elder son of John Benson, clerk, Kent; born in Rochester; school, Canterbury (Mr Monins); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, October 14, aet. 19.
- (12) **Brown, Henry Langford**, only son of Thomas Brown,
40 esquire, deceased, Devonshire; born in the city of Exeter; bred at Tiverton (Mr Smith) and for two years at Totness (Mr Taunton); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Alvis, October 15, aet. 19.
- (13) **Gisborne, James**, eldest son of James Gisborne, clerk,

Derbyshire ; born at Staveley ; bred there (Mr Robinson) ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, October 17, aet. 18.

(14) **Johnson, John**, third son of Maurice Johnson, esquire, lawyer (*armigeri et juris consulti*), Lincolnshire ; born at Spalding ; bred there (Mr Whiting) ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, October 20, aet. 19.

(15) **Hussey, Edward**, second son of Thomas Hussey, esquire, Sussex ; born at Burwash ; bred at Tunbridge, Kent (Mr Spencer) ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, October 25, aet. 17.

(16) **Skinner, John**, eldest son of John Skinner, attorney at law, Middlesex ; born in London ; bred at Reading, Berkshire (Mr Hiley) ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Taylor, junior, October 25, aet. 16.

(17) **Tatham, Sandford**, third son of William Tatham, esquire and J.P. (*armigeri et irenarchae*), Lancashire ; born at Over Hall in the parish of Thornton ; bred at Scorton, Yorks (Mr Noble) ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, October 27, aet. 18.

(18) **Loup, William**, fifth son of George Loup, surgeon and druggist (*chirurgi et pharmacopolae*), Yorks ; born at Rippon ; bred at Wath (Mr Panther) ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, October 30, aet. 19.

(19) **Ashby, George**, only son of Edmund Ashby, gentleman, Middlesex ; born at Clarkenwell in the city of London ; school, Westminster (Dr Nicoll) ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Williams, November 1, aet. 16.

(20) **Leeke, Seymour**, admitted pensioner, October 25, 1736 : admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Williams, November 12.

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(21) **Taylor, Richard**, younger son of John Taylor, gentleman, Lancashire ; born at Clitheroe ; bred at Threshfield, Yorks (Mr Knowls) ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, January 24, aet. 20.

(22) **Crosbie, John**, second son of Sir Maurice Crosby (*sic*), Bart., Ireland ; born at Ardfart, county Kerry ; bred at Bannagh in the same county (Mr Casey) ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, January 31, aet. 17.

(23) **Townsend, Honourable George**, eldest son of Charles Viscount Townsend, baron of Lynn Regis ; born in London ; school, Eton (Dr George) ; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Green, February 21, aet. 17.

(24) **Leybourne, William**, son of Talbot Leybourne, clerk, Yorks ; born at Bulmer ; school, Beverley (Mr Clarke) ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Rutherford, March 11, aet. 18.

(25) **Shields, James**, son of John Shields, gentleman, Durham ;

born in Durham ; school, Durham (Mr Dongworth) ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Rutherford, March 14, aet. 19.

(26) **Mieres, Andrew**, son of Andrew Mieres, clerk, Cambridgeshire ; born in Cambridge ; school, Burmingham, Warwickshire 5 (Mr Green) ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherford, March 20, aet. 25.

(27) **Scales, Richard**, son of Robert Scales, gentleman, Lancashire ; born at Thwaitehead ; bred first at Hawkshead (Mr Dixon), then at Heversham, Westmorland (Mr Nicholson) ; admitted sizar, 10 tutor Mr Wrigley, March 21, aet. 18.

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(28) **Shuttleworth, Barton**, son of Ralph Shuttleworth, vintner (*oinopolæ*), Middlesex ; born in London ; bred at Rochdale, Lancashire (Mr Sutcliffe) ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, March 28, aet. 17.

15 (29) **Brooke, Samuel**, son of Samuel Brooke, D.D., Yorks ; born at Leeds ; bred there (Mr Barnard) ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, April 11, aet. 18.

(30) **Wiglesworth, Henry**, son of Henry Wiglesworth, deceased, Lancashire ; born at Colne ; bred at Sladborne, Yorks (Mr Carr) ; 20 admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, May 4, aet. 17.

(31) **Summers, Sparrow**, son of Henry Summers, esquire, Essex ; born at Henningham Syble ; bred at Felstead (Mr Wyat) ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, May 9, aet. 17.

(32) **Hodson, John**, son of Henry Hodson, clerk, Kent ; born 25 at Sandhurst ; bred first at Battle, Sussex (Mr Jenkin), then at Sutton, Kent (Mr Clendon) ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, May 16, aet. 18.

(33) **Lindsey, Theophilus**, son of Robert Lindsey, draper (*pannarii*), Cheshire ; born at Middlewich ; bred at Leeds, Yorks 30 (Mr Barnard) ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, May 21, aet. 18.

(34) **Rothwell, Richard**, son of James Rothwell, clerk, Lancashire ; born at Dean near Bolton ; bred at Rivington (Mr Norcross) ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, May 23, aet. 18.

35 (35) **Twells, Thomas**, son of T. Twells, druggist (*pharmacopolæ*), Notts ; born at Southwell ; bred there (Mr Bugg) ; admitted sizar for Mr Bugg, tutor and surety Mr Rutherford, May 25, aet. 19.

(36) **Knowles, Richard Arthur**, son of Richard Knowles, 40 clerk, Rutland ; born at Tinwell ; school, Peterborough (Mr Marshall) ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Rutherford, May 26, aet. 17.

(37) **Walters, Crompton**, son of John Crompton, clerk, Warwickshire ; born at Solyhul ; bred at Market Bosworth, Leicestershire 45 (Mr Crompton) ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Taylor, May 26, aet. 17.

(38) **Wood, John**, son of John Wood, gentleman, Derbyshire; born at Swanwick; bred at Chesterfield (Mr Burrow); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, May 27, aet. 17.

(39) **Dodgson, Charles**, son of Christopher Dodgson, clerk, Yorks; born at Howden; bred at Sherbourne (Mr Addison), then at home by his father; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 3, aet. 18.

(40) **Lowe, Samuel**, son of — Lowe, clerk, Cheshire; born at Bonebury; school, Chester (Mr Lancaster); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Rutherforth, June 4, aet. 20.

(41) **Browne, Thomas**, son of T. Browne, clerk, Durham; born at Cockfield; bred at Blencow, Cumberland (Mr Richardson); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Rutherforth, June 6, aet. 20.

(42) **Torre, James**, son of Nicolas Torre, lawyer (*jurisperiti*), Yorks; born at Pontefract; bred at Beverley (Mr Clarke); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Greene, June 8, aet. 18.

(43) **Allott, James**, son of R. Allott, formerly fellow of the College, Yorks; born at South Kirkby; school, Sedbergh (Dr 'Sanders') 3 years; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherforth, June 8, aet. 18.

(44) **Thistlewait, Joseph**, son of Joseph Thistlewait, shoemaker (*calcearii*), Yorks; born at Dent; school, Sedbergh (Dr 'Sanders') 4 years; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Rutherforth, June 8, aet. 20.

(45) **Gifford, Charles**, son of John Gifford, clerk, Surrey; born at Stoke; school, Eton (Dr George); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Rutherforth, June 10, aet. 19.

(46) **Stacye, John**, son of Thomas Stacye, gentleman, Yorks; born at Ballifield near Sheffield; bred at Chesterfield (Mr Burrow); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 13, aet. 19.

(47) **Guest, Joseph**, son of J. Guest, clerk, Herefordshire; born at Titley; school, Hereford (Mr Willim); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherforth, June 15, aet. 16.

(48) **Goodricke, Henry**, son of William Goodricke, 'centurionis,' Middlesex; born in London; school, Sedbergh (Dr Sanders) 12 years; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Rutherforth, June 22, aet. 19.

(49) **Mayo, Henry**, son of H. Mayo, goldsmith (*aurifabri*), Sussex; born at Battle; bred there (Mr Jenkin); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 23, aet. 18.

(50) **Tylden, Richard Osborn**, son of Richard Tylden, gentleman, Kent; born at Milsted; school, Canterbury (Mr Monins); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherforth, June 24, aet. 18.

(51) **Shrigley, William**, A.B., of Brasenose College, Oxford; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 27.

(52) **Brice, John**, A.B., of St Mary's Hall, Oxford; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Squire, June 27.

(53) **Kellow, William**, son of Thomas Kellow, clerk, Wiltshire; born at Codford; school, Salisbury (Mr Thomas); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Green, June 30, aet. 18.

(54) **Martin, William**, son of Digory Martin, attorney, Devonshire; born at Hatherleigh; bred at Tiverton (Mr Daddo); admitted sizar¹ for Mr Rouse, tutor and surety Mr Rutherford, July 2, aet. 20.

(55) **Bankes, Sutton**, son of Langley Bankes, gentleman, Lincolnshire; born at Wilsford; bred at Grantham (Mr Bacon); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Heberden, July 3, aet. 18.

(56) **Weatherhead, Antony**, son of A. Weatherhead, clerk, Yorks; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Tunstall, July 4, aet. 30.

(57) **Perronett, Edward**, son of Vincent Perronett, clerk, Kent; born at Sundrige; bred at Sênoke (Sevenoaks?) (Mr Simpson); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, July 8, aet. 20.

(58) **Elyott, Edmund**, son of Thomas Elyott, medical man (*medici*), Middlesex, born in London; school, Bury, Suffolk (Mr Kinsman); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherford, July 8, aet. 17.

(59) **Wotton, Francis**, son of Thomas Wotton, gentleman, Rutland; born at Ketton; educated in his father's house; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherford, July 9, aet. 18.

(60) **Williams, William**, son of 'G' (qy William) Williams, 'militum praefecti', Cornwall; born at Truro; bred at Bodmin (Mr Fisher); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherford, July 10.

$$[\text{Admissions in the year } \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{f.c. } 7^2 \\ \text{p. } 29 \\ \text{s. } 23 \\ \text{'sizator' } 1 \end{array} \right\} 60.]$$

JULY 1741—JULY 1742

Admissiones a Julii 4to³ 1741

(1) **Chicken, Edward**, son of Edward Chicken, weaver (*textoris*), Northumberland; born in Newcastle; school, Durham (Mr Dongworth); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Rutherford, October 10, aet. 20.

(2) **Armstrong, John**, son of Archibald Armstrong, linendraper (*lintearii*), Gloucestershire; born at Tedbury; bred at Glasgow 'inter Scotos'; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety, Mr Wrigley, October 10, aet. 20.

(3) **Forster, Thomas**, son of George Forster, esquire; born in the island of Barbadoes; bred at Stretham in the county of Surrey

¹ Sizator, not subsizator as usual.

² Of these, two are readmissions.

³ Sic.

(Mr Talbot); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Rutherforth, October 12, aet. 19.

(4) **Burrell, Peter**, son of P. Burrell, esquire, Middlesex; born in London; bred at Hackney (Mr Graham); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Clerke, October 16, aet. 17.

(5) **Switzer, Thomas**, son of Stephen Switzer, Wiltshire; born at Pewley (? Pewsey); school, Westminster (Dr Nichols); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Rutherforth, October 30, aet. 16.

(6) **Vernon, Edward**, son of John Vernon, gentleman, Staffordshire; born at Lees Hill; bred at Brewood (Mr Budworth); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, November 4, aet. 18.

(7) **Burton, William**, son of 'G' (qy William) Burton, esquire, Yorks; born at Beverley; bred there (Mr Clarke) then in his father's house (Mr Leeke); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Tunstall, November 6, aet. 18.

(8) **Twentyman, Childers**, admitted sizar, October 19, 1737, tutor and surety Dr Williams; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherforth, November 6.

(9) **Pindar, Charles**, son of C. Pindar, Steward (*dispensatoris*), Yorks; born at Wakefield; bred at Threshfield (Mr Knowles); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, November 11, aet. 19.

(10) **Bate, Chambers**, only son of William Bate, esquire, Derbyshire; born at Fosten; bred at Oakham, Rutland (Mr Adcock); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, November 11, aet. 17.

(11) **Grinfield, William**, Wiltshire; admitted pensioner, November 11, 1738; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, November 16.

(12) **Bever, Samuel**, son of S. Bever, esquire, Middlesex; born in London; school, Eton (Dr George); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Green, November 26, aet. 18.

(13) **Bell, John**, son of Matthew Bell, clerk, Suffolk; born at Clare; bred at Lavenham (Mr Smythies); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, December 22, aet. 18.

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(14) **Lowndes, Thomas**, son of William Lowndes, auditor of the exchequer (*auditoris 'saccarii'*), Middlesex, born in Westminster; school, Bury, Suffolk (Mr Kinsman); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherforth, January 12, aet. 17.

(15) **Barrett, William**, son of Paul Barrett, druggist (*pharmacopolae*), Kent; born in Canterbury; bred there (Mr Monins); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherforth, February 9, aet. 18.

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(16) **Murthwaite, Peter**, son of Richard Murthwaite, mariner (*navigatoris*), Cumberland; born at Dearham; bred at Cockermouth

(Mr Ritson); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, March 31, aet. 21.

(17) **Bourne, John**, son of Odadiah (*sic*) Bourne, clerk, Derbyshire; born at Ashover; bred at Chesterfield (Mr Burrow); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, April 3, aet. 19.

(18) **Parry, John**, son of Love Parry, gentleman; born at Wernfaer near Pwllhely, Carnarvonshire; bred at Wrexham, Denbighshire (Mr Jones); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherforth, April 5, aet. 17.

10 (19) **Bernard, Thomas**, son of Thomas Bernard, clerk, Essex; born at Earlscoln; bred at Bury (Mr Kynnesman); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, April 21, aet. 18.

(20) **Woodford, Thomas**, son of Thomas Woodford, gentleman, Leicestershire; born at Muston; bred at Southwell (Mr Bugg); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, April 30, aet. 19.

(21) **Sedgwick, Roger**, son of Robert Sedgwick, merchant, Lancashire; born at Manchester; bred at Salford (Mr Clayton); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, May 5, aet. 19.

(22) **Jones, Owen**, son of Rowland Jones; born at Trwsdaugood, Carnarvonshire; bred at Pwllhely, in the same county (Mr Edwards); admitted sizar, tutor and surety (Mr Rutherforth), May, 10, aet. 17.

(23) **Ganton, Robert**, son of William Ganton, clerk, Yorks; born at Hassell; school, Sedbergh (Dr Saunders); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherforth, May 17, aet. 19.

25 (24) **Gibson, Richard**, son of Abraham Gibson, gentleman, Yorks; born at Midghole; school, Rishworth (Mr Wadsworth); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 3, aet. 19.

(25) **Batty, John**, son of William Batty, farmer (*firmary*) Yorks; born at Thorp; bred at Burnsall (Mr Thompson); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 5, aet. 19.

(26) **Mainwaring, John**, son of Gilbert Mainwaring, gentleman, Staffordshire; born at Drayton Mannor; schools, Marlborough, Wiltshire (Mr Stone) 4 years and then Tamworth (Mr Prinsep); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 5, aet. 18.

35 (27) **Totton, William**, son of Stephen Totton, merchant (*mercatoris*), Middlesex, born in London; educated in his father's house (Mr Penwarne); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherforth, June 5, aet. 18.

(28) **Head, Richard**, son of Henry Head, clerk, Wiltshire; born at Amesbury; educated at home by his father; admitted sizar¹ for the Master, tutor and surety Mr Greene, June 9, aet. 19.

(29) **Clarkson, John**, son of Thomas Clarkson, merchant (*mercatoris*), Yorks; born at Thusk (!Thirsk); school, Beverley (Mr Clarke); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 10, aet. 29.

(30) **Holiday, James**, son of Christopher Holiday, farmer

¹ The word was originally *subsizar*, but the *sub* was erased and *pro Magistro* interlined.

(*firmarii*), Yorks; born at Goodmanham; bred at Coxwold (Mr Midgely); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 11, aet. 27.

(31) **Carter, John**, son of James Carter, clerk, Suffolk; born at Melton; school, Sedbergh (Dr Saunders) three years; admitted sizar, 5 tutor and surety Mr Rutherforth, June 17, aet. 19.

(32) **Venn, Henry**, son of Richard Venn, clerk, Surrey; born at Barnes; bred at Market Street, Hertfordshire; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Rutherforth, June 21, aet. 17.

(33) **Wright, John**, son of Robert Wright, farmer (*firmarii*) 10 Yorks; born at Chappell Anston; bred at Chesterfield, Derbyshire (Mr Burrow); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 21, aet. 19.

(34) **Marshall, Thomas**, son of Gervase Marshall 'in ecclesia de Southwell seneschalli'; born at Southwell; bred there (Mr Bugg); 15 admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 22, aet. 24.

(35) **Howdell, John**, son of William Howdell, clerk, Kent; born at Staple; school, Sedbergh, Yorks (Dr Saunders and Mr Broxholme); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 23, aet. 15.

(36) **Dawes, Francis**, son of Thomas Dawes 'sacristae de 20 Solyhull', Warwickshire; born at Solyhull; bred there (Mr Mashiler); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 25, aet. 17.

(37) **Griffith, Moses**, son of Edward Griffith, collector of taxes (*telonarii*), Salop; born at Lapidon; school, Shrewsbury, (Mr Hotch- 25 kiss); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Rutherforth, June 2 (*sic*), aet. 18.

(38) **Sedgwick, Richard**, son of Giles Sedgwick, farmer (*firmarii*), Yorks; born at Dent near Sedbergh; school, Sedbergh (Dr Saunders and Mr Broxholme); admitted sizar, tutor and surety 30 Mr Wrigley, June 29, aet. 19.

(39) **Allen, Philip**, son of John Allen, farmer (*firmarii*), Yorks; born at Snairholme; school, Sedbergh (Dr Saunders and Mr Broxholme); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, June 29, aet. 19.

(40) **Mason, William**, son of William Mason, clerk, Yorks; born at Hull; bred there (Mr Blyth); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, July 1, aet. 17.

(41) **Norris, Samuel**, A.B. of Brasenose College, Oxford; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Wrigley, July 2.

(42) **Dinham, Samuel**, son of John Dinham, medical man (*medici*), Lincolnshire; born at Spalding; school, Eton (Dr George); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Tunstall, July 3, aet. 18.

(43) **Clive, Robert**, son of Benjamin Clive, clerk, Salop; born at Atherley; bred at Drayton (Mr Burslam); admitted pensioner, 45 tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, July 3, aet. 19.

(44) **Reynolds, Richard**, son of George Reynolds, Archdeacon of Lincoln, Lincolnshire; born at Buckden; bred at Lincoln (Mr

Goodall) ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Tunstall, July 6, aet. 15.

[Admissions in the year $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c. } 4 \\ \text{p. } 18 \\ \text{s. } 22 \end{array} \right\}$ 44.]

JULY 1742—JULY 1743

Admissiones a Julii 9no. 1742

(1) **Reynolds, Richard**, son of Richard Reynolds, coal merchant (*mercatoris carbonum*), Northamptonshire ; born at Peterborough ; bred there (Mr Marshall) ; admitted sizar for Mr Hill, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, 9 July, aet. 18.

(2) **Wright, Thomas**, son of Thomas Wright, medical man (*medici*), Hertfordshire ; born at Royston ; bred there (Mr Spearman) ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Rutherforth, 31 July, aet. 16.

(3) **Exley, Tristram**, son of John Exley, wool spinner (*lanifici*), Yorks ; born at Guisley ; bred at Threshfield (Mr Knowles) ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, 27 October, aet. 19.

(4) **Hussey, Thomas**, Sussex ; admitted pensioner, 13 October, 15 1739 ; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherforth, 5 November.

(5) **Wigglesworth, James**, younger son of Henry Wigglesworth, esquire, Yorks ; born at Sladborn ; bred there (Mr Carr) ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, 18 November, aet. 17.

20 (6) **Turner, Exuperius**, son of William Turner, attorney at law, Derbyshire ; born at Derby ; school, Westminster (Dr Nicholls) ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, 22 December, aet. 17.

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(7) **Degulhon, Stephen** ; admitted sizar 20 June 1739 ; admitted 25 pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherforth, 25 January.

(8) **Irish, William**, only son of Samuel Irish, merchant, America ; born in the island of Montserrat, 'ex familia Dorsettensi oriundus' ; bred at Hackney (Mr Graham) ; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherforth, 9 February, aet. 17.

30 (9) **Tong, William**, son of G. (William ?) Tong, fuller (*lanae coactoris*), Yorks ; born at Beverley ; bred there (Mr Clarke) ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, 19 February, aet. 20.

(10) **Turner, Exuperius**, admitted pensioner 2 December ; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, 3 March.

35 (11) **Whalley, John**, son of John Whalley, farmer (*firmaryi*), Yorks ; born at Burlersett ; school, Sedbergh (Mr Broxholme) ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, 5 March, aet. 20.

(12) **Inman, Thomas**, son of John Inman, Yorks; born at Sedbergh; school, Sedbergh (Mr Broxholme); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, 5 March, aet. 18.

(13) **Chambers, William**, son of John Chambers, esquire, Derbyshire; born at Derby; bred there (Mr Winter); admitted 5 pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, 5 March, aet. 18.

(14) **Stubs, James**, son of John Stubs, 'publicani', Richmondshire; born at Middleham; bred at Threshfield (Mr Knowles); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, 16 March, aet. 17.

(15) **Frampton, Thomas**, son of Thomas Frampton, clerk, 10 Wilts; born at Marlborough; bred there (Mr Stone); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherforth, 17 March, aet. 18.

(16) **Reed, James**, son of John Reed, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Yarm; bred at Skorton (Mr Noble); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, 23 March, aet. 18. 15

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(17) **Turner, George**, son of Edward Turner, husbandman (*agricolae*), Leicestershire; born at Harston; school, Peterborough, Northamptonshire (Mr Marshall); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Rutherforth, 26 March, aet. 18.

(18) **Janeway, Jacob**, son of James Janeway, Kent; born at 20 Wootton; school, Canterbury (Mr Munnings); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Rutherforth, April 6, aet. 19.

(19) **Davis, William**, son of Richard Davis, gentleman, Lancashire; born at Exton; bred at Clitheroe (Mr Parke); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, 19 April, aet. 19. 25

(20) **Bishop, Ralph**, son of R. Bishop, clerk, Kent; born at Rochester; bred there by his father; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Rutherforth, 4 May, aet. 17.

(21) **Denson, Thomas**, son of Richard B. (*sic*), husbandman (*agricolae*), Cheshire; born at Wervil; bred at Backford (Robert 30 Denson); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, 6 May, aet. 20.

(22) **Burrow, William**, son of 'G' (William?) Burrow, schoolmaster, Yorks; born at Beverley; bred there (Mr Clarke); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Green, 13 May, aet. 17. 35

(23) **Hassell, Samuel**, son of Thomas Hassell, gentleman, Yorks; born at Thorpe; bred at Beverley (Mr Clarke); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, 16 May, aet. 20.

(24) **Davison, Thomas**; admitted pensioner 27 June, 1740; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Taylor, 21 May. 40

(25) **Langhorn, Thomas**, son of Thomas Langhorn, husbandman (*agricolae*), Westmorland; born at Kendall; bred there (Mr Crackenthorpe); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, 27 May, aet. 19.

(26) **Arnold, William**, son of John Arnold, clerk, Lincolnshire; 45

born at Lincoln ; bred there (Mr Roet) ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Rutherford, 28 May, aet. 17.

(27) **Waring, Thomas Roose**¹, son of Richard Waring, clerk, Herefordshire ; born at Hereford ; school, Shrewsbury (Mr Hotchkis) ;
5 admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherford, 3 June, aet. 18.

(28) **Jackson, Robert**, son of Thomas Jackson, miller (*molen-dinariū*), Yorks ; born at Poclinton ; school, Sedbergh (Mr Broxholme) ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Green, 3 June, aet. 18.

10 (29) **Townley, Richard**, son of R. Townley, esquire, Lancashire ; born at Rochdale ; bred there (Mr Suttcliffe) ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, 15 June, aet. 16.

(30) **Cranwell, John**, son of Tyrell Cranwell, vintner (*oenopolae*), Huntingdonshire ; born at St Ives ; bred at Oakham (Mr Adcock) ;
15 admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Rutherford, 18 June, aet. 17.

(31) **Cholmondely, Thomas**, son of Charles Cholmondely, esquire, Kent ; born at Cheifning ; school, Westminster (Dr Nicolls) ; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherford, 20 June, aet. 17.

20 (32) **Watts, Giles**, son of G. Watts, shopkeeper (*tabernariū*), Sussex ; born at Battle ; bred there (Mr Jenkin) ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, 25 June, aet. 18.

(33) **Downes, Charles**, son of Joseph Downes, clerk, Lancashire ; born at Stockport ; school, Manchester (Mr Brooke) ; admitted
25 pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, 25 June, aet. 17.

(34) **Newton, Isaac**, son of Humphrey Newton, M.D., Lincolnshire ; born at Grantham ; bred there (Mr Bacon) ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Heberden, 25 June, aet. 16.

(35) **Brace, Edward**, son of John Brace, gentleman, Middlesex ;
30 born in London ; school, Shrewsbury (Mr Hotchkiss) ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherford, 27 June, aet. 18.

(36) **Eltoft, Thomas**, son of Thomas Eltoft, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks ; born at Kippax ; bred at Wath (Mr Parnter) ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, 27 June, aet. 19.

35 (37) **Bucknall, John**, son of William Bucknall, medical man (*medici*), Warwickshire ; born at Atherstone ; bred at Harden (Mr Barnard) ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherford, 28 June, aet. 18.

(38) **Nield, Robert**, son of Joseph Nield, shoemaker (*calcearii*),
40 Cheshire ; born at Lea ; bred at Backford (Mr Danson) ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, 29 June, aet. 25.

(39) **Turner, Thomas**, son of Thomas Turner, bailiff (*vilici*), Yorks ; born at Laughton ; school, Sedbergh (Mr Broxholme) ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, 29 June, aet. 20.

45 (40) **Allen, John**, A.B. of Balliol College, Oxford, tutor Mr Rutherford ; admitted pensioner, 1 July.

(41) **Darwin, Robert**, son of Robert Darwin, barrister (*cau-*

¹ A Thomas Roos Waring graduated A.B. 1747.

sidici), Notts; born at Elston; bred at Chesterfield (Mr Burrow); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Wrigley, 1 July, aet. 19.

[Admissions in the year $\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c. } 5 \\ \text{p. } 14 \\ \text{s. } 22 \end{array} \right\} 41^1.$]

JULY 1743—JULY 1744

Admissiones a Julii 8vo. 1743

(1) **Dade, John**, son of J. Dade, M.D., Suffolk; born at Ipswich; bred at Monk-Soham (Mr Ray); admitted pensioner, tutor and 5 surety Mr Tunstall, 13 July, aet. 17.

(2) **Gough, Thomas**, admitted pensioner 26 May, 1738; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherforth, 2 September.

(3) **Broome, Charles John**, son of William Broome, D.D., Suffolk; born at Storston; school, Bury St Edmunds (Mr Kinsman); 10 admitted pensioner, tutor and surety, Mr Rutherforth, 1 November, aet. 17.

(4) **Lynch, William**, son of Edward Lynch, esquire, Suffolk; born at Ipswich; bred there (Mr Bolton); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Tunstall, 2 November, aet. 17.

(5) **Rich, Edward Temple**, son of Edward Pickering Rich, 15 clerk, Gloucestershire; born at North Sanew; school, Manchester (Mr Brook); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherforth, 3 November, aet. 17.

(6) **Robinson, John**, son of J. Robinson, gentleman, Cumberland; 20 born at Watermilloes; bred at Barton, Westmorland (Mr Wilson); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Tunstall, 9 November, aet. 21.

(7) **Prowse, John**, son of Charles Prowse, barrister (*causidici*), Somersetshire; born at Oldclive; bred at Wells (Mr Wheeler); 25 admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherforth, 23 November, aet. 17.

(8) **Downes, Henry**, admitted sizar, 30 June, 1740; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Tunstall, 24 November.

(9) **Saunders, Joseph**, son of John Saunders, Wiltshire; born 30 at Marlborough; bred there (Mr Stone); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Tunstall, 26 November, aet. 19.

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(10) **Bate, Chambers**, Derbyshire; admitted pensioner, 11 November, 1741; admitted fellow commoner, 16 January, tutor and surety Mr Tunstall.

(11) **Blount, George**, son of Richard Blount, merchant (*mercatoris*) Middlesex; born in London; school, Eton (Mr Cook);

¹ Including readmissions.

admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherford, 16 January, aet. 20.

(12) **Wilmott, Francis Ballidon**, son of Edward Wilmott, barrister (*causidici*), Derbyshire; born at Trisley; bred at Ripton, 5 Derbyshire (Mr Astley); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Tunstall, 19 February, aet. 19.

(13) **Wilmott, Richard**, aet. 18, 'cum praedicto fratre in caeteris omnibus concordat'.

(14) **Barry, Richard**, son of Richard Barry, clerk, Wiltshire; 10 born in Wiley; bred first at Warminster, Wiltshire (Mr Barry), and then at Bristol, Somersetshire (Mr Harris); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Rutherford, 29 February, aet. 17.

(15) **Chichester, Henry**, son of Edward Chichester, clerk, Devonshire; born in Berry-Herbert; bred first at Kilmerston, 15 Somerset (Mr Hughes) then at Bridgewater (Mr Burroughs) and lastly at Peckham, Surrey (Mr Milner); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherford, 3 March, aet. 'fere' 20.

(16) **Clarke, William**, son of William Clarke, mercer (*merciarii*), Derbyshire; born in Chesterfield; bred there (Mr Burrow); admitted 20 sizar for Mr Burrow, tutor and surety Mr Tunstall, 21 March, aet. 18.

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(17) **Vaughan, Richard**, son of John Vaughan, gentleman, Essex; born in Shenfield; bred first at Brentwood, Essex (Mr Morris), then in London in his father's house (Mr Mattaire); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Tunstall, 31 March, aet. 18.

25 (18) **Beadon, Edward**, son of Robert Beadon, freeholder (*suum fundum colentis*), Somerset; born in Brushford; bred at Bampton, Devonshire (Mr Wood); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherford, 2 April, aet. 15.

(19) **Lucas, Robert Tristram**, son of Robert Lucas, gentleman, 30 Devonshire; born in Bampton; bred there (Mr Wood); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherford, 2 April, aet. 17.

(20) **Leybourne, William**, Yorks; admitted sizar, 11 March, 174⁴/₁; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherford, 2 April.

(21) **White, Thomas**, son of John White, clerk, Suffolk; born in 35 Neyland; bred at Colchester (Mr Smythies); admitted sizar for Mr Powell, tutor and surety Mr Tunstall, 4 April, aet. 18.

(22) **Thomas, Noah**, Llandaff; admitted pensioner, 18 July, 1738; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherford, 12 April.

40 (23) **Dockwray, Thomas**, son of Josiah Dockwray, fish curer (*salarii*), Durham; born at Wolverston; bred at Newcastle (Mr Dawes); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherford, 30 April, aet. 18.

(24) **Townshend, Thomas**, son of Thomas Townshend, clerk, 45 Lincolnshire; born in Pinchbeck; bred at Spaldwin (*sic*) (Mr Whiting);

admitted sizar for Mr Powell, tutor and surety Mr Tunstall, 9 May, aet. 17.

(25) **Chisnall, John**, son of John Chisnall, husbandman (*agricolae*), Lancashire; born at Welsh Whittle; bred at Rivington (Mr Norcross); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Tunstall, 5 11 May, aet. 20.

(26) **Meddowcroft, Richard**, son of Thomas Meddowcroft, husbandman (*agricolae*), Lancashire; born at Bury; bred there (Mr Lister); admitted sizar for Mr Ogden, tutor and surety Mr Tunstall, 16 May, aet. 19.

(27) **Knowlton, Charles**, son of Thomas Knowlton, gardener (*hortulani*), Yorks; born at Londesborough 'in Orientali comitatus Eboracensis Divisione'; bred at Coxwold (Mr Midgley); admitted sizar for Mr Holme, tutor and surety Mr Tunstall, 16 May, aet. 16 years, six months.

(28) **Johnson, Jonathan**, son of William Johnson, glover (*chirothecarii*), Cheshire; born in the city of Chester; bred at the King's School, Chester (Mr Henchman) 3 years, then at home (Mr Aldcroft); admitted sizar for Mr Cardale, tutor and surety Mr Tunstall, 17 May, aet. 20 years, 10 months.

(29) **Robinson, William**, son of John Robinson, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Carperley, 'septentrionali comitatus divisione'; bred first at Bainbridge (Mr Clapham) then at Sedbergh school (Mr Broxholme) one year; admitted sizar, for Mr Holme, tutor and surety Mr Tunstall, 21 May, aet. 20.

(30) **Ilderton, Francis**, son of Thomas Ilderton, gentleman, Northumberland; born at Peilton Banks near Alnwick; bred at Wooller (Mr Lithgow); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherford, 25 May, aet. 19.

(31) **Clarke, John**; born in London; school, Canterbury (Mr Monins); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Rutherford, 28 May, aet. 'fere' 19.

(32) **Tompson, Isaac Newton**, son of Carrier Tompson, gentleman, Hunts; born at Stanground near Peterborough; bred at Markett Street, Herts and Beds (Dr Pitman); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherford, 29 May, aet. 18.

(33) **Morton, John**, son of Robert Morton, clerk, Lincolnshire; born at Waddington; bred at Lincoln (first Mr Goodall, then Mr Rolt for nearly two years); admitted sizar for Mr Bugg, tutor and surety Mr Rutherford, 30 May, aet. 17 years, six months.

(34) **Browne, Timothy**, son of Timothy Browne, gentleman, Sussex; born at Lindfield; school, Winchester (Dr Burton); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherford, 1 June, aet. 21.

(35) **Newling, Charles**, son of Adam Newling, clerk, Salop; born at Montfort; school, Shrewsbury (Mr Hotchkiss); admitted sizar for Dr Tayler, tutor and surety Mr Rutherford, 16 June, aet. 18.

(36) **Cotton, Robert**, son of Thomas Cotton, iron founder

(*fusoris ferrarii*), Staffordshire; born at Daddlespool; bred at Shrewsbury (Mr Parry); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherforth, 18 June, aet. 18.

(37) **Price, Morgan**, son of William Price, clerk, Glamorganshire; 5 born at Llandaff; bred at Hereford (Mr Willim); admitted sizar for Mr Ross, tutor and surety Mr Rutherforth, 20 June, aet. 18.

(38) **Fellowes, William**, son of Coulson Fellowes, gentleman; born in London; bred at Dalston near Hackney, Middlesex (Mr Graham); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Ruther-
10 forth, 26 June, aet. 17.

(39) **Learoyd, Richard**, son of Abraham Learoyd, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Soyland; bred at Rushworth (Mr Wadsworth); admitted sizar for Mr Barnard, tutor and surety Mr Tunstall, 28 June, aet. 20.

15 (40) **Smith, Joshua**, son of Joshua Smith, grocer (*aromatarii*), Yorks; born at Bingley; bred at Bradford (Mr Butler); admitted sizar for Mr Holme, tutor and surety Mr Tunstall, 28 June, aet. 18.

(41) **Gisborne, Thomas**, son of James Gisborne, clerk, Derbyshire; born at Staveley; bred there (Mr Robinson); admitted pen-
20 sioner, tutor and surety Mr Tunstall, 28 June, aet. 18.

(42) **Hancock, Benjamin**, son of Benjamin Hancock, clerk, Somersetsire; born at Portbury; bred at Wellas (Mr Bryan); admitted sizar, for Mr Barnard, tutor and surety Mr Rutherforth, 30 June, aet. 19.

25 (43) **Wragge, James King**, son of William Wragge, clerk, Leicestershire; born at Gaulby; bred at Atherstone, Warwickshire (Mr Shaw); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Tunstall, 30 June, aet. past 19.

(44) **Jackson, Simon**, son of Simon Jackson, merchant, Cheshire; 30 born in Chester; school, Bury, Lancashire (Mr Lister); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Tunstall, 30 June, aet. 16.

(45) **Bleasdale, Laurence**, son of Giles Bleasdale, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born 'in saltu de Bolland'; bred at Thresfield (Mr Knowles); admitted sizar for Mr Holme, tutor and surety
35 Dr Tunstall, 2 July, aet. 19.

(46) **Smith, William**, son of William Smith, clerk, Norfolk; born at Harleston; school, Bury, Suffolk (Mr Kinsman); admitted sizar for Mr Burnaby, tutor and surety Mr Rutherforth, 2 July, aet. 18.

40 (47) **Powell, Walpole Clinch**, son of Watson Powel (*sic*), gentleman, Hunts; born at Hilton; bred first at Ely, Cambridgeshire (Mr Gunning), then at Kimbolton, Hunts (Dr Owen); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Tunstall, 5 July, aet. 17.

[Admissions in the year $\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c. 6} \\ \text{p. 24} \\ \text{s. 17} \end{array} \right\} 47.]$

JULY 1744—JULY 1745.

Admissiones a Jul. 6to. 1744.

(1) **Appleton, John**, son of John Appleton, clerk, Salop; born at Wem; bred there by his father; admitted sizar for Mr Salisbury, tutor and surety Mr Rutherford, 7 July, aet. 19.

(2) **Herbert, Thomas**, son of Edward Herbert, gentleman, Ireland, mother's county, Middlesex; born at Killerny, county Kerry; 5 bred at Hackney, Middlesex (Mr Graham); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherford, 12 July, aet. 17.

(3) **Leybourne, Henry**, son of Henry Leybourne, clerk, Yorks; born at Everingham; school, Pocklington (Mr Robinson); admitted sizar for Mr Weston, tutor and surety Mr Rutherford, 13 October, 10 aet. 16.

(4) **Massey, William**, son of Roger Massey, linen-draper (*linterarii*), Cheshire; born in Chester; bred first at Tarvin, Cheshire (Mr Thomason) 6 years, then at Rythen, Denbighshire (Mr Hughes), 3 years; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherford, 15 22 October, aet. past 17.

(5) **Ashton, James**, son of Aaron Ashton, wig-maker (*peru-carum opificis*), London; school, Westminster (Dr Nichols); admitted sizar for Mr Morgan, tutor and surety Mr Rutherford, 30 October, aet. past 16. 20

(6) **Cecil, Brownlowe**, Lord Burleigh, eldest son of Brownlowe, Earl of Exeter; born at Burleigh House; school, Winchester (Dr Burton); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Powel, 9 November, aet. 19.

174 $\frac{4}{5}$.

(7) **Mangey, John**, son of the Rev. Thomas Mangey, D.D., 25 Middlesex; born at Ealing; school, Westminster (Dr Nichols); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherford, 10 January, aet. 17.

(8) **Gill, John**, son of Peter Gill, butcher (*lanii*), Kent; born in Canterbury; The King's School, Canterbury (Mr Monins); admitted 30 sizar for Mr Rowse, tutor and surety Mr Rutherford, 2 February, aet. past 19.

(9) **Mostyn, Roger**, 'Bangoriensis', A.M. of Christ's College; admitted fellow commoner, surety Mr Rutherford, 12 February.

1745.

(10) **Myres, Charles**, son of Christopher Myres, attorney at 35 law, Yorks; born at Beverley; bred there (Mr Clarke); admitted sizar for Mr Austin, tutor and surety Mr Powel, 25 March, aet. 18.

(11) **Sedgwick, Edward**, son of Edward Sedgwick, gentleman, Kent; born at Langley near Maidstone; bred at Sutton, Kent

(Mr Clendon); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powel, 1 April, act. 'fere' 19.

(12) **Seddon, Thomas**, son of John Seddon, merchant, Lancashire; born in Manchester; school, Manchester (Mr Brooke); 5 admitted sizar for Mr Wilson, tutor and surety Mr Powel, 4 April, act. 18.

(13) **Waring, Walter**, son of Robert Waring, gentleman, Salop; born at Owlbury; school, Shrewsbury (Mr Hotchkiss); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherforth, 8 April, act. 18.

10 (14) **Williamson, William**, son of Joseph Williamson, clerk, Yorks; born at Leathley, West Riding; bred at Beverley (Mr Clarke) nearly five years, then at Threshfield (Mr Knowles) two years; admitted sizar for Mr Ogden, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 26 April, act. 20.

15 (15) **Ekins, Randolph**, Middlesex; admitted pensioner, 19 June, 1740; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Rutherforth, 6 May.

(16) **Ludlam, Thomas**, son of Richard Ludlam, medical man (*medici*), Leicestershire; born in Leicester; school, Leicester (Mr 20 Andrews); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 9 May, act. 18.

(17) **Briscoe, Benjamin**, son of Benjamin Briscoe, surgeon, Warwickshire; born at Stourbridge; bred there (Mr Hancock) four years, then at Repton (Mr Astley) one year; admitted sizar 25 for Mr Cardale, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 29 May, act. 18.

(18) **Howdell, William**, son of William Howdell, clerk, Kent; born at Staple near Sandwich; bred at Beverley, Yorks (Mr Clarke); admitted sizar for Mr Austin, tutor and surety Mr Powel, 7 June, act. 17.

30 (19) **Potter, Charles**, son of Charles Potter, clerk, Dorsetshire; born in Dorchester; schools, first Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk (Mr Kinsman) half a year, then Oakham, Rutland (Mr Adcock) six years; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherforth, 7 June, act. 17.

35 (20) **Abdy, Stotherd**, son of Sir William Abdy, Baronet, London; bred at Felsted, Essex (Mr Wyatt); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherforth, 15 June, act. 'fere' 17.

(21) **Clarke, Ralph**, son of Ralph Clarke, surgeon-druggist (*pharmacopolae et chirurgi*), Lincolnshire; born at Grantam; bred 40 there (Mr Bacon); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherforth, 17 June, act. 16.

(22) **Fairfax, Cecil Jacques**, son of George Fairfax, clerk, Lincolnshire; born at Washingborough near Lincoln; bred at Beverley, Yorks (Mr Clarke); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Ruther- 45 forth, 19 June, act. 18.

(23) **Lee, John**, son of William Lee, goldsmith, Leicestershire; born in Leicester; bred there (Mr Andrews); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 19 June, act. 18.

(24) **Todd, John**, son of Abraham Todd, clerk, Yorks; born at Fishlake near Doncaster; bred at Scorton (Mr Noble); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 21 June, aet. 18.

Memorandum quod idem Johannes Todd literas secum attulit de admissione sua in Coll. Sti. Petri termino Novembris proxime elapsi, 5 et de venia sibi concessa ad aliud quodeunque Collegium migrandi, signatas a

Coll. Sti. Petri
June 20, 1745.

Johanne Whalley, Praefecto.
P. Nourse, Decan. Dep.
M. Smith, Praelect. Dep.

10

(25) **Bird, Samuel**, son of Samuel Bird, clerk, Notts; born at Southwell; schools, Southwell (Mr Bugg) seven years, then Beverley, Yorks (Mr Clarke) one year; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 26 June, aet. 18.

(26) **Shan, John**, son of John Shan, clerk, Leicestershire; born 15 at Thorpe near Loughborough; bred first at Appleby, Leicestershire (Mr Martin), then at Oakham, Rutland (Mr Adcock); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 27 June, aet. 18.

(27) **Cooch, Thomas**, son of Thomas Cooch, gentleman, Essex; born at Burnham; bred at Felsted (Mr Wyatt); admitted pensioner, 20 tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 28 June, aet. 18.

(28) **Wood, William**, son of Thomas Wood, clerk, Devonshire; born at Bampton; educated there by his father; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 29 June, aet. 17.

(29) **Breton, Robert**, son of Moyle Breton, gentleman, Kent; 25 born at Kennington; bred at Ashford (Mr Bate); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 29 June, aet. 19.

(30) **Lewis, Rowland**, son of George Lewis, clerk, Kent; born at Westram; school, Westminster (Dr Nichols); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 1 July, aet. 18.

30

(31) **Daston, Richard**, son of Richard Daston, gentleman, Cambridgeshire; born at Isleham; school, Bury (Mr Kinsman); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 2 July, aet. 18.

(32) **Markham, Robert**, son of Ralph Markham, clerk, Cheshire; 35 born at Tarporley; bred at Tarvin (Mr Thomasen) and then at Davenham (Mr Eaton), both in Cheshire; admitted sizar for Mr Beresford, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 4 July, aet. 18.

[Admissions in the year $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c. 4} \\ \text{p. 18} \\ \text{s. 10} \end{array} \right\}$ 32.]

JULY 1745—JULY 1746.

Admissiones a Jul. 5. 1745.

(1) **Herbert, Edward**, son of Edward Herbert, gentleman, 40 Ireland, mother's county Middlesex; born at Muckruss, county

Kerry; bred at Killerny (Mr Power); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 23 July, aet. 17.

(2) **Hatton, Sir Thomas**, Baronet, son of Sir John Hatton, Cambridgeshire; born at Melbourne; bred at Bishop Stortford, 5 Herts (Mr Mall); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 8 October, aet. 17.

(3) **Woolright, Thomas**, son of Joseph Woolright, grocer (*aromatarii*), Gloucestershire; born at Wotton under hedge; school, Manchester (Mr Brook) for more than one whole year; admitted 10 sizar for Mr Copley, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 24 October, aet. 17.

(4) **Morris, John**, son of Ralph Morris, husbandman (*agricolae*), Lancashire; born at Withnall; bred first at Blackburne (Mr Hunter), then at Manchester school (Mr Brooke) one year, both in Lancashire; 15 admitted sizar for Mr Johnston, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 2 November.

(5) **Pomfret, Robert**, son of Benjamin Pomfret, lawyer (*juris consulti*), Bucks; born at Newport Pagnell; bred at Oakham, Rutland (Mr Adcock); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr 20 Rutherford, 4 November, aet. past 16.

174 $\frac{5}{8}$.

(6) **Vaux, Thomas**, son of Thomas Vaux, gentleman, Bedfordshire; born at Whipsnade; bred at Harden, Herts (Mr Bernard); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 15 January, aet. 'fere' 18.

25 (7) **Wright, Martin**, son of Martin Wright, 'Regii Prætoris in aula Westmonasteriensi,' Middlesex; born in London; school, Eton (Dr George and Mr Cooke); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 17 January, aet. 19.

(8) **Lamb, John Taylor**, son of William Lamb, clerk, Sussex; 30 born at Ditcherling; bred at Stretham, Surrey (Mr Talbot); admitted sizar for Mr Holme, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 17 January, aet. 'fere' 19.

(9) **Brinkley, John**, son of William Brinkley, attorney at law, Suffolk; born at Bury St Edmunds; school, Bury St Edmunds 35 (Mr Kinsman); admitted sizar for Mr Alvis, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 18 January, aet. 19.

(10) **Bell, John**, Suffolk; admitted sizar, 22 December 1741; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 13 February.

(11) **Wragg, William**, son of William Wragg, clerk, Leicester- 40 shire; born at Galbye; school, Leicester (Mr Andrews); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 15 February, aet. 18.

(12) **Cox, Edward**, son of Edward Cox, gentleman, Dorset; born at West Tower; bred at Brewton, Somerset (Mr Goldesborough); admitted sizar for Mr Green, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 15 March, 45 aet. past 17.

(13) **Samber, James Sterling**, formerly admitted pensioner ; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 17 March.

(14) **Dearling, William**, son of John Dearling, Sussex ; born in the city of Chichester ; school, Bury, Lancashire (Mr Lister) ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 18 March, act. 5 past 20.

(15) **Walker, Thomas**, son of Thomas Walker, freeholder (*fundum suum colentis*), Yorks ; born near Guisly ; bred at Skipton (Mr Wilkinson) ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 20 March, act. past 17.

10

(16) **Pratt, John**, son of Simon Pratt, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks ; born at Askrigg ; bred at Skipton (Mr Wilkinson) ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 20 March, act. past 17.

(17) **Southgate, Richard**, son of William Southgate, husbandman (*agricolae*), Hunts ; born at Alwalton ; bred at Peterborough (Mr Marshal) ; admitted sizar for Mr Morgan, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 21 March, act. 17.

15

1746.

(18) **Heathcote, Thornhil**, son of Samuel Heathcote, attorney at law, Derbyshire ; born in Derby ; school, Derby (Mr Winter) ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 25 March, act. 18.

20

(19) **Fenwick, George**, son of G. Fenwick, clerk, Northamptonshire ; born at Carlton ; bred at Oakham, Rutland (Mr Adcock) ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 9 April, act. 17.

(20) **Curwen, Henry**, son of Eldred Curwen, esquire, Cumberland ; born at Workington near Cockermouth ; school, Eton (Mr Cook and Dr Sommer) ; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Richardson, 10 April, act. 17.

25

(21) **Stoney, Joseph**, son of Thomas Stoney, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks ; born at Patley Bridge near Rippon ; bred at Threshfield (Mr Knowles) ; admitted sizar for Mr Bateman, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 10 April, act. past 19.

30

(22) **Haselem, Edward**, son of Edward Haselem, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks ; born at Grassington near Skipton ; bred at Threshfield (Mr Knowles) ; admitted sizar for Mr Cardale, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 10 April, act. past 19.

35

(23) **Hazeland, William**, son of 'G' (William ?) Hazeland, baker (*pistoris*), Wiltshire ; born at Wilcott ; bred at Marlborough (Mr Stone) ; admitted sizar for Mr Balguy, tutor and surety Mr Powell, May, act. past 15.

40

(24) **Dod, Robert**, son of J. Dod, Ireland ; bred at Wem (Mr Appleton) ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 13 May, act. 19.

(25) **Hancorn, Richard**, son of Richard Hancorn, Herefordshire ; born at Whitney ; bred at Hereford (Mr Willim) ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 14 May, act. past 18.

45

(26) **Fox, John**, son of J. Fox, clerk, Yorks; born at Donaster (*sic*); bred at Beverley (Mr Clerke); admitted sizar for Mr Brooke, tutor and surety Dr Rutherforth, 19 May, aet. past 17.

(27) **Williams, William**, son of Grif. Williams, husbandman 5 (*agricolae*), Denbighshire; born at Ruthin; bred there (Mr Hughes); admitted sizar for Mr Ogden, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 21 May, aet. 18.

(28) **Matthews, Richard**, son of John Matthews, lawyer (*jurisperiti*), Middlesex; born in London; bred at Harden, Herts 10 (Mr Barnard); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherforth, 21 May, aet. 17.

(29) **Worge, John**, son of Richard Worge, clerk, Durham; born at Hartlepoole; bred at Croglin, Cumberland (Mr Noble); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherforth, 23 May, aet. 19.

15 (30) **Fowler, Charles**, son of Francis Fowler, mercer (*mercarii*), Notts; born at Southwell; bred there (Mr Bugg); admitted sizar for Mr Fowler, tutor and surety Dr Rutherforth, 23 May, aet. 17.

(31) **Nash, Charles**, son of Gaw. Nash, gentleman, Sussex; born at Petworth; bred first at Petworth, then at Westminster 20 School (Dr Nichols); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 28 May, aet. past 18.

(32) **Cavendish, Honourable George**, second son of William, Duke of Devonshire, Middlesex; born in London; bred at Chesterfield (Mr Burrow); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety 25 Mr Burrow, 29 May, aet. 18.

(33) **Walker, John**, son of James Walker, attorney at law, Yorks; born at Moortown; bred at Leeds (Mr Barnard); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 30 May, aet. 18.

(34) **Sandland, Thomas**, son of Thomas Sandland, maltster 30 (*brasiatoris*), Salop; born at Wem; bred there (Mr Appleton); admitted sizar for Dr Taylor, tutor and surety Dr Rutherforth, 7 June, aet. past 18.

(35) **Hewit, James**, son of William Hewit, steward (*dispensatoris*), Salop; born near Moreton; bred first at Trentham, Staffordshire, then at Wem, Salop (Mr Appleton); admitted pensioner, tutor 35 and surety Dr Rutherforth, 7 June, aet. past 18.

(36) **Chambre, Rowland**, son of Francis Chambre, attorney at law, Salop; born at Petton; bred at Wem (Mr Appleton); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherforth, 7 June, aet. past 18.

40 (37) **Mathews, Toby**, A.B. of Brasenose College, Oxford; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Cardale, 10 June.

(38) **Heathcote, Edward**, son of Ralph Heathcote, clerk, Leicestershire; born at Barrow; bred at Chesterfield (Mr Burrow); admitted sizar for Mr Wilson, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 15 June, 45 aet. past 18.

(39) **Bullock, Richard**, son of Richard Bullock, clerk, Surrey; born at Streatham near Croydon; school, Eton (Dr Somner); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 17 June, aet. past 17.

(40) **Richmond, Richard**, son of Sylvester Richmond, clerk, Lancashire; born at Walton near Liverpool; bred at Chesterfield, Derbyshire (Mr Burrow); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 19 June, aet. 19.

(41) **Green, Henry**, son of R. Green, gentleman, Leicestershire; 5 born at Rolleston; bred first at Uppingham (Mr Hubbard), then at Leicester (Mr Andrews); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 20 June, aet. past 18.

(42) **Cookson, John**, son of John Cookson, maltster (*brasiatoris*), Westmorland; born at Clappergate near Ambleside; school, 10 Sedbergh (Mr Broxholme, then Mr Bateman); admitted sizar for Mr Bernard, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 25 June, aet. past 20.

(43) **Horsefal, Henry**, son of John Horsefal, Yorks; born at Batley near Wakefield; bred at Chesterfield, Derbyshire (Mr Burrow); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 25 June, aet. 15 past 18.

(44) **Bryant, Henry**, son of William Bryant, weaver (*textoris*), Norfolk; born in Norwich; bred there at a private school (Mr Pagan); admitted sizar for Mr Richardson, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 30 June, aet. 22.

(45) **Chasteney, William**, son of John Chasteney, farmer (*firmaryi*), Norfolk; born at Topcroft; the free school Norwich (Mr Bickmer); admitted sizar for Mr Gunning, tutor and surety Dr Rutherforth, 1 July, aet. 18.

(46) **Cobb, John**, son of John Cobb; born at Lynn; bred there 25 (Mr Pigge); admitted sizar for Mr Beavoir, tutor and surety Dr Rutherforth, 4 July, aet. 'fere' 17.

[Admissions in the year $\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c. } 5 \\ \text{p. } 23 \\ \text{s. } 18 \end{array} \right\} 46.$]

JULY 1746—JULY 1747.

Admissiones a Julii 7, 1746.

(1) **Wigley, Henry**, son of Edward Wigley, M.D., Leicestershire; born in Leicester; bred there (Mr Andrews); admitted pensioner, 30 tutor and surety Mr Powell, 8 July, aet. 'fere' 18.

(2) **Edwards, Thomas**, son of Thomas Edwards, clerk, Warwickshire; born at Coventry; bred there (Dr Jackson); admitted sizar for Mr Laxton, tutor and surety Dr Rutherforth, 22 November, aet. past 17.

(3) **Moody, William**, Wiltshire; born at Wilton; school, 35 Eton (Dr Somner); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherforth, 29 November, aet. past 18.

(4) **Parker, Robert**, son of Bannist. Parker, esquire, Lancashire; born at Preston; bred at Chesterfield, Derbyshire (Mr Burrow); 40 admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 1 December, aet. past 18.

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- (5) **Hewthwaite, John**, son of Thomas Hewthwaite, attorney at law, Yorks; born at Pickering near Malton; bred at Threshfield (Mr Knowles); admitted sizar for Mr Ogden, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 13 January, aet. past 18.
- 5 (6) **Weston, Thomas**, son of Richard Weston, lamp seller (*lychnopolae*), Middlesex; born in London; school, Merchant Taylors' (Mr Creicke); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 14 January, aet. past 16.
- 10 (7) **Jackson, Thomas**, son of Thomas Jackson, clerk, Yorks; born at Hedon; bred at Beverley (Mr Clarke); admitted sizar for Mr Holme, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 26 January, aet. past 19.
- 15 (8) **Robinson, William**, son of Matthew Robinson, esquire, Cambridgeshire; born in Cambridge; school, Westminster (Dr Nichols); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 4 February, aet. 18.
- 20 (9) **Wilson, John**, son of Thomas Wilson, attorney at law, Westmorland; born at Kendal; school, Eton (Dr Somner); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 15 February, aet. past 19.
- (10) **Barbor, George**, son of Robert Barbor, attorney at law, Middlesex; born in London; school, Westminster (Dr Nichols); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 17 February.
- 25 (11) **Fetherstonhaugh, Ulrick**, Middlesex, A.B. of Trinity College, Oxford; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 18 March.
- (12) **Amory, Robert**, Ireland, father's county, Middlesex; school, Westminster (Dr Nichols); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 23 March, aet. past 15.

1747.

- 30 (13) **Norcross, John**, son of John Norcross, clerk, Lancashire; born at Rivington near Chorlay; bred by his father; admitted sizar for Mr Johnston, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 1 April, aet. past 19.
- (14) **Myres, John**, son of John Myres, clerk, Richmondshire; born at Langton; bred at Scorton (Mr Noble); admitted sizar 35 for Mr Balguy, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 7 April, aet. past 17.
- (15) **Walton, Bannister**, son of Henry Walton, esquire, Lancashire; born at Marsden near Colne; bred at Chesterfield, Derbyshire (Mr Burrow); admitted fellow-commoner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 9 April, aet. past 19.
- 40 (16) **Barlow, John**, son of John Barlow, woolweaver (*lanifici*), Lancashire; born at Water near Bury; bred there (Mr Lister); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 10 April, aet. past 18.

(17) **Image, John**, son of Charles Image, wigmaker (*perucarum artificis*), Northamptonshire; born at Peterborough; bred there (Mr Marshal); admitted sizar for Mr Laxton, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 12 April, aet. 17.

(18) **Holmes, Richard**, son of Henry Holmes, druggist (*pharmacopola*), Derbyshire; born at Derby; bred at Mansfield, Notts (Mr Depleidge); admitted sizar for Mr Brooke, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 30 April, aet. past 16.

(19) **Hankey, Henry**, son of Sir Joseph Hankey, knight, Middlesex; born in London; bred at Dedham, Essex (Mr Grimwood); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 25 May, aet. past 17.

(20) **Davis, George**, son of James Davis, gentleman, Berks; born at Hare Hatch; school, Westminster (Dr Nichols); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 25 May, aet. past 18. 15

(21) **Canning, John**, son of William Canning, farmer (*firmarii*), Essex; born at Henham; bred at Bishop Stortford, Herts (Mr Maul); admitted sizar for Mr Ogden, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 28 May, aet. 'fere' 19.

(22) **Fletcher, George**, son of George Fletcher, clerk, Derbyshire; born at Repington; bred there (Mr Astley); admitted sizar for Mr Beavoir, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 1 June, aet. past 18. 20

(23) **Metcalf, Thomas**, son of Marmaduke Metcalf, tax-collector (*exactoris tributi*), Kent; born at Littlebourn near Canterbury; bred first at Battle, then at Ukfield, Sussex (Mr Jernison); admitted sizar for Mr Bugg, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 1 June. 25

(24) **Fielde, Thomas**, son of Thomas Fielde, clerk, Derbyshire; born at Wingfelde near Chesterfield; bred at Tipshall (Mr Edwards); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 5 June, aet. 17. 30

(25) **Bell, Samuel**, son of Matthew Bell, clerk, Suffolk; born at Clare; bred at Lavenham (Mr Smithies); admitted sizar for Mr Austin, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 5 June, aet. past 19. 35

(26) **Manlove, Thomas**, son of Joseph Manlove, clerk, Derbyshire; born at Churchbroughton; bred at Hereford (Mr Willim); admitted sizar for Mr Bernard, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 10 June, aet. past 18.

(27) **Chevalier, John**, son of Nathaniel Chevalier, clerk, Rutlandshire; born at Castraton; bred at Stamford, Lincolnshire (Mr Reed); admitted sizar for Mr Robinson, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 10 June, aet. past 17.

(28) **Gunning, Francis**, son of Henry Gunning, clerk, Cambridge-shire; born in the city of Ely; bred there by his father; admitted sizar for Mr Gunning, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 13 June, aet. past 17. 45

(29) **Hood, Arthur William**, son of Samuel Hood, clerk,

Somersetshire; born at Butleigh near Soberton; bred at Ilminster (Mr Davies); admitted sizar for Mr Brooke, tutor and surety Dr Rutherforth.

(30) **Tomlins, William**, A.B. of St Mary's Hall, Oxford, admitted 2 July, sponsor Dr Rutherforth.

(31) **Graham, William**, son of Charles Graham, clerk, Middlesex; born at Tottenham; school, Charterhouse (Mr Hotchkis); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherforth, 8 July, aet. 'fere' 17.

10 (32) **Russel, John**, son of John Russel, clerk, Lincolnshire; born at Fiskerton; school, Peterborough (Mr Marshal); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherforth, 9 July, aet. past 16.

[Admissions in the year $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c. } 2 \\ \text{p. } 15 \\ \text{s. } 15 \end{array} \right\} 32.]$

JULY 1747—JULY 1748.

Admissiones a Jul. 1747.

(1) **Symonds, John**, son of John Symonds, D.D., Suffolk; born 15 at Horringer; school, Bury (Mr Kinsman and Mr Garnham); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherforth, 11 July, aet. past 17.

(2) **Prat, John**, son of George Prat, clerk, Kent, from Pembroke College, Oxford; admitted sizar for Mr Lypeeat, tutor and 20 surety Mr Powell, 9 October.

(3) **Smith, William**, son of William Smith, grocer (*aromatarii*), Middlesex; born in London; school, Eton (Dr Somner); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherforth, 23 October, aet. past 16.

25 (4) **Bacon, Michael**, son of Michael Bacon, farmer (*firmarii*), Yorks; born at Selby; school, Sedbergh (Mr Bateman); admitted sizar for Mr Bernard, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 31 October, aet. past 17.

(5) **Lowndes, Thomas**, Middlesex, formerly admitted pensioner; 30 admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherforth, 19 November.

(6) **Barbor, George**, Middlesex, formerly admitted pensioner; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherforth, 19 November.

35 (7) **Ellis, William**, son of Henry Ellis, alehouse keeper (*cervisiarii*), Middlesex; born at Wapping; school, Merchant Taylors' (Mr Creicke); admitted sizar for Mr Richardson, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 19 November, aet. past 17.

(8) **Barber, John**, A.B. of St John's College, Oxford; admitted 40 pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 1 December.

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(9) **Wingfield, Borlace**, son of B. Wingfield, gentleman, Salop; born at Preston Brockhurst; school, Shrewsbury (Mr Hotchkis); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherforth, 4 January, aet. past 18.

(10) **Clements, John**, A.B. of Corpus Christi College, Oxford; 5 admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Ludlam, 26 January.

(11) **Bean, Reginald**, son of Reginald Bean, clerk, Somerset; born at North-perrot; bred at Crewkerne (Mr Hare); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Laxton, 29 January, aet. past 16.

(12) **Cornish, Robert**, son of John Cornish, gentleman, Somers- 10 set; born at Yarlinton near Bruton; bred there (Mr Goldsborough); admitted sizar for Mr Lyppeat, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 5 January (*sic*), aet. past 18.

(13) **Hallows, John**, son of Thomas Hallows, esquire, Derbyshire; born at Glapwell; bred at Chesterfield (Mr Burrows); ad- 15 mitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 3 March, aet. past 18.

(14) **Ryley, John**, son of James Ryley, clerk, Lancashire; born at Chorley; school, Manchester (Mr Brooke); admitted sizar for Mr Holme, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 17 March, aet. past 18. 20

(15) **Wright, Joseph**, son of Joseph Wright, taxgatherer (*tributi exactoris*), Lancashire; born at Newton near Warrington; school, Manchester (Mr Brooke); admitted sizar for Mr Cardale, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 12 March, aet. past 18.

(16) **Vanbrugh, Robert**, son of George Vanbrugh, gentleman, 25 Middlesex; born in London; school, Sedbergh (Mr Bateman); admitted sizar for Mr Tennant, tutor and surety Dr Rutherforth, 17 March, aet. past 19.

(17) **Byass, William**, son of Thomas Byass, 'plebei,' Yorks; born at Pocklington; bred there (Mr Robinson); admitted sizar 30 'pro eodem,' tutor and surety Mr Powell, 18 March, aet. past 17.

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(18) **Taylor, Herbert**, son of Herbert Taylor, formerly fellow of the College, Kent; born at Bifrons in the parish of Patricksbourne; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 30 March.

(19) **King, Talbot**, son of Alexander King, clerk, Beds; born 35 at Souldrop; bred by his father at home; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherforth, 5 April, aet. past 16.

(20) **Haslehurst, Joseph**, son of Joseph Haslehurst, clerk, Notts; born at Ireswell; bred by his father at Market Raising, Lincolnshire; admitted sizar for Mr Hutchinson, tutor and surety 40 Dr Rutherforth, 26 April, aet. past 18.

(21) **Harrap, Job**, son of John Harrap, blacksmith (*fabri ferrarii*), Yorks; born at Osset near Wakefield; bred at Risworth

(Mr Wadsworth); admitted sizar for Mr Richardson, tutor and surety Mr Powell.

(22) **Ford, John**, son of Richard Ford, metal founder (*fusoris*), Lancashire; born at Cansery near Hawkshead; school, Sedbergh, 5 Yorks (Mr Bateman); admitted sizar for Mr Bernard, tutor and surety, Mr Powell, 18 May, aet. past 19.

(23) **Downes, Charles**, formerly admitted pensioner, admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 18 May.

(24) **Parker, Edward**, son of John Parker, esquire, Middlesex; 10 born in London; school, Bury, Suffolk; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 19 May, aet. past 16.

(25) **Clarke, Edward**, son of William Clarke, clerk, and formerly fellow of the College, Sussex; born at Buxtead; school, Winchester (Dr Burton); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr 15 Rutherford, 23 May, aet. past 18.

(26) **Hastings, Theophilus Henry**, son of Henry Hastings, shoemaker (*caligarii*), Leicestershire; born at Lutterworth; school, Leeds (Mr Barnard); admitted sizar for Mr Barnard, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 25 May.

20 (27) **Dodsworth, Francis**, Richmondshire; born at Thornton, Watlass; bred first at Beverley, then at Sedbergh School (Mr Bateman); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 1 June, aet. 17.

(28) **Lynch, William**, son of John Lynch, D.D., and Dean of Canterbury, Surrey; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety 25 Dr Rutherford, 30 May.

(29) **Langley, Thomas**, son of Thomas Langley, maltster (*brasiatoris*), Lincolnshire; born at Grantham; bred there (Mr Bacon); admitted sizar for Mr Basket, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 6 June, aet. past 18.

30 (30) **Frank, Thomas**, son of Walter Frank, clerk, Kent; born at Chatham; bred at the King's School, Rochester (Mr Soan); admitted sizar for Mr Ludlam, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 6 June, aet. 18.

(31) **Ekins, George**, son of George Ekins, attorney at law, 35 Northamptonshire; born at Wellingborough; bred first at Oakham, then at Wellingborough (Mr Holme); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 7 June, aet. past 16.

(32) **Holme, Thomas**, son of Thomas Holme, clerk, Lancashire; born at Kirkby-Irelyth in Furness; bred by his father at Welling- 40 borough; admitted sizar for Mr Wilson, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 7 June, aet. past 15.

(33) **Thompson, Thomas**, son of Thomas Thompson, furrier (*pellionis*), Yorks; born at Beverley; bred there (Mr Clark); admitted sizar for Mr Green, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 9 June, aet. 45 past 16.

(34) **Lloyd, Richard Savage**, elder son of Sir Richard Lloyd, Knight, Suffolk; born at Ipswich; school, Eton; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 10 June, aet. 18.

(35) **Johnson, Thomas**, son of Thomas Johnson, draper (*pan-norum mercatoris*), Suffolk; born at Bury; bred there (Mr Garnham); admitted sizar for Mr Bugg, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 11 June, aet. past 17.

(36) **Leach, John**, son of John Leach, clerk, Beds; born at 5 Over-Standon; educated at home; admitted sizar for Mr Salisbury, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 14 June, aet. past 20.

(37) **Jephson, William**, son of William Jephson, clerk, Surrey; born at Camberwell; educated there by his father; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 15 June, aet. past 13. 10

(38) **Medcalf, Matthew**, son of Anthony Medcalf, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Thorp near Skipton; bred there and afterwards at Threshfield (Mr Hewit); admitted sizar for Mr Richardson, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 15 June, aet. past 19.

(39) **Dwarris, Fortunatus**, son of Thomas Dwarris, 'Militum 15 Tribuni,' America; born in the Island of Jamaica; schools, first Uxbridge, then Eton (Mr Cook); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 23 June, aet. past 20.

(40) **Pearse, Offspring**, son of Henry Pearse, Gloucestershire; born at Wotton-under-edge; school, Manchester; admitted sizar for 20 Mr Burrow, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 29 June.

(41) **Moreton, Robert**, son of Robert Moreton, clerk, Lincolnshire; born at Waddington; school, Lincoln (Mr Rolt); admitted sizar for Mr Loggan, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 29 June, aet. 18. 25

(42) **Price, Morgan**, Llandaff, formerly admitted pensioner, admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 30 June.

(43) **Mayler, Thomas**, A.B. of Jesus College, Oxford; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Ludlam, 3 July. 30

(44) **Thomas, George**, son of — Thomas, tax-gatherer (*tributi exactoris*), Llandaff; bred at Ruthin (Mr Hughes); admitted sizar for Mr Lindsey, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 8 July.

(45) **Churchil, Charles**, son of Charles Churchill, clerk, Middlesex; born in Westminster; school, Westminster (Dr Nicols); 35 admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 8 July, aet. past 16.

[Admissions in the year $\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c. } 8 \\ \text{p. } 15 \\ \text{s. } 22 \end{array} \right\} 45.]$

JULY 1748—JULY 1749.

Admissiones a Julii 1748.

(1) **Hassell, Samuel**, admitted pensioner, 16 May 1743; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 17 Sep- 40 tember.

- (2) **Wingfield, Hon. Edward**, eldest son of Richard, Viscount Powerscourt, Ireland; born in Dublin; Trinity College, Dublin; 3 years; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 3 October, aet. 20.
- 5 (3) **Wingfield, Hon. Richard**, second son of Richard, Viscount Powerscourt, Ireland; born in Dublin; Trinity College, Dublin; 3 years; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 3 October. aet. 19.
- (4) **Yonge, Walter**, son of Vernon Yonge, attorney, Stafford-
10 shire; born at Charnes near Eccleshal; school, Shrewsbury (Mr Hotchkis); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 5 October, aet. past 19.
- (5) **Downes, Jonathan**, son of John Downes, counsellor (*consiliarii*), America; born at Spring; school, Shrewsbury (Mr Hotchkis); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 5 October,
15 aet. 18.
- (6) **Edwards, Richard Swinfen**, son of Grif. Swinfen Edwards, tailor (*sutoris vestiarii*), Middlesex; born in London; school, Westminster (Dr Nichols); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr
20 Powell, 27 October, aet. past 16.
- (7) **Smith, John**, son of George Smith, cutler (*cuttellarii*), Yorks; born in Sheffield; bred there (Mr Marshal); admitted sizar for Mr Lindsey, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 1 November, aet. past 18.
- (8) **Molineux, Crisp**, son of Charles Molineux, gentleman,
25 America; born in the Island of St Christopher; bred at Hackney (Mr Newcome); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 5 November, aet. past 17.
- (9) **Dawson, Anthony**, son of Anthony Dawson, attorney at law, Yorks; born at Azerley near Rippon; bred at Cockswold (Mr
30 Midgeley); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 21 November, aet. past 19.

174^s/₉.

- (10) **Dalyson, William**, son of Thomas Dalyson, esquire, Middlesex; born in London; bred at Tunbridge (Mr Cawthorne); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 23 January.
- 35 (11) **Cam, John**, son of John Cam, surgeon, Herefordshire; born in Hereford; bred there (Mr Willim); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 25 February, aet. past 15.
- (12) **Wilson, Thomas**, son of Thomas Wilson, attorney, Westmorland; born at Kendal; school, Sedbergh (Mr Bateman); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 27 February,
40 aet. past 19.
- (13) **Harpur, Henry**, son of Henry Harpur, gentleman, Middlesex; born at Islington; bred at Maidstone, Kent (Mr Russel); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 1 March, aet.
45 past 16.
- (14) **Jolland, George**, son of George Jolland, gentleman, Derby-

shire; born at Wirksworth; school, Manchester (Mr Brooke); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 9 March, aet. past 18.

(15) **Wilson, Matthew**, son of Matthew Wilson, gentleman, Yorks; born at Eshton; bred at Skipton (Mr Wilkinson); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 15 March, aet. past 19.

(16) **Faber, Thomas**, son of William Faber, currier (*coriarii*), Yorks; born at Leeds; bred at Linton (Mr Hewit); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 15 March, aet. past 19.

(17) **Ewen, William**, son of Thomas Ewen, gentleman, Cambridge-shire; born in Cambridge; bred at Colne, Essex (Mr Stringer); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 15 March, aet. past [15 or 16¹].

(18) **Churchil, Fleetwood**, son of Joseph Churchill, gentleman, Northamptonshire; born at Northampton; bred there (Mr Clark), afterwards at home; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 16 March, aet. 17.

(19) **Vades, Thomas**, son of Abraham Vades, Ireland; born at Edenderry, King's County; bred at Dublin; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 17 March, aet. past 17.

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1749.

(20) **French, William**, A.B. of Wadham College, Oxford; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 6 April.

(21) **Kilvington, Thomas**, son of William Kilvington, esquire, of Thursk in the County of York; bred at Ottrington (Mr Dent), and Burnsill (Mr Knowles); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 7 April, aet. past 16.

(22) **Bullock, John**, son of William Bullock, farmer (*firarii*), Staffordshire; born at Fleetgreen near Leeke; bred at Ashford, Derbyshire (Mr Howard); admitted sizar for Mr Richardson, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 3 May.

(23) **Le Hunt, John**, son of John Le Hunt, clerk, Hertfordshire; born at Hertford; bred at Hoddesden (Mr Bennet); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 8 May, aet. past 18.

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(24) **Ekins, George**, formerly admitted pensioner, admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 15 May.

(25) **Boys, Richard**, son of Richard Boys, Middlesex; born in London; bred at Dedham, Essex (Mr Grimwood); admitted sizar for Mr Lindsey, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 16 May, aet. past 17.

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(26) **Hough, Henry**, son of Richard Hough, grazier (*pecuarii*), Leicestershire; born at Bottesford; bred at Southwell, Notts, then at Oakham, Rutland; admitted sizar for Mr Bugg, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 17 May, aet. past 19.

(27) **Dickinson, Samuel**, son of John Dickinson, clerk, Salop; born at Newport; bred there (Mr Lea); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 18 May, aet. past 16.

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¹ A blot in the register.

(28) **Fletcher, Carter**, son of Henry Fletcher, clerk, Derbyshire; born at Spoondon; bred at Mansfield, Notts (Mr Deplage); admitted sizar for Dr Burton, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 20 May, aet. past 17.

5 (29) **Pratt, John**, Yorks; formerly admitted pensioner, now admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 25 May.

(30) **Herbert, Nicolas**, son of Edward Herbert, esquire, Ireland, mother's county Middlesex; born at Muckross, county Kerry; bred at Killerney; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 27 May, aet. past 19.

(31) **Goldwyer, George**, son of George Goldwyer, surgeon, Wiltshire; born at Marlborough; bred there (Mr Stone); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 30 May, aet. past 18.

15 (32) **Pilgrim, John**, son of John Pilgrim, shipbuilder (*naupegi*), Hampshire; born at Alverstoke; school, Rochester (Mr Soan); admitted sizar for Mr Allen, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 7 June, aet. past 18.

20 (33) **Lock, Robert**, son of Gervase Lock, gentleman, Middlesex; born in London; bred at Southwell, Notts (Mr Bugg); admitted sizar for Mr Tennant, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 7 June, aet. past 17.

(34) **Drake, Nathan**, son of Joseph Drake, clerk, Rutland; born at Burleigh; bred at Oakham (Mr Adcock); admitted sizar for Mr Ogden, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 16 June, aet. past 16.

25 (35) **Manley, William**, son of Henry Manley, druggist (*pharmacopolae*), Somerset; born at Taunton; bred there (Mr Henley); admitted sizar for Mr Twells, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 23 June, aet. past 18.

30 (36) **Symonds, John**, son of John Symonds, clerk, Cambridge-shire; born at Dullingham; school, Ely (Mr Gunning); admitted sizar for Mr Taylor, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 29 June, aet. past 17.

35 (37) **Milward, Richard**, son of Richard Milward, clerk, Staffordshire; born at Eccleshal; school, Manchester (Mr Brooke); admitted sizar for Mr Holme, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 29 June, aet. past 17.

(38) **Nairn, Richard**, son of William Nairn, clerk, Wiltshire; born at Fonthil Bishop; bred at Amesbury (Mr Head); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 29 June, aet. 19.

40 (39) **Marshal, Edmund**, son of Joshua Marshal, esquire, Middlesex; born in London; bred at Tunbridge (Mr Cawthorne); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 30 June, aet. past 15.

45 (40) **Burrel, William**, son of Peter Burrel, esquire, Middlesex; born in London; school, Westminster (Dr Nicols); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 30 June, aet. past 16.

(41) **Sympson, Hugh**, son of Thomas Sympson, attorney at

law, Cumberland; born at Penrith; bred at Appleby (Mr Yates); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 30 June, aet. 16.

(42) **Barker, William**, son of Robert Barker, alehouse-keeper (*cervisarii*), Suffolk; born at Lowestoft; bred at Halesworth (Mr Forster); admitted sizar for Mr Barnard, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 30 June, aet. past 19. 5

(43) **Sole, John Cockin**, son of Cockin Sole, counsellor (*consiliarii*), Kent; born at Bobbing; private tutor Mr Barret at Canterbury; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 3 July, aet. past 16. 10

(44) **Craven, William**, son of Richard Craven, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Gouthwaite Hall, Nidderdale; school, Sedbergh (Mr Bateman); admitted sizar for Mr Scales, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 3 July, aet. past 19.

(45) **Mason, George**, son of Miles Mason, woolweaver (*lanifici*), 15 Westmorland; born at Kirkby Stephen; school, Sedbergh (Mr Bateman); admitted sizar for Mr Lindsey, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 3 July, aet. past 19.

[Admissions in the year $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c. } 8 \\ \text{p. } 22 \\ \text{s. } 15 \end{array} \right\}$ 45.]

JULY 1749—JULY 1750

Admissiones a Julii 6^{to} 1749

(1) **Thistlewait, Robert**, son of Richard Thistlewait, husband- 20 man (*agricolae*), Yorks; born in Sedbergh; school, Sedbergh (Mr Bateman); admitted sizar for Mr Allen, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 11 October, aet. past 20.

(2) **Bullock, Edward**, son of Richard Bullock, D.D., Surrey; born at Streatham; bred there (Mr Talbot); admitted pensioner, 25 tutor and surety Mr Powell, 20 October, aet. 17.

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(3) **Wilsford, Thomas**, son of Thomas Wilsford, M.D., Yorks; born at Pomfret; bred at Beverley (Mr Clarke); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 17 January, aet. past 17.

(4) **Newman, John**, son of John Newman, corn merchant 30 (*frumentarii*), Middlesex; born in London; school, Westminster (Dr Nichols); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 19 January, aet. past 16.

(5) **Goodeve, Richard**, formerly admitted pensioner, admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 6 February. 35

(6) **Lupton, William**, son of William Lupton, 'pannorum cultoris,' Yorks; born at Leeds; school, Sedbergh (Mr Bateman); admitted sizar for Mr Scales, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 8 February, aet. past 17.

(7) **Griffith Samuel**, son of Leighton Owen Griffith, esquire, Salop; born at Preston; school, Shrewsbury (Mr Parry); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherforth, 26 February, aet. past 18.

5 (8) **Stephens, William**, son of Henry Stephens, Essex; born at Dedham; bred there (Mr Grimwood); admitted sizar for Mr Murthwaite, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 5 March, aet. past 17.

1750

(9) **Reade, John**, son of John Reade, gentleman, Oxfordshire; born at Ipsden; bred at Mallborough, Wiltshire (Mr Stone); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 18 April, aet. 18.

(10) **Wright, William**, son of Martin Wright, 'Regii Praetoris in Aula Westmonasteriensi,' Middlesex; born in London; school, Eton (Dr Somner); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 25 April, aet. past 18.

15 (11) **Grove, William Chafin**, son of Chafin Grove, esquire, Wiltshire; born at Mere; bred at Sutton (Mr Rogers); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 30 April, aet. past 18.

(12) **Collier, Joseph**, son of John Collier, farmer (*firmarii*), Staffordshire; born at Cheddleton; bred at Dillon (Mr Slade); admitted sizar for Mr Mainwaring, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 18 May, aet. past 20.

(13) **Eddowes, Richard**, son of William Eddowes, box maker (*arcularii*); born at Dillon; bred there (Mr Slade); admitted sizar for Mr Lindsey, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 18 May, aet. past 18.

25 (14) **Forster, Ralph**, son of Joseph Forster, gentleman, Northumberland; born at Newton; bred at Durham (Mr Donworth); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherforth, 25 May, aet. past 18.

(15) **Forster, William**, A.B., of Lincoln College, Oxford; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherforth, 28 May.

(16) **Elliston, William**, son of William Elliston, farmer (*firmarii*), Suffolk; born at Barfield; bred at Dedham (Mr Grimwood); admitted sizar for Mr Holme, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 6 June, aet. past 17.

35 (17) **Clayton, John**, son of Thomas Clayton, medical man (*medici*), Lancashire; born at Blackbourne; bred there, then at St Alban's Hall, Oxford, 2 years; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 6 June, aet. 21.

(18) **Whitaker, William**, son of Thomas Whitaker, gentleman, Lancashire; born at Holme; bred at Bingley, Yorks (Mr Hudson); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 11 June, aet. past 19.

45 (19) **Jackson, William**, son of Thomas Jackson, merchant, America; born at Irish Town; bred at Hoddesdon, Herts; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 18 June.

(20) **Harvey, Samuel**, son of James Harvey, gentleman, Beds ; born at Warden ; bred at Hoddesdon, Herts (Mr Bennet) ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 18 June.

(21) **Potter, Daniel**, son of John Potter, clerk, Northumberland ; born at Horton ; bred at St Bees (Mr Fisher) ; admitted sizar 5 for Mr Beavoir, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 19 June, aet. past 19.

(22) **Abbot, William**, son of William Abbot, master mariner (*navis praelecti*), Kent ; born at Ramsgate ; school, Canterbury ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 25 June, aet. 10 past 16.

(23) **Maese, Michael Driver**¹, son of Michael Maese, merchant, Norfolk ; born at Wells ; school, Sedbergh (Mr Bateman) ; admitted sizar for Mr Burrow, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 23 June, aet. past 18.

(24) **Hope, Charles**, son of William Hope, M.D., Derbyshire ; born at Derby ; bred there (Mr Almond) ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 25 June, aet. past 17.

(25) **Field, Benjamin**, A.B., of Hartford College, Oxford ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 27 June.

(26) **Jones, Robert**, son of Thomas Jones, clerk, Denbigh ; born at Llangniven ; bred at Ruthin (Mr Hughes) ; admitted sizar for Mr Langhorn, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 27 June, aet. past 16.

(27) **Elmsal, Henry**, son of Henry Elmsal, clerk, Yorks ; born at Thorp near Wakefield ; bred at Bradford (Mr Butler) ; admitted 25 pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 29 June, aet. past 17.

(28) **Darwin, John**, son of Robert Darwin, counsellor (*consiliarii*), Notts ; born at Elston near Newark ; bred at Chesterfield, Derbyshire ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 30 June, aet. past 19.

(29) **Darwin, Erasmus**, aet. 18 ; 'cum fratre praedicto in caeteris omnibus concordat.'

(30) **Browne, Samuel**, son of Samuel Browne, farmer (*fir-marii*), Norfolk ; born at Blakeney ; school, Bury (Mr Garnham) ; admitted sizar for Mr Mainwaring, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 30 35 June, aet. past 19.

(31) **Skiddy, Robert**, son of Francis Skiddy, attorney, Ireland ; born in Dublin ; school, Sedbergh, Yorks (Mr Bateman) ; admitted sizar for Mr Mainwaring, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 3 July, aet. 21.

(32) **Jenkin, Henry**, son of Thomas Jenkin, clerk, Norfolk ; born at Westwinck ; bred at Scarning ; admitted sizar for Mr Brooke, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 5 July, aet. past 17.

[Admissions in the year $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c.} \quad 2 \\ \text{p.} \quad 18 \\ \text{s.} \quad 12 \end{array} \right\} 32.]$

¹ Michael Driver Mease, A.B. 1754, A.M. 1757, S.T.B. 1765.

JULY 1750—JULY 1751

Admissiones a Julii 1750

- (1) **Gardiner, Charles**, son of Robert Gardiner, clerk, Lincolnshire; born at Eveden; bred at Beverley, Yorks (Mr Clarke); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 7 September, aet. 18.
- 5 (2) **Dalyson, Thomas**, son of Thomas Dalyson, esquire, Middlesex; born in London; bred at Tunbridge (Mr Cawthorne); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 18 October, aet. past 17.
- (3) **Reynolds, Anthony**, son of George Reynolds, chancellor
10 of Peterborough, Hunts; born at Buckden; school, Huntingdon (Mr Unwin); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 23 October, aet. past 18.
- (4) **Sparrow, Charles**, son of Charles Sparrow, grocer (*aromatarii*), Middlesex; born in London; school, Bury (Mr Garnham);
15 admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 27 October, aet. past 17.
- (5) **Clayton, John**, formerly admitted pensioner, admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 2 November.
- (6) **Yonge, Walter**, Staffordshire, formerly admitted pensioner,
20 admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 21 November.
- (7) **Duke, William**, son of William Duke, lawyer (*juris consulti*), America; school, Shrewsbury (Mr Hotchkis); admitted sizar for Dr Taylor, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 15 December, aet.
25 past 17.

175 $\frac{0}{1}$

- (8) **Squire, Edwards**, son of Samuel Squire, clerk, Somerset; born at Catcomb near Minhead; bred at Brampton (Mr Wood); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 10 January, aet. past 15.
- 30 (9) **Alcock, Christopher**, son of John Alcock, clerk, Yorks; born at Burnsall near Skipton; school, Sedbergh (Mr Bateman); admitted sizar for Mr Murthwaite, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 12 January.
- (10) **Russel, Peter**, son of Richard Russel, captain (*capitanei*),
35 Ireland; born at Corke; bred there; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 15 January, aet. past 17.
- (11) **Monins, Richard**, son of Richard Monins, clerk, Kent; born at Ringwold near Dover; school, Canterbury, under his father, then at Wyverston, Suffolk; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety
40 Dr Rutherford, 16 January, aet. 'fere' 17.
- (12) **Pegge, Samuel**, son of Samuel Pegge, clerk, Kent; born at Godmersham; bred at Chesterfield, Derbyshire (Mr Burroughs);

admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 14 March, aet. past 18.

(13) **Sale, William**, son of William Sale, attorney, Notts; born at Redford; bred at Chesterfield, Derbyshire (Mr Burrough); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Powell, aet. past 17. 5

(14) **Dering, Edward**, son of Sir Edward Dering, baronet, Kent; born at Pluckley; school, Westminster (Dr Nichols); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 15 March, aet. past 18.

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(15) **Lock, Charles**, son of Robert Lock, Kent; born at 10 Rochester; bred there (Mr Soan); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 26 March, aet. past 18.

(16) **Todington, Thomas**, son of Thomas Todington, farmer (*firrnarii*), Leicestershire; bred at Southwell, Notts (Mr Bugg); admitted sizar for Mr Bugg, tutor and surety Dr Rutherforth, 12 15 April.

(17) **Millward, Richard**, Staffordshire, formerly admitted sizar, admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 28 April.

(18) **Hanmer, Thomas**, son of Henry Hanmer, farmer (*firrnarii*), Salop; born at Montfort; school, Shrewsbury (Mr Hotch- 20 kis); admitted sizar for Mr Beadon, tutor and surety Dr Rutherforth, 13 May, aet. past 19.

(19) **Hankey, Harry**, who was admitted pensioner 21 May, 1747, admitted fellow commoner, tutor Mr Powell, 22 May.

(20) **Gill, William**, son of 'G' (William?) Gill, clerk, Yorks; 25 born at Sherburn; school, Beverley (Mr Clarke); admitted sizar for Mr Stubbs, tutor Mr Powell, 22 May, aet. 18.

(21) **Chetwode, John**, eldest son of Sir Philip Chetwode, baronet, Cheshire; born at Adgdon near Knutsford; school, Eton (Dr Somner); admitted fellow commoner, tutor Mr Powell, 24 May, 30 aet. 19.

(22) **Northon, John**, son of J. Northon, cloth merchant (*pan-norum mercatoris*), Lincolnshire; born at Holbeach; bred first at Moulton (Mr Chapman), then at Stamford (Mr Reid); admitted sizar, tutor Dr Rutherforth, 29 May, aet. 17. 35

(23) **Clarkson, Geoffrey**, son of Geoffrey Clarkson, currier (*coriarii*), Yorks; born at Reeth; bred at Scorton (Mr Noble); admitted sizar for Mr Langhorn, tutor Mr Powell, 29 May.

(24) **Fenwick, Thomas**, only son of T. Fenwick, gentleman, Northumberland, born at Newcastle; school, Eton (Dr Somner); 40 admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Rutherforth, 5 June, aet. 17.

(25) **Willan, Thomas**, son of T. Willan, taxgatherer (*tributi exactoris*), Yorks, born at Appersete; school, Threshfield (Mr Hewit); admitted sizar for Mr Stubbs, tutor Mr Powell, 10 June, aet. past 20.

(26) **Atkinson, Adam**, son of William Atkinson, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks, born at Kirkby-Marhamdale; school, Threshfield (Mr Hewit); admitted sizar for Mr Burrow, tutor Mr Powell, 10 June, aet. 21.

5 (27) **Allen, James**, son of Oswald Allen, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks, born at Gayle; school, Threshfield (Mr Hewit); admitted sizar for Mr Allen, tutor Mr Powell, 10 June, aet. 17.

(28) **Backhouse, Joseph**, son of Richard Backhouse, husbandman (*agricolae*), Cumberland, born at Aketon; school, Seberham
10 (Mr Nicholson); admitted sizar for Mr Lipyeatt senior, tutor Mr Powell, 13 June, aet. past 18.

(29) **Nairn, Thomas**, son of Richard Nairn, Dean of Battel, formerly Fellow of the College, Sussex, born at Battel; bred there; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Powell, 19 June, aet. 18.

15 (30) **Reynolds, Lawrence**, son of G. Reynolds, LL.D. Hunts, born at Buckden; schools, first Lincoln (Mr Rolt), then Huntingdon (Mr Unwin); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Powell, 24 June, aet. 18.

(31) **Petty, James**, son of Eustace Petty, farmer (*firmarii*),
20 Hunts, born at Great Paxton; schools, first Kimbolton (Dr Owen), then Huntingdon (Mr Unwin); admitted sizar for Mr Robinson, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 24 June, aet. 18.

(32) **Taylor, Edward**, son of Herbert Taylor, clerk, Kent; bred at Ashford; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell,
25 24 June, aet. past 16.

(33) **Scott, Nathaniel**, son of Robert Scott, druggist (*pharmacopolae*), Norfolk, born at Diss; bred at Wiverston (Mr Stygal); admitted sizar for Mr Frampton, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 25 June, aet. 18.

30 (34) **Unett, Thomas**, son of Richard Unett, bookseller (*bibliopolae*), Staffordshire, born at Stafford; schools, first Brewood (Mr Budworth), then Repton (Mr Asteley); admitted sizar for Mr Beadon, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 28 June, aet. 19.

(35) **Nelson, Edward**, son of William Nelson, 'tibialium mercatoris,' Yorks, born at Sedbergh; schools, first Garsdale (Mr Udale) then Sedbergh (Mr Bateman); admitted sizar for Mr Langhorn, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 28 June, aet. past 20.

(36) **Hutchinson, John**, son of John Hutchinson, gentleman, Durham, born in Durham; schools, first Durham (Mr Dongworth),
40 then Houghton-le-Spring (Mr Griffith); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Rutherford, 1 July, aet. 18.

(37) **Round, John**, son of William Round, attorney at law, Middlesex, born in London; school, Merchant Taylors' (Dr Criche); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety, Dr Rutherford, 2 July, aet.
45 past 16.

(38) **Horseman, John**, son of James Horseman, clerk, Durham, born in Greatham; educated by his father; admitted sizar for Mr Dockwray, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 2 July, aet. 17.

(39) **Harwood, Edward**, son of Edward Harwood, clerk, Kent, born at Erith; bred at Shrewsbury (Mr Parry); admitted sizar for Mr Weston, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 2 July, aet. 18.

(40) **Leightonhouse, William**, son of Richard Leightonhouse, clerk, Kent, born in the Isle of Thanet; school, Canterbury (Mr 5 Beavoir); admitted sizar for Mr Benson, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 2 July, aet. 18.

[Admissions in the year $\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c. } 5 \\ \text{p. } 16 \\ \text{s. } 19 \end{array} \right\} 40.$]

JULY 1751—JULY 1752

Admissiones a Julii 2^{do} 1751

(1) **Burton, Edmund**, son of James Burton, farmer (*firmary*), Westmorland; bred at Sevenoak, Kent (Mr Holme); admitted sizar, 10 tutor and surety Mr Powell, 25 September, aet. past 14 (see 6 July 1767. *Note in margin*).

(2) **Reddall, Dixon**, son of Richard Dixon, vintner (*oenopoli*), Middlesex, born in London; bred at Wellingborough, Northamptonshire (Mr Holmes); admitted sizar for Mr Mainwaring, tutor and 15 surety Mr Powell, 11 October, aet. 16.

(3) **Tod, Joseph**, son of David Tod, farmer (*firmary*), Cumberland, born at Newbiggen; bred at Blencow (Mr Richardson); admitted sizar for Mr Murthwaite, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 11 October, aet. past 19. 20

(4) **Sawkins, James**, son of Joseph Sawkins, attorney, Kent, born at Canterbury; bred there (Mr Beavoir); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Rutherford, 12 October, aet. 17.

(5) **Northon, John**, admitted sizar, 29 May 1751, admitted pensioner, 6 November. 25

(6) **Rudd, Thomas**, Yorks; school Sedbergh (Mr Bateman); admitted sizar for Mr Cardale, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 20 December.

(7) **Leigh, Egerton**, son of Eg. Leigh, clerk, LL.D., Cheshire, born at Lymm near Knotsford; bred at Hereford (Mr Stephens); 30 admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Brooke, 26 December, aet. past 18.

(8) **Bernard, James**, son of James Bernard, Somerset, born at Bristol; bred at Harrow-on-the Hill, Middlesex (Mr Thackeray); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Brooke, 31 December, aet. 35 past 17.

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(9) **Weymouth, Thomas, Viscount**, Middlesex, born in London; bred at Market Street, Bucks (Dr Pitman); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Brooke, 10 January, aet. past 17.

- (10) **Thynne, Honourable Henry Frederick**, second son of Thomas late Viscount Weymouth, Middlesex, born in London; bred at Market Street, Bucks; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Brooke, 10 January, aet. past 16.
- 5 (11) **Fowle, William Wing**, son of John Wing Fowle, attorney, Kent, born at Dymchurch; bred at Canterbury (Mr Beavoir); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Brooke, 31 January, aet. past 18.
- 10 (12) **Woodhouse, William**, son of William Woodhouse, clerk, Cambridgeshire, born at Morden; bred at Market Street, Hertfordshire (*sic*) (Dr Pitman); admitted sizar for Mr Ashby, tutor and surety Mr Brooke, 5 January (*sic*, aet. past 18.
- 15 (13) **Wilson, Henry**, youngest son of Matthew Wilson, esquire, Yorks, born at Eshton; bred at Skipton (Mr Wilkinson); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 9 March, aet. 19.
- (14) **Bertie, Charles**, son of Charles Bertie, Middlesex, born in London; school, Westminster (Dr Nicols); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Brooke, 12 March, aet. 18.
- 20 (15) **Fawcet, John**, son of John Fawcet, hosier (*caligarii*), Yorks, born at Sedbergh; school, Sedbergh (Mr Bateman); admitted sizar for Mr Seales, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 20 March, aet. past 19.
- (16) **Smith, Thomas**, son of John Smith, 'brasiatoris anglicè Maltster,' Wiltshire, born in Marlborough; bred there (Mr Stone and Mr Meyler); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 2 April, aet. 18.
- 25 (17) **Fetherstonhaugh, Timothy**, only son of Henry Fetherstonhaugh, clerk, Northumberland, born at Newcastle on Tyne; bred there (Mr Moises); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Brooke, 6 April, aet. 18.
- 30 (18) **Webb, Richard**, son of Nathaniel Webb, esquire, Middlesex, born in London; school, Eton (Dr Somner); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Brooke, 11 April, aet. past 18.
- 35 (19) **Murthwaite, Samuel**, son of Peter Murthwaite, clerk, Cumberland, born at Gillcross; bred at St Bees and Cockermouth; admitted sizar for Mr Murthwaite 'et ab eodem examinatus', tutor and surety Mr Powell, 18 April, aet. past 19.
- (20) **Steele, William**, Cumberland, examined by Mr Murthwaite, admitted sizar for Mr Cardale, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 40 18 April.
- (21) **Roberts, Thomas**, son of Eubule Roberts, gentleman, Denbighshire, born at Llanruth; bred at Ruthin (Mr Hughes); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Brooke, 24 April, aet. past 17.
- 45 (22) **Deane, Robert**, son of Nicholas Deane, distiller (*distillatoris*), Surrey, born at Dorking; school, Westminster (Dr Nicols); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Brooke, 1 May, aet. past 17.

(23) **Richardson, John**, son of John Richardson, alehouse keeper (*cervisarii*), Yorks, born at Kirk Leatham; bred at Scorton (Mr Noble); admitted sizar for Mr Stubbs, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 18 May, aet. past 19.

(24) **Thompson, John**, son of John Thompson, clerk, Northumberland, born at Newcastle; bred there (Mr Moyses); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Brooke, 19 May, aet. past 18.

(25) **Humphreys, Thomas**, son of Richard Humphreys, schoolmaster (*ludi magistri*), Salop, born at Upton Magna; school, Shrewsbury (Mr Hotchkiss); admitted sizar for Mr Newling, tutor and surety Mr Brooke, 22 May, aet. 21.

(26) **Raincock, William**, son of John Raincock, gentleman, Cumberland, born at Penrith; bred there (Mr Yates); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 16 June, aet. past 17.

(27) **Frere, Henry**, son of John Frere, gentleman, America, 15 born in the Island of Barbadoes; tutor Mr John Rotheram; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Brooke, 17 June, aet. past 19.

(28) **Turner, Henry**, son of Bernard Turner 'musici', Cambridgeshire, born in Cambridge; bred there (Mr Sturgeon); 20 admitted sizar for Mr Grove, tutor and surety Mr Brooke, 18 June, aet. past 18.

(29) **Yonge, Vernon**, son of Vernon Yonge, gentleman, Staffordshire, born in Stafford; bred at Marre, Staffordshire (Mr Smallwood); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Brooke, 18 June, aet. 25 past 19.

(30) **Rouse, William**, son of Ezekiel Rouse, clerk, Bedfordshire, born at Malden; educated by his father at Silsoe; admitted sizar for Mr Loggon, tutor and surety Mr Brooke, 23 June, aet. past 17.

(31) **Broadbent, William**, son of James Broadbent, Yorks, 30 born at Leeds; bred there; examined by Mr Allen, admitted sizar for Mr Barnard senior, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 1 July, aet. 18.

(32) **Fletcher, Robert**, son of John Fletcher, freeholder (*suum fundum colentis*), Lancashire, born at Highfield; bred at Urswick in Furness, examined by Mr Murthwaite, admitted sizar for Mr Stubbs, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 1 July, aet. 19.

(33) **Beresford, Edward**, son of John Beresford, Esquire, of Fenney Bentley, Derbyshire; bred at Bosworth, Leicestershire; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Brooke, 2 July, aet. 18.

(34) **Farhill, George Parker**, son of John Farhill, attorney, 40 Sussex, born at Chichester; bred at Amberley (Mr Carleton); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Brooke, 6 July, aet. past 17.

(35) **Jones, Salisbury**, son of John Jones, M.D., Denbighshire, born at Galltvaynan; bred at Heath, Yorks (Mr Doxon); admitted sizar for Mr Ogden, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 9 July, aet. past 16. 45

[Admissions in the year $\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{f.c. } 4 \\ \text{p. } 15 \\ \text{s. } 16 \end{array} \right\} 35.]$

JULY 1752—JULY 1753

Admissiones a Julii 13, 1752.

(1) **Torkington, James**, son of James Torkington, clerk, Hunts, born at Kings Rippon; bred at Leicester (Mr Andrews); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Brooke, 13 July, aet. past 19.

(2) **Graham, Thomas Fane Charles**, son of Charles Graham, clerk, Essex, born at Southchurch; bred at Seven-oak; admitted 5 sizar for Mr Scales, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 26 September, aet. 19.

(3) **Dodd, William**, son of John Dodd, husbandman (*agricolae*), Surrey, born at Burstow; bred at Seven-oak (Mr Holme); admitted sizar for Mr Mainwaring, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 26 September, 10 aet. past 17.

(4) **Penn, Richard**, son of Richard Penn, esquire, Middlesex, born in London; school, Eton (Dr Somner); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 13 October, aet. past 18.

(5) **Ashcroft, Thomas**, son of John Ashcroft, clerk, Lincolnshire; 15 born at Fishtoft; bred at Oakham, Rutland (Mr Adcock); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Brooke, 27 October, aet. past 16.

(6) **Barrol, William**, son of William Barrol, grazier (*pecuarii*), Herefordshire, born at Hereford; bred there (Mr Stevens); admitted sizar for Mr Ross, tutor and surety Mr Brooke, 3 October, 20 aet. past 17.

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(7) **Hatton, Thomas**, son of Alexander Hatton, clerk, Salop, born at Shrewsbury; bred there (Mr Hodgkis); admitted sizar for Mr Ross, tutor and surety Mr Brooke, 26 January, aet. past 17.

(8) **Manifold, Henry**, son of William Manifold, husbandman 25 (*agricolae*), Staffordshire, born at Over Cotton near Leeke; bred at Manchester (Mr Purnell); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Brooke, 29 January, aet. past 18.

(9) **Bowser, Richard**, son of Thomas Bowser, gentleman, Durham, born at Bishops Auckland; school, Durham (Mr Dongworth); 30 admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Brooke, 29 January, aet. 19.

(10) **Peacock, William**, son of Samuel Peacock, gentleman, Yorks, born at Danby; bred at Scorton (Mr Noble); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 22 February, aet. past 17.

35 (11) **Weddell, Thomas**, son of Richard Weddell, esquire, born in York; bred at Hackney (Dr Newcome); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 2 May, aet. past 18.

(12) **Weddell, William**, brother of the preceding, born in York; bred at Hackney (Dr Newcome); admitted fellow commoner, 40 tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 2 May, aet. past 16.

(13) **Fenwick, John**, son of George Fenwick, clerk, Leicestershire, born at Hallaton; bred at Oakham (Mr Adcock); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Brooke, 3 May, aet. past 17.

(14) **Griffith, Samuel**, son of John Griffith, husbandman (*agricolae*), Cheshire, born at Backford; bred there (Mr Denson); 5 examined by Mr Massey, admitted sizar for Mr Lindsey, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 2 May, aet. past 20.

(15) **Snaith, John**, son of John Snaith, clerk, Yorks, born at Halsham; bred at Beverley (Mr Ward); examined by Mr Holme, admitted sizar for Mr Lee, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 7 May, aet. 10 past 18.

(16) **Harding, Robert**, son of Robert Harding, clerk, Northamptonshire, born at Potterspury; bred at Manchester (Mr Purnell) 3 years; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 9 May, aet. past 18.

(17) **Thompson, William**, son of Thomas Thompson, 'currier,' Yorks, born at Leedes; bred there (Mr Sedgwick); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 24 May, aet. past 18.

(18) **Clarke, James**, son of Paris Clarke, esquire, Northamptonshire, born in Peterborough; bred there (Mr Mirehouse); admitted 20 pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 31 May, aet. past 19. (See 31 May, 1756 and 10 February, 1767. *Note in margin.*)

(19) **Adams, John**, son of Samuel Adams, esquire, America, born in the Island of Barbadoes; bred there (Mr Rotheram); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 1 June, aet. 25 past 19.

Prædictus Ioannes Adams admissus est in Collegium Corporis Christi Cantab. Octob^{bris} 28^{vo}. 1751 et literas testimoniales secum adduxit a Magistro et Officiariis ejusdem Collegii signatas, in quibus ei venia est concessa ad quodvis aliud Collegium migrandi.

30

(20) **Penfold, James**, son of John Penfold, clerk, Sussex, born at Ripe; bred at Marlborough (Mr Meyler); admitted sizar for Mr Newling, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 2 June, aet. past 17.

(21) **Wilson, Robert**, son of Robert Wilson, clerk, Warwickshire, born at Tamworth; bred at Winchester (Dr Burton); admitted 35 pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 4 June, aet. 19.

(22) **Newton, Thomas**, son of Thomas Newton, husbandman, (*agricolae*), Westmorland, born at Bampton; bred there (Mr Collinson); admitted sizar for Mr Mainwaring, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 13 June, aet. past 21.

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(23) **Evatt, John**, son of Robert Evatt, surgeon, Essex, born at Dedham; bred there (Mr Grimwood); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 15 June, aet. past 21.

(24) **Morris, Charles**, youngest son of Roger Morris, "Architecti (Anglice, Master Builder to the office of Ordnance)," Middlesex, 45 born in London; school, Eton (Dr Somner); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 19 June, aet. past 17.

(25) **Webster, William**, son of Joseph Webster, husbandman,

(*agricolae*), Derbyshire, born at Chesterfield; bred there (Mr Burrow and Mr Saunders); admitted sizar for Mr Robinson, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 27 June, aet. 20.

(26) **Taylor, Zachary**, son of Thomas Taylor, clerk, Middlesex, 5 born in London; school, Westminster (Dr Nichols); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 28 June, aet. past 14.

(27) **Baskett, William**, son of Samuel Baskett, clerk, Dorsetshire, born at Ower; bred at Abby-Milton; examined by Mr Basket, admitted sizar for Mr Beadon, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 28 June, 10 aet. 16.

(28) **Green, William**, son of William Green, schoolmaster (*ludi magistri*), Kent, born at Shoreham; bred at Sutton (Mr Hardy); examined by Mr Barnard senior, admitted sizar for Mr Lee, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 29 June, aet. past 15.

15 [Admissions in the year $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c. } 3 \\ \text{p. } 13 \\ \text{s. } 12 \end{array} \right\}$ 28.]

JULY 1753—JULY 1754

Admissi a Julii 6^{to} 1753.

(1) **Torkington, Philip**, son of James Torkington, clerk, Hunts, born at Kings Ripton; bred at Oakham (Mr Powell); examined by Mr Basket, admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 28 September, aet. 19.

20 (2) **Harris, Thomas**, son of Thomas Harris, 'planter', America, born in the Island of Barbadoes; bred there (Mr Carter); admitted sizar for Mr Beadon, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 5 October, aet. 23.

(3) **Sutcliffe, Richard**, Yorks; bred at Hallifax (Mr Holdsworth); examined by Dr Ogden, admitted sizar for the same, tutor and surety Mr Powell, aet. 30 'circiter.'

(4) **Milles, Richard**, son of Christopher Milles, esquire, Kent, born at Nackington; school, Westminster (Dr Nichols and Dr Markham); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 27 30 October, aet. past 18.

(5) **Lovell, Edward**, son of Edward Lovell, A.M. of this College, Middlesex, born in London; school, Eton (Dr Somner); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 5 November, aet. past 16.

35 (6) **Gilmour, Sir Alexander**, baronet, only son of Sir Charles Gilmour of Craigmiller, Midlothian, Scotland; private tutor Mr Brooke; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 16 November, aet. 16.

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(7) **Horne, John**, son of John Horne, poulterer (*pullarii*), Middlesex, born in London; school, Eton (Dr Somner); admitted sizar 40 for Mr Beadon, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 12 January aet. 18.

(8) **Fovargue, Stephen**, son of Stephen Fovargue, esquire, Cambridgeshire, born at French-Drove in the Isle of Ely; bred at Peterborough (Mr Mirehouse); admitted sizar for Mr Burne, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 30 January, aet. 18.

(9) **Thompson, William**, Yorks, 'qui olim examinatus et admissus discessit,' admitted sizar for Mr Lee, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 1 February.

(10) **Inman, Thomas**, son of William Inman, freeholder (*suum fundum colentis*), Yorks, born at Garsdale; school, Sedbergh (Mr Bateman); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 1 February, 10 aet. 16.

(11) **Houblon, James**, son of James Houblon, esquire, Essex, born at Hallingbury place; bred first at Market Street (Dr Pitman), then at Harrow, Middlesex (Dr Thackeray); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Lipyeatt, 2 February, aet. past 17. 15

(12) **Bennet, James**, son of James Bennet, schoolmaster (*ludi magistri*), Herts, born at Hoddesdon; bred at Marlborough; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 7 March, aet. 19.

(13) **Williams, William**, son of William Williams, attorney at law, Pembrokehire, born at Tenbury; educated there privately (Mr Holcombe); examined and approved by Mr Holcombe, admitted sizar for Mr Frampton, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 16 March, aet. 17. 20

(14) **Curry, John**, son of William Curry, freeholder (*suum fundum colentis*), Cheshire, born at Eastham; school, Sedbergh (Mr Bateman); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 30 March, aet. 18. 25

Admitted pensioner, 24 April.

(15) **Bingham, James**, son of John Bingham, 'minutarum rerum mercatoris.' Derbyshire, born at Derby; schools, first Derby (Mr Almond), then at Heath, Yorks; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 24 April, aet. 18. 30

(16) **Beadon, Richard**, son of Robert Beadon, freeholder (*suum fundum colentis*), Devonshire, born at Oakford; bred at Bampton (Mr Wood); examined and approved by Mr Murthwaite, admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Brooke, 30 April. 35

(17) **Tong, Francis**, son of John Tong, chapman (*cauponis*), Yorks, born at Beverley; bred there (Mr Clarke); admitted sizar for Mr Johnston, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 2 May, aet. 19.

(18) **Edwards, Walter**, son of Thomas Edwards, Herefordshire, born in Hereford; bred there (Mr Stephens); examined and approved by *Dominus* Cam, admitted sizar for Mr Ross, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 11 May, aet. 18. 40

(19) **Sedgwick, Hunter**, son of Philip Sedgwick, clerk, Lincolnshire; bred at Stamford (Mr Reid); admitted sizar for Mr Fairfax, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 22 May, aet. 17.

(20) **Parker, John**, son of William Parker, attorney at law, Northamptonshire, born in Peterborough; bred at Grantham,

Lincolnshire (Mr Bacon); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 29 May, aet. 17.

(21) **Bertie, Charles**, admitted pensioner on 12 March, 1752, admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 31 May.

5 (22) **Mayhew, William**, son of William Mayhew, attorney at law, Essex, born at Colchester; bred there (Mr Smythies); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 11 June, aet. 17.

(23) **Smythies, Yorick**, son of William Smythies, surgeon, Essex, born in Colchester; bred there (Mr Smythies); admitted 10 pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 11 June, aet. 18.

(24) **Brome, Richard**, son of Richard Brome, clerk, Suffolk, born at Ipswich; bred at Dedham (Mr Grimwood); admitted sizar for Mr Frampton, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 12 June, aet. 17.

(25) **Allott, John**, son of Robert Allott, clerk, Yorks, born at 15 South Kirby; school, Sedbergh (Mr Bateman); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 19 June, aet. 18.

(26) **Seymour, Christopher**, son of John Seymour, gentleman, Yorks, born at Pocklington; schools, Pocklington (Mr Birbeck), then Wakefield (Mr Clarke); admitted sizar for Mr Allen, tutor and surety 20 Mr Powell, 20 June, aet. past 20.

(27) **Henvill, James**, son of William Henvill, gentleman, Dorset, born at Heydon; bred at Winborn (Mr Butt); admitted sizar for Mr Baskett, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 22 June, aet. 17.

(28) **Ferne, William**, son of Richard Ferne 'threadmaker,' 25 Staffordshire, born at Leek; bred at Dillon (Mr Slade); examined and approved by Mr Cardale, admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 24 June, aet. 18.

(29) **Rowe, John**, son of William Rowe, vintner (*vinarii*), Devonshire, born at Tavistock; bred there; examined and approved 30 by Dr Prime, admitted sizar for Mr Beadon, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 26 June, aet. 16.

(30) **Barker, Robert**, son of Thomas Barker, gentleman, Derbyshire, born at Bakewell; bred at Chesterfield (Mr Saunders); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 27 June, aet. 18.

35 (31) **Ross, Charles**, son of George Ross, esquire, Middlesex, born in London; educated first privately at Chiswick (Mr Black), then at Edinburgh under Mr Robinson, Hebrew Professor in the University there, for four years; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 29 June, aet. 16.

40 (32) **Murray, Hon. Charles**, second son of William, earl of Dunmore, Scotland, born in the county of Perth; bred at Chiswick (Mr Black); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 29 June, aet. 18.

(33) **Shaw, Stebbing**, son of John Shaw 'minutarum rerum 45 mercatoris,' Staffordshire, born at Stone; bred at Repton (Mr Astley); examined and approved by Mr Lindsey, admitted sizar for Mr Frampton, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 1 July, aet. 17.

(34) **Hutchinson, John**, son of James Hutchinson, gardener,

(*hortulani*), Leicestershire, born at Packington; bred at Repton (Mr Astley); examined and approved by Mr Lindsey, admitted sizar for Mr Ashby, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 1 July, aet. 19.

(35) **Hutchinson, Thomas**, son of Joshua Hutchinson, 'maltster,' Westmorland, born at Hertley near Kirby Stephen; school, Sed-bergh (Mr Bateman) 3 years and more; admitted sizar for Mr Robinson, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, July.

(36) **Ramshaw, Richard**, Yorks, examined and approved by Mr Tenant, admitted sizar for Mr Barnard, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 4 July.

(37) **Pocklington, Christopher**, son of Christopher Pocklington, 'Rear Admiral,' Ireland, born in Dublin; bred at Chelsea (Mr Rothery); examined and approved by Mr Totton, admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 5 July, aet. 17.

[Admissions from 6 July 1753 to 6 July 1754

f. c. 5	}	37.]
p. 12		
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JULY 1754—JULY 1755

Admissi a Julii 5^{to} 1754

(1) **Bateman, Thomas**, Lancashire, examined and approved by Mr Bateman, admitted sizar for Mr Cardale, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 12 September.

(2) **Murray, Hon. Charles**, admitted pensioner, 29 June, 1754, admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Brooke, 21 October.

(3) **Shan, Lawson**, son of John Shan, clerk, Buckinghamshire, born at Chichley; bred at Oakham (Mr Adcock); admitted sizar for Mr Morris, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 5 November, aet. 20.

25

(4) **Duff, Hon. Lewis**, fourth son of William Duff, Baron Braco, Scotland, born in Banf; privately educated at home by Mr Abel; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 14 November, aet. 16.

(5) **Bateson, Robert**, son of Robert Devereux Bateson, esquire, Gloucestershire, born at Borton on the Hill; school, Westminster (Dr Nichols); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 25 November, aet. 21.

University College Oxford, 14 November 1754.

This is to certify whom it may concern that We whose names are hereunto subscribed have no objection to Mr Robert Bateson's removing from this College where he was admitted, to any College in the University of Cambridge as witness our hands

J. Browne, Master
Thos. Nelson, Fellow
Tho. Forster, Fellow
J. Betts, Fellow
John Coulson, Fellow

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(6) **Holland, Rogers**, son of R. Holland, esquire, Wiltshire; born at Chippenham; bred at Urchfont, (Mr Gibbes and Mr Jacques); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 4 December, aet. 18.

5 (7) **Jephson, Thomas**, son of William Jephson, clerk, Surrey; born at Camberwell; educated by his father there; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 10 December, aet. 15.

(8) **Sarraude, John**, A.B. of Oriel College, Oxford; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 12 December.

1755

10 (9) **Holford, Stayner**, eldest son of Robert Holford, esquire, lately Master in Chancery (*Cancellariae non ita pridem Magistri*); school, Eton (Mr Barnard, fellow of the College); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 9 January, aet. 17.

15 (10) **Drake, Samuel**, son of S. Drake, D.D., formerly senior fellow of the College, Yorks; school, Sedbergh (Mr Bateman); examined and approved by Mr Tenant, admitted sizar for Mr Barnard senior, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 10 January.

20 (11) **Dowbiggin, Robert**, son of Thomas Dowbiggin, clerk, Yorks; born at Hutton Cranswick; bred at Beverley; examined and approved by Mr Holme, admitted sizar for Mr Robinson, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 10 January, aet. 18.

25 (12) **Dade, Thomas**, son of T. Dade, clerk, Yorks; born at Scampston; bred at Wakefield; examined and approved by Mr Holme, admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 16 January, aet. 18.

(13) **Bertie, Mountague**, son of Charles Bertie, esquire, Middlesex; born in London; school, Westminster (Dr Markham); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 5 February, aet. 17.

30 (14) **Hosken, John**, son of Anthony Hosken, clerk, Cornwall; born at Bodmyn; bred there (Mr Fisher); examined and approved by Dr Prime, admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 5 February.

35 (15) **Massey, Millington**, son of George Massey, gentleman, Cheshire; born at Dunham; bred at Manchester (Mr Purnell); examined and approved by Dr Ogden; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 1 March, aet. 19.

(16) **Hewett, Richard**, son of Robert Hewett, clerk, Yorks; born at Thornton; school, Pocklington (Mr Robinson and Mr Burbeck); admitted sizar for Mr Robinson, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 40 14 March, aet. 19.

(17) **Bunce, Wheler**, son of John Bunce, clerk, Kent; born at Stackington; school, Canterbury (Mr Beauvoir); examined and approved by Dr Tunstall; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 25 April, aet. 18.

45 (18) **Friend, Henry**, son of George Friend, gentleman, Kent;

born at Burchington in the Isle of Thanet; school, Canterbury (Mr Beauvoir); examined and approved by Mr Tunstall, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 25 April, aet. 18.

(19) **Thompson, Henry**, son of Thompson, esquire, Kent; born at Petham; school, Canterbury (Mr Beauvoir); examined and approved by Dr Tunstall; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 25 April, aet. 19.

(20) **Robinson, William**, son of William Robinson, tailor (*sutoris vestiarii*), Yorks; born at Elland; bred at Rusworth (Mr Learoyd); admitted sizar for Mr Jephson, tutor and surety Mr 10 Powell, 8 May, aet. 22.

(21) **Jauncey, Tyge**, son of John Jauncey, gentleman, Middlesex; born in London; school, Charterhouse (Mr Crusius); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 15 May, aet. 19.

(22) **Stevenson, William**, son of David Stevenson, gentleman, 15 Bucks; school, Eton (Mr Barnard); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 20 May, aet. 20.

(23) **Moseley, William**, son of Thomas Moseley, gentleman, Kent; born at Eltham; school, Bury (Mr Garnham); admitted fellow-commoner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 27 May, aet. 19. 20

(24) **Chelsum, James**, son of James Chelsum, gentleman, Middlesex; born in London; school, Westminster; examined and approved by Mr Totton; admitted sizar for Mr Skynner, tutor Dr Brooke, 28 May, aet. 18.

(25) **Johnson, Robert**, son of William Johnson, clerk, Yorks; 25 born at Mitton; bred at Salford (Mr Clayton); admitted sizar for Mr Morris, tutor Mr Powell, 31 May, aet. 19.

(26) **Brathwaite, Regnald**, son of Gawen Brathwaite, Lancashire; born at Brathey; bred at Ambleside (Mr Knipe); examined and approved by Mr Scales; admitted sizar for Mr Scales, tutor Mr 30 Powell, 31 May.

(27) **Wheeldon, John**, son of William Wheeldon, 'pauperis,' Staffordshire; bred at Burton-on-Trent (Mr Jackson); admitted sizar for Mr Frampton, tutor Dr Brooke, 2 June, aet. 20.

(28) **D'Aranda, Peter**, son of Benjamin D'Aranda, clerk, Surrey; 35 born at Petersham; bred at Kingston-on-Thames (Mr Woodson); examined and approved by Mr Barnard senior; admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Powell, 12 June, aet. 18.

(29) **Fairclough, William**, son of William Fairclough, husbandman (*agricolae*), Westmorland; school, Sedbergh (Mr Bateman); 40 examined and approved by Mr Tennant; admitted sizar for Mr Allen, tutor Mr Powell, 12 June.

(30) **Reynolds, George**, son of G. Reynolds, LL.D., Hunts; born at Buckden; schools, first Lincoln (Mr Rolte), then Huntingdon (Mr Unwin); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Powell, 14 June, aet. 18. 45

(31) **Plucknett, William**, son of Charles Plucknett, clerk, Somerset; born at Cherriton; school, Marlborough (Mr Malon); admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Brooke, 16 June, aet. 17.

(32) **Walker, Allin**, son of A. Walker “automatarii fabri (watch-maker),” Holland; born at Amsterdam; bred there at first and afterwards for two years at Kew, Surrey (Mr Rose); admitted sizar for Mr Cardale, tutor Mr Powell, 16 June, aet. 16.

5 (33) **Fisher, John**, son of John Fisher, physician (*medici*), Essex; born at Harlow; school, Bishop Stortford (Mr Mall and then Mr Hazeland); admitted pensioner, tutor Mr Powell, 27 June, aet. 17.

(34) **Philips, Owen**, A.B. of Balliol College, Oxford; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Brooke, 27 June.

10 (35) **Slade, William**, A.B. of Wadham College, Oxford; admitted pensioner, tutor Dr Brooke, 28 June.

[Admissions in the year $\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c. } 3 \\ \text{p. } 20 \\ \text{s. } 12 \end{array} \right\} 35.]$

END OF THE SECOND VOLUME OF THE COLLEGE ADMISSION REGISTER.

JULY 1755—JULY 1756

Admissi a 4^{to} die Julii 1755

(1) **Heath, George**, son of John Heath, gentleman, Yorks; born at Whitby; school, Beverley (Mr Ward); examined and approved by
15 Mr Holme; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 19 July, aet. 18.

(2) **Rosenhagen, Philip**, son of Arnold Rosenhagen, gentleman, Middlesex; born at Isleworth; school, St Paul's (Mr Thickness); admitted sizar for Mr Barnard senior, tutor and surety Mr Powell,
20 20 October, aet. 18.

(3) **Hargrave, William**, son of James Hargrave, gentleman, Northumberland; born at Shawdon; school, Durham (Mr Dongworth); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 16 December, aet. 20.

1756

25 (4) **Booth, Charles**, son of C. Booth, gentleman, Kent; born at Marden; school, Tunbridge (Mr Cawthorne); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 15 January, aet. 20.

(5) **Rowse, Ezekiel**, son of E. Rowse, clerk, Bedfordshire; born at Malden; bred by his father at Silsoe; admitted sizar for Mr
30 Frampton, tutor Dr Brooke, 3 February, aet. 18.

(6) **Bugg, Whaley**, Notts; born at Southwell; bred there by his father; examined and approved by Mr Twells; admitted sizar for Mr Twells, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 4 February.

(7) **Adderton, Samuel**, son of Hill Adderton, esquire, Salop;
35 born at Preston; bred first at Manchester (Mr Clayton), then at Wem (Mr Prythyrch); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 20 February, aet. 18.

(8) **Webster, William Theophilus Mountjoy**, son of Robert Webster, clerk, Berkshire; born at Southwell; school, Canterbury (Mr Beauvoir); examined and approved by Mr Beauvoir ('ab eodem'), admitted sizar for Mr Grove, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 28 February.

(9) **Liddiard, William**, son of 'G.' (William?) Liddiard, gentleman, Wiltshire; born in Marlborough; bred there (Mr Naylor) and afterwards at Winchester (Dr Burton); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 18 March, aet. 18.

(10) **Houghton, Richard**, son of Richard Houghton, merchant, Lancashire; born at Winwick; bred at Manchester (Mr Clayton); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 25 March, aet. 23.

(11) **Allot, Bryan**, son of B. Allot, clerk, Yorks; born at York; bred at Wakefield (Mr Clarke); examined and approved by Mr Robinson, admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 31 March, aet. 19.

(12) **Usticke, William**, son of 'G.' (William?) Usticke, attorney at law, Middlesex; born in London; bred at Harrow (Dr Thackeray); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 2 April, aet. 19.

(13) **Smith, George**, son of John Smith, clerk, Surrey; born at Southwark; bred there (Mr Davies); examined and approved by Mr Cradocke; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 5 April, aet. 18.

(14) **Clarke, James**; admitted pensioner, 31 May, 1753; is 25 admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 4 May. (v. 10 Febrⁱ. 1766. *note in margin*.)

(15) **Machell, John**, son of James Machell, gentleman, Lancashire; born at Hollow Oak near Ulverston; bred at Hodsten (Hoddesdon), Hertfordshire (Mr Bennet); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 10 May, aet. 19.

(16) **Whitchurch, William**, son of 'G.' (William?) Whitchurch, attorney at law, Somersetshire; borne at Frome; bred at Harrow on the Hill, Middlesex (Dr Thackeray); examined and approved by Dr Cradocke; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 20 May, aet. 18.

(17) **Kyffen, Thomas**, son of T. Kyffen, esquire, Carnarvonshire; born at Maenan; bred at Ruthyn (Mr Hughes); examined and approved by Mr Jones; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 26 May.

(18) **Wadeson, Richard**, son of Richard Wadeson, husbandman (*agricolae*), Westmorland; school, Sedbergh (Mr Bateman); examined and approved by him; admitted sizar for Mr Ellis, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 26 May.

(19) **Underwood, John**, son of John Underwood, gentleman, Northamptonshire; born at Wellingborough; bred there (Mr Holmes); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 5 June, aet. 19.

(20) **Joy, Thomas**, Yorks; bred at Scorton (Mr Noble); examined and approved by Mr Tennant; admitted sizar for Mr Johnson, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 5 June.

(21) **Griffith, Joseph**, son of William Griffith, gentleman, 5 Middlesex, born in London; bred at Hampstead (Dr Cox); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 8 June, aet. 17.

(22) **Evans, James**, son of J. Evans, clerk, Kent; school, Canterbury (Mr Beauvoir); examined and approved by him; admitted sizar for Mr Grove, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 14 June.

10 (23) **Bransby, James**, son of J. Bransby, attorney at law, Norfolk; born at Shotisham; school, Eton (Dr Barnard); examined and approved by him; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 16 June, aet. 18.

(24) **Dixie, Beaumont**, son of B. Dixie, clerk, Leicestershire; 15 born at Bosworth; bred at Repton (Mr Asteley); examined and approved by Mr Newling; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 16 June.

(25) **Peacocke, Aungier**, son of George Peacocke, clerk, Cambridgeshire; born at Stretham; bred at Wisbech (Mr Clarkson), then 20 at Hawstead, Norfolk (Mr Parr); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 16 June, aet.

(26) **Brooke, William**, son of John Brooke, clerk, Norfolk; born at Norwich; bred at Hesnet (Hemel?) Hempstead, Herts (Dr Stirling); examined and approved by Dr Cradock; admitted 25 sizar for Mr Beadon, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 19 June, aet. 19.

(27) **Tighe, William**, son of 'G.' (William?) Tighe, esquire, Ireland; born in Dublin; school, Eton (Dr Barnard); examined and approved by him; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 28 June.

30 (28) **Thackeray, Frederick**, son of Thomas Thackeray, D.D., Essex; born at Heydon; school, Harrow (his father); examined and approved by Mr Gisborne; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 1 July, aet. 20.

(29) **Geldart, John**, Lancashire; born at Eskrigg; school, Sedbergh (Mr Bateman); examined and approved by Mr Tennant; 35 admitted sizar for Mr Morris, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 2 July.

(30) **Mason, George**, Yorks; born at Dent; school, Sedbergh (Mr Bateman); examined and approved by him; admitted sizar for Mr Craven, tutor and surety Mr Powell, 2 July, aet. 20.

40 (31) **Bolton, Thomas**, son of T. Bolton, clerk, Suffolk; born at Coddendam; school, Manchester (Mr Purnell); admitted sizar for Mr Johnson, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 6 July, aet. 21.

[Admissions in the year $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c. } 5 \\ \text{p. } 15 \\ \text{s. } 11 \end{array} \right\} 31.]$

JULY 1756—JULY 1757

Admissiones a nono die Julii 1756

- (1) **Pocklington, Christopher**, admitted pensioner, 5 July, 1756; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 29 September.
- (2) **Atherton, John**, son of J. Atherton, esquire, Lancashire; born at Liverpool; bred at Macclesfield, Cheshire (Mr Atkinson); 5 admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 19 October, aet. 18.
- (3) **Oddie, William**, son of Christopher Oddie, husbandman, (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Sladborn; bred at Threshfield (Mr Hewitt); admitted sizar for Mr Barnard, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 10 19 October, aet. 19.
- (4) **Naylor, Christopher**, son of — Naylor, farrier (*veterinarii*), Yorks; born at Grinton near Richmond; school, Canterbury (Mr Beauvoir); examined and approved by him; admitted sizar for Mr Grove, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 26 October, aet. 18. 15
- (5) **Constable, Thomas**, son of Marmaduke Constable, esquire, Yorks; born at Beverley; bred there (Mr Ward); examined and approved by Mr Holme; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 1 November, aet. 19.
- (6) **Lowten, Timothy**, son of T. Lowten, attorney at law, Che- 20 shire; born at Dunham; school, Manchester (Mr Purnell); admitted sizar for Mr Ludlam, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 4 November, aet. 17.
- (7) **Holland, Rogers**, admitted pensioner on 4 December, 1754; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 3 December. 25
- 1757
- (8) **Houblon, John**, son of James Houblon, esquire, Essex; born at Hallingbury; school, Harrow (Dr Thackeray); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 2 February, aet. 17.
- (9) **Whitear, William**, son of 'G.' (William?) Whitear, schoolmaster (*ludi magistri*), Hampshire; born at Froxfield; bred at 30 Marlborough (Mr Mayler); admitted sizar for Mr Morris, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 28 March, aet. 19.
- (10) **Houlston, Thomas**, Salop; school, Shrewsbury (Mr Newling); examined and approved by Mr Wingfield; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 12 April. 35
- (11) **Duke, Thomas**, son of William Duke, 'iuristi,' America; born in Barbadoes; school, Shrewsbury (Mr Newling); examined and approved by Mr Wingfield; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 12 April.
- (12) **Moseley, Richard**, son of Thomas Moseley, esquire, Kent; 40 born at Eltham; school, Bury (Mr Garnham); examined and approved by Mr Frampton; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 19 April, aet. 18.

(13) **Morris, Charles**, A.B., admitted pensioner, 19 July, 1753; is admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 19 April.

(14) **Cripps, Thomas**, son of Francis Cripps, esquire, Yorks; born at Doncaster; school, Sedbergh (Mr Bateman); examined and 5 approved by him; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 19 April, aet. 19.

(15) **Robinson, Stapylton**, son of Thomas Robinson, clerk, Richmondshire; born at Wycliffe; bred at Scorton (Mr Noble); examined and approved by Dr Fogg; admitted fellow commoner, 10 tutor and surety Dr Powell, 9 May, aet. 17.

(16) **Dabbs, John**, son of — Dabbs, grazier (*pecuarii*), Warwickshire; born at Seckington; bred at Repton (Mr Astley); examined and approved by Mr Cardale; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 10 May, aet. 18.

15 (17) **Thomas, Edward**, son of Isaac Thomas, esquire, America; born in the Island of St Christopher; bred at Chelsea (Mr Allen); examined and approved by Dr Cradocke; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 18 May, aet. 19.

(18) **Dobbs, John**, Lincolnshire; born at Bucknall; bred at 20 Wakefield (Mr Clarke); examined and approved by Mr Carr; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 3 June, aet. 19.

(19) **Loggon, George**, son of G. Loggon, freeholder (*suum fundum colentis*), Herefordshire; born at Colwall; bred at Hereford (Mr Stephens); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 25 14 June, aet. 19.

(20) **Hasell, William**, son of Christopher Hasell, gentleman, Kent; born at Sturry; school, Canterbury (Mr Beauvoir); examined and approved by him; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 20 June, aet. 20.

30 (21) **Edmonds, George James**, son of James Edmonds, 'centurionis,' Hunts.; born at Hemingford Grey; school, Huntingdon (Mr Unwin); examined and approved by Mr Clarke; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 22 June, aet. 17.

(22) **Belcher, Stringer**, son of Samuel Belcher, gentleman, 35 Kent; born at Utcomb; bred at Ashford (Mr Barret); examined and approved by Dr Tunstall; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 28 June, aet. 17.

(23) **King, John**, Yorks; school, Sedbergh (Mr Bateman); examined and approved by him; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr 40 Powell, 28 June.

(24) **Bullock, William**, Staffordshire; examined and approved by Mr Bullock; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 8 July.

(25) **Sedgwick, Richard**, Kent; examined and approved by Mr Ellis; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 8 July.

45 [Admissions in the year $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c. 4} \\ \text{p. 10} \\ \text{s. 11} \end{array} \right\} 25.]$

JULY 1757—JULY 1758

Admissi ab octavo die Julii 1757

(1) **Butcher, James**, son of J. Butcher, esquire, America; born in the Island of Barbadoes; bred under Mr Wharton; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 2 August, aet. 19.

(2) **Carr, Colston**, son of Robert Carr, clerk, Middlesex; born at Twickenham; school, St Paul's (Mr Thickness); admitted sizar, 5 tutor and surety Mr Powell, 1 October, aet. 17.

(3) **Williams, Thomas**, son of Jenkin Williams, clerk, Glamorganshire; school, St Paul's (Mr Thickness); examined and approved by Dr Taylor; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 22 December, aet. 16.

10

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(4) **Panton, Hugh**, Middlesex; school, Westminster (Dr Markham); examined and approved by Dr Taylor; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 9 February.

(5) **Fielding, James**, son of — Fielding, gentleman, Middlesex; school, Harrow (Dr Thackeray); examined and approved by Mr 15 Jephson; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 14 February, aet. 18.

(6) **Bedford, Thomas**, son of William Bedford, clerk, Bedfordshire; born in Bedford; school, Winchester (Dr Burton); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 14 February, aet. 18.

20

(7) **Grindall, Simon**, son of S. Grindall, gentleman, Yorks; born at Muston; school, Beverley (Mr Ward); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 15 March, aet. 19.

(8) **Grimwood, Thomas Lechmere**, son of — Grimwood, clerk, Essex; born at Dedham; bred there by his father; examined and 25 approved by Mr Stephens; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 16 March.

(9) **Ainsworth, Henry**, son of Richard Ainsworth, husbandman (*agricolae*), Lancashire; born at Gorton; school, Manchester (Mr Purnell); examined and approved by Dr Ogden; admitted sizar, 30 tutor and surety Dr Powell, 16 March.

(10) **Carver, John**, son of Marmaduke Carver, esquire, Yorks; school, Canterbury (Mr Beauvoir); examined and approved by him; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 3 April, aet. 18.

35

(11) **Meyrick, Owen Lewis**, son of Richard Meyrick, M.D., Middlesex; school, Canterbury (Mr Beauvoir); examined and approved by him; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 3 April, aet. 18.

(12) **Michell, Richard**, son of John Michell, butcher (*lanii*), 40 Sussex; born at Portslade; bred at Tunbridge (Mr Cawthorne); examined and approved by Dr Burton; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 3 April, aet. 21.

(13) **Turner, Baptist Noel**, son of — Turner, clerk, Rutland; born at Wing; bred at Oakham (Mr Powell); examined and approved by Mr Tyson; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 8 April.

5 (14) **Beresford, William**, son of John Beresford, Derbyshire, gentleman; born at Ashborne; bred at Bosworth, Leicestershire (Mr Slade); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 10 May, aet. 19.

10 (15) **Potts, Thomas**, son of — Potts, clerk, Lancashire; born at Ormskirk; bred at Macclesfield; examined and approved by Mr Massey; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 12 May.

(16) **Moseley, Richard**, Yorks; school, Pocklington (Mr Basket); examined and approved by him; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 22 May.

15 (17) **Digby, Joseph**, son of J. Digby, clerk, Rutland; born at Thistleton; bred at Uppingham (Mr Knapp); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 31 May, aet. 17.

(18) **Drake, Edward Holwell**, A.B. of Balliol College, Oxford; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 24 June.

20 (19) **Roberts, John**, A.B. of Brasenose College, Oxford; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 29 June.

(20) **Crofts, Richard**, son of William Crofts, esquire, Suffolk; school, Eton (Dr Barnard); examined and approved by him; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 3 July.

25 (21) **Roberts, James**, son of John Roberts, Yorks; born at Height; bred at Threshfield; examined and approved by Mr Tenant; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 3 July.

(22) **Forster, William**, Yorks; school, Sedbergh (Mr Bateman) and Threshfield; examined and approved by Dr Fogg; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 3 July.

(23) **Keck, Anthony James**, son of A. J. Keck, esquire, Middlesex; school, Eton (Dr Barnard); examined and approved by him; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 5 July.

35 [Admissions in the year $\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c. 3} \\ \text{p. 7} \\ \text{s. 13} \end{array} \right\} 23.$]

JULY 1758—JULY 1759

Admissi a 7mo die Julii 1758

(1) **Boughton, James**, son of Thomas Boughton, attorney at law, Northamptonshire; born at Cliff; schools, Westminster and Oakham; examined and approved by Dr Powell; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 22 July.

40 (2) **Johnson, Samuel**, son of — Johnson, schoolmaster (*ludi magistri*), Salop; school, Shrewsbury (Mr Newling); examined and

approved by him; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 2 August.

(3) **Dinsdale, George**, Richmondshire; bred at Scorton (Mr Noble); examined and approved by Mr Tennant; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 31 August.

5

(4) **Holgate, George**, son of G. Holgate, banker (*negotiatoris*), Middlesex; born in London; school, Westminster (Dr Markham); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 23 October, aet. 18.

(5) **Griffith, Richard**; Middlesex; examined and approved by Mr Morris; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 3 November.

10

(6) **Hall, William**, Northumberland; examined and approved by Dr Brown; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 3 November.

(7) **Robinson, Peter**, son of Robert Robinson, clerk, Staffordshire; born at Sheen; school, Sedbergh (Mr Bateman); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 5 November, aet. 20.

15

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(8) **Wyke, Anthony**, son of William Wyke, gentleman, America; born in Montserrat; school, Eton (Dr Barnard); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 13 January, aet. 19.

20

(9) **Kyffen, Thomas**; admitted pensioner, 26 May 1756; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 21 January.

(10) **Cayley, John**, son of J. Cayley, clerk, Yorks; born at Brompton; schools, Beverley (Mr Ward), Marlborough (Mr Malon); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 6 February, aet. 18.

25

(11) **Underwood, John**, admitted pensioner, 5 June, 1756; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 7 February.

(12) **Wainman, William**, son of Richard Wainman, gentleman, Yorks; born at Bradford; school, Eton (Dr Barnard); admitted pensioner, tutors and sureties Dr Powell and Mr Allen, 20 February, aet. 19.

30

(13) **Wainman, Richard**, aet. 18; otherwise the same as his brother.

(14) **Jones, Evan**, A.B. of Jesus College, Oxford; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 14 March.

35

(15) **Stapylton, Henry**, son of H. Stapylton, esquire, Yorks; born at Dunscoft; school, Beverley (Mr Ward); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 20 March, aet. 18.

(16) **Ball, David**, son of Jonathan Ball, Yorks; born at Royston; bred at Rishworth (Mr Learoyd); examined and approved by Dr Tunstall; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 20 March.

40

(17) **Rugg, John**, A.B. of Balliol College, Oxford; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 21 March.

(18) **Sedgwick, Richard**, admitted sizar, 8 July, 1757; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 28 March.

45

(19) **Wilson, William**, son of Thomas Wilson, druggist (*pharmacopolæ*), Yorks; born at Beverley; school, Beverley (Mr Ward); examined and approved by Mr Holme; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 31 March, aet. 18.

5 (20) **Dade, William**, son of Thomas Dade, clerk, Yorks; born at Scampston; bred at Hackney (Mr Newcomb); examined and approved by Mr Jephson; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 12 April.

(21) **Gilbank, William**, son of Thomas Gilbank, verger (*vir-garii*), Yorks; born at York; school, Pocklington (Mr Basket); examined and approved by Mr Robinson; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 19 April, aet. 19.

(22) **Hill, Samuel**, son of Thomas Hill, esquire, Middlesex; born in London; privately educated by Mr Fletcher; admitted fellow
15 commoner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 25 April, aet. 16.

(23) **Hill, Noel**, son of Thomas Hill, esquire, Middlesex; born in London; privately educated by Mr Fletcher; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 25 April, aet. 14.

(24) **Wilson, John**, son of — Wilson, clerk, Rutland; bred by
20 his father; examined and approved by Mr Reid; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 7 May.

(25) **Ferris, Thomas**, son of Francis Ferris, hosier (*caligarii*); born in London; school, Charterhouse; examined and approved by Mr Gunning; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 22 May, aet. 18.

25 (26) **Atkinson, Christopher**, Lancashire; school, Sedbergh; examined and approved by Mr Bacon; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 29 May, aet. 24.

(27) **Pritchett, Richard**, son of Delabere Pritchett, clerk, Pembrokeshire; born at St David's (*Meneviae*); school, Marlborough;
30 examined and approved by Mr Frampton senior; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 31 May, aet. 17.

(28) **Dudley, Edward**, Leicestershire; examined and approved by Mr Beresford; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 6 June.

35 (29) **Evans, William**, son of — Evans, clerk, Staffordshire; examined and approved by Mr Twells; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 15 June.

(30) **Shepherd, Henry**, son of — Shepherd, clerk, Lincolnshire; born at Horncastle; bred at Wisbech (Mr Clarkson); examined and
40 approved by Mr Marshall; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 23 June, aet. 18.

(31) **Maling, Christopher Thompson**, son of William Maling, esquire, Durham; born at Sunderland; bred at Houghton (Mr Griffith); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Powell,
45 25 June, aet. 18.

(32) **Scurfield, George**, son of William Scurfield, esquire, Durham; born at Sunderland; bred at Houghton; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 25 June, aet. 18.

(33) **Tighe, Edward**, son of William Tighe, esquire, Ireland; school, Eton; examined and approved by Dr Barnard; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 25 June.

(34) **Haygarth, John**; Yorks; born in the parish of Sedbergh; school, Sedbergh; examined and approved by Mr Bateman; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 25 June.

(35) **Harrison, Richard**, son of R. Harrison, grocer (*aromatarii*), Salop; born at Shrewsbury; bred there (Mr Newling); examined and approved by him; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 27 June.

10

(36) **Thwaits, James**, Yorks; bred at Harrow; examined and approved by Mr Craven; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 30 June.

(37) **Hutton, John**, Westmorland; school, Sedbergh; examined and approved by Mr Bateman; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 30 June.

(38) **Saunderson, William**, Durham; school, Sedbergh; examined and approved by Mr Bateman; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 30 June.

(39) **Smyth, Ozias**, son of George Smyth, gentleman, Norfolk; born at Topcroft; educated privately by Mr Stegalls; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 30 June, aet. 17.

(40) **Ironside, William**, son of 'G.' (William?) Ironside, gentleman, Durham; born at Houghton-le-Spring; bred at Houghton (Mr Griffith); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 25 2 July, aet. 18.

[Admissions in the year $\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c. 7} \\ \text{p. 19} \\ \text{s. 14} \end{array} \right\} 40.$]

JULY 1759—JULY 1760

Admissi a 6^{to} die Julii 1759

(1) **Richardson, John**, son of J. Richardson, clerk, Ireland; bred at Chelsea; examined and approved by Dr Chilcott; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 13 July, aet. 18.

30

(2) **Norton, William**, son of Fletcher Norton, esquire, Middlesex; born in London; bred at Harrow (Dr Thackeray); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 21 July, aet. 18.

(3) **Stearne, Richard**, son of R. Stearne, esquire, Yorks; born in York; school, Beverley (Mr Ward); examined and approved by Dr Tunstall; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 12 October, aet. 19.

(4) **Kyffen, John**, son of Thomas Kyffen, esquire, Carnarvonshire; born at Maenan; bred at Ruthin (Mr Hughes); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 13 October, aet. 17.

40

(5) **Brotherson, Peter**, America; examined and approved by Dr Taylor; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 2 November.

(6) **Holford, Stayner, A.B.**; admitted pensioner, 9 January 1755; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 13 November.

1760

(7) **Percy, Hugh**, Lord Warkworth, son of Hugh, Earl of Northumberland; born in London; school, Eton (Dr Barnard); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 11 January, 10 aet. 18.

(8) **Revely, Hugh**, son of George Revely, gentleman; born in Spain; school, Eton (Dr Barnard); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 12 January, aet. 20.

(9) **Pritchett, Charles Pigott**, son of Delabere Pritchett, clerk, 15 Pembrokeshire; born at St David's (*Meneviae*); school, Marlborough; examined and approved by Mr Frampton, senior; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 8 March.

(10) **Horseman, James**, son of J. Horseman, clerk, Durham; born at Greatham; examined and approved by Mr Horseman; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 21 March, aet. 19.

(11) **Colchester, William**, son of 'G.' (William?) Colchester, Essex; born at Dedham; bred there (Mr Grimwood); examined and approved by Mr Stephens; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 29 March, aet. 18.

(12) **Grey, George**, son of G. Grey, gentleman, Durham; born at Southwick; school, Newcastle (Mr Moises); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 14 April, aet. 17.

(13) **Gee, Richard**, son of James Gee, esquire, Yorks; born in York; school, Beverley (Mr Ward); examined and approved by Mr Holme, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 14 April, aet. 18.

(14) **Ackland, Thomas**, son of William Ackland, merchant (*mercatoris*), Surrey; born in Southwark; bred at Southwark; examined and approved by Mr Clarke; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 29 April, aet. 17.

(15) **Hargrave, William**, Northumberland; admitted pensioner, 16 December, 1755; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 2 May.

(16) **Wright, Charles**, son of George Wright, musician (*musici*), Northamptonshire; born at Peterborough; bred there (Mr Mar-sham); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 7 May, aet. 16.

(17) **Aveling, William**, son of 'G.' (William?) Aveling, clerk, Bedfordshire; examined and approved by Mr Cole; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 13 May.

(18) **Boot, Walkingham**, son of Joseph Boot, farmer (*coloni*), 45 Derbyshire; born at Higham; bred at Chesterfield (Mr Saunders); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 27 May, aet. 19.

(19) **Twyford, Robert**, A.B. of Oriel College, Oxford ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 29 May.

(20) **Otteley, William**, America ; school, Eton (Dr Barnard) ; examined and approved by him ; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 31 May. 5

(21) **Swale, John**, son of J. Swale, attorney at law, London ; school, Charterhouse ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 5 June, aet. 16.

(22) **Procter, William**, son of Thomas Procter, tanner (*alutarii*), Yorks ; born at Merebec ; bred at Skipton (Mr Plummer) ; 10 admitted sizar, tutor and surety, Dr Powell, 9 June, aet. 22.

(23) **Martin, Samuel**, son of S. Martin, clerk, Warwickshire ; born at Newton ; school, Manchester (Mr Purnell) ; examined and approved by Mr Beresford ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 10 June, aet. 17. 15

(24) **Becher, William**, son of Edward Becher, esquire, Notts ; born at Southwell ; bred at Uppingham (Mr Knapp) ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 12 June, aet. 18.

(25) **Cradock, William** and (26) **Cradock, Thomas**, sons of Thomas Cradock, clerk, Staffordshire ; born at Wolverhampton ; 20 school, Shrewsbury (Mr Newling) ; examined and approved by him ; admitted pensioners, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 28 June, aet. William, 19, Thomas 17.

(27) **Lloyd, Heneage**, second son of Sir Richard Lloyd, kn. and Baron of the Exchequer ; examined and approved by Mr Jeph- 25 son ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 23 June.

(28) **Evans, Evan**, Notts ; born at Babworth ; school, Eton (Dr Barnard) ; examined and approved by him ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 23 June.

(29) **Taylor, Simon Oliver** ; Bedfordshire ; bred at Welling- 30 borough ; examined and approved by Mr Bacon ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 25 June, aet. 18.

(30) **Palmer, Richard**, son of Thomas Palmer, clerk, Herefordshire ; school, Hereford ; examined and approved by Mr Cam ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 30 June, aet. 16. 35

(31) **Fancourt, John**, son of William Fancourt, clerk, Rutland ; born at Littington ; bred at Oakham (Mr Markham) ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 1 July, aet. 19.

Admissions in the year $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c. } 6 \\ \text{p. } 15 \\ \text{s. } 10 \end{array} \right\} 31.]$

JULY 1760—JULY 1761

Admissi a 4^{to} die Julii 1760

(1) **Blake, Patrick**, son of Andrew Blake, esquire, Middlesex ; 40 born in London ; school, Eton ; examined and approved by Mr Ewin ;

admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 18 August, aet. 18.

(2) **Cronkshaw, John**, A. M. of Brasenose College, Oxford; admitted fellow commoner, surety Dr Powell, 17 October.

5 (3) **Ward, John**, son of — Ward, clerk, Yorks; born at Thornton; school, Beverley; examined and approved by Dr Powell; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 17 October, aet. 18.

(4) **Lord, William**, son of 'G.' (William?) Lord, gentleman, Derbyshire; born at Normanton; bred at Chesterfield; admitted
10 pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 30 October, aet. 18.

(5) **Milward, John**, son of Thomas Milward, clerk, Westmorland; born at Long Marton; bred at Appleby; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 31 October, aet. 18.

(6) **Garrett, John**, son of James Garrett, architect (*architecti*),
15 Devonshire; born at Exeter; bred at Tiverton; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 2 November, aet. 19.

(7) **Grey, George**, admitted pensioner, 14 April 1760; is admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 3 November.

(8) **Pilborough, John**, son of J. Pilborough, Essex; born at
20 Colchester; bred there; examined and approved by Mr Stephens; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Powell, 15 December, aet. 18.

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(9) **Hull, Christopher**, son of John Hull, gentleman, Lancashire; born at Marton; school, Sedbergh (Mr Bateman); examined and approved by him; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Powell,
25 22 January.

(10) **Moseley, Richard**, admitted pensioner on 19 April, 1757; is admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 29 January.

(11) **Batt, William**, son of 'G.' (William?) Batt, clerk, Wilt-
30 shire; born at Collingborne Ducis; school, Eton (Dr Barnard); examined and approved by him; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 16 February, aet. 18.

(12) **Forster, William**, son of Thomas Forster, druggist (*pharmacopolae*), Rutland; born at Uppingham; bred there (Mr Knapp);
35 admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 10 March, aet. 18.

(13) **Aldridge, Stephen**, son of S. Aldridge, clerk, Essex; born at Stanneway; educated at a private school in London; examined and approved by Dr Gisborne; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 19 March, aet. 18.

(14) **Hall, Samuel**, son of S. Hall, clerk; born in Scotland; bred
40 at Houghton-le-Spring (Mr Griffith); examined and approved by Mr Horseman; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 9 April, aet. 19.

(15) **Travis, George**, son of John Travis, Lancashire; born at
45 Royton; school, Manchester (Mr Purnell); examined and approved

by Dr Tunstall; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 17 April.

(16) **Mason, Edward**, son of — Mason, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Ecclesfield; bred at Chesterfield (Mr Saunders); examined and approved by Mr Burrow; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 22 May, aet. 18.

(17) **Kingston, Francis**, son of — Kingston, attorney at law, Dorsetshire; born in Dorchester; bred there; examined and approved by Mr Metcalf; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 25 May, aet. 15. 10

(18) **Paddon, Thomas**, son of George Paddon, clerk, Devonshire; examined and approved by Dr Prime; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 27 May, aet. 19.

(19) **Rudd, James**, Yorks; born at Killham; examined and approved by Mr Robinson; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 15 June, aet. 18. 15

(20) **Boothby, Brooke**, son of B. Boothby, esquire, Derbyshire; born at Ashbourne; bred at Stafford; examined and approved by Mr Beresford; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 19 June. 20

(21) **White, Charles**, Dorsetshire; bred at Dorchester (Mr Hubbock); examined and approved by Mr Metcalf; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 19 June, aet. 16.

(22) **Weatherhead, Thomas**, son of — Weatherhead, clerk, Yorks; born at Pontefract; bred at Lynn, Norfolk; examined and approved by Mr Jones; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 1 July. 25

(23) **Ellison, Stanhope**, A.B. of Brasenose College, Oxford; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 2 July.

(24) **Bethel, Samuel**, A.B. of Wadham College, Oxford; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 3 July. 30

(25) **Grove, Thomas**, son of Chafin Grove, esquire, Wiltshire; school, Marlborough; examined and approved by Mr Frampton; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 8 July.

[Admissions in the year $\left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \text{f. c.} & 4 \\ \text{p.} & 8 \\ \text{s.} & 13 \end{array} \right\}$ 25.]

35

JULY 1761—JULY 1762

Admissi a 10^{mo} die Julii 1761

(1) **Burnaby, Thomas Beaumont**, son of Andrew Burnaby, clerk, Leicestershire; born at Asfordby; bred at Uppingham, Rutland (Mr Knap); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 11 July, aet. 19.

(2) **Bernard, Roger**, son of R. Bernard, esquire, Ireland ; born at Corke ; educated privately by Mr Chinnery ; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 27 July, aet. 19.

(3) **Craster, Thomas**, son of Edmund Craster, Westmorland ; 5 born at Kirkby Lonsdale ; school, Sedbergh (Mr Bateman) ; examined and approved by him ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 19 August, aet. 18.

(4) **Green, Vincent**, son of William Green, schoolmaster (*ludi magistri*), Kent ; born at Shoreham ; bred at Sutton (Mr Hardy) ; 10 examined and approved by Mr Abbot ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 20 September, aet. 19.

(5) **Kirby, John**, son of — Kirby, husbandman (*agricolae*), Kent ; born in the Isle of Thanet ; schools, first Canterbury (Mr Beauvoir), then Maidstone (Mr Russell) ; examined and approved by Mr Abbot, 15 admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 9 October, aet. 18.

(6) **Hodgson, John**, clerk in holy orders, Lancashire ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 3 November, aet. 27.

(7) **Taylor, Simon Oliver**, admitted pensioner, 25 June 1760 ; is admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 20 10 November.

(8) **Crosley, John**, son of William Crosley, weaver (*textoris*), Yorks ; born at Heptonstall ; bred there (Mr Pawson) ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 11 November, aet. 26.

(9) **Bullock, William**, admitted sizar, 8 July 1757 ; is admitted 25 pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 19 November.

(10) **Warrington, George**, son of G. Warrington, esquire, Lancashire ; school, Shrewsbury (Mr Newling) ; examined and approved by him ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 4 November.

30 (11) **Chafy, William**, son of — Chafy, clerk, Dorsetshire ; bred at Dorchester ; examined and approved by Mr Metcalf ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 28 November.

(12) **Sheepshanks, William**, son of Richard Sheepshanks, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks ; born at Linton ; bred at Threshfield 35 (Mr Hewit) ; examined and approved by Dr Tunstall ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 12 December, aet. 20.

(13) **Dinsdale, George**, Richmondshire ; admitted sizar, 31 August, 1758 ; is admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 24 December.

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40 (14) **Keck, David Anthony**, son of A. Keck, serjeant-at-law, Middlesex ; school, Eton (Dr Barnard) ; examined and approved by him ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 9 January.

(15) **Bedford, Thomas**, Bedfordshire ; admitted sizar, 14 February, 1758 ; is admitted pensioner, tutor and surety 45 Mr Abbot, 15 January.

(16) **Houblon, John**, Essex; admitted pensioner, 7 February, 1757; is admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 18 January.

(17) **Place, Henry**, son of Conyers Place, clerk, Dorsetshire; born at Marnhull; bred at Dorchester; examined and approved by Mr Metcalf; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 25 January, aet. 18. 5

(18) **Marsh, George**, son of — Marsh, carpet maker (*tapetiarii*), Dorsetshire; school, Marlborough; examined and approved by Mr Metcalf; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 25 January, 10 aet. 18.

(19) **Bowen, Thomas**, clerk in holy orders, Devonshire; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 12 February, aet. 24.

(20) **Moseley, Richard**, Yorks; admitted sizar, 22 May 1758; is admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 20 February. 15

(21) **Allen, John Towers**, son of J. Allen, gentleman, Norfolk; born at Terrington; school, Bury (Mr Garnham); examined and approved by Mr Frampton; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 22 March, aet. 18.

(22) **Deason, Thomas**, son of — Deason, clerk, Yorks; born at 20 Carlton; school, Beverley (Mr Ward); examined and approved by Mr Robinson; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 22 March, aet. 18.

(23) **Fountaine, Robert**, son of Richard Fountaine, freeholder (*suum fundum colentis*), Yorks; born at Linton; bred there (Mr 25 Hewit); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 16 April, aet. 19.

(24) **Arnald, William**, son of Richard Arnald, clerk, Leicestershire; born at Thurcaston; school, Manchester; examined and approved by Dr Ogden; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety 30 Mr Abbot, 8 May.

(25) **Gardiner, Luke**, son of — Gardiner, esquire, Ireland; school, Eton (Dr Barnard); examined and approved by him; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 7 June.

(26) **Burne, Walter**, son of John Burne, clerk, Devonshire; 35 examined and approved by Dr Prime; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 22 June.

(27) **Moseley, Maurice**, Suffolk; school, Eton (Dr Barnard); examined and approved by him; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 23 June. 40

(28) **Davies, William**, Montgomeryshire; school, Shrewsbury (Mr Newling); examined and approved by him; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 30 June.

(29) **Russell, Robert**, son of John Russell, husbandman (*agricolae*), Lancashire; born at Force Forge; school, Sedbergh (Mr 45 Bateman); examined and approved by Mr Brathwaite; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 30 June, aet. 18.

(30) **Manley, Henry Churley**, Somerset; school, Eton (Dr

Barnard); examined and approved by him; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 1 July.

(31) **Le Grice, Charles**, son of C. Le Grice, attorney at law, Suffolk; born in Bury St Edmund's; educated privately by Mr 5 Steggolds; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 5 July, aet. 19.

[Admissions in the year	f. c.	4	} 31.]
	p.	13	
	s.	14	

JULY 1762—JULY 1763

Admissi a 9^{no} die Julii 1762

(1) **Hetley, Henry**, son of Richard Hetley, flour merchant (*fari-*
narii), Northamptonshire; born at Peterborough; bred there (Mr 10 Marshall); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 9 July, aet. 19.

(2) **Pennington, Isaac**, son of Paul Pennington, captain of a merchant-man (*navis onerariae praefecti*); born at Longmire in Foreness-Fell, Lancashire; school, Sedbergh (Mr Bateman); exam- 15 ined and approved by him; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 13 August, aet. 17.

(3) **Manly, Henry Churley**; Somerset; admitted sizar, 1 July 1762; is admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 20 September.

20 (4) **Yale, John**, son of S. Yale, clerk, Denbighshire; born at Wrexham; bred at Ruthin; examined and approved by Mr Jones junior; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 27 September.

(5) **Raikes, Richard**, son of Robert Raikes, printer (*typographi*), 25 Gloucestershire; born in Gloucester; school, Eton (Dr Barnard); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 11 October, aet. 18.

(6) **Marshall, Henry**, son of H. Marshall, clerk, Lincolnshire; born at Salmonby; bred at Ormesby (Mr Smith); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 3 November, aet. 18.

30 (7) **Tanner, Culpepper**, son of C. Tanner, clerk, Rutland; born at Oakham; bred there (Mr Markham); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 14 December, aet. 21.

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(8) **Paddon, George**, son of G. Paddon, clerk, Devonshire; born at Challey; bred at Bampton (Mr Wood); examined and approved 35 by Dr Sleech; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 16 February, aet. 18.

(9) **Youde, John**, son of Thomas Youde, druggist (*pharma-*

copolae), Denbighshire ; born in Ruthen ; bred there (Mr Hughes) ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 23 February, aet. 20.

To the Reverend the Master and Fellows of St John's College,
Cambridge.

We the Principal and Fellows of Jesus College in Oxford do testify 5
that Mr John Youde was admitted a member of our said College the
seventh day of October 1760 and that he has resided eight Terms,
and moreover that during his Residence he has behav'd himself in a
sober regular and studious manner.

Witness our hands this
seventeenth day of
February 1763.

Thomas Pardo, Principal 10
James Williams
Elvedale Kyffin
Thomas Williams
Richard Edwards.

(10) **Byron, John**, son of Joshua Byron, grazier (*pecuarii*), Lin- 15
colnshire ; born at Utterby ; school, Beverley (Mr Ward) ; admitted
pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 29 March, aet. 18.

(11) **Johnson, John Allen**, son of Allen Johnson, esquire,
Ireland ; born in Dublin ; school, Eton (Dr Barnard) ; admitted
fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 7 April, aet. 18. 20

(12) **Weston, Samuel Ryder**, son of John Weston, clerk, Devon-
shire ; born in Exeter ; school, Eton (Dr Barnard) ; admitted pen-
sioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 12 April, aet. 16.

(13) **Smyth, James**, son of James Smyth, esquire, Bedfordshire ;
born at Streatly near Luton ; bred at Hitchin, Herts (Mr Morgan) ; 25
admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 26 April, 'et eo ipso
quo erat admissus die, annos compleveret 18.'

(14) **Whalley, Thomas Sedgewick**, son of John Whalley,
Regius Professor of Divinity, and Master of Peterhouse, Cambridge-
shire ; born in Cambridge ; bred at Ilminster, Somerset (Mr Davis) ; 30
examined and approved by Mr Beadon ; admitted pensioner, tutor
and surety Dr Brooke, 27 April, aet. 18.

(15) **Richards, George**, son of — Richards, clerk, Kent ; born
at Peckham ; bred at Tunbridge (Mr Towers) ; examined and ap-
proved by Dr Taylor ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr 35
Brooke, 2 May, aet. 18.

(16) **Pearce, William**, son of William Pearce, surgeon, Corn-
wall ; born at St Kevern near Helstone ; bred at Helstone ; examined
and approved by Mr Hosken ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety
Dr Brooke, 7 May, aet. 18. 40

(17) **Wise, John**, son of Edward Wise, attorney, Berkshire ;
born at Wokingham ; school, Eton (Dr Barnard) ; examined and
approved by him ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke,
7 May, aet. 18.

(18) **Durand, Daniel Francis**, son of — Durand, clerk, Norfolk ; 45
born in Norwich ; school, Canterbury (Mr Beauvoir) ; examined and
approved by him ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke,
28 May, aet. 17.

(19) **Sneade, Samuel**, father in holy orders (*patre clerico*), Montgomeryshire; born at Church Stoke; school, Shrewsbury (Mr Newling); commended by him; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 23 May, aet. 17.

5 (20) **Carr, John**, Derbyshire; school, Manchester (Mr Purnell); examined and approved by Dr Ogden; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 25 May.

(21) **Peake, James**, son of Jonathan Peak, clerk, Cheshire; school, Manchester (Mr Purnell); examined and approved by Dr
10 Ogden; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 25 May.

(22) **Barnes, Benjamin**, son of Edward Barnes, scythe grinder, (*artificio exacuendi fulces occupati*), Yorks; born at Wadsley; the free school, Sheffield (Mr Smith); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 25 May, aet. 20.

15 (23) **Glover, Richard**, son of John Glover, of Kirkby Lonsdale, gentleman, Westmorland; school, Sedbergh (Mr Bateman); commended by him; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 6 June.

(24) **Orme, Thomas**, son of — Orme, husbandman (*agricolae*) of Ashby Zouch, Leicestershire; bred at Repton, Derbyshire (Mr
20 Asteley); examined and approved by Mr Beresford; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 11 June.

(25) **Dean, Richard**, Yorks; born at Linton; schools, Durham and Threshfield; examined and approved by Mr Robinson; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 13 June, aet. 20.

25 (26) **Harrison, John**, Durham, examined and approved by Mr Horseman; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 22 June.

(27) **Jones, Peter**, son of Thomas Jones, clerk, Merioneth; born at Llanderfel; the free school, Ruthin (Mr Hughes); admitted pen-
30 sioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 27 June, aet. 21.

To all Persons to whom these Presents shall come Greeting.

We the Principal and Fellows of Jesus College in Oxford do testify that Peter Jones was admitted a member of our said College the seventh day of March 1760: and that he has resided Thirteen Terms: and moreover that during his Residence he has behaved himself in a
35 sober, regular and studious manner.

Witness our Hands the
Twenty second day of June
40 1763.

Hum. Owen, Prin^l
Elvedale Kyffin
Thomas Williams
John Williams
Edward Thomas.

(28) **Watkin, Joseph**, son of John Watkin, husbandman (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Stokesley in Cleveland; the free school at Scorton (Mr White); examined and approved by Mr Craven;
45 admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 29 June, aet. 18.

(29) **Houlbrooke, Theophilus**, son of — Houlbrooke, seller of shoes (*calceos vendentis*), Staffordshire; born at Lichfield; school,

Shrewsbury (Mr Newling); recommended by him; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 30 June, aet. 17.

(30) **Gough, Charles**, son of Owen Gough, clerk, Bedfordshire; born at Leighton Buzzard; school, Eton (Dr Barnard); by whom he is recommended; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 5 4 July, aet. past 17.

[Admissions in the year $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c.} \quad 2 \\ \text{p.} \quad 14 \\ \text{s.} \quad 14 \end{array} \right\} 30.]$

JULY 1763—JULY 1764

Admissi ab 8^{vo} die Julii 1763

(1) **Highmore, John**, Westmorland; school, Sedbergh (Mr Bateman); recommended by him; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 9 July. 10

(2) **Davies, Robert**, son of Robert Davies, Denbighshire; born at Denbigh; the free school, Ruthin (Mr Hughes); examined by Mr Abbot; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 24 August, aet. 18.

(3) **Lloyd, John**, son of Thomas Lloyd, maltster (*brasiatoris*), 15 Denbighshire; born at Ruthin; bred there (Mr Hughes); examined by Mr Abbot; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 24 August, aet. 19.

(4) **Lewis, Owen**¹, son of Lewis Thomas, Denbighshire; born at Bryn Eglwys; the free school, Ruthin (Mr Hughes); examined by Mr Abbot; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 24 August, aet. 18. 20

(5) **Leighton, Charles**, son of Sir Charlton Leighton, Bart., Salop; school, Shrewsbury (Mr Newling); recommended by him; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 17 September, aet. past 16. 25

(6) **Becher, William**, Notts., formerly a member of the College 'et nuperrime ex Collegio Jesu,' admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 28 September.

Jesus College, Cambridge, 27 Sept. 1763. 30

William Becher was admitted into this College on the 28th day of October 1760, and having been duly resident since that time has behaved himself in a very regular and orderly manner and has our leave to remove to any other College in this University.

L. Caryl, Master 35
E. Allenson, Dean Dep.
T. Milner, Tutor.

¹ Nomen hujus Juvenis est *Owen Lewis*, et patris nomen (filio saltem teste) est *Lewis Thomas*. (Note in margin.)

(7) **Lord, William**, admitted pensioner, 30 October, 1760; is now admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 12 November.

(8) **Youngson, Dacre**, son of George Youngson, grazier (*pecuarii*), Yorks; born at Kilham; school, Beverley (Mr Ward); examined by Mr Robinson; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 28 December, aet. 18.

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(9) **Knowles, Thomas**, son of William Knowles, clerk, Lancashire; born at Ormskirk; school, Sedbergh (Mr Bateman); recommended by him; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 17 February.

(10) **Carr, Colston**, formerly member of this College, being admitted 1 October 1757, is now again admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 13 March. Admitted pensioner under Mr Chevallier, 6 November 1771¹.

(11) **Wood, William**, son of William Wood, husbandman (*agricolae*), Notts; born at Hockerwood in the parish of Southwell; school, Southwell; examined by Mr Todington; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 16 March, aet. 17.

(12) **Cuthbert, Edward**, son of Joseph Cuthbert, clerk, Essex; born at Balvan; school, St Paul's (Mr Thickness); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 27 March, aet. 18.

(13) **Eyton, Robert**, son of Thomas Eyton, timber merchant (*materiarum*), Denbighshire; born at Llanganafal; school, Ruthin (Mr Hughes); examined and approved by John Yale and Ambrose Thelwall Lewis; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 28 March, aet. 20.

(14) **Drake, Thomas**, son of George Drake, druggist (*pharmacopola*), Yorks.; born at Halifax; school, Winchester (Dr Burton); examined by Dr Balguy; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 29 March, aet. 18.

(15) **Griffiths, Robert**, son of Simon Griffiths of Colomendy in the parish of Corwen, Merioneth, freeholder (*suum fundum colentis*); born at Llandegla, Denbighshire, in the Diocese of St Asaph; school, Ruthin (Mr Hughes); examined and recommended by John Yale and Ambrose Thelwall²; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 17 April, aet. 17.

(16) **Turner, Bernard**, son of Bernard Turner, College Organist (*in hoc ipso collegio organici*), Cambridgeshire; born in Cambridge; educated privately by his brother Henry Turner, Platt fellow of the College; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 14 May, aet. 18.

(17) **Grove, Harry**, son of Chafin Grove, gentleman, Wiltshire; born at Mere; school, Marlborough (Mr Meyler); examined by Mr

¹ This in a later hand.

² sic. Lewis is omitted, see no. (13).

Frampton senior; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Brooke, 21 May, aet. 17.

(18) **Wheeler, Julines**, son of John Wheeler, gentleman, Wiltshire; born at Broadhinton; school, Marlborough (Mr Meyler); examined and approved by Mr Frampton, junior; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 21 May, aet. 18.

(19) **Fitchatt, Francis**, son of John Fitchatt, schoolmaster (*ludi magistri*), Essex; born at Breutwood; schools, Merchant Taylors' and afterwards Tunbridge; recommended by Dr Taylor; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 26 May, 'cum 10 annum jam coepisset 18^{um}.'

(20) **Greaves, George**, Derbyshire; school, Repton; examined and recommended by Mr Beresford; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 19 June.

(21) **Sayer, Robert John**, son of Robert Sayer, physician 15 (*medici*) and Mary Denham, Middlesex; born in the parish of St Andrews, Holborn; bred at Hereford; examined by Mr Cam and Mr Metcalfe; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 23 June, aet. past 15.

(22) **Cooke, Richard**, son of John Cooke, saddler and harness 20 maker (*opificis ephippiorum*), Herefordshire; born in Hereford; bred there; examined and approved by Mr Cam and Mr Metcalfe; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 23 June, aet. past 15.

(23) **Baskett, John**, son of Samuel Baskett, clerk, Dorset; born 25 at Ower Moigne; bred at Blandford; examined and approved by Mr Cam and Mr Metcalfe; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 23 June, aet. 19.

(24) **Williams, William**, son of Thomas Williams, merchant (*mercatoris*), Cheshire; born in Chester; school, Bangor (Mr 30 Griffiths); examined and approved by Mr Yale; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 26 June, aet. 19.

(25) **Kipling, Thomas**, son of William Kipling, cattle salesman (*pecorum venditoris*), Richmondshire; born at Bowes; schools, first Scorton and lastly Sedbergh (Mr Bateman); tutor and surety Mr 35 Abbot, 28 June, aet. 18.

(26) **Colyear, Hon. William Charles**, Viscount Milsington, son of Charles, Earl of Portmore, Middlesex; born in London; privately educated by Mr Jenkin; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 28 June, aet. 17.

(27) **Davies, Richard**, Brecon, A.B. of Worcester College, Oxford; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 30 June.

(28) **Williams, Edward**, Brecon, A.B. of Jesus College, Oxford; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 30 June.

(29) **Potter, William**, son of William Potter, clerk, Yorks; born 45 at Henningburgh; educated by his father; examined and approved by Mr Gill; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 1 July, aet. 20.

(30) **Noble, Henry Lovell**, Leicestershire, A.B. of All Saints' College, Oxford; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 2 July.

(31) **Taylor, John**, son of William Taylor, freeholder (*fundum suum colentis*), Lancashire; born at Worton; school, Sedbergh (Dr Bateman); recommended by him; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 5 July, aet. 19.

[Admissions in the year $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c. } 3 \\ \text{p. } 13 \\ \text{s. } 15 \end{array} \right\} 31.]$

JULY 1764—JULY 1765

Admissi a sexto die Julii, 1764

(1) **Williams, Owen James**, son of John Williams, Brecon; born 10 at Newcourt; bred at Abergaveny (Mr Jardine); examined and approved by Mr Davies; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 13 September, aet. 17.

(2) **Byne, Henry**, son of Henry Byne, esquire, Northumberland; born at Morpeth; the free school, Newcastle (Mr Moises); admitted 15 pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 29 September, aet. 18.

(3) **Hill, Rowland**, son of Sir Rowland Hill, baronet, Salop; born at Hawkston; school, Eton (Dr Barnard); admitted pensioner, tutors and sureties Dr Brooke and Mr Frampton. 10 October, aet. 20.

(4) **Alkin, Thomas Verrier**, son of Thomas Alkin, Kent; born 20 at Canterbury; admitted pensioner, tutors and sureties Dr Brooke and Mr Frampton, 11 October, aet. 18.

(5) **Lister, Thomas Pindar**, son of Thomas Lister, esquire, Lincolnshire; born at Girsby; school, Beverley (Mr Ward); examined and approved by Mr Johnston; admitted fellow commoner, 25 tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 22 October, aet. 19.

(6) **Price, Howell**, son of Howell Price, Brecon; born at Tralwng (Tralong t); school, Brecon (Mr Griffiths); examined and approved by Mr Griffiths; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 27 October, aet. 19.

(7) **Coke, D'Ewes**, son of George Coke, Notts; born at Mansfield Woodhouse; bred at Repton, Derbyshire (Mr Astley); admitted 30 pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 31 October, aet. 17.

1765

Rec^{das}. Gul. Sam. Powell S.T.P. electus Magister unanimi consensu omnium i.e. 41 Sociorum praesentium 25 Jan. 1765.

(8) **Aldrich, Stephen**, formerly admitted sizar; is admitted 35 pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 30 January.

(9) **Fitzherbert, William**, son of William Fitzherbert, esquire, Derbyshire; born at Tissington; school, Westminster (Dr Smith);

admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 19 February, aet. 17.

(10) **Jodrell, Paul**, second son of Paul Jodrell, esquire, Middlesex; born in London; school, Eton (Dr Barnard); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 22 March, aet. 18. 5

(11) **Potter, Robert**, son of Robert Potter, clerk, Yorks; born at Stillingfleet; bred there by his father; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 22 March, aet. 22.

(12) **Griffin, Lucock**, son of Giles John Griffin, gentleman; born in the Island of Jamaica; school, Eton (Dr Barnard); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 3 May. 10

(13) **Filewood, Thomas**, son of James Filewood, builder (*aedium aedificatoris*); educated privately; examined and approved by the Master of the College; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 6 May, aet. past 18. 15

(14) **Taylor, John**, son of John Taylor, clerk, Yorks; born at Methley; school, Sedbergh (Dr Bateman); recommended by him; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 6 May, aet. 19.

(15) **Houlbrooke, Theophilus**, formerly admitted sizar; now admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Dr Brooke, 11 May. 20

(16) **Burslem, William**, son of Samuel Burslem, clerk, Salop; born at Market Drayton; educated chiefly by his father; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 13 May, aet. 18.

(17) **Hunt, Samuel**, son of Thomas Hunt, surgeon (*chirurgi*), Leicestershire; born at Loughborough; bred there and at Uppingham (Mr Knap); examined by Dr Harrison; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 20 May, aet. 19. 25

(18) **Bowry, John**, son of Samuel Bowry, clerk, Essex; born at Eastthorpe; school, Colchester (Mr Smythies); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 28 May, aet. 21. 30

(19) **Harrison, William**, son of William Harrison, grazier (*pecuarii*), Lincolnshire; born at Fiskerton; school, Lincoln (Mr Hewthwaite); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 7 June, aet. 20.

(20) **Tayleure, Samuel**, son of William Tayleure, official of the ecclesiastical court (*in curia ecclesiastica officialis*), Yorks; born in York; bred at Hingham, Norfolk (Mr Buck); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 18 June, aet. 17. 35

(21) **Simpson, David**, son of Ralph Simpson, farm bailiff (*villici*), Yorks; born at Ingleby-Arnlcliffe; school, Scorton (Mr Noble); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 19 June, aet. 20. 40

(22) **Frewen, Edward**, son of Thomas Frewen, physician (*medici*), Sussex; born at Rye; bred at Uckfield (Mr Gerison); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 26 June, aet. 19. 45

(23) **Wightwick, Richard**, son of William Wightwick, clerk, Wiltshire; born at Winterbourn; educated chiefly at Ashford in Kent, for one year at Marlborough; recommended by Mr Frampton

senior; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Frampton, 26 June, aet. 16.

(24) **Villette, John**, Middlesex; recommended by Dr Ferris; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Frampton, 26 June.

- 5 (25) **Whistler, Webster**, son of John Whistler, gentleman, Oxfordshire; born at Woodchurch; bred at Canterbury (Mr Beauvoir); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 27 June, aet. 18.

(26) **Dannett, Thomas**, son of John Dannett, gentleman, Lancashire; born at Kirkham-in-the-Fields; school, Manchester; recommended by Mr Wrigley; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 3 July.

(27) **Grove, Charles**, Wiltshire, examined and approved by Mr Frampton senior; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Frampton, 15 2 July. Brother of Thomas Grove and Harry Grove, admitted 8 July 1761 and 21 May 1764.

(28) **Boswell, Samuel**, son of Samuel Boswell, gentleman, Cheshire; born in Chester; examined and approved by Mr Woolwright; admitted pensioner, sponsor and surety Mr Frampton, 20 5 July, aet. 19.

(29) **Pearson, Samuel**, Salop, examined and approved by Mr Newling; admitted pensioner, sponsor and surety Mr Frampton, 5 July.

[Admissions in the year $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c. } 2 \\ \text{p. } 18 \\ \text{s. } 9 \end{array} \right\} 29.]$

JULY 1765—JULY 1766

Admissi a quinto die Julii 1765

25 (1) **Andrews, Henry**, son of — Andrews, baker (*pistoris*) of Grantham, Lincolnshire; bred there (Mr Bacon); examined and approved by Mr Abbot; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 9 July, aet. 18.

(2) **Radford, Thomas**, son of Samuel Radford, gentleman, 30 Yorks; born at Sheffield; bred at Beverley (Mr Ward); examined and approved by Mr Abbot; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 15 July, aet. 17.

(3) **Hughes, Lewis**, son of John Hughes, clerk; born at Llanjdan in Anglesea; bred at Bangor (Mr Griffith); examined and 35 approved by Mr Abbot; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 22 August, aet. 17.

(4) **Lambert, Robert Heblethwaite**, son of Charles Lambert, registrar (*registrarii*), Lancashire; born in Lancaster; school, Sedburgh (Dr Bateman); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr 40 Abbot, 7 October, aet. 18.

(5) **Belgrave, George**, son of Jeremiah Belgrave, clerk, Rut-

land; born at Preston; school, Uppingham (Mr Knap); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 14 October, aet. 16.

(6) **Greenall, Thomas**, son of Joshua Greenall, farm bailiff (*villici*), Westmorland; born at Middleton; school, Sedbergh (Dr Bateman); examined and approved by Mr Nairn; admitted sizar, 5 tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 14 December, aet. 23.

1766

(7) **Neale, James**, son of James Neale, clerk, Oxfordshire; born at Henley-on-Thames; educated by his father; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 17 January, aet. 17.

(8) **Smith, William**, son of John Smith, clerk, Bedfordshire; 10 born at Odell; school, Huntingdon, his father being master; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 17 January, aet. 15 'plus minus.'

(9) **Willan, Robert**, son of Thomas Willan, farm bailiff (*villici*), Yorks; born at Dent in the parish of Sedbergh; recommended by 15 Mr Robinson; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 18 January, aet. 18.

(10) **Sargent, George Arnold**, son of John Sargent, merchant (*mercatoris*), Middlesex; born in London; school, Eton (Dr Barnard); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 20 6 February, aet. 18.

(11) **Martin, Thomas**, son of Joseph Martin, banker (*argentarii*), Middlesex; born in London; educated at home privately by Mr Leigh; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 7 February, aet. 16.

(12) **Beswicke, John**, son of Charles Beswicke, cloth-maker (*pannorum opificis*), Yorks; born at Saddleworth; school, Manchester (Mr Lawson); recommended by him; admitted pensioner, 25 tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 28 February, aet. 19.

(13) **Prime, Samuel**, son of Sir Samuel Prime, knight, Middle- 30 sex; born in London; school, Eton (Dr Barnard); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, March 16, aet. 16.

(14) **Trapier, Paul**, son of Paul Trapier, gentleman, America; born at George Town, South Carolina; school, Eton (Dr Barnard); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, March 20, aet. 18. 35

(15) **Ellis, John**, son of John Ellis, clerk, Carnarvonshire; born in Carnarvon; school, Bangor (Mr Griffith); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 2 April, aet. 20.

(16) **Ives, James**, son of Clement Ives, currier (*coriarii*) of Witwell, Norfolk; bred at Hengham (Mr Buck); admitted pensioner, 40 tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 19 April, aet. 18. (*Obiit 20 April 1769.*)

(17) **Hudson, Robert**, son of Robert Hudson, sometime captain of an East India-man (*navis onerariae ad orientalem Indiam missae quondam praefecti*); school, Eton; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 25 April, aet. 17.

(18) **Morris, Evan**, son of David Morris, clerk, Merioneth; born at Cynful; school, Bangor (Mr Griffith); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 3 May, aet. 18.

(19) **Price, Hugh**, son of Hugh Price, gentleman, Anglesea; 5 born at Penmynydd; school, Bangor (Mr Griffith); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 13 May, aet. 18.

(20) **Field, Robert**, son of William Field, Lancashire; born at Cartmel; bred at Flockburgh (Mr Field); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 13 May, aet. 22.

10 (21) **Robinson, Solomon**, son of Christopher Robinson, husbandman (*agricolae*), Westmorland, born near the Lakes (*prope lacum Setantiorum*); school, Sedbergh (Dr Bateman); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 15 May, aet. 'circiter' 20.

(22) **Dymoke, Needham**, son of Charles Dymoke, physician 15 (*medici*), Lincolnshire; school, Eton (Dr Barnard); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 21 May, aet. 18.

(23) **Keck, David Anthony**, formerly admitted pensioner; now admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Frampton, 28 May.

(24) **Leyton, William**, son of Thomas Leyton, husbandman 20 (*agricolae*), Yorks; born at Barmby; school, Pocklington (Mr Basket); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Frampton, 7 June, aet. 18.

(25) **Parsons, James**, son of Edward Parsons, esquire, Hertfordshire; born at *New Place*; school, Eton (Dr Barnard); ad- 25 mitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Frampton, 10 June, aet. 18.

(26) **Lipyeatt, Jonathan**, son of Christopher Lipyeatt, brewer (*cerevisiae coctoris*), Wiltshire; born at Marlborough; bred there (Mr Meyler); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Frampton, 10 June, aet. 18.

30 (27) **Nicholson, Edward**, son of Thomas Nicholson, clerk, Westmorland; born at Heversham; school, Sedbergh (Dr Bateman); recommended by him; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 14 June, aet. 19. Admitted pensioner under Mr Chevallier, 6 November 1771 (*note in a later hand*).

35 (28) **Eyre, Joseph Arnall**, son of Joseph Eyre, clerk, Lincolnshire; born at Sleaford; bred there, and also at Oakham in Rutland; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 25 June, aet. 19.

(29) **Layard, Charles Peter**, son of Daniel Peter Layard, 40 physician (*medici*), Middlesex; born in the parish of St Ann, Westminster; bred at Huntingdon (Mr Unwin); examined and approved by Mr Beadon, fellow of the College; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Frampton, 27 June, aet. 17.

(30) **Pearson, John**, Salop; examined and approved by Mr 45 Newling; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Frampton, 30 June.

(31) **Bryer, Thomas**, Dorset; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Frampton, 30 June.

(32) **Robinson, William**, son of William Robinson, clerk, Norfolk; born at Garboldisham; educated in different towns under one Master, Mr Galloway; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Frampton, 1 July, aet. 17.

(33) **Webster, James**, son of Joseph Webster, glazier (*vitarii*), 5 Lancashire; born at St Michaels; school, Sedbergh; examined and approved by Mr Murthwaite; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 1 July, aet. 19.

[Admissions in the year $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{f. c. } 3 \\ \text{p. } 14 \\ \text{s. } 16 \end{array} \right\} 33.]$

JULY 1766—JULY 1767

Admissi a quarto die Julii 1766

(1) **Brodie, William**, son of David Brodic, captain R. N. (*navis 10 bellicae praefecto*), Bedfordshire; states that he was born in the Island of Jamaica; school, Westminster, and then educated at home; recommended by Mr Cole; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety, Mr Frampton, 8 October.

(2) **Whiston, Thomas**, Hunts; recommended by Mr Whiston; 15 admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Frampton, 25 October.

(3) **Allen, John Towers**, formerly admitted pensioner; now admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Frampton, 17 November.

(4) **Goulton, Thomas**, son of Christopher Goulton, esquire, 20 Yorks; born at Beverley; bred at Lincoln (Mr Hewthwaite); admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 22 December, aet. 21.

1767

(5) **Moore, Stephen**, son of Stephen Moore, currier (*coriarii*), Lincolnshire; born at Castlethorpe; school, Brigg (Mr Skelton); 25 admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 16 January, aet. 'tantum non' 19. Admitted pensioner, 3 February, 1767.

(6) **Heath, William**, eldest son of Bayly Heath, esquire, of Stanted Hall, Essex, deceased, Middlesex; born in London; school, Eton (Dr Barnard and Dr Forster); admitted fellow commoner, 30 tutor and surety Mr Frampton, 6 February. Brother of No. 7.

(7) **Heath, Thomas**, son of Bayly Heath, esquire, Middlesex; born in London; school, Eton (Dr Barnard and Dr Forster); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Frampton, 6 February, aet. 17. Brother of No. 6. 35

(8) **Wood, James**, Notts; examined and approved by Mr Pennell; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Frampton, 7 February.

(9) **Clarke, James** (see 31 May, 1758, and 4 May, 1756); readmitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Frampton, 10 February. 40

(10) **Bromley, Thomas**, son of Thomas Bromley, attorney at law, Lancashire; born at Wigan; school, Manchester (Mr Lawson);

recommended by him ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 18 February.

(11) **Johnson, Thomas**, son of Thomas Johnson, freeholder (*fundum suum colentis*), and Ellen Whieldon, Staffordshire ; born 5 at Ipstone ; school, Manchester (Mr Lawson) ; recommended by him ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 18 February, aet. 20.

(12) **Evans, William**, son of Evan Prichard, freeholder (*fundum suum colentis*) and Ellin Williams, Merioneth ; born in the 10 parish of Festiniog ; school, Bangor (Mr Richard Griffith) ; examined and approved by him ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 21 February, aet. 20.

(13) **Evans, Thomas**, son of Lewis Evans, gentleman, and Anne Evans, Middlesex ; born in London ; school, Bangor (Mr Richard 15 Griffith) ; examined and approved by him ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 21 February, aet. 19.

(14) **Crofts, Edmund**, son of Edmund Crofts, Vicar of Upton, Notts, and Arabella Thornton ; born at Southwell, Notts ; bred there ; examined and approved by Mr Todington, fellow of the College ; 20 admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 16 March, aet. past 16.

(15) **Lawrence, Soulden**, son of Thomas Lawrence, physician (*medici*), Middlesex ; born in London ; school, St Paul's (Mr Thickness) ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot.

(16) **Thomas, Thomas**, Flintshire ; admitted pensioner, tutor 25 and surety Mr Frampton, 3 April.

(17) **Wade, William**, son of Abraham Wade, 'clothier' (*pannorum opificis*), and Mary Nayler, Yorks ; born at Osset ; bred at Rishworth (Mr Richard Learoyd) ; examined and approved by him ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 14 April, aet. 21.

(18) **Nicklin, Joseph**, Staffordshire ; examined and approved 30 by Mr Fielde ; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Frampton, 28 April.

(19) **Matthews, John**, son of Charles Matthews and Mary Meadows, Middlesex ; born 21 October, 1748, in the parish of St Martin's 35 in the Fields, Westminster ; bred at Colchester (Mr Smythies) ; examined there by the Rev. W. S. Powell, D.D., Master of the College and approved ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 28 April.

(20) **Pym, William**, son of W. Pym, esquire, and Elizabeth, 40 daughter of Heylock Kingsley, gentleman ; born at Hasell Hall, Bedfordshire, 7 December, 1749 ; school, Charterhouse (Dr Crusius), 6 years 3 months ; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 30 April.

(21) **Aveling, Thomas**, Bedfordshire ; school, Marlborough ; 45 admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Frampton, 11 May.

(22) **Harvey, William**, Berkshire ; recommended by J. Spicer, M.A., master of Reading School ; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Frampton, 19 May, aet. 18.

(23) **Taylorson, Henry**, Yorks; recommended by Mr Cayley; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Frampton, 21 May.

(24) **Halls, James**, son of James Halls, born in Ireland; school, Colchester (Mr Smythies); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 21 May, aet. 16. 5

(25) **Starkie, Thomas**, son of James Starkie and Alice Lawson, Lancashire; born at Downham; school, Sedburgh; recommended by Mr Scales; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 29 May, aet. 17.

(26) **Jackson, Jeremiah**, son of Jeremiah Jackson, gentleman; 10 born in Ireland; bred at Oakham (Mr Markham); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, June 5, aet. 16 years 10 months.

(27) **Sargent, John**, son of John Sargent, merchant (*mercatoris*), and Rosamond Chambers, Middlesex; school, Eton (Dr Foster); recommended by W. H. Roberts, M.A.; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 5 June, aet. 18. 15

(28) **Williams, Hugh**, son of Robert Williams, deceased; born in the parish of Llandrillo; school, Bangor (Mr Griffith); recommended by him; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 17 June, aet. 17. 20

(29) **Steggall, Charles**, son of William Steggall, clerk, Suffolk; born at Wyverston; educated by his father; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Frampton, 24 June, aet. 19.

(30) **Longley, John**, son of Joseph Longley, merchant (*mercatoris*), Kent; born at Chatham; school, Eton; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Frampton, 24 June, aet. 17. 25

(31) **Batteley, Waldegrave**, Suffolk; recommended by Mr Moseley; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Frampton, 24 June.

(32) **Williams, Richard**, son of John Williams, Vicar of Oakham, Rutland, and Mary Wotton, born at Oakham; bred there (Mr Markham); recommended by him; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 27 June, aet. past 18. 30

(33) **De Crousar, Francis**, son of John De Crousar, 'tribuni militum (a colonel),' and Susannah Rouse, Middlesex; born in the parish of St Margaret's, Westminster, 20 October 1749; school, Westminster (Dr Smith &c.), 9 years; admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Frampton, 4 July (*obit* 1769). 35

(34) **Burton, John**, clerk, son of James Burton, farmer (*fir-marii*), and Sarah Holmes (brother of Edmund, admitted 25 September 1751), Westmorland; born at Shap, 22 September 1742; 40 bred at Bampton, Westmorland (Rev. William Collinson); admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 6 July.

(35) **Cleobury, John**, Buckinghamshire; examined by Mr Thomas Meyler, master of Marlborough school; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Frampton, 8 July. 45

[Admissions in the year { f. c. 1 }
p. 10 } 35.]
{ s. 17 }

JULY 1767—JULY 1768

Admissi ab octavo Julii 1767

(1) **Rocke, Richard**, Salop; examined and approved by Mr Wingfield, formerly Fellow of the College; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Frampton, 13 July.

(2) **Pedley, James**; examined and approved by Dr Ogden; 5 admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 15 July.

(3) **Cockshutt, Thomas**, son of John Cockshutt, 'Ironmaster,' and Jane Crow; born at Huthwaite, Yorks; school, Sheffield (Mr John Smith); examined and approved by him; admitted sizar, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, 27 July, aet. 18.

10 (4) **Bishop, William**, son of Henry and Elizabeth Bishop, America; born in St Peter's Parish, Barbadoes; examined and approved by Mr Deane, fellow of the College; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Frampton, 3 August.

(5) **Cleobury, John**; (admitted sizar, 8 July 1767) admitted 15 pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Frampton, 8 October.

(6) **Irby, Hon. Frederick**, eldest son of William, Baron Boston, Middlesex; school, Eton; admitted fellow commoner, tutor and surety Mr Frampton, 8 October.

(7) **Johnson, Thomas**, son of Isaac Johnson, deceased, Kent; 20 born in Canterbury; bred there (Mr Beauvoir); admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Frampton, 14 October.

(8) **Neve, Henry**, son of Gabriel Neve, esquire, of Hayes in the county of Kent, Middlesex; born in St James' Parish, Westminster; school, Charterhouse (Mr Lewis Crusius); recommended by him; 25 admitted pensioner, tutor and surety Mr Abbot, and, later, Mr Chevallier, 2 November, aet. 16.

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- *Benson, Edward, Oct. 14, 1740; p. 136, l. 6 (Mr)
- John, June 19, 1740
- — father of Edward B., p. 99, l. 36
- William, father of John B., p. 97, l. 39
- *Bentham, Edmund, April 3, 1735
- Geoffrey, April 15, 1738
- Samuel, father of Thomas B., p. 70, l. 22
- — father of Edmund B., p. 79, l. 17
- — father of Geoffrey B., p. 90, l. 3
- Thomas, June 10, 1732
- *Beresford, Edward, June 8, 1717; p. 83, l. 17 (Mr)
- *— — July 2, 1752; p. 155, l. 33 (Mr); p. 158, l. 14; p. 160, l. 19; p. 165, l. 20; p. 168, l. 13
- James, father of Edward B., p. 10, l. 37
- John, father of Edward B., p. 138, l. 37
- — father of William B., p. 153, l. 5
- *— William, May 10, 1758
- Berkshire, Earl of, p. 93, l. 42
- Bernard, Mr, master of Harden (? Harpenden) school, Herts., p. 117, l. 22; p. 119, l. 10
- , Barnard, Mr, master of Leeds school, p. 4, l. 30; p. 24, l. 44; p. 87, ll. 12, 16; p. 101, ll. 16, 30; p. 119, l. 27; p. 125, l. 18
- *— Dominus, p. 19, l. 13; p. 23, l. 11; p. 34, l. 33 (Mr); p. 80, l. 13; p. 120, l. 12; p. 122, l. 38; p. 123, l. 27; p. 125, l. 5
- James, father of James B., p. 136, l. 33
- — Dec. 31, 1751
- Roger, father of Roger B., p. 161, l. 1
- — July 27, 1761
- Thomas, father of Thomas B., p. 105, l. 10

¹ Bedingfield (*sic*) is the proper spelling.

- Bernard, Thomas, April 21, 1742
 *Berry, Dr, p. 12, l. 23; p. 38, l. 22
 Bertie, Charles, father of Charles B.,
 p. 137, l. 16
 — — March 12, 1752; May 31, 1754
 — — father of Mountague B., p.
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 — Mountague, Feb. 5, 1755
 Best, William, Fellow of Balliol Coll.
 Oxford, p. 34, l. 28
 — Mr, master of Kidderminster
 school, p. 2, l. 22
 — John, father of Major B., p. 16, l. 10
 — Major, June 28, 1718
 Beswicke, Charles, father of John B.,
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 — John, Feb. 28, 1766
 Bethel, Samuel, A.B. Wadham Coll.
 Oxford, July 3, 1761
 Bettinson, George, April 4, 1716
 — Thomas, father of George B., p.
 3, l. 32
 Betts, John, Fellow of University Col-
 lege, Oxford, p. 144, l. 43
 — — father of John B., p. 30, l. 16
 — — August 28, 1721
 — Trubshaw, father of Trubshaw
 B., p. 42, l. 38
 — — July 10, 1724
 Bever, Samuel, father of Samuel B.,
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 — — Nov. 26, 1741
 Bewick, Mr, master of Hexham school,
 Northumberland, p. 7, l. 19
 Biby, Mr, master of Carrington school,
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 Bickmer, Mr, master of the Free
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 family of F. Baker, Esq., p. 24, l.
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 — Antony, father of Roger B., p. 24,
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 — Roger, June 21, 1720
 Bingham, James, April 24, 1754
 — John, father of James B., p. 142,
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 *1 — — Nov. 7, 1733
 Birbeck, Charles, June 27, 1730
 — Christopher, father of Charles B.,
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 —, Burbeck, Mr, master of Pockling-
 ton school, Yorkshire, p. 143, l. 18;
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 — Mr, master of Wigton school,
 Cumberland, p. 69, l. 46; p. 70, l. 4
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 — — April 20, 1722
 — Samuel, father of Samuel B., p.
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 — — June 26, 1745
 Birket, ²John, A. B., Queen's Coll.
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 — Thomas, father of Thomas B., p.
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 — — April 15, 1724
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 — Henry, father of William B., p.
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 — Ralph, father of Ralph B., p. 108,
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 Blackburn, John, father of John B.,
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 — — Nov. 24, 1732
 Blackwell, Mr, master of Derby school,
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 Blagden, Bragg, April 14, 1735
 — George, father of Bragg B., p. 79,
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ghan, father of Charles B., p. 68, l. 17
 — Charles, July 30, 1731; March 31,
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 — ³Lawrence, July 2, 1744
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 — Thomas, father of John B., p. 82,
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 Bold, Robert, April 4, 1723
 — Thomas, father of Robert B., p.
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¹ Elected Fellow, April 9, 1739, as E. Birbeck (*sic*).

² See note in Register.

³ The first Johnian name (3rd) in the Mathematical Tripos, 174³₄.

- Bolland, Thomas, May 18, 1724
 Bolton, Mr, master of Ipswich school,
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 — Richard, father of Richard B., p.
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 — Thomas, father of Thomas B., p.
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 — Walkingham, May 27, 1760
 Booth, Charles, father of Charles B.,
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 — — Jan. 15, 1756
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 — — June 19, 1761
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 — John, father of Arthur B., p. 76,
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 — John, father of Dillingham B.,
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 — Samuel, father of Samuel B.,
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 — — July 5, 1765
 Bosworth, Edward, father of Edward
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 — Le Neve, father of Henry B., p. 26,
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 — Thomas, father of Thomas B.,
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 — — father of James B., p. 153, l. 36
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 — Laurence, father of William B.,
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 — Odadiah (*sic*), father of John B.,
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 Bowen, Thomas, Feb. 12, 1762
 — William, June 25, 1722; p. 33,
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 Bowry, John, May 28, 1765
 — Samuel, father of John B., p. 170,
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 — Thomas, father of Richard B.,
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 Boys, James, father of James B.,
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 — — July 2, 1734
 — Joseph, father of Joseph B., p. 64,
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 — Richard, father of Richard B.,
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 — James, July 5, 1716
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- Brage, Robert, April 17, 1719
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 — G. (William?), father of William B., p. 55, l. 11
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- Brand, Jacob, father of Jacob B., p. 4, l. 13
 — — May 9, 1716
- Branfoot, John, May 22 (?), 1725
 — Robert, father of John B., p. 46, l. 1
- Bransby, James, father of James B., p. 149, l. 10
 — — June 16, 1756
- Branston, John, father of Joseph B., p. 14, l. 3
 — Joseph, April 24, 1718
 — Richard, July 5, 1731
 — William, father of Richard B., p. 68, l. 7
- Brathwaite, Gawen, father of Reginald B., p. 146, l. 28
 * — ¹Reginald, May 31, 1755; p. 162, l. 46 (Mr)
- Brearecliffe, John, June 7, 1728
 — — father of John B., p. 57, l. 14
- Breton, Moyle, father of Robert B., p. 116, l. 25
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- Brett, Mr, master of Scarning school, Norfolk, p. 99, l. 10
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 — Thomas, father of Richard B., p. 79, l. 13
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- Brickdal, John, Fellow of Jesus Coll., Oxford, p. 29, l. 17
- Bridgeman, Robert, father of Robert B., p. 83, l. 37
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- Bright, Thomas, father of Thomas B., p. 60, l. 19
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- Brinkley, John, Jan. 18, 174 $\frac{3}{4}$
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- Briseoe, Benjamin, father of Benjamin B., p. 115, l. 22
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- Broadbent, James, father of William B., p. 138, l. 30.
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- Brodie, David, father of William B., p. 174, l. 10
 — William, Oct. 8, 1766
- Brome, Edward, father of Richard B., p. 9, l. 36
 — John, father of John B., p. 80, l. 34
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 — — father of Richard B., p. 143, l. 11
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- Bromley, Thomas, father of Thomas B., p. 174, l. 41
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- Brooke, Mr, private tutor in the family of Sir Charles Gilmour of Craig-miller, p. 141, l. 36.
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 — — father of William B., p. 149, l. 22
 — Richard, father of John B., p. 75, l. 23
 — Samuel, D.D., father of Samuel B., p. 101, l. 15
 — — April 11, 1741
 — William, June 19, 1756
 — Zachary, father of Zachary B., p. 77, l. 37
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¹ Reynald, in *History of St John's*, i. p. 307, l. 29.

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— Thomas, father of Henry Langford B., p. 99, l. 39
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— John, Master of University College, Oxford, p. 144, l. 39
— Samuel, father of Samuel B., p. 132, l. 33
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— Thomas, father of Thomas B., p. 102, l. 11
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— Mr, master of Southwell school, Notts., and father of Whaley B., p. 147, l. 31
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- Bullock, Edward, Oct. 20, 1749
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- Dade, John, father of John D., p. 110, l. 4
 — — July 13, 1743
 — Thomas, father of Thomas D., p. 145, l. 22
 — — Jan. 16, 1755
 — — father of William D., p. 155, l. 5
 — William, April 12, 1759
- Dakin, Edward, father of Thomas D., p. 62, l. 42
 — Thomas, May 18, 1730
- Dale, Mr, master of Stockport school, p. 10, l. 38; p. 17, l. 26; p. 22, l. 21; p. 40, l. 40; p. 42, l. 36; p. 43, ll. 9, 13; p. 50, l. 28; p. 56, ll. 5, 8; p. 60, l. 46; p. 63, l. 5; p. 69, l. 19; p. 71, l. 22; p. 75, ll. 29, 33; p. 76, l. 7
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 — Thomas, father of Thomas D., p. 56, l. 7
- Dalton, John, father of John D., p. 42, l. 28
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- Dalyson, Thomas, father of William D., p. 127, l. 32
 — — father of Thomas D., p. 133, l. 5
 — — Oct. 18, 1750
 — William, Jan. 23, 174 $\frac{3}{8}$
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 — — April 29, 1738
- Daniel, John, father of Richard D., p. 11, l. 36
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- Dannett, John, father of Thomas D., p. 171, l. 9
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- Darby, Henry, father of Henry Harward D., p. 79, l. 31
 — — Harward, April 17, 1735
- Darwent, Robert, father of Thomas D., p. 48, l. 33
 — Thomas, April 6, 1726
- Darwin, ¹Erasmus, June 30, 1750
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¹ Author of *The Botanic Garden*, &c.

- Darwin, Robert, July 1, 1743
 — — father of Erasmus and John D.,
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- Daston, Richard, father of Richard D.,
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 — James, Oct. 21, 1737
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 — Thomas, father of William D.,
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- Dean, Mr, master of Elsemere (Elles-)
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 * — George, 6 February, 171 $\frac{5}{7}$
 — Richard, June 13, 1763
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- * — Robert, May 1, 1752; p. 177, l. 12
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 — Rev. William, M.A., B.N.C. Ox-
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² 'B,' by error for 'D' in original Register.

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- John, May 21, 1724
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- Samuel, *D.D.*, father of Samuel D., p. 145, l. 14
- Samuel, Jan. 10, 1755
- Thomas, March 29, 1764
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- Draper, Edmund, father of William D., p. 49, l. 22
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- Drift, Hadrian, April, 1726
- Matthew, father of Hadrian D., p. 48, l. 30
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 - — father of Edward E., p. 73, l. 33
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- Eliot, Alexander, April 23, 1737
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 - — June 24, 1734
 - Timothy, father of William E., p. 43, l. 21
 - — Oct. 30, 1724
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¹ Not Fellow. Graduated, according to *Grad. Cant.*, as W. Howell E.² *Sic* in Register.

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 * — Thomas, May 22, 1759
 — Dr, p. 171, l. 3
- Fetherstonhaugh, Henry, father of Timothy F., p. 137, l. 27
 — Timothy, April 6, 1752
 — Ulrick, A.B., Trin. Coll. Oxford, March 18, 174 $\frac{2}{3}$
- Fidler, Jasper, father of Thomas F., p. 39, l. 18
 — Thomas, Nov. 29, 1723
- Field, Mr, master of Flockburgh school, Lancashire, p. 173, l. 8
 — Benjamin, A.B., Hartford College, Oxford, June 27, 1750
 — Robert, May 13, 1766
 — William, father of Robert F., p. 173, l. 7
- Fielder, Thomas, father of Thomas F., p. 122, l. 29
 — — June 5, 1747
 — Mr, p. 175, l. 31
- Fielding, James, Feb. 14, 1758
 — — father of James F., p. 152, l. 14
- Filewood, James, father of Thomas F., p. 170, l. 12
 — Thomas, May 6, 1765
- Finch, Henry, father of William F., p. 3, l. 29
 — William, April 4, 1716
 — Thomas, Fellow of Trinity College, Oxford, p. 69, l. 16
- Fisher, Mr, master of Bodmin school, p. 103, l. 26; p. 145, l. 30
 — Mr, master of St Bees school, p. 132, l. 5
 — John, father of John F., p. 147, l. 5
 — — June 27, 1755
- Fitchatt, Francis, May 26, 1764
 — John, father of Francis F., p. 168, l. 7
- FitzEdwards, Francis, father of Francis FitzE., p. 11, l. 13
 — Francis, June 25, 1717
- Fitzherbert, John, June 19, 1736
 — William, father of John F., p. 83, l. 41
 — — father of William F., p. 169, l. 37
- Fitzherbert, William, Feb. 19, 1765
- Flasby, John, father of Joseph F., p. 52, l. 1
 — Joseph, March 23, 172 $\frac{2}{3}$
- Fleming, John, March 14, 172 $\frac{2}{3}$
 — William, father of John F., p. 36, l. 16
- Fletcher, Mr, master of Repton school, Derbyshire, p. 68, l. 1; p. 78, l. 22; p. 82, l. 39; p. 90, l. 29
 — Mr, master of Sutton Valence school, Kent, p. 72, l. 4
 — Mr, private tutor in London, p. 155, ll. 14, 17
 — Carter, May 20, 1749
 — George, father of George F., p. 122, l. 20
 — — June 1, 1747
 — Henry, father of Carter F., p. 129, l. 1
 — John, father of John F., p. 87, l. 29
 — — July 4, 1737
 — — father of Robert F., p. 138, l. 33
 — Robert, July 1, 1752
- Floyer, Ralph, father of Sacheverel F., p. 18, l. 47
 — Sacheverel, May 29, 1719
- *Foche, Mr, p. 4, l. 41
- Fogge, Arthur, D.D., father of John and Robert F., p. 14, ll. 8, 11
 — Arthur, D.D., father of Orlando F., p. 39, l. 11
- * — John, April 26, 1718; p. 41, l. 11 (*Dominus*); p. 88, l. 27 (Mr Fogg); p. 96, l. 6; p. 98, l. 19; p. 151, l. 9 (Dr); p. 153, l. 29
 — Orlando, Oct. 26, 1723
 — Robert, April 26, 1718
- Folds, Fowlds, William [B.A. 170 $\frac{2}{3}$], formerly of St John's (See this Register under May 9, 1705), master of a school in the parish of Carrick Macrosse, co. Monaghan, Ireland, p. 68, l. 20
- Foljambe, Francis, father of Francis F., p. 36, l. 43
 — — April 20, 1723
- Foord, William, 'Praelector' of Sidney College, p. 71, l. 37
- Ford, John, May 18, 1748
 — Richard, father of John F., p. 125, l. 3
 — Thomas, father of Thomas F., p. 38, l. 6
 — — June 26, 1723
- Forster, Mr, master of Halesworth school, Suffolk, p. 130, l. 5
 — George, father of George F., p. 68, l. 12
 — — July 17, 1731
 — — father of Richard F., p. 92, l. 37

- Forster, George, father of Thomas F., p. 103, l. 37
 — John, July 4, 1717
 — Joseph, father of Ralph F., p. 131, l. 25
 * — Ralph, May 25, 1750
 — Richard, Nov. 4, 1738
 — Thomas, Fellow of University College, Oxford, p. 144, l. 41
 — — Oct. 12, 1741
 — — father of William F., p. 159, l. 33
 — William, A.B., Lincoln College, Oxford, May 28, 1750
 — — father of John F., p. 11, l. 48
 — — father of William F., p. 97, l. 29
 — — June 16, 1740
 — — July 3, 1758
 — — March 10, 1761
 Fortune, John, A.B., Pembroke Coll., Oxford, June 28, 1740
 Foster, Mr, master of Beckswell school, Norfolk, p. 35, l. 25
 — Mr, master of the King's school, Cambridge, p. 5, l. 12
 — Rev. Dr, Head-master of Eton, p. 174, ll. 30, 33; p. 176, l. 14
 — Mr, master of Heskin school, p. 7, l. 12
 — Mr, master of York school, p. 4, l. 22; p. 14, l. 25
 — G. (William?) father of William F., p. 50, l. 47
 — Richard, father of Richard F., p. 70, l. 19
 — — May 31, 1732
 * — Mr Vere, p. 51, l. 1
 — William, July 7, 1726
 *Foulkes, Mr, p. 2, ll. 27, 34; p. 3, l. 34; p. 4, l. 23; p. 5, l. 40; p. 6, ll. 10, 24, 27; p. 12, l. 19
 Fountaine, Richard, father of Robert F., p. 162, l. 24
 — Robert, May 5, 1732
 — — April 16, 1762
 — William, father of Robert F., p. 69, l. 37
 Fovargue, Stephen, father of Stephen F., p. 142, l. 1
 * — — Jan. 30, 1754¹
 Fowle, John Wing, father of William Wing F., p. 137, l. 5
 — William Wing, Jan. 31, 1752
 *Fowler, Chappel, Oct. 14, 1721; p. 75, l. 37 (Mr); p. 119, l. 17
 — Charles, May 23, 1746
 — Francis, father of Charles F., p. 119, l. 15
 — George, father of Chappel F., p. 30, l. 37
 Fox, John, father of John F., p. 119, l. 1
 — — May 19, 1746
 *Frampton, Algernon, July 7, 1736; p. 135, l. 28 (Mr); p. 142, l. 22; p. 143, ll. 13, 47; p. 146, l. 34; p. 147, l. 30; p. 150, l. 42; p. 155, l. 30 (Mr F., senr.); p. 157, l. 16; p. 168, l. 1
 — Thomas, father of Algernon and Thomas F., p. 84, l. 26; p. 108, l. 10
 * — — March 17, 1743; p. 160, l. 33 (Mr); p. 162, l. 18; p. 168, l. 5 (Mr F., junr.); p. 169, ll. 18, 21; p. 171, ll. 1, 4, 14, 19, 22; p. 173, ll. 18, 21, 25, 28, 43, 45, 48; p. 174, ll. 4, 14, 16, 18, 31, 34, 37, 39; p. 175, ll. 25, 31, 45, 48; p. 176, ll. 2, 23, 26, 28, 37, 45; p. 177, ll. 3, 13, 15, 18, 21
 Franck, Thomas, father of Thomas F., p. 71, l. 13
 — — July 19, 1732
 Frank, John, father of Nathaniel F., p. 9, l. 5
 — Nathaniel, 28 March, 1717
 — Thomas, June 6, 1748
 — Walter, father of Thomas F., p. 125, l. 30
 Franke, Charles, June 7, 1723
 — Richard, father of Charles F., p. 37, l. 44
 Franklyn, Richard Farewell, June 30, 1737
 — Thomas, father of Richard Farewell F., p. 87, l. 21
 French, William, A.B. of Wadham College, Oxford, April 6, 1749
 Frere, Henry, June 17, 1752
 — John, father of Henry F., p. 138, l. 15
 Frewen, Edward, June 26, 1765
 — John, May 24, 1720
 — Thankfull, father of John F., p. 23, l. 17
 — Thomas, father of Edward F., p. 170, l. 43
 Friend, George, father of Henry F., p. 145, l. 45
 — Henry, April 25, 1755
 — Freind, Dr, master of Westminster school, p. 2, l. 26; p. 4, ll. 14, 44; p. 5, l. 28; p. 8, l. 40; p. 11, ll. 1, 10; p. 12, l. 8; p. 13, l. 2; p. 21, l. 18; p. 22, l. 41; p. 25, ll. 14, 27, 30; p. 28, l. 30; p. 31, l. 8; p. 32, l. 36; p. 35, l. 4; p. 36, l. 37; p. 39, l. 32; p. 40, ll. 14, 24; p. 41, ll. 8, 23; p. 48, l. 31; p. 51, ll. 5, 17; p. 53, l. 40; p. 55, ll. 16, 19; p. 61, l. 30; p. 62, ll. 2, 6; p. 66, l. 18; p. 74, l. 5; p. 75, ll. 16, 21

¹ Tried in 1774 for the manslaughter of his gyp, Thos. Goode, who died Feb. 6, 1770. See *History of St John's*, p. 1075, l. 32.

- Fry, Joseph, March 29, 1737
 — Walter, father of Joseph F., p. 86, l. 1
- Frye, Mr, Principal of William and Mary College, Virginia, p. 38, l. 41
- Gainsborough, Baptist, late Earl of, p. 39, l. 35
 — — Earl of, p. 39, l. 34
- Gale, Thomas, father of William G., p. 85, l. 28
 — William, Jan. 24, 1738
- Galloway, Mr, private tutor. p. 174, l. 3
- Ganton, Robert, May 17, 1742
 — William, father of Robert G., p. 105, l. 22
- Gardiner, Charles, Sept. 7, 1750
 — Luke, June 7, 1762
 — — father of Luke G., p. 162, l. 32
 — Robert, father of Robert G., p. 25, l. 22
 — — October 5, 1720
 — — father of Charles G., p. 133, l. 1
- Garmstone, Mr, master of Lincoln school, p. 24, l. 10; p. 25, l. 25
- Garnett, Henry, May 21, 1725
 — John, father of Henry and John G., p. 45, l. 41
 — — May 21, 1725
- Garnham, Mr, master of Bury St Edmund's school, p. 123, l. 15; p. 126, l. 2; p. 132, l. 34; p. 133, l. 14; p. 146, l. 19; p. 150, l. 41; p. 162, l. 17
- Garrett, James, father of John G., p. 159, l. 14
 — John, Nov. 2, 1760
- Gates, George, father of Thomas G., p. 60, l. 39
 — Thomas, June 16, 1729
- Gaudy, Mr, master of Biddenden school, Kent, p. 36, l. 2
- Gawthrop, Mr, master of Tottenham High Cross school, Middlesex, p. 71, l. 2
 — Christopher, father of Thomas G., p. 29, l. 39
 — Thomas, July 1, 1721
- Gee, James, father of Richard G., p. 157, l. 28
 — Richard, April 14, 1760
 — Thomas, father of Thomas G., p. 3, l. 36
 — — 9 April, 1716
- Geldart, John, July 2, 1756
- Gem, Richard, father of Richard G., p. 80, l. 17
 — — June 12, 1735
- George, Mr, Head-master of Eton, p. 65, l. 21; p. 68, l. 41; p. 74, l. 12 (Dr); p. 77, l. 23; p. 79, l. 41; p. 80, l. 12; p. 85, l. 15; p. 88, l. 38; p. 90, l. 13; p. 95, l. 2; p. 96, l. 5; p. 98, l. 7; p. 100, l. 40; p. 102, l. 26; p. 104, l. 30; p. 106, l. 42; p. 117, l. 27
- Gerard, Mr, master of Sherbourne school, Dorsetshire, p. 21, l. 30
- Gerison; *see* Jernison
- Gery, Thomas, father of Thomas G., p. 76, l. 44
 — — June 22, 1734
- Gibbes, Mr, master of Urchfont school, Wilts, p. 145, l. 2
- Gibbon, Thomas, father of William G., p. 11, l. 41
 — William, 2 July, 1717
- Gibson, Abraham, father of Richard G., p. 105, l. 25
 — John, May 15, 1739
 — Richard, father of John G., p. 94, l. 5
 — — June 3, 1742
- Gifford, Charles, June 10, 1741
 — John, father of Charles G., p. 102, l. 25
- Gilbank, Thomas, father of William G., p. 155, l. 9
 — William, April 19, 1759
- Gill, Mr, p. 168, l. 47
 — John, Feb. 2, 1748
 — Peter, father of John G., p. 114, l. 29
 — Stephen, father of William G., p. 53, l. 3
 — William, May 25, 1727
 — (G. ?) William, father of William G., p. 134, l. 25
 — — May 22, 1751
- Gilmour, Sir Alexander, *bart.*, Nov. 16, 1753
 — — Charles, father of Sir Alexander G., p. 141, l. 34
- Gisborne, James, father of James G., p. 99, l. 44
 — — Oct. 17, 1740
 — — father of Thomas G., p. 113, l. 18
 * — Thomas, June 28, 1744, p. 149, l. 32 (Mr); p. 159, l. 38 (Dr)
- Gittens, Richard, 11 June, 1716
 — Thomas, father of Richard G., p. 5, l. 24
- Gladwin, Lemuel, father of Lemuel G., p. 74, l. 8
 — — Oct. 11, 1733
- Glassbrooke, Mr, master of Rivington school, Lancashire, p. 3, l. 8
 — Peter, father of Simon Peter G., p. 21, l. 8
 — Simon Peter, 14 September, 1719
- Glover, John, father of Richard G., p. 165, l. 15
 — Richard, June 6, 1763
- Goddard, Edward, father of Henry G., p. 43, l. 38

- *Goddard, Henry, Jan. 20, 172 $\frac{1}{2}$; p. 66, l. 9 (*Dominus*)
- Godly, Joseph, father of Michael G., p. 33, l. 19
- Michael, June 12, 1722
- Goldesborough, Mr, master of Brawton (Bruton) school, p. 65, l. 7; p. 98, l. 16; p. 117, l. 43; p. 124, l. 11
- Colesbury, Mr, master of Pernton (? Taunton) school, p. 43, l. 16
- Goldwyer, George, father of George G., p. 129, l. 11
- — May 30, 1749
- Goodall, Goodal, Grodal, Mr, master of Lincoln school, p. 47, l. 10; p. 59, l. 2; p. 61, l. 2; p. 72, l. 39; p. 80, l. 46; p. 81, l. 5; p. 97, l. 11; p. 107, l. 1; p. 112, l. 38
- Goodday, George, father of George G., p. 18, l. 13
- — 9 May, 1719
- Goodere, John, father of Richard G., p. 93, l. 22
- Richard, March 27, 1739; p. 130, l. 34 (Goodeve)
- Goodricke, Henry, June 22, 1741
- William, father of Henry G., p. 102, l. 34
- *Goodwin, Mr, p. 6, l. 41
- Gordoun, Robert, father of Robert G., p. 27, l. 34
- — March 29, 1721
- Gorges, Henry, father of Robert G., p. 28, l. 6
- Robert, June 20, 1721
- Goslin, James, 21 May, 1716
- Joseph, father of James G., p. 4, l. 42
- Gough, Charles, July 4, 1763
- Owen, father of Charles G., p. 166, l. 3
- Thomas, May 26, 1738; Sept. 2, 1743
- Walter, father of Thomas G., p. 90, l. 25
- Goulton, Christopher, May 30, 1723
- — father of Thomas G., p. 174, l. 20
- Thomas, father of Christopher G., p. 37, l. 27
- — Dec. 22, 1766
- Gower, *Hon.* Baptist Leveson, April 22, 1720
- John Leveson, *Baron*, father of *Hon.* Baptist Leveson G., p. 32, l. 40
- Graham, Charles, father of Thomas Fane Charles G., p. 139, l. 4
- — father of William G., p. 123, l. 6
- James, 'Praefectus Militum,' p. 34, l. 31
- Graham, ¹Thomas Fane Charles, Sept. 26, 1752
- William, July 8, 1747
- Mr, master of Hackney and Dalston school, Middlesex, p. 104, l. 4; p. 107, l. 28; p. 113, l. 9; p. 114, l. 6
- Grainger, Thomas, father of William G., p. 19, l. 7
- William, 3 June, 1719
- Grantham, Leonard, father of Robert G., p. 32, l. 5
- Robert, March 30, 1722
- Graves, Edward, May 11, 1730
- John, father of Edward G., p. 62, l. 36
- Greatorex, Daniel, father of John G., p. 82, l. 41
- John, May 1, 1736
- Greaves, George, June 19, 1764
- Green, Mr, master of Birmingham school, p. 101, l. 5
- Henry, June 20, 1746
- John, father of John G., p. 41, l. 48
- *— Greene, John, June 10, 1724; p. 75, ll. 18, 22 (Mr); p. 82, l. 21; p. 84, l. 21; p. 86, ll. 3, 15, 24; p. 87, l. 13; p. 88, ll. 28, 29; p. 89, l. 19; p. 91, ll. 38, 41; p. 94, ll. 4, 11; p. 95, l. 15; p. 96, ll. 6, 40; p. 98, l. 17; p. 100, l. 41; p. 102, l. 16; p. 103, l. 3; p. 104, l. 31; p. 105, l. 41; p. 108, l. 35; p. 109, l. 9; p. 117, l. 44; p. 125, l. 44
- — father of John G., p. 47, l. 22
- — Oct. 19, 1725
- — May 28, 1729
- — August 26, 1736
- Maurice, father of John G., p. 85, l. 13
- Richard, father of John G., p. 60, l. 5
- — father of Henry G., p. 120, l. 5
- Greenall, Joshua, father of Thomas G., p. 172, l. 3
- Thomas, Dec. 14, 1765
- Greene, Robert, Tutor of Clare Hall, p. 1, l. 14; p. 33, l. 18
- Vincent, Sept. 20, 1761
- William, father of William G., p. 141, l. 11
- — June 29, 1753
- — father of Vincent G., p. 161, l. 8
- Greenhalgh, Henry, July 6, 1722
- Richard, father of Henry G., p. 35, l. 6
- Grey, George, father of George G., p. 66, l. 4
- — April 9, 1731

¹ First instance of three Christian names.

- Grey, George, father of George G.,
 p. 157, l. 25
 — April 14, 1760; Nov. 3, 1760
 Griffenhoof, Abraham, father of Nico-
 las G., p. 88, l. 29
 — Nicolas, Oct. 31, 1737
 Griffies, George, Oct. 8, 1733
 — John, father of George G., p. 74,
 l. 4
 — — father of John G., p. 96, l. 38
 — — May 5, 1740
 Griffin, Giles John, father of Lucock
 G., p. 170, l. 9
 — Lucock, May 3, 1765
 Griffith, Mr, master of Houghton-le-
 Spring school, Durham, p. 135, l. 40;
 p. 155, l. 44; p. 156, l. 25; p. 159,
 l. 41
 — Edward, father of Moses G., p. 106,
 l. 24
 — John, father of Middlemore G.,
 p. 77, l. 3
 — — father of John G., p. 81, l. 37
 — — Oct. 31, 1735
 — — father of Samuel G., p. 140, l. 4
 — Middlemore, June 24, 1734
 — Moses, June 2 (error for some
 date between 25 and 29 inclusive),
 1742
 — Joseph, June 8, 1756
 — Leighton Owen, father of Samuel
 G., p. 131, l. 1
 — Richard, A.B., University College,
 Oxford, June 28, 1738
 — — Nov. 3, 1758
 — Samuel, Feb. 26, 17 $\frac{4}{5}$
 — — May 2, 1753
 — William, father of Joseph G.,
 p. 149, l. 4
 Griffiths, Griffith, Mr, Richard, master
 of Bangor school, p. 168, l. 31;
 p. 171, l. 34; p. 173, ll. 2, 5; p. 175,
 ll. 10, 14; p. 176, l. 18
 — Mr, master of Brecon school,
 p. 169, ll. 27, 28
 — Griffith, July 3, 1738
 — Maurice, father of Griffith G.,
 p. 92, l. 11
 — Robert, April 17, 1764
 — Simon, father of Robert G., p. 167,
 l. 32
 *Grigman, *Dominus*, p. 19, l. 17; p. 20,
 l. 38 (Mr); p. 21, l. 19
 — Mr, private tutor, p. 92, l. 31
 Grimwood, Mr, master of Dedham
 school, Essex, p. 72, l. 30; p. 98,
 l. 40; p. 122, l. 10; p. 128, l. 36;
 p. 131, ll. 6, 32; p. 140, l. 42; p. 143,
 l. 12; p. 157, l. 22
 — Thomas Lechmere, March 16,
 1758
 — — father of Thomas Lechmere G.,
 p. 152, l. 24
 Grindall, Simon, father of Simon G.,
 p. 152, l. 21
 — — March 15, 1758
 Grinfield, Richard, father of Richard
 G., p. 48, l. 15
 — — March 16, 172 $\frac{5}{8}$
 — — father of William G., p. 93,
 l. 3
 — William, Nov. 11, 1738; Nov. 16,
 1741
 Grodal; *see* Goodall
 Grosvenor, Sir Richard, Bart., p. 17,
 l. 41
 *Grove, Mr, p. 7, l. 12; p. 12, l. 26
 (Mr G. *senr.*); p. 14, l. 22
 *— — (junr.), p. 14, l. 29; p. 16, l. 33;
 p. 148, l. 4; p. 149, l. 9; p. 150,
 l. 15
 — — father of William Chafin G.,
 p. 131, l. 15
 — Chafin, father of Charles, Harry,
 and Thomas G., p. 160, l. 32; p. 167,
 l. 42
 — Charles, July 2, 1765
 — Harry, May 21, 1764
 — J. father of Peirce G., p. 51, l. 25
 — John, father of Richard G., p. 74,
 l. 37
 — Peirce, Dec. 17, 1726
 *— Richard, Dec. 17, 1733; p. 138,
 l. 21 (Mr)
 — Thomas, July 8, 1761
 — William Chafin, April 30, 1750
 Guenaire, Mr, tutor in the family of
 R. Vyner, Esq., p. 89, l. 37
 Guest, John, father of William G.,
 p. 58, l. 18
 — Joseph, father of Joseph G., p. 102,
 l. 31
 *— — June 15, 1741
 — William, Nov. 2, 1728
 Gunning, Mr, master of Ely school,
 Cambridgeshire, p. 58, l. 28; p. 66,
 l. 11; p. 69, l. 23; p. 72, l. 19; p. 79,
 l. 18; p. 83, l. 39; p. 90, l. 4; p. 91,
 ll. 14, 21; p. 95, ll. 5, 8; p. 113,
 l. 42; p. 122, l. 45; p. 129, l. 30
 — Francis, June 13, 1747
 — Henry, father of Francis and
 Stuart G., p. 91, l. 20
 — Peter, father of Peter G., p. 72,
 l. 18
 — — May 9, 1733
 *— Stuart, June 24, 1738; p. 120,
 l. 23 (Mr); p. 122, l. 46; p. 155,
 l. 24
 Gunnis, Griffin, Fellow of Jesus Coll.,
 Oxford, p. 29, l. 21
 Gunthorp, John, father of Robert G.,
 p. 52, l. 22
 — Robert, May 3, 1727
 Gutteridge, Bartin, father of Bartin G.,
 p. 77, l. 25

- Gutteridge, Bartin, June 25, 1734
- Haddon, Peter, Vicar of Bolton, Lancashire, p. 15, l. 25
- Haigh, Henry, father of Richard H., p. 33, l. 3
— Richard, June 6, 1722
- *Hall, Mr, p. 22, l. 38; p. 26, l. 22
— Francis, father of Francis H., p. 90, l. 42
— — June 16, 1738
— George, June 30, 1720
— — July 1, 1727
— Henry, tutor in the family of Hon. Sackville Tufton, p. 39, l. 23
— — father of Thomas Rumbold H., p. 99, l. 9
— John, father of George H., p. 24, l. 39
— Joseph, father of Samuel H., p. 44, l. 24
— Samuel, March 27, 1725
— — father of Samuel H., p. 159, l. 40
— — April 9, 1761
— Thomas Rumbold, Sept. 27, 1740
— William, father of George H., p. 54, l. 20
* — — Nov. 3, 1758
- Halley, George, father of Thomas H., p. 53, l. 16
— Thomas, June 1, 1727
- Hallows, Brabazon, March 18, 173 $\frac{1}{2}$; Nov. 3, 1738
— Chaworth, June 16, 1738
— John, March 3, 174 $\frac{1}{2}$
— Thomas, father of Brabazon H., p. 85, l. 42
— — father of Chaworth H., p. 90, l. 45
— — father of John H., p. 124, l. 14
- Halls, James, father of James H., p. 176, l. 3
— — May 21, 1767
— John, Nov. 30, 1725
— Robert, father of John H., p. 47, l. 34
- Hammond, Antony, father of Thomas H., p. 11, l. 9
— Thomas, 24 June, 1717
— William, father of William H., p. 84, l. 3
— — June 26, 1736
- Hancock, Mr, master of Stourbridge school, Worcestershire, p. 115, l. 23
— Benjamin, father of Benjamin H., p. 113, l. 21
— — June 30, 1744
- Hancorn, Richard, father of Richard H., p. 118, l. 44
— — May 14, 1746
- Hankey, Henry, May 25, 1747; May 22, 1751
- Hankey, Sir Joseph, *Bart.*, father of Henry H., p. 122, l. 9
- Hanmer, Henry, father of Thomas H., p. 134, l. 19
— Thomas, May 13, 1751
- Hanson, Antony, 29 April, 1717
— Thomas, father of Antony H., p. 9, l. 32
- Harcourt, James, Fellow of Jesus Coll., Oxford, p. 29, l. 18
- Hardy, Mr, master of Nottingham school, p. 66, l. 35
— Mr, master of Sutton school, Kent, p. 141, l. 13; p. 161, l. 9
- Harding, John, father of William H., p. 94, l. 31
— Robert, father of Robert H., p. 140, l. 12
— — May 9, 1753
— William, June 13, 1739
- Hare, Mr, master of Crewkerne school, Somersetshire, p. 124, l. 8
— John, father of John H., p. 10, l. 29
— — 27 May, 1717
- Hargrave, James, father of William H., p. 147, l. 21
— William, Dec. 16, 1755; May 2, 1760
- Hargreaves, Mr, master of Trentham school, Staffordshire, p. 45, l. 11; p. 57, ll. 34, 40; p. 60, l. 29
— James, father of James H., p. 37, l. 31
— — May 30, 1723
— John, father of John H., p. 59, l. 25
— — May 15, 1729
- Harpur, Henry, father of Henry H., p. 127, l. 42
— — March 1, 174 $\frac{3}{4}$
— G. (William?), father of William H., p. 60, l. 33
— William, June 16, 1729
- Harrap, Job, p. 124, l. 42 (No date of admission given)
— John, father of Job H., p. 124, l. 42
- Harris, Mr, master of Bristol school, p. 111, l. 11
— Thomas, father of Thomas H., p. 141, l. 20
— — Oct. 5, 1753
- Harrison, Dr, p. 170, l. 26
* — Mr, p. 29, l. 45
— John, father of John H., p. 12, l. 28
— — 2 November, 1717
— — father of Philip H., p. 74, l. 33
— — June 22, 1763
— Joseph, April 18, 1724
— — June 24, 1734

- Harrison, Philip, Dec. 14, 1733
 — Richard, father of Richard H., p. 156, l. 7
 — — June 27, 1759
 — — father of William H., p. 18, l. 26
 — — 19 May, 1719
 — William, father of Joseph H., p. 40, l. 43
 — — father of Joseph H., p. 76, l. 48
 — — father of William H., p. 170, l. 31
 — — June 7, 1765
 Hart, Rawson, father of Robert H., p. 10, l. 22
 — Robert, 22 May, 1717
 Hartley, Robert, father of Thomas H., p. 45, l. 25
 — Thomas, May 10, 1725
 Hartopp, Samuel, father of William H., p. 48, l. 39
 — William, April 19, 1726
 Harvey, James, father of Samuel H., p. 132, l. 1
 — Samuel, June 18, 1750
 — William, May 19, 1767
 Harwood, Edward, father of Edward H., p. 136, l. 1
 — — July 2, 1751
 — Rolland, 26 September, 1716
 — Thomas, father of Rolland H., p. 8, l. 9
 Hasell, Christopher, father of William H., p. 151, l. 26
 — William, June 20, 1757
 Haselem, Edward, father of Edward H., p. 118, l. 33
 — — April 10, 1746
 Haslam, Edward, father of William H., p. 22, l. 19
 — William, April 4, 1720
 Haslehurst, Joseph, father of Joseph H., p. 124, l. 38
 — — April 20, 1748
 Hassell, Mr, master of Digswell school, Herts, p. 27, l. 17
 — Mr, master of Much Haddam(-ham) school, Herts, p. 85, l. 19
 — Samuel, May 16, 1743; Sept. 17, 1748
 — Thomas, father of Samuel H., p. 108, l. 36
 Hastings, Henry, father of Theophilus Henry H., p. 125, l. 16
 — Theophilus Henry, May 25, 1748
 Hatfield, Mr, master of Chapell le Frith school, Derbyshire, p. 80, l. 6
 — Charles, father of Charles H., p. 72, l. 25
 — — May 16, 1733
 Hatfield, George, May 1, 1736
 — John, father of George H., p. 83, l. 4
 Hatton, Alexander, father of Thomas H., p. 139, l. 22
 — Christopher, June 10, 1732
 — Sir John, father of Sir Thomas H., p. 117, l. 3
 — Sir Thomas, *Bart.*, Oct. 8, 1745
 — Thomas, Jan. 26, 1753
 — William, formerly Fellow of St John's (B.A. 170 $\frac{1}{2}$, M.A. 1711, elected Fellow, 1710), and father of Christopher H., p. 70, l. 26
 Havard, David, A.B., Jesus Coll., Oxford, p. 20, ll. 9, 11
 Hawky, Mr, private tutor in the family of Henry Maxwell, Esq., p. 81, l. 19
 Haygarth, John, June 25, 1759
 — Josias, 30 May, 1719
 — Matthew, father of Josias H., p. 19, l. 3
 Hayward, Haywood, Mr, master of Warrington school, Lancashire, p. 37, l. 6; p. 76, l. 7
 Hazeland, Mr, master of Bishop Stortford school, Herts., p. 147, l. 7
 — G. (William?), father of William H., p. 118, l. 37
¹— William, May (between 1st and 13th), 1746
 Hazelhurst, Henry, father of Joseph H., p. 36, l. 12
 — Joseph, Feb. 19, 172 $\frac{3}{4}$
 Head, Mr, master of Amesbury school, Wilts., p. 129, l. 38
 — Henry, father of Richard H., p. 105, l. 39
 — John, June 15, 1723
 — Richard, June 9, 1742
 — William, father of John H., p. 38, l. 3
 Heal, Hele, Mr, master of Salisbury school, p. 46, l. 45; p. 86, l. 2
²— — Arthur, Sept. 28 or Sept. 30, 1730; p. 61, l. 26
 *Heald, Healde, Mr, p. 9, l. 34; p. 19, l. 35; p. 21, l. 23
 Heath, Bayly, father of Thomas and William H., p. 174, ll. 28, 32
 *— George, July 19, 1755
 — John, M.A., and 'Pro Tutor' of King's, p. 85, ll. 4, 11
 — — father of George H., p. 147, l. 13
 — Thomas, Feb. 6, 1767
 — William, Feb. 6, 1767
 Heathcote, Edward, June 15, 1746
 — Ralph, father of Edward H., p. 119, l. 42

¹ The first Johnian Senior Wrangler, 1749-50.² See p. 61, note 1, and p. 64, note 1.

- Heathcote, Samuel, father of Thornhill H., p. 118, l. 18
 — Thornhill, March 25, 1746
- Heaton, Henry, father of Peter H., p. 9, l. 1
 — Peter, 26 March, 1717
- Heberden, Heberden, Richard, father of William H., p. 43, l. 32
 *— William, Dec. 23, 1724; p. 82, ll. 20 (Mr), 23; p. 84, ll. 2, 23, 25; p. 103, l. 10 (Dr); p. 109, l. 28
- Heber, John, of University Coll., Oxford, June 2, 1727; p. 53, l. 25
- Heblethwait, Joshua, father of Thomas H., p. 31, l. 42
 — Thomas, March 15, 172½
- Hele, Arthur, Sept. 28, 1730
- Hemmings, Samuel, M.A., master of Isleworth school, Middlesex, p. 43, l. 3
- Henchman, Mr, master of Chester school, p. 3, l. 23; p. 14, ll. 9, 12, 15; p. 32, l. 6; p. 35, l. 29; p. 39, l. 12; p. 45, l. 14; p. 49, l. 20; p. 55, l. 37; p. 66, l. 25; p. 112, l. 18
 — Charles, father of Charles H., p. 49, l. 19
 — — May 28, 1726
 — father of Humphrey H., p. 66, l. 24
 — Humphrey, April 29, 1731
 — Joseph, father of Joseph H., p. 27, l. 37
 — — May 26, 1721
- Henley, Mr, master of As(s)fordby school, Leicestershire, p. 26, l. 37
 — Mr, master of Taunton school, p. 129, l. 26
- Henshaw (? Henchman) Mr, master of Chester school, p. 31, l. 15
- Henvill, James, June 22, 1754
 — Philip, January 13, 17½³/₈
 — William, father of Philip H., p. 21, l. 28
 — — father of James H., p. 143, l. 12
- Herbert, Mr, master of York school, p. 4, l. 18; p. 9, l. 19; p. 28, l. 22
 — Edward, father of Thomas H., p. 114, l. 4
 — — father of Edward H., p. 116, l. 40
 — — July 23, 1745
 — — father of Nicolas H., p. 129, l. 7
 — Nicolas, May 27, 1749
 — Thomas, July 12, 1744
- Heron, John, July 2, 1725
 — Robert, father of John H., p. 46, l. 47
- Hesilrige, Arthur, March 28, 1720
 — Robert, *Bart.*, father of Arthur H., p. 22, l. 15
- Hesleden, William, father of William H., p. 97, l. 16
- Hesleden, William, June 4, 1740
- Hetley, Henry, July 9, 1762
 — Richard, father of Henry H., p. 162, l. 8
- Heton, James, father of James H., p. 96, l. 41
 — James, May 12, 1740
- Hewett, Richard, March 14, 1755
 — Robert, father of Richard H., p. 145, l. 37
- Hewit, Hewitt, Mr, master of Linton school, Yorkshire, p. 128, l. 8
 — Mr, master of Threshfield school, Yorkshire, p. 126, l. 13; p. 134, l. 13; p. 135, ll. 3, 6; p. 150, l. 9; p. 161, l. 35; p. 162, l. 26
 — James, father of Robert H., p. 22, l. 36
 — — June 7, 1746
 — Robert, April 16, 1720
 — William, father of James H., p. 119, l. 33
- Hewthwaite, Mr, master of Lincoln school, p. 170, l. 33; p. 174, l. 21
 — John, Jan. 13, 174½³/₈
 — Thomas, father of John H., p. 121, l. 1
- Highmore, John, July 9, 1763
- Hildrop, Hiltrop, Mr, master of Marlborough school, Wilts., p. 6, l. 44; p. 36, l. 10; p. 39, l. 5; p. 48, l. 16; p. 53, l. 36; p. 70, l. 40; p. 72, l. 36
- Hiley, Mr, master of Reading school, Berks., p. 100, l. 13
- Hill, Mr, master of Bradford school, Yorkshire, p. 19, l. 23; p. 23, l. 3; p. 27, l. 25; p. 29, l. 45; p. 33, l. 5; p. 36, ll. 30, 40; p. 41, l. 20; p. 44, ll. 35, 37; p. 45, l. 33; p. 46, l. 41; p. 47, l. 7; p. 54, ll. 24, 28; p. 57, ll. 12, 16, 44; p. 59, ll. 11, 44
 — Mr, master of Lismore school, co. Waterford, Ireland, p. 55, l. 9
 — Mr, tutor in the family of Sir Roger Jenyns, p. 34, l. 44
 — John, April 7, 1724
 *— John Samuel [Hist. of S. John's, i. 306, l. 1], p. 107, l. 6
 — — June 20, 1732
 — — father of Thomas H., p. 98, l. 15
 — Noel, April 25, 1759
 — Richard, father of John H., p. 70, l. 36
 — Rowland, father of John H., p. 40, l. 29
 — — *Bart.*, father of Rowland H., p. 169, l. 16
 — — Oct. 10, 1764
 — Thomas, June 26, 1740
 — — father of Noel and Samuel H., p. 155, ll. 13, 16
 — Samuel, April 25, 1759

- Hillman, Mr, master of Brawood (Bre-) school, Staffordshire, p. 3, l. 30
- Hiltrop; *see* Hildrop
- Hinds, Mr, master of Cradley school, Herefordshire, p. 72, l. 42
- Hitching, John, 29 June, 1717
— Nicholas, father of John H., p. 11, l. 32
- Hodgson, John, Nov. 3, 1761
- Hodson, Mr, master of a school, or private tutor, in Cheshire, p. 58, l. 13
— Mr, master of Southwell school, Notts., p. 47, l. 32; p. 53, l. 11 (Mr Hodgshon)
— George, 19 March, 171 $\frac{1}{2}$
— Henry, father of Henry H., p. 87, l. 1
— — May 27, 1737
— Henry, father of John H., p. 101, l. 24
— John, father of George H., p. 13, l. 7
— — father of John H., p. 41, l. 38
— — May 30, 1724
— — May 16, 1741
- Hody, Edward, 26 September, 1716
— John, father of Edward H., p. 8, l. 5
- Hoggard, John, July 6, 1720
— Nathaniel, father of John H., p. 25, l. 9
- Holbrooke, Edward, father of John H., p. 16, l. 14
— John, 23 June, 1718
- Holcombe, Mr, master of Tenby school, p. 86, l. 17; p. 142, l. 21 (*bis*)
— George, father of George H., p. 74, l. 45
— — Feb. 13, 173 $\frac{3}{4}$
— John, Oct. 24, 1720
— William, father of John H., p. 25, l. 25
- Holden, Mr, master of Morpeth school, Northumberland, p. 69, l. 42; p. 86, l. 42
— John, May 3, 1732
— Robert, father of John H., p. 69, l. 33
- Holdon, Humphrey, father of Humphrey H., p. 15, l. 16
— Humphrey, 23 June, 1718
- Holdsworth, Mr, tutor in the family of W. Wombwell, Esq., p. 28, l. 22
— Mr, master of Hal(l)ifax school, Yorkshire, p. 141, l. 24
- Holford, Peter, May 3, 1736
— Robert, father of Peter H., p. 83, l. 7
— — father of Stayner H., p. 145, l. 10
- Holford, Stayner, Jan. 9, 1755; Nov. 13, 1759
- Holgate, George, father of George H., p. 154, l. 6
— — Oct. 23, 1758
— William, father of William H., p. 63, l. 12
— — May 28, 1730
- Holiday, Christopher, father of James H., p. 105, l. 46
— James, June 11, 1742
- Holland, John, Warden of Merton Coll., Oxford, p. 29, l. 30
— Rogers, father of Rogers H., p. 145, l. 1
— — Dec. 4, 1754; Dec. 3, 1756
- Hollins, Philip, father of Philip H., p. 38, l. 16
— June 29, 1723
- Hollis, John, father of Thomas H., p. 1, l. 5
— Thomas, 23 July, 1715; p. 1, l. 9
- Holme, Mr, master of Sevenoaks school, Kent, p. 136, l. 10; p. 139, l. 9
— Mr, master of Wellingborough school, Northants, p. 125, ll. 36, 39; p. 136, l. 15; p. 148, l. 47
— Edward, father of Hugh H., p. 49, l. 3
— Hugh, May 4, 1726
— John (?), father of John H., p. 57, l. 8
— — May 23, 1728; p. 112, ll. 14 (Mr) 24; p. 113, ll. 17, 34; p. 121, l. 11; p. 124, l. 20; p. 129, l. 35; p. 131, l. 33; p. 140, l. 9; p. 145, ll. 20, 24; p. 147, l. 15; p. 150, l. 18; p. 155, l. 3; p. 157, l. 30
— Thomas, father of Thomas H., p. 125, l. 38
— — June 7, 1748
- Holmes, Mr, master of Much Wolton school, Lancashire, p. 37, l. 5
— Mr, master of Urswick school, Lancashire, p. 28, l. 3
— Edward, June 6, 1722
— Henry, father of Robert H., p. 122, l. 5
— John, father of Edward H., p. 33, l. 8
— Joseph, father of Joseph H., p. 32, l. 1
— — March 26, 1722
— Robert, April 30, 1747
— Sarah, maiden name of mother of Edmund and John Burton, p. 176, l. 39
- Holt, Henry, Dec. 7, 1720
— Rolland, father of Henry H., p. 26, l. 5
- Holyoake, Mr, Head-master of Rugby school, p. 1, ll. 7, 21; p. 3, ll. 12, 16; p. 8, l. 45

- Hood, Arthur William, between June 13 and July 2, 1747
 — Samuel, father of Arthur William H., p. 122, l. 48
- Hope, Charles, June 25, 1750
 — John, M.D., father of William H., p. 17, l. 34
 — William, 1 April, 1719
 — M.D., father of Charles H., p. 132, l. 16
- Hopwood, John, father of John H., p. 68, l. 37
 — Oct. 25, 1731
- Horne, Mr, master of King's Lynn school, p. 37, l. 24
 — John, father of John H., p. 141, l. 38
¹ — Jan. 12, 1754
- Horsefal, Henry, June 25, 1746
 — John, father of Henry H., p. 118, l. 13
- Horseman, James, father of John H., p. 135, l. 46
 — father of James H., p. 157, l. 18
 — March 21, 1760
- * — John, July 2, 1751; p. 157, l. 19 (Mr); p. 159, l. 42; p. 165, l. 26
- Horton, Thomas, June 12, 1729
- Hosken, Anthony, father of John H., p. 145, l. 29
- * — John, Feb. 5, 1755; p. 164, l. 39
- Hotchkis, James, July 5, 1720
 — Joshua, father of James H., p. 24, l. 5
 — Richard, father of Richard H., p. 6, l. 28
 — 28 June, 1716
- Hotchkiss, Hodgkis, Hotchkis, Mr, master of Shrewsbury school, p. 99, l. 18; p. 106, l. 25; p. 109, ll. 4, 30; p. 112, l. 45; p. 115, l. 8; p. 124, l. 2; p. 127, ll. 11, 14; p. 133, l. 23; p. 134, l. 20; p. 138, l. 10; p. 139, l. 23 (Mr Hodgkis)
- , Hothskiss, Mr, master of Charterhouse school, p. 70, l. 31; p. 74, l. 2; p. 84, ll. 5, 9; p. 90, l. 23; p. 96, l. 39; p. 123, l. 7
- Hotham, John, father of Robert H., p. 53, l. 19
 — Robert, June 1, 1727
- Houblon, James, father of James and John H., p. 142, l. 12; p. 150, l. 26
 — Feb. 2, 1754
 — John, Feb. 2, 1757; Jan. 18, 1762
- Hough, Henry, May 17, 1749
 — Richard, father of Henry H., p. 128, l. 38
- Hough, Thomas, father of Thomas H., p. 45, l. 3
 — April 16, 1725
- Houghton, John, May 6, 1728; Jan. 14, 173 $\frac{1}{2}$
 — Ralph, father of John H., p. 57, l. 4
 — Richard, father of Richard R., p. 148, l. 10
 — March 25, 1756
- Houlbrooke, Theophilus, June 30, 1762; May 11, 1765
 — father of Theophilus H., p. 165, l. 46
- *Houlston, Houldston, Thomas, April 12, 1757
- Hovell, Oliver, father of William H., p. 72, l. 6
 — William, Dec. 23, 1732; Jan. 19, 173 $\frac{3}{8}$
- Howard, Mr, master of Ashford school, Derbyshire, p. 128, l. 28
 — Charles, April 26, 1735
 — Henry Booze (*by error for Bowes*), Earl of Berkshire, father of Charles H., p. 79, l. 39
- Howdell, John, June 23, 1742
 — William, father of William H., p. 17, l. 20
 — 26 March, 1719
 — father of John H., p. 106, l. 17
 — father of William H., p. 115, l. 26
 — June 7, 1745
- Howen, John, July 8, 1737. See also this Register, Part II, p. 209, No. 35, 13 June, 1713
- Hoyle, Edward, April 22, 1720
 — John, father of Edward H., p. 22, l. 43
- Hubbert, Hubbard, Mr, master of Uppingham school, p. 95, l. 17; p. 120, l. 6
- Hubbock, Mr, master of Dorchester school, p. 160, l. 22
- Hucklebridge, Mr, master of Mansfield school, Notts, p. 33, l. 33; p. 52, l. 24
- Huddesford, George, President of Trinity College, Oxford, p. 69, l. 15
- Hudson, Mr, master of Bingley school, Yorkshire, p. 131, l. 40
 — Robert, father of Robert H., p. 172, l. 42
 — April 25, 1766
- Hughes, Hughs, Mr, master of Hanmer school, Flintshire, p. 63, l. 38 (Mr Hughs); p. 73, l. 42
 — Mr, master of Kilmerston(-don) school, Somerset, p. 111, l. 15

¹ This is John Horne Tooke, author of **Έρεα προπόενα*. When at Eton, and asked his father's profession, he is said to have replied, 'My father is an eminent Turkey merchant.' See page of Register referred to above.

- Hughes, Mr, master of Ruthin school, Denbighshire, p. 114, l. 14; p. 119, l. 5; p. 126, l. 32; p. 132, l. 22; p. 137, l. 42; p. 148, l. 38; p. 156, l. 39; p. 164, l. 1; p. 165, l. 29; p. 166, ll. 12, 16, 20; p. 167, ll. 25, 35
 — Mr, master of Whitechurch school, Salop, p. 2, l. 34; p. 52, l. 21
 — John, father of Lewis H., p. 171, l. 33
 — Lewis, August 22, 1765
 — Robert, father of William H., p. 77, l. 18
 — Samuel, Vice-Principal, Jesus Coll., Oxford, p. 20, l. 15
 — William, June 25, 1734
 Hull, Christopher, Jan. 22, 1761
 — John, father of Christopher H., p. 159, l. 22
¹Hulse, John, Sept. 14, 1724
 — Thomas, father of John H., p. 43, l. 8
 Humberstone, Edward, father of Matthew H., p. 23, l. 13
 — Matthew, May 23, 1720
 Humphreys, Richard, father of Thomas H., p. 138, l. 8
 — Thomas, May 22, 1752
 Hunt, Joseph, Fellow, afterwards Master, of Balliol Coll., Oxford, p. 34, l. 24
 — Samuel, May 20, 1765
 — Thomas, father of Samuel H., p. 170, l. 24
 Hunter, Mr, master of Arnside school, Hawkshead, Lancashire, p. 17, l. 11; p. 22, l. 30 (master of Hawkshead school); p. 31, l. 27; p. 37, l. 41; p. 44, l. 22
 — Mr, master of Blackburn school, Lancashire, p. 117, l. 13
² — Mr, master of Lichfield school, p. 21, l. 26; p. 46, l. 37; p. 74, l. 22
 Hurd, Nathaniel, father of Nathaniel H., p. 42, l. 35
 — — July 9, 1724
 Hurst, Thomas, father of Thomas H., p. 66, l. 34
 — — May 22, 1731
 Hurt, Francis, father of Low H., p. 53, l. 32
 — Low, June 13, 1727
 Hurton, John, father of Pregion H., p. 97, l. 9
 — Pregion, June 2, 1740
^{*}Hussey, George, 30 Oct. 1718; p. 16, l. 35; p. 73, l. 27 (Mr)
 — Robert, father of George H., p. 16, l. 31
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 — Thomas, father of Thomas H., p. 95, l. 32
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 — — father of Edward H., p. 100, l. 7
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 — John, father of John H., p. 135, l. 38
 — — July 1, 1751
 — — July 1, 1754
 — Joshua, father of Thomas H., p. 144, l. 4
 — Matthew, father of Simon H., p. 44, l. 39
 — Samuel, father of Samuel H., p. 92, l. 17
^{*} — — July 6, 1738; p. 124, l. 40 (Mr)
 — Simon, April 9, 1725
 — Thomas, between July 1 and July 4, 1754
^{*}Hutton, John, June 30, 1759
 — Thomas, father of Thomas H., p. 94, l. 16
 — — June 2, 1739
^{*}Ilderton, Francis, May 25, 1744
 — Thomas, father of Francis I., p. 112, l. 26
 Image, Charles, father of John I., p. 122, l. 1
^{*} — John, April 12, 1747
 Ince, Nicholas, father of Thomas I., p. 14, l. 14
 — Thomas, April 26, 1718
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 — Thomas, March 5, 174²/₃
 — — Feb. 1, 1754
 — William, father of Thomas I., p. 142, l. 8
 Irby, Hon. Frederick, Oct. 8, 1767
 Irish, Samuel, father of William I., p. 107, l. 26
 — William, Feb. 9, 174²/₃
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^{*} — William, July 2, 1759
 Ives, Clement, father of James I., p. 172, l. 39
 — James, April 19, 1766; April 20, 1769
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 — William, father of John I., p. 14, l. 47
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¹ Founder of the various Hulsean benefactions.² See this Register, Part II., p. 216, n. 1.

- Jackson, Mr, master of Coventry school,
p. 91, l. 25; p. 120, l. 33 (Dr)
— Mr, master of St Bees school, p.
40, l. 36
— Mr, master of York school, p. 65,
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— Jeremiah, father of Jeremiah J.,
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— — June 5, 1767
— John, May 30, 1723
— Lancelot, father of William J.,
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— Richard, father of John J., p. 37,
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— — father of Thomas J., p. 4, l. 39
— Robert, June 3, 1743
— Simon, father of Simon J., p. 113,
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— Thomas, May 19, 1716
— — father of Thomas J., p. 10, l.
14
— — May 17, 1717
— — father of Robert J., p. 109, l. 7
— — father of Thomas J., p. 121,
l. 9
— — Jan. 26, 1749¹
— — father of William J., p. 131,
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— William, June 19, 1740
— — June 18, 1750
Jacques, Mr, master of Urchfont
school, Wilts, p. 145, l. 3
James, Antony, Feb. 18, 1739²
— David, father of Antony J., p. 65,
l. 20
— — father of Thomas J., p. 74, l.
11
— John, father of Robert J., p. 64,
l. 1
— Robert, July 1, 1730
— Thomas, Oct. 25, 1733
Janeway, Jacob, April 6, 1743
— James, father of Jacob J., p. 108,
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Jauncey, John, father of Tyge J., p.
146, l. 12
— Tyge, May 15, 1755
Jebb, John, June 19, 1722
— Samuel, father of John J., p. 33,
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Jefferson, Mr, master of Beverley
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52, l. 36; p. 57, l. 9; p. 76, l. 42; p.
82, l. 20
— Henry, father of Henry J., p. 1,
l. 1
— — July 11, 1715
— John, father of John J., p. 70, l. 3
Jefferson, John, May 8, 1732
Jeffery, George, A.B., Balliol Coll.,
Oxford, June 3, 1725
Jemblein, James, father of John J., p.
81, l. 3
— John, June 30, 1735
Jenkin, Mr, master of Battle school,
Sussex, p. 87, ll. 5, 8; p. 101, l. 25;
p. 102, l. 39; p. 109, l. 21
— Mr, private tutor in family of Earl
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 * — John, Oct. 28, 1726
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- Maddox, John, May 4, 1716
 — William, father of John M., p. 4, l. 5
- Maese, Michael, father of Michael Driver M., p. 132, l. 12
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- Mainwaring, Edward, father of Henry M., p. 60, l. 28
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 * — John, June 5, 1742; p. 131, l. 20 (Mr); p. 132, ll. 35, 39; p. 136, l. 15; p. 139, l. 10; p. 140, l. 39
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 — William, father of Christopher Thompson M., p. 155, l. 42
- Mall, Mr, master of Bishop Stortford school, Herts, p. 86, l. 46; p. 96, ll. 32, 36; p. 117, l. 5; p. 122, l. 18; p. 147, l. 6
 * — John, June 8, 1724
- Mall, Richard, father of John M., p. 41, l. 41
- Malme, Charles, July 4, 1726
 — Henry, father of Charles M., p. 50, l. 30
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 — — Churley, July 1, 1762; Sept. 20, 1762
 — William, June 23, 1749
- Manlove, Joseph, father of Thomas M., p. 122, l. 36
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- Manningham, Richard, June 28, 1735
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 — — father of Edward M., p. 57, l. 39
 — — July 4, 1728
 — James, father of Edward M., p. 49, l. 16
- Mapletoft, Edmund, father of Edmund M., p. 66, l. 13
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 — — father of Matthew M., p. 96, l. 34
 — Matthew, May 1, 1740
- Markham, Mr, master of Oakham school, p. 158, l. 37; p. 163, l. 31; p. 176, ll. 11, 31
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- Markland, Matthew, father of Matthew M., p. 49, l. 26
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- Marryott, John, father of John M., p. 23, l. 25
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- Marsden, Henry, father of Henry M., p. 98, l. 31
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 — Gervase, father of Thomas M., p. 106, l. 14
 — Henry, father of Henry M., p. 59, l. 1
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 — — father of Henry M., p. 163, l. 27
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 — — June 22, 1742
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 — Samuel, father of Samuel M., p. 158, l. 12
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 — — father of Edward M., p. 160, l. 3
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 — — Maidwell, 22 May, 1719
 * — Matthew, father of Maidwell M., p. 18, l. 36
 — Miles, father of George M., p. 130, l. 15
 — William, father of William M., p. 106, l. 36
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 — Roger, father of William M., p. 114, l. 12
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 — Richard, May 21, 1746
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 — Henry, father of Edward M., p. 81, l. 17
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- Mayler, Thomas, A.B., of Jesus Coll., Oxford, July 3, 1748
- Mayo, Henry, father of Henry M., p. 101, l. 38
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- Meadowcourt, Richard, A.M., Fellow of Merton Coll., Oxford, p. 29, l. 33
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¹ Chancellor's Medallist, 1753. Ob. July 12, 1753. See *History of St John's*, p. 1089, l. 9.

² Master of St John's, Jan. 25, 1765. See this Register, p. 169, l. 33, and *Hist. of St John's*, p. 1042.

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 — — father of Richard R., p. 107, l. 4
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 — Robert, June 12, 1725
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 — — Peter, April 1, 1719
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 — Benjamin, Jan. 20, 1717[‡]
 — James, father of Benjamin R., p. 13, l. 4
 — John, father of John R., p. 138, l. 1
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 — — father of John R., p. 156, l. 28
 — — July 13, 1759
 — Peter, June 17, 1727
 — Richard, father of Richard R., p. 2, l. 28
 — — Oct. 28, 1715
 — — father of William R., p. 59, l. 42
 — Samuel, father of Peter R., p. 53, l. 44
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 — — father of Thomas R., p. 87, l. 25
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 — William, father of John R., p. 58, l. 7
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 — James, May 2, 1732
 *Rishton, Henry (*see* this Register, under Oct. 22, 1706), M.A., late Fellow of St John's [B.A. 1710, M.A. 1714, *Grad. Cant.*], master of a school in the parish of St James, Barbadoes, p. 68, l. 15
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 — John, father of Hugh R., p. 2, l. 25
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 — — A.B., Brasenose Coll., Oxford, June 29, 1758
 — Thomas, April 24, 1752
 — — father of William R., p. 29, l. 47
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- John, father of Thomas R., p. 3, l. 42
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- — father of Stapylton R., p. 151, l. 7
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- — father of William R., p. 83, l. 32
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- — father of William R., p. 174, l. 1
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¹ Elected in April, 1720. *See Hist. of St John's*, i. 303, l. 24, and this Register, Part II. July 7, 1714.

² Thelwall is an error. The Oxford Calendar gives an E. T. as Principal of Jesus Coll. in 1621 and 1725.

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- Townsend, Charles, *Viscount*, father of *Hon.* George T., p. 100, l. 38
— *Hon.* George, Feb. 21, 174 $\frac{1}{2}$
— Gerrard, father of Gerrard T., p. 45, l. 13
— — April 30, 1725
— Mr, private tutor, p. 57, l. 6
- Townshend, Thomas, father of Thomas T., p. 111, l. 44
— — May 9, 1744
- Traherne, Mr, master of Hereford school, p. 2, l. 19; p. 4, l. 6; p. 18, l. 21; p. 20, l. 21; p. 26, l. 25; p. 36, l. 5; p. 38, ll. 7, 33
- Trapier, Paul, father of Paul T., p. 172, l. 33
— — March 20, 1766
- Travis, George, April 17, 1761
— John, father of George T., p. 159, l. 44
- Trevor, Roger, father of Roger and Thomas T., p. 46, l. 30
— — June 21, 1725
— Thomas, June 21, 1725
- Trot, Edward, May 22, 1734
— John, father of Edward T., p. 76, l. 1
- Trowe, Gilbert, 'Decan. Med.' of Merton Coll., Oxford, p. 7, l. 9; p. 29, l. 34 (M.B.)
- Tucker, Francis, father of John Carter T., p. 84, l. 19
— John Carter, June 28, 1736
- Tufton, *Hon.* Sackville, *Esq.*, father of Thomas T., p. 39, l. 26
— Thomas, Jan. 9, 172 $\frac{3}{4}$
- Tunstall, James, father of James T., p. 42, l. 21
* — — June 29, 1724; p. 82, l. 14 (Mr); p. 89, ll. 38, 42; p. 95, l. 26; p. 96, l. 36; p. 98, l. 35; p. 103, l. 12; p. 104, l. 15; p. 106, l. 43; p. 107, l. 1; p. 110, ll. 6, 15, 22, 29, 32, 35; p. 111, ll. 6, 20, 24, 36; p. 112, ll. 1, 5, 10, 14, 20, 25; p. 113, ll. 13, 17, 20, 27, 31, 35, 43 (Dr); p. 145, l. 43; p. 146, ll. 2, 6; p. 151, l. 36; p. 154, l. 41; p. 156, l. 36; p. 160, l. 1; p. 161, l. 35
- Turner, Mr, master of Colchester school, Lancashire, p. 18, l. 24
— Mr, master of Gorthrop school, p. 49, l. 7
— Mr, master of Lund school, Lancashire, p. 18, l. 24
— Mr, master of Stamford school, p. 12, l. 1; p. 21; l. 38; p. 38, l. 25
— Baptist Noel, April 8, 1758
— — father of Baptist Noel T., p. 153, l. 1
— Bernard, father of Henry T., p. 138, l. 19
— — father of Bernard T., p. 167, l. 38
— — May 14, 1764
— David, father of David T., p. 25, l. 33
— — Oct. 27, 1720
— Edward, father of George T., p. 108, l. 16
— Exuperius, Dec. 22, 1742; March 3, 174 $\frac{2}{3}$
— George, March 26, 1743
* — Hammond, May 17, 1722
* — Henry, June 18, 1752; p. 167, l. 40
— Jonathan, father of Jonathan T., p. 52, l. 10
— — April 15, 1727
— Thomas, father of Thomas T., p. 18, l. 16
— — May 11, 1719
— — father of Thomas T., p. 109, l. 42
— — June 29, 1743
— William, father of William T., p. 90, l. 28
— — May 29, 1738
— — father of Exuperius T., p. 107, l. 20

- Turner, William, father of Hammond T., p. 32, l. 25
- Twells, John, Feb. 15, 173 $\frac{3}{4}$
- Leonard, father of John T., p. 93, l. 11
- Thomas, father of Thomas T., p. 101, l. 35
- * — May 25, 1741; p. 129, l. 27 (Mr); p. 147, l. 33; p. 155, l. 36
- Twentyman, Childers, Oct. 19, 1737; Nov. 6, 1741
- John, father of Childers T., p. 88, l. 12
- Twyford, Robert, father of William T., p. 99, l. 22
- — A.B., of Oriel Coll., Oxford, May 29, 1760
- William, Oct. 10, 1740
- Tylden, Richard, father of Richard Osborn T., p. 102, l. 41
- Richard Osborn, June 24, 1741
- Tyson, Michael, father of Michael T., p. 58, l. 15
- * — — Oct. 25, 1728; p. 85, l. 30 (Mr); p. 153, l. 3
- Udale, Mr, master of Garsdale school, Yorkshire, p. 135, l. 35
- Underwood, George, A.B., Christ Church, Oxford, June 28, 1738
- John, father of John U., p. 148, l. 45
- — June 5, 1756; Feb. 7, 1759
- Unett, Richard, father of Thomas U., p. 135, l. 30
- Thomas, June 28, 1751
- ¹Unwin, Mr, master of Huntingdon school, p. 133, l. 11; p. 135, ll. 17, 21; p. 146, l. 45; p. 151, l. 32; p. 173, l. 41
- Upton, Mr, master of Taunton school, p. 39, l. 39
- Usticke, G. (William ?), father of William U., p. 148, l. 18
- — April 2, 1756
- Uvedale, Dr, master of En(t)field school, p. 20, l. 45
- Vades, Abraham, father of Thomas V., p. 128, l. 18
- Thomas, March 17, 174 $\frac{3}{4}$
- Valentia, Francis, *Viscount*, p. 18, l. 34
- Vallate, Peter, father of Peter V., p. 81, l. 21
- — Oct. 25, 1735
- Vanbrugh, George, father of Robert V., p. 124, l. 25
- Robert, March 17, 174 $\frac{3}{4}$
- Vandernan, Fretwell, father of Fretwell V., p. 80, l. 28
- Vandernan, Fretwell, June 25, 1735
- Vaughan, Arthur, May 25, 1732
- Evans, Feb. 6, 172 $\frac{1}{2}$
- John, father of Richard V., p. 111, l. 21
- Richard, father of William V., p. 51, l. 28
- ² — — father of Evans V., p. 55, l. 39
- — father of Arthur V., p. 70, l. 12
- — March 31, 174 $\frac{3}{4}$
- William, Dec. 22, 1726
- Mr, master of Ruthin school, Denbighshire, p. 65, l. 4
- Vaux, Thomas, father of Thomas V., p. 117, l. 21
- — Jan. 15, 174 $\frac{5}{8}$
- Veale, Charles, A.B. of Balliol Coll., Oxford, May 28, 1725
- Venn, Edward, May 9, 1737
- Henry, June 21, 1742
- Richard, father of Edward V., p. 86, l. 33
- — father of Henry V., p. 106, l. 7
- Vernon, Edward, Nov. 4, 1741
- John, father of Edward V., p. 104, l. 9
- Vidal, Peter, father of Peter V., p. 21, l. 17
- — Oct. 30, 1719
- Villette, John, June 26, 1765
- Vincent, Nathaniel, President of Clare Hall, p. 1, l. 13
- Vowe, John, May 8, 1717
- Leonard, father of John V., p. 10, l. 3
- Vyner, Robert, father of Robert V., p. 89, l. 36
- — April 3, 1738
- Wade, Abraham, father of William W., p. 175, l. 26
- * — William, April 14, 1767
- Wadeson, Richard, father of Richard R., p. 148, l. 41
- Richard, May 26, 1756
- Wadsworth, Wadsworth, Mr, master of Rishworth school, Yorkshire, p. 54, l. 15; p. 97, l. 3; p. 99, l. 27; p. 105, l. 26; p. 113, l. 12; p. 125, l. 1
- Charles, Nov. 29, 1720
- Nathaniel, father of Charles W., p. 26, l. 1
- Richard, father of Richard W., p. 99, l. 25
- * — — Oct. 11, 1740
- Wainhouse, Nathaniel, father of Richard W., p. 19, l. 22

¹ The husband of Cowper's friend.² See p. 51, no. 9.

- Wainhouse, Richard, June 11, 1719
 Wainman, Richard, father of Richard and William W., p. 153, l. 28
 — — Richard, Feb. 20, 1759
 — William, Feb. 20, 1759
 Walburge, Richard, father of Simon W., p. 8, l. 43
 — Simon, March 15, 1714[‡]
 Walford, Edwin, father of Edwin W., p. 88, l. 37
 — — Jan. 9, 1737[‡]
 Walker, Dr, master of Charterhouse school, p. 6, l. 37; p. 7, l. 31; p. 8, l. 7; p. 11, l. 38 (Mr); p. 12, l. 25; p. 14, l. 48; p. 15, l. 10; p. 18, l. 17; p. 19, ll. 38, 42; p. 25, l. 7; p. 26, l. 45; p. 30, l. 21; p. 35, l. 16; p. 43, l. 6 (Mr)
 — Allin, father of Allin W., p. 147, l. 1
 — — June 16, 1755
 — Christopher, father of Christopher W., p. 28, l. 38
 — — June 29, 1721
 — Edmund, father of Edmund W., p. 63, l. 15
 — — May 28, 1730
 — Edward, A.B. of Balliol Coll., Oxford, p. 84, l. 24
 — James, father of John W., p. 119, l. 26
 — John, May 30, 1746
 — Thomas, father of Thomas W., p. 118, l. 7
 — — March 20, 1748[‡]
 *Waller, Dr, p. 37, l. 14; p. 52, l. 30
 — John, May 9, 1727
 — William, father of John W., p. 52, l. 29
 Walmsley, John, Registrar of Trinity College, Dublin, p. 14, ll. 35, 42
 Walton, Mr, master of Carlisle school, p. 6, l. 12
 — Bannister, April 9, 1747
 — Henry, father of Bannister W., p. 121, l. 36
 — Isaac, father of Isaac W., p. 54, l. 14
 — — June 30, 1727
 — John, father of John W., p. 57, l. 36
 — — July 1, 1728
 Walvyn; *see* Walwyn
 Walwyn, Walvyn, Mr, master of Maidstone school, p. 27, l. 21; p. 95, l. 34; p. 97, l. 44
 Wankford, Robert, Nov. 9, 1725
 — Shelly, father of Robert W., p. 47, l. 28
 Warburton, Mr, master of Newark school, Notts., p. 30, l. 39; p. 42, l. 29; p. 50, l. 32; p. 54, l. 7; p. 56, l. 42
 Warburton, John, father of Thomas W., p. 12, l. 13
 — Thomas, Sept. 28, 1717
 Warcopp, John, father of John W., p. 66, l. 7
 — — April 9, 1731
 Ward, Mr, master of Beverley school, p. 140, l. 9; p. 147, l. 14; p. 150, l. 17; p. 152, l. 22; p. 154, ll. 24, 37; p. 155, l. 2; p. 156, l. 35; p. 157, l. 29; p. 162, l. 21; p. 164, l. 16; p. 167, l. 5; p. 169, l. 23; p. 171, l. 30
 — Charles, June 16, 1729
 — Edmund, June 6, 1729
 — John, father of Thomas Watson W., p. 78, l. 13
 — — Oct. 17, 1760
 — Joseph, father of Edmund W., p. 60, l. 25
 — Thomas Watson, July 5, 1734
 — — father of Thomas W., p. 84, l. 11
 — — June 28, 1736
 — William, father of Charles W., p. 60, l. 36
 — John, father of John W., p. 159, l. 5
 Waring, Mr, master of Spalding school, Lincolnshire, p. 8, l. 25
 — John, Nov. 10, 1733
 — Joseph, father of John W., p. 74, l. 27
 — Richard, father of Richard W., p. 66, l. 27
 — — May 4, 1731
 — — father of Thomas Rooses W., p. 109, l. 3
 — Robert, father of Walter W., p. 115, l. 7
 — — Thomas¹ Rooses, June 3, 1743
 — Walter, April 8, 1745
 Warkworth, Lord; *see* Percy, Hugh
 Warren, Martin, father of Thomas W., p. 13, l. 39
 — Thomas, April 18, 1718
 Warrington, George, father of George W., p. 161, l. 26
 — — Nov. 4, 1761
 Washbourne, Richard, May 16, 1732
 — William, father of Richard W., p. 70, l. 6
 Waterhouse, Henry, father of Robert W., p. 44, l. 27
 * — Robert, April 1, 1725
 Waterland, Mr, Tutor of Magdalene College, Cambridge, p. 43, l. 27
 Waterworth, Mr, master of Brigg, or Glamford Brigg, school, Lincoln-

¹ See note 1; *Rooses* is probably an error for *Roos*. We find John Roos W. in *Grad. Cant.* (ed. 1823).

- shire, p. 43, l. 23; p. 44, l. 9; p. 46, l. 28; p. 59, l. 17; p. 63, l. 13; p. 68, ll. 9, 31; p. 70, l. 17; p. 72, l. 22
- Watkin, John, father of Joseph W., p. 165, l. 41
— Joseph, June 29, 1763
- Watson, John, father of Robert W., p. 82, l. 15
— Robert, Feb. 2, 173 $\frac{3}{4}$
- Watts, Giles, father of Giles W., p. 109, l. 20
— — June 25, 1743
- Weatherhead, Anthony, father of Thomas W., p. 73, l. 30
— Antony, father of Antony W., p. 103, l. 11
— — July 4, 1741
— Thomas, June 13, 1733
— — July 1, 1761
— — father of Thomas W., p. 160, l. 24
- Webb, Nathaniel, father of Thomas W., p. 20, l. 35
— — father of Richard W., p. 137, l. 31
— Richard, April 11, 1752
— Thomas, July 4, 1719
- *Webster, James, July 1, 1766
— Joseph, father of William W., p. 140, l. 48
— — father of James W., p. 174, l. 5
— Robert, father of William Theophilus Mountjoy W., p. 148, l. 1
— Thomas, June 28, 1740
— William, father of Thomas W., p. 98, l. 23
— — June 27, 1753
— — Theophilus Mountjoy, Feb. 28, 1756
- Weddell, Richard, father of Thomas and William W., p. 139, l. 36
— Thomas, May 2, 1753
— William, May 2, 1753
- Wegg, George, father of Samuel W., p. 98, l. 42
— Samuel, July 2, 1740
- Weightman, Thomas, father of William W., p. 67, l. 9
— William, June 10, 1731
- Welch, John, father of John W., p. 24, l. 5
— — June 15, 1720
- Wells, William, father of William W., p. 64, l. 23
— — July 4, 1730
- Wentworth, Godfrey, father of Godfrey W., p. 35, l. 11
— — July 21, 1722
- *Wenyeve, Edward, Sept. 17, 1716
— George, father of Edward W., p. 7, l. 26
- Westley, Mr, master of Tiverton school, p. 91, l. 47
- Weston, Mr, master of Denbigh school, p. 74, l. 45; p. 75, l. 3
— John, father of Samuel Ryder R., p. 164, l. 21
— Nathaniel, father of William W., p. 56, l. 38
— Richard, father of Thomas W., p. 121, l. 5
- * — Samuel Ryder, April 12, 1763
— Thomas, Jan. 14, 174 $\frac{5}{8}$
- * — William, April 26, 1728; p. 114, l. 10 (Mr); p. 136, l. 3
- Weymouth, Thomas, late Viscount, father of Thomas Viscount W., and *Hon.* Henry Frederick Thynne, p. 136, l. 37; p. 137, l. 2
— Viscount, Jan. 10, 1752
- Whaley, John, Lecturer of King's, p. 85, l. 7
- Whalley, John, Master of Peterhouse, Cambridge, p. 116, l. 8; p. 164, l. 29
— — father of John W., p. 107, l. 35
— — March 5, 174 $\frac{3}{4}$
— — father of Thomas Sedgewick W., p. 164, l. 28
— Thomas Sedgewick, April 27, 1764
- Wharton, Mr, late master of Sedbergh school, p. 24, l. 19
— Mr, master of a school in Barbadoes, p. 152, l. 2
- Wheeldon, John, June 20, 1755
— William, father of John W., p. 146, l. 32
- Wheeler, Mr, master of Wells school, Somerset, p. 110, l. 25
— John, father of Julines W., p. 168, l. 3
— Julines, May 21, 1764
- Wheler, Sir Trevor, *bart.*, August 26, 1715
— Sir William, *bart.*, father of Sir Trevor W., p. 1, l. 19
- Whieldon, Ellen, maiden name of the mother of Thomas Johnson, p. 175, l. 4
- Whistler, John, father of Webster W., p. 171, l. 5
— Webster, June 27, 1765
- Whiston, Thomas, Oct. 25, 1766
- Whitaker, Thomas, father of Thomas W., p. 5, l. 20
— — 6 June, 1716
— — father of William W., p. 131, l. 39
— William, June 11, 1750
- Whitchurch, G. (William?), father of William W., p. 148, l. 32
— William, May 20, 1756
- *White, Mr, p. 2, l. 41

- White, Mr, master of Scorton school, Yorkshire, p. 165, l. 44
 — Thomas, A. B., Merton Coll., Oxford, p. 91, l. 37
 — Mr, tutor in the family of Sir Roger Jenyns, p. 34, l. 45
 — Mr, tutor in the family of Sir John Williams, p. 61, l. 29; p. 75, ll. 17, 21
 — Charles, June 19, 1761
 — John, father of Thomas W., p. 111, l. 34
 — Joseph, father of Thomas W., p. 86, l. 4
 — Thomas, April 18, 1737
 — — April 4, 1744
 Whitear, G. (William?), father of William W., p. 150, l. 29
 — William, March 28, 1757
 Whitehead, John, father of Robert W., p. 24, l. 42
 — Robert, June 30, 1720
 Whiting, Mr, master of Spalding school, Lincolnshire, p. 100, l. 5; p. 111, l. 45
 Whitmore, Bethel William, May 23, 1729
 — Joseph, father of Bethel William W., p. 59, l. 34
 *¹Whitstones, Mr, p. 12, l. 34
 Whitworth, Henry, Oct. 11, 1740
 — William, father of Henry W., p. 99, l. 29
 Wibbersley, Isaac, father of John W., p. 80, l. 4
 — John, May 26, 1735
 Wickins, Edmund, father of John W., p. 48, l. 24
 * — John, March 26, 1726
 Wigglesworth, Henry, father of James W., p. 107, l. 17
 — James, Nov. 18, 1742
 Wigglesworth, Henry, father of Henry W., p. 101, l. 18
 — — May 4, 1741
 Wightwick, Richard, June 26, 1765
 — William, father of Richard W., p. 170, l. 46
 Wigley, Edward, father of Henry W., p. 120, l. 29
 — Henry, July 8, 1746
 Wild, Mr, master of Braughtmote school, Lancashire, p. 82, l. 35
 Wilding, Mr, master of Sherburne school, Dorsetshire, p. 35, l. 22; p. 65, l. 44; p. 67, l. 23; p. 72, l. 13
 Wilkes, Thomas, Dean of Trinity College, Oxford, p. 69, l. 17
 Wilkinson, Mr, master of Lowther school, Westmorland, p. 61, l. 34; p. 87, l. 27; p. 89, l. 14; p. 97, ll. 37, 41
 Wilkinson, Mr, master of Skipton in Craven school, p. 80, l. 26; p. 118, ll. 9, 12; p. 128, l. 5; p. 137, l. 14
 — James, Sept. 30, 1740
 — John, father of Matthew W., p. 29, l. 43
 — — father of John W., p. 57, l. 11
 — — June 7, 1728
 — — father of James W., p. 99, l. 13
 — Matthew, July 1, 1721
 — Thomas, father of Thomas W., p. 48, l. 18
 — — March 17, 172 $\frac{3}{4}$
 *Wilkes, Wilks, Mr, p. 16, l. 16; p. 17, l. 16; p. 21, l. 27
 Willan, Robert, Jan. 18, 1766
 — Thomas, father of Thomas W., p. 134, l. 42
 — — June 10, 1751
 — — father of Robert W., p. 172, l. 14
 Williams, Edward, A. B. Jesus Coll. Oxford, June 30, 1764
 — Ellin (*sic*), maiden name of mother of William Evans, p. 175, l. 9
 — George, A. B., New Inn Hall, Oxford, July 1, 1738
 — Griff(ith), father of William W., p. 119, l. 4
 — Hugh, June 17, 1767
 — James, Fellow of Jesus Coll., Oxford, p. 164, l. 11
 — Jenkin, father of Thomas W., p. 152, l. 7
 — Sir John, *knight*, father of Richard W., p. 61, l. 29
 — — June 15, 1730
 — — April 5, 1734
 — Sir John, *knight*, father of John W., p. 75, l. 15
 — — Fellow of Jesus Coll., Oxford, p. 165, l. 40
 — — father of Owen James W., p. 169, l. 9
 — — father of Richard W., p. 176, l. 29
 — Luke, Fellow of Jesus Coll., Oxford, p. 29, l. 16
 — Owen James, Sept. 13, 1764
 * — Dominus Philip, p. 10, l. 35; p. 20, l. 46; p. 31, l. 36 (Mr); p. 33, l. 26; p. 40, l. 25; p. 41, l. 24; p. 43, l. 4; p. 46, l. 37; p. 48, ll. 38, 41; p. 51, ll. 24, 30; p. 52, l. 21; p. 55, ll. 41, 45; p. 56, ll. 3, 6, 9, 12, 17, 25, 29, 32, 37, 40, 43; p. 57, ll. 19, 35, 41; p. 58, ll. 9, 20, 23, 28, 32; p. 59, ll. 3, 6, 12, 30, 36, 41;

¹ Whitstons in *Grad. Cant.*

- p. 60, ll. 30, 47; p. 61, ll. 3, 24 (Dr), 35 (Mr); p. 62, ll. 3, 6, 10, 13, 19, 28, 41; p. 63, ll. 1, 5, 8, 11, 21, 27, 36, 39; p. 64, ll. 1 (Dr), 9, 20, 31, 38; p. 65, ll. 5, 8, 19, 22, 28, 32, 45; p. 66, ll. 6, 12, 19, 29, 36, 43; p. 67, ll. 8, 18, 24, 31, 34; p. 68, ll. 2, 16, 25; p. 69, ll. 1, 35, 43; p. 70, ll. 18, 21, 24, 27, 32, 44, 47; p. 71, ll. 3, 19, 23; p. 72, ll. 14, 20, 28, 37, 40, 43; p. 73, ll. 6, 16, 19, 24, 36, 39, 43; p. 74, ll. 3, 10, 13, 16, 19, 23, 26, 46; p. 75, ll. 3, 26, 30, 34, 38; p. 76, ll. 8, 28, 38, 47; p. 77, ll. 24, 28, 30, 32, 39, 46; p. 78, ll. 22, 32, 40; p. 79, ll. 10, 12, 19, 23, 26, 33, 38, 42; p. 80, ll. 3, 7, 13, 16, 20, 30, 36, 38, 44, 47; p. 81, ll. 10, 19, 23, 27, 31, 35; p. 82, ll. 6, 8, 10, 26; p. 83, ll. 10, 13, 17, 21, 36, 39, 48; p. 84, ll. 6, 10, 14, 18, 28; p. 85, ll. 20, 23, 26; p. 86, ll. 6, 9, 18, 29, 36, 43; p. 87, ll. 6, 9, 19, 40, 43; p. 88, ll. 3, 10, 14, 23, 31, 35; p. 89, ll. 6, 35; p. 90, ll. 5, 11, 21, 27, 37, 40; p. 91, ll. 14, 22, 28, 35, 48; p. 92, ll. 13, 16, 19, 25, 28; p. 93, ll. 2, 8, 13, 24, 27, 34, 37, 44; p. 94, ll. 15, 18, 33, 37, 45; p. 95, ll. 6, 9, 13, 35; p. 96, ll. 9, 14, 21, 29; p. 97, ll. 7, 12, 23, 32, 35, 46; p. 98, ll. 1, 8, 25, 38, 41; p. 99, ll. 15, 19, 38; p. 100, ll. 6, 9, 26, 28; p. 104, l. 17
- Williams, Richard, August 4, 1729
 — — June 27, 1767
 — — Robert, father of Hugh W., p. 176, l. 17
 — — Thomas, father of Thomas W., p. 55, l. 21
 — — Oct. 7, 1727
 — — Fellow of Jesus Coll., Oxford, p. 164, l. 13; p. 165, l. 39
 — — Dec. 22, 1757
 — — father of William W., p. 168, l. 29
 — — William, father of William W., p. 63, l. 37
 — — June 25, 1730
 — — father of John W., p. 63, l. 25
 — — July 4, 1730
 — — July 10, 1741
 — — May 21, 1746
 — — father of William W., p. 142, l. 19
 — — March 16, 1754
 * — — June 26, 1764
 — — G. (William?) Williams, father of William W., p. 103, l. 24
 — — Mr, master of Lowth(e) school, Lincolnshire, p. 17, l. 22
 — — Mr, master of Sherbourne school, Yorkshire, p. 13, l. 12
- Williamson, Edmund Thomas, July 31, 1724
 — — Henry, father of Edmund Thomas W., p. 43, l. 1
 — — Joseph, father of William W., p. 115, l. 10
 — — William, April 26, 1745
- Willim, Mr, master of Hereford school, p. 86, ll. 5, 8; p. 94, l. 14; p. 102, l. 32; p. 113, l. 5; p. 118, l. 45; p. 122, l. 37; p. 127, l. 36
- Willis, Richard, father of Richard W., p. 12, l. 24
 — — 22 October, 1717
- Wilmot, Richard, March 29, 1721
 — — father of Richard W., p. 78, l. 8
 — — July 5, 1734
 — — father of William W., p. 95, l. 19
 — — Robert, father of Richard W., p. 27, l. 30
 — — William, July 5, 1739
- Wilmott, father of Francis Ballidon and Richard W., p. 111, l. 3
 — — Francis Ballidon, Feb. 19, 174 $\frac{3}{4}$
 — — Richard, Feb. 19, 174 $\frac{3}{4}$
- Wilsford, Thomas, M.D., father of Thomas W., p. 130, l. 27
 — — Jan. 17, 17 $\frac{4}{5}$
- Wilson, Mr, master of Barton school, Westmorland, p. 110, l. 21
 — — Mr, master of Heptinstall school, Halifax, p. 33, l. 25
 — — Mr, master of Wakefield school, p. 73, l. 28
 — — Mr, master of Worcester school, p. 6, l. 34
 — — Charles, father of Thomas W., p. 32, l. 16
 — — Cuthbert, June 28, 1738
 — — George, May 8, 1725
 — — Henry, March 9, 1752
 — — Isaac, father of William W., p. 28, l. 1
 — — father of John W., p. 50, l. 1
 — — James, A.B., Jesus Coll., Oxford, June 26, 1740
 — — John, father of George W., p. 45, l. 19
 — — father of William W., p. 5, l. 10
 * — — June 18, 1726; p. 82, l. 35 (Mr); p. 115, l. 5; p. 125, l. 40
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- Richard, father of John W., p. 17, l. 17
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- Wynn, John, A.B., Jesus Coll., Oxford, June 26, 1740
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¹ Ought we not to read *pannificis* for *pannifici*?

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¹ Ought we not to read *pannificis* for *pannifici*? See p. 70, l. 9.

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¹ It was in reference to this individual that his son, J. Horne Tooke, said that he was an eminent Turkey merchant.

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APPENDIX.

NOTES ON THE REGISTER.

P. 1 no. 1. Henry Jefferson was ordained Deacon 12 June 1720 and Priest 9 June 1727 by the Archbishop of York. He was elected Head Master of Beverley Grammar School 13 January 1729 and admitted, by the Archbishop of York, 20 January 1729. He held the Mastership until 1735 (Oliver, *History of Beverley*, 279). He was licensed by the Archbishop of York to be Lecturer in St Mary's, Beverley, 10 September 1726; and he was licensed to the cure of Holme Super Waldam, Yorks, 9 August 1728.

P. 1 no. 3. Martin Rutter, born 20 December 1696, was admitted to Merchant Taylors' School 16 September 1715 (Robinson, *Register of Merchant Taylors' School*, ii, 43: observe that his entry at this school is subsequent to his entry at St John's). He migrated to Peterhouse, where he took the degrees of B.A. 1719, M.A. 1723. The Registers of Peterhouse contain the following entries: (i) November 15, 1718, Martinus Rutter Nottinghamiensis in schola publica Mercatorum Scissorum Londini institutus, annosque natus 18, admissus fuit in Collegium Sti Johannis 6to die Augusti Anno Dom: 1715, facultate autem donatus sese transferendi in quodvis aliud Collegium per Doctorem Jenkin dicti Collegii Praefectum et Doctorem Edmundson Tutorem suum; addito etiam testimonio tum de moribus tum de novem terminis et octo diebus termini jam instantis ab admissione sua in Academia completis, hodie examinatur approbatur admittiturque in hoc nostrum Collegium ad mensam Pensionariorum sub Tutore et Fidejussore Magistro Birkett; (ii) Feb: 16, 1718, Martinus Rutter Nottinghamiensis admittitur ad locum Bibliotistae ex fundatione Dnae Franciscæ Matthews quem nuper tenuit Gulielmus Hetherington. Signed Godfr. Washington Praeses: Geo. Birkett Dec. Sen. Dep. A similar entry to the last dated 12 July 1720 records that Rutter was succeeded by Robert Tempest.

One Martin Rutter was instituted Rector of Slaidburn, Yorks, on the presentation of John Cowley of Doncaster, 20 March 1730, and held the living until his death in 1734 (Whitaker, *History of Craven*, 40).

P. 1 no. 4. Sir Trevor Wheler died at Bath in 1718, a month before he came of age (Betham, *Baronetage*, ii, 162; Wotton, *English Baronetage*, iii, 145).

P. 1 no. 5. Samuel Mott was ordained Deacon 26 February 1726 by the Bishop of Norwich (then stating that he was born in the parish of Holy Trinity, Essex) and was licensed curate to Mr Hunt, Rector of Alderton, Suffolk. He was ordained Priest 22 February 1729 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Twyford, co. Leicester, 23 February 1729 on the presentation of John Ashby, de la Lincke, Salop, but only held the living a short time, his successor being instituted in November 1731. He was instituted Vicar of Brent Eleigh, or Illeigh, Suffolk, 19 December 1732 on the presentation of Edward Colman of Brent Eleigh. In the church of Brent Eleigh is a black marble slab with this inscription: Here lyeth the body | of the Reverend | Mr Samuel Mott, M.A. | late Vicar of this parish | obiit 6 August 1735 | aetat. 34 | Here also lyeth the body of | Ann relict of the above mentioned Sam^l. Mott A.M. | obiit 5 Sep. 1739 | aetat. 40. Arms above: Mott, a crescent, impaling, a cross coupé, between 4 escallops. Crest: an estoile of 8 points (Davy, *Suffolk Collections*, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 19,077). Although Samuel Mott is described as M.A. in the above inscription, and in the Act Book of the Archbishop of Canterbury on his institution to Brent Eleigh (the See of Norwich being vacant), he is not credited with the M.A. degree in the printed *Graduati Cantabrigienses*.

P. 2 no. 6. William Thomas was admitted a Fellow of the College 13 March 172 $\frac{1}{2}$. He was ordained Deacon 4 June and Priest 24 September 1721 by the Archbishop of York. He was Junior Dean of the College from 25 February 173 $\frac{1}{2}$ until 8 February 173 $\frac{3}{4}$. He was presented by the College to the Vicarage of North Stoke, Oxfordshire, 18 June and instituted 1 July 1736, holding the living until his death in 1766.

P. 2 no. 7. Thomas Pennoyre (the elder) of 'The Moor' in the parish of Clifford, Herefordshire, married 5 February 1689, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of John Dannett of Bosbury: Thomas Pennoyre was their second son, he was baptized at Clifford 14 July 1695 and on the death of his father succeeded to The Moor. He was High Sheriff of Herefordshire in 1755. He died 16 March 1783 aged 89 and was buried 29 March. He was unmarried. He made the acquaintance of William Bowyer, the printer (P. 5 no. 49), who was in his own year at College and corresponded with him. One of his letters is to be found in Nichols' *Literary Anecdotes*, iv, 444-5; and some letters to him from Bowyer in the *Literary Illustrations*, viii, 533-7. There is a pedigree of the family in Robinson's *Mansions of Herefordshire*, 68-9.

P. 2 no. 9. John Roberts, the father, of Haford-y-Bweh and Plasnewydd, co. Denbigh, was admitted to Gray's Inn 24 November 1687. He was High Sheriff co. Denbigh 1705 and M.P. for Denbigh borough 1710-1713 and 1715-1722. He married Susan, daughter of William Parry of Lwynynn. He died at Plasnewydd 4 September 1731 (Williams, *Parliamentary History of the Principality of Wales*, 81). Hugh Roberts was alive 19 November 1720, but died soon after, without issue. David, the second son of John Roberts, being described as his 'son and heir' 18 March 172 $\frac{2}{3}$; and Roger Roberts, the third son of John, entered the Inner Temple 26 November 1722, and is there described as second son. These also died without issue. Their sister, Catherine Roberts, became heiress of Haford-y-Bweh, Plasnewydd and Lwynynn. She married in 1716 Humphry Parry of Swll Halog in the parish of Cwm, co. Flint, and Llanhaidr Hall, co. Denbigh. Both she and her husband were buried at Cwm and left issue.

P. 2 no. 10. Richard Richardson (of St John's College) was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Ely 17 December 1720, and Priest 24 December 1721 by the Bishop of Norwich, on the latter occasion he was licensed curate of Stoke Ferry, Norfolk. One of these names was instituted Vicar of Finchingfield, Essex, 20 June 1753 and held the living until 1771. There was a Richard Richardson, of Trinity College, B.A. 1721.

P. 2 no. 11. One Thomas Lloyd, gentleman, son and heir-apparent of Thomas Lloyd of Gwernhaylad, co. Flint, esquire, was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn 9 March 171 $\frac{1}{2}$.

P. 2 no. 12. Peyton Altham, who was born in 1695, succeeded his father in the Mark Hall estate in 1697. He married Mary, daughter of John Beard, governor of Bengal. He died 2 November 1741 and was buried in Latton church, where there is a monument to his memory (Morant, *History of Essex*, ii, 489, where there is a pedigree; Burke, *Landed Gentry*, Altham of Timbercombe).

P. 2 no. 13. John Tetlow was ordained Deacon by the Archbishop of York 24 September 1721. He is described as B.A. of St John's College, Cambridge, but his name does not appear in the printed *Graduati*. He was licensed by the Bishop of Chester to be curate of Birch Chapel, Manchester, holding it from 18 November 1736 until 1742. He married Elizabeth, third daughter of Thomas Birch, esq. of Birch, and granddaughter of Colonel Thomas Birch, of the Parliamentary army, and sometime M.P. for Liverpool. He had two sons, William and Richard John (Finch Smith, *Manchester School Register*, i, 8, 222; Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*).

P. 2 no. 14. Theodosius Staige did not graduate. He was ordained Deacon 21 February 172 $\frac{1}{2}$ (when he is described as a literate), and Priest 23 May 1725 (as Stage) by the Bishop of London.

P. 3 no. 16. Henry Jenkin, the father, was of Pembroke Hall, B.A. 1675. Thomas Jenkin was admitted a Fellow of the College 28 March 1721. He was ordained Deacon 1 March 172 $\frac{3}{4}$ by the Bishop of Norwich. He was instituted Rector of Runcton Holme (or South Runcton with Holme and Wallington) 9 June 1732, holding the living until 1756. He was the author of *An impartial Examination of*

the Free Enquiry, the Primitive Fathers vindicated and the Necessity of Miracles maintained to the end of the third century. In a letter to Dr Middleton, upon the subject of his Free Enquiry, Cambridge, 1750, 8vo. See the admission of his son, P. 132 no. 32.

P. 3 no. 17. This is perhaps the Richard Bolton who was curate of Prestbury and Bollington, Cheshire. The *Parish Register* of Bollington has the following entry: "1721 April 15, Mr Richard Bolton, curate, and Mrs Tomazin Watts, spinster, married." The *Parish Register* of Bollington has the following entries "3 March 1747, Rev. Richard Bolton, clerk" (buried); "5 November 1750, Thomazin, relict of the Rev. Richard Bolton, clerk" (buried) (*Earwaker, East Cheshire*, i, 211; ii, 405).

P. 3 no. 18. This is the eldest son of William, second Baron Craven, and his wife Elizabeth, daughter of Humberston Skipwith, esq. (son and heir of Sir Fulwar Skipwith of Newbold Hall, co. Warwick, esq.). He succeeded as third Baron in 1711, he was created D.C.L. of Oxford 16 June 1722; appointed a Governor of the Foundling Hospital 7 August 1739; and died *s.p.* 10 August 1739. He married in 1721 Anne, only daughter of Frederick Tilney of Rotherwick, Hants. She died 5 February 1739.

P. 3 no. 21. Benjamin Culm was ordained Deacon 10 March 1722 by the Bishop of Norwich (then stating that he was born in the parish of St John the Baptist, Chester), he was ordained Priest 22 September 1723 by the Bishop of St Asaph. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 3 April 1723 and a Senior Fellow 28 April 1739. He was admitted Steward of the College 10 February 1742, holding the office until he was admitted President 20 February 1743. His successor as President was admitted 18 February 1743. Culm was presented by the College to the Rectory of Thorington, Essex, 4 October 1743 and instituted 19 October. He was presented by the College to the Rectory of Freshwater in the Isle of Wight 3 September and instituted 1 October 1745, then ceding Thorington. He held Freshwater until his death 2 June 1768. He was buried in the church and his tombstone has the following inscription: "Infra sepultae jacent | exuviae Benj. Culm S. T. B. | Coll. Div. Joan. Evang. Cantab. quondam | praesidis; hujus ecclesiae per annos circiter | viginti et tres rectoris. Natus est in | civitate Cestriae A.D. 1697, et evectus ad hanc rectoriam cal. Octob. 1745 | ubi inter amicos parochianos snos | post plurimam annorum continuam | commorationem amicam animam efflavit | secundo die mensis Junii | A.D. 1768." By his will dated 11 November 1764 he left various small legacies to charitable uses, £10 to "purchase therewith a silver cup and cover for the use of the Holy Communion of the Church of Freshwater, that it be as neat and strong as can be made for the aforesaid sum, and that it be large enough to contain a pint of wine measure." He also left twenty-four folio volumes of Divinity for the use of the succeeding Rectors of Freshwater, never to be alienated or removed from the Parsonage House. Benjamin Culm published in 1750 through William Bowyer, *Officia Religionis Christianae, metricè enumerata*, 4to (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, ii, 218; see also i, 228; Torry, *Rectors of Freshwater*, 14-17).

P. 3 no. 22. George Mompesson, the father, was Fellow of Peterhouse, B.A. 1681, M.A. 1685. He was instituted Rector of St Martin Micklegate, in the city of York 9 November 1691, ceding this on his institution to the Vicarage of Mansfield, Notts, 6 July 1699, this he ceded in 1721. He was instituted Rector of Barnburgh, Yorks, 15 December 1715. He was admitted to the Prebend of Orton Prima Pars in Southwell church 14 February 1688. The Prebend and Rectory were vacant in 1732.

William Mompesson, the son, graduated from Peterhouse, B.A. 1719, M.A. 1723. He was instituted Vicar of Mansfield, Notts, 5 March 1723, in succession to his father and held the living until 1737.

P. 3 no. 24. George Bettinson did not graduate. He was ordained Deacon 21 September 1718 and Priest 18 December 1720 by the Archbishop of York, when he is described as Alumnus of St John's College, Cambridge. He was instituted Rector of Swarkeston, co. Derby, 3 August 1732 and held the living until 1772.

P. 3 no. 25. Thomas Gee was a younger son. On 14 February 1723 he had letters dimissory from the Archbishop of York, to be ordained Deacon by the Bishop of London, the curacy of Cherry Burton, to which he was licensed on the 6 March

following, giving him a title. He was ordained Deacon 21 February 172 $\frac{4}{5}$, and Priest 18 December 1726 by the Bishop of London. He was instituted 20 December 1726 to the rectory of Foxholes, on the presentation of Thomas Gee, esq. of Bishop Burton, who also gave him the living of Cherry Burton, to which he was instituted 7 March 172 $\frac{7}{8}$. On 12 February 172 $\frac{7}{8}$, when he is described as chaplain to William, Earl of Albemarle, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then stated to be of the respective values of £150 and £140, and to be 19 miles apart. On 11 May 1732 he was married in York Minster to Mary Wyvill, youngest daughter of Sir Marmaduke Wyvill, bart., of Constable Burton. On 5 March 173 $\frac{5}{8}$, administration of the goods of Thomas Gee, rector of Cherry Burton, deceased, intestate, to Richard Dawson, esq. the principal creditor (*Yorkshire Archaeological and Topographical Journal*, ii, 363, 364).

P. 3 no. 26. William Chambers was ordained Deacon 9 June 1723 by the Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry, and Priest 9 January 172 $\frac{3}{8}$ by the Bishop of Peterborough. He was instituted Rector of Wakerley 26 January 173 $\frac{1}{8}$ and Rector of Easton by Stamford 7 April 1734, both in Northamptonshire. On 30 March 1734, when he is described as Chaplain to Brownlow, Earl of Exeter, he received a dispensation to hold both livings, then stated to be of the value of £90 and £120 respectively and to be about 3 miles apart. Both livings were filled up again in 1748.

P. 3 no. 27. Thomas Robinson appears in the printed *Graduati* as LL.B. in 1722. Thomas Robinson, LL.B. of St John's College, Cambridge, was ordained Deacon 24 December 1721 by the Bishop of London, and Priest 9 June 1723 by the Archbishop of York. He was instituted Rector of Norton, Kent, 18 March 173 $\frac{4}{8}$, patron the Bishop of Rochester. He held the living until 1761.

P. 4 no. 28. Alexander Edmundson was admitted a Platt Fellow of the College 13 March 171 $\frac{1}{2}$. He was ordained Deacon 23 December 1722, and Priest (at a special ordination in the Chapel of St James at Westminster) 27 December 1722 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Humberstone, co. Lincoln, 28 December 1722, on the presentation of Matthew Humberstone. This benefice was filled up again in 1726. On 19 November 1725 he was instituted Vicar of St Mary's, Burwell, co. Cambridge. In Burwell church, on a freestone about the middle of the aisle is this inscription: Dy'd | Jan: 30. 1732 | Alexander Edmundson | Batchelor of Divinity | Fellow of St John's | College in Cambridge | and Vicar of this Church. | (MSS. Cole, iii, 111, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5804).

P. 4 no. 29. This is probably the John Maddox who was instituted Rector of Stretton Sugwas, co. Hereford, 12 July 1737, holding the living until 1747.

P. 4 no. 30. Honoratus Lebeg, the elder, received a licence to practise as a physician from Dr Cartwright, Bishop of Chester, in 1686. Honoratus Lebeg, the younger, was ordained Deacon 22 September 1723 by the Archbishop of York, and Priest 19 September 1725 by the Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry. He seems to have been for some time curate of Wigan, for the name of 'The Reverend Honoratus Lebeg, M.A., of Wigan in Lancashire' appears as one of the subscribers to a translation of Fleury's *Ecclesiastical History*, published in 1727. No trace of him however appears in the parish registers. He was also a curate of Preston in the Archdeaconry of Richmond. On 11 October 1728 he was collated to the Vicarage of Eastham, Cheshire, by Bishop Peploe of Chester, on whom the presentation had devolved by lapse. At Eastham, Lebeg remained for thirty-eight years, holding the Perpetual Curacy of Bromborough with his Vicarage for a portion of that time, ceding this in 1767. But though a pluralist, he was by no means a wealthy one; for Eastham was only worth some £40 a year, and Bromborough about £12. Archdeacon Travis who succeeded Lebeg at Eastham, states that his predecessors "as far back as the remembrance of living persons can reach, lived for the greatest part of their lives upon charity, and died insolvent." This poverty was due to their inability to enforce the payment of their just dues. Lebeg appears to have been involved in constant difficulties with his tithe-payers; and being worsted in the struggle, he adopted, according to the local tradition, an original mode of revenge. He kept no Registers. For over twenty years there is indeed a complete blank. But at the same time a complete list of the entries which should have been made was sent to the Bishop's Registry at Chester every year.

Stories of Lebeg are still told at Eastham, which shew him to have been a man

of ready wit. On one occasion a couple waited in the church to be married till long past the hour of twelve, whilst 'Parson Lebeg' having forgotten all about it, was taking a stroll on the shore. On his return he was told that the angry pair were about to leave the church, as, being afternoon, it was too late for the wedding. "Too late," he exclaimed, hurriedly putting on his surplice, "not a bit of it; why I have not had my dinner yet, and it is never afternoon in Eastham until the Vicar has dined"; and he married them.

Another of these traditional stories informs us that a considerable number of gentlemen in the neighbourhood had been created Justices of the Peace in a batch. Some of these worthies mounted on horseback encountered Parson Lebeg trudging along near Poole Hall. "Why do you go about on foot, Mr Vicar?" cried one of them; "if you can't afford a horse, you might at least keep an ass." "I have been wishing to do so," replied the Vicar, "but the fact is that all the asses in these parts have been lately turned into Justices of the Peace, so that I am, so far, unable to realise my wish."

During Lebeg's incumbency the Vicarage House at Eastham was erected, and the spire of the church, which had become ruinous, was taken down and rebuilt.

On 4 April 1749, Lebeg was collated by Bishop Peploe to the Rectory of Wallasey, Cheshire. As this did not necessitate the resignation of Eastham or Bromborough, he held the three livings till 1766, when he ceded the last-mentioned parishes, retaining Wallasey until his death. He was buried at Eastham 26 July 1769, but there is no trace of a monument to his memory. In his latter years Lebeg seems to have been partly imbecile (*Wirral Notes and Queries*, ii. 41-2).

P. 4 no. 32. Thomas, the son of Thomas and Ann Lowther, was ordained Deacon by the Archbishop of York, in the King's Chapel, Somerset House, 25 February 17 $\frac{2}{3}$, and Priest at York 20 May 1722. He was licensed by the Archbishop to the cure of Hadlesey Chapelry in the parish of Birkin, Yorks, 22 December 1720. On 6 November 1722 he was appointed master of the Grammar School at Sherburn. On 10 June 1724 he was instituted to the vicarage of Kippax. On 29 April 1728 he was married in York Minster, to Martha Widdop of Kippax. On 9 July 1728 he was admitted to the curacy of Saxton. In his will, dated at Sherburn, 27 October 1731 (proved 11 July 1732) he bequeaths all his property in the parish of Kippax to his wife Martha for her life, remainder to his daughter Martha (*Yorkshire Archaeological and Topographical Journal*, ii, 356).

P. 4 no. 33. Thomas Clarke was ordained Deacon 25 July 1721 and Priest 21 July 1728 when he was licensed to the curacy of Guiseley, Yorks, with a stipend of £40, all by the Archbishop of York.

P. 4 no. 34. George Procter was ordained Deacon 12 June 1720, by the Archbishop of York, and Priest 1 August 1725 by the Bishop of Chester. He was curate of Staveley in Cartmel in 1728.

P. 4 no. 35. William Bridges was ordained Deacon 18 December 1720 and Priest 9 June 1723 by the Archbishop of York. He was instituted Vicar of Kippax, Yorks, 10 January 173 $\frac{1}{2}$ and held the living until 1733.

P. 4 no. 36. A pedigree of the Askew family is given in Hodgson's *History of Northumberland*, Part ii, Vol. 2, p. 199. In this the name of Anthony Askew the younger occurs, but without any details.

P. 4 no. 37. Christopher Dodgson was ordained Deacon 25 February 17 $\frac{2}{3}$ and Priest 4 June 1721 by the Archbishop of York.

P. 4 no. 38. The editor of the *Sedburgh School Register* is inclined to identify this Thomas Jackson with the Thomas Jackson who was instituted Rector of Green's Norton 28 June 1726 and Rector of Tiffeld 18 September 1730 (both livings are in Northamptonshire), he was buried at Green's Norton, 31 March 1769 (Baker, *History of Northamptonshire*, ii, 64, 310). The Rector of Tiffeld is however described as M.A. at the time of his institution and Thomas Jackson, of St John's, took the B.A. degree in 1719, but did not proceed to the M.A. degree.

P. 5 no. 40. Edward Moorhouse was ordained Deacon 18 December 1720 and Priest 23 September 1722, by the Archbishop of York.

P. 5 no. 41. George Adams was ordained Deacon 13 March 17 $\frac{2}{3}$ and licensed to the curacy of Copmanford with Upton, Hunts, he was ordained Priest 23 September 1722 and licensed to the curacy of Holme, Hunts, next day, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. One George Adams, probably the father, was Rector of Copmanford

from 1703 to 1724. One George Adams was instituted Vicar of Sibsey, co. Lincoln, 18 March 173 $\frac{1}{2}$ and held the living until 1779.

P. 5 no. 42. William Wilson was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Ely 17 December 1720, then stating that he was born in the County of Cambridge in the year 1697.

P. 5 no. 43. Roger Fenwick, the father (son of William Fenwick, of Stanton, Northumberland), matriculated at Oxford from St Edmund Hall, 25 June 1678, aged 18. He was admitted a student of Gray's Inn, 21 November 1678 and was called to the bar 5 May 1686. He was returned as M.P. for Morpeth, co. Northumberland 14 January 168 $\frac{3}{4}$ and 4 March 16 $\frac{3}{4}$. He married Elizabeth, only daughter of George Fenwick of Brinkburn. John Fenwick, his eldest son, was born 24 February and baptised at Long Horsley 3 March 169 $\frac{3}{4}$. His godfathers were Robert Ellison of Hepburn and Mr John Shaftoe of Bavington, godmother, the Honble Lady Mary Fenwicke, widow of the late Sir John Fenwicke. He was High Sheriff of Northumberland 16 December 1727 to 18 December 1728. He was returned as M.P. for Northumberland 21 May 1741 and 2 July 1747. He died about the end of 1747, a new writ being issued for the election of his successor 11 January 174 $\frac{7}{8}$. He had been an unsuccessful candidate for the county in 1734. He was twice married; (i) in 1719 to Margaret, daughter and coheir of William Fenwick of Bywell, she was buried at Bywell 10 June 1727; (ii) to Alice, daughter of Thomas Errington of Beaufort, she was buried at Bywell 22 November 1731 (Hodgson, *History of Northumberland*, Part ii, Vol. 2, p. 116, where there is a pedigree; Bean, *Parliamentary Representation of the six Northern Counties of England*, 475, 490; Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*).

P. 5 no. 44. Thomas Evans took the B.A. degree in 1719. One of these names was instituted Rector of Clungunford, Salop, 1 March 172 $\frac{3}{4}$ and held the living until 1762.

P. 5 no. 45. Thomas Whitaker was ordained Deacon 13 March 171 $\frac{3}{4}$ by the Bishop of London, and Priest 30 July 1721 by the Bishop of Chester. He was appointed King's Preacher for the Duchy of Lancaster 16 January 172 $\frac{3}{4}$, and on 27 September 1729 he was appointed with Samuel Peploe to administer twelve Rural Deaneries in the Diocese of Chester. He was instituted Rector of Ashton-upon-Mersey 2 May 1730 and held the living until his death. Within the altar rails of Ashton Church there is a memorial with the following inscription: Here lieth the body of the Rev. Thomas Whitaker, A.M. He was rector of this church upwards of 37 years and died on the 29th day of June 1767, in the 77th year of his age. Here lieth the body of Ellen, wife of the Rev. Thomas Whitaker, who departed this life Feb. 6th, 1738 (Ormerod, *History of Cheshire* (ed. Helsby), i, 560).

P. 5 no. 46. Richard Gittens was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Hereford 12 June 1720 in the parish church of Whitbourne and licensed to the curacy of Wollaston in the diocese of Hereford.

P. 5 no. 47. George Tollet, the father, was appointed Accountant-General of Ireland in 1691. He returned to England and in 1700 was Secretary of a Commission for the management of the Excise Revenue. Early in 1701 he was made a Commissioner of the Navy. In 1718 he purchased Betley Hall, co. Stafford. He was a friend of Evelyn and of Sir Isaac Newton. Hinchcliffe (*History of Barthomley*, 189) says, "Mr Tollet had two sons, George and Cooke. George, after completing his education at St John's College, Cambridge, disappointed his father's expectations, went to live in the Isle of Man, where he married a Manx lady, Elizabeth Oates, and had two sons, George and Charles." It will be observed that it was Cook (or Cooke), and not George, who was at St John's. Cooke Tollet does not appear in the pedigree given in Burke's *Commoners*, ii, 224. There are notices of members of the family in the *Dictionary of National Biography*.

P. 5 no. 49. This is William Bowyer, the learned printer and publisher. Round the record of his life has been collected more literary and biographical information than perhaps has fallen to the lot of any other man. A sketch of his career appeared soon after his death, in the *Gentleman's Magazine* for 1778, pp. 409, 449, 513. In 1778, his partner John Nichols issued an octavo pamphlet of 52 pages, entitled *Anecdotes Biographical and Literary of the late Mr William Bowyer, printer*. Of this only twenty copies were issued (Nichols' *Literary Anecdotes*, iii, 296), one of which was presented to the College Library by Mr Nichols. An enlarged edition,

quarto, appeared in 1782 with much additional matter, and this again was issued with further additions by John Nichols between 1802 and 1815 in nine volumes octavo. In this latter form it is usually cited as Nichols' *Literary Anecdotes*. In this astonishing monument of industry the incidents in the lives of William Bowyer and his father, the works published by them, with the names of the authors or friends all form the excuse for biographical notes, the whole forming nearly a biographical history of the literary men of the eighteenth century.

William Bowyer, of St John's, was the son of William Bowyer, printer, by his second wife Dorothy, daughter of Thomas Dawkes, also a printer. He was born in Dogwell Court, White Friars, London, 19 December 1699. He was sent to school at Hadley in Surrey, under the Rev. Ambrose Bonwick, B.D. (father of the three Bonwicks, admitted to St John's, Part ii, P. 199, no. 7; and P. 204, no. 33; Part iii, P. 12, no. 5). While he was there at school his father's printing-house was burned 30 January 171 $\frac{1}{2}$. Towards the losses thus caused there was a general subscription, and the younger Bowyer never forgot those who helped his father at that time.

Bowyer does not seem to have been very happy at College, he had to exercise the strictest economy and his tutor's bills are said never to have exceeded twenty pounds a year (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, iii, 14). "The commons of the sizars," he said, "were miserably poor." He was admitted one of the first exhibitors on Mr Roper's foundation 7 July 1719, holding this until 1722. A Latin letter of thanks for this election (the value of the exhibition was £6), which it was then, and for many years afterwards, the custom to write, will be found in Nichols' *Literary Anecdotes*, i, 182-4. Bowyer never took a degree at Cambridge although he seems to have been at College some five or six years. In 1767 he wrote of Cambridge: "My father (good man!) sent me thither, to qualify me, by a new kind of experiment, for a printer. But it served only in trade to expose me to more affronts, and to give me a keener sensibility of them." Even while at College he seems to have begun literary work, as he helped Strype in his edition of Stow's *London* in 1720, and in 1721 he was assisting his father in correcting works for the press. In June 1722 he finally entered into the printing business with his father. His former schoolmaster, Mr Bonwick, dying 20 October 1722 he carried on the school for some months for the benefit of the family. In 1726 he published a sketch of Baxter's 'Glossary of Roman Antiquities' under the title *View of a book, entitled, Reliquiae Baxterianae in a letter to a friend*. On 9 October 1728 he married at St Clement Danes his mother's niece Anne, daughter of Thomas Prudom, citizen of London; by this marriage he acquired lands in Yorkshire and Essex. They had two sons, William, who died young, Thomas, who survived both his parents. In 1729 Bowyer ushered into the world the life of Ambrose Bonwick (Part ii, P. 199, no. 7), some have supposed this to have been written by Bowyer, but it was really the work of Ambrose Bonwick the elder.

In 1729 Bowyer was appointed by Speaker Onslow to be Printer of the Votes of the House of Commons, an office he held for fifty years. In 1731 he printed a tract: *The Traditions of the clergy not destructive of Religion. Being remarks on Mr Bowman's Visitation Sermon; exposing that gentleman's deficiency in Latin and Greek, in Ecclesiastical history and in true learning. By a gentleman of Cambridge*. This was an answer to a tract issued by the Rev. William Bowman, Vicar of Dews-bury. There were several pamphlets by others and notices in the newspapers of the time, but the controversy is now utterly forgotten.

In May 1736 he was appointed printer to the Society of Antiquaries and elected a member of the Society 7 July 1737. In 1736 he was active in the promotion of the 'Society for the Encouragement of Learning,' a society for the printing of learned books, which did not last long. On 27 December 1737 he lost his father and became sole manager of the family press. In 1741 Bowyer corrected and issued in convenient form two school-books, originally published in Paris: *Selectae e veteri Testamento historiae* and *Selectae ex profanis Scriptoribus historiae*. In 1742 he was editor as well as printer of Joseph Trapp's Latin lectures on poetry, as also editor of the seventh volume of Swift's *Miscellanies*. On 21 August 1747 he married Elizabeth Bill, who had been his housekeeper for some years. In 1750 he prefixed a dissertation and some notes to L. Kuster's *De vero usu verborum mediorum, eorumque differentia a verbis activis et passivis*, and also a Latin preface to Edward Leede's *Veteres Poetae citati ad Patris Philippi Labbei de ancipitum Graecorum vocalium &c.* He also in this year printed an edition of Bladen's trans-

lation of Caesar's *Commentaries*, the notes in which signed *Typogr.* are by him. In 1753 when there was an agitation against the granting of indulgences to the Jews he published a quarto, *Remarks on a Speech made in Common Council, on the Bill for permitting persons professing the Jewish Religion to be naturalised, so far as prophecies are supposed to be affected by it.*

In 1754 he entered into a partnership with James Emonson, a relative, some proposals were also on foot for taking another partner, but they fell through, and even the partnership with Emonson only lasted a very short time, coming to an end in 1757. In 1761, with the help of his new assistant J. Nichols, he reprinted, with translation, certain Latin verses written by the scholars of Westminster School on the Coronation of George II. In 1762 he edited the 13th and 14th octavo volumes of Swift's works. In 1763 he brought out an edition of the Greek Testament, with emendations by various learned writers; this sold very rapidly.

In 1765 he had some thoughts of undertaking the management of the University Press at Cambridge, by obtaining a lease of the exclusive privileges, but the negotiations fell through. In 1766 he entered into partnership with his assistant John Nichols. In 1767 he was appointed to print the Rolls of Parliament and the Journals of the House of Lords; he owed this appointment to the Earl of Marchmont. He now moved his offices from White Friars to Red Lion Passage, Fleet Street, where he styled himself *Architectus Verborum* and over the door of his office placed a bust of Cicero. About this time he sent a present of books to Harvard College, and in 1768 received a letter of thanks from the President and Fellows. His second wife died 14 January 1771. In 1772 he brought out an enlarged edition of his *Conjectures on the New Testament, collected from various authors, as well in regard to words as pointing: with reasons on which both are founded.* At the end of the preface to this he gives a homely account of the illnesses from which he was then suffering. In 1771 Mr Matthew Roper, F.R.S., had printed in the *Philosophical Transactions* an 'Inquiry into the value of the ancient Greek and Roman money'; with this Mr Bowyer disagreed, and in 1772 he issued a pamphlet entitled *Remarks occasioned by a late Dissertation on the Greek and Roman Money*, 4to. In this he criticised the opinions of German and French writers; he sent a copy to the library of the French king with a dedication. In 1773 he issued three little Tracts with this title: *Select Discourses* (1) *Of the correspondence of the Hebrew months with the Julian, from the Latin of Prof. Michaelis*, (2) *Of the Sabbatical Years, from the same*, (3) *Of the Years of Jubilee, from an anonymous writer in Masson's Histoire Critique de la Republique des Lettres.* In 1774 he corrected a new edition of Schrevelius' *Lexicon* with the addition of a number of words collected in the course of his own reading. His biographer Nichols states that Bowyer was in the habit of annotating his classical books, and in particular of noting down anything which he thought might illustrate any passage of Scripture, especially of the Greek Testament. In 1774 was issued *The Origin of Printing, in two essays*, (1) *The substance of Dr Middleton's dissertation on the Origin of Printing in England*, (2) *Mr Meerman's account of the Invention of the Art at Haarlem and its progress to Mentz, with occasional remarks and an appendix.* The original idea of this pamphlet was Bowyer's, the completion of it Nichols'; it was very highly praised. In 1777 he issued an edition of Bentley's *Dissertation on the Epistles of Phalaris*, with notes of his own. He had had a paralytic attack in the spring of 1776, but he continued his reading and studies till shortly before his death on 18 Nov. 1777. By his will he left a number of legacies to friends, one of £50 to the University of Cambridge in return for a donation of £50 they had made to his father when the printing-office was burned. He left legacies to the Stationers' Company to provide pensions for printers and compositors. The terms of the latter bequests being rather curious. The will is printed in Nichols and in the *Biographia Britannica*.

He was buried at Low Leyton in Essex, where there is a monument to the memory of himself and his father. There is also a bust of him in the Stationers' Hall, with an inscription on a brass plate of his own composing, recording his gratitude to those who had helped his father. Portraits of him are given in the Quarto edition of the *Anecdotes* and as the frontispiece to Volume ii of the *Literary Anecdotes*.

In 1785 John Nichols issued *Miscellaneous Tracts by the late William Bowyer, and several of his learned friends; collected and illustrated with additional notes*, this contains most of his scattered writings.

P. 5 no. 50. Roland Johnson graduated from Trinity College, B.A. 1719, M.A. 1729. One of these names was instituted Rector of Langefni, in Anglesea, 28 April 1723; his successor was instituted in January 1723½. Roland Johnson (or Johnston) was instituted Vicar of Hemel Hempstead, Herts, 19 November 1729, and collated to the prebend of Welton Westhale in Lincoln Cathedral 6 October 1737. Both pieces of preferment were filled up on his death in 1773 (Hardy's *Le Neve*, ii, 237).

P. 5 no. 51. John Latham, the father, son of John Latham, of London, goldsmith, was admitted to Gonville and Caius College 10 February 1668. He was Vicar of Etchingham, Sussex, from 22 November 1678 until his death in 1726.

John Latham, the younger, was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Ely 4 June 1721, and Priest by the Bishop of Chichester 23 December 1722. On 12 September 1724 he had a license from the Archbishop of Canterbury to succeed his father as Rector of Etchingham (patron, Lambert Ludlow, esq.). He was instituted 24 September 1724 and held the living until 1754.

P. 5 no. 52. Benjamin Conway, son of James Conway of Evenechtyd, co. Denbigh, plebeius, matriculated at Oxford from Jesus College 1 April 1704, aged 17. He took the B.A. degree at Oxford 22 March 1708, and the M.A. at Cambridge from St John's in 1716. He was instituted Vicar of Northop, Flint, 2 July 1717, holding the living until 1747. He also became Warden of Christ's Hospital at Ruthin 26 April 1720, and this was also vacant in 1747 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*; Carlisle, *Endowed Grammar Schools*, ii, 944). He was Rector of Flint from 1712 to 1718 (Taylor, *Historic Notices of Flint*, 155, 167).

P. 6 no. 53. The Rev. J. Ingle Dredge, Rector of Buckland Brewer, Devon, sends the following notes:

1697. Dennis Rolle, Gent., & Arabellath Tucker—mar^d. 14 February (Hartland, *Parish Register*); 1698 Samuell, son of Dennis & Arabella Rolle, bapt. 7 February; 1700 Jane, daughter of Dennis and Arabella Rolle, bapt. 11 October; 1705 Jane, daughter of Dennis Rolle, Rect., & Arabella, born April 18th, duty pd., & bapt. 11 May; 1701 Jane, daughter of Dennis and Arabella Rolle, dyed the 15th day of May & was buried the 18 of the same instant in the Church of Merton; 1735 Samuel Rolle, Rector of Petrockstow, son of Dennis Rolle, Rector of this Parish, and Arabella—bur^d. 13 May; 1736 Dennis Rolle, Rector of this Parish one and forty years, was bur^d. 9 June; 1738 The Rev^d. Mr Charles Morgan and Mrs Jane Rolle, Both Inhabitants of this Parish, were married in y^e Parish Church of Petrockstow, 18 April.

(The above seven entries are from Merton *Parish Register*.)

Dennis Rolle, the father, son of Dennis Rolle of Heanton, Devon, esquire, matriculated at Oxford, from Exeter College, 24 October 1687. B.A. 1691, M.A. 1694. He was instituted Rector of Merton 31 January 1698 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*).

Samuel Rolle was instituted Rector of Petrockstow, Devon, 3 October 1730, and held it until 1735.

P. 6 no. 54. John Lodge was ordained Deacon 12 June 1720 by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed to the curacy of Everton, Hunts; he was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Ely 23 September 1721, then stating that he was born in Lancashire in the year 1692.

See the admission of his son P. 97 no. 31.

P. 6 no. 55. Among Dr Rawlinson's papers in the Bodleian Library are some notes by himself of the consecrations of nonjuring bishops and of ordinations held by them. Amongst these is the following:

"Richard Lowthian A.B., of St John's College, in Cambridge, was ordained deacon by Mr Spinckes at Grey's Inne, 8 March 1723; preist at the same place by the same person 30 March 1725." (*Notes and Queries*, 3rd Ser. iii, 244.)

P. 6 no. 56. George Smith was ordained Deacon 4 June 1721 by the Archbishop of York, and Priest 15 September 1726 by the same Prelate, when he was also licensed to the Chapelry of Elland in the Parish of Halifax.

P. 6 no. 57. Richard Morton was ordained Deacon 14 July 1723 by the Bishop of Chichester, and Priest 21 February 1724 by the Bishop of Norwich with letters dimissory from the Archbishop of Canterbury. On 24 February 1724 he was licensed by the Archbishop of Canterbury to be curate to Mr John Bowtell, Rector of

Staplehurst, Kent, with a stipend of £50. He was collated by the Archbishop of Canterbury to the Rectory of Newenden, Kent, 28 July 1743, and held the living until 1772. He is probably the Richard Morton, M.A., who was appointed surrogate to Dr Sympson, commissioner general of Canterbury (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1755, p. 477).

P. 6 no. 58. Thomas Pulford was ordained Deacon 19 September 1725, and Priest 25 September 1726 by the Bishop of St Asaph. On 6 June 1730 he was licensed to the Perpetual Curacy of Harthill, co. Chester, on the nomination of Marmaduke Allington and William Allington.

P. 6 no. 60. Richard Hotchkis was ordained Deacon 13 March 17 $\frac{1}{2}$ by the Bishop of Hereford, and licensed to the curacy of Withington, co. Hereford. He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of London 20 November 1720.

P. 6 no. 61. Robert Styles Launce was ordained Deacon 13 March 17 $\frac{1}{2}$ by the Bishop of London, and Priest 18 December 1726 by the Bishop of Carlisle for the Bishop of London. He was instituted Rector of Slindon, Sussex, 25 January 173 $\frac{3}{4}$, on the presentation of Henry Peckham, esq. of Chichester, and Rector of Binsted, Sussex, 5 March 173 $\frac{3}{4}$. On 2 March 173 $\frac{3}{4}$, when he is described as chaplain to William, Earl of Kilmarnock, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Slindon (valued at £100) with Binsted (valued at £55), the two livings being stated to be two miles apart. He held both until his death 10 August 1764.

P. 6 no. 62. Robert Rogers was ordained Deacon 23 December 1722 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and Priest 18 May 1727 by the Bishop of London. He was instituted Rector of Great Braxted, Essex, 15 March 173 $\frac{3}{4}$, and Rector of Little Oakley, Essex, 4 January 174 $\frac{1}{2}$. On 1 February 174 $\frac{1}{2}$, when he is described as chaplain to Alexander, Lord Colvill, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, their respective values being stated as £120 and £75, and their distance apart 22 miles. He held both livings until 1762.

P. 6 no. 63. Francis Clarke was ordained Deacon 5 March 172 $\frac{1}{2}$ by the Bishop of Lincoln, at the instance of the Bishop of Norwich, he was ordained Priest 20 September 1724 by the Bishop of Norwich, then stating that he was born in the Parish of St Martin in the Fields. He was instituted Vicar of Houghton next Harpley, Norfolk, 21 September 1724 on the presentation of the king; George Jaccomb was instituted Vicar of Houghton 10 November 1724. One Francis Clerke was instituted Rector of North Benfleet, Essex, 22 October 1733, his successor was appointed in 1734.

P. 6 no. 64. This John Pidding does not appear in Foster's *Alumni Oxonienses*. He was ordained Deacon 12 June 1720, and Priest 22 December 1723 by the Bishop of London. One of these names was instituted Rector of Burnby, Yorks, 31 July 1735, ceding this on his institution 26 January 174 $\frac{1}{2}$ to the Rectory of Keighley. This latter living was vacant in 1753.

P. 7 no. 65. James Bradshaw was ordained Deacon 25 September 1720 and licensed to the curacy of Southoe, Hunts, he was ordained Priest 24 December 1721 and licensed to the curacy of Flamsted, Beds, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Houghton Regis, Beds, 16 September 1728 and held the living until 1739.

P. 7 no. 2. William Johnson did not graduate. He was ordained Deacon 17 September 1721 by the Bishop of Carlisle in the Chapel of Rose Castle, being then described as of St John's College, Cambridge.

P. 7 no. 3. James Altham was ordained Deacon 31 May 1724 by the Bishop of Winchester and Priest 5 June 1726 by the Bishop of London. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 29 March 1726. He was licensed to the curacy of St Bride's in the city of London 10 March 172 $\frac{3}{4}$. He was instituted Rector of Woodford, Essex, 29 May 1729, and Vicar of Latton, Essex, 16 April 1730. On 18 March 17 $\frac{3}{4}$, when he is described as Chaplain to Peregrine, Duke of Leeds, he had a dispensation to hold Woodford (valued at £180) with Latton (valued at £130), the two livings being about 13 miles apart. He ceded Latton in 1758, but held Woodford until his death 16 January 1766 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1766, p. 47). Welch, *Alumni Westmonasterienses*, 259, 262, identifies this James Altham of St John's with

one of these names "born at Epping, the son of a father of the same name," who entered Westminster School in 1713 and left in 1716. Two of James Altham's sons, James and Thomas, entered at Oxford (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*).

P. 7 no. 4. Edward Wenyeve was ordained Deacon 1 March 172 $\frac{3}{4}$ by the Bishop of London and Priest 19 September 1725 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 16 March 172 $\frac{5}{8}$. He was instituted Vicar of Stetchworth, Cambridgeshire, 5 September 1727, ceding this on his institution 5 May 1733 to the Rectory of Brettenham, Suffolk. He vacated Brettenham on his institution to the Rectory of Chellesworth, Suffolk, 2 April 1739, holding the latter living until his death.

In Brettenham Church there is a memorial with this inscription: Here lieth the Body of | Edward Wenyeve, clerk | only son of | George Wenyeve esquire | who died July the 24 | 1754 | aged 56 years. | Also of Christian his wife | daughter of John Wenyeve esq^{re} | died March 27th 1783 | act. 83 (Davy, *Suffolk Collections*, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 19,087).

P. 7 no. 5. William Sanderson was ordained Priest 6 March 172 $\frac{5}{8}$ by the Bishop of Rochester. On 18 August 1726 he was licensed curate of Lamberhurst, Kent, with a stipend of £30.

Francis Sanderson, the father, was probably the person of that name who by a commission dated 8 December 1692 was appointed Ensign to Col. Lillingstone's Regiment of Foot in the West Indies, he was promoted Lieutenant 20 October 1693, and by a commission dated Kensington 30 April 1695 was appointed Lieutenant to Captain Jonathan Langley in Col. Francis Russell's Regiment of Foot in Barbados. He was placed on half-pay in 1698 (Dalton, *English Army Lists and Commission Registers*, iii, 262; iv, 107).

P. 8 no. 7. In a note to the Hody pedigree given in Hutchins' *History of Dorset*, ii, 233 we read: "In the same church [Wimborne Minster] another John Hody, of Middlestreet, Spettisbury, was buried in 1710; and Arthur and William, both of the same place, the former in 1717, the latter in 1741; upon whose death without issue, a small but elegant seat which he had built there about 1735, went to his brother Edward Hody, of London, M.D., who sold it in 1750 to Admiral Holmes." In the Parish Register of Spettisbury, Dorset, there is the following entry: "1746, March 27—Elizabeth, wife of Dr Edward Hody, buried" (*ibid.* iii, 528). It appears probable that this Dr Edward Hody is the member of St John's. Muuk (*Roll of the Royal College of Physicians*, ii, 147) gives the following account of him. Edward Hody, M.D., was descended from a Devonshire family, the Hodys of Netheway in Brixham. He was entered as a medical student at Leyden, 9 September 1719, being then twenty-one years of age [this corresponds with the age of Edward Hody as given in the College Register], and went through a full course of medical study there; but he graduated doctor of medicine at Rheims 9 October 1723. He was admitted a Fellow of the Royal Society 22 March 173 $\frac{3}{8}$, and a Licentiate of the College of Physicians 30 September 1740. Dr Hody was one of the physicians to St George's Hospital, and died at his house in Hanover Square, 1 November 1759. He edited and revised *Cases in Midwifery*, by Mr Giffard, 8vo. London, 1734; and was the author of *An Attempt to Reconcile all Differences between the present Fellows and Licentiates of the Royal College of Physicians of London*, 8vo. London, 1752.

P. 8 no. 8. Roland Harwood took the B.A. degree from St John's in 1720, and the M.A. from Queens' College, as Roland Harwood Hill in 1724. He dropped the Harwood. He was instituted Rector of Fornett, Norfolk, 6 July 1725, ceding this on being instituted Rector of Hodnet, Salop, 3 November 1730, and Rector of Thornton, co. Chester, 10 October 1730. He held both livings until his death 10 August (or 11 July) 1733 (Foster's *Peerage*, Lord Berwick, where the father's name is John; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1733, p. 438).

P. 8 no. 9. William Banks was ordained Deacon by the Archbishop of York, 15 August 1725 and licensed to the curacy of Thornton, Yorks, with a stipend of £30. The same prelate granted him his license to be Master of the Grammar School at Skipton, 5 July 1727. In the chancel of the Parish Church of Skipton there is a brass with the following inscription: Hic jacet | Gul. Banks A.M. | qui Scholae Grammaticae | de Skipton Magister | obiit | Die Decembris 11 | Anno Domini 1730 | Aetatis suae 31 |. He is described as M.A., but as a matter of fact

he only proceeded to the LL.B. degree in 1724, he is correctly described in the Archbishop's register.

P. 8 no. 10. Gilbert Edward Archer took the degrees of M.B. 1722 and M.D. 1734.

P. 8 no. 13. John Newlin, the father, son of Thomas Newlin, of Bix, co. Oxford, minister, matriculated at Oxford from Corpus Christi College, 22 March 166 $\frac{2}{3}$, aged 15. He took the B.A. degree 4 February 167 $\frac{2}{3}$, and the M.A. from New College in 1673. He was instituted Rector of Exton, Hants (which explains the 'Axton' of the College Register), 21 October 1679 and held the living until 1727 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*, where the admissions of some of his brothers will be found).

Richard Newlin took the LL.B. degree in 1722. He was ordained Deacon 19 May 1722 by the Bishop of Peterborough with letters diuinisory from the Bishop of Winchester. He was instituted Vicar of Empshot, Hants, 18 February 172 $\frac{2}{3}$, and Vicar of Rogate, Sussex, 30 November 1764. He held both livings until his death. On the North wall of the church of Greatham, Hants, there is a monument with the following inscription: Near this place are interred the remains of the Rev. Richard Newlyn (*sic*), bachelor of civil law, and vicar of the parishes of Rogate and Empshott. As a divine, he adorned his station with undeviating integrity and unaffected piety; in social life, with purity of manners. He happily connected a propriety of expression with pleasing affability. His actions, the result of a considerate mind, exactly corresponded with the justice of his sentiments. He died May 25, 1772, aged 74. In the adjoining grave are deposited the remains of Beata, the wife of Richard Newlin (*sic*), who died the 24 of July 1771, aged 69 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1797, i, 298 b).

P. 8 no. 14. This is probably the John Brownsmith who was instituted Vicar of West Mersey, Essex, 7 March 173 $\frac{1}{2}$. His successor was instituted 20 April 1733.

P. 8 no. 15. George Deane was admitted a Fellow of the College 3 April 1723. He was ordained Deacon 28 May 1727, and Priest 1 June 1729 by the Bishop of Lincoln. On 6 June 1734 he was presented by the College to the Vicarage of Aldworth, Berks, and instituted 17 July. He held the living until his death in 1782.

P. 8 no. 16. William Farmery or Farmerie was of Magdalene College, B.A. 1685. He was Vicar of Blyton and Rector of Heapham, co. Lincoln (MSS. Baker, xxxviii. 337; Le Neve, *Mon. Angl.* 1656-1718, p. 217). Robert Farmerie of St John's took the B.A. degree in 1720. He was ordained Deacon 4 June 1721 by the Bishop of Lincoln, when he was licensed to the curacy of Heapham, and Priest 22 December 1723 by the Archbishop of York. He was instituted Rector of Heapham, 17 February 172 $\frac{2}{3}$ and Rector of Broxholme 1 August 1739, both co. Lincoln. On 14 July 1739, when he is described as chaplain to John, Lord Monson, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then stated to be of the respective values of £35 and £80 and to be 7 miles apart. Both livings were vacant in 1766. He was also licensed (by the Bishop of Lincoln) to the curacy of Stow, co. Lincoln, 4 September 1730.

P. 8 no. 17. Richard Walburge, the father, was baptized at All Saints', Stamford, 12 June 1664. He married at Uffington, Lincolnshire, Elizabeth Curtis, 25 April 1688; took up the freedom of the borough 14 December 1682 and was elected a capital burgess, or Common Councilman, 6 March 1688. He was churchwarden of the parish of St Michael, 169 $\frac{2}{3}$, Chamberlain, 169 $\frac{3}{4}$. He was elected an Alderman 6 March 169 $\frac{3}{4}$, when the claims of some eight capital burgesses were passed over. This probably caused some friction as Walburge and another paid the regulation fine and resigned their seats 31 August 1694. I have no note as to the date of his death or burial. His father, Alderman Symon Walburge, Mayor 1645-6, was buried at St Martin's, Stamford Baron, 24 August 1664. (His widow Margaret was also buried there 10 March 15 $\frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{2}{3}$). He is stated in a monumental inscription, which existed in that church in 1785, but is not now there, to have been descended from an ancient Oxfordshire family, but the late Mr W. H. Turner, of Oxford, in answer to a letter of inquiry from me failed to find any corroborative evidence of this.

Simon, son of Mr Richard Walburge and Elizabeth his wife, was baptized at All Saints', Stamford, 20 October 1699. He entered Rugby School in 1713, being described as the eldest son of his father (*Rugby School Register*). He took the degree of M.B. in 1722. He married Mrs Elizabeth Curtis in the Beadhouse (i.e.

Browne's Hospital) Chapel in Stamford, 1727. He had a daughter Elizabeth baptized at St Martin's, Stamford Baron, 19 February 1730. Simon Walburge was buried at Barholm, Lincolnshire, 19 August 1734. His widow married (as his first wife) at Little Casterton, Rutland, 10 March 1738, the Rev. Michael Tyson, clerk of Ufford, Northamptonshire. She died before 1765, as on 31 December in that year Mr Tyson married secondly at Collyweston, Northamptonshire, Mrs Elizabeth Lucas of that parish (Mr Justin Simpson). John Walburge, gent., of St Dunstan-in-the-East, bachelor, 23, and Elizabeth Tovey (? Toney) of All Hallows, Barking, widow, 28, were licensed to marry at St Mary at Hill, London, 26 October 1644 (*J. Foster, London Marriage Licenses*).

Simon Walburge, of St Nicholas Cole Abbey, citizen and soap maker of London, bachelor, about 24, and Hannah Anthony of St Botolph, Bishopsgate, London, spinster, about 20, with the consent of her parents were licensed to marry at St James', Clerkenwell, 21 August 1690, and there married 28 August (*Allegations for Marriage Licences issued by the Vicar-General of the Archbishop of Canterbury. Harl. Soc. Publ. Register Section xxxi. 152*).

P. 9 no. 20. Horace Fawcett was instituted Vicar of Moulton St Mary, Norfolk, 15 July 1723. He was instituted Rector of Watlington 6 August 1726 (then ceding Moulton) and Rector of Scoulton 15 February 1753, both co. Norfolk. Both these livings were vacant towards the end of 1764. His name appears as a subscriber to Spencer's *De Legibus Hebr.* 1727.

P. 9 no. 21. George Beanlands was ordained Deacon 5 March 1722 and Priest 4 June 1721 by the Archbishop of York.

He became Master of Keighley Grammar School. An old MS. belonging to the school records that "Mr George Beanlands, of this Parish and Sedbergh Scholar" laid one of the corner-stones of the new school building. He died in 1721 (*Sedbergh School Register*, 121).

P. 9 no. 22. Thomas Richardson was ordained Deacon 4 June 1721, and Priest 20 September 1724, and was licensed to the curacy of Skirbeck, co. Lincoln, next day, all by the Bishop of Lincoln.

P. 9 no. 23. William Challenour took the B.A. degree as Chaloner in 1720. He was ordained Deacon 4 June 1721 (as Challoner) by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed to the curacy of Stanground, Hunts, 5 June, he was ordained Priest 10 March 1723 by the Bishop of Peterborough, being curate of Lutton, Northamptonshire. He was instituted Vicar of Doddington, Northamptonshire, 23 March 1723, and held the living until 1779.

P. 9 no. 24. See the admission of an elder brother, Part ii, P. 196 no. 11. Roger Callow, the father, was instituted Rector of Warbleton 1 December 1699, holding the living until 1732. William Callow was a Smythe Exhibitioner of Tonbridge School. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 3 April 1723. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of London 30 September 1724. He was buried at Warbleton 29 August 1726, as "Mr W^m Callow, Master of Arts and fellow of St John's College, Cambridge" (*Warbleton Parish Register*).

P. 9 no. 25. William Wilson was admitted a Fellow of the College 13 March 1733. He was ordained Deacon 22 December 1723 ('e Coll. div. Joh. Bapt. Cant'), and Priest 6 February 1725 by the Bishop of London. He was instituted Rector of Flempton cum Hargrave, Suffolk, 17 June 1730. In the Chancel of Flempton Church there is a freestone with the following inscription:—Sacred to the Memory of | The Rev^d. William Wilson A.M. | late Fellow of St John's College, Cambridge | He died y^e 6th August 1768 | in the 70th year of his age. | Also in memory of Ann, relict | of the Rev. William Wilson | She died y^e 15th Nov^r. 1768 | in the 66th year of her age | and of William Wilson their son (surgeon) | who died 15 June 1759 | in the 26th year of his age (*Davy, Suffolk Collections*, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 19,107).

P. 9 no. 26. Anthony Hanson was ordained Deacon by the Archbishop of York 4 June 1721 and Priest by the Bishop of Ely 19 May 1722.

P. 9 no. 27. Richard Brome was ordained Deacon 10 March 1723 (with the title of the curacy of St Nicholas, Guildford, Surrey), he was ordained Priest 20 December 1724, and licensed curate to Archdeacon Eachard, Rector of Sudbourne with Orford, Suffolk, all by the Bishop of Norwich. He was instituted Rector of Nedging 22 May 1729 and Rector of Baylham 11 December 1735, both in Suffolk. He held both livings until 1763. See the admission of his son P. 143 no. 24.

P. 9 no. 28. Edward Bainbridge was ordained Deacon by the Archbishop of York 23 September 1722. He was instituted Vicar of Hampsthwaite, Yorks, 9 August 1738 and held the living until 1771. He was also on 26 August 1768 licensed by the Bishop of Durham to the Chapel of St Helen's, Auckland, in the parish of St Andrew's, Auckland, and County of Durham. See an account of some of his descendants: Waters, *The Chesters of Chicheley*, 728. William Ironside was licensed by the Bishop of Durham to the curacy of St Helen's, Auckland, 22 September 1780 on the death of Edward Bainbridge.

P. 9 no. 29. George Lynch took the degree of M.B. in 1722 and that of M.D. in 1727. He married in March 172 $\frac{1}{2}$ Mary, only daughter of Robert Bowler of Ripple. He died 3 November 1765, his wife died 9 February 1776 (Berry, *Pedigrees of Families in the County of Kent*, 282; see also Hasted, *History of Kent*, iv, 133).

P. 9 no. 30. William Knowler was the third son of Gilbert Knowler, of Stroud House, at Herne in Kent. He was baptized 9 May 1699. He was ordained Deacon 23 September 1722 by the Bishop of Norwich and became curate of St Mary Magdalene and St George, London, he was ordained Priest by the Archbishop of York 9 June 1723. He was chaplain to Thomas, Earl of Malton, afterwards the first Marquis of Rockingham, who presented him to the Rectory of Irthlingborough, Northamptonshire, to which he was instituted 21 September 1726. He was instituted Vicar of Hutton Bushell, Yorks, 7 May 1736, shortly afterwards ceding Irthlingborough. The Marquis of Rockingham presented him to the Rectory of Boddington, Northamptonshire, to which he was instituted 24 April 1740, then ceding Hutton Bushell. He was buried at Boddington 26 January 1774, aged 75. His widow Mary died 11 November 1790, aged 72. He was the editor of *The Letters and Dispatches of the Earl of Strafford*, 1739, 2 vols. fol. In 1766 he prepared for the press an English translation of Chrysostom's *Comment. on St Paul's Epistle to the Galatians*, which was never published (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, ii, 129—30; Baker, *History of Northamptonshire*, i, 482, 483).

P. 10 no. 31. Leonard Vowe, the father (son of Thomas, of Hallaton, co. Leicester, gent.) was of Lincoln College, Oxford, matriculating 10 October 1682 at the age of 18 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). Leonard Vowe of Hallaton, co. Leicester, esq., widower, age 33, and Mrs Martha Butler, of Great Preston, co. Northampton, spinster, 25, daughter of Mr Richard Butler, who consents, were licensed to marry at Great Preston or...18 September 1697 (Foster, *London Marriage Licenses*). This family who bore *or*, on a bend between two cottizes *gules*, three mullets of six points *argent*, pierced of the field, were long seated at Hallaton, co. Leicester. Thomas Vowe, son of Leonard Vowe, of Hallaton, matriculated from Lincoln College, Oxford, 15 June 1721, aged 18. B.C.L. 1728 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). John Vowe did not graduate at Cambridge, he died in 1720 (Nichols, *History of Leicestershire*, ii, 602).

P. 10 no. 32. Charles Randell Covert, third son of Nicholas Covert, of Chichester, co. Sussex, gentleman, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 3 November 1698.

'Ranulphus' Covert, son of Nicholas Covert, of Chichester, gentleman, matriculated at Oxford from Merton College, 6 November 1703, aged 19. He subscribed his Christian name as 'Carolus' (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*).

Thomas Hearne in his *Remarks and Collections*, ii, 22, 120, 121 (Oxford Historical Society's Publications), has the following with regard to him.

"23 June 1707. Mr Covert a Commoner of Hart Hall having been denied his Degree of Bach. 3 times, this day the reason was given to the Congregation, viz. *That he had asserted that King Charles 1st was lawfully beheaded*, which was attested before a Publick Notary by Mr Luffingham and Mr Deering of y^e same House. Some Exceptions were made to y^e Evidence by Dr Bouchier, and something else propos'd for mollifying the Matter; but Mr Stevens of All-Souls standing up and making a handsome speech showing y^t he had asserted the same Doctrine several times, that he was a loose person &c. The reason was approv'd as sufficient by far y^e greatest part of the Members of Congregation.

"10 July 1708. Mr Covert of Hart Hall, who was deny'd his Degree of Bach. of Arts last year for a great Crime, stood again this Act for y^e same Degree, and having been deny'd three times, the reasons wer given vnto y^e Vice-Chanc. and wer yesterday read in Congregation, and are viz. 1. That he had not done Juraments. 2. That he had not been resident ever since his Denyal in y^e University. 3. That

he said if he had reak'd [raked] and whor'd as others in y^e University do he should not have been deny'd his Degree. This last was principally insisted on and was approv'd as sufficient. This young Gentleman after his Denyal last year got two Parsonages."

Mr Covert was ordained Deacon 19 February 170 $\frac{7}{8}$ by the Bishop of Peterborough and Priest 26 July 1708 by the Bishop of Chichester. He was instituted vicar of North Mundham 28 May 1709 and Vicar of Hunston 30 July 1708, both livings being in Sussex. He held both until his death in 1759. He took the LL.B. degree at Cambridge, from St John's, in 1718.

There appears to have been some difficulty, probably owing to his political views, with regard to his ecclesiastical preferment. He was instituted Vicar of North Mundham no less than nine times, viz. 28 May 1709, 13 June 1711, 23 July 1712 (his name being then given as Randolph), 15 July 1713, 17 August 1714, 16 February 171 $\frac{5}{8}$, 14 February 171 $\frac{6}{8}$, 13 February 171 $\frac{7}{8}$, 11 August 1719 (his name on these occasions being given as Charles Randolph). While he was instituted Vicar of Hunston, ten times, viz. 30 July 1708, 30 July 1710, 13 December 1711, 21 January 171 $\frac{3}{8}$, 14 January 171 $\frac{4}{8}$, 19 August 1715, 20 August 1716, 13 August 1717, 12 August 1718, 11 February 171 $\frac{9}{8}$. On 8 February 171 $\frac{9}{8}$ he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold North Mundham with Hunston. He was buried at North Mundham 6 June 1759.

P. 10 no. 34. Thomas Fairfax was ordained Deacon 4 June 1721 and Priest 9 June 1723 by the Bishop of London. He was instituted Vicar of Great Canfield, Essex, 11 June 1723, ceding this on his institution 26 January 173 $\frac{1}{2}$ to the Rectory of Little Easton, Essex; the latter living he held until 1744.

P. 10 no. 35. Thomas Jackson was ordained Deacon 4 June 1721 and Priest 15 September 1726 by the Archbishop of York. On the latter occasion he was licensed to the curacy of Rise, Yorks, with a stipend of £30 a year. He was instituted Rector of Kirkby Nidderdale, Yorks, 18 January 173 $\frac{3}{8}$, and Vicar of Preston with Hedon, Yorks, 20 November 1744. On 5 November 1744, when he is described as chaplain to William, Earl of Bath, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold these two livings valued at £150 and £50 respectively and stated to be 25 miles apart. He held both until his death in 1755.

It will be observed that there was an earlier Thomas Jackson, P. 4 no. 38, who, being a Yorkshireman, might be supposed to be the man likely to be benefited in Yorkshire; he took the B.A. in 1719 but did not proceed to the M.A. degree.

The Thomas Jackson whose preferments are given above is described in the *Archbishops' Registers* as M.A. of St John's College, Cambridge, and Thomas Jackson admitted 17 May 1717 proceeded B.A. 1720 and M.A. 1744.

P. 10 no. 37. Robert Hart did not graduate.

Rawson Hart, son and heir of Theophilus Hart, late of Tumby Woodside, co. Lincoln, esquire, deceased, was admitted a student of Gray's Inn 14 October 1675 (Foster, *Gray's Inn Admission Register*, 322). On 11 July 1682 Rawson Hart, of Berkwood, co. Lincoln, esquire, bachelor, 25, was licensed to marry Arabella Haselrigge of the town of Northampton, spinster, 22, at her own disposal, at St Peter in Northampton, or Harlsdon, or Gogenhoe, co. Northampton (Foster, *London Marriage Licenses*).

P. 10 no. 39. John Hare was admitted to Merchant Taylors' School 10 September 1714. He was born 3 June 1698 (Robinson, *Merchant Taylors' School Register*, ii, 40). One of these names took the B.A. degree from Emmanuel College in 1720.

P. 10 no. 41. Edward Beresford was admitted a Fellow of the College 16 March 172 $\frac{1}{2}$. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Ely 10 June 1727. He was instituted Rector of Tarporley, Cheshire, 6 July 1732. He died 4 May 1752, aged 54 (Ormerod, *History of Cheshire*, ii, 233).

Cole has the following note on him in his account of the Rectors of Tarporley (MSS. Cole xxxv, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5836, p. 179). Edward Beresford, B.D. and Fellow of St John's College in Cambridge, succeeded on Mr Markham's death and held his Fellowship with his Living to his death, which was occasioned by an Apoplexy in his Parsonage House at Tarporley, and was buried in his Chancel there on the steps of the altar, under a handsome black slab 11 May 1752, aged

about 54. He had been most cruelly troubled with the gout for many years and for the last ten years of his life was a perfect cripple and quite helpless and wholly confined to his chamber. He was a very hospitable and humane man and much beloved by his parishioners, and dying a bachelor his effects went between his brothers and sister, who is the wife of Mr Egerton, Rector of Chedle, and son of Sir ... Egerton; one of his brothers lives near Derby, on an estate of his own. Cole, vol. xxix, Addl. MSS. 5830 fol. 19a, gives the inscription on his monument as follows:—Here lie the Remains | of | Edward Beresford B.D. | Senr Fellow of St John's College in Cambridge | And | Rector of this Parish xx years | He departed this life May iv | A.D. MDCLII | Æ. LIV. | .

P. 10 no. 42. Richard Kirke was ordained Deacon 4 June 1721 by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed to the curacy of Weston with the chapelry of Wickham, co. Lincoln. One of these names was instituted Rector of South Reston, co. Lincoln, 2 June 1729 and Rector of South Thoresby, co. Lincoln, 21 February 1730, both livings were vacant in 1731.

P. 10 no. 43. Miles Archer was admitted a Fellow of the College 13 March 1723. He was ordained Deacon 25 September 1726, and Priest 23 May 1727 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was Junior Proctor 1730–1. On 22 July 1743 he was presented by the College to the Rectory of Great Warley, Essex, and instituted 1 August. He held the benefice until his death in 1758.

P. 10 no. 44. George Lowe took the degree of LL.B. in 1722. One of these names was instituted Vicar of Lullington, co. Derby, 20 June 1726 and held the living until 1765.

P. 11 no. 45. Chester Perne took the B.A. degree in 1720 and the M.A. in 1724 from St John's. He seems to have removed from St John's to Catharine Hall, his name appearing of that College in 1727 when he subscribed to Spencer's *De Leg. Hebr.* Cole (MSS. Cole vii, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5808, fol. 43) has a list "of the present Justices of the Peace for the County of Cambridge, Anno Domini 1740" where he has the following: "The worshipful Chester Perne esq. Justice of the Peace for the County of Cambridge:—Mr Perne was formerly of St Catharine's Hall and A.M. He practised some time as a proctor in the Vice-Chancellor's Court. He afterwards wholly lived at Abington, where he owned a marriage with one Elizabeth Berry, a milliner of Cambridge, after or some little time before her death, which happened at Little Abington, where she lies buried, North and South under the Altar. He was reckoned a very good Justice of the Peace, but none of the genteel in his practice. He had been likewise treasurer for the County, but for some suspicions insinuated by one of the gentlemen (Mr Greaves) he afterwards appointed one of his executors, to his disadvantage, he was displaced. He was also one of the Conservators of the River Cam. He was a very facetious and cheerful companion, but one whose word was not entirely to be relied upon; and had a turn for poetry, especially the satirical, where he spared not his nearest relations, nay not even himself. He left no children, but his two brothers John, benefited in Wiltshire at Gillingham and Prebendary of Sarum (P. 41 no. 32), and Andrew, Rector of Abington by Shingey in Cambridgeshire and Norton in Suffolk, have both of them issue, whom he made his heirs and not his brothers. And Miss Western of Abington Magna and Mr Greaves of Fulbourne his executors and trustees for them. He died of a mortification in his foot, March 1753." Cole gives a pedigree of the Perne family, copied from a MS. Visitation of Cambridgeshire in Caius College Library, MSS. Cole xi, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5812, fol. 116b. This includes John Perne the father of Chester, but does not come lower. Cole also (MSS. Cole xxi, Addl. MSS. 5822, fol. 216a) gives the following extract from the *Parish Register* of Little Abington: "1742, Elizabeth, the wife of Chester Pern, Esq. was buried Sept. 13." Chester Perne was Sheriff of Cambridgeshire and Huntingdonshire 24 December 1740 to 31 December 1741.

P. 11 no. 47. The 'Act Book' of the Archbishop of Canterbury has the following entry:

To the Most Reverend Father in God, William by Divine Providence Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, His Grace, Primate of All England and Metropolitan.
The Humble Petition of Francis FitzEdwards A.M. of St John's College in Cambridge
Sheweth

That he hath attained the age of twenty-four years and upwards, and hath

taken the Degree of Master of Arts in the University of Cambridge, and hath endeavoured to qualify himself for Holy Orders; That he is informed, that being not born in Lawfull Wedlock, he cannot be admitted to Holy Orders without your Grace's Dispensation.

May it therefore please your Grace to grant him your dispensation, whereby he may be enabled and qualified for the said Holy Orders, as if he had been legally born in lawfull wedlock.

And he shall ever pray &c.

14 March 172 $\frac{7}{8}$. Fiat Dispensatio prout petitur. W. CANT.

Francis FitzEdwards was ordained Deacon 16 March 172 $\frac{7}{8}$ by the Bishop of Peterborough and Priest 22 September 1728 by the Bishop of London, when he was licensed to the curacy of Finchley, Middlesex. He was instituted Rector of Bishops Cleeve with Stoke Orchard, co. Gloucester, 9 April 1737, and held the living until 1753 or 1754.

P. 11 no. 48. Robert Smith or Smyth was B.A. 1720, M.A. 1724. He was ordained Deacon 23 September 1722 by the Bishop of Peterborough, his title being that of domestic chaplain to Sir John Leveson Gower, bart. He was instituted Rector of Woodstone, Hunts, 5 May 1730 and held the living until his death. It was his regular custom to bathe almost every morning in the river near Peterborough bridge; and in the pursuit of this practice he lost his life 15 September 1761. He came out of the water apparently well, but died a few minutes afterwards, in the shop of a friend at Peterborough; and was buried in Woodstone churchyard with this epitaph: "In memory of the Rev. Robert Smyth | thirty-three years rector of this parish, | a sincere honest man and a good christian. | His utmost endeavours were, | to benefit mankind, and relieve the poor, | He was a laborious and correct Antiquary; | he died the 15th of September 1761, aged 62 years."

Robert Smyth was admitted a member of the Gentleman's Society at Spalding, 12 March 1726. He made great manuscript collections. He had prepared large collections for the history of sheriffs throughout England, to which Maurice Johnson, the founder of the Spalding Society, prefixed an introduction, on the dignity, use and authority of these officers. This is supposed to have been destroyed, with many other of his papers, by an illiterate brother. He had also made collections for Cambridgeshire and Huntingdonshire and other counties. He does not seem to have printed anything. (For a list of these collections see Nichols' *Literary Anecdotes*, v, 48, 49; and for further details regarding them, *Fenland Notes and Queries*, ii, 67, 68, 108.) Cole in his notes on Edmund Carter and his History of the University of Cambridge writes as follows (MSS. Cole, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5886): "he was greatly assisted by Mr Robert Smyth, Rector of Woodstone, near Peterborough, who furnished him very plentifully with other materials, had the poor man known how to put them together.... Mr Robert Smyth had been of St John's College, was an indefatigable antiquary, had made collections for an history of the Sheriffs throughout England, and though I had no personal acquaintance with him, had corresponded with him several times. But because I had not answered one of his long letters soon enough, he was affronted, and spoke ill of me to Dr Naylor, of Cherry Orton, his neighbour, who told me of it, so our correspondence dropt. I was told he was of a waspish, choleric disposition. In one of his letters to Mr Carter, he tells him that he was formerly of St John's College, under the tuition of the present Master, Dr Newcome. Carter sent the whole budget of his correspondence with Mr Smyth to Mr Masters, of Bene't College (who might also possibly be one of his assistants) to peruse, at whose chambers I saw them. In one of the said letters of Mr Smyth, dated Dec. 11, 1750 talking of his own lists of Sheriffs, he writes thus: 'Mr Cole, who I hear, assists you, may do a good deal more on this head.' But this was an utter mistake for on Mr Carter's first and only application to me to further him in his design, I gave him a peremptory refusal and was the only time I ever spoke to him, that I know of, in my life, not chusing to be any ways concerned in a work which I was well assured could do no credit to the subject it treated of or to the persons who should contribute to the ushering it into the world."

P. 11 no. 49. John Radcliff, the father, was admitted to this College 2 January 168 $\frac{7}{8}$ (Part ii, P. 112 no. 8). He was a Minor Canon of Westminster Abbey (Chester, *Westminster Abbey Registers*, 287).

William Radcliff did not graduate. One of these names was instituted Rector of Ringsfield with Little Redisham, Suffolk, 2 July 1737 and held the living until 1755. One William Ratcliff was instituted Rector of Dinnington, Yorks, 17 September 1728, the living was filled up again in 1738.

P. 11 no. 50. John Robinson did not graduate. He was ordained Deacon 5 March 172 $\frac{1}{2}$ and Priest 22 September 1723 by the Archbishop of York. On each occasion he is described as Alumnus of St John's College, Cambridge.

P. 11 no. 51. A pedigree of the Chester family will be found in Berry's *Pedigrees of Hertfordshire Families*, 82, and in Cussans' *History of Hertfordshire*, Hundred of Broadwater 7. The latter includes Edward Chester, the former does not. Edward Chester seems to have possessed several estates in the county, some of which he sold. His wife Margaret died 21 March 173 $\frac{1}{2}$ aged 36, and was buried at Royston.

P. 11 no. 53. Richard Daniel was admitted to Colchester School 27 March 1707. His father is there described as an apothecary (*pharmacopola*). He took the degree of M.B. in 1723. He practised for many years as a physician in Colchester and died in 1772 aged 72. He is buried in St Martin's Church, Colchester, where there is a monument to his memory. He married Mary Blatch (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1772, May, p. 246; Round, *Register of the Scholars admitted to Colchester School*, 78).

P. 11 no. 54. See the admission of Thomas Gibbon, the father, Part ii, P. 100, no. 15.

Williams Gibbon was ordained Deacon 31 May 1724 by the Bishop of Norwich and licensed curate to Dr Rowland Simpson, Rector of Gaywood, he was ordained Priest by the Bishop of London 19 December 1725. He was instituted Rector of Dufton, co. Westmorland, 11 November 1730, ceding this on his institution to the Vicarage of St Dunstan's in the West, City of London, 3 November 1736, holding this until his death 22 January 175 $\frac{1}{2}$. He was buried in the east vault in the Church of St Dunstan's. He was also Preacher of Bridewell (Hennessey, *Novum Repertorium*, 138; I believe the name there given for the Rector of St Dunstan's, viz. William Gibson, to be a mistake).

P. 11 no. 55. David Standish, the elder, was of Emmanuel College (B.A. 1686, M.A. 1690). He was instituted Rector of Woodstone, Hunts, 12 October 1702, holding the living until his death in 1720 (*Fenland Notes and Queries*, ii, 315).

David Standish, the younger, was ordained Deacon 24 December 1721 by the Bishop of Lincoln, at the instance of the Bishop of Peterborough. The Bishop of Peterborough granted him his license to be Master of the free Grammar School in Peterborough on some date between 9 July and 24 August 1722, the subscription in the Bishop's Register not being dated. The Bishop of Peterborough ordained him Priest 23 September 1722, he being then a Minor Canon of Peterborough, and on 20 July 1723 licensed him to the Chapel of Eye, Northamptonshire. A writer in *Fenland Notes and Queries* assumes that the Schoolmaster and Minor Canon was the elder David Standish, but the dates of the entries in the Bishop's Register shew this to be impossible.

In the church of Elton, Northamptonshire, were two monuments (now concealed) with the following inscriptions; Here lyeth the Body | of Carolina daughter | of the Reverend Mr David Standish, Minister | of St Paul's in South Carolina in America she | Died October the xxixth | 1727 | Aged 8 Months.

Here lyeth y^e Body of | Elizabeth Richardson Standish | daughter of y^e Reverend | David Standish late Rector | of St Paul's Stoney in South | Carolina in America by | Elizabeth his wife | she died May y^e ...th 1731 | Aged 2 years | Read this and weep but not for me | Lament thy longer misery | My life was short my grief y^e les | Blame not my hast to happyness.

It may be that the father of these children was the member of St John's (*ibid.*, ii, 314).

P. 11 no. 56. William Forster, the father, was of Emmanuel College, B.A. 1686, M.A. 1690. He was instituted 26 September 1700, to the Vicarage of St Martin's, Stamford Baron, and instituted 14 December 1708 to the Rectory of St Clement Danes, London, on the presentation of John Cecil, sixth Earl of Exeter. Thomas Blount, William Forster's successor at St Clement Danes, was instituted 6 February 17 $\frac{1}{2}$. Two of Mr Forster's letters, one dated Stamford, 12 May 1702, to the Rev. Thomas Tanner, D.D., the other undated, to Mr John Stevens, are printed at the end of Peck's *Academia Tertia Anglicana*, 1727. (Mr Justin Simpson.)

P. 12 no. 57. Martin Sharp was instituted Vicar of Great Thurlow 7 April 1715 and Rector of Barnardiston 7 May 1733, both in Suffolk. He held both livings until 1760.

P. 12 no. 1. William Bedford was ordained Deacon 10 March 172 $\frac{2}{3}$, when he was licensed to the curacy of Willen, Bucks, and Priest 31 May 1724 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Yelden 26 January 173 $\frac{2}{3}$ and Rector of Shelton 15 March 173 $\frac{3}{4}$, both in Bedfordshire. On 4 March 173 $\frac{3}{4}$, when he is described as Chaplain to Charles, Duke of Marlborough, he received a dispensation to hold both livings, then stated to be of the respective values of £200 and £100, and to be about one mile apart. He ceded Shelton on his institution 9 June 1746 to the Rectory of St John's in Bedford, with the Mastership of the Hospital of St John annexed. He received a dispensation dated 20 February 174 $\frac{2}{3}$ to hold this (stated to be worth £130) with Yelden. On a black marble slab in St John's Church in Bedford is this inscription: Here rest the remains of | William Bedford A.M. | late Rector of Yelden in this County | and Rector and Master of this Church and Hospital | who departed this life | May 30, 1754, in the 55th year | of his age (MSS. Cole xxxi, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 3832, pp. 90 and 87). It will be observed that he is described as M.A. on his tombstone, and he is so also described in the 'Act Book' of the Archbishop of Canterbury, but he does not so appear in the printed *Graduati Cantabrigienses*, it seems probable that he was B.A. 1721, M.A. 1725, and that the M.D. degree assigned to him belongs to William Bedford, P. 32, no. 28. The dates favour this view.

P. 12 no. 3. See the admission of an elder brother Part ii, P. 169, no. 5; see also Nichols' *Literary Anecdotes*, v, 530-2, where there are some notes on the family.

Thomas Warburton was ordained Deacon 20 May 1722 by the Bishop of Peterborough, and licensed to the curacy of Oakham.

P. 12 no. 4. This is probably the Henry Rowe who held the following preferences in Pembrokehire: instituted Vicar of Stackpole Elidor and Rector of Hodgeston 21 July 1724; Rector of St Petrox 6 September 1728, then ceding Hodgeston; sinecure Rector of Stackpole Elidor 18 August 1749; Rector of Burton 17 July 1765, then ceding the Vicarage of Stackpole Elidor. He was appointed a Cursal Canon of St David's 10 July 1735 and was collated to the prebend of St Nicholas Penfoyst in St David's Cathedral 11 May 1752. He held his prebend with the rectories of St Petrox, Stackpole Elidor and Burton till the end of 1779 or beginning of 1780.

P. 12 no. 5. This James Bonwick was brother to Ambrose Bonwick (Part ii, P. 199 no. 3) and Philip Bonwick (*ibid.* P. 204 no. 33). He died in January 172 $\frac{2}{3}$, without graduating. He appointed William Bowyer, the printer (P. 5 no. 49) his executor. His will, with some details relating to it, is printed in Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, i, 313-320, see also 223; Mayor, *Life of Ambrose Bonwick*, 138-145.

P. 12 no. 6. The father was of St John's (admitted 23 February 168 $\frac{2}{3}$ as Richard Willys) B.A. 1686, M.A. 1690.

Richard Willis, the son, was ordained Deacon 18 February, and Priest (at a Special Ordination) 25 February 172 $\frac{2}{3}$ by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Normanby on the Wold, co. Lincoln, 27 February 172 $\frac{1}{2}$, on the presentation of the Hon. Thomas Wentworth. He was instituted Vicar of Corringham 26 September 1741, vacating this in 1773, and Rector of Benington 23 December 1763, both in Lincolnshire. He died at Corringham, near Gainsborough, 16 December 1781 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 22 December 1781).

P. 12 no. 7. John Harrison was ordained Deacon 22 December 1722 and Priest 20 December 1724 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of the South Mediety of Stoke, co. Lincoln, 22 December 1724, and Rector of East Terrington (or Torrington) with Wragby, co. Lincoln, 26 June 1734. On 21 June 1735, when he is described as Chaplain to Margaret, Countess Coningsby, he had a dispensation to hold both benefices, their values being stated as £60 and £140 respectively and their distance apart 29 miles. He seems to have held them until 1786.

P. 12 no. 8. Stephen Sutton was ordained Deacon by the Archbishop of York 20 May 1722. He became curate of Whixley in the West Riding of Yorkshire.

P. 12 no. 9. Richard Nairn was admitted a Fellow of the College 24 March 172 $\frac{3}{4}$. He was ordained Deacon 18 February 172 $\frac{1}{2}$ and Priest 20 December 1724 by the Bishop of London. He was collated Vicar of Westfield, Sussex, 14 April 1725, by the Bishop of Chichester *caritatis intuitu*, holding this living until 1740. He was instituted Rector of All Saints, Hastings, 9 November 1726 on the presentation of Sir Thomas Webster, bart., and held the living until 1729. The same gentleman presented him to the Vicarage and Deanery of Battle, Sussex, where he was instituted 26 March 1731. He was instituted Rector of Ewhurst, Sussex, 4 November 1740, which he held with Battle until his death in the early part of 1760 (Sidebotham, *Memorials of the King's School, Canterbury*, 51, 58). On 2 November 1726, when he is described as Chaplain to John, Earl of Winchelsea, he received a dispensation to hold Westfield with All Saints, then stated to be of the value of £80 and £30 respectively. He received a like dispensation to hold Westfield with Battle (£150) on 24 March 173 $\frac{1}{2}$, when he is described as Chaplain to Ann, Duchess Dowager Cleveland.

His eldest daughter married Sir Whistler Webster, bart., of Battle Abbey, son of Sir Thomas, mentioned above. Sir Whistler died in 1766 without issue (Burke's *Peerage*); Lady Webster died 24 December 1810, at Battle Abbey, aged 82 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 28 December 1810). See the admission of his son, P. 135 no. 29.

P. 13 no. 11. Benjamin Richardson was ordained Deacon 11 February and Priest 17 March 172 $\frac{3}{4}$ by the Bishop of Chichester. On 20 March 172 $\frac{3}{4}$ he was licensed by the Archbishop of Canterbury to be curate to John Lynch, Rector of Sundridge, Kent, with a stipend of £40. On 27 September 1728 he was presented to his Grace's option of the Vicarage of Cowfold, Sussex, and instituted 3 October 1728. He was instituted Rector of Edburton in the same county 30 October 1735, and held both livings until his death in 1754.

P. 13 no. 13. William Routh was ordained Deacon 20 May 1722, and Priest 19 September 1725, when he was also licensed to the curacy of Monk Friston, all by the Archbishop of York.

P. 13 no. 14. George Davies was admitted a Fellow of the College 16 March 172 $\frac{3}{4}$, his fellowship was filled up again in March 1748. He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Lincoln 4 June 1732. He was instituted Rector of Starston, Norfolk, 12 February 174 $\frac{1}{2}$, and held the living until his death in 1768 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 5 November 1768).

P. 13 no. 15. Nicholas Barry was ordained Deacon 20 May 1722 by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed to the curacy of Shelton, Beds.

P. 13 no. 16. Thomas Dowbiggin was ordained Deacon 20 May 1722 and Priest 9 June 1723 by the Archbishop of York. He was licensed to the curacy of Hutton Cranswick with the curacy of Sherne and the Chapelry of Watton, Yorks, 9 November 1726. He was instituted Vicar of Hutton Cranswick 20 February 17 $\frac{3}{4}$, and held the living until 1767. See the admission of his son, P. 145 no. 11.

P. 13 no. 17. Brownlow Cecil was baptized at St Martin's, Stamford Baron, 4 August 1701. He was M.P. for Stamford, 1722. He succeeded his brother John (who died unmarried 9 April 1722) as eighth Earl of Exeter and ninth Baron Burghley. He was Recorder of Stamford; Keeper of the Westhay Walk in the Bailiwick of Cliffe, Rockingham forest; Lord High Almoner of England for the Coronation of King George II, 11 October 1727; Deputy-Lieutenant, co. Lincoln, 3 March 1744. He married 18 July 1724 Hannah Sophia, daughter and heir of Thomas Chambers, esq. of Derby. He died 3 November 1754, and was buried in St Martin's (Doyle, *Official Baronage of England*, i, 721).

P. 13 no. 18. William Cecil was baptized at St Martin's, Stamford Baron, 4 August 1702. He died 19 July 1727, *s.p.*, and was buried at St Martin's, 30 July. He was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 12 February 171 $\frac{3}{4}$.

P. 13 no. 20. Thomas Warren was instituted Vicar of Chattisham, Suffolk, 4 May 1726, and held the living until his death. He lies buried in the nave of his church under a stone which has the following inscription: Fui | Thomas Warren A.M. ab anno 1725 | ad annum 1770 hujus Parochiae Pastor | saltem fidelis | Nec vitii nec virtutibus (ita spero quidem) | omnino carui | sed qualis fui, si quis percontatur malevolus | ab Lare suo incipiat | et suprema dies | ovibus que segregat hircos. | quum coram apud Christi Tribunal conferemus | aperte indicabit |

Quo die O Ens Entium (Tria in uno) miserere | animae meae Amen | Obiit Apr. 8, 1770, aetatis suae 61.

His wife survived him, and is buried under a table monument in the north side of the Church of Burwell in Cambridgeshire, which is thus inscribed: Sacred to the memory of | Sarah Warren relict of the late | Rev. Thomas Warren, Vicar | of Chattisham in Suffolk | who died Decr. 4th 1815, aged 91.

Thomas Warren published: *The Duties of Prince and People reciprocal. A sermon preached at St Edmund's Bury, before the Lord Chief Justice Willes and Mr Justice Fortescue at the Assizes held there for the County of Suffolk, Aug. 30, 1740. Published at the request of the High Sheriff and Grand Juries.* Ipswich, 1740, W. Craighton, 8°; pp. 30, price 6d. Dedicated to Edmund Jenney, esquire, High Sheriff and to the Gentlemen of the Grand Juries, all these named (Davy, *Athenae Suffolcienses*, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 19,166).

P. 13 no. 21. Thomas Stroother was ordained Deacon 20 May 1722 and Priest 22 September 1723 by the Archbishop of York. He became curate of Armley, Leeds, and died 25 April 1761 (Whitaker, *History of Leeds*, i, 100).

P. 14 no. 22. Joseph Branston was ordained Deacon 23 September 1722 and licensed to the curacy of Ormsby, co. Lincoln, by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Thorpe St Peter, co. Lincoln, 21 September 1724, and held the living until 1754.

P. 14 no. 23. Robert Fogg was ordained Deacon 28 July 1723 and Priest 20 June 1725 by the Bishop of Chester. He was licensed to be Curate of St Peter's in the city of Chester 20 August 1730. He became a Minor Canon of Chester Cathedral, and was presented by the Dean and Chapter to the Rectory of Handley, co. Chester, and instituted 18 July 1733. He held the living until his death in 1735.

P. 14 no. 24. John Fogg was admitted a Fellow of the College 24 March 1723. He was ordained Deacon 19 September 1725 and Priest 5 June 1726 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was Senior Bursar of the College from 20 February 1733 to 23 February 1745. He was instituted Rector of Haselbury Bryan, Dorset, 15 September 1729, and Rector of Spofforth, Yorks, 22 December 1747, then ceding Haselbury Bryan. He was collated a Prebendary of Ripon 5 March 1748, and to the Prebend of Bole in York Cathedral 20 May 1756. He held these three latter pieces of preferment until his death. He died on Wednesday 20 April 1774 at his house in York (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 30 April 1774; Hardy's *Le Neve*, iii, 175).

Cole in his collections for an *Athenae Cantabrigienses* has the following note on him. "A cheerful, jolly, sporting companion, who loved his Bottle, though not to excess, and his friend. Very ingenious and much esteemed in the University in my time and with whom I had frequent intercourse, as he used to attend our College Parlour, and other meetings where I used to be. His father, I think, was a Dean or Dignitary in Cheshire, and he beneficed in the north" (Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5869).

P. 14 no. 25. Thomas Ince was ordained Deacon 28 July 1723 and Priest 20 June 1725 by the Bishop of Chester. He became a Minor Canon of Chester Cathedral. He was instituted Rector of Handley, co. Chester, 27 December 1735, on the presentation of the Dean and Chapter and held the living until his death 5 April 1766, aged 66. There is a monument to his memory in the south aisle of Chester Cathedral [Ormerod, *History of Cheshire* (ed. Helsby), i, 294].

P. 14 no. 26. This is probably the Goodricke Ingram who graduated from Trinity College, B.A. 1721, M.A. 1725, and was a Fellow of that College.

P. 14 no. 27. Arthur Cayley was ordained Deacon 19 September 1725 and Priest 17 September 1727. He was admitted to serve the Chapelries of Fyliny, Eskdale-side and Uggelbarnby in the parish of Whitby by the Archbishop of York 19 June 1734. He was instituted Vicar of Brompton, Yorks, 16 July 1728 on the presentation of his cousin Sir George Cayley, bart. He ceded this on his institution 13 December 1735 to the Rectory of Cowlam, Yorks, on the presentation of Charles Barnard of West Heslerton, and ceded Cowlam on his institution 3 October 1757 to the Rectory of Easington in Cleveland, this he held until 1761. He married 3 February 1743 at Trinity, Micklegate, York, Elizabeth Dickinson of Whitby (Foster, *Yorkshire Pedigrees*, Cayley of Brompton).

P. 14 no. 28. Charles Elsley, son of William Elsley, of Ryther, co. York, clerk, was admitted a student of Gray's Inn 10 July 1718 (Foster, *Gray's Inn Admission Register*).

See the admission of his father, Part ii, P. 115 no. 20.

P. 14 no. 30. William Charnley was ordained Deacon 24 May 1719 by the Bishop of London, and Priest 4 June 1721 by the Archbishop of York. He was licensed curate of Broughton, in the parish of Preston, co. Lancaster, 4 September 1721 by the Bishop of Chester. He was instituted Vicar of Brayton, Yorks, 27 October 1727, he was also Vicar of Selby, holding both preferments until his death 9 April 1748 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1748, p. 187, where he is called "an ingenious epigrammatist").

P. 14 no. 31. The name should be *Danson*, by which name William Danson graduated B.A. 1722, M.A. 1728. He was ordained Deacon 20 May 1722, and licensed next day to the curacy of Willoughton, co. Lincoln, by the Bishop of Lincoln; he was ordained Priest by the Archbishop of York 22 December 1723. He was instituted Vicar of Billesby, co. Lincoln, 21 July 1727, and held the living until 1747.

P. 15 no. 33. John Phillips was ordained Deacon 20 December 1724 and became curate of Fordham, co. Cambridge, he was ordained Priest 25 September 1726 and was licensed to the curacy of Downham, Norfolk, all by the Bishop of Norwich. He was instituted Rector of Mulbarton with Kenningham, Norfolk, 15 February 1728, and held the living until his death in 1737.

P. 15 no. 34. Samuel Prime, second son of Thomas Prime, late of Bury St Edmund's, Suffolk, grocer, deceased, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 20 January 1713, and was called to the Bar 27 November 1724. He became Serjeant-at-Law 4 June 1736 and King's Serjeant in 1745. On the 8th November 1745 the Judges and Bar presented an address to the King on the suppression of the Rebellion of that year, Serjeant Prime was one of two who obtained the honour of knighthood on November 23. Sir Samuel Prime married 23 August 1748 Hannah, daughter of E. Wilmot, Esquire, of Banstead, Surrey, and widow of John Sheppard of Ash Hall, Suffolk. He died 24 February 1777, aged 76. He had for some time previously ceased to practise. When Sir Samuel Prime retired from the Bar, Lord Thurlow used to say, "I drove Serjeant Prime from the Bar without intending it. I happened to be walking up and down Westminster Hall with him, while Dr Florence Hensey was on his trial in the King's Bench for High Treason. Serjeant Prime was at that time the King's Prime (or first) Serjeant. As usual he had precedence over all lawyers in the King's service. But the Ministers of that day, wishing to pay court to Sir Fletcher Norton, though he had at that time no other rank than King's Counsel, entrusted the trial to him. I happened to make this remark to Serjeant Prime: 'It is a little singular, Sir, that I should be walking up and down Westminster Hall with the King's Prime Serjeant while a trial at Bar for high treason is going on in that Court.' The expression struck him; he felt the affront put on him; he went the next morning, resigned his office, and retired from the profession."

Although the *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1777, p. 96a, describes him as "the Sir Fletcher Norton of his time," he is stated to have been a dull, wearisome advocate. One specimen of his argument has been preserved. Speaking upon one occasion he first extolled his own witnesses, and then hastened to depreciate those of his adversary. Having called attention to his 'gentlemen of repute,' "What!" said he, "is the enemy's battle array?

"Two butchers and a taylor,
Three hackney coachmen and a corn-cutter.
But in the rear of the column,
An Alderman of London *solus*."

(Woolrych, *Lives of Eminent Serjeants at Law*, ii, 551-561, there are many mistakes in this life; Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, viii, 553.)

William Cole in his collections for an *Athenae Cantabrigienses* has the following rambling statement (Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5878, fol. 77b, or p. 86) on Prime:

"Born at Bury, son of a Tallow-chandler, educated at St John's College, where he had a brother also. An excellent lawyer, but very haughty and stately. He flung up his Profession in disgust that Lord Camden was put over his head; and marrying the Widow Sheppard of Suffolk with a jointure of £1500 per annum, and

very young, being the daughter of Mr Wilmot of Banstead, an heiress of £20,000, he bought the house of the late Sir Godfrey Kneller at Whitton in Twittenham Parish, of 8 rooms on a floor and 40 acres of land about it. Sir Godfrey and Sir James Thornhill had painted the salon and staircase &c. in their best manner. He was a very handsome, tall man, but so immensely proud that it was disgusting to everyone. I remember the Recorder Pont, who was as proud, so most folks say, that on the circuits none dare take the liberty of calling in upon him in his Chamber, without giving previous notice. His pride however was much mortified at Bury Assembly one evening, where the ladies were complaining of the inconvenience of the smell and dripping of tallow candles. And made a motion to Serjeant Prime to request of the company if an additional sixpence a piece would be agreeable in order to have wax tapers. The Serjeant undertook the office and went round the room, and coming to a Mrs Craske, an old, peevish maiden lady, who bore him no good will, he acquainted her with the proposal. She said she had no exception to the additional expense, as it was agreeable to the company, otherwise it was a matter of indifference to her, for having lived next door to his father, who used to poison them with the smell of tallow when they made their candles, the smell was become familiar to her, and she added that she thought it must have made the same impression upon himself. The Serjeant died at Whitten 24 February 1777, aged 76, and was buried in the Temple Church, where his son, lately of St John's College, but now married and has two children, means to erect a monument to him. He left his Lady the interest of £30,000 and his son £70,000.

"Mr Walpole in his *Anecdotes of Painting in England*, Vol. iii, p. 123, edit. 2, 1765, at Strawsberry Hill (given to me by the Hon. Author, as was the former edition), expressly says that Sir Godfrey Kneller, being displeased with Sir James Thornhill, whom he had intended should paint the staircase at Whitton, employed Laguerre, so that Dr Ewin's story is so far deficient."

See the admission of Sir Samuel Prime's son, P. 172 no. 13.

P. 15 no. 35. Robert Ascham was ordained Deacon (as Askham) by the Bishop of Lincoln 24 September 1727 and was licensed next day to the curacy of Lilley, Herts, he was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Peterborough 16 March 172 $\frac{1}{2}$ and licensed to the curacy of Newton with Geddington, Northamptonshire.

Dingley Askham (the father) was Sheriff of Cambridgeshire and Huntingdonshire from 31 December 1741 to 16 December 1742.

P. 15 no. 36. Thomas Leyland was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Ely 20 February 172 $\frac{1}{2}$, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Chichester. He then stated that he was born in the county of Lancaster in the year 1700. He was instituted Vicar of West Dean, Sussex, 14 February 172 $\frac{1}{2}$ and Rector of Singleton in the same county 24 September 1743. He held both livings until his death 2 October 1763; he was buried at West Dean.

P. 15 no. 38. Samuel Sidebottom, son of Samuel Sidebottom, of Oldham, co. Lancaster, gentleman, matriculated at Oxford from Brasenose College 22 June 1709, aged 19, he proceeded to the B.A. degree 4 February 171 $\frac{1}{2}$ and took the M.A. degree at Cambridge from St John's in 1718. He was instituted Rector of Middleton, Lancashire, 26 March 1714 on the presentation of Queen Anne (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He held the living until his death 22 May 1752. He married Mary, daughter of Alexander Radcliffe, of Foxdenton. She died in 1784; they left issue, Radclyffe Sidebottom, of Sutton Common, Chiswick, Middlesex, and a daughter, Frances, who married 11 August 1772 her cousin Robert Radcliff of Foxdenton (Baines, *History of Lancashire*, ed. Croston, ii, 404).

P. 15 no. 39. Richard Peake, son of Richard Peake, of London, *plebeius*, matriculated at Oxford from Queen's College 10 April 1712, aged 17. He proceeded to the degree of B.A. in 1715 and took the M.A. degree at Cambridge from St John's. He was curate of Hammersmith (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*, Rawlinson vi, 60).

P. 16 no. 40. John Dewhurst was buried 21 November 1718 (*Parish Register of All Saints, Cambridge*).

P. 16 no. 41. Michael Burton, the father, of Holmesfield and Wirksworth, co. Derby, was admitted a student of Gray's Inn 25 May 1691, he migrated to the Inner Temple 9 July 1701, and was called to the Bar in Trinity Term 1702. He married Mary, one of the three daughters and coheirs of Henry Wigley of Wigwall. Michael Burton became a Justice of the Peace for the county of Derby 1702,

Deputy Lieutenant in 1711. He died 28 December 1719, and was buried at St Martin-in-the-Fields, London. John Burton, the son, was born at Wigwall 22 April 1699. He was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 2 February 171 $\frac{2}{3}$, and was called to the Bar 29 June 1734. On 16 June 1723 he married Ann, daughter of Joseph Rogers, of Cowley in Dronfield. She died 9 February 1757 and was buried at Dronfield (Hunter, *Familiae Minorum Gentium*, Harleian Soc. Publ. xxxvii, 340, where there is a pedigree).

P. 16 no. 42. Michael Burton was baptized at Wirksworth 27 February 1700 (Glover, *History of Derbyshire*, ii, 289). He was ordained Deacon by the Archbishop of York 22 September 1723, and Priest by the Bishop of Ely 18 December 1726. He was licensed to the curacy of Little Shelford 19 December 1726. He became a Fellow of the College under somewhat peculiar circumstances. He was a candidate for a Fellowship on the Beresford Foundation appropriated to Founder's kin or to a native of Derbyshire. The contest for the Fellowship lay between Michael Burton and Samuel Pegge (*q.v.*). Mr Burton had the stronger claim, being indubitably related to the Founder, but upon examination was declared to be so very deficient in literature, that his superior right, as Founder's kin, was set aside, on account of the insufficiency of his learning, and Samuel Pegge was elected and admitted Fellow 21 March 172 $\frac{2}{3}$. In consequence of this disappointment Burton was obliged to take new ground to enable him to procure an establishment in the world, and therefore artfully applied to the College for a testimonial, that he might receive Orders and undertake some cure in the vicinity of Cambridge. Being ordained, he turned the circumstance into a manœuvre and took an unexpected advantage of it, by appealing to Dr Thomas Greene, Bishop of Ely, as Visitor of the College, representing that, as the College had by the testimonial thought him qualified for ordination, it could not, in justice, deem him unworthy of becoming a Fellow of the Society upon such forcible claims as Founder's kin, and also as a native of Derbyshire. These were irresistible pleas on the part of Burton, and the Visitor ejected Pegge, declaring his election void, and ordered Burton to be admitted. This was done under protest and under threat of deprivation, but saving the right of the Crown, by William Edmundson, President of the College, on 6 September 1727 (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, vi, 226, 227; *History of St John's College*, 304). The proceedings in this appeal of Burton *v.* Pegge with 47 foolscap pages of Beresford Pedigrees from the College of Arms and copies of Monumental Inscriptions and other records are preserved among the Episcopal Records at Ely (*Ely Episcopal Records*, 62).

One Michael Burton was instituted Vicar of Hathersage, co. Derby, 30 July 1728, and held the living until 1739. This was probably the member of St John's. But Dr Burton resided in Cambridge, for he was appointed Sacrist of the College 24 February 173 $\frac{2}{3}$, holding this until February 174 $\frac{5}{8}$. He was appointed Vicar of St Clement's, Cambridge, in 1741 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1741, p. 666). He was also appointed by the College to be parochial Chaplain of Horningsey, co. Cambridge, 10 July 1741, holding this until 1754. He was appointed President of the College 18 February 174 $\frac{5}{8}$, holding this until 1753. During the same period he was also Bakehouse Bursar. He was presented by the College 12 June 1749 to the Rectory of Barrow, Suffolk. But, as under the will of the donor of the advowson, the College had to present the 'Senior Divine then Fellow of the College,' Dr John Rutherforth (*q.v.*) appealed to the Visitor on the ground that while Burton was senior to him as Fellow he was junior to him in standing from the D.D. Degree (Burton was B.A. 1721, D.D. 1749; Rutherforth B.A. 1729, D.D. 1745). The Bishop of Ely took this view and decided in favour of Rutherforth. So that Burton's presentation was cancelled. Burton was presented by the College to the Rectory of Staplehurst, Kent, 16 January 1752 and instituted 24 February, holding the living until his death. The *Parish Register* of Staplehurst contains the following entries:

"*In Rei Memoriam.* July 10th 1756 Michael Burton, Dr in Divinity and Rector "of Staplehurst, was married at St Clement Danes, London, to Mrs Ann Hicks, "Daughter of Sir Henry Hikes, Baronet, late of Chigwell in the County of "Essex."

"March 8th, 1759. The Rev. Dr Burton, Rector of Staplehurst, was buried in "the Chancel, south side, by the stone coffin. He died on the third day of March "exactly at half-an-hour past six in the morning."

See also Harl. Soc. Publ. xxxvii, 341, where there is a pedigree.

P. 16 no. 43. Major Best was instituted Rector of Wolverdington, Warwickshire, 26 April 1734, holding the living until 1754. In 1743 his name appears as a subscriber to Richardson's *Godwin*, when he is described as Master of St Olave's School, Southwark.

On 16 April 1697 John Best, the father, described as of St Mary, Woolnoth, bachelor, 29, was licensed to marry Mrs Sara Stanton, of St Olave, Southwark, Surrey, with the consent of her father, Major Stanton, at Redderiff (Rotherhithe) or... (Foster, *London Marriage Licenses*).

P. 16 no. 44. John Holbrooke was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of London 18 December 1720.

P. 16 no. 1. One Patrick Chaworth was returned as M.P. for East Retford 26 March 1722. This is probably the Patrick Chaworth of St John's. The father appears to have been dead in 1720; see the admission of two other sons, P. 23 nos. 28 and 29 and the note on Pole Chaworth.

P. 16 no. 2. Charles Steer was a brother of William Steer (admitted 14 April 1701; Part ii, P. 157 no. 2). He was the sixth and youngest son of his parents, baptized 23 February 1698. He was ordained Deacon 9 June 1723, and Priest 4 June 1732 by the Archbishop of York. He was presented by his brother William to the Vicarage or Chapelry of Bradfield in 1723, resigning this in 1741 for the Rectory of Handsworth, both county York. He married Mary Bacon of Bradfield at Ecclesfield 9 December 1725. He died 2 February 1752, aged 54. There is a monument to his memory in the south side of the chancel of Handsworth Church (Eastwood, *History of the Parish of Ecclesfield*, 236, 462, 524; *Manchester School Register*, i, 50; Hunter, *Familiae Minorum Gentium*, Harleian Soc. Publ. xxxviii, 8, 19, where there is a pedigree).

P. 16 no. 3. Thomas Boughton and Mary Goodyer, married 4 July 1700. Thomas, son of Mr Thomas Boughton, baptized 8 January 1704 (King's Cliffe *Parish Register*). The family name is found in the parish registers very early (Mr Justin Simpson). Thomas Boughton did not graduate.

P. 16 no. 4. One John Burnaby of Kensington, Middlesex, widower, was licensed 7 May 1700 to marry Clara Wood, of St James's, Westminster, spinster, about 29, and at her own disposal, at St Margaret, Westminster.

John Burnaby of St Giles-in-the-Fields, gentleman, widower, about 26, was on 16 May 1673 licensed to marry Mary Stonell, of Camberwell, Surrey, spinster, about 26, and at her own disposal, at St James's, Duke's Place, London, or Camberwell (Foster, *London Marriage Licenses*). These may refer to John Burnaby, the father.

P. 16 no. 5. George Husey was admitted a Fellow of the College 3 April 1723. He was ordained Deacon 22 December 1723 by the Bishop of Oxford, and Priest 20 September 1724 by the Bishop of Peterborough, when he was licensed to the curacy of Stanwick, Northamptonshire. He was elected by the College to the sinecure Rectory of Aberdaron, Carnarvonshire, 22 June 1737, his presentation being dated 12 July, he was instituted by the Archbishop of Canterbury 2 August. He was presented by Charles Seymour, Duke of Somerset, Baron Seymour of Trowbridge, to the Rectory of Trowbridge, Wilts, and instituted 25 May 1730 (Phillipps, *Institutiones Clericorum in Comitatu Wiltoniae*, ii, 62). In the church of Seend, Wiltshire, is a monument with this inscription; "Near this Marble are interred the remains of George Husey, B.D., Formerly Fellow of St John's College in Cambridge, Chaplain to his Grace the Duke of Somerset &c., Rector of Trowbridge in Wilts, where he died ye 14th of July 1741 in ye 40th year of his age. Also of George Husey, his only son, Who having attained to the age of 19 died June 6th 1758, Having merited the Esteem of all that knew him. By a Temper and Deportment Truly Affable and Humane, He died unacquainted with a Foe, and much lamented by all his Friends. Mary Husey, the inconsolable Widow, caused this Monument to be erected in the year 1756, to preserve amongst others the Memory of a most affectionate Husband and a very dutiful Son. Near this place lyeth the Body of Mary, wife of the Rev^d George Husey, only daughter of John Houlton, Esq. and Mary his wife."

Arms: Argent, 3 barrulets Gules. Crest: A demi-man drinking out of a pitcher (*Genealogist*, iii, 319).

The *Parish Register* of Corfe Mullen, Dorset, contains the following entry

among the baptisms: 16³³/₁₀₀ February, 1 'Gorge son of Robard Husey' (Rev. C. H. Mayo, Vicar of Long Burton, Sherborne).

P. 17 no. 6. Thomas, son of Thomas Beadles, grocer, and Jane his wife, was baptized in St Paul's Church, Bedford, 8 October 1699. Thomas Beadles, the elder, married Jane Wales in the same church, 20 November 1698 (Blaydes, *Genealogia Bedfordiensis*, 39). One Thomas Beadles was instituted Vicar of Thurleigh, Beds, 5 September 1734, and held the living until 1748.

P. 17 no. 8. Henry Robinson was ordained Deacon 14 July 1723 and Priest 20 September 1724 by the Bishop of Norwich, on the latter occasion he was licensed as curate to Mr Jenkin at Tilney. He was probably the Henry Robinson who held the following benefices, all in Norfolk. Instituted Vicar of Wiggenghall, St Germans 16 March 172³/₄, Vicar of Wiggenghall, St Peter 17 November 1729, Vicar of Terrington 1 April 1740 (he then ceded Wiggenghall, St Peter), and Rector of Watlington, 31 January 1765. He held the two last named with Wiggenghall St Germans until 1767.

P. 17 no. 9. Michael Nickins was admitted a Fellow of the College 3 April 1723, his Fellowship was filled up in March 173³/₄. He was ordained Deacon 19 September 1725 and Priest 25 September 1726 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was presented by the College to the Vicarage of Higham, Kent, 23 March 173¹/₂ and instituted 15 April 1732. He held the living until his death in 1738.

P. 17 no. 10. John Wright was son of Richard Wright of Louth, by Sarah, daughter of John Ely of Utterby, co. Lincoln. He was ordained Deacon 9 June 1723 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Grainsby, co. Lincoln, 2 November 1726, and was buried there 11 February 1784, aged 83 (Rev. A. R. Maddison).

P. 17 no. 11. William Howdell was ordained Deacon 23 September 1722 by the Archbishop of York, and Priest 19 September 1725 by the Archbishop of Canterbury, in Croydon Chapel. On 20 September 1725 the Archbishop of Canterbury licensed him to be curate to Dr Balthasar Regis, Rector of Adisham, Kent. He was instituted Rector of Bircholt, Kent, 30 September 1731 (Patron, the King, by lapse), and Vicar of Leysdown, or Leesdown, in the Isle of Sheppey, 12 March 173¹/₄. He appears to have resigned Leysdown almost at once but to have held Bircholt until 1743. See the admissions of his sons, P. 106 no. 35 and P. 115 no. 18.

P. 17 no. 12. George Kenyon, the father, was a member of the College. See Part ii, P. 82 no. 30. Roger Kenyon, son and heir of George Kenyon, of Salford, co. Lancaster, esquire, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 21 April 1719. He died while at College, and was buried 4 June 1721 (*Parish Register of All Saints, Cambridge*).

P. 17 no. 13. George Kenyon, second son of George Kenyon, of Salford. co. Lancaster, esquire, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple, 21 April 1719, and was called to the Bar 20 May 1726. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 16 March 172³/₄. He succeeded his father at Peale. He married Peregrina, younger daughter and coheir of Robert Eddowes of Gredington, co. Flint, and Eagle Hall, co. Chester. He died 28 December 1780 leaving issue (Croston's edition of Baines' *History of Lancashire*, iii, 148). George Kenyon incorporated as M.A. at Oxford 13 June 1750 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*).

P. 17 no. 14. Pedigrees of the Riccard family are given in Hunter's *Deanery of Doncaster*, i, 176 and in *The Genealogist*, iii, 352, but neither pedigree includes John Peter Riccard.

P. 17 no. 15. John Hope, the father, was a member of the College (Part ii, P. 86 no. 29). William Hope took the degree of M.B. in 1724 and M.D. in 1728. He was born 23 October 1701 and died 1 February 1776, he was buried in St Alkmund's Church, Derby. He married at Rushall, co. Stafford, 13 October 1729, Jane, only daughter of Edward Perry, of Bilston, co. Stafford. She was born 13 March 170⁹/₁₀ and died 2 May 1779 (Glover, *History of Derbyshire*, ii, 564, where there is a pedigree). Their son Charles Hope was admitted a member of the College 25 June 1750 (Part iii, P. 132 no. 24).

P. 17 no. 16. Robert Butterwood was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of London 21 February 172³/₄ and Priest by the Archbishop of York 15 September 1726 and

licensed to a curacy in the parish church of Rossington, Yorks. He was instituted Rector of Claxby with Normanby, co. Lincoln, 21 December 1734, and Vicar of Claxby in the same county 29 May 1740.

P. 17 no. 17. Thomas Piggott, gentleman, son and heir of Robert Piggott of the City of Chester, gentleman, was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 6 February 1729.

P. 17 no. 18. Thomas 'Cooke' graduated B.A. as Coke in 1722. His father, Thomas Coke, was a Fellow of the College (see his admission, Part ii, P. 45 no. 30), he signed as Thomas Coke on admission to his Fellowship. He married 1 September 1698 Sarah, daughter and heir of William Willett of Derby, and died at Allestree 26 May 1699, aged 44. Thomas Coke the younger was born 30 July 1699 after the death of his father, his mother also died when he was young. He was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn 24 October 1724 when he is described as "of Stapenhill, near Burton-on-Trent, generousus." He was called to the Bar 30 April 1730. He married 2 March 1736 at All Saints, Derby, Matilda, daughter and heir of Thomas Goodwin of Derby, barrister-at-law. In 1768 he was one of the Trustees appointed by Act of Parliament for the sale of part of the Nun's Green, Derby, and for applying the money for the improvement of the remainder of the said Green. On a pillar in the chancel of All Saints Church, Derby, there is a monument with the following inscription: "In a vault near this pillar are deposited the remains of Thomas Coke, Esq., and Matilda his wife. He departed this life on the 15th of November 1776, aged 76; she on the first of August 1777, aged 71. They lived together man and wife more than 40 years (in times not abounding with such instances) in perfect harmony and affection, and in the evening of their days, when this world could afford nothing to them but what is inseparably the lot of humanity in so advanced a period, infirmities, they followed each other to a better and more perfect state: where they will receive the reward of their virtues. They left one son and three daughters. Out of filial gratitude and from a sincere respect, this monument was erected to their memory by their only son Daniel Parker Coke."

Daniel Parker Coke, the son who erected the monument, was of Queen's and All Souls Colleges, Oxford. He was M.P. for Derby and Nottingham, and was a man of some eminence. He died 8 December 1825 (Major J. T. Coke, *Coke of Trusley, a Family History*, 31, 32, where there are pedigrees; Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*).

P. 18 no. 19. Robert Brage, son and heir of William Brage of Hatfield Peverell, Essex, esquire, was admitted a student of Gray's Inn 23 May 1717. He was called to the Bar 26 November 1724 and became a Bencher 27 May 1742. He married a daughter of Thomas Davy and granddaughter of Sir Samuel Tryon, bart. He died *s.p.* 1759.

William Brage, the father, son and heir apparent of Francis Brage of the City of Norwich, gentleman, was admitted a student of Gray's Inn 10 May 1680. He was of Hatfield Peverell on the death of his father. See the admission of another son, P. 55 no. 5 (Foster, *Collectanea Genealogica*, ii, Register of Admissions to Gray's Inn, 94).

P. 18 no. 20. Thomas Peke, the father, married Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Anthony Ball of Bruxley. Thomas Peke died in 1701, aged 29. His widow married Robert Minehard and died in 1751 (Berry, *Pedigrees of Families in the County of Kent*, 351). Edward Peke, only son of Thomas Peke of Hills Court near Sandwich, Kent, esquire, deceased, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 24 November 1720. He died in 1753 without issue.

P. 18 no. 21. William Bowes took the B.A. degree in 1722. One of these names held the following preferments in Lincolnshire: instituted Rector of Tothill 28 August 1725; Rector of Muckton 18 March 1733 and Rector of Scrivelsby 21 August 1731. He ceded Muckton on his institution to Scrivelsby, which he held with Tothill until 1751.

P. 18 no. 22. George Goodday, son and heir of George Goodday of Fornham All Saints, Suffolk, esquire, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 30 May 1719. George Goodday of Fornham was High Sheriff of Suffolk from 16 January 1751 to 14 January 1752.

P. 18 no. 23. The name of this person seems to have been spelled as Turnor as well as Turner. He graduated as Turnor, B.A. 1723, M.A. 1729. He was ordained Deacon 5 March 172 $\frac{3}{4}$ and licensed to the curacy of Ufford, Northamptonshire, by the Bishop of Peterborough. He subscribes as Turnor, stating that he was born in Middlesex. He is probably the Thomas Turner who was ordained Priest 25 July 1728 by the Bishop of London. He had been curate of Walkern, Herts. He was instituted Vicar of St Nicholas in Newcastle-on-Tyne 27 July 1728 and inducted 2 August following. He came in by option, having been presented by the Executors of Sir William Dawes, Archbishop of York. He died 1 June 1760, aged 56, and was buried in the chancel of St Nicholas' Church. There was a portrait of him in the possession of Mr Thomas Gaul, wine-merchant in Newcastle, who married his niece. He married Martha, daughter of Francis Winnington of Broadway, co. Worcester; she survived her husband and was buried in St Nicholas' Church 22 September 1771, aged 74. Thomas Turnor published a Sermon preached before the Sons of the Clergy in St Nicholas' Church 6 September 1731 [on James i. 27], dedicated to the Bishop of Durham and printed at Newcastle; also a Sermon preached at the same church 18 December 1745, being the Public Fast, on the text of St Matthew, 'Moreover when ye fast be not as the hypocrites' (Brand, *History of Newcastle*, i, 310). Thomas Turnor, the elder, was probably the person of that name, son and heir of Bernard Turnor of Little Court, co. Herts, deceased, who was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 25 February 169 $\frac{3}{4}$, and was called to the Bar 26 May 1704.

P. 18 no. 24. This is probably the Richard Russell who was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Hereford 11 September 1726. He was instituted Rector of St Devereux, co. Hereford, 19 May 1733. He apparently held the living until 1771.

P. 18 no. 27. Martin Annesley was the son of Francis Annesley, who entered St John's on the next day (Nichols, *Literary Illustrations*, iv, 407). He was ordained Deacon 5 June (when he was licensed to the curacy of Boothby, co. Lincoln) and Priest 10 July 1726, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Bucklebury, Berks, 13 July 1726, holding this until 1747; and Rector of Frilsham or Fridlesham in the same county 20 May 1730. On 13 May 1730, when he is described as Chaplain to Montague, Earl of Abingdon, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Bucklebury (valued at £120) with Frilsham (valued at £60), the two livings being contiguous. He was collated to the Prebend of Alton South in Salisbury Cathedral 25 April, and installed 26 May 1744. This he held with the Rectory of Frilsham until his death in 1749. He married 12 December 1732 Mary, daughter and coheir of William Hanbury, esq., of Little Marcle, co. Hereford (Burke's *Peerage*, Viscount Valentia; Hardy's *Le Neve*, ii, 671).

P. 18 no. 28. Francis Annesley of Cloghmaghericatt, co. Down, and Thorganby, Yorks, was the father of Martin Annesley, whose entry immediately precedes his own. He was the son of Francis Annesley (a younger son of Francis Annesley who filled many high positions in Ireland and was created Viscount Valentia 11 March 1621 and Baron Mountnorris of Mountnorris, co. Armagh, 8 February 1628) and Deborah, daughter of Henry Jones, Bishop of Meath (Burke's *Peerage*, Viscount Valentia). Francis Annesley was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 6 November 1684, was called to the Bar 2 June 1690, and became a Bencher of the Inn 8 February 171 $\frac{3}{4}$, took the M.A. degree at Cambridge in 1719. He was M.P. for Downpatrick 1695-9, again in 1703, but in September of that year he was expelled the Irish House of Commons for being the author of a paragraph in a Report (printed in London) of the Commissioners appointed by Parliament to inquire into the Irish forfeited estates (of which he was one of the trustees), which the House resolved, scandalously and maliciously misrepresented and traduced the protestant freeholders of Ireland, and thereby endeavoured to create a misunderstanding between the people of England and the protestants of Ireland. He sat again for Downpatrick 1713-14. In 1705 he was elected M.P. for Preston in Lancashire. He stood again in 1710 but was defeated. He petitioned against the election in December 1710, alleging undue practices against his opponent. The petition was renewed in December 1711, but withdrawn in January 171 $\frac{1}{2}$. He was M.P. for Westbury 1705-15 and 1722-34. In 1710 he was the first who promoted in the House of Commons the building of fifty new churches in London, and was

Chairman of the Committee, and also one of the Commissioners appointed by the Act of Parliament for building these churches. He married (1) on 5 July 1695, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Joseph Martin, Knt., of London; (2) in July 1732, Elizabeth, daughter of John Crole of Rochester and widow of William Gmelton of Summerfield Hall, Kent, she died *s.p.* 20 May 1736; (3) on 31 August 1737, Sarah, only daughter of William Sloane of Portsmouth, widow of Sir Richard Fowler, Knt., of Harnage Grange, Salop. By his first wife he had with other issue three sons. He died 7 August 1750 (Bean, *Parliamentary Representation of the six northern Counties of England*, 398, 414; Foster, *Collectanea Genealogica*, i (Members of Parliament, Ireland) 13; see also a letter from Thomas Browne, Nichols, *Literary Illustrations*, iv, 407).

P. 18 no. 29. The father, Matthew Mason, was of St John's (admitted 7 January 167 $\frac{2}{3}$, Part ii, P. 47 no. 10, B.A. 1677, M.A. 1681, admitted Fellow 30 March 1680). Maidwell (or Maydwell) Mason seems to have migrated to Sidney Sussex College, from which College he graduated as B.A. 1722. Thomas Mason, alias Castlin, was instituted to Ashwell Rectory, Rutland, 23 February 164 $\frac{2}{3}$ on the presentation of Sir Guy Palmes, Knt. He was twice imprisoned at Nottingham, commanded an independent company at Belvoir Castle, and conducted King Charles I. from Newark to Banbury. For this he was deprived of his Living by the parliamentary authorities in 1645 or early in 1646. He was plaintiff and Sir Charles Clapham, Knt., defendant in an action in the Court of Exchequer respecting a payment of 8*l.* per annum for tithe. Three depositions were taken by commission, namely at the Crown Inn, Oakham, 1 October, 18 Car. II. (1666), before Edward Falkner, esq., William Roberts and Richard Goodman, gents. At Stamford, 11 January 166 $\frac{2}{3}$, before Edward Falkner, esq., William Mapletoft and Richard Goodman, gents. And again before the same Commissioners at Stamford, 11 January 166 $\frac{2}{3}$.

Ashwell *Parish Registers* which commence in 1595 have the following entries.

Baptisms:

- 164 $\frac{2}{3}$ Mary, daughter of John Mason als. Caslin, 3 Feb.
- 1646 Abigail, daughter of Thomas and Mary Mason, 12 Nov.
- 164 $\frac{2}{3}$ Jane Mason als. Caslin, daughter of John Mason and Anne, 14 March.
- 1661 Anne Holland, daughter of William and Margaret Holland, 7 May.

A marginal note says: "y^e first y^t was baptized by T. M. (Thomas Mason) after his restoring."

- 1665 John, son of Thomas Mason, Clerk, and Anne, 23 August.
- 1679 William, 18 August, and Francis, 22 March 168 $\frac{2}{3}$, sons of Mr Francis Mason and Anne.

Burials: Under the year 1660 is this memorandum: "This year Mr Levett (Richard Levett, instituted 14 May 1646) was turned out sequestrator." And under the baptisms for the same year "exit Mr Levett."

- 165 $\frac{2}{3}$ Constance Mason, 8 March.
- 1680 Thomas Mason, Rector y^e 30 October having enjoyed his rectory of Ashwell 20 years after his 16 years' sequestration.
- 1682 Mr John Mason, 13 July.
- 169 $\frac{2}{3}$ Mrs Anne Barker, wife of Mr Henry Barker and daughter of Mr Thomas Mason and Anne, 19 March.
- 1700 Mrs Mason, the widow of Mr Thomas Mason and mother of Mr Mason, Rector, 10 December.
- 1714 Mr Mathew Mason, Rector, 30 March.

Thomas Roberts, of Wardley, co. Rutland, esq., by will dated 12 April 1743, proved P.C.C. 24 October 1744 (243 Anstis), bequeathed 10*l.* to his godson Maydwell Mason, son of Mr Mason, Vicar of Horninghold (Mr Justin Simpson). Maidwell Mason was instituted Vicar of Horninghold, co. Leicester, 22 December 1729 and held the living until 1746.

P. 18 no. 30. James Sheepshanks was ordained Deacon 20 December 1724 by the Bishop of Lincoln and Priest by the Bishop of London 28 May 1727. He was instituted Vicar of Mountnessing, Essex, 29 May 1727, ceding this on his institution 4 May 1733 to the Vicarage of Little Wakering, Essex. He held the latter living until 1744. The *Parish Register* of Linton in Craven has the following entry: James, son of James Sheepshanks of Linton, baptized the 10 day of November 1702.

P. 18 no. 31. The name should be Rycroft. Henry Rycroft of St John's pro-

ceeded B.A. 1722 and M.A. 1736. He was ordained Deacon by the Archbishop of York 9 June 1723. He was instituted Vicar of Kirkby Stephen, co. Westmorland, 27 May 1734 and held the living until 1746.

P. 18 no. 32. Sacheverel Floyer married Susanna Floyer, daughter of John Floyer of Longden. He died 3rd and was buried 6th August 1735, leaving no issue (Shaw, *History of Staffordshire*, ii, 21, where there is a pedigree).

P. 18 no. 33. Josias Haygarth was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of London 20 December 1724.

P. 18 no. 34. William Grainger was ordained Deacon 9 June 1723 and Priest 21 February 172 $\frac{1}{2}$ by the Bishop of London. He was instituted Rector of St Andrew by the Wardrobe with St Anne's, Blackfriars, in the City of London, 18 December 1736 and held the living until his death 18 February 1759 (Hennessey, *Novum Repertorium*, 88).

P. 19 no. 35. Caleb Smith was ordained Deacon 21 September 1723 by the Bishop of Peterborough, he being then Master of the Free School at Northampton. He then stated that he was born at Farndale in the parish of Kirby Moor. He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Lincoln 20 December 1730.

P. 19 no. 36. William Mordin entered Merchant Taylors' School 12 September 1712, it is then stated that he was born 7 October 1703 (Robinson, *Merchant Taylors' School Register*, ii, 34). He took the B.A. degree from St John's in 1722, he was elected Fellow of Sidney in 1724 and took the M.A. degree from that College in 1726. He was Dean of Sidney (see the certificate, P. 71 no. 4). He was ordained Deacon 21 February 172 $\frac{1}{2}$, and Priest 26 February 172 $\frac{2}{2}$ by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Woodwalton, Hunts, 20 August 1736, ceding this on his institution 7 January 175 $\frac{1}{2}$ to the Rectory of Merrow, Surrey, he was also instituted Vicar of Shalford cum Bramley, Surrey, 31 May 1755. On 26 May 1755, when he is described as Chaplain to Richard, Lord Onslow, he received a dispensation to hold both these livings, stated to be of the respective values of £74 and £120 and to be 3 miles apart. He held both livings until his death in 1760. He published *A Collection of State Papers relating to affairs in the reign of Elizabeth from 1571 to 1596, transcribed from original papers and other authentic memorials left by W. Cecill, Lord Burghley, and reposed in the library at Hatfield House, London, 1759, folio* (on this see Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, ii, 329, v, 288 note).

P. 19 no. 37. Moses Lloyd was admitted a Fellow of the College 29 March 1726, his fellowship was filled up again 28 March 1732. He was instituted Rector of Fornsett St Mary with St Peter 23 December 1730 and held the living until his death 4 July 1764 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 14 July 1764; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1764, p. 350).

P. 19 no. 38. Nathaniel Wainhouse, the father, was of Emmanuel College, B.A. 1688, M.A. 1692. He was Vicar of Silkstone, Yorks, and Prebendary of Fridaythorpe in York Cathedral.

Richard Wainhouse was ordained Deacon 9 June 1723 and Priest 15 August 1725 by the Archbishop of York, on this last occasion he was licensed to the curacy of Beeford, Yorks, with a salary of £30. He was instituted Vicar of Sturton, Notts, 29 December 1730, ceding this on his institution 10 December 1734 to the Vicarage of Nether-Wallopp, Hants. He was instituted Vicar of Keevil, Wilts, 7 August 1735, on the presentation of the Dean and Chapter of Winchester (Phillipps, *Institutiones Wiltoniae*, ii, 65). He held both these preferments until his death in 1761. He was also Chaplain to Charles, Duke of St Albans, and Prebendary of Bath Abbey. He was the author of (i) *A Sermon On Rebellion* [1 Tim. vi. 5], 1745, 8vo; (ii) *A Sermon On Rebellion* [2 Tim. ii. 24], 1745, 8vo, a second edition of this latter sermon was published at Bath in 1757, (4to), *With a conference between a Popish priest and the Rev. Mr Wainhouse, occasioned by the foregoing sermon. Wherein it is shewn, that the God of the Papists may be eat by a mouse; that the adoration of the host is the greatest idolatry that ever was, &c.*

The *Gentleman's Magazine* for 1813, p. 668 b, announces the death at Leeds of Mr Richard Wainhouse, son of the late Mr Wainhouse, Vicar of Keevil.

P. 19 no. 40. This is probably the Samuel Jones who was ordained Deacon 9 August 1724 and Priest 11 September 1726 by the Bishop of Hereford. He was

instituted Rector of Frodesley, Salop, 13 August 1741, and Vicar of St Alkmund's, Shrewsbury, 14 February 1758. His successor at Frodesley was instituted in 1760, but he held St Alkmund's until his death 2 February 1763 (Owen and Blakeway, *History of Shrewsbury*, ii, 282, where he is described as of Llandysil).

P. 19 no. 41. Thomas Battersby was ordained Priest 5 June 1726 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed next day to the curacy of Gedney, co. Lincoln.

P. 19 no. 42. Lewis Crusius took the degree of M.A. *per literas Regias* in 1737. He was Headmaster of the Charterhouse from 1745 to 1769. He was collated to the Prebend of Llanthwll in the Collegiate Church of Brecon (St David's) 18 May 1748, and to the First Prebend in Worcester Cathedral 20 December 1751. He was instituted Vicar of Stoke Prior, co. Worcester, 18 March 1754, ceding this on his institution to the Vicarage of Bedwardine St John, co. Worcester, 28 May 1764. With the exception of the Vicarage of Stoke Prior, he held all his ecclesiastical preferments until his death. In the Piazza of the Charterhouse is a stone with this inscription: "Lewis Crusius, 23 May 1775, aged 74; Ann Crusius, 1782, aged 76" (*Historical Account of the Charterhouse*, 276; *Dictionary of National Biography*). He was the author of *The Lives of the Roman Poets; containing a critical and historical account of them and their writings; with large Quotations of their most celebrated passages as far as was necessary to compare and illustrate their several excellencies, as well as to discover in what they were deficient. To which is added a chronological table; together with an introduction concerning the origin and progress of poetry, etc.* 2 vols., London, 1733, 12mo. This was translated into German with the title: *Lebensbeschreibung der römischen Dichter...aus dem Englischen mit Anmerkungen von C. H. Schmid.* 2 Bde. Halle, 1777, 8vo.

Dr Herring, Archbishop of Canterbury, conferred the degree of D.D. on Lewis Crusius 7 May 1754.

P. 19 no. 43. John Emerson was ordained Deacon 22 December 1723 and Priest 23 May 1725 by the Bishop of London. He is probably the John Emerson who was instituted Rector of Wixoe, Suffolk, 2 January 172 $\frac{7}{8}$ and Rector of Little Hallingbury, Essex, 6 April 1734; both livings were vacant in 1766. Another John Emmerson or Emerson was instituted Rector of Middleton in Teasdale 12 January 173 $\frac{29}{30}$, Rector of Staynton le Street 3 October 1749, and Rector of Winston 1 April 1754, all co. Durham; he ceded Staynton on his institution to Winston, but held the other two livings until 1774. But the fact that John Emerson, of St John's, was ordained in London makes it probable that he held the southern livings.

P. 19 no. 44. Nathaniel Leftwiche, son of Thomas Leftwiche of the City of Chester, clerk, matriculated at Oxford from Brasenose College 20 March 170 $\frac{6}{7}$, aged 19. He took the B.A. degree from New College 1 February 171 $\frac{1}{2}$, he incorporated at Cambridge in 1719 and took the M.A. degree from St John's in 1719 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*).

P. 20 no. 45. David Havard, son of Thomas Havard of Llanybyther, co. Carmarthen, matriculated at Oxford from Jesus College 7 July 1694, aged 18. He took the B.A. degree at Oxford in 1698 and the M.A. at Cambridge from St John's in 1719. He was instituted Rector of Llanvihangel-juxta-Usk, co. Monmouth, 27 February 1 $\frac{29}{30}$, this he held till 1709. He was appointed Cursal Canon in St David's 3 September 1709. He was instituted Vicar of Abergwilly, co. Carmarthen, 28 September 1709, holding this until 1757. He was instituted Rector of Llanedy, co. Carnarvon, 24 June 1721, holding it until 1752. He was collated to the Prebend of Llansanfraid in the Collegiate Church of Brecon (St David's) 7 July 1733, and this he also held until 1757 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*).

P. 20 no. 46. John Morgan was admitted a Fellow of the College 16 March 172 $\frac{1}{2}$, he became a Senior Fellow 29 December 1743 but ceded his Seniority in November 1749, his Fellowship was filled up again in 1751. He was admitted a Medical Fellow 22 December 1727, which would allow him to retain his Fellowship without taking orders. He was however ordained and took the B.D. degree in 1734. Cole says of him (MSS. Cole xxi, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5822, fol. 109b): "Mr Morgan, B.D., Rector of Medbourne in Leicestershire, from St John's, formerly chaplain to Minorca, by purchase, which he parted with in 1772 or 1773. Beneficed in one of the Welsh Cathedrals, Commissary to the Bishop of Chester, formerly Fellow of the same College, I was well acquainted with when, many years ago, I

was at Lisbon for my health, where he was chaplain to the English Factory there established, he is now dignified by the Bishop of St Asaph in his Diocese, though he lives in London." John Morgan was presented by the College to the Rectory of Medbourne with Holt, co. Leicester, 30 September 1748 and instituted 26 October following. He was presented by Thomas Herring, Archbishop of Canterbury, to his Grace's option of the office of Precentor or Chanter with the Prebend of Llanbedr Pont Steven annexed in St David's Cathedral 12 April 1753, and installed 2 May following (Hardy's *Le Neve*, i, 317). He was collated to the Prebend of Myvod in St Asaph Cathedral 7 July 1749 (*ibid.*, 92). On 1 October 1753 he was admitted by the Bishop of Chester to the office of Commissary or Official of the Archdeaconry of Richmond, Yorks, and of Rural Dean in the Deaneries of Richmond, Borough Bridge and Amounderness, Kirkby Kendal, Kirkby Lonsdale, Furness, Copeland and Catterick within the said Archdeaconry. It will be observed that Cole says that Morgan lived in London. He was buried at Trottescliffe in Kent, the *Parish Register* containing the following entry: "1773 September 20th John Morgan, B.D., rector of Medburn, commissary of Richmond, and precentor of St Davids, aged 73." A memorial tablet at Trottescliffe states that he was buried in the same grave with his sister Mary Phillips and Francis Lloyd, Rector of Trottescliffe (Fielding, *Memoirs of Malling and its Valley*, 157). The career of this John Morgan has sometimes been confused with that of a John Morgan, M.A., who was collated Chancellor of St David's 18 August 1753, and died 24 April 1776 (Hardy's *Le Neve*, i, 320).

P. 20 no. 47. The Hunt, or Le Hunt, family were seated at Lyndon and Barrowden, co. Rutland. The branch settled at the latter place entered their pedigree in the Rutland Visitation of 1680-1, but I am unable to tack John Le Hunt on to either branch. The same remark applies to Ann Le Hunt of the parish of St Andrew, Holborn, London, widow, whose will dated 6 February 1752 (N.S.) was proved in P. C. C. (Glazier, 247) 27 September 1756. (Mr Justin Simpson). Alexander Le Hunt was admitted Fellow 16 March 172 $\frac{2}{3}$, and his Fellowship was again filled in March 1735. He was ordained Deacon 1 May 1724, and licensed to the curacy of Horningsey, co. Cambridge, he was ordained Priest 19 September 1725, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. His name appears as a subscriber to Spencer's *De legibus Hebr.* 1727. He was instituted Vicar of Dorney, Bucks, 24 May 1727; George Grosmith, his successor, was instituted 2 October 1735.

P. 20 no. 48. Edward Lewis was ordained Deacon 10 March 172 $\frac{2}{3}$ by the Bishop of Peterborough with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Salisbury, and Priest 19 September 1725 by the Bishop of Oxford. He was instituted Rector of Emington 23 September 1725, and Rector of Waterstock 18 July 1726, both in Oxfordshire. On 9 July 1726, when he is described as Chaplain to Earl Cadogan, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then stated to be of the respective values of £90 and £70. Both livings were vacant in 1786.

P. 20 no. 49. John Bunning was ordained Deacon 21 December 1723 and licensed to the curacy of Burley-on-the-Hill, he was ordained Priest 20 May 1733 and licensed to the curacy of South Luffenham, all by the Bishop of Peterborough.

P. 20 no. 51. Edward, son of Edward Snagge, esq. and Mary his wife, was baptized at Fen Ditton 19 August 1702. He died without issue and was buried at Chesterton, co. Cambridge, 5 April 1739 (*Ely Episcopal Records*, 299).

P. 20 no. 52. Sir Sewster Peyton was Master of the Buckhounds to Queen Anne. He married 17 July 1701, in Westminster Abbey, Anne, second daughter of George Dashwood, Alderman of London (Chester, *Westminster Abbey Registers*, 37). He died 28 December 1717 and was buried at Doddington. Thus Thomas Peyton was really a baronet when he entered the College. The *Parish Register* of All Saints, Cambridge, has this entry: 1732, Sir Thos. Peyton, Bart., of Emneth, and Mrs Bridget Skeffington, of Skeffington, Leicestershire, married in St John's Chapel, January 1 (*East Anglian*, ii, 111). Lady Peyton was a daughter of Thomas Skeffington, of Skeffington, and heir to her brother Thomas Skeffington, esq. Sir Thomas Peyton was High Sheriff of Cambridgeshire and Huntingdonshire from 16 December 1742 until 5 January 1744; he is then described as of Great Raveley. Sir Thomas Peyton died 29 June 1771 without issue, his estates passing by his will to his nephew George Dashwood, who assumed by Act of

Parliament the name of Peyton and was created a baronet 14 August 1776 (Burke, *Extinct and Dormant Baronetage*; Waters, *The Chesters of Chicheley*, i, 288).

P. 21 no. 2. George Barry (the father) of Weale, Essex, bachelor, 27, was on 15 December 1696 licensed to marry Elizabeth Willoughby of South Ackington, Essex, spinster, 17, with the consent of her father Peter Willoughby, who consents, attested by Adrian Barry of St Olave, Jewry, London, gent., the marriage to take place at South Ackington (Foster, *London Marriage Licenses*). Willoughby Barry took the degree of M.B. in 1725 and M.D. in 1728.

P. 21 no. 3. Simon Peter Glassbrooke was ordained Deacon 9 June 1723 and licensed to the curacy of Creeton, co. Lincoln, 11 June, he was ordained Priest 22 December 1723, all by the Bishop of Lincoln.

Peter Glasbrooke, of Canterbury, gentleman, bachelor, was on 21 October 1686 licensed to marry Elizabeth Twyman of Westbere, Kent (Cowper, *Canterbury Marriage Licenses*, fourth series, 234).

P. 21 no. 5. Peter Vidal was B.A. 1723, M.A. 1729, he took Holy Orders. His son Robert Studley Vidal was a Solicitor in London, he retired to Exeter and died there 2 January 1796, his wife predeceased him dying 30 August 1766. He left a son Robert Studley Vidal who died 21 November 1841, and charged his Cornborough estate with a rent-charge of £40 a year in favour of the College, for the purpose of maintaining two Exhibitioners from Exeter School (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1843, i, 208-10).

P. 21 no. 6. Richard Carre graduated as Carr, B.A. 1723. He was ordained Deacon by the Archbishop of York 22 December 1723. The Archbishop's Register has the following entry: Sexto die mensis Julii A.D. 1728. Dominus Archiepiscopus Eboracensis prohibuit Richardo Carr Diacono ne ullibi in Dioec. Ebor. Verbum Dei praedicaret propterea quod (ut ipse interrogatus coram dicto Domino Archiepiscopo confessus est) pendente visitatione Metropolitica Archidiaconatus de East Riding dictus Richardus Carr monitus licentiam extrahere ad peragendum officium curati in Ecclesia Parochiali Rectoriae de Pattrington in Com. et Dioec. Ebor. nulla monitionis Archiepiscopalis ratione habita, nec Literis Dimissorijs prius exoratis curam de Pattrington reliquerit et in Dioec. Linc. se transtulerit.

Ita testor THO. HAYTOR, Not. Pub.

However he seems to have made his peace for on 7 August 1728 the Archbishop licensed him to the curacy of Holme on Spalding Moor, with a stipend of £35. And on 16 August 1730 ordained him Priest.

One Richard Carr was instituted Vicar of Great Hale, co. Lincoln, 9 December 1737, and held the living until 1758.

P. 21 no. 7. Bowyer Sneyd was one of the sons of Ralph Sneyd of Bishton, co. Stafford, by Elizabeth, daughter of John Bowyer, of Bishton. He died without issue and was buried at Colwich near Bishton. Ralph Sneyd, the father, was of Brasenose College, Oxford, and a student of the Middle Temple, his description as 'Surgeon' in the College Register seems a mistake (Burke, *Landed Gentry*, Sneyd of Basford Hall; letter from the Rev. G. A. Sneyd, Rector of Chastleton).

P. 21 no. 8. Philip Henville was the son of William Henville of Haydon (in the parish of Lydlinch) by his wife Elizabeth, daughter of — Eggerdon, esq. of Eggerdon. He was instituted Rector of Rowner, Hants., 26 May 1730, and held the living until 1757. He married Frances, daughter of J. Mansfield of Ringwood, Hants., relict of ... Bissell of Portsmouth, attorney-at-law, and left issue.

P. 21 no. 9. George Downing (the elder), Rector of Hinxworth, Herts., bachelor, 31, was licensed to marry Catherine Lunn, of St Andrew's, Holborn, spinster, above 21, with the consent of her parents, at All Hallows, Bread Street, or ... 2 May 1699 (Foster, *London Marriage Licenses*); he was of Clare Hall, A.B. 1687.

George Downing (the younger) was ordained Deacon 23 May 1725 by the Bishop of Lincoln when he was licensed to the curacy of Hinxworth, Herts., and Priest 6 March 1728 by the Archbishop of Canterbury, who on 7 March licensed him to be curate to the Rev. John Cooke, Rector of St Mary Magdalen, Canterbury. George Downing, M.A., Curate of Lewisham, Kent, published *A Sermon on Mark viii. 34, preached before the Society for the Reformation of Manners*, London, 1760, 8vo.

One George Downing was instituted Vicar of Little Wakering, Essex, 21 April 1748, holding the living until 1779. In *Notes and Queries*, 3rd Ser. ii, 343-5, are

some notes relating to clergymen taken from the *Parish Registers* of Barking, Essex.

The following, with regard to George Downing, who was chaplain to Ilford hospital in that parish, where he was buried in 1779, aged 70, probably relate to the Vicar of Wakering and the member of the College.

Baptisms: 1743, April 10, Bladen Downing, son of George Downing; 1750, April 15, Elizabeth, daughter of the Rev. George Downing, clerk, and Elizabeth, his wife.

Burials: 1750, October 10 (at Ilford Chapel), Elizabeth Downing, infant.

Bladen Downing matriculated from Trinity College, Oxford, 19 May 1761, aged 17. He was A.B. 1765; B.C.L. 1773 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*).

P. 21 no. 10. Francis Bellinger, the father, is said to have been an undergraduate of Brasenose College, Oxford. He was admitted a licentiate of the Royal College of Physicians 29 March 1708. He practised for a time at Stamford, but removed to London and died in September 1721. He was an author (*Munk's Roll of the Royal College of Physicians*, ii, 20).

Mr Justin Simpson writes: "I have been unable to trace the baptism of John Edward Bellinger in the parish register of St John's, Stamford, it is defective about the commencement of the 18th century. The father is said to have been of Brasenose College, Oxford, but Mr F. Madan, in a letter to me dated 31 October 1893, tells me that his name does not occur in the Admission Register of that College. Mr Francis Bellinger paid £15 to Mr (Henry) Lambe the Senior Chamberlain and was admitted to the freedom of Stamford 18 April 1694. He was Overseer of the poor of the parish of St John, 1694-5, Churchwarden 1702-3. Elected a Capital Burgess 29 August 1695, and Chamberlain 1708-9. He resigned his seat in the Council Chamber and John Seaton, junior, was elected in his place 14 January 1709."

Francis Bellinger was one of the original members of the Gentlemen's Society at Spalding (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, vi, 29, 71), and of the Gentlemen's Society at Stamford.

The following entries are from the parish registers of St John's: "1697, Katherine, baptized 9 May; Elizabeth, baptized 19 January 1698; Sarah, baptized 20 November 1703; children of Mr Francis and Sarah Bellinger.

Sarah Bellinger, buried 7 August 1708; Sarah Bellinger, buried 29 April 1717; Culpepper Bellinger, baptized and buried 2 April 1719; Mrs Bellinger, wife of Francis Bellinger, buried October 27, 1719."

John Edward Bellinger was ordained Deacon 1 May 1724 and Priest 25 September 1726, he was licensed to the curacy of Salesby, co. Lincoln, 26 September, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Headon, Notts., 5 August 1729, and held the living until 1744.

P. 21 no. 11. Edward Chappelow was presented by the College to the Vicarage of Cherry Marham, Norfolk, 18 February 1728, and instituted 3 March following. He was instituted Rector of Roydon, Norfolk, 1 April 1746, holding both livings until his death on 19 October 1777, at Diss in Norfolk (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 1 November 1777). He was the father of Leonard Chappelow of Trinity, B.A. 1766, who succeeded him as Rector of Roydon, and held also other preferments in the Church.

On 8 July 1738 the College passed the following order: "Agreed to advance £100 for the augmentation of the Vicarage of Cherry Marham, on the following conditions, viz. that Mr Chappelow shall bear all the expenses of the purchase, and repay the money in 9 years." On 26 February 1748 the College also voted him £10.

P. 22 no. 12. Thomas Leake was ordained Deacon 6 March 1728 by the Bishop of Norwich, with letters dimissory from the Archbishop of York. He then stated that he was born in the parish of St John's, Beverley. He was ordained Priest 9 June 1727 by the Archbishop of York, and licensed to the curacy of Walkington, Yorks. On 13 June 1730 he was admitted 'Praelector' of Cottingham by the Archbishop. He was instituted Vicar of Bishops Burton, co. York, 8 May 1730, and was buried there 26 March 1787.

P. 22 no. 13. Thomas Parry took the B.A. degree in 1724. He is perhaps the Thomas Parry who held the following Welsh preferments: instituted Rector of Manafon, co. Montgomery, 3 June 1731; Rector of Newton, co. Montgomery, 2 May

1732, a successor was instituted 9 June 1732; Vicar of Llanynys, co. Brecon, 9 April 1739. Both Manafon and Llanynys were filled up again in the autumn of 1739.

P. 22 no. 15. Arthur Hesilrige was the only son of Sir Robert Hesilrige and Dorothy, second daughter of Banaster, third Lord Maynard. He succeeded his father in 1721. He married Hannah Sturges (from whom Richardson drew the character of Pamela). He died 27 February 1763 and was succeeded by his son (Burke, *Peerage*, &c., Hazelrigg, Bart.).

P. 22 no. 17. Nicholas Woolfe was ordained Deacon 15 August 1725 and licensed to the curacy of Helmsley, Yorks., he was licensed to the curacy of Barmston 15 September 1725, all by the Archbishop of York.

He was instituted Vicar of Carnaby, Yorks., 22 August 1728, and became Prebendary of Weighton in York Cathedral 10 June 1732. He held both preferments until his death in 1750 (Hardy's *Le Neve*, iii, 225).

P. 22 no. 18. George Kilner was ordained Deacon 19 June 1725 and Priest 12 July 1728 by the Bishop of Ely. One of these names was instituted Vicar of Wiggenshall, St Germans, co. Norfolk, 4 July 1740 and held the living until 1749.

P. 22 no. 19. Edmund Lawe, the father, was curate of Staveley, one of the chapels of the parish of Cartmel, for forty-nine years (Croston's edition of Baines's *History of Lancashire*, v, 638). Edmund Law, the younger, was ordained Deacon 5 June 1726 and licensed to the curacy of St Mary in Retford, he was ordained Priest 24 September 1727, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was elected a Fellow of Christ's College in 1727, vacating this in 1740. During his residence he was one of the editors of *Roberti Stephani Thesaurus Linguae Latinae*, 4 vols., folio, 1735 (another of the editors being John Taylor, P. 27 no. 29). In 1737 he was presented by the University to the Rectory of Greystock, co. Cumberland, the patron being a Roman Catholic, the title was however disputed and he was not instituted till 1 June 1739, when he left Cambridge. He married 24 June 1740 at Dearham, co. Cumberland, Mary, daughter of John Christian of Milntown, Isle of Man, and of Unerigg, co. Cumberland. (She was born at Dearham 19 March 1723, and died at Cambridge 1 March 1762, being buried in the Church of St Mary-the-Less). He was collated Archdeacon of Carlisle, with the Rectory of Salkeld annexed, 21 April 1743. He was again instituted Rector of Greystock 19 December 1746, in which year he left Greystock to reside at Salkeld, a village on the banks of the Eden. In 1756 he succeeded Dr Keene, Bishop of Chester, as Master of Peterhouse, Cambridge, resigning his archdeaconry in favour of the Rev. Venn Eyre, a brother-in-law of Dr Keene. He now returned to Cambridge. In 1760 he was appointed *protobibliothecarius*, an honorary office, originally created for Conyers Middleton. This, as it provided an easy and quick access to books, was agreeable to his tastes and habits. In 1764 he was appointed Knightbridge Professor of Casuistry in the University. His former pupil at Christ's, Dr Cornwallis, then Bishop of Lichfield, collated him to the Archdeaconry of Stafford and to the prebend of Sandiacre in Lichfield Cathedral 3 February 1763. His old acquaintance, Dr Green, Bishop of Lincoln, collated him to the prebend of Empingham in Lincoln Cathedral 21 May 1764. And through the influence of Thomas Holles, Duke of Newcastle, he obtained the 12th prebend in Durham Cathedral, to which he was collated 12 August 1767. He was recommended by the Duke of Grafton to the King for the Bishopric of Carlisle; to this he was elected 6 February, confirmed 22 February in St James's Church, Westminster, and consecrated 24 February 1769 in Whitehall Chapel by the Archbishop of York, the Bishops of Durham, Chester and Norwich assisting. He then resigned his Professorship, Archdeaconry and prebends (Hardy's *Le Neve*, i, 573, 625; ii, 149; iii, 245, 320). On 10 February 1769 he received a royal warrant and a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold the prebend of Empingham and the Rectory of Greystock *in commendam* with his Bishopric, but did not avail himself of this as regards the prebend. But he remained Master of Peterhouse and Rector of Greystock, as well as Bishop of Carlisle, until his death at Rose Castle 14 August 1787.

An account of Bishop Law's life was written by William Paley for Hutchinson's *History of Cumberland*; this has been many times reprinted. It concludes as follows: "The life of Dr Law was a life of incessant reading and thought, almost entirely directed to metaphysical and religious inquiries; but the tenet by which his name and writings are principally distinguished is, 'that Jesus Christ, at His second coming, will by an act of His power, restore to life and consciousness the

dead of the human species; who, by their own nature, and without this interposition, would remain in the state of insensibility, to which the death brought upon mankind by the sin of Adam had reduced them.' He interpreted literally that saying of St Paul, 1 Cor. xv. 21, 'As by man came death, by man came also the resurrection of the dead.' This opinion had no other effect upon his own mind than to increase his reverence for Christianity and its Divine Founder. He retained it, as he did his other speculative opinions, without laying, as many are wont to do, an extravagant stress upon their importance, and without pretending to more certainty than the subject allowed of. No man formed his own conclusions with more freedom, or treated those of others with greater candour and equity. He never quarrelled with any person for differing from him, or considered that difference as a sufficient reason for questioning any man's sincerity, or judging meanly of his understanding. He was zealously attached to religious liberty, because he thought that it leads to truth; yet from his heart he loved peace. But he did not perceive any repugnancy in these two things. There was nothing in his elevation to his bishoprick which he spoke of with more pleasure, than its being a proof that decent freedom of inquiry was not discouraged. He was a man of great softness of manners, and of the mildest and most tranquil disposition. His voice was never raised above its ordinary pitch. His countenance seemed never to have been ruffled; it preserved the same kind and composed aspect, truly indicating the calmness and benignity of his temper. He had an utter dislike of large and mixed companies. Next to his books, his chief satisfaction was in the serious conversation of a literary companion, or in the company of a few friends. In this sort of society he would open his mind with great unreservedness, and with a peculiar turn and sprightliness of expression. His person was low, but well formed; his complexion fair and delicate. Except occasional interruptions by the gout, he had for the greatest part of his life enjoyed good health; and when not confined with that distemper, was full of motion and activity. About nine years before his death, he was greatly enfeebled by a severe attack of gout in his stomach; and a short time after that lost the use of one of his legs. Notwithstanding his fondness for exercise, he resigned himself to this change, not only without complaint, but without any sensible diminution of his cheerfulness and good humour. His fault (for we are not writing a panegyric) was the general fault of retired and studious characters, too great a degree of inaction and facility in his public station. The modesty, or rather bashfulness of his nature, together with an extreme unwillingness to give pain, rendered him sometimes less firm and efficient in the administration of authority than was requisite. But it is the condition of human mortality. There is an opposition between some virtues which seldom permits them to subsist together in perfection. The Bishop was interred with due solemnity in his cathedral church, in which a handsome monument is erected to his memory, bearing the following inscription: Columnae hujus sepultus est ad pedem | Edmundus Law, S.T.P. | per xix fere annos hujusce ecclesiae Episcopus. | In evangelica veritate exquirenda, | et vindicanda, | ad extremam usque senectutem | operam navavit indefessam. | Quo autem studio et affectu veritatem, | eodem et libertatem Christianam coluit; | Religionem simplicem et incorruptam, | nisi salva libertate | stare non posse arbitratus. | Obiit Aug. xiv. MDCLXXXVII. | Ætat. LXXXIV" (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, ii, 68-9).

It may fairly be said of Law that few Cambridge men of his time deserved so well of the University. He took part in perhaps the most extensive classical work which Cambridge has produced, the edition of *Steph. Thes.*; he did much to revive moral and theological studies here, when they were sinking into their long sleep, and his work was continued by his son John and that son's colleague, Paley; he promoted the establishment of examinations, and was rewarded by the brilliant success of his sons. He obtained a doctor's degree by a real discussion of a controverted point. When a Bishop he did not, like Pretymann-Tomline and so many others, abandon the principles of religious liberty which he professed in his youth; and when head of a College he still found leisure to study and also to teach, both by word of mouth and through the press (Mayor, *History of St John's College*, ii, 716; an immense number of interesting notes on Law's career and views will be found in the life of Law, *ibid.* 714-25).

Dr Law published the following: (i) *Essay on the origin of evil*. Translated from the Latin [of Archbishop William King]. With two Sermons, one on Divine prescience, the other on the Fall of Man, 1729. This was many times reprinted;

the editions vary; (ii) *An enquiry into the ideas of space, time, immensity and eternity; as also the self-existence, necessary existence, and unity of the Divine nature; in answer to a book lately published by Mr Jackson, entitled, The Existence and Unity of God proved from His Nature and Attributes. To which is added, A dissertation upon the argument, a priori, for proving the existence of a first cause.* Cambridge 1734, 8vo.; (iii) *Considerations on the state of the world with regard to the theory of religion,* Cambridge 1745, 8vo.; this is regarded by some as Law's most successful work; it ran through many editions; it was reprinted by his son, George Henry Law, Bishop of Chester, with a life of Law by William Paley in 1820; (iv) *Litigiousness, repugnant to the laws of Christians. A Sermon* [on Matt. v. 40] *preached in Carlisle at the Assizes,* Cambridge 1743; (v) *A defence of Mr Locke's opinion concerning personal identity,* 1769, 8vo.; (vi) *Observations occasioned by the contest about literary property,* Cambridge 1770, 8vo.; (vii) *The true nature and intent of religion. A Sermon* [on Micah vi. 8] *preached 15 May 1768, being the Sunday after the interment of the late Rev. Dr Bland, Newcastle,* 1768; (viii) *The grounds of a particular providence, being a Sermon* [on Dan. ii. 20, 21] *preached before the Lords 30 January 1771, London* 1771; (ix) *Considerations on the propriety of requiring subscriptions to Articles of Faith,* 1774, 8vo.; (x) *A Sermon preached before the Incorporated Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts, at their anniversary meeting 18 February 1774, London* 1774, 8vo.; (xi) *An edition of the works of Mr Locke; with a life of the author, and a preface,* 1777, 3 vols., 4to. He contributed a copy of verses to the Cambridge Collection: *Gratulatio Acad. Cant. Georgii iii et Charlottae, Principis de Mecklenburgh Strelitz, Nuptias celebrantis,* Cambridge, 1771.

P. 22 no. 20. Robert Hewitt was ordained Priest by the Archbishop of York 9 June 1727, he was then curate of St Mary's, Hull. He held the following livings in Lincolnshire. He was instituted Vicar of Caistor 20 December 1743, Vicar of Kirmond 21 May 1752, Rector of Thoresway 11 July 1755 and Rector of Rothwell 4 March 1758. He then ceded Kirmond but was re-instituted to Thoresway 11 March 1758. He held Caistor, Rothwell and Thoresway until 1775.

P. 22 no. 21. The father, Sir John Leveson Gower, was raised to the Peerage as Baron Gower of Stittenham, co. York, 16 March 1703 $\frac{1}{2}$. He married Lady Catherine Manners, daughter of John, first Duke of Rutland. Baptist Leveson Gower was elected M.P. for Newcastle-under-Lyme, co. Stafford, in 1727, 1734, 1741, 1747, 1754. In 1727 he was also elected M.P. for Agmondisham or Amersham, Bucks., but elected to serve for Newcastle-under-Lyme. He was appointed a Commissioner of Trade and Plantations 7 May 1745. He died unmarried 4 August 1782 (Burke's *Peerage*, Duke of Sutherland; *Return of Members of Parliament*, Part II.).

P. 22 no. 22. Edward Hoyland was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of London 1 March 1723 $\frac{1}{2}$, and Priest by the Bishop of Ely 17 December 1726. He was instituted Vicar of Darfield, Yorks., 20 December 1726, and held the living until 1766.

P. 23 no. 23. One John Kay was instituted Vicar of Moulton, Northamptonshire, 28 March 1736; he died in June 1737 (Baker, *History of Northamptonshire*, i, 49, where it is stated that he was also Rector of St Austin's, London).

P. 23 no. 24. Samuel Pullein was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Lincoln 22 September 1728 and was licensed to the curacy of Gainsborough next day. He is not to be mistaken for the Rev. Samuel Pullein or Pulleyn, author of *The Silkworm, a Poem; The culture of Silk; or an essay of its rational practice and improvement*, and other works. This author, son of William Pullen or Pulleyn, clergyman, born at Drumore in Ireland, was admitted a Pensioner of Trinity College, Dublin, 24 February 1733 $\frac{1}{2}$ and proceeded B.A. 1734, M.A. 1738.

P. 23 no. 25. Robert Lupton was ordained Priest 21 July 1728 by the Archbishop of York, and licensed to the curacy of Addingham, Yorks., with a stipend of £25. The *Parish Register of Linton-in-Craven* has the following entry: Robert, the son of Thomas Lupton of Linton, baptized the 16th day of August 1703.

P. 23 no. 27. Thankfull Frewen, the father, was admitted to the College 13 May 1685 (Part ii, P. 102 no. 34). He married Sarah, daughter of Captain Luke Spencer of Cranbrook, Kent, was Rector of Northiam and died 2 September 1749 (Burke, *Landed Gentry*, Frewen of Northiam, the account given there of his son John is erroneous). John Frewen was ordained Deacon 23 May 1725, and Priest 21 August 1726 by the Bishop of Chichester. He was instituted Vicar of Fairlight 21 August

1726, and Rector of Guestling 16 October 1736, both in Sussex. On 15 October 1736, when he is described as Chaplain to Henry, Earl of Lincoln, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then stated to be of the respective values of £70 and £100, and to be about a mile and a half apart. He held both livings until his death in 1743.

Another John Frewen was Curate of Sapcote, Leicestershire, and was buried there 19 February 173 $\frac{5}{8}$ (*Leicestershire and Rutland Notes and Queries*, i, 309).

P. 23 no. 28. Pole Chaworth, second son of Patrick Chaworth, late of Annesley, Notts., esquire, deceased, was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 26 June 1720, and was called to the Bar 25 June 1726.

P. 23 no. 30. John Marriott was ordained Deacon 21 February 172 $\frac{3}{4}$, and Priest (*extra tempore*) 18 September 1726 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Withern, co. Lincoln, 19 September 1726, on the presentation of Robert Vyner, esq., and held the living until 1771. On 11 May 1728 the Archbishop of Canterbury licensed him as curate to Edmund Barrell, Vicar of Boxley, Kent, with a stipend of £30 and Easter offerings, and all surplice-fees. One John Marriott was instituted Vicar of Finchingfield, Essex, 9 October 1771 and held the living until 1782.

P. 23 no. 31. Samuel John Swire was the eldest son of John Swire of Skipton, by Margaret, daughter of Thomas Wilson of Beecroft. He was baptized at Kildwick 3 April 1701; and died 26 March 1735, aged 35, and was buried at Skipton. He married Elizabeth, daughter of Matthew Wilson of Eshton (Foster, *Yorkshire Pedigrees, West Riding*, vol. ii).

P. 23 no. 32. William Robinson was ordained Deacon 1 March 172 $\frac{3}{4}$ and licensed to the curacy of Shelfanger and Burston, Norfolk, he was ordained Priest 30 July 1727 (then stating that he was born in the parish of Gargrave, Yorks.) and licensed to the curacy of Little Brandon, Norfolk, all by the Bishop of Norwich. One of these names was instituted Rector of Larling, Norfolk, 17 April 1735 and held the living until 1774.

P. 23 no. 33. Richard Leach was ordained Priest 5 August 1733 by the Archbishop of York and licensed to the curacy of Addingham, with a stipend of £10.

P. 23 no. 34. Samuel Leeke was ordained Priest by the Archbishop of York 18 July 1731. He was instituted Vicar of Sutton-upon-Trent 19 July 1731 and Rector of Kilvington 18 November 1731, both co. Nottingham. Both livings were vacant in 1746.

P. 23 no. 35. Thomas Patrick was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Lincoln (with letters dimissory from the Archbishop of York) 20 September 1724 and Priest by the Archbishop of York 9 June 1727, he was then curate of St James's, Sutton, and Marfleet, Yorks.

P. 23 no. 37. There is a Wortley in the parish of Leeds but no Workbey (Mr M. H. Peacock).

John Cliffe was ordained Priest 21 July 1728 and licensed to the curacy of Ryther, Yorks., by the Archbishop of York.

P. 24 no. 38. John Welch was ordained Deacon 1 May 1724 by the Bishop of Lincoln and Priest by the same Prelate 22 September 1728, at the instance of the Archbishop of York. He was presented by Joseph Welch, gentleman, to the nether Vicarage of Pateshall, Northamptonshire, and instituted 11 October 1737. He published *The Baptist's Plain Funeral, a Sermon shewing infants proper subjects for baptism*, 4to, Northampton, 1740. He died 16 May 1742, aged 69. (Baker's *History of Northamptonshire*, ii, 301.) It will be observed that the age does not correspond with that in our Register.

P. 24 no. 39. Fairfax Stillingfleet was ordained Deacon 19 September 1725, and Priest 1 June 1729 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 24 March 172 $\frac{3}{4}$ and his fellowship was filled up in 1731. He was instituted Rector of Alburgh (or Aldeburgh), Norfolk, 6 September 1729, on the presentation of Sir Rowland Hill of Hawkston, bart. He held the living until his death in 1755.

P. 24 no. 40. George Baker was a nephew of Thomas Baker, the historian of the College. The *Parish Register* of Whickham has the following entry among the baptisms: 1702, March 26, George s. to Mr Francis Baker, Whickham. George

Baker died without issue and was buried at Lanchester 6 March 1778. His will dated in 1767 with a codicil dated 20 March 1775 was proved 1 September 1789 (Surtees, *History of Durham*, ii, 358, where there is a pedigree). See the admission of a brother, P. 30 no. 46.

P. 24 no. 42. William Deane, son of William Deane of the town of Leicester, gentleman, matriculated at Oxford from Brasenose College 10 March 168 $\frac{1}{2}$, aged 17. He took the degree of B.A. in 1684, and the M.A. in 1687. He incorporated at Cambridge in 1720 and took the degree of D.D. from St John's in that year (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*; Mr Foster has however made a mistake, attributing the Cambridge degree to one William Deane of Balliol). William Deane was instituted Rector of Thakeham, Sussex, 25 June 1688, ceding this on his institution 10 February 169 $\frac{1}{2}$ to the Rectory of Offord Darcy, Hunts. He was instituted Rector of Offord Cluny, Hunts., 22 June 1706 and held both these livings until 1722.

See the admission of one of his sons, Part ii, P. 204 no. 29, and of another, Part iii, P. 8 no. 15.

P. 24 no. 43. Mr Foster (*Alumni Oxonienses*) identifies the William Price who entered at St John's and took the M.A. degree at Cambridge in 1720, with one of these names who graduated at Oxford from Christ Church 27 February 170 $\frac{1}{2}$. But this is a mistake, as in the certificate he brings with him he is stated to have taken the B.A. degree from St Mary Hall 21 March 170 $\frac{3}{4}$. There are then two William Prices who might be identified with this man.

(1) William Price, son of Richard Price, of Kilmerry, co. Brecon, gentleman, who matriculated at Oxford from Balliol College 4 May 1699, aged 15. He was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 12 February 17 $\frac{9}{10}$, as son and heir of Rice Price of Kilmerry, co. Brecon, esquire.

(2) William Price, son of 'G' ('Gul'?) Price of the town of Anglesea, gentleman, who matriculated also from Balliol College 20 March 17 $\frac{9}{10}$, aged 19.

One William Price was instituted Rector of Llandeussant, co. Anglesea, 5 July 1707, holding the living until 1713.

P. 24 no. 44. John Hall, the father, was Perpetual Curate of Darlington from 1712 to 1727. George Hall took the B.A. degree in 1723. He was ordained Deacon 31 May 1724 by the Bishop of Carlisle (for Durham Diocese) and Priest 7 August 1726 by the same Prelate.

P. 24 no. 45. Robert Whitehead took the B.A. degree in 1723, and the M.A. as Wrighton *alias* Whitehead in 1728. Robert Whitehead (of St John's College, Cambridge) was ordained Deacon 19 September 1725 by the Bishop of Norwich and licensed Curate to Mr Simpson, Rector of Gaywood, Norfolk. He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Lincoln 28 May 1727, and was licensed 5 July 1727 to the curacy of Gedney, co. Lincoln. One Robert Whitehead was instituted Rector of Hemsworth, Yorks., 11 July 1727, and held the living until 1749.

P. 24 no. 46. John Negus was ordained Deacon 17 December 1725, and Priest 7 June 1727, by the Bishop of Ely. In December 1725 he was licensed to the curacy of Manea. He was instituted Vicar of Great Staughton, Hunts., 19 September 1753 and appears to have held the living until 1785.

P. 25 no. 47. Thomas Mills, the elder, was keeper of the prison for the Wapentake of Elloe. Thomas Mills, the younger, was ordained Priest 1 June 1729 by the Bishop of Lincoln and was licensed next day to the curacy of Weston, co. Lincoln. He became Schoolmaster of Donnington and Perpetual Curate of Cowbit, co. Lincoln. He married a sister of Benjamin Ray (P. 30 no. 6). He died in 1741. He was father of Joseph Mills of Jesus College, B.A. 1755 (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, vi, 67, 97; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1804, p. 1249a).

P. 25 no. 48. Joshua Hotchkis, the father (son of John Hotchkis of Whitechurch, Salop), was of Magdalen Hall, Oxford (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). James Hotchkis was ordained Deacon 20 September 1724, and licensed to the curacy of Kingsey, Bucks., he was ordained Priest 18 December 1726, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He had received from the Archbishop of Canterbury a dispensation dated 26 October 1726 to succeed his father as Vicar of Kingsey, and he was instituted thereto 19 December 1726 on the presentation of James Herbert of Kingsey. In 1731 he became Headmaster of the Charterhouse, holding this until 1748. He was instituted Rector of Brettenham, Suffolk, 18 April 1739, and Rector of Balsham, co. Cambridge, 24 January 174 $\frac{3}{4}$, then ceding Kingsey. On 20 January 174 $\frac{3}{4}$, when he is

described as Chaplain to Peter, Lord King, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Brettenham (valued at £100) with Balsham (valued at £39. 16s. 8d.), the two livings being stated to be 25 miles apart. He held both until his death 12 November 1751 (Carlisle, *Endowed Grammar Schools*, ii, 16; Lipscomb, *History of Buckinghamshire*, i, 302). His widow died 21 December 1796 at Forty-hill, Enfield, aged 85 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1796, p. 1062).

P. 25 no. 49. John Hoggard was ordained Deacon 20 September 1724 and licensed to the curacy of Easthorpe, co. Lincoln, he was ordained Priest 25 September 1726, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. One of these names was instituted to the following livings in Lincolnshire, Vicar of Skellingthorpe 7 November 1750, Rector of Aisthorpe 10 December 1752, and Rector of Scampton 24 September 1762, all three livings were vacant in 1782.

P. 25 no. 50. James Drake took the degree of M.D., *Comitiis Regiis*, 1728.

P. 25 no. 2. Robert Gardiner took the B.A. degree from St John's in 1726. He was ordained Deacon 5 June 1726 and licensed to the curacy of Rowston, co. Lincoln, and Priest 22 September 1728, when he was licensed to the curacy of Brauncewell with Anwick, co. Lincoln (he is then described as LL.B.). He was instituted to the Rectory of Brauncewell with Anwick 27 June 1730, and to the Rectory of Stubton 10 February 1733, vacating both these on his institution to the Rectory of Washingborough 19 April 1760, this he held until 1763. All these livings are in Lincolnshire.

P. 25 no. 3. John Holcomb was ordained Deacon 25 September 1726, when he was licensed to the curacy of Amptill, Beds., and Priest 24 December 1727 by the Bishop of Lincoln. On 21 May 1729 he was licensed by the Archbishop of Canterbury to be curate to Dr Geekie, Rector of Woodchurch in Kent, with a stipend of £50.

On 16 February 1733 he was instituted Rector of Gumfreston, and on 2 March in the same year Rector of Tenby, St Mary's, both co. Pembroke. On 21 February 1733, when he is described as chaplain to Dr John Harris, Bishop of Llandaff, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then stated to be of the value of £45 and £50 respectively, and to be two miles apart. He was appointed to the sixth Cursal Prebend in St David's Cathedral 5 September 1737, ceding this on being appointed to the Prebend of Llanddarog in the Collegiate Church of Brecon, 20 May 1741. This and his two livings were vacant in 1770.

P. 25 no. 5. David Turner was ordained Deacon 22 December 1728, and Priest 1 June 1729 by the Bishop of Ely. On 2 June 1729 he was licensed by the Archbishop of Canterbury to be curate to the Rev. Herbert Taylor, Rector of Hunton, Kent, with a salary of £40. He was instituted Rector of Elmstone, Kent, 13 April 1745, Patron, the King. He held the living until 1765.

P. 25 no. 6. Field Dunn did not graduate. One of these names was instituted Vicar of Horkstow 5 November 1735 and Rector of South Ferriby 20 September 1744, both co. Lincoln. Both livings became vacant towards the end of 1759.

P. 26 no. 8. Charles Wadsworth took his B.A. degree from Christ's College in 1724 (as Wadesworth), and the M.A. degree in 1728, when he was a Fellow of Clare Hall. He was ordained Deacon 6 June 1725 by the Bishop of Norwich and licensed to the curacy of Howe, Norfolk, of which parish his father was Rector. He was instituted Rector of Sizeland, Norfolk, 10 May 1728, and Rector of Howe 15 January 1728. He was instituted Rector of Yelverton 20 November 1733, then ceding Sizeland, and Rector of Little Poringland 22 July 1734, both in Norfolk. Holding the two latter livings with Howe until 1767.

He was the father of George Robert Wadsworth, of Gonville and Caius College, B.A. 1752.

P. 26 no. 9. There is a Holt pedigree in Howard, *Visitation of Suffolk*, ii, 50-55. The name of Henry Holt appears in this without details as to his career. Rowland Holt, the father, was chief Prothonotary of the Court of King's Bench. He died 11 February and was buried at Redgrave in February 1719.

P. 26 no. 10. Charles Cawne was ordained Priest 26 February 1728 by the Bishop of Rochester, and licensed to the curacy of Plumstead and the chapelry of Wickham, Kent.

William Cawne, the father, was Rector of Wavendon, Bucks., from 1702 to 1720.

P. 26 no. 11. Henry Farrington (or Farington) was Guild Mayor of Preston, Lancashire, for the year 1741-2; he married a daughter of — Tryer of Liverpool, but died without issue (Foster, *Lancashire Pedigrees*; Fishwick, *History of Preston*, 80; Baines, *History of Lancashire*, ed. Croston, iv, 172, where there is a pedigree).

P. 26 no. 12. William Prince was B.A. 1724, M.A. 1728. One of these names was instituted Rector of Newton Tracey 8 April 1741 and Rector of Alverdiscott 25 August 1741, both in Devonshire. The former living was filled up in March 1789, the latter in June 1787.

P. 26 no. 13. Thomas Rowe was admitted a Fellow of the College 21 March 1724. He was ordained Deacon 1 June 1729, and Priest 4 June 1732 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Stetchworth, Cambridgeshire, 1 June 1738 on the presentation of Richard Fleming of Stoneham, Southants. This he vacated in 1744. He was appointed Sacrist of the College 5 February 1744½, holding office for a year. He seems to have died in 1746, for James Tunstall was admitted a Senior Fellow of the College 12 November 1746, 'decessore Magistro Rowe qui electus et non admissus decessit.'

P. 26 no. 14. Joseph Powell migrated to Sidney Sussex College, where he was admitted 20 May 1723, he is then stated to be the eldest son of his father. He was admitted to his degrees from that College, B.A. 16 January 1724½, M.A. 26 June 1728. One of these names was instituted Rector of Willersley 22 June 1727 and Vicar of Felton 12 July 1734, both livings, which are in Herefordshire, were vacant in 1767.

P. 26 no. 15. Le Neve Boughton, the father, was a member of the College (see his admission Part ii, P. 142 no. 18). Henry Boughton was ordained Deacon 21 February 1724½, and licensed to the curacy of Offord Cluny, Hunts., he was ordained Priest 24 December 1727, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. On 3 April 1728 he was presented by the College to the Rectory of Barrow, Suffolk, and instituted 20 April; he held the living until his death in 1739. He was appointed to the tenth Minor Canonry in St Paul's Cathedral 14 November 1739 (Hennessey, *Novum Repertorium*, 68). He married Joanna Wyatt 29 July 1729 (Davy, *Suffolk Collections*, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 19107; parish of Barrow).

P. 26 no. 16. Ralph Creyke, the elder, was married in York Cathedral 1 August 1700 to Priscilla, daughter of John Bower of Bridlington Quay. Ralph Creyke, his eldest son, was born 5 October 1702. He died, without issue, in January 1750 (Foster, *Pedigrees of the County Families of Yorkshire*, i, Creyke of Marton). See the admission of his younger brother, P. 65 no. 16.

P. 26 no. 17. Andrew Burneby (or Burnaby), the elder, was a member of the College; see his admission, Part ii, P. 67 no. 25.

Andrew Burnaby, the younger, was ordained Deacon 6 March 1725½, and licensed to the curacy of Asfordby, co. Leicester, and Priest 10 July 1726, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Asfordby 11 July 1726. He was collated to the Prebend of Leicester St Margaret in Lincoln Cathedral 16 September 1737, he resigned this in 1767. He was instituted Vicar of St Margaret's in the town of Leicester 27 March 1739. On 21 February 1739½, he had a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Asfordby (valued at £120) with St Margaret's (valued at £80), the livings being stated to be 10 miles apart. He resigned St Margaret's in 1763, but held Asfordby until his death. He died 27 December 1776, aged 74; there is a monument to his memory in Asfordby Church. He married Hannah, third daughter of George Beaumont, esq., of Chapelthorpe, Yorks.; she died 12 July 1757, and was buried at Asfordby (Hardy's *Le Neve*, ii, 170; Foster, *Collectanea Genealogica*, i, 21). See the admission of his third son, P. 160 no. 1.

P. 26 no. 18. John Pindar was ordained Deacon 15 August 1725, and licensed to the curacy of Bulmer, Yorks., with an annual stipend of £25; he was ordained Priest 21 July 1728, all by the Archbishop of York. He was instituted Rector of Barnoldby-le-Beck and also Rector of Hatcliffe, both co. Lincoln, 5 September 1737. He ceded both these livings on his institution, 16 April 1744, to the Rectory of Moor Monckton, Yorks. He was buried at Moor Monckton 1 April 1758.

P. 27 no. 20. William Leaver, son of Charles Leaver, of Chichester, co. Sussex, clerk, matriculated at Oxford from Trinity College 8 July 1710, aged 19. He took the B.A. degree from New College in 1714 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He was

instituted Rector of Cranoe, Leicestershire, 18 April 1717, and Rector of Staunton Wyville in the same county 20 April 1721. Both these livings appear to have become vacant in 1726, when on 2 March 172 $\frac{1}{2}$ one William Leaver was instituted Rector of Kilkhampton, Cornwall, holding the living till 1749, when on 5 April 1749 one William Leaver was instituted Rector of Deane, Northamptonshire. William Leaver was collated to the Prebend of Walton Paynshall in Lincoln Cathedral 17 November 1737. This Prebend and the Rectory of Deane were both vacant in 1755. It seems probable that these successive pieces of preferment were held by the same man.

Charles Leaver, the father of William, may be identical with the person of that name admitted to the College 7 June 1677 (Part ii, P. 63 no. 36).

P. 27 no. 21. John Pinsent, the father, was a member of the College (see Part ii, P. 102 no. 37).

John Pinsent, the younger, was ordained Deacon 13 June 1731 by the Bishop of Norwich, and Priest 20 May 1733 by the Bishop of London, when he was licensed to the curacy of Great Canfield, Essex. He was instituted Vicar of Takeley, Essex, 6 March 173 $\frac{3}{4}$, and Vicar of Great Canfield, Essex, 26 May 1740. On 20 May 1740, when he is described as Chaplain to Henry, Lord Maynard, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then stated to be of the respective values of £85 and £50 and to be four miles apart. He was instituted Rector of Little Easton, Essex, 4 February 1753, then ceding Great Canfield, and on 30 January 1758 he received a dispensation to hold Takeley and Little Easton, stated to be of the respective values of £75 and £130, and to be contiguous. He was instituted Rector of Great Easton, Essex, 9 March 1758, then ceding Little Easton. On 28 February 1758, when he is described as chaplain to Charles, Lord Maynard, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Takeley with Great Easton, the respective values being stated as £70 and £200, and their distance apart four miles. Both livings were vacant in 1776.

P. 27 no. 22. Francis Smith, B.A., of St John's, was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Ely 4 March 172 $\frac{3}{4}$, then stating that he was born in Sussex in 1703.

One of these names was instituted Vicar of West Haptree, Somerset, 15 September 1726 on the presentation of the Prince of Wales (Weaver, *Somerset Incumbents*, 268). It is however possible that this was the Francis Smith of Wadham College who proceeded B.A. at Oxford 19 March 172 $\frac{3}{4}$ (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*).

P. 27 no. 23. John Lister, the father, succeeded to the Shibden Hall estates. He was born 11 May 1673; married Mary, daughter of William Issot of Horbury 25 May 1699. He was buried at Halifax 17 November 1729, and his wife was buried there 9 January 1756. John Lister was their second son, baptized 1 May 1703, but the first son dying an infant, he succeeded to the family estate. He took Holy Orders, and died unmarried 2 September 1759 (*The Genealogist*, New Series, xi, 97). He was ordained Deacon 9 June 1727 by the Archbishop of York, and was licensed to a curacy at Doncaster with a salary of £30.

P. 27 no. 24. This William Smith graduated as William James Smith, B.A., 1724. He was ordained Deacon 6 March 172 $\frac{3}{4}$ by the Bishop of Lincoln.

P. 27 no. 25. Richard Wilmot was ordained Deacon 25 September 1726 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed to the curacy of Flitwick, Beds., he was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Ely, 14 January 173 $\frac{3}{4}$, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield. He was instituted Rector of Trusley, co. Derby, 17 January 173 $\frac{3}{4}$, holding this until 1738. He was instituted Vicar of Micklegate 18 May and Rector of Morley 19 May 1740, both co. Derby. On 11 May 1741, when he is described as Chaplain to Dr Thomas Herring, Bishop of Bangor, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Morley and Micklegate, the value of each living being stated to be £170, and their distance apart five miles. He held both livings until his death. He was appointed Canon of Windsor by patent dated 24 February 174 $\frac{3}{4}$, holding this until his death, and he was instituted Perpetual Curate of St Bennet Fink in the City of London, on the presentation of the Dean and Chapter of Windsor 23 September 1763. His successor as Canon of Windsor was installed 25 January 1772 (Hardy's *Le Neve*, iii, 409, 410; Hennessey, *Novum Repertorium*, 377). He married at Morley 7 October 1746 Dorothy, daughter of Simon Degge of Derby (Glover, *History of the County of Derby*, ii, 208, where there is a pedigree; his Christian name is there wrongly given as Robert). His

eldest son, Richard Staunton Wilmot, described as of Morley near Derby, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 13 November 1761, migrated to Lincoln's Inn, where he was admitted 31 May 1766. He matriculated at Oxford, from Christ Church 17 October 1764, aged 17 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*).

P. 27 no. 26. Robert Gordoun, only son of Robert Gordoun of Durham, esquire, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 2 April 1724.

P. 27 no. 27. Joseph Henchman was ordained Deacon 23 May 1725 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed to the curacy of Markfield, co. Leicester, next day. He apparently afterwards became curate of Wilby, Suffolk, and was buried there in 1750.

Joseph Henchman, his father (of Jesus College, Cambridge, B.A., 1685), was Rector of Shelfhanger and Burston, Norfolk.

P. 27 no. 29. John Taylor was baptized in St Alkmund's Church, Shrewsbury, 22 June 1704. His father, John Taylor, had married Anne Jarvis at the same church 21 September 1703. John Taylor the elder was admitted to his freedom as a 'barber chirurgion' on 3 January 1694. He again is said to have been the son of the Rev. John Taylor, B.A., who was nominated by the College to be Third Master of Shrewsbury School 3 December 1659. The schoolmaster is said to have been of Brasenose College, Oxford. An attempt is made in Nichols' *Literary Anecdotes*, iv, 490 to trace the family further back.

John Taylor of St John's is stated to have been sent to Cambridge through the influence of Edward Owen of Cundover (*ibid.* 491). He took the B.A. degree in 1724, M.A. 1728, and LL.D. in 1741. He incorporated M.A. at Oxford 11 March 1730 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He was admitted a Fellow of the College 29 March 1726 and was transferred to one of the two Law Fellowships 6 November 1732, this enabling him to retain his fellowship without taking Orders. He was admitted an Advocate in Doctors' Commons 15 February 1741, and he was admitted by the Archbishop of Canterbury as an Advocate in the Arches Court of Canterbury 8 April 1741. He held the following College offices: Steward from 24 February 1730 to 10 February 1740; and Junior Bursar from 18 February 1740 to 11 April 1750. He was Librarian of the University from 1731 to 1734, becoming Registry in the latter year, holding that office until 1751. He was appointed Chancellor of the Diocese of Lincoln in April 1744, holding that office until his death. He was ordained Deacon 20 September 1747 by the Bishop of Lincoln. Thus taking Orders comparatively late in life. George Ashby (P. 100 no. 19) gives the following account of the circumstances: "The fact is, the Doctor intended to be a Civilian; and, to enable him to keep his fellowship, without going into Orders, as all are obliged to do at St John's, except two Physicians and two Civilians, he was nominated to a Faculty Fellowship on the Law Line; but continuing in College to superintend his edition of Demosthenes, he probably saw that, in order to make the figure he could wish in that profession, he should have devoted himself to the practice of it earlier: and the prospect of a valuable College living becoming now near, he took Orders, and the Rectory of Lawford becoming vacant, he claimed it; this was a new case then, and has never happened since. It was thought by many of the Society at least hard, that a person should be excused all his time from reading prayers, preaching, and other Ecclesiastical duties in College and the University, which must be performed in person, or another paid for doing them; and then, when the reward of all this long service seems within reach, that another, who has not borne any part of the heat and burthen of the day, should step in before you, and carry off the prize. The Doctor was however so lucky, as he generally was, as to carry his point, but not without much difficulty. His friends, indeed, who kept up the credit of the house for punning said from the first, that the Doctor would certainly go to Law for't" (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, iv, 499). After his entry into Orders he was presented by the College to the Rectory of Lawford, Essex, 2 April 1751, and instituted 12 April. He was collated by the Bishop of Lincoln to the Archdeaconry of Buckingham 3 January and installed 23 February 1753 (Hardy's *LeNeve*, ii, 71). He was nominated by King George II to the Prebend of Ealdland in St Paul's Cathedral, vacant by the promotion of Dr Richard Terrick to the Bishopric of Peterborough 8 July 1757; holding all these preferments until his death. It is believed that these are all the preferments Taylor held. Others have been ascribed to him, but it will be found that they were held by other clergymen of the same name. Cole, in his collections for an

Athenae Cantabrigienses (Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5882), states that: "In 1748 on the death of Dr Whalley, he (*i.e.* Taylor) opposed Dr Keene in his view to that Mastership" (*i.e.* of Peterhouse). Until his promotion to Lawford, which vacated his fellowship, Taylor seems to have resided continuously in College, a period of thirty years, devoting himself to study and scholarship. The following account of him by George Ashby (whose *nom de plume* was T.F., Taylor's Friend) appears in Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, iv, 509-14: "You have mentioned that Dr Taylor was too busy a man to be idle. This is too shining a particular in the Doctor's temper and abilities not to be a little more insisted upon. If you called on him in College after dinner, you were sure to find him sitting at an old oval walnut-tree table entirely covered with books, in which, as the common expression runs, he seemed to be buried; you began to make apologies for disturbing a person so well employed; but he immediately told you to advance, taking care to disturb as little as you could the books on the floor; and called out, 'John, John, bring pipes and glasses'; and then fell to procuring a small space for the bottle just to stand on, but which could hardly ever be done without shoving off an equal quantity of the furniture at the other end: and he instantly appeared as cheerful, good-humoured, and *degagé*, as if he had not been at all engaged or interrupted. Suppose now you had staid as long as you would, and been entertained by him most agreeably, you took your leave, and got halfway down the stairs; but recollecting somewhat that you had more to say to him, you go in again; the bottle and glasses were gone, the books had expanded themselves so as to reoccupy the whole table, and he was just as much buried in them as when you first broke in on him. I never knew this convenient faculty to an equal degree in any other scholar. His voice to me, who know nothing of music, appeared remarkably pleasing and harmonious, whether he talked or read English, Latin, or Greek prose, owing to his speaking through his lips much advanced, which always produces softness: this practice, or habit, I believe, he learned from a speaking master, to whom he applied to correct some natural defect: for which purpose he always kept near him an ordinary small swing-glass the use of which was unknown to his friends; but in preaching, which he was fond of, one might perceive a shrillness or sharpness that was not agreeable; perhaps he could not speak so loud as was required and at the same time keep his lips advanced and near together, as he had learned to do for common conversation. He understood perfectly, as a gentleman and scholar, all that belongs to making a book handsome, as the choice of paper, types, and the disposition of text, version, and notes. He excelled in many small accomplishments. He loved and played well at cards; was fond of carving, which he did with much elegance; an agreeable practice, but which, notwithstanding what Lord Chesterfield says, some persons who have frequented good tables all their life cannot do, though they can blow their nose passing well. He always appeared handsomely in full dress as a Clergyman, was grand in his looks, yet affable, flowing and polite. Latterly he grew too plump, with an appearance of doughy paleness, which occasioned uneasiness to those who loved him, whose number, I think, must be considerable. He wrote a large, fair, elegant hand, was a perfect master of Dr Byrom's short-hand, which he looked upon as barely short of perfection, and which he taught to as many as chose to learn, for the benefit of his friend. He never made a blot in his writing; always, besides his *Adversaria*, kept a proper edition of most books for entering notes in their margin, as the Louvre Greek Testament in folio. These were what Dr Askeu was entitled to by his will, besides his common-place books which, I think, in his open way of writing, for he never spared paper, amounted before he left College to forty volumes in folio; in these he had put down a vast variety of philological learning, without neglecting matters of pleasantry; and I should think it must be impossible, if one that knew his manner and short-hand had liberty to examine them, but that they must furnish an excellent *Tayloriana*.... When we used to joke with him on the badness of his furniture, which consisted of the table aforesaid, and three or four ordinary chairs, and they always filled with books, he used to say that his room was better and more expensively furnished than any of ours; which was certainly true, as he sat in the midst of an excellent library, containing a very fine collection of philological, classical, and juridical books, which formed the proper furniture of a scholar's room, though I cannot say it is the usual or fashionable furniture of the times. This fine and large collection he increased greatly after he got to London, as all those who knew it in Amen Corner will bear me witness."

Of Dr Taylor, Dr Samuel Johnson said, "*Demosthenes Taylor* was the most

silent man, the merest statue of a man, that I have ever seen. I once dined in company with him; and all he said during the whole time was no more than *Richard*. How a man should say only *Richard*, it is not easy to imagine. But it was thus. Dr Douglas was talking of Dr Zachary Grey, and ascribing to him something that was written by Dr Richard Grey, so to correct him Taylor said *Richard!*" (Boswell's *Life of Johnson*, ii, 340).

Dr Taylor died 4 April 1766 at his residuary house, Amen Corner, and was buried in St Paul's nearly under the Litany Desk, where there is an inscription on a marble slab enumerating his titles. His friend, the Rev. Edward Clarke, suggested a very laudatory inscription (Nichols, *l. c.*, iv, 506-7). By his will he left his manuscript collections to Dr Askew, at whose sale they were dispersed. Many were bought for the Libraries of Cambridge and Oxford, a few for the British Museum. He left many of his printed books to the Library of Shrewsbury School.

The following is a list of Dr John Taylor's publications:

(i) *Oratio habita coram Academia Cantabrigiensi in Templo Beatae Mariae, die solenni Martyrii Caroli Primi Regis, A.D. 1730 a Joanne Taylor, A.M., Collegii D. Joannis Evangelistae Socio*, London 1730, 8vo.; (ii) *The Music-speech at the Public Commencement in Cambridge, July 6, 1730. To which is added, An Ode, designed to have been set to Music on that occasion*, London 1730; (iii) *Lysiae Orationes et Fragmenta, Graece et Latine. Ad fidem Codd. Manuscriptorum recensuit, Notis criticis, Interpretatione nova, caeteroque apparatu necessario donavit Joannes Taylor A.M. Coll. D. Joan. Cantab. Soc. Academiae olim a Bibliothecis, hodie a Commentariis. Accedunt cl. Jer. Marklandi Coll. D. Pet. Soc. Conjecturae*, London 1739; this was partly reprinted under the title: *Lysiae Atheniensis Orationes Graece et Latine, ex interpretatione et cum brevibus notis Johannis Taylor, in usum studiosae juventutis*, Cambridge 1740; (iv) *Commentarius ad Legem Decemviralem de inope Debitore in partes dissecando; quem in Scholis Juridicis Cantabrigiae, Junii 22, 1741, recitavit cum pro gradu solenniter responderet Johannes Taylor LL.D. Collegii D. Joannis Socius. Accedunt a viris eruditissimis confectae, nec in lucem hactenus editae, Notae ad Marmor Bosphoranum Jovi Urso sacrum. Dissertatio de voce Yonane. Explicatio Inscriptionis in antiquo Marmore Oxon. De Historicis Anglicanis Commentatio*, Cambridge 1742, 4to.; (v) *Marmor Sandvicense cum Commentario et Notis Joannis Taylors LL.D.*, Cambridge 1743, 4to.; (vi) *On an ancient Grecian marble inscription found at Delos; (vii) Δημοσθένους, Αἰσχίνου, Δεινάρχου, καὶ Δημάδου τὰ σωζόμενα, Graece et Latine. Tomus Tertius*, Cambridge 1748, *Tomus Secundus*, Cambridge 1757; (viii) *A Sermon [on Numbers xi. 29] preached at Bishop's Stortford on the anniversary of the School Feast, Cambridge 1749, 4to.; (ix) A Sermon [on Judges xx. 23] preached before the House of Commons 11 February, 1757. [Fast on occasion of the war], London 1757. Dr Taylor also contributed three papers to the Philosophical Transactions, viz., (a) *An explanation of an ancient inscription at Rutchester, upon the Roman Wall*, 1744, xlv, 344; (b) *Account of an earthquake, March 18-19, 1749, felt at Portsmouth*, xlv, 649; (c) *Observations on two ancient Roman inscriptions discovered at Netherby in Cumberland*, liii, 133.*

Further details with regard to Dr Taylor will be found in *Literary Anecdotes*, iv, 490-535. This was reprinted as a separate work with some additions by Nichols in 1819: *Two Music Speeches at Cambridge spoken at the Public Commencements in the years 1714 and 1730 by Roger Long, M.A., of Trinity College, and John Taylor, M.A., of St John's. To which are added Dr Taylor's Latin speech at St Mary's on the 30th of January, 1730. Several of his Juvenile Poems. Some minor Essays in prose, and specimens of his Epistolary Correspondence. To the above are prefixed Memoirs of Dr Taylor and Dr Long.*

P. 28 no. 31. Henry Gorges, the father, of Eye and the Mynde, co. Hereford, was some time M.P. for the County of Hereford. Robert Gorges was his fourth son by his first wife, Elizabeth Pye; he was baptized 27 September 1702 and was buried at Eye 22 December 1727, unmarried (Robinson, *Manors and Mansions of Herefordshire*, 88, where there is a pedigree).

P. 28 no. 32. Graduated as Richard Dodd, B.A., 1725. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Hereford, 11 September 1726, and Priest by the Bishop of Rochester 19 September 1731.

P. 28 no. 33. Nicholas Keysell, son of William Keysell, of Hawford, Salop, plebeius, matriculated at Oxford from Balliol College 16 April 1709, aged 18. He took the B.A. degree at Oxford 4 March 1717, and the M.A. at Cambridge from

St John's in 1721 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Hereford 20 September 1713, and licensed to the curacy of Edgton, Salop.

P. 28 no. 34. William Wombwell, the father, of Wombwell, co. York, was born at Leeds in 1670. He married Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Michael Woolley, of Wentworth, knt. He died 25 September 1716 and was buried at Darfield. George Wombwell was his second son; he was ordained Deacon 24 December 1727 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed to the curacy of Barford, Beds.; he was ordained Priest 17 February 1727 $\frac{1}{2}$ by the Bishop of Peterborough with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Lincoln, he being presented to the Vicarage of Bayford, Herts. He was instituted Vicar of Norton, co. Derby, 25 July 1750, and died unmarried in 1756 (Hunter, *South Yorkshire*, ii, 125, where there is a pedigree; Burke's *Landed Gentry*).

P. 28 no. 35. John Rakes was ordained Deacon 29 September 1726 by the Bishop of Durham, and Priest 9 June 1727, when he was licensed curate of the chapelry of Ardfield, by the Archbishop of York. On 8 June 1732 the Archbishop licensed him to be Headmaster of the Grammar School at Ripon. His name does not appear in the list of Masters given in Carlisle's *Endowed Grammar Schools*, ii, 888. He was instituted Vicar of Well, Yorks., 15 December 1757 on the presentation of John Blakewell, and held the living until 1781.

P. 28 no. 36. William Rothery was ordained Deacon 17 March 1727 $\frac{1}{2}$ by the Bishop of Norwich (then stating that he was born in the parish of St Martin-in-the Fields), and was licensed curate to Mr Hunt at Mildenhall, Suffolk. This is no doubt the Rev. William Rothery who was Lecturer in Chelsea Church and master of a private school there. See the admission of one of his pupils, P. 144 no. 37. He kept a school at Turret House, Chelsea. One of his prospectuses has been preserved, it was headed by a view of the house and begins, "At the Rev. Mr Rothery's School, the Turret House, Paradise Row, Chelsea, young men are boarded and qualified for the University or business." Mr Rothery was elected Lecturer of Chelsea in 1735 in opposition to the Rev. William King, son of Dr King, sometime Rector of Chelsea, and was licensed or admitted by the Bishop of London 27 June 1735. Prof. Martyn, writing to Faulkner, gives him the following character; "Mr Rothery carried the Lectureship against my uncle, Mr King. He was a very good scholar, and an excellent schoolmaster; but his sermons were composed in haste, and not delivered with any peculiar grace. At the end of his life he became insolvent and lost in drink. I preached for him in church and in Ebury Chapel, when he could no longer do it himself" (Beaver, *Memorials of Old Chelsea*, 247-8). Mr Rothery received a license from the Bishop of London to keep school in Chelsea 18 April 1755. He had been licensed curate of Chelsea Chapel in the parish of St George, Hanover Square, 31 May 1746.

P. 28 no. 37. Samuel Beatniffe was ordained Deacon 5 June 1726 and licensed to the curacy of Gaywood, Norfolk (he then stated that he was born in the parish of Holton-le-Clay, co. Lincoln); he was ordained Priest 16 June 1728, all by the Bishop of Norwich. He was instituted Rector of Bawsey, Norfolk, 11 March 1728 $\frac{3}{4}$, and Rector of Gaywood 5 September 1776. He held both livings until his death at Lynn, aged 79, having been for 55 years Curate and Rector of Gaywood (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1781, p. 442).

In the chancel of Gaywood Church there is a monument with the following inscription: "In Memory of | the Rev. Samuel Beatniffe M.A. | who died at Lynn, August 10, 1781 | in the 79th year of his age | having been curate and Rector of this parish | and Bawsey 55 years. | He was benevolent and charitable; | his mind was cheerful, easy and unsuspicious; | to all mankind he was just and friendly | and to his relations generous. | He lived respected and died lamented" (Nichols, *Literary Illustrations*, vi, 522).

P. 28 no. 38. Christopher Walker was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of London 24 December 1727, and Priest 18 July 1731 by the Archbishop of York, he was then curate of Barmston, Yorks.

P. 28 no. 39. Andrew Matthews, son of Thomas Matthews of Hanmer, Flints., plebeius, matriculated at Oxford from Jesus College 19 February 1708 $\frac{3}{4}$, aged 19. He took the B.A. at Oxford in 1709, and the M.A. at Cambridge from St John's in 1721. He was instituted Rector of Linby, Notts., 4 October 1723, and Rector of Nuthall, Notts., 30 September 1729. He was admitted to the Prebend of Sacrista

or Segeston in Southwell 28 February 173 $\frac{3}{4}$. He held all three pieces of preferment until his death in 1761 or 1762 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*; Hardy's *Le Neve*, iii, 458).

P. 29 no. 40. John Squire, son of Samuel Squire of Durnford, Wilts., clerk, matriculated at Oxford from Merton College 24 March 171 $\frac{0}{1}$, aged 17. He took the B.A. at Oxford 25 February 171 $\frac{5}{6}$, and the M.A. at Cambridge from St John's in 1721. He was ordained Deacon 25 September 1715, and Priest 21 September 1718 by the Bishop of Salisbury. He was collated to the Prebend of Yatesbury in Salisbury Cathedral 6 and installed 10 October 1721. He was instituted Vicar of Wilsford with Woodford, Wilts., 9 November 1722. He was appointed Succentor of Salisbury Cathedral 16 October 1727, and collated Rector of Polshott or Poulshott, Wilts., 25 June 1730. On 4 June 1730, when he is described as Chaplain to Dr Benjamin Hoadley, Bishop of Salisbury, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Woodford with Polshott, the two livings being valued at £60 and £150 respectively. He held all these pieces of preferment until his death 2 July 1759 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*; Hardy's *Le Neve*, ii, 668).

P. 29 no. 41. A pedigree of the Smythe family will be found in Berry's *Pedigrees of Families in the County of Kent*, p. 251. Sidney Stafford Smythe was the only son of Henry Smythe of Great Bounds, Kent, by his wife Elizabeth, daughter of Dr John Lloyd, canon of Windsor, he was born in 1705, his father dying in 1706. He was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 5 June 1724 and was called to the Bar 8 February 172 $\frac{3}{4}$. He travelled the Home Circuit. In 1740 he was made Steward and one of the Judges of the Palace Court at Westminster. He was returned as M.P. for the Borough of East Grinstead, Sussex, in 1747, in which year, in Trinity Term, he became a Bencher of his Inn and King's Counsel. He became Serjeant-at-Law 23 June 1750, and in the same month became a Baron of the Exchequer and was knighted. He sat as a puisne Baron for more than twenty-two years. During this period he was twice appointed a Commissioner of the Great Seal. On the first occasion he held it from 9 November 1756 to 30 June 1757 on the resignation of Lord Chancellor Hardwicke, and on the second occasion from 21 January 1770 to 28 January 1771 on the death of Lord Chancellor Charles Yorke. On the death of Sir Thomas Parker he succeeded on 28 October 1772 as Lord Chief Baron of the Exchequer, resigning this on account of infirmity in December 1777. He received a pension of £2400 and was immediately sworn of the Privy Council. He died 30 October 1778. He married Sarah, daughter of Sir Charles Farnaby, of Kippington in Kent, but left no issue (Foss, *Judges of England*, viii, 369-71; *Dictionary of National Biography*).

P. 29 no. 43. Matthew Wilkinson was ordained Deacon 9 June 1727 and licensed to the curacy of Skipton, Yorks., with a stipend of £16 a year; he was ordained Priest 21 July 1728, all by the Archbishop of York. He was instituted Vicar of Irthington, Cumberland, 22 January 173 $\frac{3}{4}$, and held the living until 1745.

P. 29 no. 44. William Roberts did not graduate. He is not named in the will of his father, Thomas Roberts of Wardley, co. Rutland, esq., dated 12 April 1743, proved 24 October 1744 in P.C.C. (Anstis, 243), who appointed his nephew Thomas Roberts of Ashwell, Rutland, clerk (B.A. Sidney 1722), sole executor and residuary legatee, and he proved the will (Mr Justin Simpson).

P. 30 no. 45. Thomas Scott was ordained Deacon 24 December 1727 and licensed to the curacy of North Coates, co. Lincoln, he was ordained Priest 20 September 1730 and licensed to the curacy of Conisholme, co. Lincoln, next day, all by the Bishop of Lincoln.

P. 30 no. 46. See P. 24 no. 40 for the admission of an elder brother. The *Parish Register* of Whickham has the following entry among the baptisms: "1703, July 28 Fardanando s. to Mr Francis Baker, Whickham." Ferdinando Baker succeeded to Crook Hall and died unmarried 22 February 1783. His will dated 7 January 1783 was proved by his brother Francis Baker 1 September 1789 (Surtees, *History of Durham*, ii, 358, where there is a pedigree).

P. 30 no. 47. Thomas Cooper was ordained Deacon 5 June 1726 and was licensed to the curacy of Wyfordby, co. Leicester, next day, he was ordained Priest 17 March 172 $\frac{5}{6}$ and was licensed to the curacy of Stathern, co. Leicester, next day, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. One Thomas Cooper was instituted Rector of Boothby Pagnell, co. Lincoln, 18 May 1728, and held the living until 1733.

P. 30 no. 1. John Betts was ordained Deacon 19 September 1725 and licensed to the curacy of Hawes, Beds., he was ordained Priest 28 May 1727 and licensed to the curacy of Willington, Beds., all by the Bishop of Lincoln. One John Betts was instituted Vicar of Willington, Beds., 20 July 1727, holding the living until 1745, and John Betts was instituted Vicar of Cople, Beds., 9 June 1730, holding the living until 1743.

P. 30 no. 2. William Salisbury, the son of William Salisbury, of Atherstone, co. Warwick, and Stoke Golding, co. Leicester, and Judith his wife, was baptized at Mancetter parish church, 20 July 1707. He was admitted on the foundation of the Charterhouse, 1 May 1717. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 9 April 1728. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Lincoln 21 December 1729, and Priest by the Bishop of Ely 2 August 1730, and was instituted Rector of Newton Blossomville, co. Bucks., 5 August 1730. In 1733 he was curate of Whittlesford, co. Cambridge. From February 1745 to June 1750 he served as Reader to the Charterhouse. He was instituted Rector of Moreton, Essex, 29 May 1752 on the presentation of the College, then ceding his Buckinghamshire living. He was instituted Rector of Little Hallingbury, Essex, 6 May 1766, on the presentation of the Governors of the Charterhouse. He was collated 12 July and installed 12 August 1769 to the Prebend of Empingham in Lincoln Cathedral, holding these three pieces of preferment until his death. He married Ann, daughter of Robert Parker, esquire, of Lynn Regis, and by her had one surviving daughter, Ann, born 29 May 1761, who married 21 June 1781, the Rev. George Holgate, of St John's (see his admission, P. 154 no. 4). Mr Salisbury died 30 January 1796, aged 89, and is buried at Moreton, Essex.

He was the author of the following works: (i) *A sermon* (on Deut. viii. 10) *preached in Charterhouse Chapel 12 December, 1737, Founder's Commemoration*, 8vo., London 1738; (ii) *Two grammatical essays*: (a) *On a barbarism in the English language*, (b) *On the Usefulness and Necessity of Grammatical knowledge in order to a right Interpretation of the Scriptures*, 8vo., London 1768; (iii) *A Visitation Sermon* (on Prov. xiv. 24) *preached before the Archdeaconry of Essex*, 21 May 1772, 8vo., London 1773; (iv) *The History of the Establishment of Christianity*; translated from the French of Prof. Bullet. With notes by the Translator and some Strictures on Mr Gibbon's Account of Christianity and its first teachers, 8vo., London 1776; (v) *An Epistle, in verse, from a Country Parson to a Residentiary of St Paul's*, 4to., Chelmsford, undated; this is a rare tract, not in the British Museum. There are some letters of Mr Salisbury to the Duke of Newcastle (mostly applications for livings), among the Addl. MSS. in the British Museum. In 1766 he was a candidate for the Mastership of the Charterhouse School, and in Addl. MSS. 32,992, fol. 314, there is a letter from him to the Duke forwarding a College testimonial in his behalf (Notes from Mr C. W. Holgate, The Palace, Salisbury; Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, ix, 581; Hardy's *Le Neve*, ii, 149).

P. 30 no. 3. Humphrey Dell took the degree of M.B. in 1727. It will be seen in what follows that he practised as a physician at Flitwick, in Bedfordshire. He was a descendant of William Dell, the Commonwealth Master of Gonville and Caius College. The family held property at Westoning, Beds. Humphrey, son of William Dell, was baptized at Westoning 6 September 1678 (Blaydes, *Genealogia Bedfordienses*, 314). According to Cole, Humphrey Dell of St John's was great-grandson of the Master of Gonville and Caius College, if so, then William Dell was son of the Master, and the Humphrey Dell referred to by Cole as speaking slightly of his father was another son. In the Baker MSS. (vol. x, p. 116) is a letter in which reference is made to "old Dell, who was great-grandfather to the now Dr Dell." In the same letter however the old man is spoken of as grandfather, probably a slip of the pen.

Cole in his account of the Church of Maulden in Bedfordshire (MSS. Cole xxxiii, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5834, p. 269) has the following:

"On the north wall of the chancel below the door into the vault is fixed a small mural monument of white marble on which is this inscription; 'Near this place are interred the bodies of Mrs Mary Dell, daughter of William Dell of Samshill in the parish of Westoning in this county, gent., and Mrs Anne Sicklyn, widow of Tho. Sicklyn, late of this parish, gent., and daughter of the Rev. Mr William Partington, Rector of Steppingley. The former died Nov. 28, 1710, in the 27 year of her age, the latter April the 12, 1718, aged 82. These two gentlewomen notwithstanding

the great disparity of their age contracted such an esteem and admiration for each other's piety and virtue and were so closely united in love and affection during their life, that they desired they might not be separated in the grave: and this their request was religiously observed by Humphrey Dell, brother to the one and executor to the other, who also erected this monument to their memory.' Just above this monument is a new door-way opened through the wall of the chancel, which was very thick and difficult to be made, as the clerk told me, into the new columbary, vault or dormitory, made of brick this last year by Dr Dell on the decease of his mother, who was kept in the cellar of the house till it was finished; it is descended into by some steps and has a window or two to give it air and light and at one end are nine holes, like the mouth of an oven, to receive each a separate coffin, being three stories of three holes on each story. Dr Dell was more than ordinarily curious in this matter, and so far dissimilar from his ancestor, the famous Mr William Dell, the Independent Master of Gonville and Caius College, who was so little curious where his carcase was deposited that he ordered himself to be buried in a little spinney, or wood, on his estate in the parish of Westoning in this county; and I was told by my worthy good friend, Dr Zachary Grey, this day on my calling upon him on my way to Bletchley out of Cambridgeshire, that his son Humphrey Dell, riding or walking by the spinney with an acquaintance, reflecting too severely as a son upon his father's base conduct and actings in the late rebellion, could not help exclaiming in this manner, pointing to the place where his father was buried, 'There lays that old rogue and rascal my father.' This William Dell was educated at Emmanuel College, where he was chosen Fellow and receiving in that nest of Puritanism ill-impressions against the monarchy and hierarchy of his country, he was, 4 May 1649, intruded into the Mastership of Gonville and Caius College, and to his eternal infamy and disgrace, though Head of a learned Society was not ashamed to preach publicly at St Mary's Church, before the University, a sermon in disparagement of all human learning and University degrees. . . . Dr Dell, his great-grandson, was educated at St John's College in Cambridge and proceeded Doctor in Physic, and had no small practice in his neighbourhood of Flitwick in Bedfordshire, where he lived, being esteemed a good physician and knowing his profession. I have been in his company and he seemed to me a very civil and well-bred man. But those who knew him better called him a very insincere, as well as finical, man. I think he died a bachelor and left the chief of his fortune to a person with whose wife he was supposed to be fond of. As there were few of his profession in the neighbourhood and his skill not despised, he had an opportunity of raising a very handsome fortune, especially as he was remarkable for being very rapacious in regard to his fees. Mr Hatton [*i.e.* Rev. Christopher Hatton, rector of Marston Mortaine and Maulden, P. 70 no. 26] shewed me one of the most bombast, fustian, ungrammatical, and most ridiculous letters, which he had sent to Captain Brady of Amptill, when that gentleman about three or four years since came to settle there, that ever I saw. However I have heard the Doctor well spoken of, and we should not be too cautious in receiving characters of people from those who love them not. The Doctor died of a consumptive and decaying disorder, and dining with his friend Robert Lowndes, esq., of Great Brickhill, formerly his patient, and to whom he left a mourning ring, I took the inscription of it yesterday (July 30, 1765) which may serve as an epitaph for the Doctor as there is none yet erected for him in the Church, he being the second that is buried in the Columbary; though the clerk told me that his father was buried very near the door into it, and that the doctor had some thoughts of taking up his corpse, but was deterred from it by the representation of its impracticability, it being buried too long. This is wrote on the ring, one of which was sent to his principal patients, which shewed a grateful turn of mind: 'Humphrey Dell, Esq., | ob: Sept: 22. 1764. aet 57'."

It will be observed that there are three Humphrey Dells mentioned: (1) the doctor, (2) his father, who erected the monument to the two ladies, (3) son of the Master of Gonville and Caius, who seems to have been a brother of William Dell, the grandfather of Humphrey Dell of St John's. Dr Venn in his *History of Gonville and Caius College* (Robinson's Series), p. 126, shews that the legend as to the burial of the Master in a field is probably untrue.

P. 30 no. 4. Nicholas Fayting, who was born 22 January 1700, was admitted to Merchant Taylors' School 7 March 171⁹ (Robinson, *Merchant Taylors' School Register*, ii, 30). He was ordained Deacon 19 December 1725 and Priest 18 December 1726 by the Bishop of London. He was successively Third (1726), Second (1730)

and First (1731—1753) Under Master of Merchant Taylors' School. He was instituted Rector of St Martin Outwich, London, 21 July 1748; collated 14 May and installed 19 June 1756 to the Prebend of Ketton in Lincoln Cathedral, and instituted Rector of Hawkeswell, Essex, 9 July 1757. On 7 July 1757, when he is described as Chaplain to the Duchess Dowager of Devonshire, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold his two rectories, St Martin's being valued at £90 and Hawkeswell at £80 and their distance apart 30 miles. He held all these pieces of preferment until his death 22 February 1789 in his 88th year. He was a sincere friend, an elegant scholar and a sound divine (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1789, i, 278, where there is a copy of verses on Mr Fayting pronounced by the Second Monitor of Merchant Taylors' School at the examination day on March 26). In the *European Magazine* for 1792 (March, p. 167) will be found a letter of Nicholas Fayting's dated from Cambridge 19 November 1721, forwarding a copy of verses entitled *Conjuratio Papistica* by John Taylor, afterwards Residentiary of St Paul's and editor of *Demosthenes*.

P. 30 no. 6. Benjamin Ray was ordained Deacon 28 May 1727 and licensed to the curacy of Spalding, co. Lincoln, 29 May, he was ordained Priest 21 September 1729, and licensed to the curacy of Surfleet, co. Lincoln, 22 September, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was for some time Master of Sleaford School.

The following account of him is given in Nichols's *Literary Anecdotes*, vi, 107-8: "A most ingenious and worthy man, possessed of good learning, but ignorant of the world; indolent and thoughtless and often very absent. He was perpetual curate of Surfleet, of which he gave an account to the Gentlemen's Society at Spalding, and curate of Cowbit, which is a chapel to Spalding, in the gift of trustees. His hermitage of osiers and willows there was celebrated by William Jackson of Boston in a MS. poem [some lines of which are given in Nichols, *l.c.*]. He communicated to the Royal Society an account of a waterspout raised off the land in Deeping fen, printed in their *Transactions*, vol. xlvii, p. 447: and of an ancient coin to the *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1744. Mr Pegge, about 1758, had a consultation with Dr Taylor, residentiary of St Paul's, and a friend of Ray's to get him removed to better situations; and the Doctor was inclined to do it; but, on better information, and mature consideration, it was thought then too late to transplant him. He died a bachelor at Spalding in 1760. There are several dissertations by him in the *Bibliotheca Topographica Britannica*. A paper by him on the Egyptian Lotus was communicated by Dr Pegge to the *Gentleman's Magazine* for 1789, p. 167."

P. 30 no. 7. Chappell Fowler was admitted a Fellow of the College 21 March 1727. He was ordained Deacon 28 May 1727, and Priest 1 June 1729 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was Junior Proctor of the University 1735-6. He was presented by the College to the Rectory of Thorington and to the Rectory of Frating 4 March 1745, being instituted to the former 8 March, and to the latter 20 March. On March 11 he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then stated to be of the respective values of £100 and £70 and to be two miles apart. He held both livings until his death, which occurred at Colchester in December 1781 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 5 January 1782).

P. 30 no. 8. William Brett was ordained Deacon 4 June 1726 by the Bishop of Peterborough with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Salisbury, he to be curate of a parish in Dorsetshire. One of these names was instituted Vicar of Netherbury with Beaminster, Dorset, 24 August 1743, resigning the living in 1745 (Hutchins, *History of Dorset*, ii, 145).

P. 31 no. 9. The name of father and son should be Lynn; see the admission of another son, P. 51 no. 4. It is stated (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, vi, 72; *Genealogist*, i, 353) that George Lynn, the father, was also a member of the College. His name does not occur in the Admission Register. He was of Southwick Hall, Northamptonshire, and of the Inner Temple, Barrister-at-Law. He married Elizabeth, daughter of Humphry Bellamy of London, Merchant. He died 28 June, and was buried 5 July 1742 at Southwick, aged 65. George Lynn, the son and heir, was of Southwick Hall (and of Frinton Hall, co. Essex, *jure uxoris*) and of the Inner Temple, Barrister-at-Law. He became a member of the Gentlemen's Society at Spalding 23 October 1723. He married, at Walthamstow, co. Essex, 13 July 1734, his cousin Anne, daughter of Sir Edward Bellamy of Frinton Hall and of Stanway Hall, co. Essex, knight, Lord Mayor of London, 1735. He died without issue, 6, and was buried at Southwick 16 May 1758, aged 51. There is a monument to his

memory. His wife, Anne Lynn, died 14, and was buried at Southwick 21 August 1767, aged 57 (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, l.c.; *Genealogist*, i, 354). George Lynn, son and heir apparent of George Lynn of Southwick Hall, Northamptonshire, was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 3 November 1722 and was called to the Bar 21 June 1729. The father does not seem to occur as a member of any of the Inns of Court.

P. 31 no. 11. William Carr was ordained Deacon 9 June 1727 and licensed to the curacy of Weighton, Yorks., with a stipend of £20, he was ordained Priest 21 July 1728, all by the Archbishop of York. One of these names was instituted Rector of a Medietiy of Burnsall-in-Craven 28 August 1734.

P. 31 no. 13. The father, John Chevalier, was born in France and came to England after the Edict of Nantes. He was admitted a sizar of Emmanuel College 20 June 1683, A.B. 1685. He was instituted to the Rectory of Tickencote, Rutland, 3 August 1692 and subsequently to the Vicarage of Greetham, where he was buried 27 March 1711. He married at Empingham, Rutland, Mary Weston, 16 April 1693. In the *Lansdown MSS.* 9896 Brit. Mus. is a letter of John Chevalier to Dr Kennett, Bishop of Peterborough, respecting the augmentation of the vicarage of Greetham, co. Rutland, dated Greatham, 8 June 1704.

A Mr John Chevallier was buried at St Martin's, Stamford Baron, 8 March 172 $\frac{6}{7}$, and Mrs Mary Chevallier 9 December 1728. I am unable to say whether these were of kin to the Rev. John Chevalier of Greetham, neither of their wills is at Peterborough (Mr Justin Simpson).

Nathaniel Michael Chevallier took the B.A. degree in 1725. He was ordained Deacon 5 March 172 $\frac{6}{7}$ by the Bishop of Peterborough and licensed to the curacy of Empingham, Rutland, he was ordained Priest 26 May 1728 by the Bishop of Lincoln, at the instance of the Bishop of Peterborough. He was instituted Vicar of Bitchfield, co. Lincoln, 9 September 1728, and held the living until 1756.

P. 31 no. 14. Andrew Brownsmith was buried 23 October 1723 (*Parish Register* of All Saints, Cambridge).

P. 31 no. 15. William Dixon was ordained Deacon 16 March 172 $\frac{6}{7}$ and Priest 25 September 1726 by the Bishop of London. He is probably the William Dixon who was instituted Rector of Greenstead-juxta-Colchester, co. Essex, 4 May 1728. His successor was appointed in 1730.

P. 31 no. 16. John Burton was ordained Deacon 9 June 1727 and licensed to the curacy of Barnby Moor with Fangfosse, by the Archbishop of York. He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Ely 19 February 17 $\frac{28}{29}$. One of these names was instituted Rector of Ithen Abbots, Hants., 29 September 1735, and Rector of High Hoyland, Yorks., 21 March 174 $\frac{5}{6}$. Both livings were vacant in 1774.

P. 31 no. 17. Richard Swale was ordained Deacon in 1726 and Priest 25 August 1728 by the Bishop of Chester. On 26 August 1728 the Bishop of Chester licensed him to the curacy of Goldsborough, and on 1 December 1737 to the Chapel of Arkendale in the parish of Knaresborough. On 7 September 1763 he was instituted Vicar of Nidd, Yorks. He died at Arkendale in June or July 1789, aged 85, being then Vicar of Nidd, curate of South Stainley and of Arkendale (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1789, p. 573 b; *Cambridge Chronicle*, 18 July 1789).

P. 31 no. 18. Francis Tennant was ordained Priest by the Bishop of London 24 September 1727. He was instituted Rector of Alresford, Essex, 1 October 1731, and held it until his death 3 October 1764.

P. 31 no. 19. Thomas Heblethwait was ordained Deacon 17 December 1725 and Priest 16 December 1726 by the Bishop of Ely. He was licensed to the curacy of Stuntney 18 December 1726. In a letter from Dr Samuel Knight, Prebendary of Ely, to Dean Moss, dated from Ely 25 November 1725 the following passage occurs: "One Thomas Heblethwait is chosen vicar choral in the room of Serle. He has a tolerable voice" (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, v, 357). One of these names was instituted Rector of West Treswell, Notts., 4 April 1733, holding the living until 1764.

P. 32 no. 20. This is probably the 'John Holmes, scholar' who was buried in All Saints' Church 13 February 172 $\frac{4}{5}$ (All Saints, Cambridge, *Parish Register*).

P. 32 no. 22. The father was of St John's, admitted 8 January 16 $\frac{3}{4}$ (Part ii, P. 118 no. 11). The son died young. See the note on his father.

P. 32 no. 23. Robert Tatham, of Yarm, Yorks., married Bridget Laurence in 1652. Their son, Ralph, born in 1677, married Ann Mawes. This is the father of the member of St John's. In the church at Bishopton there is a monument to his memory with the inscription: Here lies the body of Ralph Tatam, who departed this life May 9, 1742, aet. 64.

Ralph Tatham, of St John's, took the M.B. degree at Cambridge in 1727. He seems to have taken the degree of M.D. at some foreign University, to have practised as a physician at Sunderland, and to have died in 1752. His son, Ralph Tatham, afterwards Vicar of Bishopton, was admitted to the College 5 June 1771; and his grandson, Ralph Tatham, son of the Vicar of Bishopton, admitted to the College 20 June 1796, was Master of St John's from 1839 to 1857.

Ralph Tatham, M.D. appears to have been married at least twice. He married Sarah, daughter of Ralph Robinson of Houghton-le-Spring and Sunderland, gent. (Surtees, *History of Durham*, i, 190-1; the Christian name of this wife was perhaps Mary). Ralph Tatham by his will, dated 5 July 1752, appointed his trusty friends Ralph Lambton and George Scruton executors and trustees; he desired to be buried, in Sunderland churchyard, beside his "late wife Mary"; he mentions his brother William Tatham, his wife Elizabeth, his daughter Elizabeth and his son Ralph. The *Parish Register* of Sunderland has the following entries: 1751, August 7, Ralph, son of Ralph and Elizabeth Tatham, baptized; 1752, November 23, Ann, daughter of the late Ralph and Elizabeth Tatham, buried; 1753, July 12, Elizabeth, widow of Dr Tatham, buried. Ralph Tatham, himself, was buried in the churchyard of Holy Trinity, Sunderland, 20 September 1752 (Notes from Mr H. M. Wood and from members of the Tatham family).

P. 32 no. 24. Thomas Wilson was ordained Deacon 26 February 172 $\frac{2}{3}$ by the Bishop of Norwich in the Church of St Edmund the King and Martyr, London, with letters dimissory from the Archbishop of York. He then stated that he was born in the parish of Arnold, Notts., and that his age was 24, which does not agree with his age as given in the College Register.

One of these names was instituted Rector of Hautboy (*alias* Hobbys), Norfolk, 14 December 1730 and seems to have vacated it on being instituted Vicar of Holy Trinity, Bungay, Suffolk, 19 February 173 $\frac{2}{3}$, holding the latter living until 1774.

P. 32 no. 25. George Barber was ordained Deacon 28 May 1727 and licensed to the curacy of Hemingford, Hunts., he was ordained Priest 21 September 1729 and licensed to the curacy of Amptthill, Beds., next day, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. The *Parish Register* of Kippax has the two following entries: 29 March 1705, Geo: filius Gulielmi Barber bap.; 20 January 1765, Mr George Barber, clerk, buried.

P. 32 no. 26. Hammond Turner was admitted a Fellow of the College 9 April 1728: his Fellowship was filled up again in March 173 $\frac{2}{3}$. He was ordained Deacon 20 May 1728 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and Priest 3 August 1730 by the Bishop of Ely. He was instituted Rector of Hawsworth, Notts., 15 February 173 $\frac{2}{3}$, and Rector of Todwick, Yorks., 9 June 1736. On 5 June 1736, when he is described as Chaplain to John, Earl Rothes, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then stated to be of the value of £80 and £60 respectively and to be about 25 miles apart. He held both livings until his death in 1775.

P. 32 no. 28. William Bedford was the eldest son of Hilkiah Bedford (Part ii, P. 75 no. 5, p. lix). He entered himself on the physic line at Leyden 10 September 1727. In 1737 he was created Doctor of Medicine at Cambridge by royal mandate, and then settling in London was admitted a candidate of the College of Physicians 30 September 1737, and a Fellow 30 September 1738. He delivered the Gulstonian Lectures in 1740; was Censor in 1742 and 1745, and Registrar in 1745 and 1746. Dr Bedford was appointed physician to Christ's Hospital in November 1746. He died 10 July 1747, was buried in the burying-ground of St Michael Olave (united to the parish of St Nicholas, Cole Abbey, Old Fish Street), and is commemorated by the following inscription in the Church of St Nicholas, Cole Abbey: Gulielmo Bedford, M.D. | Coll. Med. Soc. et Registr., R.S.S. | et in Orphanotrophio Æd. Christi Med.; | Viro probitate, prudentia, et modestissimis moribus conspicuo: | cui etiam id maxime tribuendum est laudis, | quod tanta esset mentis solertia | ut rebus gerendis natus, ingenio tam amabili, | ut ad amicitiae et humanitatis officia ornanda | proprio quodam naturae munere factus videretur: | qui, cum multa linguarum ac rerum scientia, | et assiduo virtutum socialium studio, | suam pariter

artem nomenque cohonestasset, | Anno aetatis 42, febre correptus, | uxori, consanguineis, amicis desideratissimus, | obiit die x Julii, a.d. 1747. | Elizabetha conjux moestissima P. |

He was the intimate friend of Thomas Hearne, the antiquary, who, according to the *Gentleman's Magazine*, v, 333, left him his MSS., which were very numerous. He was twice married (Munk, *Roll of the Royal College of Physicians*, ii, 138. Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, i, 169). He was a correspondent of Dr Z. Grey (Nichols, *Literary Illustrations*, iv, 248). His only daughter, Elizabeth, by his second wife, married in 1778 John Claxton of Lincoln's Inn, F.S.A. She erected a monument to her mother, Elizabeth, who died 29 September 1790, aged 87.

P. 32 no. 29. John Stubbinge took the degree of M.B. in 1728. He was a medical pupil under Boerhave at Leyden and a friend of Samuel Pegge (see next entry), who travelled with him to Leyden in the summer of 1731 (Pegge, *Curialia Miscellanea*, p. xix). He was admitted a student at Leyden 4 October 1728.

P. 32 no. 30. Christopher Pegge, the father, was for some time a woollendrapery, afterwards a lead merchant, in Chesterfield, where he was a member of the Corporation and died in his third mayoralty in the year 1723. Samuel Pegge was his only son, by his first wife Gertrude, daughter of Francis Stevenson of Unston, co. Derby (Hunter, *Familiae Minorum Gentium*, Harl. Soc. Publ., xxvii, 306-7, where there is a pedigree). He was born 5 November 1701 at Chesterfield. He was admitted to a Beresford Fellowship 21 March 1729. This was a Fellowship restricted to Founder's kin, failing them to natives of Derbyshire. The other candidate was Michael Burton (P. 16 no. 42), who appealed to the Bishop of Ely against the decision of the College and was successful, Pegge being ejected and Burton admitted in his place 28 September 1727. Pegge was however admitted to a Platt Fellowship 17 March 1730, and held this until his marriage 13 April 1732 to Anne Clarke, only daughter of Benjamin Clarke of Stanley, near Wakefield, Yorks. He was ordained Deacon 21 December 1729 and Priest 22 February 1730 by the Bishop of Norwich. While resident in the University he was a member of the 'Zodiac Club,' a literary Society, originally of twelve members. In 1728 the society was increased by six, named after six of the Planets, and Mr Pegge was the original 'Mars.' After being ordained he became curate to Dr John Lynch, Dean of Canterbury (Part ii, P. 215 no. 55), at Sandwich, in Kent. Dr Lynch procured for him, through his father-in-law, Archbishop Wake, the Vicarage of Godmersham, in Kent, to which Pegge was collated 1 December 1731. There he resided twenty years, busily engaged in antiquarian studies, contributing more than fifty memoirs to *Archaeologia*. His wife died in July 1746, and in Godmersham Church is a monument to her memory with this inscription: "MDCXLVI | Anna Clarke, uxor Samuelis Pegge | Vicarii hujus parochiae; | Mulier, si qua alia, sine dolo, | Vitam aeternam et beatam fidenter hic sperat; | nec erit frustra." Mr Pegge now sought preferment in Derbyshire. He had first the offer of the perpetual curacy of Brampton, but through a dispute as to the right of presentation did not get it. He was however presented to the rectory of Whittington, co. Derby, and instituted 30 October 1751. By an arrangement between the Duke of Devonshire and the Archbishop of Canterbury, Mr Pegge was presented to the rectory of Brindle or Brinhill, co. Lancaster, and instituted 20 November 1751, the Archbishop collating the Duke's nominee to Godmersham. By arrangement with the Duke, Mr Pegge ceded Brindle and was instituted to the Vicarage of Heath, co. Derby, 21 October 1758 on the Duke's presentation. On 18 November 1758 he was appointed Chaplain to the Marquis of Hartington. On 26 October 1757 he was collated to the Prebend of Bubbenhall in Lichfield Cathedral, ceding this on his collation 29 January 1763 to the Prebend of Whittington with Berkswych in Lichfield Cathedral. In 1765 he was presented to the perpetual curacy of Wingerworth, in Derbyshire, and on 11 May 1772 he was collated by his College friend, Dr John Green, Bishop of Lincoln, to the Prebend of Louth in Lincoln Cathedral. He also obtained a Residencyship at Lichfield in 1790. All these preferments he held until his death 14 February 1796. He was buried at Whittington in the chancel, where, on a black marble tablet, there is the following inscription: "At the North end of the Altar table, within the Rails, | lie the remains of Samuel Pegge, LL.D. | who was inducted to this Rectory, Nov. 11, 1751, | and died Feb. 14, 1796; | in the 92nd year of his age." This account of him is very much abridged from his *Biographical Memoirs* written by his son, Samuel Pegge (P. 133 no. 12), prefixed to his *Curialia Miscellanea*. To this a portrait of Dr Pegge

is prefixed. This life, with some additions, is printed in Nichols's *Literary Anecdotes*, vi, 224—259. This gives a full list of Mr Pegge's publications and papers, and possesses additional interest in the frank explanations it contains of the reasons for his ecclesiastical preferments. See also *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1796, pp. 451, 803, 891, 979, 1081; 1797, p. 743.

His only daughter, Anne Katharine, widow of the Rev. John Bourne, died at Spital, near Chesterfield, 3 January 1816, aged 81 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1816, i, 183).

P. 33 no. 33. Edward Holmes was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Lincoln 26 May 1728 and licensed next day to the curacy of Ayott, Herts.

P. 33 no. 34. The Register of Clare has the following entry: "1719 October 7, Samuel Shaw, born at Tamworth, pensioner, pupil to Mr Green; from Christ Church College, Oxford, where he had kept 10 terms." Samuel Shaw, son of Samuel Shaw of Tamworth, co. Stafford, matriculated at Oxford from Christ Church 10 November 1716, aged 17 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*).

P. 33 no. 35. Michael Godly was ordained Priest 16 August 1730 and licensed to the curacy of Croxton in the parish of Halifax, by the Archbishop of York. He was instituted Vicar of Farndon St Peter (or Farringdon with Balderstone), Notts., 22 June 1731. His successor was instituted in January 1766.

P. 33 no. 36. Joseph Sutcliffe was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Chester 12 January 1728. On 6 September 1731 he was licensed by the Bishop of Chester "to teach boys in the parish of Rochdale in the art of grammar, writing, arithmetic and so forth."

P. 33 no. 37. See the admission of the father, Part ii, P. 114 no. 30. John Marsh was ordained Deacon 24 December 1727 by the Bishop of Peterborough, with letters dimissory from the Archbishop of Canterbury, and Priest 18 February 1733 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was collated Vicar of St Margaret's at Cliffe 19 Feb. 1733 and Vicar of West Cliffe 9 July 1733, both county Kent, succeeding his father in both cases. He was also licensed to the curacy of Buckland, Kent, by the Archbishop of Canterbury, 19 February 1733. He preached the sermon before the King's School (Canterbury) Feast Society in 1738. In the north aisle of the Church of St Margaret at Cliffe there is a lozenge-shaped tablet of black marble with this inscription: In memory of | the Rev. John Marsh A.M. | forty years vicar of this parish: | died Sept. 1, 1773, aged 69 years. | Also Richard Marsh A.M. | the preceding Vicar | and father of the said John Marsh (Sidebotham, *Memorials of the King's School, Canterbury*, 26; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1803, i, 507 a).

P. 33 no. 38. John Jebb was the fourth son of Samuel Jebb by his wife, Elizabeth Gilliver (Burke, *Landed Gentry*, Jebb of Walton). After taking his B.A. degree from St John's in 1725 he migrated to Christ's College, where he became a Fellow. In the summer of 1728, while waiting for a fellowship, he hoped to be put on the list of the King's "modern Schollars" (who were nominated by the Crown to learn two modern languages). He trusted that his taking Holy Orders would not disqualify him; for "most on the last list were of that Profession." Before his ordination to the curacy of Sandy he had entertained the idea that a place on the Modern List might lead to a Secretaryship in England or Ireland or to some envoy or nobleman, as it had done for those in the last list; for such of the set as were taken any notice of. He understood French already and something of Italian (Wordsworth, *Scholæ Academicæ*, 149 n.). He married Anne, daughter of David Gansel of Donnyland Hall, near Colchester, and seems to have settled in London, for his son, John Jebb, the physician (of Peterhouse, B.A. 1757), was born in Southampton Street, Covent Garden, 16 February 1736 (Disney, *Memoir of Dr John Jebb*, 1).

About this time, or a little earlier, he went to Ireland as Chaplain to the Duke of Devonshire, Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland. He had a letter from Lord Oxford to Jonathan Swift (Sir Walter Scott, *Works of Jonathan Swift, D.D.*, xviii, 221, 330). On 5 April 1740 the Duke presented him to the Treasurership of Christ Church, Dublin, he was admitted 10 April and installed next day. On 29 March 1743 he brought to the Dean and Chapter a new patent dated 22 March, and again took the oath and was admitted. This office he held until his death. In 1736 he appears as Prebendary of Kilmanagh in Ossory Cathedral, vacating in 1740. He was appointed Dean of Cashel by patent dated 22 June 1769, holding this until his death (Cotton, *Fasti Ecclesiae Hibernicæ*, i, 38; ii, 63, 320). He was also for some

time Rector of St Thomas-in-the-East, Dublin. He seems to have resided, at least in later years, at Egham, near Windsor (*Annual Biography*, 1835, p. 123). Theophilus Lindsey writing 16 October 1779 says of him: "Mr Dean Jebb will not be pleased with being characterised as very old, which, in the manner it is said, involves the infirmities of that period; whereas at 76 he is as active and vigorous as many men of 40, and more robust, for such is his make, than most men." The Dean died 6 February 1787 (Nichols, *Literary Illustrations*, iv, 417; Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, i, 161).

P. 33 no. 39. George Carr took the B.A. degree in 1725. He was appointed under-Usher of the Grammar School in Newcastle-on-Tyne 26 September 1726. This he resigned in 1742 when he was appointed minister of the episcopal chapel in Edinburgh, which he held until his death. He was a man very highly respected. After his decease three volumes of his sermons were published in Edinburgh in 1777 by his widow. He gained the respect and esteem even of the Scotch Presbyterians; for Mr Arnot says, they "can now behold, without emotion, even the funeral service performed publicly." "Upon the death of Mr Carr, the senior clergyman of the Chapel, he was interred under its portico: the funeral service sung, and the voices were accompanied by the organ." A monument was placed to his memory with the following inscription: "Near this place are deposited the remains of the Rev. George Carr, senior clergyman of this Chapel, in whom meekness and moderation, unaffected piety, and universal benevolence, were equally and eminently conspicuous. After having faithfully discharged the duties of his sacred position, during thirty-nine years, he died on 16th August 1776, in the 71st year of his age, beloved, honoured, lamented. His congregation, deeply sensible of the loss they sustained in the death of this excellent person, by whose mild and pathetic eloquence, by whose exemplary yet engaging manners, they have been so long instructed in the duties, and animated to the practice, of pure religion, have erected this monument, to record the virtues of the dead and the gratitude of the living" (Mackenzie, *History of Newcastle-upon-Tyne*, 424; Nichols, *Illustrations*, v, 129; *History of Edinburgh*, 286).

P. 33 no. 40. William Bowen, son of John Bowen of Upton, co. Pembroke, gentleman, matriculated at Oxford from Jesus College 13 February 170 $\frac{7}{8}$, aged 18. He was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 15 March 170 $\frac{8}{9}$, when he is described as 'son and heir.' He was instituted Rector of Lawrenny, co. Pembroke, 7 April 1712. Roland Gwynn, his successor there, was instituted 30 October 1722. William Bowen was admitted to the LL.B. degree at Cambridge in 1722.

P. 34 no. 41. Thomas Richmond, son of Toby Richmond of Marlborough, Wilts., gentleman, matriculated at Oxford from Balliol College 15 January 171 $\frac{1}{2}$, aged 16. He took the B.A. degree in 1715 and the M.A. at Cambridge, from St John's, in 1722.

P. 34 no. 42. Henry Loftus was B.A. 1725, M.A. 1733. One of these names was instituted Rector of Roydon near Castle-Rising 1 May 1740 and Rector of Castle-Rising 16 July 1740, both in Norfolk. Both livings were vacant in 1754.

P. 34 no. 43. Robert Smith was ordained Deacon 24 September 1727 and was licensed next day to the curacy of Thurleston, co. Leicester, he was ordained Priest 20 September 1730 (at the instance of the Bishop of Peterborough) all by the Bishop of Lincoln. One of these names was instituted Vicar of Harringworth, Northamptonshire, 7 August 1752, and held the living until 1779.

There is a little obscurity about this Robert Smith's ordination. A Robert Smith (stated to have been ordained Deacon 24 September 1727 by the Bishop of Lincoln) was ordained Priest 23 September 1727 by the Bishop of Peterborough, and was licensed to the curacy of Blatherwick, Northamptonshire, 29 September 1727. The dates it will be observed are inconsistent. This entry cannot very well refer to the Robert Smith, or Smyth (P. 11 no. 48), who was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Peterborough. It may be that the ordinations were crosswise; Robert Smyth (P. 11 no. 48) being ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Peterborough and postponing his ordination as Priest till 1730 when he was ordained by the Bishop of Lincoln for the Bishop of Peterborough. And this Robert Smith (P. 34 no. 43) ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Lincoln 24 September 1727, being ordained Priest by the Bishop of Peterborough a few days later, and that for September 23 we should read 25 or 28.

P. 34 no. 44. Thomas Robinson was admitted curate of Ugglebarnby and Eskdale, Yorkshire, 26 July 1727. On 13 April 1738 he married Olivia, daughter of Henry Stapylton, Rector of Marske and Thornton Watlass. He was instituted Rector of Wycliffe, Yorkshire, 8 May 1731 where there is this epitaph to his memory: "H. S. E. Thomas Robinson A.M. | hujus ecclesiae rector per annos ferme triginta octo. | Obiti Septimo Calendas Aprilis A.D. 1769, aet. 66" |. His will was proved at York 20 May 1769, administration being granted to his widow and son (*Yorkshire Archaeological and Topographical Journal*, vi, 193, where however he is confused with Thomas Robinson admitted to the College 20 April 1716, P. 3 no. 27; Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, viii, 397, ix, 695; *Gentleman's Magazine*, lxxxii, part 2, 323 a). His son, Stapylton Robinson, was also a member of the College; see P. 151 no. 15.

P. 34 no. 45. Soame Jenyns was the only son of Sir Roger Jenyns and Elizabeth, a daughter of Sir Peter Soame of Hayden, Essex, baronet. He was born at twelve o'clock at night in Great Ormond Street in London in the year 170 $\frac{3}{4}$. He chose New Year's Day as his birthday (i.e. March 25). He was privately educated and left St John's without taking a degree. His father Sir Roger Jenyns was chiefly occupied with the drainage of the Fens, and was knighted for his services by King William III at Kensington, 9 January 1 $\frac{6}{7}$ $\frac{9}{10}$. Soame Jenyns was married young and devoted his early years to literary pursuits. On the death of his father he was returned as M.P. for the county of Cambridge 30 April 1741, and again 16 July 1747. He was returned as M.P. for Dunwich in Suffolk 16 April 1754, but resigned in 1758, being returned 29 November 1758 as M.P. for the borough of Cambridge, sitting for this constituency until 1780, being returned as M.P. at the elections 25 March 1761, 18 March 1768 and 8 October 1774. He was apparently present at the election in 1780. William Cole writes under date 24 May 1780: "Mr Soame Jenyns told me, that he did not mean to offer his services for the Town any more: he would have been extremely cheerful at the thoughts of it, and the repetition of such riots, drunkenness, and licentiousness as he saw yesterday: but all the time I was with him seemed much frightened, as he has escaped being trampled to death by the mob in the Castle-yard, either by design or accident. I observed one side of his face was much bruised by his fall. He is not fit to go among a mob: his age, slight make, and short-sightedness, should have warned him against it; especially a mob of all the Sectaries in the Town and County" (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, i, 687-8).

While in Parliament, Mr Jenyns was a supporter of Sir Robert Walpole. In 1755 he was appointed one of the Lords Commissioners of the Bounty, Trade and Plantations, holding this until the constitution of the Board was altered by Parliament. His claims to fame are however literary and not political. He wrote much and his writings enjoyed great popularity in their day. He first appeared as an author in a lively *jeu d'esprit*, entitled *The Art of Dancing*, published anonymously in 1729. The list of his works occupies nearly three columns in the Catalogue of the British Museum. Among the more notable of these are *A Free Inquiry into the Nature and Origin of Evil*, published in 1757, and this is chiefly interesting on account of the exquisite critical essay on it by Dr Samuel Johnson which appeared in the *Literary Magazine*. In 1776 he published *A View of the Internal Evidence of the Christian Religion*, which Dr Johnson characterised as "a pretty book, not very theological indeed." It had however a great vogue and was translated into French in 1797, Polish 1782, and modern Greek in 1804. Briefly stated, his view is that Christianity as an ethical system is so superior to all other forms of religion that it must be of Divine origin. His writings have been described as a "singular mixture of piety, wit, error, wisdom, and paradox." And he himself as "an elegant but not an exact writer; and an ingenious but not an accurate thinker." He died after a short illness on 18 December 1787 at his house in Tilney Street, Audley Square, leaving no issue.

He bequeathed all his copyrights and literary papers to Charles Nalson Cole (P. 95 no. 32), who published a collected edition of his works in 1790 in four volumes, to which a sketch of his life is prefixed; from this the following extracts are taken.

He was a man of great mildness, gentleness, and sweetness of temper, which he manifested to all with whom he had concerns, either in the business of life or its social intercourse. His earnest desire was, as far as it was possible, never to

offend any person; and to make such allowances, even for those who in their dispositions differed from him, that he was rarely offended with others; of which in a long life he gave many notable instances....In private life he was most amiable and engaging, for he was possessed of a well-informed mind, accompanied by an uncommon vein of the most lively, spirited and genuine wit, which always flowed very copiously amongst those with whom he conversed, but which was tempered with such a kindness of nature that it never was the cause of uneasiness to any of those with whom he lived; this made his acquaintance much sought after and courted by all those who had a taste for brilliant conversation, being well assured that they would be delighted with it where he was; and that, though they did not possess the same talent, they never would be censured by him because they wanted it....From having long had a seat at the Board of Trade, and constantly attending his duty there, he gained an understanding of the great lines of the commercial interests of this country; and, though he never employed himself in acquiring the knowledge of a minute detail of its particular branches, yet, when general commerce happened to be the subject of conversation, he discoursed upon it pertinently, and much to the information of those that were present, having never failed to avail himself of the knowledge which was brought to that Board by merchants of the first eminence, who frequently applied to it on great objects of national concern, as connected with its commerce....He always considered the British Empire as enlarged beyond the bounds dictated by sound policy; that those parts of it situated beyond the Atlantic Ocean to the west, beyond the Cape of Good Hope to the east, were at too great a distance to be governed as they ought to be; that the American colonies were too kindly fostered by the mother country; that the millions expended in promoting their growth would, at last, rear them to a height at which they would think themselves entitled to ask for emancipation from their parent state; an observation he often made before the event happened, and he lived to see with regret his prophecy, with consequences he did not foresee, become true history....As an author, so long as true taste of fine writing shall exist, he will have a distinguished place amongst those who have excelled. Whatever he hath published, whether he played with his muse, or appeared in the plain livery of prose, was sought for with avidity, and read with pleasure, by those who at the time were esteemed the best judges of composition....He was buried at Bottisham, and the following curious entry is in the *Parish Register* for 1787: Soame Jenyns in the 83rd year of his age. | What his literary character was, | The world hath already judged for itself; | But it remains for his Parish Minister | to do his duty, | By declaring | That while he registers the burial of | SOAME JENYNs, | he regrets the loss of one of the most | amiable of men, | And one of the truest Christians. | To the Parish of Bottisham he is an | irreparable loss. | He was buried in this church, Dec. 27, | near midnight, | By William Lort Mansell, sequestrator; | Who thus transgresses the common forms | of a Register. | Merely because he thinks it to be | The most solemn and lasting method | of recording to posterity, | That the finest understanding | Has been united to the best heart (*The Works of Soame Jenyns*, by C. N. Cole, vol. i, pp. xv—lvii).

With these eulogies may be compared the following account, by another friend and acquaintance, William Cole, preserved in his collections for an *Athenae Cantabrigienses* (Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5873).

Soame Jenyns, Esq., One of the Lords of Trade. This gentleman is son to Sir Roger Jenyns, knt., of Botesham in Cambridgeshire, who being an artful, cunning and intriguing man, raised from a small beginning in fortune, for he was of a good family of Hayes, a very considerable estate by his management in the Fen Corporation. He married Elizabeth, a daughter of Sir Peter Soame of Hayden in Essex, bart., by whom he had this only child, Soame Jenyns, esq. But by a former wife who is buried in the south transept of Ely Cathedral, in which city he formerly lived and built a neat house, fronting the Bishop's Palace Gallery, before he purchased Botesham, he had a daughter, married to one Mr Delamore, of Long Sutton in Lincolnshire, whom I have often seen at Botesham, and indeed at my chambers at King's College; which daughter was taken small notice of by her father and mother-in-law. Mr Soame Jenyns was educated at St John's College, under Mr White, and was married very young by his father to a young lady of between 20 and £30,000, to whom he was left guardian, and without much consulting the inclinations of the young couple, who was first cousin in blood, she being a natural daughter to Colonel Soame of Deerham Grange in Norfolk:

so that it was generally supposed there never was any great affection between them. However they lived tolerably well together, as to any outward appearance in the eye of the world, so long as old Sir Roger lived, who was supposed to have kept them together, for they always lived in the same family. But on the death of Sir Roger, Mrs Jenyns, under pretence of a journey to Bath for her health, made an elopement with one Mr Levyns, whom I remember at Eton schole, and was a Leicestershire gentleman, with whom it was supposed that she had lived very familiarly even while that gentleman used to be at Mr Jenyns' house at Botesham, on the footing of a friend and acquaintance, and what made it more extraordinary, Mrs Jenyns was neither young nor handsome, a very bad complexion, lean, scraggy arms, and noways inviting. Since which elopement about the year 1742, they never cohabited together. A separate maintenance being allowed to the lady, who lived altogether in or about London. By this lady he has no issue, who dying about the beginning of 1754 or latter end of the preceding year Mr Jenyns remarried, in Somersset House Chapel on Tuesday 26 Febr. 1754, his first cousin Mrs Eliz. Gray, who had lived in the house with him long before his wife's elopement, and ever after; and has been said to have occasioned early differences between them. She was daughter to a Mr Gray, a merchant in London, who failed in his business, after whose death, she and her mother for sometime lived at Hackney; and after Mr Jenyns' first wife's elopement, with him in London and Botesham, where the old lady died and was buried. Mr Jenyns' marrying this lady may be looked upon as a great piece of generosity and honour, as she is a person of no great beauty now, whatever pretensions she might have had formerly, which I have often heard say she had, and likewise pretty far advanced in years, and no fortune at all, to make up deficiencies: which though Mr Jenyns wants not, yet as he is rather of a niggardly and covetous disposition, would no doubt have added much to her recommendation. She is rather undersized and thin, unlike her mother in that respect, who was short and squat, and all of a heap, yet alike in temper and disposition, being both of them of a very sweet, soft and mild disposition, and well spoken of by everyone. As Mrs Jenyns is past the flower of her beauty, as well as of life, there is hardly a probability of their having any children: so that the estate will go to the son of Roger Jenyns late of Windsor, who had been Clerk of the Peace for Buckinghamshire; which son married the daughter of Prof. Chappelow and has been long subject to the complaint called St Vitus his Dance; though otherwise a well-looking, jolly young man. It is well known that several of the soft and tender things in his Poems are designed as compliments to this second lady, who is indeed very deserving of them, so far as an easy, good, and complying temper can entitle her to them; otherwise of a very insipid and unmeaning conversation. Mr Jenyns is the author of several poetical as well as prose performances, published separately without his name; and afterwards by Dodsley in his collection, and since collected all together in one pocket volume, without his name, but the author's arms only on the Title Page, viz. *Three Bezants on a Fesse*. The first performance in the poetical way which appeared was his *Essay on Dancing*, which is well esteemed of in its way: and indeed one would wonder that it should be otherways, inasmuch as the author seems calculated by nature, person and manner to excell in that profession: and if a person who did not know him, was to be asked on seeing him dressed, what was his profession, I think it is ten to one but that he would say he was a Dancing Master. He has the misfortune to be extremely short-sighted; a circumstance not unusual with eyes formed as his are, which are very projecting; and though he has a large wen in his neck, which a grave and even no very large wig, would cover and hide, yet this predominancy for dress is such, that a small little Bag or Pig-tail wig is preferred; by which means the aforesaid blemish is visible to everyone. About ten years ago [I write this Dec. 20, 1768] he printed two 8vo volumes, the first of which was on the *Origin of Evil*, and wrote in the mode of the present age, and gave offence to those who have any regard for Revelation: the other was made up of detached political pieces, and other things; among which are many of great humour and liveliness. I have the books, but in my present confused situation I can't recur to them.

In 1767 was printed at London a small pamphlet without his name, but known to be wrote by him with this title: *Thoughts on the Causes and Consequences of the present high prices of Provisions*; which was looked upon, on its first appearance, to be a well wrote and sensible account of the subject it treated of: however there

appeared soon after, in the spring of 1768, a short pamphlet, said to have been wrote by Mr Samuel Peck, Fellow of Trinity College, and Vicar of Trumpington, with this Title: *An Answer to a Pamphlet intituled "Thoughts on the Causes, &c."* In a letter addressed to the supposed Author of that Pamphlet, By a gentleman of Cambridge. London, 8vo., 1768. Price 6d. Pages 34, which is wrote with great tartness and acrimony to the person of Mr Jenyns, upon his being a Pensioner, as well as in ridicule of his arguments. Mr Peck denied his writing it to me: however by the turn of the periods and manner of it, I rather suspect him to be the author of it. But I will finish this account by transcribing what I wrote in another Book many years ago about him.

Mr Jenyns is a man of a lively fancy and pleasant turn of wit; very sparkling in conversation and full of merry conceits and agreeable drollery, which is heightened by his particular inarticulate manner of speaking through his broken teeth; and all this is mixed with the utmost good-nature and humanity; having hardly ever heard him severe upon anyone, and by no means satirical in his mirth and good humour. But notwithstanding all his amiable qualities, which are calculated rather for social than public life, it is probable he will not be rechosen for Cambridgeshire, except the Duke of Rutland should, luckily for him, and the Marquis of Granby, not get over this most dangerous fit of the stone at Bath. For Mr Jenyns being rather of a finical and beaush turn, and not made at all for canvassing and caballing at Elections, has no other interest in the County than what my Lord Montfort procures him; and indeed would never have been chosen at all, had it not been for the same gentleman and Mr Sam. Sheppard who were distressed whom to apply to in the County for a proper representative; many of the principal gentry of the county to whom it was offered, refusing it. And indeed Sir Roger, and Mr Jenyns himself, had always been of contrary interest to these gentlemen; but they conceiving well of this gentleman's good sense and integrity, were thoroughly satisfied in their choice; for he saw that the keeping of Parties was only a political contrivance of a Minority in order to make themselves considerable and be taken notice of, yet always avail themselves of every occasion that offers itself to serve their own Interests.

*A Free Enquiry into the Nature and Origin of Evil. In six letters to * * ,* London 8vo., v. *Literary Magazine* for 1757, p. 171 &c., where is a long criticism on it, probably by the celebrated Mr Samuel Johnson, who had the direction of this Magazine, the Preface to which is evidently of his writing. *A Review of a Free Enquiry into the Nature and Origin of Evil.* It is the first article in the first volume of *Miscellaneous and Fugitive Pieces*, published about 1774, in three 8vo. volumes by T. Davies of Russel Street, Covent Garden, and may possibly be the same criticism mentioned above (v. *Critical Review* for 1776, pp. 200, 232; for 1781, pp. 213, 219 &c., for 1782, p. 249).

A series of Letters addressed to Soame Jenyns Esq. on Occasions of his Views of the Internal Evidence of Christianity. By A. Maclaine, D.D., Minister of the English Church at the Hague. *Non tali auxilio.* London 8vo. 1777, pp. 274.

Philosophical Disquisitions on the Christian Religion. Addressed to Soame Jenyns, Esq., W. Kenrick, LL.D., London 1777, small 8vo. (v. *Critical Review* for 1777, pp. 394, 236, Sept.).

Remarks on a Bill presented to Parliament in the last Session intituled 'A Bill for preserving the Drainage of the Middle and South Levels, and the several Navigations through the same &c.' Cambridge, small 8vo., 1777, pp. 3, Donum Authoris. A very sensible and shrewd little Pamphlet.

In October 1777, living with him at Botesham, he gave me two of his Prints from a picture by Sir Joshua Reynolds in folio Mezzotinto, engraved by W. Dickinson in 1776: he is standing, and resting his head on his left hand, in laced ruffles. It is the most flattering likeness I ever beheld, and though it was never like him that I remember, which is near 50 years, yet one can't say it is altogether unlike. The prominency of the eye, though that is much softened, gives it the resemblance. Mr Lort calling here Friday, January 15, 1779, he took a short extract of what he thought to send to Father Wilkes at the English Benedictines in Paris, who had a mind, or some friend at Paris, to give a translation of Mr Jenyns' 'Internal Evidence.' I believe Mr Lort in his hurry, had little here to send.

In Mr Jones of Pluckley in Kent, his *Observations in a Journey to Paris in 1776*, printed at London in 1777 in 12mo., p. 187 &c. is a favourable account of Mr Jenyns' *Internal Evidence of the Christian Religion.*

Miscellaneous Pieces, in two volumes: Vol. 1, containing Poems, Translations, and Essays. Vol. 2, A Free Enquiry into the Nature and Origin of Evil. In six letters to * *, 4th edition with an additional preface and some explanatory notes. London, 8vo., 1761. He translated into verse Mr Isaac Hawkins Browne's Latin Poems *De Animi Immortalitate* and said by the Editor of the new edition of *Biographia Britannica* in 1780, Vol. 2, p. 651, to be the best translation of it. It is printed in Mr Jenyns' *Miscellanies* and since published in Mr Browne's poems.

Dining at the Master of St John's, Friday, June 30, 1780, where seeing some curious Plate on the sideboard, among which was an oblong embossed silver gilt dish, and in a rising in the middle, being a bason, were the single arms of Edw. Villers, Esq., I think the date 1681, a very curious cup and cover, silver, embossed on a foot of a foot-and-a-half height, several rich cups with handles and an elegant one of silver gilt, two handles, with the arms of Jenyns *Three Bezants on a Fesse*, given by Soame Jenyns, Esq., son of Sir Roger Jenyns of Botesham Hall in 1725. Now supposing he was admitted at College at the usual age of 18, and might stay there three years, he would be 21 years of age in 1725 and might be born about 1704, so that I conceive him to be about 76 years of age.

Mr Mainwaring of St John's in his *Dissertations* at the head of his *Sermons*, printed at Cambridge in 1780, speaking of the emotions that every feeling hearer of our Lord's discourses in the Gospel must experience, adds this in a note at p. lxxxv: "The force of this argument addressed to the feelings of ingenuous thinkers and adapted to the reach of every understanding is greater than mere scholars are willing to allow, and was never represented to so much advantage as in a beautiful little Treatise entitled *A view of the Internal Evidence of Christianity*. Yet it should seem from some of the answers to that book, as if the Author had betrayed or assaulted the Religion he so happily defends. Zealots and Bigots, of which the most reformed Churches have a competent share, are wonderfully expert in making Infidels, but never, I believe, have converted any. One would think however that when selfmade converts, especially of a class so very respectable, voluntarily engage in the Cause of Religion, they would be received with civility at least, not suspected as Foes and excluded from the limits of Communion," v. *Gent. Mag.*, 1781, p. 31, for 1782, p. 171, 186. *Disquisitions on Several Subjects*, London, 1782, 8vo., 182 pages, viz.: 1. On the Chain of Universal Being; 2. On Cruelty to inferior Animals; 3. On a praeexistent State; 4. On the Nature of Time; 5. On the Analogy between Things material and intellectual; 6. On rational Christianity; 7. On Government and Civil Liberty; 8. On Religious Establishments.—All very ingenious, some singular. Brought to me March 30, Easter Even 1782, by Dr Colman. His disquisitions 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8 are most excellent. In the 3rd his favourite Doctrine of Metempsychosis is brought forward; but his three last please me above measure.

An Answer to the Disquisitions on Government and Civil Liberty; in a letter to the Author of 'Disquisitions on Several Subjects,' London, 8vo., 1782, page 49. Warm Whiggish Pamphlet, and takes notice only of the 7th Disquisition.

The Dean and the Squire: a political Eclogue, humbly dedicated to Soame Jenyns, esq. By the Author of the *Heroic Epistle to Sir William Chambers*, London, 4to., 1782, Pr. 1s. 6d., 16 pp. This flippant Republican poet, Mr Mason, takes liberties, as a free man, to abuse all whom his Politics are adverse to, from the King, his Archbishop, nobility, clergy and gentry. Lord Hardwick, for being the Friend of Mr Jenyns, can't escape his rancour. Indeed Whiggery is the bane of good-nature.

P. 35 no. 47. Talbot Lloyd was ordained Deacon 16 March 172 $\frac{5}{6}$ and Priest 5 June 1726 by the Bishop of London. He was instituted Vicar of Great Clacton 25 July 1726, and Rector of Wrabness 18 December 1742, both in Essex. On 15 December 1742, when he is described as Chaplain to Elizabeth, Countess Dowager of Winchelsea, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold these two livings, then stated to be of the respective values of £60 and £90 and to be ten miles apart. He was instituted Rector of Langham, Essex, 22 April 1752, then ceding Wrabness, but holding Great Clacton. On 22 April 1752, when he is described as Chaplain to Lucy, Duchess Dowager St Albans, he received a dispensation to hold Great Clacton (valued at £75) with Langham (valued at £200); he held both until 1769.

P. 35 no. 1. Godfrey Wentworth was the third, but only surviving son of

Godfrey Wentworth of Woolley, Yorks., by Anna Maria, daughter of Giles Clarke of Lyons Inn. He was born 17 October and baptized 7 November 1705 at Brodsworth. He was returned as M.P. for the City of York 13 May 1741 and sat until 1747, but did not sit in Parliament again. He was a J.P. for Yorkshire and an Alderman for the City of York and Lord Mayor of the City in 1759. He resigned the place of Alderman in 1769. He married at Woolley 4 March 1727 his cousin Dorothy, eldest surviving daughter of Sir Lyon Pilkington, bart., of Stanley, Yorks. The marriage was dissolved by Act of Parliament in 1758. Godfrey Wentworth died 18 January 1789 and was buried at Hickleton (Foster, *Pedigrees of the County Families of Yorkshire*, ii, West Riding, Wentworth of Woolley; Bean, *Parliamentary Representation of the Six Northern Counties of England*, 1134).

P. 35 no. 2. Joseph Smith was ordained Deacon 28 May 1727 and Priest 22 September 1728, he was licensed to the curacy of Sutterton, co. Lincoln, 23 September 1728, all by the Bishop of Lincoln.

P. 35 no. 3. William Woodroffe (or Woodrooffe) the father was of Queens' College, B.A. 1677. He was instituted Rector of Balsham 11 March 1697, and held the living until 1732. John Woodroffe migrated to Clare Hall, where he was admitted a sizar 26 September 1723 and took the degrees of B.A. in 1726 and M.A. in 1730 from that College. He was ordained Deacon 22 December 1728 by the Bishop of Ely, and Priest 21 December 1729 by the Bishop of Norwich. He was collated Vicar of Leysdown, Kent, 1 May 1734 and instituted Rector of Warden in the Isle of Sheppey, 24 September 1734, on the presentation of Diana Hosier, widow of Francis Hosier. In both cases on the cession of John Fetherstone. He ceded Warden in 1736 and Leysdown in 1756. He was instituted Rector of Cranham or Bishops Ockenden, Essex, 2 October 1734, and again 26 March 1735. He was instituted Rector of Springfield Richards, Essex, 23 January 1747. On 20 January 1747, when he is described as Chaplain to the Right Reverend Thomas, Lord Bishop of Oxford, he received a dispensation to hold Cranham (valued at £140), with Springfield Richards (valued at £100), the two livings being stated to be about 13 miles apart. He held both livings until his death 2 March 1786 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1786, i, 268).

P. 35 no. 4. Thomas Moore took the B.A. degree in 1729. One of these names was instituted Rector of Stapleton Iwerne, co. Dorset, 12 December 1730, and held the living until 1753.

P. 35 no. 5. Henry Jenkin, the father, was of Pembroke Hall, B.A. 1675, he was a brother of Dr Robert Jenkin, Master of St John's, and was Rector of Runcton Holme and Vicar of Tilney in Norfolk.

Robert Jenkin, his son, was ordained Deacon 19 December 1731 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and was licensed next day to the curacy of Tidd St Mary, co. Lincoln, he was ordained Priest 23 December 1733 by the Bishop of Rochester. He was instituted Rector of Westbere, Kent, 30 November 1734. He was also instituted Vicar of Brookland, Kent, 6 April 1737, on the presentation of the Dean and Chapter of Canterbury. On 5 April 1737 he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Westbere with Brookland, the livings being valued at £80 and £90 respectively, and stated to be 20 miles apart. He ceded Brookland in 1743, but held Westbere until his death. He was also a Minor Canon of Canterbury Cathedral. He married Catherine, daughter of Dr Ralph Blomer of Canterbury, and sister to Col. Blomer of the Guards. He died at Canterbury 8 October 1778. His wife died 9 October 1763 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1778, p. 495; Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, iv, 252; iii, 283; Berry, *Pedigrees of Families in the County of Kent*, 485).

P. 35 no. 6. Graduated as Robert Massie, B.A. 1726, M.A. 1731, which seems to be the correct form of his name. He was ordained Deacon 25 August 1728 and licensed next day to the curacy of Tattenhill, co. Stafford, he was ordained Priest 24 May 1730, all by the Bishop of Chester. He was licensed by the same Prelate to the curacy of Farndon, co. Chester, on the nomination of Sir Robert Grosvenor, bart., 2 August 1738. He was instituted Rector of Eccleston 17 August 1758, and Rector of the Warburton moiety of Lymme 20 August 1766, both co. Chester. On 26 July 1766, when he is described as Chaplain to Richard, Lord Grosvenor, he received a dispensation to hold both livings, then stated to be of the respective

values of £110 and £150, and to be 19 miles apart. He held both livings until his death in 1776.

P. 35 no. 7. Peter Nourse, the father, was a member of the College, see Part ii, P. 72 no. 6. Major Nourse was admitted a Fellow of the College 25 March 1729, his Fellowship was filled up again in 1739. He was ordained Deacon 21 December 1729 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was presented by the College to the Vicarage of Higham, Kent, 9 June, and instituted 15 June 1738. He held the living until his death in 1759. His library, with that of his father, was sold by Samuel Baker, York Street, London, in 1759 (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, iii, 630). The *Parish Register* of Halling, Kent, has the following entry: "The Rev^d. Mr. Major Nourse of the parish of Shorne in this County, a bachelor, and Isabella Hill of the same parish, spinster, were married by licence 2 March 1747" (Fielding, *Memories of Malling and its Valley*, 220).

P. 35 no. 8. James Chalmers took the degree of LL.B. from St John's in 1730. He was ordained Deacon 11 January and Priest 20 March 170⁵/₈ by the Bishop of London. He was instituted to the following benefices, all in Essex: Vicar of Fingringhoe 7 December 1709, ceding this on being instituted Rector of Lammarsh 8 March 171⁵/₈; he was instituted Rector of Wickham St Paul's 24 February 17²/₈. On 21 February 17²/₈ he had a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold these two livings, then stated to be of the respective values of £100 and £70. Both were vacant in 1761.

P. 35 no. 9. Walter Johnson was the only son of Martin Johnson of Spalding, by his wife, daughter of John Lynn of Southwick, Northamptonshire. He was baptized at Southwick 13 June 1686 and was first admitted to the College 30 March 1703 (Part ii, P. 165 no. 17). He was one of the original members of the Gentlemen's Society at Spalding in 1712. He was Head Master of Spalding Grammar School for some time and Chaplain to the Duke of Buccleugh, and sometime curate of Gedney, co. Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Leeke, co. Stafford, 31 December 1735, ceding this on his institution to the Rectory of Redmarshall, co. Durham, 19 April 1737. He died at Redmarshall in 1760, aged 74 (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, vi, 27, 69, 92, 639; Marshall, *The Genealogist*, i, 108).

P. 36 no. 10. Thomas Jenkin was ordained Deacon 24 December 1727 by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed to the curacy of Dorney, Bucks., he was ordained Priest 19 December 1736 by the Bishop of London. He was instituted Vicar of Bodiham, Sussex, 22 December 1736 and Rector of All Saints in Hastings 14 November 1740. On 11 November 1740, when he is described as Chaplain to Elizabeth, Countess Dowager of Hyndford, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Bodiham with All Saints, the values of the livings being stated at £60 and £90 and their distance apart 14 miles. Both livings were vacant in 1762. In Berry's *Pedigrees of Families in the County of Kent*, 484, he is stated to have been buried at Bodiham. The Christian name of the father is given as Henry (not John as in the College Register) and he is described as an Attorney-at-Law.

P. 36 no. 11. William Powell was ordained Deacon 19 September 1731 by the Bishop of Lincoln and was licensed next day to the curacy of Elton, co. Hunts. One of these names was instituted Vicar of Llanfihangel-Geneur Glyn *alias* Castle Walter, co. Cardigan, 10 March 173⁵/₈, and seems to have held the living until 1781.

P. 36 no. 12. John Scott was ordained Deacon 9 June 1727 and Priest 22 September 1727 by the Bishop of Salisbury. He was instituted Vicar of Wilsford with Woodford, Wilts., 9 August 1759, and held the living until 1774.

P. 36 no. 13. Graduated as Hazelhurst, B.A. 1726. He was ordained Deacon 26 February 172⁵/₈, and licensed to the curacy of Upton, co. Lincoln, he was ordained Priest 14 March 173⁵/₈, all by the Bishop of Lincoln, his name being then given as Haslehurst. He was instituted Vicar of Middle Drax-Rasen, co. Lincoln, 15 March 173⁵/₈ on the presentation of John, Viscount Tyrconnel. He was instituted Vicar of North Willingham, co. Lincoln, 19 June 1734, and again to Middle Rasen-Drax 4 December 1734. Both livings were vacant in 1768. See the admission of his son, P. 124 no. 20.

P. 36 no. 14. John Fleming was ordained Priest 16 August 1730 and licensed to the curacy of Monk Fryston, Yorks., by the Archbishop of York. One of these

names was instituted Vicar of Thornton, Yorks., 10 August 1731. The *Parish Register* of Kippax has the two following entries: 22 May 1706, Johannes, filius Gulielmi Fleeming, gent., bapt.; 14 February 174 $\frac{1}{2}$ William Fleming, gent., buried.

P. 36 no. 15. Cole, in his Manuscript Collection, vol. xxi (Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS., 5822), has copied some documents formerly belonging to Dr Philip Williams, Fellow and Tutor of the College and some time Public Orator of the University. Among these are the two following letters, commencing at fol. 103 *b*.

Letter from Mr Meyrick to Dr Williams about his duel.

LONDON, 22 May 1727.

DEAR SIR,

The low condition of spirits that I am now under will not allow me to answer your letter in the manner I could wish to do, and to offer you my thanks for your kind admonitions in so great a degree as they seem due, is much more my duty than ability to perform; for as you assign such just reasons for your reproof, it can only flow from the greatest act of goodness and friendship, which I hope always to treat with due regard and esteem.

The uneasiness that I am under, that the report which you mention, should gain so much credit in Cambridge, is no small concern to me; but the contradiction of it, will I hope be well received, otherwise I must content myself, that it is not anywhere else that I know of received to my disadvantage. The beginning of the night had been perhaps too gaily spent with his Grace of Norfolk and some other gentlemen, who had left five of us in company, about an hour before the dispute arose, and about three hours before the skyrnish, as you call it, began. How I can be accused of being an incendiary between the gentlemen, both my friends, and to destroy your supposition, little known to each other, is exceedingly my surprise: and indeed your account in general hath met with an University improvement.

A dispute arising between my poor unhappy adversary and Mr Stapleton, there was a reference made to me, but my determination which by good luck happens to be approved of, being in favour of neither, there being a misunderstanding in the very foundation of the thing, it drew the indignation of both parties upon me; but Mr Stapleton having the advantage in point of temper was immediately satisfied with the thing; but Mr Clifton, being very warm in his own cause, thought himself highly injured by my not favouring him: upon which, with a deal of abusive language, he got off his chair and asked me to follow him; which the company were prudent enough to prevent at that time.

This immoderate warmth was in all appearance at an end, and before we parted I offered him my hand of peace and former friendship: and the next day I agreed to make all acknowledgements of my side, that the company should adjudge most proper, if he would enter into the same agreement: this he absolutely refus'd, upon which I retracted from every thing I had said in regard to a reconciliation. He still nourish'd his heat and passion to that degree, that the company all agreed to the unhappy resentment that followed; and accordingly Mr Stapleton offered me to be his (*sic*) second, which I refused to accept of, Mr Clifton being unprovided, and being unwilling to draw anybody into my unhappy quarrel.

I shall not, even in my own justification, mention the greatest of misfortunes, that hath since befallen the poor unhappy gentleman; but he sent for me on Friday last to his most miserable place of confinement, and before the Duke of Norfolk, Lord Gage and his brother, Sir Robert Clifton, made me most ample acknowledgements for the injury, which the inclosed affidavit sets forth, with some additions, not to be named at this unhappy juncture, and as I am in honour oblig'd, there shall no affidavit or evidence whatever, that I can prevent, come in any force against him; and the steps that I have hitherto taken to prevent this, hath engaged the thanks of Sir Robert, which I keep by me, and gain'd the approbation of every gentleman that knows it: And when you have made the use which you think proper of the enclosed affidavit, I beg you'll return it to me.

The challenge might perhaps be very offensive in the eyes of God and all good men, yet I must still hope for the continuance of his great goodness and mercy; and if it is my misfortune to lose the approbation of the religious part of mankind, yet when I appeal to the judgement of men of honour, I shall not fall quite so low as I am represented to do by the gentlemen of Cambridge; nor can I find I have lessened myself in the opinion of any but them. The goodnature and affability of

behaviour, which you are so kind to commend, was always my ambition how short soever I might fall, of my design: but the natural fierceness of my temper will, I fear, always incline me to resent injuries in the manner common amongst gentlemen, and as it shall be my rule in life, never to offer any, so I hope never to receive any, but what may be cancelled without blood, which shall ever be the prayer of Dear Sir,

Your most affectionate and obliged
humble servant

ESSEX MEYRICK.

I beg my service where it can be accepted. You'll hear more from me when better able.

We were going, by consent, into the fields behind Queen's Square, only he was seized with a sudden revenge by the way; for though I had a coach in waiting, he would not go with me to provide pistols, neither would he allow me to provide myself with a sword; that which I had being a very short one for walking, and by no means fit for such unhappy proceedings. The first wound I received was in my right side standing in a posture to draw my sword, the next in my breast after my sword was drawn; the last in my back just as I fell, my sword being then in the evidence's hand.

Cole adds the note: 'This last poscript is wrote on the back of the direction of the letter, which is:

To the rev^d. Mr Williams, Fellow
of St John's College, Cambridge

This.'

Then follows a letter wrote in Dr Williams' hand, tho' not signed, and was an answer to the foregoing: tho' what is odd, the answer is dated May 25, 1726, whereas the other is May 22, 1727. One or other is a mistake.

Answer to Mr Meyrick's letter about his duel. May 25, 1726.

DEAR SIR

I read yours with exceeding pleasure, nothing being able to give me greater satisfaction, than to hear your conduct clear'd in so unhappy and tender an affair; and your generous compassion to your unfortunate adversary in his present circumstances, shews your temper to be such, as I could ever wish it to be, and will certainly gain you the good opinion and applause of all your friends.

I own myself entirely satisfied in your conduct with regard to all the points of honour, and have, and shall, make it my business to represent the true state of the case to your friends and acquaintances here; which will be a sufficient vindication of you to them, and all the world.

I would not have you imagine that the relation of the affair receiv'd any addition in this place: the account which I sent you was frequently confirmed by gentlemen, who came immediately from London, and brought down the common report of the town: and that the story should be represented so much to your disadvantage, I impute to your adversary's diligence, who probably might spread this account in his own justification. I condemn myself for giving in so much to the general rumour, and am exceedingly oblig'd to your candid interpretation of several harsh expressions, which I certainly should never have made use of, but upon a supposal of the truth of the matter of fact in general, as it was represented here; and heartily beg your pardon for any undue asperities, that might drop from my pen, in that excess of anxiety which I had upon your account, and which purely proceeded from that freedom and concern for your welfare, which friendship and affection inspired. But tho' I acquit you in all respects as a man of honour, yet I can by no means as a Christian; for I defy the man of the sword ever to vindicate the practice of giving or accepting challenges from the precepts of Christianity; but I will not now enter into a dispute of this nature. I own it is exceedingly difficult for a gentleman, out of a gown, to have courage enough to espouse a sentiment of this sort: but if you or I are convinced of the truth of any point of Christianity it is self evident, that we ought to adhere to it without regard to worldly consequences. The pleasure of obeying our Redeemer, who deserves the most absolute obedience from us, and the prospect of our future recompense, should far outweigh all false and airy notions of honour, and greatly overbalance all worldly disgrace and ignominy whatever.

I am dear Sir, &c.

Essex Meyrick was no doubt of the family of that name, of Bush, co. Pembroke. His father, John Meyrick, was of Jesus College, Oxford, a barrister of the Middle Temple and Puisne Justice of the Anglesea Circuit (Williams, *History of the Great Sessions in Wales*, 113). John Meyricke, son of Essex Meyricke, of St Mary's, co. Pembroke, matriculated at Oxford from New College 11 February 1754 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). Essex Meyrick, esq., died at Bush, co. Pembroke, 21 May 1762 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1762, p. 294). His wife died 12 July 1760 (*ibid.*, 1760, p. 346).

P. 36 no. 16. William Creswell was ordained Deacon 22 September 1728 and Priest 22 February 1730⁹/₁₀ by the Bishop of Ely. He was instituted Rector of Nursted, 16, and Rector of Ifield 17 January 1733³/₄, both co. Kent. Both livings were vacant in 1734. He was presented to Ifield by Mr John Hugesson.

P. 36 no. 17. Joshua Scott was ordained Deacon 9 June 1727 and licensed to the curacy of Roose, Yorks., with a stipend of £33 a year. He was ordained Priest 21 July 1728 and licensed to the curacy of Bulmer, Yorks., all by the Archbishop of York. He was instituted Rector of Hilston 27 August 1728, and Vicar of Owthorne 6 February 1730⁹/₁₀, both co. York. Both livings were vacant in 1731.

P. 36 no. 18. John Ludlam was ordained Deacon 16 August 1730 and licensed to the curacy of Cleckheaton in the Parish of Birstal, Yorks., and ordained Priest 18 July 1731, all by the Archbishop of York.

One of these names was appointed Master of Bawtry Hospital, Notts., 5 April 1731 and instituted Vicar of Mattersey, Notts., 5 April 1732. He held the Vicarage until 1752.

P. 36 no. 19. George Wood was ordained Deacon 16 March 1727⁷/₈ by the Bishop of Peterborough with letters dimissory from the Archbishop of York, he being intended to be curate of Penistone, Yorks., he was ordained Priest 16 August 1730 by the Archbishop of York. He was then curate of Penistone and was licensed to the curacy of Roystone, Yorks. He was instituted Vicar of Roystone 24 October 1733 and appears to have held the living until 1781.

P. 36 no. 20. Gilbert Spearman, the father, second son of John Spearman, of Durham, gentleman, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 27 June 1694, and was called to the Bar 11 May 1711, he was formerly an attorney, but had not practised for seven years.

Charles Spearman, second son of Gilbert Spearman, of Durham, esquire, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 25 June 1722.

The name of Charles Spearman does not appear in the pedigree of the Spearman family given in Burke's *Landed Gentry*.

P. 36 no. 21. The *Parish Register* of St Botolph's Church, Cambridge, contains this entry among the burials: 1726 May 17, Ric. Bold, Scholar of St John's College.

P. 36 no. 22. Francis Foljamb was the eldest son of his father. He was born October 15 and baptized 24 October 1704. He was admitted a student of the Inner Temple as son and heir apparent of Francis Foljamb, of Aldwarke, esquire, 23 February 1724⁴/₅. He died at St Germans in France, in the lifetime of his father and unmarried, 10 January 1729²/₅, and was buried at Ecclesfield, 1 April 1727 (Foster, *Pedigrees of the County Families of Yorkshire*, Foljamb of Aldwarke Hall; Eastwood, *History of Ecclesfield*, 238).

P. 37 no. 23. One Thomas Potter was instituted Vicar of Sibbertoft, co. Northampton, 9 September 1732. His successor was instituted 3 August 1733.

P. 37 no. 24. This is perhaps the Joseph Eccles who was instituted Vicar of Rotherham, Yorks., 29 January 1734¹/₄. John Floyd who succeeded him was instituted 1 October 1734.

P. 37 no. 25. John Kirkby took the degree of B.A. in 1726 and that of M.A. in 1745. He was ordained Deacon 28 May 1727 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed next day to the curacy of Pilham, co. Lincoln. One of these names was instituted Vicar of Stoke Holy Cross, and also Vicar of Trowse, both in Norfolk, 3 June 1729, on the presentation of the Dean and Chapter of Norwich. Both livings were filled up again in 1754.

In the *Dictionary of National Biography* this John Kirkby is identified with the John Kirkby, Rector of Blackmanstone and Vicar of Waldershare, Kent,

author of a number of books, and tutor to Edward Gibbon. This is a mistake, John Kirkby, Rector of Blackmanstone, was ordained Deacon 28 July 1723 and Priest 1 August 1725 by the Bishop of Chester.

The following paragraph appears in the *Gentleman's Magazine* for 1755, p. 570 b.: "A subscription having been set on foot in November 1754 on behalf of the four daughters of the late Rev. Mr Kirkby of Norwich, who died of grief, from a dishonourable circumstance happening in his family, they have made a publick acknowledgement of the generosity of the benefaction, which amounted to above £440." This no doubt refers to the Vicar of Trowse (*Notes and Queries*, 9 Ser. ix, 373).

P. 37 no. 26. Thomas Dent was ordained Deacon 24 September 1727 and licensed to the curacy of Alexton, co. Leicester, 25 September, he was ordained Priest 21 September 1729 and licensed to the curacy of Shelton, Hunts., 22 September, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. One of these names was instituted Rector of Foulness, Essex, 12 December 1733, and held the living until 1742.

P. 37 no. 29. Thomas Goulton, the father, inherited in 1700 by the will of his cousin Thomas Denman the Walcot estate, co. Lincoln, and the whole parish of Bessingby. He married 20 January 1700, Sarah, daughter of William Bower. Mr Thomas Goulton died 10 May 1729 and was buried at Bessingby. Christopher, his second, but eldest surviving son, was born in 1706. He was admitted a student of Gray's Inn as 'son and heir apparent' 11 July 1723. He married in 1740 Rachel, daughter of Robert Kitchingman, of Carlton Hushwaite, near Easingwold. He died in 1783 leaving issue (Burke, *Landed Gentry*, Goulton of Walcot Hall).

P. 37 no. 30. James Hargreaves (the younger) was ordained Deacon 17 March 172 $\frac{1}{2}$ by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed next day to the curacy of Skirbeck, co. Lincoln.

P. 37 no. 31. One John Jackson was instituted Rector of Sherburn, Yorks., 15 February 173 $\frac{1}{2}$, and held the living until 1744.

P. 37 no. 32. Robert Mearson was ordained Deacon 26 February 172 $\frac{1}{2}$ and licensed to the curacy of Kilworth, co. Leicester, he was ordained Priest 20 May 1728, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Carlton, Northamptonshire, 24 October 1768 and held the living until 1778. He is mentioned by name in a letter from the Rev. Francis Blackburne, Archdeacon of Cleveland, to William Bowyer, the printer (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, iii, 12).

P. 37 no. 33. Charles Franke, graduated as Frank, B.A. 1726, M.A. 1735. He was ordained Deacon (as Franke) 21 July 1728 and licensed to the curacy of Popplewick and Hucknall Torkard, Notts., by the Archbishop of York.

One Charles Frank was instituted Vicar of Whitwick, co. Leicester, 19 March 173 $\frac{1}{2}$ and held the living until 1767.

P. 37 no. 34. James Pasham was ordained Deacon 10 November 1728 and was licensed to the curacy of Moulton, co. Northampton, he was ordained Priest 23 September 1733, when he was licensed to the curacy of Duston, co. Northampton, all by the Bishop of Peterborough. He was instituted Rector of Lower Isham, Northamptonshire, 20 May 1735 on the presentation of the Bishop of Lincoln, and Vicar of Dallington in the same county 30 March 1739, on the presentation of Joseph Jekyll, esq. On 28 March 1739, when he is described as Chaplain to Henry, Earl Ferrers, he obtained a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, the respective values being stated as £20 and £40 and their distance apart 10 miles. He was appointed Master of the Free Grammar School at Courtenhall 10 July 1731. He rebuilt the vicarage house at Dallington and died there 11 May 1752, aged 44, holding both livings at his death (Baker, *History of Northamptonshire*, i, 134, 135).

P. 38 no. 35. John Head was ordained Deacon 14 July 1728 and Priest 21 September 1729 by the Bishop of Ely, when he was master of a school in Wisbech. He was instituted Vicar of Sellinge, Kent, 4 August 1731, vacating the living when he became Rector of Burmarsh in the same county, where he was instituted 15 November 1737; the patron in each case being the king. On 12 November 1737, when he is described as Chaplain to James, Earl of 'Rosberie,' he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Sellinge (valued at £40) with Burmarsh (valued at £80), the two livings being stated to be 4 miles apart.

He died in 1754. His career must not be confused with that of John Head, Arch-deacon of Canterbury, who was of Christ Church, Oxford, and died 4 December 1764.

P. 38 no. 36. The *Parish Register* of All Saints, Cambridge, has the following entry: 1724, December 6, Thomas Ford, Scholar of St John's College, buried.

P. 38 no. 37. George Cowperthwaite was ordained Deacon 17 March 172 $\frac{7}{8}$ and licensed to the curacy of Tattingstone, Suffolk, he was ordained Priest 21 December 1729, all by the Bishop of Norwich. He was instituted Rector of St Lawrence Newland, Essex, 6 October 1742 and Vicar of Mayland, Essex, 6 February 174 $\frac{1}{2}$. On 29 January 174 $\frac{1}{2}$, when he is described as Chaplain to John, Earl of Loudon, he obtained a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then stated to be half a mile apart. Both livings were vacant in 1766.

P. 38 no. 38. Richard Kay was ordained Deacon 21 July 1728 by the Archbishop of York and was licensed to the curacy of Moor Monkton with a salary of £30. He was ordained Priest 22 February 17 $\frac{3}{4}$ by the Bishop of Lincoln and was licensed next day to the curacy of Navenby, co. Lincoln. He was licensed perpetual curate of Kirk Hammerton, Yorks., 27 February 17 $\frac{3}{4}$ by the Bishop of Chester, on the nomination of Thomas Scawen, of Wheldrake, Yorks. He was instituted Rector of Staveley, Yorks., 29 May 1742 (patron, Richard Kay, the elder) and held the living until 1765.

P. 38 no. 39. Philip Hollins, the elder, was of Emmanuel College, B.A. 1694, he was instituted Rector of Ackworth, Yorks., 8 September 1702.

Philip Hollins, the younger, was ordained Deacon 21 July 1728 and was licensed to the curacy of Ackworth, by the Archbishop of York, and Priest 2 March 173 $\frac{1}{2}$ by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Lavendon with Brayfield, Bucks., 3 March 173 $\frac{1}{2}$, and held the living until 1764.

P. 38 no. 40. Peter Dent was ordained Deacon 22 September 1728, and licensed to the curacy of Molesworth, Hunts., 23 September, he was ordained Priest 24 September 1732 and licensed to the curacy of Husbands Bosworth, co. Leicester, 25 September, all by the Bishop of Lincoln.

P. 38 no. 41. Thomas Sismey appears as a subscriber to Spencer's *De Legibus Hebr.* in 1727.

His master while at Stamford, Mr William Turner, was appointed Master in 1691 or 1692 and resigned 1 June 1723 on being elected to the headmastership of Colchester School, and died 24 January 1725, aged 68. The *Stamford Mercury* for 25 April 1723 has this announcement: "We hear from Colchester that the election of Schoolmaster for the Free School there, came on the 18th inst. The candidates were Mr Turner, M.A., Master of the Free School, at Stamford, Lincolnshire, and the Rev. Mr Smythies. The choice fell on Mr Turner by a majority of 85 votes, he being a man very eminent in his profession and one well affected to his Majesty." (See also *Notes and Queries*, 2 Ser. xii, 321). Mr Turner was married at Stamford Baron 21 July 1698 to Susanna (baptized at St George's 29 September 1672), daughter of William and Catherine Wool or Wolfe. William Wool (buried at St George's, Stamford, 11 October 1711) was the youngest son of Richard (buried at St Michael's 25 September 1658), grocer, Alderman (or Mayor) of the borough for the years 1629-30 and 1638-9. When King Charles I. escaped from Oxford and the Parliamentary army in 1646 he came to Stamford in the disguise of a servant on the night of Sunday, May 3, accompanied by Dr Michael Hudson and Mr Ashburnham, he slept in the house of Mr Richard Wool, a devoted loyalist, who then lived on Barn-hill. On the following night he departed by the back gate, which yet remains, to Southwell where he gave himself up to the Scotch army who were besieging Newark.

The *Parish Register* of St George's, Stamford, supplies the following entries: 170 $\frac{3}{4}$ Elizabeth, the daughter of Mr William Turner, *bur.* January 24; Susan *bur.* 16 February 170 $\frac{3}{4}$; Robert baptized 6 February 171 $\frac{1}{2}$; children of Mr William and Susan Turner (Mr Justin Simpson).

Thomas Sismey was ordained Deacon 22 September 1728 by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed next day to the curacy of Hougham with Marston, co. Lincoln, he was ordained Priest 19 September 1731 by the Bishop of Peterborough and licensed to the curacy of Cransley, Northamptonshire.

P. 38 no. 1. Cornelius Belgrave, the father, who was of Trinity College, Oxford,

was afterwards a member of St John's (P. 48 no. 9). Con Belgrave, his son, was ordained Deacon 22 December 1728 and was licensed next day to the curacy of Kilworth, co. Leicester, he was ordained Priest 14 March 173 $\frac{1}{2}$ and was licensed next day to the curacy of North Kilworth, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Hornfield, co. Rutland, 10 March 173 $\frac{1}{2}$, ceding this on his institution 21 March 1757 to the Rectory of Ridlington, co. Rutland, this he held until his death 23 July 1777. There is a monument to his memory in the chancel of Preston Church, Rutland, where he is described as late Rector of Lyndon and Ridlington. One 'Constantine' Belgrave was instituted Rector of Lyndon 13 April 1734, and held the living until 1765. A pedigree of the Belgraves is given in Nichols's *History of Leicestershire*, iv, 207.

P. 38 no. 4. Daniel Taylor migrated to Trinity and took the B.A. degree from that College in 1727. He was ordained Deacon 6 February 172 $\frac{1}{2}$ and Priest 7 May 1727 by the Bishop of London. He returned to America and there is a monument to his memory at Ferry Farm, King William County, Virginia, with this inscription: "M.S. | Under this marble lieth all that was | mortal of the | Rev. Mr Daniel Taylor. | He was born in Virginia, and educa- | ted in England, | Where he was first a scholar of St | John's College, and afterwards of | Trinity, University of Cambridge. | When he had taken the degree of | Bachelor of Arts he entered into | Holy Orders, and returned | to his own country. | Upon his arrival he was, by an unan- | imous consent, chosen minister | of St John's parish, in the | County of King William. | His father was the Rev. Daniel Tay- | lor, Minister of Blissland parish. | He married Alice, third daughter of | Richard Littlepage, Gent., of | New Kent County, by whom, | in happy marriage | state, he had six chil- | dren, four sons and | two daughters, all | surviving him. | While living he was an example of | piety and religion, and with great | calmness fell asleep in the Lord | Jesus on the 9th of Sep- | tember, in the year 1742, | and the 38th of his age. | Go, reader, and imitate him" (*William and Mary College Quarterly Historical Magazine*, v, 206; for a pedigree of the Littlepage family see Hayden, *Virginia Genealogy*. I owe this reference to Dr Lyon G. Tyler, President of William and Mary College).

P. 39 no. 5. John Prudom, son and heir apparent of John Prudom, citizen and grocer, of London, was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn 27 June 1721, and was called to the Bar 6 June 1729. The Register of Lincoln's Inn Chapel contains this entry among the burials: 'John Prudam, Esq^r., was buried Novemb^r 19, 1745.'

P. 39 no. 6. This is probably the Robert Cholmeley, gentleman, second son of James Cholmeley of Easton, co. Lincoln, esquire, who was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn 24 December 1723, and was called to the Bar 29 January 173 $\frac{3}{4}$.

P. 39 no. 7. Dillingham Boswell, who was born 14 March 170 $\frac{5}{8}$ was admitted to Merchant Taylors' School 16 September 1715 (*Robinson's Merchant Taylors' School Register*, ii, 42). He was ordained Deacon 20 May 1728 and licensed to the curacy of Edmundthorp, co. Lincoln, and Priest 1 June 1729, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Great Wigston 29 December 1729 (on the presentation of the Haberdashers Company), and Rector of Wymondham 16 August 1748, both co. Leicester. On 11 August 1748, when he is described as Chaplain to Margaret, Countess Dowager Torrington, he had a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then stated to be of the respective values of £50 and £100, and to be 15 miles apart. He held both livings until his death. In the church of Dean, Bedfordshire, on a small brass plate, silvered over, and fastened into one of the panels of a pew underneath the pulpit, is this inscription: Beneath lies the body of | the Rev. Dillingham Boswell | who was Vicar of Wigston thirty years | and Rector of Wymondham fifteen years; | and many years in the com- mission of the peace | for the County of Leicester | and also for the County of Bedford; | of exemplary piety and every way worthy of | and becoming the stations of life he filled. | He departed this life on the 1st of August 1761 | in the 57th year of his age, greatly lamented (Nichols, *History of Leicestershire*, ii, 407).

P. 39 no. 8. Orlando Fogg was ordained Deacon 16 June 1728 and Priest 21 September 1729 by the Bishop of Chester. On 24 June 1736 the Bishop of Chester licensed him to the curacy of Halton, co. Chester.

P. 39 no. 9. Edmund Latter was ordained Deacon 21 September 1729 by the Bishop of London. He was instituted Rector of Bidborough, Kent, 5 January 173 $\frac{1}{2}$; he was instituted Rector of Ashurst, Kent, 19 November 1746 but ceded this on his

institution to the Rectory of Burstow, Surrey, 3 May 1757. On 30 April 1757, when he is described as Chaplain to Laurence, Earl Ferrers, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Bidborough with Burstow, the respective values of the livings being stated to be £100 and £200 and their distance apart 20 miles. Both livings were vacant in 1789.

P. 39 no 10. Thomas Fidler was B.A. 1727, M.A. 1731. He was instituted Rector of Shirland, co. Derby, 14 December 1754, and held the living till 1792. His name is mentioned in a letter to William Bowyer, the publisher, from Archdeacon Blackburne (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, iii, 12, note).

P. 39 no. 11. John Baxter was ordained Deacon 25 August 1728 and licensed next day to the curacy of Lower Peover, co. Chester, he was ordained Priest 7 December 1729, all by the Bishop of Chester. He was afterwards curate at Eccles, co. Lancaster.

P. 39 no. 12. The Honourable Sackville Tufton, the father, was a brother of Thomas, sixth earl of Thanet, and a colonel in the Guards. He married Elizabeth, daughter and sole heiress of Ralph Wilbraham, esquire, of Newbottle, Northamptonshire, and was the father of Sackville Tufton, seventh earl of Thanet (Burke, *Dormant, abeyant, forfeited and extinct Peerages*, 542). Thomas Tufton, gentleman, youngest son of Sackville Tufton, of Newbottle, Northamptonshire, esquire, was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 28 November 1720.

P. 39 no. 13. Lord Henry Brydges was the sixth, but second surviving, son of James, Duke of Chandos, Marquis and Earl of Carnarvon, Viscount Wilton, Baron Chandos of Sudeley and a Baronet. He was born in 1708. Styled the Hon. Henry Brydges from 1714 to 1719, Lord Henry Brydges from 1719 to 1727, and Marquis of Carnarvon from 1727 to 1744.

He was M.P. for Hereford 1727–1734; First Lord of the Bedchamber to Frederick, Prince of Wales, December 1728. Appointed Knight of the Bath 12 January 1732; M.P. for Steyning 1734–1741; Master of the Horse to Frederick, Prince of Wales, October 1735; M.P. for Bishop's Castle 1741–1744; Groom of the Stole to Frederick, Prince of Wales, October 1742 to March 1751. Succeeded as second Duke of Chandos 9 August 1744. He was Clerk of the Hanaper Office in Chancery, Ranger of Enfield Chase, and was appointed High Steward of Winchester in September 1754. He married (1) Mary, daughter of Charles, Lord Bruce, 21 December 1728, (2) Anne, daughter of John Wells, gentleman, in 1744, (3) Elizabeth, daughter of Sir John Major, baronet, in 1767. He died 28 November 1771 (Doyle, *Official Baronage of England*, i, 357).

P. 39 no. 14. Baptist Noel, fourth Earl of Gainsborough, was son of Baptist, the third Earl of Gainsborough, Viscount Campden of Campden, Baron Noel of Ridlington and Hicks of Ilmington, and a Baronet. He was born in 1708. Styled Viscount Campden from 1708 to 1714. He succeeded as fourth Earl of Gainsborough 17 April 1714. He was High Steward of Chipping Campden, and Warden and Chief Ranger of Lyfield Forest, co. Rutland. He married in 1739 Elizabeth, daughter of William Chapman, esquire. He died 21 March 1751.

P. 39 no. 16. William Nabbs was ordained Deacon 30 May 1728 and licensed to the curacy of Longridge, co. Lancaster, he was ordained Priest 20 September 1730, all by the Bishop of Chester. On 3 December 1735 the Bishop of Chester licensed him to the perpetual curacy of Newchurch-in-Pendle, co. Lancaster. Mr C. H. Cooper in some notes on the College Register ascribes to William Nabbs the authorship of *Calista, or the Injured Beauty, a Poem founded on fact, by a Clergyman*, London, 1759, 4to.

P. 40 no. 17. The name should be Yates. Francis Yates, son of Francis Yates, of Whitehaven, Cumberland, clerk, matriculated at Oxford from Queen's College 23 July 1717, aged 17. He took the B.A. degree at Oxford in 1721 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He was admitted to the LL.B. degree at Cambridge in 1724. He was ordained Deacon 25 September 1720 by the Bishop of Sodor and Man, and Priest 22 December 1723 by the Archbishop of York. He was instituted Rector of Moresby, Cumberland, 13 January 1723, on the presentation of John Fletcher, esq. This he ceded on being instituted Rector of Slaidburne 21 January 1733, he was also instituted Vicar of Gargrave 5 August 1737, both co. York. On 30 July 1737 he received a dispensation to hold both livings, then stated to be of the respective values of £190 and £100. Both livings were filled up again in 1762.

P. 40 no. 18. John Story, son of J. Story, of Crownish (Crowmarsh), Oxfordshire, matriculated at Oxford from St John's College 5 March 169 $\frac{1}{2}$, aged 19. He took the B.A. degree at Oxford in 1694, and the M.A. at Cambridge, from St John's, in 1724 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He was ordained Deacon 19 May 1695 by the Bishop of Salisbury, and Priest 20 September 1696 by the Bishop of Chichester. He was instituted Vicar of Burpham (as Story) 24 February 170 $\frac{1}{2}$, and Vicar of Poling (as Storie) 22 June 1723, both co. Sussex. On 29 June 1724, when he is described as Chaplain to James, Lord Somerville, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then stated to be of the respective values of £40 and £50. He was again instituted Vicar of Burpham 23 July 1724 (as Storie). Both livings were vacant in 1756.

P. 40 no. 20. Edward Bellamy took the degree of M.B. in 1729.

P. 40 no. 22. Henry was the second son of Sir Charles Sewster Peyton. He died of a fever, unmarried, 25 September 1741. (See the admission of his elder brother P. 20 no. 52.)

P. 40 no. 24. John Hill, the father, born 23 March 165 $\frac{5}{8}$, was an apothecary of Wem, and afterwards of Lighteach and Hawkstone. He was a younger brother of the Right Hon. Sir Richard Hill, Fellow of the College (Part ii, P. 55 no. 44). He married at Kingsley, 12 February 1699, Sarah, daughter and coheir of John Stubbs of Shaw Kingsley, co. Stafford. He was buried at Hodnet 5 March 171 $\frac{3}{8}$. Rowland Hill, his eldest son, succeeded to the Hawkstone estate on the death of his uncle Sir Richard Hill, and in consideration of the important political and diplomatic services of that eminent person was created a baronet 20 January 172 $\frac{7}{8}$, with special remainders. He was High Sheriff of Shropshire, 9 December 1731 to 14 December 1732. He was returned as M.P. for the City of Lichfield, 16 May 1734, sitting until 1761. He died 7 August 1783. He was twice married, first 27 May 1732 to Jane, daughter of Sir Brian Broughton, bart. of Broughton, co. Stafford, she was buried 22 December 1773; secondly to Mary, daughter of German Pole of Radbourne, co. Derby, who survived him. He left issue by his first wife. See the admission of one of his sons P. 169 no. 3 (Betham, *Baronetage*, iii, 210; *Peerages*, Viscount Hill).

P. 40 no. 25. This is probably the Charles Palmer, gentleman, son and heir of Charles Palmer, late of Dorney Court, Bucks., esquire, deceased, who was admitted a student of the Inner Temple, 27 January 172 $\frac{5}{8}$.

P. 40 no. 28. Joseph Harrison did not graduate. He was ordained Deacon (as of St John's College) 16 August 1730 by the Archbishop of York and licensed to the curacy of Pateley Bridge with a stipend of £20.

P. 41 no. 29. Matthew Topham was ordained Deacon 16 August 1730 and licensed to the curacy of Thornton, Yorks., with a stipend of £30 a year; he was ordained Priest 5 August 1733, all by the Archbishop of York. He became Vicar of Withernwick and Mapleton in Holderness, Yorks., and died 24 December 1773, aged 67.

P. 41 no. 30. Thomas Bedford was the second son of Hilkiah Bedford. Being a Non-juror he never took a degree; but, being an excellent scholar, going into orders in that party, he went Chaplain into the family of Sir John Cotton, bart., then at Angiers in France; after which (his sister being then married to Mr Smith) he went into the neighbourhood of Durham, where he prepared his edition of *Symeonis Monachi Dunhelmensis libellus ex Exordio atque Procursu Dunhelmensis Ecclesiae*; with a continuation to 1154, and an account of the hard usage Bishop William received from Rufus; which was printed by subscription in 1732, 8vo., from a very valuable and beautiful MS. in the cathedral library, which he supposes to be either the original, or copied in the author's lifetime. Being invited to officiate among the Non-jurors in Derbyshire he fixed his residence at Compton, near Ashbourne, where he lived on terms of great intimacy with the Rev. Ellis Farnworth. In or about 1742 he published an *Historical Catechism*, containing in brief the sacred history, the doctrines of Christianity, and an explanation of the Feasts and Fasts of the Church, the second edition revised and enlarged. The first edition was taken from Abbé Fleury; but as this second varied so much from that author, Mr Bedford left out his name. Having some original fortune, and withal being a very frugal man, and making also the most of his money for a length of years he died rich at Compton, in February 1773, and was buried at

Ashbourne, Derbyshire (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, i, 169). Among the Rawlinson papers in the Bodleian Library are some notes by himself of the consecration of non-juring bishops and ordinations held by them. Amongst these is the following entry: "Thomas Bedford was ordained deacon at * * *; priest on St John's day, 27 December 1731, by Mr Gandy, in his own chapel" (*Notes and Queries*, 3rd Ser. iii, 244).

Hearne in his *Diary* of 31 December 1734 has the following notice of him: "Mr Thomas Bedford, one of the sons of my friend the late Mr Hilkiah Bedford, is now very inquisitive about the liturgies of St Basil, St Mark, St James, St Chrysostom, and other Greek liturgies, and hath wrote to me about them, to get intelligence about MSS. thereof in Bodley, well knowing, he saith, that there is nobody better acquainted with the MSS. there than myself. He wants the age of them, and other particulars, and a person to be recommended to collate such MSS. But having been debarr'd this library a great number of years, I am now a stranger there, and cannot in the least assist him, tho' I once design'd to have been very nice in examining all these liturgical MSS. and to have given notes of their age, and particularly of Leofric's Latin Missal, which I had a design of printing, being countenanc'd thereto by Dr Hickes, Mr Dodwell, &c....Some part of this MS. is of later date than Leofric's time, and Mr Bedford therefore desires to have my opinion of the antiquity of the canon of the Mass, which is one part of it. I wish I could gratify Mr Bedford" (see *Notes and Queries*, 2nd Ser. ix, 105).

P. 41 no. 32. John Pern, the father, was a member of the College, see his admission, Part i, P. 134 no. 9. John Pern, the younger, took the B.A. degree in 1727 from St John's and the M.A. in 1731 from Peterhouse, of which latter College he was Fellow. He was instituted Rector of Knapwell, co. Cambridge, 11 November 1731. He was collated 11 December 1742 to the Prebend of Chute with Chisenbury in Salisbury Cathedral. He was instituted Vicar of Gillingham, Dorset, 20 September 1744, then ceding Knapwell. He held this with his Prebend until his death. On the wall of the nave of Gillingham church there is a tablet with the inscription: In memory | of the reverend John Pern, A.M. | descended from an ancient family | at West Wrattin in the County of Cambridge | who was 27 years vicar of this place | and Prebendary of the prebend of Chidingbury and Chute in the church of Salisbury. | He died much lamented | the 6th day of April in the year of our Lord 1770. | Also in memory of the | reverend Andrew Pern son of the above John Pern | who died the 15th day of April in the year of our | Lord 1771 in the 27th year of his age (Hutchins, *History of Dorset*, iii, 641). Andrew Pern matriculated at Oxford from Oriel College, 5 May 1766 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*, where the preferments are wrongly given).

P. 41 no. 33. Thomas Bolland was ordained Priest 24 December 1732 by the Bishop of London. He was instituted Rector of Fewston, Yorks., 11 April 1737 and held the living until 1739.

P. 41 no. 34. Marmaduke Drake was a member of the College (see Part ii, P. 137 no. 30). John Drake was baptized at Beighton 25 July 1706. He succeeded his father as Vicar of Beighton, co. Derby, being instituted there 29 September 1733, holding the living until his death on 4 February 1763. He was buried at Beighton. He married Ann, daughter and heiress of John Drake of Halifax, she died 12 March 175½ (Hunter, *Familiae Minorum Gentium, Harleian Soc. Publ.* xxxviii, 509, xxxix, 1159, where there is a pedigree).

P. 41 no. 35. Sir Anthony Rudd, the father, of Aberglassney, married first Magdalen, daughter of Sir Henry Jones, knight, of Abermarles, and secondly Beatrice, daughter of Sir John Barlow, baronet, of Slebatch, Pembrokeshire. By the first wife he had no issue. Anthony Rudd was the second son of the second marriage; he died without issue (Burke, *Extinct and Dormant Baronetcies*, 454). Anthony Rudd, the younger, was ordained Deacon 20 December 1730 by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed next day to the curacy of Willingham, co. Lincoln.

P. 41 no. 36. This is probably the George Smith who was ordained Priest 16 August 1730 by the Archbishop of York. He was then already licensed to the Chapelry of Sherburn.

P. 41 no. 38. Robert Barrell, of Somerset, plebeius, matriculated at Oxford from St Mary Hall 17 October 1600, aged 18; B.A. from Brasenose College 15 February

1603, M.A. 10 July 1607, Rector of Boughton-Malherbe, Kent, 1611, and of Allington, Kent, 1625. Robert Barrell, his son (the father being described as of Maidstone, Kent, sacerdos), matriculated at Oxford from Magdalen College 28 June 1633, aged 17; demy 1631-4; B.A. 13 May 1634; Fellow 1634-45; M.A. 31 January 1638; he died 18 May 1645, administration granted at Oxford 3 March 1652. Francis Barrell (brother of the last), third son of Robert Barrell, of Maidstone, Kent, clerk, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 26 November 1644, was called to the Bar 13 June 1651, became a Bencher of his Inn 29 October 1669, and a Serjeant-at-Law 21 April 1675. He was Recorder of Rochester, and was returned as M.P. for Rochester 16 August 1679. He died 15 September 1679 and was buried in the nave of Rochester Cathedral, where there is a monument to his memory. He was the grandfather of the member of St John's. He had several sons; Francis, the eldest (of whom hereafter); Richard, buried in Rochester Cathedral 26 December 1670; Henry, joint Chapter Clerk and Auditor of Rochester Cathedral, a bachelor, died 10 and buried in Rochester Cathedral 14 September 1754, aged 83; Edmund, born 3 July 1676, matriculated at Oxford from Brasenose College 6 April 1693, aged 16, B.A. 1696, M.A. 1700; ordained Deacon in 1699 by the Bishop of Peterborough, Priest in 1700 by the Bishop of London; Rector of Kingsdown, near Sittingbourne, 1700-12, Prebendary of Norwich 1702-5; Vicar of Sutton-at-Hone 1706-62, Rector of Fawkham 1712-20, Vicar of Boxley 1720-65, Prebendary of Rochester 1705-65. He was buried in Rochester Cathedral 20 March 1765, aged 88.

Francis Barrell, the eldest son, matriculated at Oxford from Brasenose College 25 June 1680. He was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 5 February 1678 and was called to the Bar 14 May 1686, and became a Bencher of the Inn 24 October 1707. Like his father he was Recorder of Rochester, and was returned as M.P. for that borough 24 November 1701, sitting until that Parliament was dissolved 11 November 1702. He died 11 June 1724, aged 62, and was buried in Rochester Cathedral 17 June; there is a monument to his memory and the Cathedral burial register describes him as: 'Vir magnus, ac probitate et eruditione eximius.' He was the father of the member of the College, who was his only son.

Francis Barrell of St John's seems to have resided in London. He married: first Anne, daughter of Thomas Pearse, of Rochester: she was buried in Rochester Cathedral 5 November 1734; secondly Frances, daughter of Thomas Bowdler, esq., she was buried in Rochester Cathedral 10 October 1736; he married thirdly Frances, a daughter and co-heiress of William Hanbury of Much Marcle, co. Hereford (of consanguinity to Archbishop Chichele). She survived her husband, died in London, and was brought to Rochester and buried in the Cathedral 28 January 1786. He had issue of his marriages an only son, Francis, who died in his father's lifetime, and was buried in Rochester Cathedral 17 February 1755, aged 18; and two daughters. He died in London and was buried in Rochester Cathedral, the entry in the Cathedral Register being: Francis Barrell, Esq., Nephew of the Revd. Mr Edmd. Barrell, Prebendary of this church, was brought from Grosvenor Square, Westminster, 29 February 1772 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*; Hasted, *History of Kent*, i, 546; ii, 696; Shindler, *Registers of the Cathedral Church of Rochester*, see index under Barrell).

P. 41 no. 39. The name of this youth was originally entered in the Register as 'Thomas Ellis,' then a pen was drawn through Thomas and Gulielmus written above. It seems however almost certain that his Christian name was Thomas. A Thomas Ellis matriculated in the University, from St John's, 11 July 1724. The College Register records the admission of no other Thomas Ellis to the College. He proceeded to B.A. 1727 and M.A. 1733. Again, Thomas Ellis, B.A. of St John's College, born in the County of York in 1705 (which corresponds with the age in the College Register) was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Ely 12 July 1728 and was licensed to the curacy of Stuntney. He was ordained Priest at Ely 19 September 1729, with the title of a Minor Canon in Ely. Cole, in his MSS. (Vol. xxx, Brit. Mus. Add. MSS. 5831, fol. 154a, 155a) gives the following letter from Bishop Greene to Deau Moss of Ely (also printed in Nichols, *Literary Illustrations*, iii, 563).

ELY HOUSE, Mar. 16, 1727.

GOOD MR DEAN,

I think myself much obliged to you and the chapter for your kind readiness in despatching the confirmation of Dr Peck's and my servant's patents.

One Mr Ellis, a Bachelor of Arts of St John's College, came hither on Thursday last for Deacon's Orders, under a Pretence that he had a prospect of being chosen a Minor Canon in your Church. What he alledged for himself might be true for ought I know; but not bringing with him an undoubted certificate thereof, as the Canon requires, I did not think it proper to ordain him this Ordination, but shall be ready at any time, that you and the Chapter shall be pleased to desire it, to give him a private Ordination, after your choice of him to be one of your Minor Canons. I am Revd. Sir, your much obliged friend and brother,

THO. ELLIEN.

Thomas Ellis, as we see above, became a Minor Canon. He died in 1764. His son, Thomas Robins Ellis, was B.A. of Queens' College in 1765 and a Fellow of that Society.

P. 41 no. 40. John Hodson, the elder, was Rector of Thurstanton, Cheshire, from 1705 to 1752. John Hodson, the younger, was ordained Deacon 17 June 1728 and licensed to the curacy of Thurstanton, he was ordained Priest 24 May 1730, all by the Bishop of Chester.

P. 41 no. 41. John Mall was ordained Deacon 14 March 1732 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 6 April 1731 and his Fellowship was filled up 29 March 1737. He was appointed Master of Bishop's Stortford Grammar School in 1734 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1734, September, p. 512). On 17 November 1735 he was nominated by the College to be Second Master of Shrewsbury School, but after some hesitation decided to remain at Bishop's Stortford. He was instituted Vicar of North Weald, Essex, 23 June 1748 on the presentation of W. Plummer, esq. (Morant, *History of Essex*, Ongar Hundred, 152). He held his Vicarage and perhaps his Mastership until his death. In the church at Bishop's Stortford there is a tablet with the following inscription: "Here lieth the body of the Rev. John Mall, A.M., Vicar of Northweald in the County of Essex, and late Master of this school. He departed this life the 18th day of January 1755, in the 46th year of his age."

Arms: A pale, within a bordure charged with eight roundles; impaling a chevron between three crosses crosslet; on a chief a lion passant (Cussans, *History of Hertfordshire*, i, Part I, 121; Clutterbuck, *History of Hertfordshire*, iii, 261).

In the College Library there is a manuscript Lexicon of the New Testament by John Mall in three large folio volumes, with the following note on the fly-leaf of Vol. i; 1790 Ex domo Gulielmi Salisburij, Coll. olim Soc. Authore J. Mall, Coll. olim Soc. pro Mro. Platt.

The title pages of the three volumes as given by Mall are these:

Vol. I. *Lexicon | in | Novum Testamentum | Pars Prior | In qua continentur Nomina Propria.*

Vol. II. *Index in Novum Testamentum | Vol. II. | Orditur Volumen hoc ab elemento E | Martij 1^{mo} 1745 | ὁν Θεω.*

Vol. III. *Index | in Novum Testamentum | Vol. III | Hanc partem aggressus sum 17^{mo} die Junij 1748 | Inceptis nostris adspiret Deus O.M.*

The following is on an inserted leaf in Vol. i:

Index in Novum Testamentum Graeco-Latinus in duas partes divisus.

ii. Quarum posterior voces omnes communes in N.T. occurrentes ordine alphabetico disponit: significationes varias, quas quaeque vox in N.T. obtinet, distinguit; et locos quibus adhibetur, notat; et si quid difficile vel observatione dignum in sacro sit textu explicat et observat.

i. Prior nomina propria ordine percurrit; locos quibus occurrunt apponit et pro re nota observationes necessarias adjungit.

Tale opus, ab erudito aliquo susceptum perfectumque perutile tyroni Theologiae studioso futurum est, quod et vice concordantiarum et Commentarij fungatur et ad faciliorem pleniorumque librorum sacrarum notitiam spectet. Quod ad opus meum attinet est me, negotio laboriosissimo occupatum valetudine minime bona usum, horis subsecivis huic rei incubuisse, non quidem eo consilio ad animo, ut alii ex laboribus studiisque meis aliquid utilitatis percipere valeant, sed ut ipse habeam in quod non inutiliter nec injucunde tempus impendam.

J. MALL.

St. J's. Cl. C^{ae}. olim Socius.

Primum me ad hoc opus contuli mense Julij 1744.

P. 41 no. 42. John Taylor was admitted a Fellow of the College 25 March 1729 and his Fellowship was filled up again in March 1761. He was ordained Deacon

13 June 1731 and Priest 24 September 1732, by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was appointed Steward of the College 20 February 174 $\frac{1}{2}$ and held this office until 11 April 1750 when he was appointed Senior Bursar, his successor in this office being appointed 3 March 1759. He was instituted Vicar of Littlebury, Essex, 30 April 1743 and held the living until 1759. The name is of course of frequent occurrence but that he was Vicar of Littlebury seems clear from the following note of Cole's (MSS. Cole, xxxii, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. fol. 214 a) on Newcourt's *Repertorium*, when referring to the Vicars of Littlebury he says: "John Taylor A.M., Fellow of St John's College, Cambridge, succeeded Mr Kilbourn [who was Vicar of Littlebury 1692-1743], and was Vicar in 1745. He is now S.T.P., March 22, 1762, and to distinguish him from Dr John Taylor, now Archdeacon of Bucks. [see P. 27 no. 29] and then of the same College, he was called from his height 'Long John Taylor'."

John Taylor, D.D., was presented by the College to the Rectory of Staplehurst, Kent, 2 June 1759, and instituted 17 August following. The *Parish Register* of Staplehurst contains the following entry: "3 January 1785. The Rev. Dr Taylor, Rector of Staplehurst, was buried in the Chancel on the North side. He died on the 30th day of December 1784 exactly at eleven of the clock in the evening, aged 77."

While on the North wall of the Chancel of Staplehurst Church is a tablet with this inscription: In the Vault beneath are deposited | in hope of a joyful Resurrection, the remains of Margaret Williams | Niece of the Rev. Dr Taylor. She died October 29, 1775, aged 35 | In the same pious confidence beside his niece and friend | are deposited the remains of John Taylor D.D. | who was Rector of this parish upwards of 25 years. | He died December 30, 1784 | aged 77.

P. 41 no. 43. The following short summary of John Green's life is given by Michael Tyson, the younger (of Corpus Christi College, B.A. 1764), in a letter to William Cole, dated from Lambourne Parsonage 27 May 1779 (MSS. Cole, xiv, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5825, fol. 50 b): "John Green, late Bishop of Lincoln, was born at Beverley in Yorkshire, and was admitted a sizar in St John's College, where, it has been said, he was at first supported by contributions from several gentlemen, more particularly Mr Pelham, Member for Beverley. In the year 1728 he took his degree of B.A. with great credit, and being a very good classical scholar he soon afterwards procured the place of Usher of Lichfield School. The celebrated Dr S. Johnson was then master and David Garrick was one of his scholars. He continued usher only one year and in 1730 [really 1731] he was elected Fellow of St John's, and soon after the Bishop of Ely procured him the Vicarage of Hingeston [Hinxton, co. Cambridge] from Jesus College, which was tenable with a Fellowship at St John's, but could not be held by any Fellow of Jesus. Soon after [in 1743], Dr Wickins, who had been only three months chaplain to the Duke of Somerset, was presented to the very valuable living of Petworth, by his Grace, and on his removal Mr Green succeeded him as chaplain. There he continued three years. It was his Grace's custom to bestow on his chaplains the first living that fell vacant, and they were expected to take it whether its value were great or small. A living in Dorsetshire, in the Duke's gift, of about £250 a year, became vacant, which if Mr Green had accepted, he could then have been no longer Fellow of St John's and probably a stop would have been put to his future preferment. But before he had accepted the presentation the living of Burrough Green was offered him, and which was tenable with his Fellowship. This he accepted. He then returned to College and was appointed Bursar and from thence served his own church of Hingeston. By the will of the donor, the presentation to the living of Barrow in Suffolk was to be given to the senior in Divinity, Fellow of St John's. Dr Burton and Dr Rutherford put in their respective claims, Burton was senior by admission, Rutherford by creation; during the pending of the suit Mr Green was appointed Regius Professor of Divinity and put in his claim of seniority in right of his Professorship and was in consequence presented to the living of Barrow. In 1750 he was, by the interest of Archbishop Herring, elected Master of Bene't, and about 1756 or 1757 was made Dean of Lincoln.

"By the interest of the Duke of Newcastle he was nominated as Clerk of the Closet to the present Queen. At that time the see of London was vacant and the Ministry were debating whether Thomas, Bishop of Lincoln, or Hayter, Bishop of Norwich should be translated to it. Before any determination was made the Archbishop of York died; in consequence of this Thomas was translated to Sarum

and Hayter to London; and Lincoln becoming vacant was by the interest of the Duke of Newcastle procured for Dr Green, who was then on his road to London to accept of the place of Clerk of the Closet to the Queen."

John Green was admitted a Fellow of the College 6 April 1731, he became Senior Fellow 19 February 174 $\frac{7}{8}$ and his Fellowship was filled up 2 April 1750. He held the following College offices: Junior Dean 8 February 173 $\frac{3}{8}$ to February 17 $\frac{3}{8}$ when he became Senior Dean, holding the latter office till 10 February 174 $\frac{9}{16}$. He was Senior Bursar from 23 February 174 $\frac{7}{8}$ to 11 April 1750. He was ordained Deacon 13 June 1731 and Priest 19 September 1731 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Hinxton, co. Cambridge, 3 March 173 $\frac{1}{2}$ on the presentation of Jesus College. It is not quite clear how long he held it. He was Vicar at a visitation in 1745. In 1751 Warburton is succeeded as sequestrator by Milner. Green probably ceded Hinxton on getting Burrough Green. Cole states that Green was also Vicar of Ickleton, co. Cambridge, succeeding Thomas Sayes in 1743, but this is a mistake. Zachary Brooke was instituted Vicar of Ickleton 8 April 1744 on the death of Thomas Sayes, and Brooke held the living until 1788. Green was instituted Rector of Burrough Green, co. Cambridge, 12 February 174 $\frac{9}{16}$ on the presentation of the Duke of Somerset. He was presented by St John's College to the Rectory of Barrow, Suffolk, 25 July 1750, and instituted 8 August. On 3 August 1750 he obtained a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Burrough Green (valued at £100) with Barrow (valued at £170), the two benefices being stated to be twelve miles apart. He obtained the living of Barrow under somewhat peculiar circumstances. The living became vacant by the death of Philip Williams on 23 May 1749. Under the will of the donor the College had to present that Fellow who was senior divine. They first presented Michael Burton (P. 16 no. 42), D.D. 1747, who was senior on the list of Fellows. The living was claimed by Thomas Rutherford (P. 48 no. 19), D.D. 1745. On an appeal the Bishop of Ely decided in favour of Rutherford who was senior in standing as a D.D., and Rutherford was then presented by the College 26 October 1749. But Green, who was now Regius Professor of Divinity, claimed the living on the ground that his Professorship made him the senior of the faculty, and appealed to the Court of Chancery. The Court decided that the ruling of the Visitor was null and void and set it aside, and Rutherford withdrawing his claim Green was presented. As a matter of fact when his presentation was sealed he had ceased to be a Fellow of the College, but presumably his right was held to have vested on his election to the Professorship in 1749. To return to his ecclesiastical preferments he was collated to the Prebend of Thorngate in Lincoln Cathedral 28 October 1756 and installed 2 November. He was nominated Dean of Lincoln 2 September 1756, elected 16 October and installed 2 November. He vacated his prebend and rectories on becoming Bishop of Lincoln. To this he was elected 9 December, his election was confirmed at the church of St Mary le Bow, London, 24 December, and he was consecrated at Lambeth 28 December 1761 (Hardy's *Le Neve*, ii, 224, 36, 28). On the ground that his Bishopric was but poorly endowed he was collated to the Prebend of Wildland in St Paul's Cathedral 31 December 1771 (Hennessey, *Novum Repertorium*, 55, xlix). At Cambridge he became Regius Professor of Divinity in 1749, holding the office till 1756. On the death of Edmund Castle, Master of Corpus Christi College, the Fellows were unable to agree on the choice of his successor. The advice of Dr Herring, Archbishop of Canterbury, was asked and he recommended Green. The Archbishop's letter will be found printed in Nichols, *Literary Illustrations*, vi, 794. Green was admitted Master 18 June 1750. College feeling had run somewhat high over the election, and the Fellows who adopted Herring's advice were nicknamed 'Cappadocians,' as having sacrificed their liberty (Nichols, *l.c.*; Stokes, *History of Corpus Christi College*, 130). Green remained Master of Corpus until 1764. He served the office of Vice-Chancellor 1757-8. He does not seem to have been a very popular Master. His nickname was 'Gamwell' and he was accused of 'Yorkshire tricks' at the election of Fellows. Michael Tyson the younger collected particulars of Green's life from his father, who had known Green for fifty years, and sent the account to Cole (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, viii, 643; *Literary Illustrations*, vi, 796). Cole heartily disliked Green and has left a long and very unfavourable account of him (MSS. Cole, xlix, p. 313, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5850; this account will be found summarised in Baker-Mayor, *History of St John's College*, ii, 710-1, and printed at full length in *The Eagle*, xxiii, 248-252). Cole states that Green's dialect was of the "broadest

and coarsest sort" and attributes to him a variety of shortcomings, of undue humility in early life and of *hauteur* in later years. Green's liberal opinions also gave offence to Cole.

Green took an active part in the disputes which raged in the University round certain orders for the discipline of the undergraduates passed in the year 1750. Cole ascribes to Green the authorship of *The Academic*, a pamphlet on these regulations. But it seems probable that this was compiled by a number of persons, and that Green replied to it in *Considerations on the Expediency of making and the manner of conducting the late Regulations at Cambridge* (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, ix, 668; Cooper, *Annals of Cambridge*, iv, 280). He is supposed to have been the 'Mr Seagreen' referred to in *The Key to the Fragment*, one of the numerous pamphlets arising out of the controversy.

Bishop Newton (*Life*, ed. 1816, p. 37) says that Green filled the See of Lincoln "with more ability and dignity than any of his predecessors." He also says of him: "Bishop Green was a very good scholar, and had an elegant pen in Latin and English, but he was too lazy and indolent to write much; he published only a few occasional sermons, and two letters to the Rev. Mr Berridge and Mr Whitfield against the Methodists. His charges to his clergy were much commended, and it is to be lamented that he did not prepare and order these and some other pieces for publication. He was always a prudent manager and economist, or he could not have made the provision that he did for two nephews and four nieces, with some bequests to charitable uses."

In public life Bishop Green held liberal views. In 1772 Green alone, of the Bench of Bishops, voted in favour of the repeal of the Corporation and Test Acts.

He died suddenly at Bath 25 April 1779. He was buried at Buckden, co. Huntingdon, where his episcopal palace was. In the chancel of Buckden Church there is a tablet to his memory with the following inscription: "M.S. | Johannis Green, S.T.P. | qui in Comitatu Eboracensi apud Beverley natus | literisque humanioribus primo imbutus | deinde summam velut arcem Theologiae | professoris adeptus Cathedram | et Collegii C. C. praepositus | apud Cantabrigienses | tandem res ecclesiae episcopus Lincolnienensis | omni cum laude feliciter administravit | obiit vii kal Maii anno aetatis LXXII | Salutis MDCCCLXXIX."

By his will he was a considerable benefactor to Corpus Christi College, and left some books to the Library of St John's College.

Of published work he left but little. He published two pamphlets, *The Principles and Practices of the Methodists considered*. He was a writer in the *Athenian Letters*, and some of the *Dialogues of the Dead*, published by William Weston, Rector of Campden, are by Green. He also published nine sermons at intervals between 1752 and 1773.

P. 42 no. 44. William Ross graduated from Sidney Sussex College, LL.B. 1732. He was instituted Rector of Carlby, co. Lincoln, 4 June 1753, and held the living until 1766.

P. 42 no. 48. Humphrey Johnson was nominated by the College to be second Master of Shrewsbury School 23 November 1728, he resigned the office about 27 October 1735 (Fisher, *Annals of Shrewsbury School*, 469).

P. 42 no. 49. This is probably the Richard Philips who was licensed to the perpetual curacies of Battlefield and Broughton, Salop, 23 September 1734.

P. 42 no. 50. James Tunstall was ordained Deacon 21 December 1729 and Priest 5 March 173 $\frac{1}{2}$ by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was one of the principal Tutors of the College and Senior Dean from 8 February 173 $\frac{2}{3}$ to February 173 $\frac{3}{4}$, and again from 10 February 174 $\frac{1}{4}$ to 10 February 174 $\frac{1}{2}$. He was presented by the Duke of Rutland to the Rectory of Sturmer, Essex, and was instituted there 4 December 1739. He is said previously to have declined the Rectory of Saltwood. On 19 October 1741 he was elected Public Orator of the University, the other candidate being Philip Yonge, Fellow of Trinity College. The votes were: Tunstall 160, Yonge 137. He was allowed to hold the office, though absent from the University as chaplain to Archbishop Potter, till 1746 when he resigned the Oratorship and the Rectory of Sturmer. Archbishop Potter then collated him to the Vicarage of Minster in the Isle of Thanet 10 February 174 $\frac{3}{4}$ and to the Rectory of Great Chart 13 February 174 $\frac{3}{4}$. He was also admitted Treasurer of the Cathedral of St David's with the Prebend of Llandissilio annexed 21 May 1746 (Hardy's *Le Neve*, i, 318). Each of his Kent livings was said to be worth £200 a year with good houses at both, but the

roads round Chart, where he resided, were so deep with dirt that though near Ashford, and in a good neighbourhood, his friends could seldom get near him. He married about 1747 Elizabeth, daughter of John Dodsworth, of Thornton Watlass, Yorks., esq., and of Henrietta his wife, daughter of John Hutton, esq., and sister of Archbishop Hutton. In 1757 he was presented by Archbishop Hutton to the Vicarage of Rochdale and instituted 12 November 1757, resigning his benefices in Kent but retaining his preferment at St David's. It is said that he was disappointed and wished for a prebend of Canterbury. He died in London after a brief illness 28 March 1762 and was buried in the chancel of the Church of St Peter, Cornhill, 2 April 1762 (*Notes and Queries*, 8, Ser. xi, 85, 131). His wife died 5 December 1772, aged 49, and was buried at Hadleigh, Essex, in the church of which place there is a monument to her memory (Cooper's *Annals*, iv, 244; Croston's edition of Baines' *History of Lancashire*, iii, 131; Fishwick, *History of Rochdale*, 237). He "was a person highly esteemed, not only for his good learning, but for the sweetness of his disposition. As a Pupil Monger, no one took more pains for the improvement of such as were placed under his care; and his success was answerable to his warmest wishes. As Senior Dean of the College, the mildness of his reproofs, wrought more upon the tempers of several persons of ingenuous minds, than the sharpest censures, or the severest discipline would have been able to effect" (Masters's *Life of Thomas Baker*, 114). It was said of him for some time after he had left Lambeth that many a man came there as chaplain, humble, but none ever went thence so except Dr Tunstall.

Tunstall was a voluminous author. In 1741 he published *Epistola ad virum eruditum Conyers Middleton, Vitae M.T. Ciceronis Scriptorem; in qua, ex locis ejus operis quamplurimis recensionem Ciceronis Epistolarum ad Atticum et Quintum Fratrem desiderari ostenditur, &c., Cantabrigiae* 1741. And in 1744, *Observations on the present Collection of Epistles between Cicero and M. Brutus, representing several Marks of Forgery in those Epistles; and the true State of many important Particulars in the Life and Writings of Cicero; in answer to the late Pretences of the Rev. Dr Conyers Middleton*, 8vo.; *A Sermon before the House of Commons 29 May 1746; A vindication of the Power of the State to prohibit Clandestine Marriages under the Pain of Absolute Nullity; particularly the Marriages of Minors, made without the consent of their Parents and Guardians, &c., 1755*, 8vo.; *Marriage in Society stated; with some considerations on Government, the different kinds of Civil Laws, and their distinct obligations in Conscience, &c., 1755*, 8vo.; *Academica: Part the First, containing several Discourses on the Certainty, Distinction and Connection of Natural and Revealed Religion*, 1759, 8vo. The Second Part of this, *Lectures on Natural and Revealed Religion, read in the Chapel of St John's, Cambridge*, 1764, was published after his death (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, ii, 166, 428, see also vii, 429 (index); Whitaker's *Whalley*, ii, 428, 430; Pegge's *Anonymiana*, iv, 98; Sutton, *Lancashire Authors*, 129. His library was sold by Whiston in 1764, Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, iii, 668).

The inscription in the church at Hadleigh to the memory of Mrs Tunstall is as follows: "To the memory of | Mrs Elizabeth Tunstall | daughter of John Dodsworth, Esq. | of Yorkshire | and relict of the learned | and truly pious | James Tunstall, D.D. | and Vicar of Rochdale | in Lancashire. | She died on the fifth day of December 1772 | in the forty-ninth year of her age | leaving six daughters to mourn | the loss of a most tender and affectionate parent: | her acquaintances in general that of a most sincere friend | and an agreeable companion: | And the poor that of a constant | and as far as her circumstances would allow | a generous benefactor. Dorothy, one of the above | six daughters | aged 16 | Died April 3rd 1773 | and was buried in the same grave" (Davy, *Suffolk Collections*, Brit. Mns. Addl. MSS., 19,088, parish of Hadleigh). Cole, in his collections for an *Athenae Cantabrigienses* (Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS., 5882), has the following with regard to Tunstall: "Dr Tunstall was a very pale, tall, thin man and preferred by Archbishop Potter in Canterbury Diocese. When he stood candidate for the Oratorship he applied to my uncle Cock, a merchant in Cambridge, to whom I promised my vote, and on Mr Young of Trinity, now Bishop of Norwich, his applying to me on the same occasion I told him my engagements and withall that I was sorry it was so, as I had no sort of acquaintance with Mr Tunstall, but as I had promised I did not chuse to be worse than my word. Notwithstanding this Mr Young applied both to Mr Bromley, afterwards Lord Montfort, to whom he knew I was under old obligations, and to Mr Tom Shepherd, the Members for the County, to sollicite me. To

whom, when I told them my situation they said no more. However I know well the Bishop has never forgiven me to this day. I write this July 10, 1771."

P. 42 no. 51. Francis Bower, the father, was probably of Darley Hall, previously of Ashover and Winstler, all co. Derby. Francis Bower, the son, is said to have been baptized at Winstler 12 March 170 $\frac{3}{4}$. He was instituted Rector of Barlborough, co. Derby, 5 September 1733, holding the living until his death in 1763. There is a monument to his memory in Barlborough Church (Glover, *History of Derbyshire*, ii, 358, where there is a pedigree).

P. 42 no. 52. John Dalton was ordained Deacon 17 March 172 $\frac{7}{8}$ and was licensed next day to the curacy of Scarle by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was ordained Priest 21 September 1729 by the Bishop of London. He was instituted Vicar of South Scarle, Notts., 10 March 17 $\frac{2}{3}$, and Rector of North Scarle, co. Lincoln, 4 March 174 $\frac{1}{2}$, both livings were vacant in 1769.

P. 42 no. 53. Maurice Moseley was ordained Deacon 16 June 1728 (then stating that he was born in All Saints' Parish, Sudbury) and was licensed to the curacy of Dalham, Suffolk, he was ordained Priest 20 December 1730, all by the Bishop of Norwich. He was instituted Rector of Rattlesden 24 May 1731, holding the living until 1747. He was instituted Rector of Tostock 20 October 1736, ceding this on his institution to the Rectory of Drinkstone 8 April 1741, all these being in Suffolk. He held Drinkstone until 1747.

See the admission of another Maurice Moseley, P. 162 no. 27.

P. 42 no. 54. Nathaniel Hurd took the LL.B. degree in 1731 as Hurdd. He was instituted Vicar of Longford, co. Derby, 28 August 1740 on the presentation of Richard Coke, and Rector of Thorpe, co. Derby, 18 March 1766, holding both livings until his death in 1773 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1773, p. 622a). He was also instituted Rector of Lawton, co. Chester, 19 November 1743, but resigned this very soon as his successor was instituted 22 May 1744 (Ormerod, *History of Cheshire*, ed. Helsby, iii, 19, where the name is misprinted 'Hudd').

P. 42 no. 55. The name should be Bates, by which name he graduated and was ordained. Trubshaw Bates was ordained Deacon 2 March 172 $\frac{3}{8}$, and licensed to the curacy of Offord Cluny, Hunts., next day: he was ordained Priest 13 June 1731 and licensed to the curacy of Wigtoft with Quadring, co. Lincoln, 14 June, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Fulletby, co. Lincoln, 12 May 1743, and held the living until 1761.

P. 43 no. 3. John Hulse took the B.A. degree in 1728, but did not proceed to the M.A. He was ordained Deacon 27 January 173 $\frac{1}{2}$ by the Bishop of Chester, and Priest 24 September 1732 by the Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry. He was at first a curate at Yoxall; he was licensed perpetual curate of Witton in the parish of Great Budworth, on the nomination of Jane Vawdrey, widow of Thomas Vawdrey, 11 January 17 $\frac{3}{4}$, and was afterwards licensed to the Chapelry of Goostry under Sandbach near Hermitage, which he served until 1753, when on the death of his father he succeeded to the family estates and relinquished all clerical duties. He married in the year 1733 Mary Hall, of Hermitage, near Holmes Chapel. They had one son Edward, who died young and unmarried. John Hulse died 14 December 1790, aged 82. John Hulse is chiefly notable for his benefactions to the University of Cambridge, and for the elaborate scheme he prepared for the execution of his wishes. The best account of Hulse's life is to be found in the introduction to the Hulsean Lectures of the Rev. Richard Parkinson, B.D. (*Rationalism and Revelation*, London, 1838). In the preparation of this memoir Canon Parkinson had the advantage of seeing the notes collected by Dr James Wood, Master of St John's "the sole repository of many facts which tradition has treasured up respecting his (i.e. Hulse's) habits and character." From this source most of what follows is derived. John Hulse was the descendant of a respectable, though not what is technically called a county family, in Cheshire. His grandfather, Thomas Hulse, was the son of Thomas Hulse of Clive, and Catharine, daughter of Thomas Malbon, a native of Nantwich. He married Mary Raven, ultimately heiress of Elworth Hall, which descended to his son Thomas Hulse. The latter Thomas Hulse married Anne Webb, a daughter of Thomas Webb of Middlewich, merchant. Their marriage settlement, dated 28 November 1705, is now in the possession of the University. John Hulse, born at Middlewich, 15 March 170 $\frac{3}{8}$, was their first child, the eldest of nineteen children. None left any issue surviving. John

Hulse's youth seems to have been singularly unhappy. He was early removed from his father's house and put out to nurse with a cottager on the estate. The account of this part of his life, given by his faithful servant John Plant to Dr Wood was as follows. "The grandfather, being desirous of seeing his grandson, proceeded up a dirty green lane, when he observed a girl with a child under one arm, and a pitcher of water in the other hand. He soon heard the old cottager's wife rebuking the girl for not making haste with the water; and adding, that if she could not bring both the child and the water, she must drop the child in the lane—which was accordingly done." From that hour the grandfather took John Hulse to his own home and superintended his education. He was for some time at the Grammar School at Congleton, near Elworth Hall. The grandfather brought him up to St John's, both being on horseback, and entered him at College. While he was at College his grandfather died. The father, owing to the wants of his large family, was pressed for money, and sent for his son for the purpose of obtaining his assent to the sale of part of the entailed property. To this John Hulse consented, but declined a second and similar request. His refusal led, it is stated, to personal ill-treatment, and from that time he never returned to his father's house. He seems to have completed his College career with the aid of Exhibitions granted by the College, which accounts for the warm feeling he always felt towards his College and for his liberality to it at his death. On his father's death he took possession of his paternal estate of Elworth and there lived for the rest of his days. He seems to have suffered from permanent ill-health and to have held little or no communication with his brothers and sisters. His chief occupation in the later years of his life seems to have been the composition of his will, a document of extraordinary length, the copy in the possession of the Vice-Chancellor consists of a folio volume of nearly 400 pages of closely written manuscript. It is dated 21 July 1777. To it are appended nine codicils, almost one for each remaining year of his life; the last being dated 23 November 1789. The will, as printed in *The Endowments of the University of Cambridge*, occupies 44 octavo pages, and the codicils, so far as they affect the University, another seven. After many specific legacies, and after making provision for his surviving brothers and sisters, who are enumerated by name, and for his two favourite servants Thomas and Elizabeth Plant, he left all his property to the University of Cambridge. Out of the income two Divinity Scholarships, of £30 a year each, were to be founded at St John's College. The net income of the trust was then to support the chief objects of the will, The Hulsean Prize, the Christian Advocate and the Hulsean Lecturer or Christian Preacher. The Hulsean Prize was to be given annually to the writer of the best dissertation upon some subject connected with the direct or collateral evidences of the Christian Revelation. The subject to be chosen by the Vice-Chancellor with the Masters of Trinity and St John's. The prize was to be open to members of the University under the standing of Master of Arts. The Christian Advocate, to be chosen by the same persons, and to be of the degree of Master of Arts at least, of the age of 30 years and resident, was to compose an answer against "all new and popular, or other cavils and objections against the Christian or revealed religion...as may in the opinion of the trustees...seem best or most proper to deserve an answer." The Lecturer, to be a Master of Arts and under the age of 40 years, was to preach 20 sermons in the year, ten in the spring and ten in the autumn, in Great St Mary's Church. Five sermons in each period were to "shew the evidence for revealed religion, and to demonstrate in the most convincing and persuasive manner the truth and excellence of Christianity," the remaining five sermons in each period were to be on difficult texts and obscure parts of Holy Scripture. The duties of the Lecturer were found to be too onerous. From the year 1798 until 1819 no one could be found to undertake the office. In 1819 the Rev. Christopher Benson was appointed Lecturer, but resigned in 1822, finding the terms imposed by the testator too laborious. The same result followed on other appointments and the University applied in 1830 to the Court of Chancery for a modification of the trust. The Court then decreed that the number of sermons should be reduced to eight. The trust has since been further changed by successive University Commissions, and there is now a Hulsean Professor of Divinity in lieu of the Christian Advocate, and the duties of the Hulsean Lecturer have also been modified; the Hulsean Prize still remains. The Divinity Scholarships at St John's have also been modified, and the endowment used towards maintaining the Foundation Scholarships in the College established by the University Commissioners in 1859-60.

The Hulse documents preserved at the University Registry contain but little personal information with regard to John Hulse or his family. A copy of a letter from his youngest and last surviving brother Randle Hulse, addressed to Richard Darlington of Sandbach, has been preserved. It is dated 30 April 1792 and written from 'Garrison Forest, Baltimore County, Maryland.' He was apparently a physician. The following passage is of some interest: "During the late unhappy contest I gave a manifest proof of my attachment to the parent country, by refusing to accept of the post of Physician General to the Army, of which there were only three in that department, tho' pressed to accept of it in the most urgent manner by some leading members of Congress." It appears from a letter to the Vice-Chancellor, from the executors, dated 13 June 1798, that Mrs Welsh, the last surviving sister of the testator, died 2 February 1798, and that Randle Hulse then became entitled to a life-interest in the testator's estate.

Thomas Hunter, one of the executors, writing from Broxton Hall, near Chester, 5 December 1798, hinted very plainly that an University Degree would be acceptable to himself and the Rev. John Kent, another executor. This letter contains the following passage: "My Reverend friend (i.e. John Hulse) was master of much plausibility of representation, and really possessed a manner peculiarly insinuating and persuasive; he endeavoured by a multiplicity of allurements to bring me over to his purpose, and amongst other inducements held out the firm confidence which he felt, that the University would honour his clerical executors by some token of Academic distinction." The suggestion did not meet with a favourable reply, for on 6 April 1799, Hunter writes; "I am more disappointed than chagrined by your letter. I am too old, and I hope too philosophic to regret the refusal of a feather." Some steps were afterwards taken to apply to the King for a Mandate to confer the degree of B.D. on John Kent and Thomas Hunter, but were either dropped or unfavourably received. In the College Library there still hangs in a frame a parchment sheet bequeathed by Hulse, with his family arms emblazoned in colours and underneath is written: "The Arms of the Antient Family of Hullse, quarter'd with Clarell beareth *Argent* a pyle in cheife between 2 pyles in base; the second, *Gules*, three Martells *Argent*, and for the Crest, A Buck's Head proper with a sun between the Hornes *Or*, Mantled *Gules*, Doubled *Argent*, as above depicted." A shield with more elaborate quarterings will be found described in Ormerod, *History of Cheshire* (ed. Helsby), iii, 103, where there is a pedigree.

John Hulse was clearly a good, pious, and well-intentioned man. There are many indications in his will that he was more anxious to be of service to the Christian faith than to found a memorial to himself. The limitations to which he subjected those who were to be chosen to his Scholarships were those of locality, with a preference for the sons of the poorer clergy. He directed that a short notice of his benefaction to the University should appear in the London papers "to the intent that in an age so abandoned to vice and devoted to shameful infidelity and luxury it may prove a means through the Divine grace to induce others to the like seasonable benefactions." And the will also contains the following clause: "And as to my sermons that are in manuscript, they were chiefly intended for a plain congregation in the country and a small curacy which I held there, in which it was my lot to preach and spend many years of my life, which as I think no man did ever envy, so I bless God that no man could ever reproach; it is therefore my desire and will that none of them shall be at all copied by any person, or lent to any one whatsoever, but that the same shall be wholly committed to the flames within one month after my decease." The closing words of a memorandum he wrote with his own hand in a small MS. volume of prayers of his own composition indicating a wish that it should go to Thomas Plant and his wife "as a memorial of one that meant well" probably sum up his desires. This volume was given to Dr James Wood by the Plants but was probably destroyed. At least it is not in the College Library with the rest of Dr Wood's collection.

P. 43 no. 4. This is probably the John Baskervyle of Old Withington, Cheshire, esquire, who was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 16 April 1728.

P. 43 no. 5. Pernton, where John Rake was educated, should be Bruton or Brewton, Somerset; see P. 117 no. 12; at P. 98 no. 36, the same place is spelled Brawton; Mr Goldsborough is the Master in each case. John Rake was ordained Deacon 23 June 1728 by the Bishop of Salisbury, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Bath and Wells.

P. 43 no. 8. Richard Metcalfe was ordained Deacon 21 July 1728 and licensed

curate of Foxholes with a stipend of £30 a year, he was ordained Priest 16 August 1730, all by the Archbishop of York. He was instituted Vicar of Westow, Yorks., 24 October 1752, and held the living until 1777.

P. 43 no. 9. Materials for a life of William Heberden are abundant. His earliest known ancestor is his great-grandfather, Edward Heberden, of Idsworth Park, near Petersfield, which place is stated to have belonged to the family since the days of Queen Elizabeth. His grandfather, Thomas Heberden, was of Chichester, and his father, Richard Heberden, of the parish of St Saviour's, Southwark, married Elizabeth Cooper. William Heberden was admitted to St Saviour's School 17 June 1717. He took the degrees of B.A. 1728, M.A. 1732 and M.D. 1739. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 6 April 1731, and was admitted medical Fellow 5 July 1734 (this enabled him to hold his fellowship without taking Orders), he was admitted a Senior Fellow 3 July 1749 and his fellowship was filled up in March 1752. He resided in Cambridge until 1748 or 1749, practising as a physician. He read an annual course of lectures on *Materia Medica*; these have never been published, but extracts from them have been given by Dr Pettigrew in his *Memoir of Dr Heberden*. The collection he had formed to illustrate his lectures he presented to the College, and in the year 1767 he presented to the College a valuable set of astronomical instruments for the College Observatory. He was one of a set of friends and contemporaries at Cambridge who were the joint authors of *The Athenian Letters* to which he contributed an article, Cleander to Alexias, *On the state of physic in Greece, including a sketch of the character of Hippocrates and his works*. He was admitted a Candidate of the College of Physicians 25 June 1745; Fellow 25 June 1746. After settling in London he was elected a Fellow of the Royal Society 1 February 1749. He was Gulstonian lecturer in 1749; Harveian Orator in 1750, and Croonian lecturer in 1760. He was Censor of the College of Physicians in 1749, 1755, 1760; Consiliarius in 1762, and was constituted an Elect of that College 11 August 1762, resigning this 28 June 1781. Dr Heberden was twice married; he married first 1 June 1752 Elizabeth, daughter of John Martin of Overbury, in Worcestershire, M.P. for Tewkesbury (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1752, p. 288), she died in 1754. He married secondly 8 January 1760, Mary, eldest daughter of Francis Wollaston, F.R.S., of Charterhouse Square (*ibid.* 1760, p. 46a). He left issue by both marriages, several of his sons were members of the College. In the year 1782 he began to retire from the more active practice of his profession. He was one of the physicians in attendance on Dr Samuel Johnson in his last illness in 1783-4. Boswell relates that when Johnson was asked what physician he had sent for, he replied: "Dr Heberden, *ultimus Romanorum*, the last of our learned physicians." In his latter years he passed the summer at a house he had purchased at Windsor, but continued his practice in London during the winter for a few years. He died at his house in Pall Mall 17 May 1801, and was buried at Windsor, on the south side of the parish church there. There is a monument to his memory with the following inscription: "Near this place are deposited the remains of | William Heberden M.D., | who died the 17th May 1801, | in the 91st year of his age. | He practised physic, | first at Cambridge, afterwards in London, | with great and unsullied reputation above 50 years. | His distinguished learning, | his sweetness of manners, and active benevolence | raised him to an uncommon height in public esteem: | above all, his deep sense of religion, | which he cultivated with unremitting attention, | regulated his conduct through a long and busy life, | and supported him to the last | with unabated cheerfulness and resignation. | His widow and three surviving children erected this tablet to his memory." His town residence in Pall Mall (formerly the freehold of the famous Nell Gwynne) was the spot where Dr Sydenham resided (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1799, p. 450a). Dr Macmichael, in *The Gold-headed Cane*, draws the following sketch of him: "Dr Heberden was always exceedingly liberal and charitable; therefore, as soon as he found he could support himself in London he voluntarily relinquished a fellowship which he held in St John's College, for the benefit of some poorer scholar to whom it might be of use. He was forward in encouraging all objects of science and literature, and promoting all useful institutions. There was scarcely a public charity to which he did not subscribe or any work of merit to which he did not give his support. He recommended to the College of Physicians the first design of their *Medical Transactions*, was the author of several papers in them, also of some in the *Philosophical Transactions*. He was much esteemed by his majesty, King George the Third, and upon the Queen's first coming to England in 1761, had been named as physician to her majesty—an

honour which he thought fit to decline; the real reason of which was that he was apprehensive it might interfere with those connections of life that he had now formed. In 1796 he met with an accident which disabled him for the last few years of his life; till then he had always been in the habit of walking, if he could, some part of the day. It deserves to be mentioned that when he was fast approaching to the age of ninety he observed that, though his occupations and pleasures were certainly changed from what they used to be, yet he knew not if he had ever passed a year more comfortably than the last. He lived to his ninety-first year, and there can hardly be a more striking memorial of the perfect condition of his mind to the very last, than that within forty-eight hours of his decease he repeated a sentence from an ancient Roman author, signifying that 'death is kinder to none than those to whom it comes uninvoked.'

"His address was pleasing and unaffected, his observations cautious and profound, and he had a happy manner of getting able men to exhibit their several talents, which he directed and moderated with singular attention and good humour. But though rendered eminent by his skill as a physician, he conferred a more valuable and permanent lustre on his profession by the worth and excellence of his private character. From his early youth Dr William Heberden had entertained a deep sense of religion, a consummate love of virtue, an ardent thirst for knowledge, and an earnest desire to promote the welfare and happiness of mankind. By these qualities, accompanied with great sweetness of manners, he acquired the love and esteem of all good men, in a degree which perhaps very few have experienced; and after pursuing an active life with the uniform testimony of a good conscience, he became a distinguished example of its influence in the cheerfulness and serenity of his latest age. In proof of these assertions, I will mention an anecdote of him, which though now perhaps almost forgotten, somehow or other transpired at the time, and was duly appreciated by his contemporaries. After the death of Dr Conyers Middleton, his widow called upon Dr Heberden with a MS. treatise of her late husband, about the publication of which she was desirous of consulting him. The religion of Dr Middleton had always been justly suspected, and it was quite certain that his philosophy had never taught him candour. Dr Heberden after perusing the MS. which was on the inefficacy of prayer, told the lady that though the work might be deemed worthy of the learning of her departed husband, its tendency was by no means creditable to his principles, and would be injurious to his memory; but as the matter pressed, he would ascertain what a publisher might be disposed to give for the copyright. This he accordingly did; and having found that £150 might be procured, he himself paid the widow £200, and consigned the MS. to the flames."

Cole in his collections for an *Athenae Cantabrigienses* (Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS., 5871) has the following on William Heberden: "This gentleman practised with so great success his profession at Cambridge, that for many years before he left the place, which he did with regret as he told me often both before and since, he was invited by men of the greatest name of his profession in London to come there, as Dr Wilmot, Hurd, etc. He left Cambridge in 1749 and lived in Cecil Street. He read for many years a course of lectures on *Materia Medica* and collected for that purpose a choice collection of specimens which he presented in 1790 to St John's College. He was for two or three seasons at Scarborough as a physician and met there with abundant success. A man of great and universal knowledge in books and men and of a sweet and winning aspect and behaviour, most temperate in his way of life, which, as a philosopher, he carries perhaps into excess. He has printed several small treatises in his way but never published them....In my interleaved Carter's *Cambridge* at p. 260, I have long ago entered this note—William Heberden, M.D., my most worthy friend, long practised with the greatest success at Cambridge where he also read annually lectures on the *Materia Medica* at the Anatomy Scholes opposite Queens' College Chapel and almost contiguous to the S.W. corner of Catharine's Hall, one course of which I attended. It was no small piece of good fortune to the Physic Professor, Dr Russell Plumptre, who was neither liked nor had such practice, that Dr Heberden's great character called him to London, where he had the greatest success and practice. He and I constantly almost spent our evenings at poor Dr Middleton's, where, if ever we staid to supper, was never anything besides a tart and bread and cheese, both Dr Heberden and Dr Middleton being persons of the greatest abstemiousness I ever met with, rarely drinking more than one glass of wine. After Dr Heberden settled in London he married a daughter

of Mr Martin, of Worcestershire, brother to Mr Martin, of Quy in Cambridgeshire, and I have dined with him several times while I was Rector of Hornsey, near London, during my residence there, in Cecil Street. After her death he married a daughter of Francis Wollaston, esq., of Charterhouse Square, in January 1760. Dr Heberden before he left Cambridge was very desirous of marrying a daughter of Dr Clark, Dean of Salisbury, who lived in a house opposite St Clement's Church; but she did not accord and married a physician of Salisbury, Dr Jacob, formerly Fellow of King's College, a younger man and better person; although Dr Heberden, a tall, thin, spare man, was perfectly well made, and of a florid, good countenance, short-sighted. I thought it remarkable that he should ever establish himself in London, because whenever he had occasion to go thither from Cambridge, as he had frequent calls of that sort, I have heard him say often and often that the air was so dissimilar to his constitution and lungs that he could never sleep there, but always lodged at some miles distant. Great geni deal often in paradoxes. He soon reconciled him to an air that so amply filled his pockets. He has a son now at St John's, March 9, 1773. He has issue by his second lady, who I am told is learned."

"Dr Heberden, a great and zealous favourer of the petitioners against the Liturgy and Articles of the Church of England. Takes no fees of the clergy, but has lost himself much in point of character lately in interesting himself so warmly and pertinaciously with the petitioners and factious clergy and laity (*vide Gentleman's Magazine*, 1778, p. 308, 310)." Cole repeats this account in very nearly the same words in Vol. xxiv of his Collections (Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5825, fol. 76 *et seq.*). He states of Heberden, "He was the thinnest person I ever saw, very tall, a most clear and healthy countenance.... The doctor is a great Whig and Wilkite, and advocate for the petitioning clergy, unbecoming a man of moderation."

Mr A. C. Buller (of Trinity College) published in 1879 an account of *The Life and Writings of Heberden* in which will be found a full account of Heberden's professional writings, and of his medical skill and practice. Many references to Heberden occur in Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*. See Index in Vol. vii. See also *Dictionary of National Biography*.

P. 43 no. 10. The father was a member of the College (Part ii, P. 105 no. 18). Samuel Ball was ordained Deacon 24 May and Priest 20 December 1730 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He succeeded to the family living of Elton, Hunts., being instituted 22 April 1731 on the presentation of Anne Ball, widow, holding it until his death. He is probably the Samuel Ball who was instituted Rector of Water Newton, Hunts., 7 November 1735, this living being also vacant in 1738. On a flat stone within the altar rails of Elton Church is the following inscription to the memory of himself, his wife, and sister: "In memory of | The Rev. Samuel Ball, LL.B. | late Rector of this Parish | who died the 9th of January 1738 | Aged 32 years. | Also | In memory of | Anne Ball the wife of the | said Samuel Ball, LL.B. | who died the 8th of November 1735 | aged 27 years. | And also | In memory of | Anne Ball the eldest daughter | of the Revd. Thomas Ball, D.D. | who died the 20th of October 1776 | aged 75 years" (Whistler, *History of Elton*, 24; Sweeting, *Parish Churches in and around Peterborough*, 161).

P. 43 no. 11. Henry Goddard took the degree of B.A. 1728, M.A. 1732 and M.D. 1753. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 17 March 1730, became medical Fellow 7 July 1732 and his Fellowship was filled up in March 1735. He seems to have practised as a physician at Foston near York. In the year 1767 he gave £50 to the funds of Addenbrooke's Hospital, Cambridge, and died 24 November in that year (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 14 and 28 November 1767).

P. 44 no. 12. Richard Davenport, gentleman, son and heir of George Davenport, of Calveley, Cheshire, esquire, was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 16 August 1725.

George Davenport (the father), of Calveley, was baptized 15 August 1682, and was High Sheriff of Cheshire in 1722. He married Bridget, daughter of Edward Mainwaring, of Whitmore, Salop, esq. Richard Davenport, their son, of Davenport and Calveley, died in London and was buried at Bunbury, 19 May 1771. He married Phoebe, daughter of Joseph Bagnal, of Roehampton. They had no male issue (Ormerod, *History of Cheshire*, ii, 286, where there is a pedigree).

William Cole has the following notes: "My friend Mr Allen of Tarporley in Cheshire, having been on a visit for a fortnight to Mr Robinson of Cransley in

Northamptonshire, came to me on Wednesday, 24 September 1766, and stayed a week with me. While he was with me he told me several particulars of the great and wonderful Mr Rousseau, which he had from Richard Davenport of Davenport and Calveley, esq., a most intimate friend of Mr Allen, as well as of Mr Hume and Mr Rousseau, who lives in a house at Wotton-under-edge in Staffordshire, belonging to Mr Davenport. Before I saw Mr Allen I did not know where the Wotton was that he dated his letters from. So that the proverb relating to the parish, where this singularity has chosen his retreat, of 'Where God comes never,' was never more literally verified than in its present state. Mr Davenport was educated at St John's College in Cambridge, was always deistically disposed, and so it is no wonder he has harboured an apostle of his own way of thinking. He has one leg much shorter than the other, and has a very high heel to his shoe. I have formerly, some ten years ago, met him at Mr Allen's house in Cheshire, when I thought him an agreeable, cheerful man. He has a very large estate and has lately made him a purchase of the original family estate at Davenport in Cheshire, or Staffordshire. He married a lady of the name of Bagshaw, daughter of a great dealer in London, with whom he had a very large fortune and has several children by her, who are educated under a Madame de Lausanne, a French governess who comes from the town of that name. One of his daughters, of about eight years of age, keeps a regular correspondence with Mr Rousseau, so that no doubt she will be as accomplished as the author of *Emilius* can make her."

In the *Cambridge Chronicle* of Saturday 23 May 1767 is this Article: "Last Friday sen'night the well-known Mr Rousseau thought fit in a very abrupt manner to leave his retreat at Mr Davenport's at Wootton in Derbyshire, leaving a letter behind him in which he abuses his protector and patron, who had entertained him with the utmost humanity, generosity, and delicacy, and with an hospitality truly British. One would imagine from this last instance of this gentleman's conduct, as well as from the most unworthy return he made to the ingenious Mr Hume for conducting him into this Land of Liberty, whither he passionately desired to come, and from many other benevolent and generous good offices, which he was led to confer surely from compassion to his distress, that the chief ingredients of Mr Rousseau's composition are pride, caprice and ingratitude. Qualities surely unbecoming in a man of his singular talents and genius" (MSS. Cole, xxiii, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5824, fol. 201, 203 b).

Erasmus Darwin (author of the *Botanic Garden*) made the acquaintance of Rousseau while the latter was staying with Mr Davenport at Wootton Hall, they afterwards corresponded during several years (Charles Darwin, *Life of Erasmus Darwin*, 27-8).

P. 44 no. 13. Richard Fawcett was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Ely 20 September 1729 and licensed to the curacy of Maney (Manea), co. Cambridge. He was ordained Priest 4 June 1732 by the Archbishop of York, and licensed curate of the Parish Church of Leeds with a stipend of £40. He became Vicar of St John's Parish Church, Leeds, 7 October 1768 and held it until his death 7 June 1783 at the age of 80. Whitaker, *Loidis and Elmete*, i, 62-3, gives the following account of him. "To him the church and his successors were deeply indebted for having, at an advanced period of life, filed a bill in Chancery against the trustees, who conceived themselves entitled to withhold from the minister all the increased rents and profits above £80, which was eight-ninths of the original income. A decree in his favour entitled himself and his successors to that proportion of the improved rents from time to time, so that the benefice is now of at least six times the original nominal value, and certainly of more than the effective value to the first incumbent. Mr Fawcett...was a very acute man and master of a neat, clear, controversial style, which he twice displayed in public, once in defence of his friend Dr Kershaw, from the statement of the disappointed candidate for the Vicarage of Leeds, and again in an ironical letter to the Rev. John Wesley, under the name of certain illiterate preachers in his connexion, who professed to be scandalised at his requirement of human learning in all its branches as the necessary qualification of a minister of the Gospel."

This Richard Fawcett was not a Prebendary of Durham as stated in the *Sedburgh School Register*, the Prebendary was of Corpus Christi College, Oxford (Hutchinson, *History of Durham*, ii, 182).

The Rev. Richard Fawcett, of Leeds, married Eleanor Allen. They had three sons; James Fawcett, the eldest, B.A. 1774, was a Fellow of the College, Norrisian

Professor of Divinity and Rector of Great Snoring with Thursford, Norfolk, until his death 10 April 1831; Joseph, their second son, was a carpet manufacturer in Leeds; Richard, the youngest son, of St John's, B.A. 1781, became Vicar of Leeds and died in 1837 (*The Bradford Antiquary*, ii, 82 b).

P. 44 no. 15. Joseph Storr, eldest son of Joseph Storr, of Hilston, co. York, esquire, was admitted a student of Gray's Inn 4 December 1724 (Foster, *Gray's Inn Admission Register*, 367).

Joseph Storr, B.A., was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of London 20 November 1730. He had letters dimissory dated 29 December 1735 from the Archbishop of York to be ordained Priest. He was instituted Rector of Easington, Yorks., 7 January 1738 on the presentation of King George II. and held the living until 1744.

P. 44 no. 16. John Norcross was nominated by the College to be Headmaster of Rivington School, Lancashire, 5 January 1728. He held office until 1765 when he was succeeded by his son (see P. 121 no. 13; Carlisle, *Description of the Endowed Grammar Schools of England and Wales*, i, 717).

P. 44 no. 17. William Broxholme was admitted a Fellow of the College 17 March 1738, his Fellowship was filled up again 22 March 1748. He was ordained Deacon 14 March 1738 and Priest 22 September 1734 by the Bishop of Lincoln. On 29 April 1731 he was licensed by the Bishop of Chester to teach boys "grammar, writing, arithmetic and other lawful and honest learning within the parish of Hawkshead, provided he teach the Church Catechism and repair with his scholars on every Sunday and Holy-day to the parish church there." He was nominated by the College to the Head Mastership of Sedbergh School, Yorks., 7 December 1741. He does not seem to have been a successful master. The College sent a letter of remonstrance to him on the neglect of his duties. He also had trouble with the Governors of the School. He died in 1745 and was buried at Sedbergh, 14 March 1748 (Platt, *History of the Parish and Grammar School of Sedbergh*, 148-152).

Before going to Sedbergh William Broxholme seems to have been Vicar of Harworth, Notts., one of these names being instituted 24 January 1738. Matthew Tomlinson who succeeded him was instituted 26 May 1739.

P. 44 no. 20. Robert Waterhouse was admitted a Fellow of the College 17 March 1738, his Fellowship was filled up again in 1739. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Ely 18 September 1730 and Priest by the Bishop of London 19 September 1731. He was instituted Rector of Bowers Gifford (or Mount Bures), Essex, 29 March 1738 and held the living until 1780.

P. 44 no. 21. John Dickenson appears as Dickinson in the printed *Graduati*, and this appears to be the correct spelling of his name. He was ordained Deacon 19 September 1731 and licensed to the curacy of Welby, co. Lincoln, by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Ely 23 June 1732 and licensed to the curacy of Leverington, co. Cambridge. In the *Memoirs of John Jackson*, p. 269, among the list of MSS. in Jackson's possession is the following item: "A volume marked A. In the beginning: 'This Collection is done very exactly, and a great number of var. Lect. of Dr Mills out of this MS. may be corrected by this collection. It contains only those omitted or mistaken by Dr Mills. Omnes Variæ Lectiones Textus tum Graeci tum Latini illius MS. Cantabrigiensis Novi Testamenti (quod Beza fecit) Quat. Evangel. et Partis 3^{iae}. Epist. Johannes et Act. Apost. Collati cum Kusteri Editione Testamenti Milliani Impress. Lipsicae 1723. In this Catalogue he says this MS. is at least 1200 years old. The joint property of the Reverend Mr Wasse, Rector of Aynhoe, in Northamptonshire, and of the Reverend Mr Jackson, Master of Wigston's Hospital in Leicester. After the death of Mr Wasse, his Heir gave me the whole property of the MS. J. JACKSON.

"This Collection was made about A.D. 1733 by Mr John Dickinson of St John's College. W. W."

Scrivener in his *Codex Bezae Cantabrigiensis*, Introduction, p. xii, enumerating copies or collations of the Codex Bezae, says: "An unpublished collation made about 1732 or 1733 by John Dickinson of S. John's College for John Jackson of Leicester, for six pounds sterling, now, with Jackson's other books in the Library of Jesus College, Cambridge (O θ 2*) has enabled us after Kipling, partially to supply the hiatus in the Latin of fol. 504a, and has been consulted with profit

in other passages. It is based upon and aims at supplying and correcting Mills' very poor representation of Cod. D, and Dickinson has taken laudable care to note the original text, as distinguished from its state as it at present exists.

"* (Scrivener's note). Happily lettered 'MS. Sermons.' Mr C. H. Cooper, senior editor of the *Athenae Cantabrigienses*, kindly informs me that John Dickinson of Sheffield became B.A. 172 $\frac{3}{4}$, M.A. 1734. Assistant Minister of Sheffield 1752-66. This humble and forgotten man must have been a good and early scholar."

The Rev. John Dickinson was the author of: *Two discourses on the injustice and wickedness of false weights and measures; preached at St Paul's Church at Sheffield 15 December 1754, Sheffield, 1755, 8vo.* And probably also of the following: *A sermon on the death of the Queen, with a short account of her character*, by John Dickinson, M.A., printed by J. Noon. 6d. (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1738, p. 56 b).

P. 44 no. 22. Samuel Midgeley was ordained Deacon 1 June 1729 by the Bishop of London, and Priest 16 August 1730 by the Archbishop of York; at the latter date he was curate of South Kilvington.

P. 44 no. 24. The Rev. T. W. Hutchinson, Vicar of Great Wilbraham, sends the following notes with regard to Simon Hutchinson. His will made 17 February 1730 and proved 26 March 1731 (London). Simon Hutchinson of Richmond, co. York, Gentleman, names his brothers Matthew and William, and sister Elizabeth, wife of Joseph Coates. His brother Matthew sole executor. The will of his father Matthew Hutchinson, of Richmond, York, alderman, proved (at York) 1712, names his mother Elizabeth, his son Simon, his second son Matthew, his daughter Elizabeth, and another child. His wife Ann is executrix.

P. 44 no. 25. Thomas Brooke the father was of Christ's College. He was Rector of Richmond, Yorks., and of Field Head and Dodworth. He died at Richmond 28 April 1739. (Whitaker's *Richmondshire*, i, 90). William Brooke the son was born at Ousburn 29 August 1706. He succeeded his father as owner of Field Head and Dodworth in the parish of Silkston. He died at Field Head 24 August 1755 and was buried at Silkston. He married at Loversal in October 1737 Alice, daughter and coheirress of William Mawhood, Alderman and Mayor of Doncaster (Hunter, *Familiae Minorum Gentium*, Harleian Soc. Publ. xxxviii, 766, where there is a pedigree).

P. 44 no. 26. John Penn the elder, son of Robert Penn of Bewdley, co. Worcester, matriculated at Oxford from Oriel College 15 May 1697, aged 18, and took the B.A. degree 4 February 170 $\frac{1}{2}$. He was instituted Vicar of Edwinstowe, Notts., 20 June 1704, ceding the living on his institution to the Rectory of Emly, Yorks., 14 July 1714.

John Penn, son of Mr John Penn and Elizabeth his wife, born 23 January, was baptized 10 February 170 $\frac{1}{2}$ (*Parish Register of Edwinstowe*, printed by Mr G. W. Marshall, 1891). John Penn the younger was ordained Deacon 20 September 1730 by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed next day to the curacy of Hinckley, co. Leicester, he was ordained Priest 5 March 173 $\frac{1}{2}$ by the Bishop of Chester. He was instituted Rector of Emly, Yorks., 7 March 173 $\frac{1}{2}$, ceding this on his institution to the Rectory of Swainswick, co. Somerset, 13 December 1735, and he was instituted Rector of Cromhall, co. Gloucester, 3 March 173 $\frac{3}{4}$. On 23 February 173 $\frac{3}{4}$, when he is described as Chaplain to Thomas, Lord Abercrombie, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then valued at £60 and £150 respectively, and stated to be 20 miles apart. He seems to have held them until 1774.

See the admission of a younger brother, P. 59 no. 17.

A correspondent supplies the following notes: John Penn, the younger, was married in Cromhall Church, 3 November 1741, to Mary Shipman. In Cromhall Church there is a flat stone with the following inscription: "Mr John Penn M.A. (late Rector of this Parish) died March 10, 1774, aged 66" (Bigland, *Gloucestershire Collections*, i, 438). He was the father of John Penn of Trinity Hall (LL.B. 1768).

John Penn of Oriel College, Oxford (father of John Penn of St John's) was baptized at Ribbesford Church, Bewdley, Warwickshire, 11 May 1679, he was probably the person of that name licensed to the curacy of Ribbesford, 17 August 1701. Robert Penn, his father, was married, by licence, in Ribbesford Church to Sarah Carter or Garneston in May 1676.

P. 45 no. 27. Thomas Hough was ordained Deacon 21 December 1729, and

licensed to the curacy of Awnsby, co. Lincoln, 22 December; he was ordained Priest 20 September 1730, and licensed to the curacy of Middleton Keynes, Bucks, next day, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. One of these names was instituted Rector of Thurnscoe, Yorks, 2 December 1734, and held the living until 1748.

P. 45 no. 28. The Rev. J. Ingle Dredge, Rector of Buckland Brewer, Devon, sends the following notes:

1708. Oliver, son of Sam. Rouse rector of this parish and Joan, baptized 20 April; 1710. Elizabeth daughter of Sam. Rouse, clerke and Joan, baptized, 16 February; 1711. Ann, daughter of Sam. Rouse, clerke and Joan, baptized 10 November; 1743. Anne, daughter of Sam^l. Rouse, Rector and Joan buried 19 June; 1748. Joan, wife of Samuel Rouse R^r. of this parish, buried 27 December; 1759. Samuel Rouse Rector of this parish for more than Fifty years, buried 20 December (*Parish Register of Huish, North Devon*).

Oliver Rouse was admitted a Fellow of the College 17 March 1733⁸. He was granted 'a Year of Grace' 16 April 1739, and his Fellowship was filled up in March 1740, he vacating it, probably because he did not proceed to the B.D. degree. He was ordained Deacon 20 December 1730 by the Bishop of Lincoln and Priest 24 September 1732 by the Bishop of Exeter. He was instituted Vicar of Morwenstowe, Cornwall, 27 January 1741¹, on the presentation of the King, and Rector of Pyeworthy, Devon, 9 June 1743. On 7 June 1743, when he is described as Chaplain to Thomas, Earl of Effingham, he had a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, stated to be twelve miles apart. He held both until his death, 27 January 1781, aged 72. There is a monument to his memory in Morwenstowe Church. He married Honor, sister of Thomas Waddon of Tonacombe, she was buried 17 July 1762 (Boase, *Collectanea Cornubiensia*, 843).

P. 45 no. 29. William Cradock, the father, was of Sidney College, B.A. 1697, M.A. 1701. It will be observed that the College Register states that John Cradock was born at Donington and the *Parish Register* of Donington, Salop, contains the entry among the baptisms for 1703⁸: "Feb. 25. John, son of William Cradock, Rector, and Anne his wife, baptized." This seems to prove conclusively that the statement of some biographers (including the *Dictionary of National Biography*) that Cradock was born at Wolverhampton is a mistake. John Cradock was admitted a Fellow of the College 28 March 1732, became a Senior Fellow in 1749, and ceded his Fellowship on being presented to the College living of Layham. He was admitted President of the College 14 February 1753, holding with this the office of Bakehouse Bursar for two years until February 1755. He was ordained Deacon 19 September 1731 by the Bishop of Lincoln at Buckden, and Priest 18 December 1737 by the Bishop of Rochester at St Peter's, Westminster.

William Cradock (the father) had been presented to Donington by Earl Gower, who was a patron of Trentham School, and on his advice John Cradock was sent there as a boarder. This school was then in high repute, and there were some sixty boarders who paid £12 a year each for board and schooling. Among Cradock's schoolfellows were the sons of many gentlemen of standing in the county. Young Cradock's character and abilities secured for him from boyhood the favour of his father's patron, Earl Gower, who recommended him to his son-in-law, the Duke of Bedford, then Secretary of State. He was appointed Chaplain to the Duke and was presented by his Grace to the Rectory of Thornhaugh, Northamptonshire, and he was instituted 21 August 1741. This he ceded on being instituted Rector of Dry Drayton, Cambridgeshire, 9 March 1753. He was presented by the College to the Rectory of Layham, St Andrew's, Suffolk, 16 November and instituted 2 December 1754. On 23 November 1754 he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then stated to be of the respective values of £182 and £235 and to be distant 'not more than 27 computed miles apart.' He was presented by the Duke of Bedford to the Rectory of St Paul's, Covent Garden, London, and instituted 25 October 1755, then ceding Dry Drayton. His successor at Layham was appointed by the College in March 1756. In 1757 he accompanied the Duke of Bedford, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, to Dublin, as first chaplain of his household. The Duke had scarcely arrived in Ireland when the Bishopric of Kilmore fell vacant, and his chaplain, Dr Cradock, was appointed by patent dated 11 November 1757. He was consecrated in St Michael's Church, Dublin, on December 4 by the Primate, assisted by the Bishops of Derry and Down, and was enthroned 30 December (Cotton, *Fasti Ecclesiae Hibernicae*, iii, 168).

On 28 August 1758 he married by licence, Mary St George, widow of Richard St George, late a lieutenant in the 8th Dragoons, and only child of William Blaywin, esq., of Boston. In 1772 he became Archbishop of Dublin by patent dated 5 March. He was enthroned at Christ Church 19 March and at St Patrick's 25 March (Cotton, *l.c.*, ii, 26).

In politics Archbishop Cradock was a Whig of the old school, and was tolerant of all religions except the Roman Catholic. His first charge to his clergy after his elevation to the Archbishopric contains a violent invective against the Jesuits for their illiberality and disloyalty. In the charge he recommended the preaching of occasional controversial sermons, exhorted his clergy to attend to the state of the charity schools, to visit and frequently inspect the Charter schools, ordered terriers of the several parishes of the diocese to be completed and registered, and copies of the registers of baptisms, marriages, and burials in each parish to be given in annually at the Visitation. In 1773 he was one of 18 Peers who voted against the Bill for securing the repayment of money lent by Papists to Protestants on mortgage of land, giving among other reasons for the protest, "it is not to be imagined Papists will lend their money at 4 per cent. to government (as they do now), or even at four-and-a-half per cent., when they can lend it on mortgage at six per cent." But an Englishman is constitutionally incapable of fathoming the depth of Irish bigotry, and Cradock was bitterly attacked for his lukewarm Protestantism by Dr Duigenan in 1777 in his *Lachrymæ Academicæ*, and further for having, as one of the Visitors of Trinity College, Dublin, spoken rather favourably of the Provost, John Hely Hutchinson, against whom that book was written. Archbishop Cradock died at the Palace in Kevan Street, Dublin, 11 December 1778, and was buried in St Patrick's Cathedral 21 December.

He left an only son, John Francis Cradock (M.A. of St John's, 1777), afterwards a General in the army and first Lord Howden. Lord Howden purchased Grimston Park in the parish of Kirkby Wharfe in Yorkshire, and a mural tablet in the church there bears this singular inscription: "Sacred to the memory of his Grace, John Cradock, Lord Archbishop of Dublin and Primate of Ireland, who departed this life December 11th, 1778, aged 71 years. A prelate of unaffected piety and real dignity, he supported the Christian doctrines of the Church; by his example extracted from any the severe austerities of modern hierarchy. In the public council of the nation he stood forth in the defence of that country from which his honours flowed and claimed an attention from his abilities which might have been refused to his episcopal seat. He was liberal by nature; from judgment he knew where to bestow. From the classic fountains of Greece and Rome he derived an extensive erudition, which he communicated, not with ostentatious profusion, but with temperate pleasantry. His life was regulated by principle, and enlivened with innocent hilarity. Thus speaks his friend, who in acknowledgement for being honoured with his intimacy, cheered by his conversation, and improved by his example, calls on the passing reader to stop one fleeting moment, and with him deplore the loss of such a Christian, such a divine, and such a man."

Mrs Cradock survived her husband 41 years, she died 15 December 1819 and was buried in the Abbey Church at Bath. There is a tablet to her memory in the church at Kirkby Wharfe (Waters, *Genealogical Memoirs of the Chesters of Chicheley*, ii, 674-677; D'Alton, *Memoirs of the Archbishops of Dublin*, 344-347).

Dr Cradock published the following: (i) *The insufficiency of the principal objections whether of Jews or Greeks to Christianity. A Sermon* [on 1 Cor. i. 23, 24] *preached before the University of Cambridge, Cambridge, 1739, 4to.*; (ii) *A Sermon* [on 1 Pet. ii. 16] *preached before the House of Commons, January 30th etc., London, 1752, 4to.*; (iii) *A Sermon* [on Jer. vi. 8] *preached in the Parish Church of St Paul, Covent Garden, on Friday, February 6th, 1756, being the day appointed for a general fast* [on the occasion of the earthquake at Lisbon], London, 1756, 4to.; (iv) *A Sermon* [on Amos iv. 11, 12] *preached before the Lords in Parliament assembled, Dublin, 1758, 4to.*; (v) *A Charge delivered at his primary Visitation in St Patrick's Cathedral, Dublin, 1772, 4to.*

P. 45 no. 31. Thomas Wright was elected Usher of the Grammar School at Blackburn 3 July 1727. He appears to have remained usher until 1731 (Abram, *History of Blackburn*, 338, 349).

P. 45 no. 32. George Wilson was ordained Deacon 29 June 1729 by the Bishop of Lincoln (*extra tempore*, in the Chapel at Bugden) and licensed to the curacy of

Copranford (or Coppingford) with Upton, Hunts. He was ordained Priest 19 September 1731 by the Bishop of Peterborough and licensed to the curacies of Sutton, Northamptonshire, with Washingley, Hunts. One George Wilson was instituted Rector of Caldecote, Hunts, 22 September 1744, and held the living until 1770. One of these names was instituted Rector of Doddington, co. Lincoln, 6 February 174 $\frac{1}{2}$, and held the living until 1788.

P. 45 no. 33. William Robinson was ordained Deacon 21 December 1729 and licensed to the curacy of Southoe, Hunts, 23 December, he was ordained Priest 7 November 1731 (*extra tempore* at Bugden), all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Little Gidding, Hunts, 8 November 1731 on the presentation of King George II, and held the living until 1781.

P. 45 no. 34. Thomas Hartley was ordained Deacon 14 March 173 $\frac{1}{2}$ by the Bishop of Gloucester at St Margaret's, Westminster, and Priest 24 September 1732 by the Bishop of London in St James's Chapel, Westminster. He was instituted Rector of Winwick, Northamptonshire, 22 March 174 $\frac{1}{2}$, and held the living until his death. He was one of the first Methodists and was an intimate friend of James Hervey and Whitefield. He then became an ardent admirer of Jacob Behmen, Dr Henry More, Madame Bourignon, and Mr Law. Later he became an enthusiastic follower of Swedenborg, whom he knew personally, and became a millenarian and a mystic. He never openly seceded from the Church of England and dissuaded others from doing so. He resided but little at Winwick. He was for some time resident at Hertford, where he "left a sweet savour behind him, both among rich and poor." He died at East Malling, in Kent, where the *Parish Register* has the following among the burials: "1784 December 17, Thomas Hartley, clerk, Rector of Winwick in Northamptonshire, 77." And in the churchyard there is a stone with the following inscription: "Sacred | to the memory of | the Rev. Thomas Hartley | late Rector of Winwick in | Northamptonshire | who exchanged his earthly | for a heavenly mansion. | The 11th day of December 1784 | aged 76 years" (*Morning Light*, 1896, p. 189). He was a friend of the Countess of Huntingdon and of the Shirley family. He is described as "A man of learning; and of a strong, cultivated mind. He was an earnest, devout, energetic Christian; an able, liberal, unbogoted minister; and an author whose style is clear, forcible, and sometimes elegant" (Tyerman's *J. Wesley*, ii, 518-523). Thomas Hartley published the following works: (i) *Prayer and Charity recommended in two discourses, the former* [on 1 Chron. iv. 10] *preached... July 27, 1736, the latter* [on 1 Tim. vi. 17-19]... *Jan. 9, 1737*, London, 1737, 8vo.; (ii) *Spiritual Worship the religion of the Law and the Gospel* [on Joh. iv. 23], London 1747, 8vo.; (iii) *Conversion founded on conviction of Sin. A Sermon* [on Acts ii. 37], London 1748, 8vo.; (iv) *A Sermon* [on 1 Cor. xii. 31] *preached in Northampton before the President and Governors of the County Infirmary, Northampton 1750*, 8vo.; (v) *Sermons on various subjects; with a prefatory discourse on mistakes concerning religion, enthusiasm, experience etc.*, London 1754, 8vo.; (vi) *Paradise restored; or a testimony to the doctrine of the blessed millenium; with some considerations on its approaching advent from the signs of the times. To which is added a short defence of the mystical writers against a late work (by Bishop Warburton) intitled, The doctrine of grace or the office and operations of the Holy Spirit vindicated*, London 1764, 8vo.; (vii) *God's controversy with the nations addressed to the Rulers and Peoples of Christendom*, London 1766, 8vo.; another and different work with the same title, London 1775, 8vo.; after his death appeared *A treatise on the nature of influx*, being a translation of Swedenborg's *De Commercio Animae et Corporis*, and he translated, with a preface and notes, Swedenborg's *Treatise concerning Heaven and its wonders and also concerning hell; being a relation of things heard and seen*, which was printed in 1817.

It will be observed that Thomas Hartley's father is described as a bookseller or publisher. Mr Charles Higham, writing in *Morning Light* for 1896, p. 498, states that there was a John Hartley "over against Gray's Inn in Holborn" who published Sir Henry Spelman's *The History and Fate of Sacrilege* in 1698, and other works, and also in 1710, when he is John Hartley "between the two Temple Gates in Fleet Street," Strype's *History of the Life and Acts of the Most Reverend Father in God, Edmund Grindal*. This however does not appear to be the father of the theologian, the Christian name, Robert, being quite distinct in the College Register. Mr Higham states that he has searched the Baptismal Registers of St Andrew's, Holborn, the nearest Parish Church to Gray's Inn Gateway, without finding any entry as to Thomas Hartley.

P. 45 no. 35. Stephen Tillotson was ordained Deacon 20 December 1730, and licensed to the curacy of Bluntisham, Hunts., by the Bishop of Lincoln, and Priest, 4 June 1732 by the Archbishop of York, and licensed to the curacy of Skipton, Yorks., with a stipend of £16.

P. 45 no. 37. Roger Stephens' birthplace should be Barkstone, of which his father was Rector from 1691 to 1713. Roger Stephens the younger was ordained Deacon 18 December 1726, and licensed to the curacy of Hose, co. Leicester, he was ordained Priest 22 December 1728, and licensed to the curacy of Cherry Orton, Hunts., all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Partney, co. Lincoln, 22 July 1732, and seems to have held the living until 1780.

P. 45 no. 38. Lewis Etty was ordained Deacon 18 July 1731, and licensed to the curacy of Pocklington, Yorks., and he was ordained Priest 4 June 1732, all by the Archbishop of York. He was instituted Rector of Knaresdale, Northumberland, 20 July 1732, ceding this on his institution, 18 February 174 $\frac{1}{2}$, to the Rectory of St Mary in Castlegate, St Mary Spurriergate, and St Michael Ousebridge in the city of York. He was collated to the Prebend of Givendale in York Cathedral 15 October 1754, and held all these until his death 7 July 1773, aged 65 (*Hardy's Le Neve*, iii, 190; *Cambridge Chronicle*, 17 July 1773; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1773, p. 360). At the time of his death he was also chaplain to York Castle. The *Parish Register* of St Mary's Castlegate has the following entry among the burials: "1773 July 10, Lewis Etty, a widower, many years rector of this church, son of Mr William Etty, builder, deceased, by Mary daughter of the Revd. Mr Tenant of Ely. Died on the 7th of July at his house in Castlegate, aged 65. Long afflicted with the palsy. Bur. in the church, below the altar rails." Note that the father is described as a builder and not as a clergyman as in the College Register; also that his schoolmaster at Ely was his uncle. His monument in the church has the following inscription: "Sacred to the memory of the Revd Lewis Etty, A.M., who was 23 years Rector of this Parish, and died 7th July 1773, aged 65. Of Elizabeth his wife, who died 20 January 1769, aged 71. Of Richard Edmonds, who married the only daughter of the above Lewis, and died 2nd June 1773, aged 34. And also of Richard, son of the above Richard, who died 25th November 1765, aged 2 years." "Elizabeth, wife of the Rev. Mr Etty," was buried in St Mary's Castlegate 23 January 1769 (*The Yorkshire Archaeological and Topographical Journal*, xv, 176).

P. 45 no. 39. Henry Garnett was ordained Deacon 24 May 1730 and licensed to the curacy of Willoughton, co. Lincoln, he was ordained Priest 4 June 1732, and licensed to the curacy of Little Stoughton, Beds., next day, all by the Bishop of Lincoln.

P. 45. no. 40. John Garnett migrated to Sidney Sussex College where he took the B.A. degree in 1728, and was elected Fellow. He was instituted Rector of Lockington, Yorks., 9 November 1748, ceding this on obtaining his Bishopric. Cole gives the following account of him (MSS. Cole xlix, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5850).

"Was a northern man and my particular acquaintance in the University. He was first admitted to this (*i.e.* St John's) and afterwards chosen Fellow of Sidney. While he was Fellow of that College he was made one of the Whitehall Preachers, was chaplain to the Duke of Devonshire, and in 1744 being B.D. was Lady Margaret Preacher. By Sidney College he was presented to a living in the north, but the title being litigated he held his fellowship during the long and tedious contest which I think was not ended when he left College for Ireland. He was esteemed a very good preacher and printed three or four Sermons while he continued in the University, which will be taken notice of at the end. When I first came to the University, through the means of Mr Thomas Thicknesse, Fellow of King's College, and his most intimate acquaintance, I was introduced to him and for several years was of a club that met weekly at the Rose tavern, where he was a member. He was an ingenious man, of a jovial and pleasant turn of wit and conversation, very well bred, and of a tolerable person, though fat and pale, and often complaining of a feverish and hectic disposition. On the death of Dr Adams in 1746 he was a candidate for the Mastership of Sidney College which was obtained by Dr Paris, and which possibly might be the occasion of that shyness and distance that subsisted between them. For on Dr Garnet's being made a bishop, Dr Paris, who was of a peevish disposition, which was further increased by his disappointment in his preferment under the Duke of Newcastle, with whom it was thought he

acted a trimming part, when his Grace was a candidate, with his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales for the Chancellorship of the University, influenced his society from paying the usual compliment of an address or letter to the new Bishop upon his promotion. Which slight the Bishop very properly resented, by not taking up his Lodgings in that Society when he attended the Duke of Newcastle at the Public Commencement, but went to his original College and there took up his abode for that season. Yet when Dr Paris was no longer Head of that College, his resentment subsided and on another public occasion he reverted to the Society that had the better claim to him and has since, as the present Master informed me in 1777, sent them his picture. His chief patron was the Duke of Devonshire to whom he dedicated more than one book. I also, among many others, have the honour to have a sermon, preached at the assizes at Cambridge, when I happened to be one of the Grand Jury, inscribed to me. The Duke of Newcastle was also a good friend in his promotion and I was told at the time by the late Dr Lyne, Fellow of Eton, and my most intimate friend, that the Ministry was absolutely obliged to send him into Ireland: for he was so good a solicitor in his own cause, so constant and persevering an attendant at Court, and at the Duke's Levees, as not to take a common refusal. When he was settled in the See of Leighlin and Ferns in 1752, on the translation of Bishop Downes, he soon married a very rich widow with a fine house, park, and the command of a borough. The last privilege he made such an advantage of in complimenting Mr Rigny, then Secretary to the Duke of Bedford, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, and since in much higher station at home, with a seat in the Irish Parliament, that on the death of Dr Clayton in the year 1758 he was by that Duke's interest translated to the See of Clogher where he still presides with dignity and credit. He is, as has been already observed, a man of a very cheerful and pleasant turn of wit, a jovial companion and full of drollery. An instance of which he exhibited, though perhaps not altogether so proper considering the greatness of the occasion in the Irish House of Lords; when Bishop Clayton proposed the abolition of St Athanasius's Creed, in that house; at which time the Primate, Archbishop Stone, very learnedly, and with a becoming dignity, answered his objections; while Bishop Garnet immediately saluted him in this jocular, though apostolical manner, *Liberasti animam tuam domine*. While he was only Master of Arts in the University he was commonly called Bishop Garnet, at a time when there was no great prospect of his ever realising that honour. However it was so generally his name that when he was chosen one of the Commissioners of the Land Tax for the University, when the Act of Parliament was printed giving authority to each person named therein to act in that capacity, he was called in it Bishop Garnet, instead of John Garnet, by which misnomer he was disabled from acting in that part. While some people said, who did not love him, that it was done on purpose to prevent his acting at all. He had a brother Dr Barnard Garnet, Fellow also of Sidney College, who had an aversion to go into Ireland, and a parcel of preferments in the possession of Eyton Butts, eldest son to the Bishop of Ely of that name, who being involved in debts could not stay with safety in England, application was made to Bishop Gooch, though then actually dying, to suffer an exchange to be made, and that Mr Garnet might be instituted to all Mr Butts' preferments. The Bishop very humanely accommodated his predecessor's imprudent son, who was taken into Ireland by Bishop Garnet, made Chancellor of his diocese and had equal or greater preferments conferred upon him in that kingdom where he is now living; while Mr Garnet was collated to a Canonry of Ely, the Rectory of Snailwell in Cambridgeshire, and Feltwell in Norfolk with the Perpetual Curacy of Haddenham and Wilburton in the Isle of Ely. He died about 1768.

"After he was Bishop of Clogher, he went with his wife a tour into France, where he was very well known to be a married Bishop. This was scandalous in France and shews their persecutions to be better than our moderation: for were a French Bishop to travel publicly through England, and avow his character, it is ten to one, but that English moderation and toleration would mob him and insult him. However, I heard Dr Rutherford in 1769, tell a pleasant story, as he conceived, about it, and though he was a very good Professor of Divinity, it showed his ignorance and want of propriety. It was this: that when he was at Versailles he was introduced to kiss the King's hand, who, on some of his Bishops coming in soon after, his Majesty pleasantly told them, that an Irish Bishop had just left him, who travelled like a man with his wife in his hand. The King might very probably know that the introduced Bishop had his wife at

Paris or in the town of Versailles, but that he should treat of it in the manner abovesaid is hardly probable where things of that sort are treated with more decency and dignity. Besides the practice of kissing the King of France's hand is not the mode in that Court: at least I was informed so by Mr Horace Walpole with whom I was at Paris in 1765; and he being introduced to the King at Fontainebleau he stood in the room all the time that his Majesty was shirting himself, and took no more notice of him than if he had not been there. It is the constant etiquette of that court for the King to speak to no one, that no one may take exception." (*Note inserted by Cole*: "This is a mistake, he was not silent through rule, but shyness: he could scarce ever be persuaded to speak to entire strangers." In a letter from Mr Walpole, 1778). "I have a mezzotinto print of the Bishop which is not unlike him. The following is a list of his publications that have fallen in my way: (i) *The New Creation, a State of Proselytism*, A sermon [on Gal. vi, 15] preached in His Majesty's Chapel at Whitehall on Sunday, Feb. 10, 1739, 4to; (ii) *A sermon preached at St Mary's Church at Cambridge before the University, the Right Honourable Sir William Lee, knight, Lord Chief Justice of England, and Sir Lawrence Carter, knight, one of the Barons of the Exchequer, at the Assizes held July 14, 1741. On 2 Sam. x. 19*, Cambridge 1741, 4to. 20 pages. This is the sermon inscribed to me and my brother jurymen. I have it somewhere of the author's gift; (iii) *A sermon preached before the University of Cambridge at St Mary's Church, on Sunday Oct. 27, 1745; being the day of Commemoration of Benefactors. On Romans xii. 11, former part*. Cambridge 1745, 4to. 16 pages; (iv) *A dissertation on the Book of Job, its nature, arrangement, age, and author; wherein the celebrated text chap. xix. 25, is occasionally considered and discussed; to which are added four sermons*, London, 1749, 4to.

"In the dining room of the Master of St John's College there is a picture of him that bears a good resemblance of him."

To Cole's account may be added that John Garnet was consecrated Bishop of Ferns and Leighlin, 12 November 1752, was translated to Clogher 4 April 1758, and died at his house in Leinster Street, Dublin, 1 March 1782 (Cotton, *Fasti Ecclesiae Hibernicae*, ii, 340; iii, 83; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1782, p. 150; see also Baker-Mayer, *History of St John's College*, ii, 706-8).

P. 46 no. 42. John Branfoot took the B.A. degree in 1728 from St John's and the M.A. in 1732 from King's College, of which latter College he was a Fellow. One of these names was instituted Rector of Elvetham, Hants., 11 November 1730, holding it till 1732. A John Branfoot was instituted Vicar of Bossall 26 May 1742 and Rector of Hotham 29 July 1752, both co. York. Both livings were vacant towards the end of 1754.

P. 46 no. 43. Charles Veale, son of Charles Veale, of Iddesleigh, Devon, clerk, matriculated at Oxford from Balliol College 5 April 1718, aged 18. He took the B.A. degree at Oxford 15 February 1723 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). Charles Veale was instituted Rector of Monk Okehampton, Devon, 25 May 1725, but only held it a short time, ceding it on his institution to the Rectory of Iddesleigh, Devon, 23 June 1725. His successor there was appointed in 1738.

P. 46 no. 45. George Jeffery, son of Thomas Jeffery, of Bradford, Devon, matriculated from Balliol College, Oxford, 12 December 1718, aged 20; B.A. 25 May 1722. Vicar of Linkinhorne, Cornwall, 24 June 1725 to 1780. Died 10 June 1780, aged 83. Monument in Linkinhorne Church.

Epistola απολογητικος, sive excusatoria reverendo Georgio Jeffery de Linkinhorne, erudito illustriq. vicario. Signed "J. Minifie 30 Aug. 1744." *Minifie MSS.* pp. 54-55. Epigramma, with translation, in dominum Georgium Jeffery. Signed J. Minifie 20 Oct. 1768, *ibid.* 83-85. (Boase and Courtney, *Bibliotheca Cornubiensis*, 1245 b.)

The Rev. J. Ingle Dredge, Rector of Buckland Brewer, Devon, sends the following notes:

1692 Thomas Jeffery and Anne Lawers married y^e 20 April.

1697 George son of Thomas Jeffery and Anne baptized 1 December.

1732 Ann Jeffery bur^d 26 December.

1735 Thomas Jeffery " 21 May.

(*Parish Register*, Bradford, Devon. From 1588 to 1705 the entries in this Register are in Alphabetical and Chronological order under the initial letter of the *Christian* name!)

P. 46 no. 46. Marmaduke Teasdale, the father, was admitted to the College 13 June 1701 (Part ii, P. 158 no. 47). John Teasdale was baptized at Hemingbrough 10 December 1706. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Norwich 22 February 1733⁹/₁₀ and licensed to a curacy with £25 a year for stipend. He was ordained Priest by the Archbishop of York 18 July 1731. On 2 August he was licensed to the curacy of Thorganby, which he held till 1737. On 1 March 1743²/₃, he was licensed to the curacy of Drax, and to the headmastership of the Grammar School there, 28 July 1742. There he lived and worked, and dying 13 December 1764, was buried in the quire of Drax Church 15 December (Raines, *History of Hemingbrough*, 115).

P. 46 no. 47. William Barrett was ordained Priest by the Archbishop of York 5 August 1733, and licensed assistant curate in the parish of St Crux in the city of York with a stipend of £20. He was instituted Rector of St Denis in Walmgate, in the city of York, with the Vicarage of St George, Naburn, Yorks., 4 July 1744, and held the living until 1796. He received from the Archbishop a verbal licence of non-residence in the Vicarage. He was presented to the benefice by the University of Cambridge.

P. 46 no. 48. George Oliver was ordained Deacon by the Archbishop of Canterbury 20 September 1730, and Priest by the Bishop of Rochester 19 September 1731. On 22 September 1731 he was licensed by the Archbishop of Canterbury to be curate to the Rev. John Clough, Rector of Monk's Horton, and to the Rev. John Francis, Vicar of Braborne, Kent, with a salary of £40. He was collated by the Archbishop of Canterbury to the Rectory of St Peter's, Sandwich, Kent, 27 August 1737. The living was filled up again in February 1744⁵/₆.

P. 46 no. 49. Robert Reynolds was ordained Priest by the Archbishop of York 5 August 1733. He was instituted Vicar of Christ Church or Holy Trinity in King's Court in the city of York 6 August 1733 on the presentation of John Blackwell, Master or Warden of the Hospital of St Michael in Well in the city of York. He was collated to the Prebend of Apesthorpe or Absthorpe in York Cathedral 30 September 1736, holding both pieces of preferment until his death, before 13 July 1744 (Hardy, *Le Neve*, iii, 167).

P. 46 no. 50. This is probably the Henry Clerke who took the LL.B. degree in 1732 (but see P. 56 no. 29).

Henry Clerke, LL.B. of St John's, was ordained Deacon 24 September 1732, and licensed to the curacy of Scawby, co. Lincoln, he was ordained Priest (as Clark) 15 March 1733³/₄, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Scawby, co. Lincoln, 19 March 1733³/₄, on the death of Thomas Clerke (perhaps his father), Patron, Richard Nelthorpe, of Scawby, and held the living until 1748.

P. 46 no. 51. Roger Trevor, gentleman, son and heir-apparent of Roger Trevor of Bodynvoll, Montgomeryshire, esquire, was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 28 November 1727. Roger Trevor of Bodenfull, esq., was High Sheriff of Montgomeryshire from 14 December 1732 to 20 December 1733.

P. 46 no. 52. Thomas Trevor was ordained Deacon 19 September 1731 by the Bishop of St Asaph, and Priest 24 December 1732 by the Bishop of Chester. He was instituted Vicar of Oswestry, co. Salop, 30 April 1736, on the presentation of Francis Loggan of the Middle Temple. He was instituted Vicar of Ruabon, co. Denbigh, 14 June 1770. On 2 June 1770, when he is described as Chaplain to Letitia, Dowager Lady Sandys (widow of the first Baron Sandys of Ombersley) he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then stated to be of the respective values of £80 and £120 and to be not more than 12 miles apart. He held both until his death. In the Church of Oswestry there is a monument with the following inscription: "Sacred to the memory of Thomas Trevor, Clerk, M.A., son of Roger Trevor of Bodynfol in the County of Montgomery, esq., Vicar of this Parish 50, and of Rhuabon 15 years; chaplain to Sir Watkin Williams Wynne, bart.; and one of his Majesty's justices of the peace for the counties of Salop and Denbigh, who died the 29th of February 1784, aged 76. Of manners unaffected, he performed the service of the Church with a peculiar grace; and by a propriety of elocution attracted the attention, and raised the devotion of his hearers. He was an active and upright magistrate, a tender husband, a kind relation and steady friend. He married twice: first, Elizabeth, daughter of Edward Maurice of Trefedrhyl, in the county of Montgomery, esq., who died the 4th of

June 1762; afterwards Ann, daughter of Gabriel Wynne of Dolarddyn, esq., and relict of George Robinson of Brithdir, esq., both in the county of Montgomery, who survives." Arms: Per bend ermine and erminois, a lion rampant, or; impaling, argent, a lion rampant sable (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1810, i, 410 b).

P. 46 no. 53. Theophilus Lowe was admitted a Fellow of the College 13 March 173 $\frac{3}{4}$, his Fellowship was filled up again in March 1737. He was ordained Deacon 24 September 1732 and licensed to the curacy of Witherley, co. Leicester, he was ordained Priest 24 December 1732, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He became a tutor in the family of the Marquis Townshend, and was instituted to the Rectories of Merton and Stiffkey, Norfolk, 22 October 1736, on the presentation of that nobleman. He was appointed Canon of Windsor by patent dated 21 March 174 $\frac{3}{4}$ (Hardy's *Le Neve*, iii, 409). He was appointed by the Dean and Chapter of Windsor to the Perpetual Curacy of St Bennet Fincke in the City of London 11 May 1764 (Hennessey, *Novum Repertorium*, 377). He held all his preferments until his death on 30 May 1769 at Mr Townshend's House at the Admiralty (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 3 June 1769). He was a friend of Dr Thomas Newton, Bishop of Bristol, who describes him as "a man of strong understanding improved by reading, a most ready and excellent writer of letters, happy in a perpetual flow of spirits, and of an amiable, benevolent, generous temper, and without any fault but that of being too warm and partial a politician" (Life of Bishop Newton, prefixed to his works, London 1782, i, 23).

P. 46 no. 54. John Armytage of Hartshead died *s. p.* in 1732. Christopher his father was born in 1658, he married Rebecca, daughter of Thomas Moore of Austrope, esq. (Burke, *Extinct and Dormant Baronetcies*, 14).

P. 46 no. 55. John Rutherford was ordained Deacon 24 May 1730 by the Bishop of London. He was instituted Vicar of Marston Magna, Somerset, 4 March 173 $\frac{1}{2}$, and Rector of Ashington, Somerset, 25 September 1750, being again instituted to Marston Magna 8 November 1750. He held both livings until 1785. The patron in each case was Humphrey Sydenham, esq.

P. 47 no. 57. George Overend was ordained Priest 5 August 1733 by the Archbishop of York. He was instituted Vicar of Skipworth, Yorks., 6 August 1733 and held the living until 1744.

P. 47 no. 58. The name should be Brooke; Samuel Brooke of St John's took the B.A. degree in 1728. He was ordained Deacon 16 August 1730 and licensed to the curacy of Marsden in the parish of Almondbury; he was ordained Priest 18 July 1731 and on 14 June 1732 he was licensed Head-Master of the Grammar School at Almondbury on the nomination of the Governors; all by the Archbishop of York.

P. 47 no. 59. Farington Reid was the son of Anthony Reid, Succentor and Priest Vicar of Lincoln Cathedral, by his wife Ann Lurcock. Born 12, baptized 28 March 1707 at St Margaret's in the Close, Lincoln (Rev. A. R. Maddison).

The same registers contain the following entries: *Baptisms*. 1703 Anthony, son of Anthony and Ann Reid, born 13, baptized 30 November; 1705 Margaret, born 24 January, baptized 12 February; Dorothea born 17 March, baptized 1 April 1706; Alexander, born, baptized and died 21 November 1708; Jane, baptized 23 March 1712; children of Anthony and Ann Reid. *Burials*: 1708, Alexander son of Anthony and Ann Reid 22 November; 1711 Anthony son of Mr Anthony Reid, curate of the parish in y^e 8th year of his age 6 July; 1714 Mr Reid one of the senior Vicars 27 March; 1716 Mrs Reid of St Mary Magdalene 1 February. Anthony, one of the senior Vicars whose burial is recorded above, was of King's College Cambridge (A.B. 1690, A.M. 1694).

His son Faringdon entered upon his duties as Head-Master of Radcliff's Grammar School, Stamford, Lady Day 1731. In the accounts of Mr Richard Brooks, the senior borough chamberlain, audited December 1732, this disbursement is allowed: Pd. to Mr Richd. Wyche (Town Clerk) for horse hire and expences to Cambridge to the Mast^r of St John's about the Schoelm^r 14s. The register of the parish of Uffington near Stamford records the marriage there 14 May 1733 of Faringdon Reid, Clerke, Master of the Free schole in Stamford and Susanna Gill of St George's Parish, Stamford. What family they had I am unable to say, as the register of St George's is deficient for a part of 1727-43.

Faringdon Reid filed a bill in the Court of Chancery against the body corporate, respecting the granting of leases for the leasehold property of the school, as at a Council meeting held on 5 August 8 Geo. II. (1734) is the following entry:

Minute Book C. fol. 74 of the proceedings of the Hall, Whereas Farindon Reid, Clerk, Master of the free Grammar School in this Borough hath Exhibited an Information by his Majesty's Attorney General at the relation of the s^d Farindon Reid in his Majesty's High Court of Chancery ag^t the said Mayor (Robert Henson, gent.) Aldermen and Capitall Burgesses in their Corporate Capacity and also ag^t Robert Henson, Thos. Hurst, Henry Butcher, Peter Simonds, John Blackwell, and William Toller and Thomas Linthwaite Aldermen in their private Capacities and others Tenants of the School Lands. It is ordered at this Hall that the Costs and Charges of the defence of the s^d Mayor, Aldermen and Capitall Burgesses in their Corporate Capacity and of the said Robert Henson, Thomas Hurst, Henry Butcher, Peter Simonds, John Blackwell, William Toller and Thomas Linthwaite in their private Capacity be paid and discharged by and out of the Corporation Stock. And the said Robert Henson, Thomas Hurst, Henry Butcher, Peter Simonds, John Blackwell, William Toller and Thomas Linthwaite be Indemnified by the Corporation from all Costs, Charges and Expenses in and about the said suit. On 26 August 1736 the Hall allowed Mr Richard Wyche 3 guineas for his attendance on the Commission already executed in a cause in Chancery between Farindon Reid, Clerk, Compt. and the Mayor, Aldermen and Capitall Burgesses defts. and that Mr John Wyche, Town Clarke and Solicitor in the said cause do pay the same sum to the said Mr Richard Wyche for his trouble and attendance as witness at the execution of the said Commission. Also that the 50*l.* in the hands of Mr Blackwell at interest upon a note under the hand of the said Mr Blackwell dated 21 December 1730, It is ordered at this hall that the said Mr Blackwell do pay the aforesaid sum of 50*l.* with the interest thereon to Mr (George) Portward the present Chamberlain, whose receipt shall be sufficient for the Corporation, for the use of the Corporation. And that the said Mr Portward do pay the same to Mr John Wyche, Town Clerk and Solicitor for this Corporation in part of charges in a cause depending in Chancery between Farindon Reid, Clerk, Compt. and the Mayor, Aldermen and Capitall Burgesses and other Defts. There is no further allusion to the case in the minute book quoted above, but an order made in the cause dated 3 August 1745, founded on the Master's report dated 27 April in that year, and a further order dated 12 November 1756, and made on petition to vary the first named decree as to the future granting of leases. But the accounts of the Borough Chamberlain 1736-60 record the payments on account to Mr Wyche respecting this suit of no less a sum than 632*l.* 10*s.* The *Parish Register* of St George's, Stamford, records the burial of Anthony Farindon Read, gent. 4 October 1767. Of the Rev. Farenden Read, M.A. 16 March 1771. Also the baptism of Susanna, daughter of the Rev. Mr William Maugham and Susan, 3 January, buried 26 February 1765. The *Stamford Mercury* records the death of Mrs Tutt, youngest daughter of the late Rev. Faringdon Reid, many years Master of Radcliff's School at Camden Town, London, 5 February 1825. The same journal records the death on 30 December 1830 at King Street, Covent Garden, of Mr William Farendine Maugham, eldest son of the late Rev. Thomas Maugham, second Master of the Free Grammar School, Stamford, and grandson of the late Rev. F. Reid, master of the said Free Grammar School, aged 65. (Mr Justin Simpson.)

To the above may be added: Faringdon Reid was ordained Priest 13 June 1731 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 6 April 1731, and his fellowship was filled up again in April 1734. He was instituted Vicar of Marnham, Notts, 24 October 1735, on the presentation of John, Lord Viscount Tyrconnel, and Rector of Somerby with Humby, co. Lincoln, 21 May 1748. He held both livings until his death.

P. 47 no. 61. Charles Balguy was the second son of Henry Balguy, of Derwent Hall, co. Derby, by his wife Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Eyre, of Newbold, co. Derby. He took the degrees of M.B. in 1731, and M.D. in 1750. He settled at Peterborough, where he practised as a physician. He was a member of the Gentlemen's Society at Spalding and Secretary to the Gentlemen's Society at Peterborough (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, vi, 4, 74, 122). He was a man of considerable literary and scientific attainments. In 1734 he contributed to the *Philosophical Transactions* (No. 434, p. 413; *Abr.* vii, 666) an account "of the dead bodies of a Man and Woman preserved 49 years in the Moors of Derbyshire." He also contributed to the *Edinburgh Medical Essays*, "An Essay towards ascertaining the Doses of Vomiting and Purging Medicines" (iv, 33); *Proposals for determining the Effects of Astringent, of Attenuating and Coagulating Medicines* (v, 82). He also published

De Morbo miliari epistola, London 1758, 8vo. In 1741 he published anonymously *The Decameron or Ten Days' Entertainment of Boccaccio. Translated from the Italian*, London, printed for R. Dodsley at Tully's Head, in Pall Mall, 8vo. This is dedicated to Bache Thornhill, of Stanton. That Balguy was the author of this translation we know from the statement of Samuel Pegge, who was also of Chesterfield School and St John's. This translation is the standard English translation of Boccaccio and has been several times reprinted with alterations (generally for the worse) and without acknowledgment. Balguy's "English is always pure, and some parts of his prose translation read like poems. His metrical versions have no great merit. They are merely such as a scholarly writer would make in an age when everybody imitated Pope. His prose has the true Addisonian ring, and the archaisms which have been altered in subsequent editions have no uncouthness to the literary eye." Dr Samuel Pegge states that Balguy was married at Peterborough, but no clue to his marriage has yet been found. There is no mention of wife or children in his will or on his monument.

He was buried in the chancel of the Church of St John the Baptist, Peterborough. On one of the chancel piers is a marble tablet with this inscription: Near this place | lie interr'd the remains | of Charles Balguy M.D. | a Man of strict integrity | various and great learning | and of distinguished eminence | in his Profession. Which | he exercised thro' a course | of many years in this City. | He died March the 2d, 1767 | Aged 59 years.

Underneath are his armorial bearings, viz.: Or, three lozenges, azure, two and one, surmounted by the crest, a bear, passant, collared and chained or.

The above details are taken from an article "Charles Balguy M.D." by Mr S. O. Addy, M.A., in the *Journal of the Derbyshire Archaeological and Natural History Society*, vi, 11—30, where there are pedigrees and further details as to Dr Balguy and his property. There is also a pedigree in Hunter's *Familiae Minorum Gentium*, Harl. Soc. Publ., xxxviii, 565. See also *Dictionary of National Biography*.

P. 47 no. 1. John Green was the only son of John Green, of Dunsby Hall, co. Lincoln, who married at Spalding 2 June 1706, Mary, only daughter of Martyn Johnson, Barrister-at-Law. John Green, the father, died 23 August 1709, aged 26, and was buried in Spalding Church, where there is a monument to his memory. John Green, the son, was baptized at Spalding 31 May 1708. He was admitted a member of the Gentlemen's Society at Spalding 13 July 1727, while still a student at St John's. He became its Secretary and Librarian. He married at Spalding 25 January 173½, Jane, eldest daughter of Maurice Johnson (the antiquary), of Ayscoughfee Hall, Spalding, and Elizabeth Ambler, his wife. John Green practised as a physician at Spalding, he became F.R.S. He died intestate 1 November 1756, aged 48. His wife having died 17 August 1754, aged 43. They were buried in Spalding Church, where there is a monument to their memory (*Genealogist*, i, 58, 108, 111; Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, iii, 757, vi, 7, 13, 26, 69, 86).

P. 47 no. 3. Robert Wankford was ordained Deacon 26 November 1729 and licensed to the curacy of Fairstead, Essex, he was ordained Priest 20 September 1730, all by the Bishop of London.

P. 47 no. 4. The name should be Cooper. Benjamin Cooper took the B.A. degree in 1729. He was ordained Deacon 21 September 1728 by the Bishop of Peterborough, with letters dimissory from the Archbishop of York, he to be curate of South Scarle, Notts., he was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Ely 12 December 1729 (as Cooper). He was instituted Rector of Kilvington, Notts., 23 December 1729, ceding this on his institution 19 May 1730 to the Rectory of North Scarle, co. Lincoln, which he held till 1741.

P. 47 no. 5. John Halls took the LL.B. degree in 1731. He was instituted Rector of East Thorpe, Essex, 7 July 1735, and seems to have held the living until 1796.

P. 47 no. 6. Richard Austen was ordained Deacon 19 September 1731 by the Bishop of Peterborough, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Lincoln, he to be curate of West Deeping, co. Lincoln, he was ordained Priest 23 September 1733 by the Bishop of Peterborough and licensed to the curacies of Peakirk and Glington, co. Northampton. One Richard Austen was instituted Vicar of Latton, Wilts., 16 September 1742, he resigned the living in 1748 (Phillipps, *Institutiones Wiltoniae*, ii, 70, 73).

P. 47 no. 7. Andrew Alvis was admitted a Fellow of the College 28 March 1732. He was ordained Deacon 23 December 1733 and Priest 24 December 1738 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He held the following College offices: Junior Dean from February 1733 until 10 February 1744, when he became Senior Dean, holding this office until February 1751. He was appointed by the College to be chaplain of Horningsey, co. Cambridge, 19 February 1754, ceding this on his admission as President of the College 22 February 1755, this he held with the office of Bakehouse Bursar until 1763. He is said to have been a candidate for the Mastership of the College on the death of Dr Newcome (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, i, 566). He was instituted Vicar of Foxton, co. Cambridge, 28 February 1744, ceding this in 1748. He was instituted Vicar of Minting, co. Lincoln, 7 September 1751, ceding this in 1755. He was presented by the College to the Rectory of Great Snoring with Thursford, Norfolk, 24 September 1762, and instituted 30 September. On a flat stone in the porch of Great Snoring Church is this inscription: "Andrew Alvis | sometime Minister | of this parish | Died 29 May 1773."

A letter from him will be found printed in Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, ix, 361, 747.

P. 48 no. 8. Edward Kynaston was a son of John Kynaston, of Handley, Salop, by his second wife, Anne, daughter of Thomas Harwood, of Tern, Salop, and thus half-brother of Corbet Kynaston (M.P. for Salop 1734 until his death in 1740) at whose death he succeeded to considerable estates. He was born 6 October 1709. He was returned as M.P. for the Borough of Bishops Castle, Salop, 25 April 1734, but did not sit in the Parliament of 1741. He was returned as M.P. for the County of Montgomery 17 July 1747; 26 April 1754; 17 April 1761 and 8 April 1768, sitting until his death. He died 12 May 1772 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1772, 247b). He voted against Wilkes in 1769. He married Victoria, daughter of Sir Charles Lloyd, bart., of Garth, co. Montgomery, but had no issue (*Montgomeryshire Collections*, xv, 7, where there is a pedigree; Williams, *The Parliamentary History of the Principality of Wales*, 145, where it is wrongly stated that he was Fellow of All Souls', Oxford, and Commissary of St Paul's, London, the holder of these offices was another person).

P. 48 no. 9. Cornelius Belgrave, son of William Belgrave, of Kilworth, co. Leicester, esq., matriculated at Oxford from Trinity College 15 March 1694, aged 17. He took the B.A. degree at Oxford in 1698 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He took the M.A. degree at Cambridge, from St John's, in 1726. He was ordained Deacon 22 September 1700 by the Bishop of Oxford, and Priest 13 April 1701 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of North Kilworth, co. Leicester, 14 April 1701, and Rector of Ridlington, Rutland, 22 February 1724. On 12 February 1724, when he is described as chaplain to Baptist, Earl of Gainsborough, he had a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold these two livings, then stated to be of the respective values of £110 and £100. He held both until 1757. One Cornelius Belgrave was instituted Vicar of Lavenden, Bucks, 3 May 1725, holding the living until 1726. See the admission of his son to the College, P. 38 no. 1.

P. 48 no. 10. Thomas Clayton was ordained Deacon 4 June 1732 by the Archbishop of York and licensed to the curacy of Birkin, Yorks.

P. 48 no. 11. Edward 'Morton' graduated as 'Moreton' B.A. 1729. He was ordained Deacon (as Moreton) 23 December 1733 by the Bishop of Lincoln.

P. 48 no. 12. Richard Grinfield took the B.A. degree as Grinfield in 1728. He was ordained Deacon 20 September 1730 by the Bishop of Salisbury (as Greenfield) and licensed to the curacy of Willisford, Wilts.

P. 48 no. 15. John Wickins was admitted a Fellow of the College 6 April 1731. He was ordained Deacon 22 December 1734 and Priest 2 March 1735 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Tadcaster, Yorks., 21 April 1735, ceding this on his institution to the Rectory of Petworth, Sussex, 10 October 1743. He was appointed to the Prebend of Wighting or Wittering in Chichester Cathedral 11 January 1751, exchanging this for the Prebend of Ipthorne or Upthorne in the same cathedral 29 December 1775. He was appointed Prebendary of Wenlakesbourne in St Paul's Cathedral, London, 22 October 1750. He was instituted Rector of Tillington, Sussex, 17 April 1761. On 13 April 1761 he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Petworth with Tillington, the values of the benefices being stated at £350 and £250 and their distance apart

one mile. He was appointed to the Prebend of Yatton in Bath and Wells, 11 February 1763. He held his two Rectories and three Prebends until his death, which occurred at Petworth on Tuesday, 18 February 1783 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 1 March 1783; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1783, p. 271; Hardy's *Le Neve*, i, 275, 278, 199; ii, 447).

P. 48 no. 16. The *Parish Register* of All Saints, Cambridge, has the following entry: 1729, May 3, John Morisby, scholar of St John's College, was then buried according to the Act.

P. 48 no. 18. Thomas Darwent was instituted Rector of West Itchenor, Sussex, 2 August 1735, but died shortly afterwards (Mr E. H. W. Dunkin).

P. 48 no. 19. Thomas Rutherforth, the elder, was instituted Rector of Papworth St Agnes, Cambridgeshire, 21 April 1704, holding the living until 1733. One of these names was instituted Vicar of Warden, co. Northumberland, 30 November 1695, the living being filled up again in 1705. The father is wrongly stated to have been Rector of Papworth Everard in Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, ii, 196.

Thomas Rutherforth, the younger, was admitted Fellow of the College 13 March 173 $\frac{3}{4}$. He was ordained Deacon 10 March 173 $\frac{3}{4}$ by the Bishop of Lincoln, and Priest 25 September 1737 by the Bishop of Bristol. He became one of the principal Tutors of the College and seems to have acted in that capacity from 1740 to 1751. He was instituted Rector of Barley, Herts., 13 April 1751. He had been presented by the College to the Rectory of Barrow, Suffolk, 26 October 1749 (on a successful appeal by him to the Visitor against a prior presentation by the College of Michael Burton, D.D.). John Green (then Regius Professor of Divinity, afterwards Bishop of Lincoln) appealed against Rutherforth's presentation to the Court of Chancery and it was set aside. He was presented by the College to the Rectory of Brinkley, co. Cambridge, 27 April and instituted 28 June 1751. He was appointed Archdeacon of Essex 28 November 1752 (Hardy, *Le Neve*, ii, 337). He was presented by the Earl of Hardwick to the Rectory of Shenfield, Essex, and instituted 12 November 1767, then ceding Brinkley. On 4 November 1767 he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Barley (valued at £199) with Shenfield (valued at £220), the two livings being stated to be not more than 28 miles apart.

He became Regius Professor of Divinity in the University in 1756, holding with this the Rectory of Somersham, attached to the Professorship.

He married 11 April 1752 Charlotte Elizabeth Abdy, daughter of Sir William Abdy of Chobham Place, Surrey, and sister of Sir Anthony Thomas Abdy (P. 90 no. 35), with a fortune of £6000 (*Cambridge Chronicle* 1752, p. 191; *Hart. Soc. Publ.* xiv, 628). They had a son Thomas, born 13 May, baptized 31 May and buried 26 July 1753 (*Barley Parish Register*), and another son, Thomas Abdy Rutherforth, who on the death of his uncle Sir Anthony Thomas Abdy, took the surname of Abdy on succeeding to his uncle's estate (he was of St John's, B.A. 1776).

Dr Rutherforth died 5 October 1771 at St Albyn's in Essex, the residence of his brother-in-law. In the church at Barley there is a mural tablet with the following inscription: Sacred | to the memory of the Revd | Thos Rutherforth S.T.P. | formerly fellow of, and one of the public | tutors in St John's College, Cambridge; and | at the time of his death King's Professor of | Divinity in that University; archdeacon of Essex | rector of Shenfield in that County, and also | of this parish. He married Charlotte Elizabeth | one of the daughters of Sir William Abdy, baronet | of Cobham, in the County of Surrey, by whom he left | one son, Thomas Abdy Rutherforth. He was | born on the 13th of October 1712, and died on the 5th | of that month 1771, in the 59th year of his age. | He was eminent no less for his piety and integrity | than his extensive learning; and filled every public station in which he was placed with | general approbation. In private life, his behaviour | was truly amiable. He was esteemed, beloved | and honoured by his family and friends | and his death was sincerely lamented | by all who had ever heard of his | well deserved character |.

Underneath, on a marble slab, is the following inscription: Hic Christum expect. | Breves Parentum Deliciae | Thomas Rutherforth | Qui Natus Tert. Id. Mai | MDCCCLIII | Dies LXXIV Vixit | Thomas Rutherforth | In Acad. Cantab. S.T.P. Regius | Qui Annum agens LX | Mortuus est iii Non. Oct. | MDCCCLXXXI (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, ii, 197).

Dr Rutherford was a Fellow of the Royal Society, and Chaplain first to Frederick, Prince of Wales, and afterwards to the Princess Dowager of Wales. His widow died at Windsor 5 December 1787 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 15 December 1787).

Dr Rutherford was the author of the following: (i) *Ordo Institutionum Physicarum, in privatis lectionibus*, Cambridge 1743, 4to, dedicated to the Master, Dr Newcome; (ii) *An Essay on the Nature and Obligations of Virtue*, Cambridge 1744, 4to; (iii) *A sermon* [on Isaiah lviii, 1] *preached before the House of Commons*, London 1746; (iv) *Determinatio quaestionis theologicae, post Gradum Doctoratus habita Cantabrigiae in scholis publicis, viz. Immolatio Isaaci non erat actio mere scenica, quae mortem Christi representaret*, Cambridge 1746, 4to; (v) *Two sermons, preached before the University of Cambridge, one* [on Ps. cvii, 2] *May 29, the other* [on 1 Peter ii, 17] *on June 11, 1747*, London 1747, 4to, dedicated to Peter Burrell, esq., Sub-Governor of the South Sea Company; (vi) *A system of Natural Philosophy; being a course of lectures in Mechanics, Optics, Hydrostatics and Astronomy, which were read at St John's College, Cambridge*, Cambridge 1748, 2 vols. 4to; (vii) *A Defence of the Bishop of London's* [T. Sherlock] *Discourses concerning the use and intent of Prophecy, in a letter to Dr Middleton*, Cambridge 1750, 8vo; (viii) *The credibility of miracles defended against* [David Hume] *the author of Philosophical Essays. In a discourse* [on John xx, 30, 31] *delivered at the primary visitation of the Right Reverend Father in God, Thomas, Lord Bishop of Ely, in St Michael's Church, Cambridge, 29 August 1751*, Cambridge 1751, 4to, dedicated to Bishop Gooch; (ix) *A charge delivered to the clergy of the Archdeaconry of Essex*, Cambridge 1753, 4to; (x) *Institutes of Natural Law: being the substance of a course of Lectures on Grotius' De Jure Belli et Pacis read at St John's College, Cambridge, in which are explained the Rights and Obligations of Mankind considered as individuals*, Cambridge 1754, 8vo; (xi) *A letter to Mr Kennicott, in which his defence of the Samaritan Pentateuch is examined and his second Dissertation on the state of the printed Hebrew text of the Old Testament is shewn to be in many instances injudicious and inaccurate; with a postscript*, Cambridge 1761, 8vo; (xii) *A second letter to Dr Kennicott in which his defence of his second Dissertation is examined*, Cambridge 1762, 8vo; (xiii) *Four charges to the Clergy of the Archdeaconry of Essex*, Cambridge 1763, 8vo; (xiv) *De Artibus et Doctrinis quibus Theologiae Studiosos erudiri oportet; Concio ad clerum* [on 1 Tim. iv, 13] *habita Cantabrigiae*, 1765, 4to; (xv) *A Vindication of the Right of Protestant Churches to require the Clergy to subscribe to an established confession of faith and doctrine, in a charge delivered at a Visitation in July 1766*, Cambridge 1766, 8vo; (xvi) *A second vindication of the Right of Protestant Churches to require the Clergy to subscribe to an established confession, etc.*, Cambridge 1766, 8vo; (xvii) *A defence of a charge concerning subscription in a letter to the author of the Confessional* [F. Blackburne], Cambridge 1767, 8vo; (xviii) *A sermon* [on John v, 7] *preached before the President and Governors of Addenbrooke's Hospital on Thursday, 27 June 1771 in Great St Mary's Church in Cambridge, (the state of Addenbrooke's Hospital for the year ending Michaelmas 1771)*, Cambridge 1771, 4to. Cole in his *Athenae* after quoting the title of this sermon adds: "I heard him preach this sermon, and heartily pitied him, as I knew he was at the time so ill, as fitter to be on his couch, than in the pulpit."

Dr Rutherford was a member of the Gentlemen's Society at Spalding, and communicated a curious correction of Plutarch's description of the instrument used to renew the Vestal fire (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, vi, 110; ii, 196, 197). He also communicated to the Royal Society in 1755 a paper *On the extraordinary Agitation of the Waters in several ponds in Hertfordshire*, *Phil. Trans.* 1755, Abr. xi, 16.

Dr Parr, writing at the close of the 18th century, includes the name of Dr Rutherford among those Professors of the University who had "very abundantly conveyed the information which belonged to the departments sometimes in the disputes of the Schools, and sometimes by the publication of their writings" (*Wordsworth, Scholae Academicæ*, 77, 78).

William Cole has several notes on Dr Rutherford. In his account of the Church of Papworth St Agnes (MSS. Cole ix, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5810, fol. 83a), after quoting two inscriptions to the memory of two children of Thomas and Elizabeth Rutherford, he adds: "These were two children of the late Rev. Mr Rutherford, Rector of this parish and father to my good friend the Rev. Dr

Rutherford, Fellow of St John's College, and chief Pupil Monger there. Mr Rutherford had made large collections relating to the antiquities of this county of Cambridge, which his son Dr Rutherford gave to Mr Mason of Trinity College. Mr Rutherford lies in this church and left a widow and seven children, who live now at Hemingford Grey in Huntingdonshire. A daughter married Mr Crownfield, late Vice-President of Queens' College in Cambridge, and now beneficed in Norfolk; another the wife of Captain Edmunds, who lives at Hemingford with her mother; and a son who died lately at sea, besides the Doctor....The Doctor married a sister of Sir Anthony Abdy, who was formerly his pupil at St John's College and to whom he dedicated one of his books [no. ii of those enumerated above]. He has a son and now [1758] lives in a large new house opposite St Clement's Church in Cambridge. The Doctor's Preferment, by all accounts, for I have not seen him these five years, has not a little swelled his vanity, which was always ready to over-run; though he is a very sensible man and a good scholar, and peculiarly adapted for the wrangling profession he occupies at Cambridge." Cole then quotes from Bishop Warburton's fourth volume of the *Divine Legation*, Book 4, section 4 (ed. 1765) pp. 266, 269, 272, and adds: "Bishop Warburton has in his usual manner corrected Dr Rutherford in a most gross and insolent manner, how the Doctor's pride will relish it I can easily guess."

Again, in his Collection for an *Athenae Cantabrigienses* (Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5879) Cole has the following: "Dr Rutherford had been declining in the beginning of the year 1771, yet preached the Hospital Sermon at St Mary's in June that year, when it was visible he had been better in bed; though he was always of a very pale and sallow complexion. He declined after this much more, and in the autumn was advised to go to Town for advice, and had the opinions of Dr Thomas, whose directions he followed and went with his lady to her brother's Sir Anthony Abdy, when on Friday, October 4, he was observed to be more easy and better spirited, went out an airing in the afternoon and played at cards in the evening, but was suddenly taken with a shivering, put to bed, and grew delirious, and died next morning at 5 o'clock, Saturday, October 5, 1771; and is to be buried at Barley. He has left his widow, with one son at Eton about 16 years of age, and like his mother very fat. He is reckoned rather wild and will now have an opportunity of more displaying his genius, if it is, as they say, rather gay. But he is very young and may be excused. He is to inherit his uncle's estate and to change his name. The Doctor was tall and thin and limped a little in his gait. He was the great and unrivalled ornament of the Divinity Scholes and seemed peculiarly adapted to that profession, which will hardly be filled by his equal, let whomsoever have the election. He was a very worthy man, though proud and stately, but rather bent on raising a family. He was buried in a private manner at Barley. Dr Rutherford was pitted with the small pox and very yellow or sallow complexioned....

"As Dr Rutherford, by will, desired to be buried according to the Liturgy of the Church of England, it looked as if he foresaw that Establishment might be overthrown if he lived much longer. Indeed appearances are very bad, when the clergy of that Church are endeavouring to pull down, what used to be the work of the Fanatics and Presbyterians. I write this when many of the Clergy, Mr Barker of Queens' in particular, who is seeking subscriptions openly to petition Parliament to lay aside all obligations to Conformity, 1771, Nov. 3."

"Mr Stevens, Fellow of Trinity College, in a Sermon before the University, now just published, takes occasion to lament his death in this manner: 'We cannot but sincerely lament, that our Established Church, and this University in particular, have lately sustained so affecting, and I may add, unseasonable a loss. For at a time when bold and artful attacks are daily being made upon our Church and her doctrines, she could very ill spare one of her most able, faithful and strenuous advocates. When the heat of a battle is not yet subsided, but possibly increasing, it is a severe misfortune indeed to lose a most skilful and veteran hero. Suffice it to have paid this passing tribute of respect to the memory of one who had long fought with true firmness and fortitude the good fight of faith.'

"The *Critical Reviewers* for December 1771, p. 478, perty remark that St Paul with propriety might speak of fighting a good fight of faith, in opposition to the Heathen, but that there was seldom any occasion for a Professor of Divinity in a Christian country to fight at all. Notwithstanding this criticism from professed Patrons and Admirers of every scheme against the Established Church and good order, the allusion upon a nearer view does not seem so unhappy; for if St Paul

had had his heathen to oppose, this Christian country unhappily is not without them, professedly avowing no belief in Christianity and covertly under the artful and disguised names of Lovers of Liberty, Christian Liberty, to which may be added in the gross their good friends the Arians, Presbyterians, Independents, &c., &c. Neither do the Critical Reviewers seem to act so candidly as one would wish, to talk at the rate they have done, considering their trade, which is, fighters by profession.

“Epiphany, Jan. 6, 1772.

Wm. Cole.

“I always supposed that although his father was minister at one of the Papworth’s, he drew his origin from Scotland. Especially since he called Sir Anthony Abdy his brother, which he always affectedly did, and used then the seal of the Scotch noble family of his name, yet it is more reasonable to suppose that he was extracted nearer home as I find that name in the earliest part of the *Cherry Hinton Register* in Queen Mary’s time and continued there many generations.” (See also MSS. Cole xix, 469).

P. 48 no. 20. Samuel Hartopp, the father, son of Samuel Hartopp, of Little Dalby, co. Leicester, gentleman, matriculated from Merton College, Oxford, 24 October 1682. B.A. 1686, M.A. 1689 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He became Vicar of Little Dalby 24 March 1689, and Rector of Cold Overton, 6 June 1696. He died 5 July 1717, aged 52, and was buried at Little Dalby. William Hartopp, his son, was born 6 and baptized 14 October 1706. He was ordained Deacon 20 September and licensed to the curacy of Croxton, co. Leicester, and Priest 20 December 1730, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He married in 1732 Dorothy, daughter of — Lambert, of Melton Mowbray. He was instituted Rector of Cold Overton 21 December 1730, and Vicar of Little Dalby 23 July 1741. On 13 July 1741, when he is described as chaplain to Alexander, Earl of Leven, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, their values being given as £120 and £140 respectively, and their distance apart two miles. He died 7 and was buried 10 July 1762. His will dated 10 July 1762 was proved at Leicester 6 September 1762 by his widow. She died at Melton Mowbray 16 and was buried at Little Dalby 19 May 1763. Administration was granted at Leicester in 1763 to her brother, the Rev. Robert Lambert, Vicar of Wymondham. They had issue an only daughter, Dorothy, who died in infancy.

In the church of Little Dalby there is a monument to the elder Hartopp with this inscription: Here lieth the body of Samuel Hartopp | Rector of Cold Overton and Vicar of this parish. | He departed this life July the 5th 1717 | in the 52nd year of his age. | Here lieth the body of Elizabeth | the wife of Samuel Hartopp | late Rector of Cold Overton and Vicar of this parish. | She departed this life July the 20th | Anno Domini 1721 aetatis 44 (*Leicestershire and Rutland Notes and Queries*, ii, 283; Nichols, *History of Leicestershire*, ii, 141, 150, 163).

P. 49 no. 22. Hugh Holme, gentleman, son and heir of Edward Holme, late of Up Holland, Lancashire, esquire, deceased, was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 9 May 1726.

P. 49 no. 23. Samuel North was ordained Deacon 19 September 1731 and licensed to the curacy of Garthorpe, co. Leicester, he was ordained Priest 5 June 1734 and licensed to the curacy of Redmile, co. Leicester, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Muston, co. Leicester, 24 January 1738, and held it until his death. He was buried there 28 March 1758. On a flat stone in the chancel of Muston Church is the following inscription: “To the memory of the Rev. Mr Samuel North | rector of this parish | which he served twenty years with care and diligence. | He died March the 25th 1758 | aged 49.” And on another: “Sacred to the memory of Mrs Mary North | wife of the Rev. Mr Samuel North | rector of this parish | who departed this life January 10, 1753, aged 27 years. | She lived beloved and died lamented. | In the same grave | rests the body of Samuel Solomon North | aged 1 year and 9 months. | Edward North died November 22 1753 | aged 1 year and 3 months” (Nichols, *History of Leicestershire*, ii, 292).

P. 49 no. 24. Nathaniel Clayton was admitted a Fellow of the College 6 April 1731, his fellowship was filled up again in March 1743. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Lincoln 19 September 1731. He was appointed Lecturer of St John’s Church, Newcastle, 29 September 1736. On 16 October 1741 he was presented by the College to the sinecure Rectory of Aberdaron, Carnarvonshire. He

held these appointments till his death. He was also Librarian of Thomlinson's Library, Newcastle, till 1755. In St John's Church, Newcastle, there is a monument to his memory with this inscription: "Sacred to the memory of Nathaniel Clayton, B.D., formerly Fellow of St John's College, Cambridge, Rector of Ingram and Vicar of Whelpington in the County of Northumberland, Rector of Aberdaron in North Wales, Master of the Hospital of St Mary Magdalene in Newcastle-upon-Tyne, and fifty years lecturer of this church. He resigned his spirit to him that gave it 8 August 1786 in the 78th year of his age. His earthly remains were interred without the walls of this church near the south aisle. He married Grace, one of the daughters and coheiresses of Nicholas Fenwick, of London, merchant, by whom he had issue three sons and one daughter. Nathaniel who died an infant; and Robert, Nathaniel, and Sarah now living" (Mackenzie, *History of Newcastle-upon-Tyne*, i, 348; Brand, *History of Newcastle*, i, 119, 120, 430; Hodgson, *History of Northumberland*, Part 2, vol. i, 206). He was instituted Vicar of Piddle-Trenthide, Dorset, 13 August 1773, ceding this on his institution to the Vicarage of Whelpington, Northumberland, 27 March 1775. He was instituted Rector of Ingram 6 February 1776, holding these latter livings till his death. He was also appointed Master of the Hospital of St Mary Magdalene, and incumbent of the Chapel of St Thomas-à-Beckett on Tyne Bridge 14 June 1779.

His son Nathaniel was a solicitor and Town Clerk of Newcastle from 1786 to 1822 (*Scholæ Novocastrænsis Alumni*, Part ii, 17).

P. 49 no. 25. Thomas Pearse took the degree of M.A. *Comitiis Regiis*, 1728. The father may have been the Thomas Pearse returned as M.P. for the borough of Weymouth and Melcombe Regis, Dorset, 24 March 172½, vacating his seat about January 172¾ on being appointed to an office of profit under the Crown. And Thomas Pearse, the younger, the person of that name returned as M.P. for the same borough 26 August 1727 and 2 May 1734, sitting until 1741.

P. 49 no. 26. The name should be Mainwaring. Edward Mainwaring was the fifth son of James Mainwaring of Bromborough. He was born 5 January 170¾. He was ordained Deacon 24 December 1732 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed to the curacy of Holywell, Hunts., he was ordained Priest 12 August 1733 by the Bishop of Chester. He was instituted Vicar of Weaverham, Cheshire, 3 October 1735. Collated to the third prebendal stall in Chester Cathedral 5 January 174½. He was instituted Rector of Coddington, Cheshire, 24 June 1748. On 2 June 1748, when he is described as chaplain to Anne, Countess Dowager of Abercorn, he had a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Weaverham and Coddington, the respective values being stated to be £80 and £70, and the benefices 13 miles apart. He was instituted Rector of St Bridget's, in the City of Chester, 21 January 1755, then ceding Weaverham, but was again instituted Rector of Coddington 5 February 1755. He was instituted Rector of West Kirby, Cheshire, 3 September 1761, then ceding St Bridget's, but holding this with Coddington and his prebend until his death. He married in 1734 at Ewhurst, Sussex, Elizabeth, daughter of John Pooke, esq., of Salehurst, Sussex. He died at Coddington and was buried in St Mary's Chapel in Chester Cathedral, where, on a flat stone, there is the following inscription: The rev. Edward Mainwaring A.M. [Prebendary of this Cathedral] deceased July 30, 1780 | aged 71 years (Ormerod (ed. Helsby), *History of Cheshire*, i, 269, 296; iii, 116; Hardy's *Le Neve*, iii, 272). Edward Mainwaring was the author of the following: (i) *Stichology; or a Discovery of the Latin, Greek and Hebrew Numbers, exemplified in the reduction of all Horace's metres, and the Greek and Hebrew Poetry*, London, 1734, 4to.; (ii) *A Sermon* [on 1 Kings x. 9] preached 25 October 1761, being the Anniversary of his Majesty's Accession, London, 1761, 4to.; (iii) *The true idea of Liberty consistent with the Restraints of the Religion and the Laws of Civil Communities. A Sermon* [on 2 Pet. ii. 19] etc., London, 1773, 4to.

P. 49 no. 27. Charles Henchman, the elder, was of Christ Church, Oxford. He held various livings, was a Canon of Chester, Master of the King's School there and died 6 February 174½. Charles Henchman, the younger, took the B.A. degree in 1729 and the M.A. in 1744, he incorporated as an M.A. at Oxford in July 1744. He was ordained Deacon 20 September 1730 and Priest 31 October 1731 by the Bishop of Chester. He was licensed curate of St Olave's, in Chester, 26 October 1743. He was a Minor Canon of Chester Cathedral and was instituted Rector of Thurstanton on the presentation of the Dean and Chapter of Chester 25 August 1752, this he ceded on being instituted Vicar of St Oswald's, in Chester, 4 September 1761, on

the presentation of the Dean and Chapter of Chester, this he held until his death 1 January 1780. There is a monument to his memory in the south aisle of Chester Cathedral, and also to the memory of his wife, Elizabeth, who died 18 January 1776, aged 73 (Ormerod, *History of Cheshire* (ed. Helsby), i, 294; it is wrongly stated by Ormerod that Thurstanton was filled up in 1761 on Henchman's death). One Charles Henchman was instituted Rector of Stanton-on-the-Wold, Notts., 29 September 1733, his successor was instituted in November 1780, so he was probably the Minor Canon.

P. 49 no. 29. Matthew Markland was ordained Priest 4 June 1732 by the Archbishop of York. He was then curate of Rolleston, Yorks. He was instituted Vicar of Sutton-upon-Trent 3 April 1746 and Vicar of Egmonton 24 November 1752, both in Notts. Both livings were vacant in 1783.

P. 49 no. 30. One John Key was instituted Rector of Preston on the Weald Moor, Salop, 6 December 1732, and held the living until 1744.

P. 49 no. 31. Henry Parry, the father, was Vicar of Guilsfield, co. Montgomery, from 1704 to 1730. Humphrey Parry was ordained Deacon 24 September, and Priest 24 December 1732 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was nominated by the College to the Second Mastership of Shrewsbury School 23 September, and admitted by the Governors 8 November 1737. He does not seem to have been a successful master. Hotchkis, the Head Master, writing on 1 August 1750 says, "I have had but two or three boys a year from Mr Parry for some years past, and I do not see more than seven or eight in his School now who ought to be in mine." Parry resigned his place in July 1754 (Fisher, *Annals of Shrewsbury School*, 229, 237, 470). Humphrey Parry had been instituted Vicar of Leighton, Salop, 4 April 1739, and he was instituted Vicar of Guilsfield, co. Montgomery, 2 March 1754, receiving a dispensation to hold both livings (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1754, p. 143). Both livings were vacant in 1755.

P. 49 no. 32. Caleb Robinson took the LL.B. degree from Sidney Sussex College in 1731. He was instituted Vicar of Bisbrook, co. Rutland, 19 November 1731 and Vicar of Great Glen, co. Leicester, 2 April 1745, holding both livings until his death. In the churchyard of Billesdon (which explains the Billaston of the entry in the College Register), co. Leicester, there are upright stones with the following inscriptions: (i) Beneath this stone lie the earthly remains | of Mr Caleb Robinson, late Rector of Bysbrook | in the County of Rutland | and Vicar of Great Glen in this County | and one of his Majesty's justices of the peace. | He was an affectionate husband | a firm friend to his disconsolate relations | pious in his life | and bore his afflictions with patient resignation. | He died Nov. 3, 1770 in the 65th year of his age; (ii) Here rests her head, upon the lap of earth | Anne, relict of the Rev. Caleb Robinson | who died Nov. 4, 1791 | in the 75th year of her age. | She was the youngest daughter of William Franks, esq. | formerly of Newark, near Leicester | by Anne his wife | who was daughter of Sir Richard Levett, knight. | She was a friend to the fatherless; and the truly necessitous frequently partook | of her beneficence (Nichols, *History of Leicestershire*, ii, 437, 575, 577).

P. 49 no. 33. Edward Squire, the father, was Rector of Oakford, Devon, from 1710 to 1742. Samuel Squire was ordained Deacon 20 September 1730 and Priest 23 September 1733 by the Bishop of Bath and Wells. He was instituted Vicar of Winscombe, Somerset, 6 November 1746, on the presentation of the Dean and Chapter of Wells. He ceded this on his institution 19 June 1750 to the Vicarage of Cutcombe, Somerset, on the presentation of the King. He had a dispensation to hold Cutcombe with the Chapel of Luxborough, Somerset (*Cambridge Journal*, 24 February 1750). He was instituted Vicar of Carhampton, Somerset, 4 July 1754, on the presentation of Thomas Musgrave, esq. On 6 June 1754, when he is described as chaplain to George, Earl of Kinnoull, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Cutcombe (valued at £140) with Carhampton (valued at £100), the livings being stated to be contiguous. Both livings were vacant in 1763.

P. 49 no. 34. John Rouse was ordained Deacon 24 May 1730 by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed next day to the curacy of Amphill, Beds. One of these names was instituted Rector of Highampton, Devon, 6 July 1733, and held the living until 1775.

P. 49 no. 35. Ezekiel Rouse was ordained Deacon 13 June 1731 when he was licensed to the curacy of Amphill, Beds., and Priest 18 February 173 $\frac{2}{3}$, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Harrold, Beds., 18 February 173 $\frac{2}{3}$ and Vicar of Pulloxhill 3 August 1742. On 19 July 1742 when he is described as chaplain to Sophia, Duchess of Kent, he had a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings then valued at £30 and £41 and stated to be 14 miles apart. He was instituted Rector of Clophill, Beds., 24 April 1754, then ceding Harrold. On 20 April 1754, when he is described as chaplain to John, Earl of Breadalbane, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop to hold Pulloxhill with Clophill then valued at £40 and £100 respectively, and stated to be five miles apart. He held both livings until 1792. Sons of his were admitted to the College (P. 138 no. 30; P. 147 no. 5).

P. 50 no. 36. John Wilson was admitted a Fellow of the College 28 March 1732. He was Junior Dean of the College from 18 February 174 $\frac{2}{3}$ to 14 February 1752. He was presented by the College to the Rectory of Fulbourne St Vigors, co. Cambridge, 10 and instituted 21 May 1751. The *Parish Register* records that "he laid out large sums of money upon the House and Gardens, which were in exceeding bad repair at the time he accepted the Living." He died 17 October 1781 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 20 October 1781). Cole has this note on him: "Dr Wilson died at Fulbourne in October 1781, like an Hog as he and his wife had lived: never kept a servant of any sort. His son married imprudently and is now a Sea Chaplain and disinherited by his father" (MSS. Cole xix, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5820, fol. 5 b). The son was of St John's College.

P. 50 no. 37. Christopher Beeke was ordained Deacon 19 September 1731, and Priest 20 May 1733 by the Bishop of Rochester. He was for some time Under Master of the Grammar School at Rochester. He was nominated Perpetual Curate of Strood 25 June 1733 and held it until 1736. In the latter year he was presented to the Vicarage of Stockbury, Kent, but was not instituted. He was instituted Vicar of Kingsteignton, Devon, 10 June 1737. He died at Kingsteignton 10 February 1798, aged 89. A writer in the *Gentleman's Magazine* for 1798 gives this character of him: "The chief trait in the character of this excellent man was meekness. His piety was unfeigned, his goodness most exemplary; and his forbearance towards his parishioners, in respect of temporal matters, so disinterested, that what is affirmed of Charity in the Gospel, that it seeketh not its own, might, in the justest sense be said of him" (Shindler, *Registers of the Cathedral Church of Rochester*, 87; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1798, i. 176, 254, 385).

P. 50 no. 38. Thomas Chamberleyne was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of London 14 March 173 $\frac{2}{3}$, he was ordained Priest 23 September 1733 by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed to the curacy of Great Glen, co. Leicester.

P. 50 no. 39. Richard Atkinson was ordained Deacon 16 January 173 $\frac{1}{2}$, and was licensed next day to the curacy of Hardrow, Yorks., he was ordained Priest 4 June 1732, and licensed next day to officiate in the parish church of Lancaster, and also on the same day to the Hospital Chapel in Lancaster with a stipend of £4, all by the Bishop of Chester. He was holding these three curacies at the Bishop's visitation in 1733.

P. 50 no. 40. William Clarke was ordained Deacon 18 July 1731, and licensed to the curacy of Mansfield Woodhouse with a stipend of £30, he was ordained Priest 4 June 1732, all by the Archbishop of York. One of these names was instituted Rector of West Hallam 8 June 1736, and Vicar of Heanor 10 December 1737, both co. Derby. Both livings were vacant in 1788.

P. 50 no. 41. One Thomas Clark, son of Joseph Clark of Winchester, Hants. (observe not Kent, as in our Register), gentleman, matriculated at Oxford from Hart Hall 27 November 1705 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*).

P. 50 no. 42. Cuthbert Sewell was ordained Deacon 22 February 173 $\frac{2}{3}$, by the Bishop of Lincoln, and was licensed next day to the curacy of Ashwell, Herts. He was instituted Rector of Southery 20 March 173 $\frac{2}{3}$, and Vicar of Middleton 29 March 1743. He ceded Middleton on being instituted Rector of Gunthorpe (all in Norfolk) 20 May 1758 and held this with Southery till 1787.

P. 50 no. 45. William Shackleford who was born 2 April 1707 was admitted to Merchant Taylors' School 13 September 1717. He migrated to Catherine Hall and was B.A. 1732, M.A. 1751. He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of London

12 August 1733. He was curate of St Peter's, Cornhill, in the City of London, and was buried there 14 January 1766 (Robinson, *Merchant Taylors' School Register*, ii, 48). His son Richard Dickson Shackleford, also of Merchant Taylors' School, matriculated at Oxford 8 July 1761, was a Master at Merchant Taylors' School, and held various preferments in London (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*, Robinson, *ibid.* 111).

The Bishop of London's Registers record the appointment of William Shackleford to be Lecturer in the parishes of St Michael, Queenhithe, and Holy Trinity, London, 1 May 1749, and to be Lecturer in St Peter's, Cornhill, 17 January 1750.

P. 50 no. 46. 'Rutherbury' should, no doubt, be Netherbury, and 'Thernworth' Turnworth (Rev. C. H. Mayo, Vicar of Long Burton). Richard Brodrepp, of South Maperton, Dorset, esq., who died 28 July 1774, married Jane, daughter of Brian Combe of South Maperton, gent. She was baptized 5 July 1715 and was buried 8 May 1762, without issue. Catherine Brodrepp, his sister, married Bennet Combe of Hanley, esq. On the death of Richard Brodrepp the family of the Brodrepps, who had been for many generations of high repute in Dorsetshire, became extinct, and their estate, which had been considerably increased by the last Mr Brodrepp, devolved on his nephew Bennet Combe, esq. Ann, wife of Mr Brian Combe, was buried 29 January 173 $\frac{2}{3}$; Mr Brian Combe was buried 8 April 1736. Bennet Combe, esq., presented to the Rectory of Maperton in 1783 (Hutchins, *History of Dorset*, ii, 159-163). Bennet Combe, esq., son of Bryan Combe of South Maperton, gent., who married Catherine, daughter of Thomas Brodrepp, M.D., and died in 1750, had a seat and estate at Ewern Minster. On his death it descended to his son Bennet Combe of Lincoln's Inn, esq., and was afterwards sold to Miss Peers (Hutchins, *l. c.* iii. 543). Bennet Combe, esq. (the younger) was admitted to Lincoln's Inn 6 November 1761 (died Tuesday 7 January 1806) (*Admissions to Lincoln's Inn*, i, 451, Bennet Combe's parentage is not given).

P. 50 no. 48. William Foster was ordained Deacon 21 February 173 $\frac{2}{3}$ by the Bishop of Ely, and Priest 18 July 1731 by the Archbishop of York, at that time he had been licensed Curate of Holy Trinity Goodramgate. He was instituted Rector of Holy Trinity Goodramgate, with St Maurice and St John Delpike in the city of York 24 November 1739, and Vicar of Ferry Friston, Yorks., 30 November 1761, he was again instituted to Holy Trinity Goodramgate 1 December 1761, and held both livings until 1768.

P. 51 no. 2. Edmund Bolton, son of Samuel Bolton, of Woodbridge, Suffolk, gentleman, matriculated at Oxford from Brasenose College, 15 April 1724, aged 17 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He did not graduate at either University.

P. 51 no. 3. George Paddon was ordained Deacon 14 March 173 $\frac{1}{2}$ by the Bishop of Norwich, and Priest 24 September 1732 by the Bishop of Exeter. He was instituted Rector of Eggsford, Devon, 30 October 1734 (Patron, Coulson Fellows, of Eggsford, esq.; see P. 113 no. 38). He was instituted Rector of Broad Nymett 13 September 1739, and Rector of Chawleigh 4 November 1743. In the latter year he ceded Eggsford, but on 20 October 1743, when he is described as Chaplain to Mary, Countess Dowager of Abingdon, he had a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Broad Nymett and Chawleigh, then stated to be of the respective values of £28 and £150, and to be 10 miles apart. He was buried in the churchyard at Chawleigh 7 May 1781 (Oliver, *Ecclesiastical Antiquities of Devon*, iii, 63).

'Challey' the birthplace of his son George, P. 163 no. 8, should thus clearly be Chawleigh.

P. 51 no. 4. See the admission of an elder brother P. 31 no. 9, and the notes thereon. John Lynn was ordained Deacon 23 December 1733 and Priest 22 December 1734 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 2 April 1734, and his Fellowship was filled up again in March 174 $\frac{2}{3}$. He was a member of the Brasenose Society of Stamford, and was admitted a member of the Gentlemen's Society at Spalding 12 October 1727. He was nephew and chaplain to Sir Edward Bellamy, Lord Mayor of London. He was instituted Vicar of Southwick, co. Northampton, 5 November 1736, on the presentation of George Lynn, of Southwick, esq., and Rector of Munslow, Salop, 20 February 174 $\frac{2}{3}$. He died 20 and was buried 23 July 1749 at Southwick, aged 39. There is a monument to his memory there (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, vi, 5, 96; *The Genealogist*, i, 354).

P. 51 no. 5. John Bedford was the third son of Hilkiah Bedford. He used to

sign himself "John Bedford, M.D. Univ. Patav." He practised as a physician at Durham. About the year 1761 he retired from practice, and lived remarkably recluse. He was described by a gentleman who visited him in 1766 as "near in his expenses, sober and regular in his living, exact in his payments and punctual to his promises." His son Hilkiah joined the College; B.A. 1772. John Bedford died in 1776, very rich. (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, i. 169.)

P. 51 no. 6. Arthur Prime was born 1 December 1709. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 2 April 1734, his fellowship was filled up again March 1745. He was Junior Dean of the College from 10 February 1743 to 18 February 1745. He was instituted Vicar of Foxton, co. Cambridge, 7 October 1743, ceding this on being instituted Rector of Lezant, co. Cornwall, 9 February 1745; he held the latter living until his death 10 March 1778 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 21 March 1778; Boase, *Collectanea Cornubiensia*, 769). See the admission of his elder brother P. 15 no. 34.

P. 51 no. 7. One Cadwalader Jones was instituted Rector of Bodfean, co. Carnarvon, 29 January 1743, ceding this living in 1752. Mr G. C. Boase, *Collectanea Cornubiensia*, 435, identifies Cadwalader Jones of St John's with the person of that name who was instituted Vicar of Launcells, Cornwall, 1 November 1765, resigning this in 1776, but acting as curate of Launcells until his death. He was instituted Rector of St Ives, Cornwall, 17 March 1791. He was buried at Launcells 26 December 1805. See some notices as to his family *l.c.*, if this Cadwalader Jones was of St John's he was 97 years of age at the date of his death.

P. 51 no. 9. William Vaughan was the eldest son of Richard Vaughan of Corgyedol whom he succeeded in the family estates 2 April 1734. He also succeeded his father as M.P. for the county of Merioneth, being elected 7 May 1734; 26 May 1741; 2 July 1747; 9 May 1754, and 9 April 1761, sitting until 1767, a total of 33 years. He married 2 December 1732 Catherine Nanney, eldest daughter and coheiress of Hugh Nanney, of Nannan, M.P. for Merioneth, 1695 to 1701. He was appointed Custos Rotulorum of Merioneth 2 April 1731 and 28 April 1761. He was appointed Lord Lieutenant of Merioneth 26 April 1762. He died 12 April 1775. His only daughter married in August 1758 David Jones Gwynne, of Taliaris, co. Carmarthen (Williams, *Parliamentary History of the Principality of Wales*, 117). See the admission of a younger brother, P. 55 no. 13.

P. 51 no. 10. William Allen took the B.A. degree in 1730 and the M.A. in 1748. One of these names was instituted Vicar of Rottingdean, Sussex, 30 April 1755 and held the living until 1771.

P. 52 no. 13. Joseph Flasby, only son of John Flasby, Rector of Groton, Suffolk, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 22 January 1739.

P. 52 no. 15. Thomas Seller, the father, was perhaps the Thomas Seller who was admitted to Gonville and Caius College 18 November 1681, he was Vicar of New Sleaford from 1703 to 1737 (Veun, *Biographical History of Gonville and Caius College*, i, 469).

William Seller was ordained Deacon 19 September 1731 and licensed to the curacy of Sleaford, co. Lincoln, he was ordained Priest 24 December 1732 and licensed to the curacy of Leasingham, co. Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of New Sleaford, co. Lincoln, 15 March 1733 and held the living until 1769.

P. 52 no. 16. Jonathan Turner was ordained Deacon 5 March 1733 and licensed to the curacy of Offord Cluny, Hunts., he was ordained Priest 24 December 1732, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Dinnington, Yorks., 27 April 1738 and held the living until 1746.

P. 52 no. 18. Robert Taylor took the B.A. degree in 1730. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 28 March 1732 and his fellowship was filled up 1 April 1745. He did not proceed to any higher degree.

P. 52 no. 20. Robert Gunthorp was ordained Deacon 4 June 1732, and licensed to the curacy of Claypool, co. Lincoln, he was ordained Priest 24 September 1732, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. On 28 June 1734 he was licensed by the Archbishop of York to be assistant curate in the parishes of Cromwell and Sutton-upon-Trent, Notts., with a stipend of £30. He is then described as LL.B., although according to the printed *Graduati* he did not take that degree until 1742.

P. 52 no. 22. William Waller, the father, son of — Waller, of Newport Pagnell, Bucks., matriculated at Oxford from Wadham College, 5 April 1688, he took

the B.A. at Oxford in 1691 and the M.A. from Corpus Christi College, Cambridge, in 1697. He was Rector of Gressenhall, 1700, and of Brisley, Norfolk, 1704, he became Rector of Walton, Bucks., 1711, and held it until his death (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). In the chancel of Walton Church there is a monument with this inscription: "Gulielmus Waller A.M. hujus | Ecclesiae Rector partem sui | materialem infra Tumulum | hunc in caemeterio condi vult | turpe ducens orationis domum nocivis halitibus dehonestari | obiit octodecim die Februarii | 1750, Aetatis suae 80." He was buried 25 February (MSS. Cole xxix, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5830). Cole adds the following note: "This gentleman was a native of Newport Pagnell, where as I take it his father was an attorney. He had a son, Rector of Ravenstone in this County, who inherited a very good fortune from his uncle Dr Edmund Waller, Fellow of St John's College in Cambridge, where he practised physic with good success, and where he died in 1750. His nephew, son to the Rector of Walton, died soon after, though he lived long enough, as I am told, to have wasted the chief part of what his uncle by great industry and saving had left him." See the admission of Dr Edmund Waller to the College (Part ii, P. 146 no. 15). Cole has also the following note on Dr Edmund Waller: "Dr Waller was a Physician of good practice in the University, where he got together about 4000 or 5000 pounds, which he left at his death to one of his nephews, a clergyman beneficed near Newport Pagnell in Bucks., at which place, I take it, Dr Waller was born; sure I am that he had a brother, who was rector of Walton near the same place. He was a man of a pleasant and facetious turn of wit, loved his bottle and was no enemy to a well spread table. He died at College in 1745 and lies buried in the College Chapel" (MSS. Cole vii, fol. 59, where Dr Waller's shield of arms is given, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5808).

John Waller was ordained Deacon 19 September 1731 and licensed next day to the curacy of Wavenden, Bucks., he was ordained Priest 22 September 1734, and licensed to the curacy of Kimcote, co. Leicester, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Little Wolston, Bucks., 25 February 173 $\frac{1}{2}$, ceding this on his institution 3 April 1742 to the Vicarage of Ravenstone, Bucks., holding this latter living until 1746.

P. 52 no. 23. The father was probably Richard Marsh, Fellow of the College (Part ii, P. 114 no. 30); see the admission of another son P. 33 no. 37. Richard Marsh did not graduate from St John's. He is probably identical with the Richard Marsh, from the county of Kent, admitted a Sizar of Corpus Christi College, 29 June 1728, graduating from that College, B.A. 173 $\frac{1}{2}$, M.A. 1756. The Corpus man was ordained Deacon 20 May 1733 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and Priest 21 September 1735 by the Bishop of London. He was instituted Vicar of Faversham, co. Kent, 5 July 1744, on the presentation of the Dean and Chapter of Canterbury, and held the living until his death. In 1867 the stone which once covered his grave in Faversham churchyard was lying on the south side of the chancel. It bore the following inscription: "The Rev. Richard Marsh, M.A., thirty four years Vicar of this Parish, died the 30th of August 1778 aged 67; and Elizabeth his wife, the 30th January 1771, aged 49; Sarah their daughter the 8th of April 1757, aged 2 years" (*Notes and Queries*, 3rd Ser. xii, 284). He was the father of Herbert Marsh, Bishop of Peterborough (*ibid.* 3rd Ser. x, 87). It will be observed that the age of Richard Marsh as given on the tombstone does not quite correspond with the age in the College Register.

P. 52 no. 24. Thomas Elcock was second Master of Tonbridge School from 1731 to 1742 (Rivington, *History of Tonbridge School*, 114). One of these names was instituted Vicar of Pembury, Kent, 19 January 173 $\frac{1}{2}$ and held the living until 1752.

P. 52 no. 26. William Buck was ordained Deacon 4 June 1732 by the Archbishop of York and licensed to the curacy of Brayton, Yorks., with a stipend of £20. One of these names was instituted Rector of Felmarton or Fleet Marston, Bucks., 20 December 1735 and held the living until 1739.

P. 53 no. 29. Thomas Robinson was admitted a Fellow of the College 13 March 173 $\frac{1}{2}$, his Fellowship was filled up in March 174 $\frac{1}{2}$. He was ordained Deacon 13 June 1731 and licensed to the curacy of Folkingham, co. Lincoln, he was ordained Priest 23 September 1733, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was Junior Proctor of the University 1740-1741. On 1 June 1741 the College passed an order allowing him a 'year of Grace,' i.e. to proceed to the B.D. degree. He did not take the degree and so vacated his Fellowship.

P. 53 no. 30. John Laverack was ordained Deacon 18 February 173 $\frac{3}{8}$, and licensed to the curacy of Irby, co. Lincoln; he was ordained Priest 22 September 1734 and licensed to the curacy of Lea, co. Lincoln, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Brigsley, co. Lincoln, 3 November 1744, ceding this on his institution to the Vicarage of Rolleston, Notts., 20 November 1759, ceding Rolleston on his institution 18 April 1768 to the Rectory of Beelsby, co. Lincoln, he held this until 1779.

P. 53 no. 32. Thomas Halley was B.A. 1730, M.A. 1734. One of these names was instituted Vicar of St Peter's in Colchester 13 September 1739 and held the living until 1760.

P. 53 no. 34. John Heber, son of Reginald Heber of Marton, Yorkshire, esquire, matriculated at Oxford from University College, 30 May 1723, aged 17. He was instituted Rector of Marton in Craven, Yorks., 8 August 1728, and Vicar of Ribchester, Lancashire, 26 February 173 $\frac{3}{8}$. He held both livings until his death on 27 June 1775 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*).

P. 53 no. 36. Lowe Hurt was licensed to the curacy of Derwent, co. Derby, 14 September 1738.

P. 53 no. 37. Thomas Lipyeatt was admitted a Fellow of the College 2 April 1734. He was ordained Deacon 5 June 1734, and Priest 21 March 173 $\frac{3}{8}$, by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was incorporated as M.A. at Oxford 4 June 1741. One of these names was instituted Vicar of Ampthill, Beds., 2 June 1736, holding it until 1738 when on 17 June 1738 he was instituted Rector of Collingbourne Ducis, Wilts., resigning this in 1743. It is not quite clear that this was the Fellow of St John's, though probably it was. On 12 October 1750 he was instituted Rector of Meesden, Herts., holding this till 1756. On 22 February 1755 he was nominated by the College to be Chaplain of the donative of Horningsay, co. Cambridge. He was elected by the College to be Rector of Layham, Suffolk, 20 March and instituted 9 April 1756. He was instituted Rector of Girton, co. Cambridge, 19 May 1756, holding this with Layham by dispensation (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1756, p. 451). He was instituted Rector of Great Hallingbury, Essex, 22 July 1758, then ceding Girton but holding it with Layham until his death, which occurred at Great Hallingbury 5 July 1781 (*Cambridge Chronicle* 14 July 1781). He had a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury on 15 May 1756 to hold Layham (valued at £240) with Girton (valued at £135), the livings being stated to be 26 miles apart; and another on 22 May 1758 to hold Layham with Hallingbury (valued at £250), the livings being stated to be 25 miles apart. Cole in his Collections for an *Athenae Cantabrigienses* (Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5875) says of him: "He died single, was my old acquaintance; much acquainted in Sir John Cotton's family, and took a journey, a short tour into France with the present Sir Thomas Hatton. He was a strong, well built man, and promised a longer life. He had a brother Fellow of the same College."

P. 53 no. 38. Thomas Seward was ordained Deacon 19 December 1731 by the Bishop of Salisbury and Priest 20 May 1732 by the Bishop of Rochester. He was instituted Rector of Llanmaes (or Llanrays), co. Glamorgau, 6 June 1733, ceding this on his institution 22 March 173 $\frac{3}{8}$ to the Rectory of Eyam, co. Derby. He was instituted Rector of Kingsley, co. Stafford, 8 April 1747. On 2 April 1747, when he is described as Chaplain to William, Duke of Cleveland, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Eyam (valued at £350) with Kingsley (valued at £150), the two livings being stated to be 20 miles apart. He held both until his death. He was collated to the Prebend of Pipa Parva in Lichfield Cathedral 30 April 1755, holding also the Prebend of Bubbenhall in the same cathedral, and to the Prebend of Lyme and Halstock in Salisbury Cathedral 2 May 1755, holding all these until his death (Hardy's *Le Neve*, i, 588, 621; ii, 672, 678). He died in March 1790 in the Bishop's Palace in the Close at Lichfield, aged 82 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 13 March 1790). He married Elizabeth, daughter of John Hunter, Prebendary of Lichfield, and Dr Samuel Johnson's schoolmaster. Their only surviving child Anna Seward was the well known poetess. In the south transept of Lichfield Cathedral is a monument by Bacon, with the following inscription, the lines are by Sir Walter Scott:

"Anna Seward died March 25th, 1809, aged 66. By her order this monument is erected to the memory of her father the Rev. Thomas Seward, M.A., Canon Residentiary of this Cathedral, who died March 1790, aged 81. Of her mother,

Elizabeth his wife, daughter of the Rev. John Hunter, who died July, 1780, aged 66. And of her sister, Sarah, their younger daughter, who died June 1764, aged 20.

"Amid these aisles, where once his precepts showed
The heavenward pathway which in life he trode,
This simple tablet marks a father's bier,
And those he loved in life, in death are near.
For him, for them, a daughter bade it rise,
Memorial of domestic charities.
Still would you know why o'er the marble spread,
In female grace the willow droops her head;
Why on her branches, silent and unstrung,
The minstrel harp is emblematic, hung;
What poet's voice is smothered here in dust,
Till waked to join the chorus of the just;
Lo! one brief line an answer sad supplies—
Honour'd, beloved, and mourn'd, here Seward lies;
Her worth, her warmth of heart, our sorrows say:
Go seek her genius in her loving lay."

(Stone, *History of Lichfield Cathedral*, 104-5.)

Mr Seward between the ages of thirty and thirty-five passed two years in France and Italy with his pupil, Lord Charles Fitzroy, the Duke of Grafton's third son. This young man died abroad (*Public Characters*, 1803-4, p. 541). Horace Walpole in a letter to the Countess of Ossory, dated 9 October 1783 (*Walpole's Letters*, ed. Cunningham, viii, 415) thus refers to the matter: "I remember Mr Seward (father of the present muse of Lichfield) who was travelling governor to Lord Charles Fitzroy, who, falling dangerously ill at Genoa, and being saved, as Mentor thought, by Dr Shadwell, the governor whipped up to his chamber and began a complimentary ode to his physician; but was called down before it was finished, on his pupil's relapse, who did die; however the bard was too much pleased with the début of his poem to throw it away, and so finished it though his gratitude had been still-born."

"Mr Seward, to graceful manners added great hilarity of spirit, uncommon singleness of heart, and the most active benevolence. His poetic talents were by no means inconsiderable; and he studied with discriminating taste, in their original language, the Greek, Latin and English bards..... To Dodsley's Collection he contributed a few elegant little poems, which may be found in the latter part of the second volume of that miscellany. They were printed anonymously; they commence with the 'Female Right to Literature' and extend to the end of the volume" (*Public Characters*, 1803-4, p. 541-2). His portrait, by Wright of Derby, engraved by Cromeke, forms the frontispiece to Vol. ii of *The Letters of Anna Seward*. Many references to him will be found in his daughter's letters. A poem by him is given in *The Gentleman's Magazine* for 1786, i, 514-6. Other references to him will be found in the Life of Bp Thomas Newton, before his works, pp. 113, 114; *The European Magazine*, 1782, p. 167; *The Gentleman's Magazine*, 1781, p. 624; 1782, p. 167; 1790, i, 281, 369. Dr Samuel Johnson and Boswell visited him on 24 March 1776; Boswell describes him as a 'genteel, well-bred, dignified clergyman' and 'an ingenious and literary man.' While Dr Johnson thus described him in 1777, "Sir, his ambition is to be a fine talker; so he goes to Buxton and such places, where he may find companions to listen to him. And, Sir, he is a valetudinarian among those who are always mending themselves. I do not know a more disagreeable character than a valetudinarian, who thinks he may do any thing that is for his ease, and indulges himself in the grossest freedom. Sir, he brings himself to the state of a hog in a sty."

Thomas Seward edited with Theobald and Sympson the works of Beaumont and Fletcher in 1750. He published (i) *The conformity between Papacy and Paganism illustrated. Being a sequel to two treatises on the subject, the one by H. Maver, in his exposition of the Apocalypse and the other by Dr Middleton in his letters from Rome*, London 1746, 8vo.; (ii) *The Folly, Danger, and Wickedness of Disaffection to the Government; an assize Sermon* [on Ps. cxxxi, 1], preached at Stafford, August 10, 1750, on occasion of the late seditious riots in that County, 1750, 4to.; (iii) *The late dreadful Earthquake no proof of God's particular wrath against the Portuguese, a Sermon preached at Lichfield 7 December 1755*, London 1756, 8vo.; (iv) *A Charge to the Clergy of the Peculiars belonging to the Dean and Chapter of Lichfield, given at Bakewell, 23 April 1774*, London 1775, 4to.

P. 53 no. 39. The father was a member of the College (Part ii, P. 137 no. 30. See P. 41 no. 34 for the admission of a brother). William Drake was ordained Deacon 19 September 1731 and licensed to the curacy of Sedgbrook, co. Lincoln, he was ordained Priest 23 September 1733, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Full Sutton, Yorks., 3 November 1739, he was also Vicar of Hatfield, Yorks. He died 8 February 1757 and was buried at Hatfield. He married first Isabel, daughter of James Smith of Manningham, near Bradford. By her he had a son Nathan, born at Hatfield 20 August 1736, who became a Member of the Supreme Council at Calcutta and died in the Black Hole. William Drake married secondly Sarah, daughter of John Stancliffe, of Balmhall in the parish of Halifax (Hunter, *Familiae Minorum Gentium*, Harleian Soc. Publ. xxxviii, 510; xxxix, 1159, where there is a pedigree). His name appears among the subscribers to Drake's *Eboracum*.

P. 53 no. 40. Peter Richardson did not graduate. One of these names was instituted Rector of Moresby, co. Cumberland, 7 July 1735, and held the living until 1754.

P. 53 no. 41. John Burton was born 9 June 1710 and admitted to Merchant Taylors' School in 1725 (Robinson, *Register of Merchant Taylors' School*, ii, 66). For some account of his parents see the note on his brother Christopher (P. 56 no. 26). After taking the degree of M.B. at Cambridge in 1733 he studied at Leyden under Boerhaave, and ultimately proceeded to the degree of M.D. in the University of Rheims. After completing his professional education he settled at Heath, a hamlet in the parish of Kirkthorpe, near Wakefield. On 2 January 1734 he was married, in York Minster, to Mary, only child of Samuel Heuson, of Wistow in the West Riding, and about that time settled to practice in York. His first published work was *An account of a monstrous child* published with the Edinburgh Medical Essays in 1736. In 1737 he published *A treatise on the Non-naturals, in which the great influence they have on human bodies is set forth and mechanically accounted for; to which is subjoined a short Essay on the Chincough with a new method of treating that obstinate disorder*. Rivington, Ware and Hodge 1737. 8vo. This is dedicated to Boerhaave. He took a leading part in raising subscriptions for an Infirmary for the City and County of York. When it was completed he was appointed one of the first honorary physicians. Dr Burton was a strong political partisan and was regarded by many as not only a violent Tory but a confirmed Jacobite, and in religious feeling a Papist. In 1745 during the advance of the Highland army he set off to collect the rents of two farms belonging to him, he fell into the hands of the Highlanders and was conducted as a prisoner to Lancaster, but ultimately dismissed. On his return to York the report was spread that he had invited the rebel army to York, and on November 30 he was committed to York Castle as "a suspicious person to his Majesty's government." The magistrates signing the arrest being Thomas Place, Recorder of York, and Dr Jaques Sterne (uncle of the author of *Tristram Shandy*). There appears to have been no foundation for these charges, but Burton was treated with great severity and sent to London in custody. Ultimately he was released in July 1747. In 1749 he published a pamphlet, *British Liberty endangered, demonstrated by the following narrative, wherein is proved from Facts, that J. B. has hitherto been a better friend to the English Constitution in Church and State, than his persecutors. Humbly dedicated to the most Reverend and Worthy the Archbishop of Canterbury* (Herring). With a proper Preface by John Burton, of York, M.D. London. 8vo. pp. vi, 75. The narrative is imbued with a strong feeling of bitterness against his opponents, among whom Jaques Sterne was on all occasions the most conspicuous and inveterate. The truth of Burton's narrative has not been questioned. These unfortunate circumstances involved Dr Burton in much pecuniary loss and embarrassment. In 1751 he published *An Essay towards a complete new system of Midwifery*, London, 2 vols. 8vo. A French translation by Le Moine was published at Paris in 1771. And in 1755 *A Letter to William Smellie, M.D., containing critical and practical remarks upon his treatise on the Theory and Practice of Midwifery, wherein the gross mistakes and dangerous methods of practice recommended by that writer are fully demonstrated and generally corrected*, London, 1753, 8vo. pp. 250.

In his later years he was occupied in making great and valuable collections for the History and Antiquities of the county of York. The first and only volume of the *Monasticon Eboracense, and the ecclesiastical history of Yorkshire* was published

at York in 1758. He continued to make collections for further volumes, but his scheme was never carried out. To the copy of the first volume in the King's Library of the British Museum are appended the first eight pages of the second volume.

In 1771 he sold the whole of his collections (16 volumes folio, 30 volumes quarto, and 30 bundles of original charters) to William Constable, of Burton Constable, for a sum of money and an annuity to himself and his wife.

The annuity was not long paid as Dr Burton died 19 January 1771, aged 62, his wife dying 28 October 1771, aged 58. They were buried in the church of Holy Trinity, Micklegate, York, where there is a monument to their memory. (*Yorkshire Archaeological and Topographical Journal*, ii, 403-440; Davies, *Memoir of the York Press*, 240, 326; Nichols, *Illustrations*, iii, 375.) It is said that Laurence Sterne satirized Dr Burton under the title of 'Dr Slop' in *Tristram Shandy* (*Illustrations of Sterne with other essays*, by John Ferrier, M.D. i, 129; Fitzgerald, *Life of Sterne*; *Notes and Queries*, 3rd Ser. v, 414).

P. 54 no. 42. John Elam was ordained Deacon 5 August 1733 by the Archbishop of York and licensed to the curacy of Wath and Adwick upon Dearn. He was ordained Priest 1 June 1740 by the Bishop of Lincoln, being then curate of Claxby with Normanby, co. Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Tickhill, Yorks., 31 July 1740 and held the living until his death 29 April 1774. He was buried in the south aisle of Tickhill Church.

P. 54 no. 44. John Bradley, son of William Bradley, of Coreley, Salop, gentleman, matriculated at Oxford from Wadham College 25 June 1717, aged 16. He took the degree of B.A. at Oxford in 1721, and the M.A. at Cambridge from St John's in 1727. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Carlisle 21 March 172 $\frac{1}{2}$ and Priest by the Bishop of Lincoln 11 April 1725. He was instituted Rector of Ribbesford with the Chapel of Bewdley, co. Worcester, 20 April 1725, and Vicar of Stottesdon, co. Salop, 28 October 1727. On 13 September 1727, when he is described as chaplain to John, Earl of Cassillis, he received a dispensation to hold both livings, then stated to be of the respective values of £150 and £100, and to be contiguous. Both livings were vacant in 1730.

P. 54 no. 45. Isaac Walton, the father, was curate of Marsden, Yorks., for 32 years. He was buried there 25 August 1728, aged 55. Isaac Walton, his son, "student at St John's College in Cambridge," was interred there 29 June 1730, aet. 25 (Hulbert, *Annals of the Church in Almondbury*, p. 432).

P. 54 no. 46. Thomas Davison, the father, was a member of the College. See his admission Part ii, P. 83 no. 37. He died 30 April 1724 and was buried in St Oswald's, Durham, where there is a monument to his memory, as well as that of his wife and four daughters (Munk, *Roll of the Royal College of Physicians*, i, 496; Carlton, *The monumental inscriptions of the Cathedral, Parish Churches, and Cemeteries of the City of Durham*, i, 141).

Robert Davison did not graduate. One of these names was instituted Vicar of Croxdale, co. Durham, 10 October 1742, holding the living until 1759. On 22 December 1759 one Robert Davison was instituted Vicar of Ellingham, co. Northumberland, holding the living until 1768.

P. 54 no. 48. Thomas Swaine was ordained Priest by the Archbishop of York 22 September 1745 and licensed to the curacy of Bardsey, Yorks., with a stipend of £30. He graduated as Swaine (not Swain as in the Register) and was also ordained in that name.

P. 54 no. 49. Benjamin Bayley was ordained Deacon 5 August 1733 by the Archbishop of York and licensed to the curacy of Bradford, Yorks., with a stipend of £25.

P. 54 no. 50. The following account of the Bate family is due to Mr John T. Maitland (of Poplar Walk, Croydon). The family of Bate was seated in the southern and south-eastern districts of Kent as early as the first year of King Edward II, mention being made of an action-at-law wherein William Bate of Westgate near Canterbury was plaintiff (*Kentish Files*, 1 Edward II). In 1478 Henry Bate left benefactions to fraternities in Lydd Church, Kent (*Hist. MSS. Commission*, Vol. v, Part i, Appendix, Lidd). Members of the family served as Jurats and Bailiffs of Lydd from 1500 to 1660; one branch being termed "the most ancient house," while others were engaged in more humble occupations. They were thriving and

successful however. James Bate, a yeoman of Lydd, married in 1603 Alice Glover of Saltwood, Kent. Their son Richard was twice married. By his first wife, Susan, daughter of George Isham of London, he had a son James, afterwards of Ashford, gent., who by his wife Mary had four sons and five daughters. Their third son Richard (B.A. All Souls' College, Oxford 1695) married 12 April 1702 Elizabeth, daughter of the Rev. Michael Stanhope, Rector of Boughton Malherbe. He was afterwards Vicar of Chilham (1711-1737) and Rector of Warehorne (1719-1737), both in Kent. But whilst he served the curacy of Boughton Malherbe his sons James, John and Julius were born. Richard Bate died 4 March 1738 and there is a monument to his memory in Chilham Church (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, iii, 53-58).

James Bate (who acted as tutor at St John's to his two younger brothers) was born at Boughton Malherbe and baptized there 14 February 1703. He was educated at the King's School, Canterbury, proceeding from there to Corpus Christi College, Cambridge, where he took the B.A. degree in 1722. He was prae-elected to a fellowship at Corpus College (as to this custom see Nichols, *Literary Illustrations*, v, 309), but before admission there, was admitted a Fellow of St John's 7 June 1726 on the nomination of the Bishop of Ely. He was ordained Deacon 18 December 1726 and Priest 1 June 1729 by the Bishop of Ely. He accompanied as chaplain the Hon. Horatio Walpole, Ambassador to Paris, and he refers to this step in the preface to his *Rationale of the Liberal Doctrine of Original Sin*, as "my hard fate in my younger years to serve one of our Ambassadors abroad," and "that unfortunate expedition of mine (how ruinous soever it was to my private fortunes)." On his return he was presented by the King to the Rectory of St Paul's, Deptford, and instituted 23 June 1731. He shortly afterwards married his wife Rebecca (who was buried at St Paul's, Deptford, 25 March 1767). They appear to have had four children: Mary, Richard, Elizabeth, James. Richard was an East India merchant and a successful man. James was apprenticed 5 December 1752 for seven years to John Coles of Fleet Street, stationer (*Records of the Worshipful Company of Stationers*), and was made free of this Company 1761. He resided at Birch Lane, where he sold his father's book above-named and was living in 1775. The Rector of Deptford died at the Rectory 3 and was buried at St Paul's 7 September 1775. He was the author of a number of books, a list of which is given in Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, iii, 56 note. He was a good classical and Hebrew scholar; his writings are in a lighter style than most of the authors of his day and interspersed with native wit. He was a strong opponent of Hutchinsonianism and a follower of Sir Isaac Newton's philosophy. His funeral sermon was preached by the Rev. Colin Mylne, B.D., who gave him a high character for conscientiousness, learning, personal piety and zeal. His will dated 12 November 1774 was proved in London in September 1775, by his only surviving child James Bate.

John Bate (twin brother of Julius) was born at Boughton Malherbe 13 March 1700 and was baptized the same day. He took the degree of B.A. in 1730 and M.A. 1742. He was ordained Deacon 18 February 1738 by the Bishop of Lincoln (at the instance of the Archbishop of Canterbury), and Priest 30 March 1736 by the Bishop of Winchester. He was instituted Rector of Warehorne, Kent, 18 April 1737, on the presentation of the King, and held the living until death. He died in Great Russell Street, Bloomsbury, in the parish of St Giles' in the Fields, 22 October 1761. His will was proved in the Prerogative Court of Canterbury by his executrix and daughter, Catherine Mary Bate, 28 September 1762.

P. 54 no. 51. Julius Bate was born at Boughton Malherbe and baptized the same day as his brother John, and took his degree in the same year. He was ordained Deacon 9 June 1734 by the Bishop of London, and Priest 2 November 1735 by the Bishop of St David's. He was an intimate friend of the celebrated theological writer John Hutchinson and was one of the party known as Hutchinsonians. The party was small and much ridiculed, they were however all honourable men, of great learning, probity and piety. Their apology was written by Dr George Horne, Bishop of Norwich. Through Hutchinson's influence Julius Bate was presented to the Rectory of Sutton, Sussex, by Charles, Duke of Somerset, and instituted 3 November 1735. He was instituted Rector of Clapham, Sussex, 21 July 1742. On 12 July 1742 when he is described as chaplain to William, Earl of Harrington, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Sutton (valued at £80) with Clapham (valued at £40), the two benefices being stated to be eight miles apart. He held both livings until his death 7 April 1771 at

Arundel. "He was well known to the learned world for his many excellent tracts in explanation and defence of the Hebrew Scriptures. His evangelical principles of religion shone with a steady lustre, not only in his writings but in his life. Disinterested and disdaining the mean acts of ambition, his preferment in the Church was always small. As a Christian and a friend, humble and pious, tender, affectionate and faithful, as a writer warm, strenuous, and undaunted in asserting the truth. Few hath he left his equals, none his superior" (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1771, p. 192).

As above stated Julius Bate was a friend of Hutchinson, he was with him in his illness, and assisted Spearman in editing Hutchinson's *Philosophical and Theological works*. Bate himself was a voluminous author, he was principally engaged in opposing Warburton's *Divine Legation of Moses*. His publications were: (i) *The examiner examined; or the examination of the remarks upon, and Mr Calcott's answer to the observations upon his sermon considered*, London 1739, 8vo.; (ii) *An essay towards explaining the third chapter of Genesis and the spiritual sense of the law. In which the third proposition of the Divine Legation, and what the author hath brought to support it, are considered*, London 1741, 8vo. [In the preface to the *Divine Legation* "one Julius Bate" is accused "in conjunction with one Romaine, of betraying conversations and writing fictitious letters," Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, iii, 54; v. 570]; (iii) *The philosophical principles of Moses asserted and defended, from the Misrepresentations of Mr David Jennings*, 1740, 8vo.; (iv) *Remarks upon Mr Warburton's Remarks &c., tending to shew that the Ancients knew that there was a future state; and that the Jews were not under an equal Providence. With an explanation of some passages in Job which relate to Christianity*, London 1745, 8vo.; (v) *The faith of the ancient Jews in the law of Moses, and the evidence of the types vindicated. In a letter to the Rev. Dr Stebbing*, London 1747, 8vo.; (vi) *Proposals for printing Hutchinson's works*, 1748; (vii) *A Defence of Mr Hutchinson's plan, being an answer to the Modest Apology*, 1748; (viii) *Micah v. 2 and Matt. ii. 6 reconciled; with some remarks on Dr Hunt's Latin Oration at Oxford* 1748, and *Dr Grey's last words of David, and David numbering the people*, London 1749, 8vo.; (ix) *An Hebrew grammar; formed on the usage of the words by the inspired writers; being an attempt to make the learning of Hebrew easy*, London 1751, 8vo.; (x) *The use and intent of Prophecy and History of the Fall cleared*, 1750, 8vo.; (xi) *A defence of the Hutchinsonian tenets against Berington*, 1751; (xii) *The Scripture meaning of Eloim and Berith*, 1751; (xiii) *The blessing of Judah by Jacob considered; and the Era of Daniel's weeks ascertained, in two Dissertations*, 1753, 8vo.; (xiv) *An enquiry into the occasional and standing similitudes of the Lord God in the Old and New Testament, or, the forms made use of by Jehovah Aleim to represent themselves to true believers before and since the law of Moses. With a dissertation on the supposed confusion of tongues at Babel*, London, 8vo. n. d. circ. 1754; (xv) *The integrity of the Hebrew text and many passages of Scripture vindicated from the Objections and Misconstructions of Mr Kenuicott*, London 1755, 8vo.; (xvi) *A reply to Dr Sharp's Review and Defence of his Dissertations on the Scripture meaning of Berith. With an appendix in answer to the Doctor's discourse on Cherubim, Part I*, 1755. *A Second Part of the Reply to Dr Sharp. With an Appendix in Answer to the Doctor's discourse on Cherubim*, 1756; (xvii) *Remarks upon Dr Benson's Sermon on the Gospel Method of Justification*, London 1758, 8vo.; (xviii) *Critica Hebraica, or, a Hebrew-English Dictionary without Points, in which the several Derivatives are reduced to their original Roots, their specific significations from thence illustrated, and exemplified by passages cited at length from Scripture, the several Versions of which are occasionally corrected. The whole supplying the place of a Commentary on the words and more difficult passages in the Sacred Writings*, London 1767, 4to. This was his chief work. In the *Monthly Review*, xxxvi, 355, it is noticed as follows: "We have here a very considerable body of Hutchinsonian divinity, philosophy, and criticism. Mr Bate has long been distinguished as one of the most redoubtable champions of that sect; and this present work will, if we mistake not, be regarded as his greatest effort to serve and maintain that cause:—a cause which, nevertheless, we cannot but look upon as being now in a very declining way, notwithstanding the many loads of learned lumber that have been brought as props and buttresses to support it. In his Preface, Mr Bate warmly attacks the 'hydra of pointing,' as he terms it. He commends the courage of Capellus, who ventured to encounter this monster, and vanquished it, as he says, together with its renowned advocate Buxtorf." After Mr Bate's death was published (xix) *A new and Literal Translation*

from the original Hebrew of the Pentateuch of Moses, and of the Historical Books of the Old Testament, to the end of the Second Book of Kings; with Notes Critical and Explanatory, 1773, 4to.

P. 54 no. 52. Samuel Johnson was B.A. 1730, M.A. 1738. He was admitted an Extra-Licentiate of the Royal College of Physicians, London, 25 October 1738. He practised at Canterbury, and dying there 20 June 1763 was buried at St Mary's, Northgate, in that city (Munk, *Roll of the Royal College of Physicians*, ii, 139).

P. 54 no. 1. John Rogers was ordained Deacon 24 September 1732 and Priest 23 September 1733, on the latter occasion he was licensed to the curacy of Uffington, co. Lincoln, all by the Bishop of Lincoln.

P. 55 no. 3. One Henry Moore, esquire, son and heir apparent of the Hon. and Rev. Henry Moore, of Malpas, Cheshire, S.T.P., was admitted a student of the Inner Temple, 6 February 172 $\frac{1}{2}$. The Hon. Henry Moore was Rector of the higher mediety of Malpas from 1713 to 1770.

P. 55 no. 4. Richard Musgrave, son and heir of Richard Musgrave, of Ballyen, co. Waterford, Ireland, gentleman, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple, 8 July 1728.

P. 55 no. 5. William Brage, second son of William Brage, of Hatfield Peverell, Essex, esquire, was admitted a student of Gray's Inn 10 February 172 $\frac{1}{2}$ (Foster, *Gray's Inn Admission Register*, 369). See the admission of an elder brother, P. 18 no. 19.

P. 55 no. 7. Peter Legh was the second and eldest surviving son of Thomas Legh by his wife Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Fleetwood, of Bank. Peter Legh succeeded to the Lyme Hall and Newton estates on the death of his uncle, Peter Legh, of Lyme. He was returned as M.P. for Newton, co. Lancaster, 15 December 1743, at a by-election, when he is described as of Calveley, co. Chester. He was returned as M.P. for the same borough 1 July 1747, 17 April 1754, 30 March 1761 and 19 March 1768, sitting until 1774. He died 23 May 1792, aged 84. He married Martha, daughter and sole heiress of Thomas Bennet, of Salthorpe, co. Wilts. She died at Lyme 21 June 1787, aged 79, and was buried at Wroughton, Wilts. They had three daughters. The present representative of the eldest daughter is Lord Lilford (Foster, *Pedigrees of the County Families of Lancashire*, Legh of Lyme Hall; Pink and Beavan, *The Parliamentary Representation of Lancashire*, 288).

P. 55 no. 8. Thomas Williams took the degree of M.B. in 1733.

P. 55 no. 9. Thomas Allgood, bailiff of Hexham, made his will 3 December 1709, and died in or before 1713, leaving a son James Allgood, Rector of Ingram, co. Northumberland. This James Allgood was admitted to the College 24 June 1689 (Part ii, P. 116 no. 34). He was instituted Rector of Ingram 15 July 1703. He married at St Andrew's, Newcastle-on-Tyne, 3 December 1706, Barbara Crow. His will, dated 27 May 1744, was proved 1 June 1744. The *Parish Register* of St Nicholas, Newcastle, records his burial in that year. The *Parish Register* of Ingram does not record the baptisms of any of James Allgood's children. A son Lancelot was buried there 6 July 1708 and a daughter Barbara 1 June 1714 (Mr H. M. Wood). The *Parish Register* of All Saints, Cambridge, has the following entry: 173 $\frac{1}{2}$, Crow Allgood, Bachelor of Arts of St John's College, was buried.

P. 55 no. 10. Christopher Mayes was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Ely 21 December 1733, and Priest by the Bishop of London 19 December 1736. Cole in his *Athenae Cantabrigienses* (Brit. Mus. Add. MSS. no. 5876) has the following. "Mr Mayes was the son of a small Tradesman of Cambridge, admitted of St John's College and afterwards for many years one of the three *Conducts* of King's. Where on account of his disputatious and metaphysical genius he was adapted for wrangling in the Scholes, with which the King's men are utterly unacquainted; and on that account he almost constantly in their turn served the office of Moderator in the Sophs Scholes for them, and was so constant a preacher at St Mary's that some Grace was offered, if not passed to prevent it. His Discourses not being the most entertaining, yet he not an ignorant man, but of a strange confused metaphysical head. He preached a Sermon in 1745 on the Rebellion, and for many years served the two churches of St Peter's and St Giles' as Curate for Dr Zachary Grey, and was near having possession of a Living in Lincolnshire appropriated for the Conducts, when his Intellects were so much shattered as to be incapable of taking any cure. He was a most thin meagre man and looked

upon as always, while I was of the Society for 17 years, to be a very honest, harmless, inoffensive, yet positive and disputatious to a degree, Man. Yet some four years ago, Mr Betham told me that he was a vicious man and very indecent latterly, and talked much in the deistical way. Perhaps when his intellects were shaken. At last he removed into the Chapel Clark's house, Henry Maulden, whose wife was as mad as himself, where he died and was buried in the College Chapel. I always esteemed him as a very honest good sort of man, but strangely odd, which was resolved into his metaphysical turn of mind and absences."

In the Journal of University matters kept by Henry Hubbard, President of Emmanuel College and Registry of the University from 1758 to 1778, a copy of which is contained in Cole's Collections (Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. no. 5852), under date 10 October 1756, is this entry:

"Mr Yates, Cath. Moderator.

Mr Mayes, Regal: offered for Moderator. Grace stopped by Non-Regents. Non-Placets, 8. Placets, 3. Ditto for Examiner stopped, Non-Placets, 8. Placets, 2.

"N.B. Though Mr Yates and Mr Mayes were in the same Grace, they passed for Mr Yates: the Non-Placets declaring that they only objected to Mayes."

To this Cole adds the following note: "The occasion of the Disturbance against Mr Mayes was, his being a constant Hackney at St Mary's, in Exercises in the Scholes, and Moderator Deputy for the People of King's College; who not doing Exercise, as all other Colleges are obliged, in the Scholes, they are shy and averse from appearing there when necessary. Mr Mayes had been educated at St John's, a Cambridge Man, son to a small Joyner, a decent well behaved man all my time in College, tho' Mr Betham gave me a sad character of him, after I had left it, but poor man he was then insane, and ought to have been confined. He was one of the three Conducts in the College, a Station not the most eligible among a set of people, very unlike all the rest of the University, and coming from Eton good Scholars and in high esteem of themselves, are but too apt to undervalue and use contemptuously those among them, whom they conceive their inferiors. Mr Mayes was by no means deficient as a Scholar; as a Metaphysician much their superior. But a metaphysical turn, and absences, and an oddity of Behaviour, gave weak people an handle to ridicule him, which they often made an unmerciful use of. W. C. 1780."

Christopher Mayes published a *Thanksgiving Sermon at St Giles', Cambridge*, 9 October 1746. Cambridge 1746, 8vo. (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1746, p. 616). He died 29 January 1764 in his 54th year (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 4 February 1764).

Cole (MSS. Cole ii, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5803, p. 42 b) has this note:—"On Sunday 29 January 1764, died, after a long illness, Mr Christopher Mayes formerly of St John's College and near 30 years one of the Conducts of King's College, a Curate near as long to Dr Zachary Grey in St Giles' and St Peter's churches. He was born in Cambridge, where his parents were low tradesmen but honest people, and their son a very honest inoffensive man, who printed a Rebellion Sermon in 1745. He was aged 54 years at his death, and had been somewhat disordered in his head for some years before his death. He died in the Butcher Row, leaving his rooms at College for better attendance during his illness, and was attended by the Fellows of the College to King's College Chapel, where he was buried."

P. 55 no. 13. This is perhaps Evan Lloyd Vaughan, younger son of Richard Vaughan, of Corsygedol. Richard Vaughan was M.P. for Merioneth. Evan Lloyd Vaughan was appointed Constable of Harlech Castle 17 July 1754 and was re-appointed for life 6 May 1761. He was High Sheriff for the County of Denbigh 1766-7. He was returned as M.P. for the County of Merioneth 24 February 1774, and again on 9 November 1774, 12 October 1780, 6 May 1789, and 9 July 1790, sitting until his death 4th December 1791, aged 86. This age it will be observed does not agree with that in the College Register (Williams, *Parliamentary History of the Principality of Wales*, 117).

P. 56 no. 15. The *Parish Register* of All Saints, Cambridge, records the burial of one 'Richard' Powell, Scholar of St John's, 7 December 1731.

P. 56 no. 16. John Arderne was the eldest son of Richard Arderne of Harden, co. Cheshire, esquire, and Anna Maria, daughter of Sergeant Bigland of Sandiacre, co. Derby. John Arderne was baptized at Stockport 3 May 1709. He married at Scarborough, 30 August 1735, Sarah, daughter of Cuthbert Pepper, of Pepper Hall,

near Northallerton, co. York. In later life he preferred to use the name Arden instead of Arderne. He was living at Offerton in 1742, was High Sheriff of Cheshire 1761. He died 3 December 1786 and was buried at Stockport. His wife was buried at Stockport 24 July 1753. Their second son, Richard Pepper Arden (B.A. Trinity 1766), became Master of the Rolls, Lord Chief Justice of the Common Pleas and first Lord Alvanley (Earwaker, *East Cheshire*, i, 471, 476, where there is a pedigree).

P. 56 no. 17. John Dale took the degree of M.B. in 1734.

P. 56 no. 18. The Christian name of the father was probably James, see P. 62 no. 9.

Christopher Anstey was admitted a Fellow of the College 25 March 1735, his Fellowship was filled up again in April 1754. He was ordained Deacon 5 March 173 $\frac{1}{2}$ and licensed to the curacy of Brinkley, co. Cambridge, and Priest 29 June 1734, when he was licensed to the curacy of Borough Green, co. Cambridge, all by the Bishop of Ely. He was presented by the College to the Vicarage of Holme on Spalding Moor, Yorks., 23 June, and instituted 16 August 1753. He was instituted Rector of Armthorpe, Yorks., 30 May 1768. On 9 May 1768 he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Holme with Armthorpe, the value of the livings being stated at £155 and £120 respectively and their distance apart not more than 20 miles. He was collated to the Prebend of Asgardby in Lincoln Cathedral 30 April and installed 30 May 1772. He held all his preferments until his death. Dr John Sykes of Doncaster sends the following extracts: (1) From the *Parish Register* of Armthorpe: "1784 June 17 The Rev. Mr Christopher Anstey, Rector of this Parish, died suddenly, was buried the ... in Doncaster church"; (2) From the *Parish Register* of Doncaster: "1784 June 23 The Revd. Christopher Anstey, Rector of Armthorpe, buried." In the church of St George, Doncaster, destroyed by fire in 1853, there were memorials of Anne, wife of Christopher Anstey, who died in 1777, aged 52, and of Mr Anstey himself. On the Anstey family see *Notes and Queries*, 1881, ii, 324-5; 1882, i, 31.

P. 56 no. 19. Mansfield Price was admitted Fellow of the College 25 March 1735, he was transferred to a Law Fellowship 11 February 173 $\frac{3}{4}$ (which entitled him to hold his Fellowship without taking Orders), became a Senior Fellow 11 April 1752 and held his Fellowship until his death. He was nominated by the College to the Second Mastership of Shrewsbury School 6 February 173 $\frac{3}{4}$, and admitted by the Deputy Mayor of Shrewsbury 11 March following. He resigned his Mastership 9 September 1737 (Fisher, *Annals of Shrewsbury School*, 222, 228, 470). He was ordained Deacon 23 September 1744 and Priest 9 June 1745 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He acted as Sacrist of the College from 18 February 174 $\frac{3}{4}$ to 11 April 1750; he was Steward from 3 March 1759 until 22 February 1760 when he became Junior Bursar, holding this office until his death. He died in his College rooms of a mortification in his foot 5 October 1765 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 12 October 1765). His library was sold in 1766 by Baker and Leigh of York Street, London (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, iii, 630). The *Parish Register* of All Saints, Cambridge, has the following entry: "1765, October 10, The Rev. Doctor Mansfield Price of St John's College (buried)."

P. 56 no. 20. Benjamin Wingfield was the son of the Rev. Philip Wingfield, incumbent of St Julian's, Shrewsbury. He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Hereford 22 September 1734. He was instituted Rector of Hanwood, Salop, 14 November 1734 and Rector of the first portion of Pontesbury, Salop, 28 November 1750. On 16 May 1743 John Lloyd, perpetual curate of St Mary's, Shrewsbury, died. The Mayor of Shrewsbury and the Headmaster were unable to agree on the choice of a successor. The Mayor advocated the claims of Benjamin Wingfield, who had been appointed a public preacher by the Corporation. Hotchkis, the Headmaster, urged that Wingfield did not possess the statutory qualification of having been educated at Shrewsbury School. He had been there for a year but was removed to Wem Grammar School. The presentation lapsed to the Crown and the Lord Chancellor nominated Wingfield about January 174 $\frac{3}{4}$. He held all his preferments until his death. In the church of Pontesbury on stones on the floor within the Communion rails there are the following inscriptions: "The remains of Mrs Anne Wingfield, wife of the Rev. Mr Benjamin Wingfield, A.M., rector of the first portion of Pontesbury, who died 21st January 1755;

The Rev. Benjamin Wingfield, M.A., rector of the first portion of this church, died 26 September 1763, aged 53" (*Annals of Shrewsbury School*, 225; Owen and Blakeway, *History of Shrewsbury*, ii, 383; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1827, i, 297 a).

P. 56 no. 21. John Tempest, the elder, was M.P. for the County of Durham 1706. John Tempest, the younger, was returned as M.P. for the City of Durham 23 April 1742 at a by-election, and on 27 June 1747, 15 April 1754, 6 April 1761 at general elections. He did not sit in the Parliament of 1774. He was Mayor of Hartlepool in 1747 and 1758. He died in 1776 (Bean, *The Parliamentary Representation of the Six Northern Counties of England*, 156). The *Parish Register of St Nicholas, Durham*, has the following entries: "1710, April 28, John, son of Mr John Tempest, baptized." John Tempest, the younger, married at Messington, co. Durham, Frances Shuttleworth. John Tempest was buried at St Giles's, Durham, 7 May 1776; his wife was buried there 18 June 1771.

P. 56 no. 22. The *Parish Register of St Nicholas, Durham*, has the following entry: "1713, October 7, William, son of Mr John Tempest, baptized." William Tempest was living in 1737.

P. 56 no. 23. James Lewen was ordained Deacon 18 February 173 $\frac{2}{3}$ by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed to the curacy of Ashwell, Herts. He was instituted Vicar of Westbury, with the Chapel of Priddy, co. Somerset, 14 June 1734, Patron King George II. by lapse. He held the living until 1753.

P. 56 no. 24. After taking his degree Robert Lamb was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Lincoln 23 September 1733. He was for some time a Minor Canon of the Cathedral Church of Durham, and afterwards perpetual curate of South Shields. He was instituted Vicar of Norham, co. Durham, 28 October 1747 on the presentation of the Dean and Chapter of Durham and held this until his death in 1795, at Edinburgh, and was buried there. He published: (1) *The History of Chess; together with short and plain instructions, by which any one may easily play at it without the help of a teacher*, London 1776, 8vo. (2) *An Exact and Circumstantial History of the Battle of Flodden, in verse; with Notes*, Berwick 1774, 12mo. London 1775, 8vo. The notes to the latter give the best insight into Lamb's eccentric genius. He states that he undertook them to "divert his mind, oppressed with the severe weight of a recent complicated affliction, the death of an only son and of an amiable and affectionate wife." The account was printed from a manuscript in the possession of John Askew, esq., of Pallinsburn. Besides these he is known to have been the author of the ballad *The Laidley Worm of Spindleton Heugh*, which so far deceived Hutchinsonson that he inserted it in his *History of Northumberland* (ii, 16) as an antique.

Mr H. F. Boyd (*Notes and Queries*, 5th Ser. iv, 520) gives the following curious account of Lamb's marriage. After leaving College, young Lamb lived for some years as a bachelor in Durham. One day, having had occasion to go about some parcel to the house of Mr Nelson the carrier, he was struck by the energy and activity of the carrier's daughter Philadelphia Nelson. He thought no more of it at the time. On his appointment to Norham he found himself in a position to support a wife. Then he remembered Philadelphia Nelson, and wrote at once to ask her to be his wife, telling her that if she thought well of his proposal she must come to Berwick by the coach, and he would meet her there. But, said he, we have met but once, and that is many years ago; you will not know me; I shall not know you. If, therefore, you come, bring a tea-caddy under your arm and walk down upon the Berwick pier. I will meet you there early in the morning. Upon the day fixed Miss Nelson came and went down upon the pier as Lamb had told her. An old customs-house officer going his rounds, saw a young woman at nine o'clock, saw the same young woman at twelve o'clock, saw her finally at six in the evening, this time weeping bitterly. On questioning her kindly, she poured into his ears the tale of Lamb's treachery and deceit. "Oh," said the old man, "cheer up, my lass. Come home with me to-night, and we'll go over together to Norham in the morning. Lamb is a friend of mine, a good fellow, but absent-like in his mind. I'll warrant he's forgotten all about it." This proved to be the case. Lamb fulfilled his engagement to Miss Nelson and they were married.

The *Parish Register of Norham* contains the following entry among the marriages.

"1755, April 11. Robert Lambe, of this parish, in the diocese of Durham, batchelor, and Philadelphia Nelson, of the parish of Kensington in the diocese

of London, spinster, were married in this church by licence the eleventh day of April 1755, by me Thomas Wrangham, Curate—present Thos. Taylor, Margaret Peacock.”

Philadelphia, daughter of ——— Nelson was buried at Gilligate, Durham, 13 January 1772.

The *Parish Register* of Norham contains the following entries with regard to the Vicar's family.

i. *Baptisms*. “1756. Philadelphia, daughter of Robert Lambe, Clerk, Vicar of Norham, and Philadelphia his wife, was born on Wednesday the 14th of April, 45 minutes past eleven of the clock at night and baptized upon Easter Sunday, April 18, 1756.

“1759. Robert, son of Robert Lambe, Clerk, &c... was born Thursday, March the 15th, 20 minutes past ten of the clock, in the morning, and baptized Friday, March 16th, 1759.

“1763. Ralph, son of Robert Lambe, Clerk, &c... was born Tuesday, Sept. the 13th, 35 minutes past one of the clock in the morning, and baptized Tuesday, September the 13th, 1763.

“1775. Robert, son of Alexander Robertson, of Eymouth in Scotland, esq., and of Philadelphia Lambe, daughter of Robert Lambe, Vicar of Norham, was born at Berwick on Monday, November the 6th, at half an hour past six of the clock in the morning, and was baptized on Sunday, November the 26th, 1775, by Mr Rumney, Vicar of Berwick.

“1777. William, son of Alexander Robertson and of Philadelphia Lambe, was born on Wednesday, May the 28th, at 9 of the clock in the morning, and was baptized at Eymouth by the said Robert Lambe, Vicar of Norham, Thursday, June the 12th, 1777.

“1779. Alexander Home, third son of Alexander Robertson and Philadelphia Lambe, was born on April the 19th, at a quarter of an hour past seven of the clock in the morning, and was baptized at Eymouth in Scotland by Robert Lambe, Vicar of Norham, Wednesday, the 21st of April, 1779.

“1781. Philadelphia, daughter of Alexander Robertson and Philadelphia Lambe, was born on Friday the 5th of January, at half an hour past seven of the clock in the morning, and was baptized by Mr Rumney, Vicar of Berwick, the 28th of January, 1781.

“1782. Elizabeth, daughter of Alexander Robertson and Philadelphia Lambe, was born at Berwick, Friday, the 18th of July, at half an hour past two of the clock in the morning, and was baptized by Mr Rumney, August the 4th, 1782.

“1785. Catharine, daughter of Alexander Robertson and Philadelphia Lambe, was born at Peelwalls in the parish of Ayton on Monday, August the 8th, at half an hour past four o'clock in the evening, and was baptized by the Rev. Robert Lambe, Friday, Sept. the 10th, 1785, at Peelwalls.”

ii. *Marriages*. “1773, Aug. 24. Alexander Robertson, of the parish of Berwick, esq., and Philadelphia Lambe, of this parish, daughter of Robert Lambe, Clerk, Vicar of Norham, were married in this church by licence from Robert Lambe, Surrogate, the 24th day of August, 1773, by me, Robert Lambe, Vicar—present William Alder, George Home, Robt. Robertson.”

iii. *Burials*. “1764. Ralph, son of Robert Lambe, Vicar of Norham, June 25.

“1771. Robert, son of Robert Lambe, Vicar of Norham, aet. xiii. Sept. 24.”

(*Notes and Queries*, 5th Ser. iv, 308, 392, 418, 492, 520; v, 178; x, 337; Raine, *History of North Durham*, 264; Hutchinson, *History of Northumberland*, passim.)

Raine states that two grandsons of Robert Lambe, the Rev. George Robertson and the Rev. James Robertson, were ministers in the Church of Scotland, the former of Ladykirk, the latter of Coldingham.

The Rev. George Home Robertson studied at the University of Edinburgh. He was licensed by the Presbytery 8 June 1819. Presented by George, Prince Regent, and ordained 23 September 1819, Minister of Ladykirk in the Presbytery of Chirnside. He died at Dumfries 12 January 1842. He married 6 December 1820 Elizabeth, daughter of Charles Kennedy, esq., of St Catharine's, and had a son Alexander Keith, and a daughter.

James Home Robertson was licensed by the Presbytery 10 August 1824. He was presented by George IV. 25 May and ordained Minister of Coldingham in the Presbytery of Chirnside 20 September 1827. He died 6 July 1847. He married,

17 February 1829, Jane, eldest daughter of John Dickson, esq., of Peelwalls; she died 20 December 1843 (Scot. *Fasti Ecclesiae Scoticanæ*, ii, 431, 443).

P. 56 no. 25. William Kay was ordained Deacon 18 February 1733 by the Bishop of Lincoln, when he was licensed to the curacy of Yarborough, co. Lincoln; he was ordained Priest 6 October 1734 by the Bishop of Chester. On 2 July 1734 he was licensed by the Archbishop of York to be curate of St Mary, Bishophill the younger, in the city of York, with a stipend of £26, and on the same day had letters dimissory to be ordained Priest. He was instituted Rector of Nunnington, Yorks., 23 May 1737. On 25 September 1738, when he is described as chaplain to Charles, Viscount Preston, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold the Vicarage of Ampleforth, Yorks., with Nunnington, the two benefices being about 3 miles distant from each other. Both were vacant in 1798.

P. 56 no. 26. Christopher Burton was a younger brother of John Burton (admitted 19 June 1727, P. 53 no. 41). He was ordained Deacon 21 September 1735, and licensed to the curacy of St Ives, Hunts., and he was ordained Priest 21 December 1735, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Cherry Burton, Yorks., 8 April 1736. In the Parish of Kirkthorp, Yorkshire, there is a monument with this inscription: "Mr John Burton of Heath late of London | Merchant, died April 10th 1743 in the 73rd year of | his age and was here interred: | Who having acquired a competent Fortune | by Trade with the dearest Reputation was | obliged on Account of his Health to retire | into the Country where He spent the last | twenty years of his Life. | He married Margaret the Daughter of the | Revnd Mr Leake late Vicar of this Parish, | She died Jan^y 19th 1712 aged 22 | having brought Him four children viz.: | Margaret, John, Christopher and Jane | the two Daughters died Infants, and lie buried | with their mother in All Saints Church at | Colchester in Essex. Christopher was | Rector of Cherry Burton in the East Riding | of this County, which He enjoyed but few | Years, dying July 6th 1740 in the 30th year of his Age. | John the only surviving son a | Physician, now resident at York as a Token | of gratitude to his Parents erects this | Monument to their Memories" (*Yorkshire Archaeological and Topographical Journal*, i, 59).

P. 56 no. 27. Egerton Leigh, son of Peter Leigh, of Rosthern, Cheshire, clerk, matriculated at Oxford from Christ Church 18 July 1721, aged 19. He took the degree of LL.B. at Cambridge from St John's in 1728 and the LL.D. in 1743. He was ordained Deacon 25 September 1726 and Priest 20 August 1727 by the Bishop of Chester. He was instituted Rector of one Mediety of Lymm, Cheshire, 20 June 1728, and Rector of Middle, Salop, 17 July 1746. On 27 June 1746 he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Lymm (valued at £80) with Middle (valued at £200), the two being 27 miles apart. He ceded both these livings on his institution 22 June 1749 to the Vicarage of Upton Bishop, Herefordshire. This he held until his death. He was appointed Archdeacon of Salop 1 January 1749, and was collated 10 May 1742 to the Prebend of Bullinghope Magna in Hereford Cathedral, holding these preferments until his death. He was also Master of the Hospital of St Katharine at Ledbury. He died at Bath 5 February 1760. Dr Egerton Leigh was three times married, first to Anne, daughter and heiress of Hamlet Yates of Crowley, secondly to Elizabeth Drinkwater, and thirdly to Cassandra Phelps. He left issue by all three (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*; Burke, *Landed Gentry*, Leigh of West Hall; Hardy's *Le Neve*, i, 484, 497; Nichols, *Literary Illustrations*, iv, 329). See the admission of a son P. 136 no. 7.

P. 56 no. 28. See the admission of Nathaniel Weston the father, Part ii, P. 162 no. 41. William Weston was admitted a Fellow of the College 25 March 1735. He was ordained Deacon 2 March 1735, and Priest 1 June 1735 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He succeeded his father as Vicar of Empingham, Rutland, being instituted there 2 June 1735. The Bishop of Peterborough licensed him to the curacy of Greatham, co. Rutland, 24 July 1736. He ceded Empingham in 1743, when on the presentation of Lord Gainsborough he was instituted Vicar of Campden, Gloucestershire, 10 January 1743. He was presented by the College to the Rectory of Meppershall, Beds., 8 May, and instituted 12 June 1765. He was licensed by dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Meppershall (valued at £200) with Campden (valued at £160), the livings being stated to be 29 miles apart. He was collated by the Bishop of Lincoln to the Prebend of Gretton in

Lincoln Cathedral 22 May 1771, holding these pieces of preferment until his death 22 April 1791 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 7 May 1791).

William Weston was a writer of some prominence. He published: (1) *Some kinds of Superstition worse than Atheism; two sermons* [on Philipp. iii. 6] preached before the University of Cambridge. To which is prefixed an account of the Author's usage by the Deputy Vice Chancellor (Cambridge?), 8vo. 1739. Cole has this note on him with reference to these sermons—"He is a very warm man, and for some imprudent sermons at St Mary's, in which he gave the preference to Atheism above Popery, which I heard, he was called before the Vice-Chancellor, Dr Long, Master of Pembroke, I think; but would make no submission." (2) *An Enquiry into the Rejection of the Christian Miracles by the Heathen; wherein is shewn the low opinion they had of Miracles in general, and this accounted for from their situation and circumstances*, Cambridge, 8vo. 1746. Bishop Hurd wrote a criticism of this with the title *Remarks on a late book, entitled, An Enquiry &c.* Bishop Warburton, writing to Hurd, said, "It gives me great pleasure to understand you was the author of that fine pamphlet, which has now made that egregious coxcomb's foolish book no more spoken of" (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, vi, 471). (3) *The moral Impossibility of conquering England, and the Absurdity of the Dispensing Power of the Pope. Three Sermons* [the two first on Galat. iv. 18, the third on Deut. xxv. 11] preached before the University of Cambridge, at St Mary's Church, during the progress of the Rebellion, Cambridge, 8vo. 1746. (4) *Dissertations on some of the most remarkable wonders of Antiquity; on the darkness at the Passion; on the Pool at Bethesda; on the Thundering Legion; on the miraculous earthquake at Jerusalem; on the fall of Simon Magus at the prayer of St Peter etc.*, Cambridge, 8vo. 1748. "Mr Weston, called at Cambridge *Pat Weston*, left his property to Mr Postlethwait, of Fleckney, brother to Mr Postlethwait, one of Lord Lowther's obsequient members in the north. One of my people was employed to fetch the Library from Cambridge to Fleckney, where they quietly rotted" (Cradock's *Memoirs*, iv, 317).

P. 56 no. 29. This is probably the Henry Clarke who took the B.A. degree in 1731 (see P. 46 no. 50). He was ordained Deacon 21 September 1735 and licensed to the curacy of Ingoldsbys, co. Lincoln, by the Bishop of Lincoln.

P. 56 no. 30. William Curtiene appears in the *Graduati* as Curteen, B.A. 1731. He was ordained Deacon (as Curteen) by the Bishop of London 24 December 1732. He was instituted Rector of Bradfield St Clare, Suffolk, 9 July 1759 and seems to have held the living until 1795.

P. 57 no. 31. Benjamin Chapman was ordained Deacon 24 December 1732 by the Bishop of Lincoln, at the instance of the Bishop of Norwich. He was instituted Rector of Letheringsett, Norfolk, 23 March 1738 and held the living until 1741.

P. 57 no. 32. John Houghton, son and heir of Ralph Houghton, of Baguley, co. Chester, gentleman, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 31 October 1728. John Houghton of Baghill, esq., was High Sheriff of Cheshire from 28 January to 18 February 1761.

P. 57 no. 33. John Holme was the son of John Holme, of Skeffling, Yorks., by his wife Dorothy (or Dinah, see below), daughter of Matthew Burgh, of Hedon (Poulson, *History of Holderness*, ii, 489, where there is a pedigree). He was admitted a Fellow of the College 13 April 1736. He was ordained Deacon 22 September 1734 and Priest (with letters dimissory from the Archbishop of York) 21 December 1735 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He held the following Yorkshire benefices. He was instituted Vicar of Ulrome 1 May 1745 on the presentation of Sir Griffith Boynton, bart., and Rector of Little Sandal 24 July 1745. He ceded the latter on his institution 31 March 1752 to the Rectory of Huggate, holding this with Ulrome by licence. He was presented by the College to the Rectory of Brandesburton 5 November and instituted 18 December 1755. On 15 December 1755 he had a dispensation to hold Huggate (valued at £150) with Brandesburton (valued at £190), the benefices being stated to be 16 miles apart. He was instituted Rector of Barmston 16 January 1760, on the presentation of Sir Griffith Boynton. On 14 January 1760 he had a dispensation to hold Brandesburton (valued at £200) with Barmston (valued at £150), the benefices being stated to be six miles apart. He held these with Ulrome until his death. In the church of Skeffling is a monument

with the following inscription: "Here are deposited the remains of the Rev. John Holme, B.D. (son of John and Dinah Holme, late of Paulholme and Skeffling), Rector of Brandesburton and Barmston. He died 25 November 1775, aet. 64."

He left by will certain securities, the interest on which was to be distributed to the poor of Barmston, Brandesburton, Ulrome, and Skeffling by the incumbents of those parishes (Poulson, *History of Holderness*, i, 205, 212, 237; ii, 502).

P. 57 no. 35. John Brearcliffe was ordained Deacon 4 June 1732 and licensed to the curacy of Cleckheaton in the parish of Birstal with a stipend of £30; he was ordained Priest 5 August 1733, all by the Archbishop of York. He was instituted Rector of Todwick, Yorks., 6 August 1733, holding the living until his death in 1736.

P. 57 no. 36. Nunn Prettyman (or Pretymán) was ordained Deacon 24 September 1732 by the Bishop of Lincoln (at the instance of the Bishop of Norwich). He was instituted Rector of Brampton 3 June 1742, Rector of Frostenden 3 September 1742, and Rector of Cotton 24 September 1743, all co. Suffolk. He vacated Frostenden in 1743, but held the other livings until his death. On the N. side of the chancel of Cotton Church there is a black marble slab with this inscription: "In memory of | the Rev^d Nunn Pretymán | late Rector of this parish | who after 50 years residence | departed this life | April the 6th 1793 | in the 86th year of his age | respected by his parishioners | and much regretted by his | Friends |." Arms above (Pretymán): A lion passant, between 3 mullets. Crest: Two lion's gambes erect, holding a mullet (Davy, *Suffolk Collections*, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 19,089).

P. 57 no. 38. John Tailer graduated B.A. as Taylor in 173½. He was ordained Deacon 24 December 1732 and licensed to the curacy of Roxby, co. Lincoln, he was ordained Priest 19 September 1736, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He appears to have been in residence at the time, for the College *Conclusion* (or Order) *Book* has the following entry: "11 December 1736, Agreed that Sir Taylor be allowed his Commons."

P. 57 no. 39. William Thompson was ordained Deacon 5 March 173½, and licensed next day to be curate of the parish church of Ripley, with a salary of £30 and his *table*, he was ordained Priest 10 December 1732, all by the Bishop of Chester. He was master of the Grammar School at Burnsall-in-Craven from 1734 to 1746, and was also curate of the parish from 1734 to 1742 (Stavert, *The Parish Register of Burnsall-in-Craven*, vol. i, p. x; vol. ii, p. v). Mr M. H. Peacock writes: Mr Clark left Wakefield School for Kirk Leatham School in 1720 (*cf.* admission of William Kay, P. 56 no. 25). The Rev. Benjamin Wilson, M.A., Fellow of Trinity College, was master of Wakefield School from 1720 to 1751.

P. 57 no. 40. Paul Batcheller, the elder, was a member of the College (Part ii, P. 135 no. 6). Paul Batcheller, the younger, was ordained Deacon 20 May, and Priest 11 November 1733 by the Bishop of Chichester. He succeeded his father as Rector of Storrington, Sussex, being instituted 12 November 1733. He was instituted Rector of Pulborough, Sussex, 10 December 1736. On 7 December 1736, when he is described as chaplain to Richard, Earl of Scarborough, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then stated to be contiguous, and to be of the respective values of £150 and £350. He held both livings until his death, and was buried at Pulborough, 19 June 1759 (*The Topographer*, iv, 359). His career is to be distinguished from that of Paul Batcheller, son of Goner Batcheller of St Paul's, Covent Garden, London, who matriculated at Oxford from St John's College 8 July 1729; was B.C.L. 1735 and D.C.L. 1741. This Oxford man was ordained Deacon 21 March 173½, and Priest 6 March 173¾ by the Bishop of London.

P. 57 no. 41. John Smallwood took the B.A. degree in 1731. He was licensed perpetual curate of the Chapelry of Maer or Mere, co. Stafford, 5 September 1734.

P. 57 no. 42. John Walton was instituted Vicar of Corbridge, Northumberland, 29 January 174½, and held the living until 1765.

P. 57 no. 43. The name should be Mainwaring. Edward Mainwaring was the eldest son of Edward Mainwaring, of Whitmore, co. Stafford, by his first wife Jemima, daughter of Edward Pye of Faringdon, Bucks., M.D. He married in 1735 Sara, one of the three daughters and coheirresses of William Bunbury, Benchet of the Inner Temple and Attorney-General of Chester and Flint. Edward Mainwaring was High Sheriff of Staffordshire from 13 February 1767 to 15 January 1768.

At the time of the Scotch Rebellion in 1745 Mr Mainwaring (who was then head of his family) signalized himself by his activity in suppressing it, and marched out at the head of his tenantry against the invaders. In a letter from James Middleton, brother of the Rev. John Middleton, perpetual curate of Hanley, dated 28 December 1745, the following passage occurs: "I was at Whitmore with Esq. Mainwaring the day before Christmas day, and he told me he had taken about a hundred of them (i.e. the Rebels), and killed about thirty, and they had killed about ten of ours; and we look every day when the Duke overtakes the whole body of them" (Ward, *History of the Borough of Stoke-upon-Trent*, 356, 517, 519, where there is a pedigree). Edward Mainwaring died at Whitmore Hall in 1794 or 1795, aged 84. See the admission of a younger brother P. 60 no. 35.

P. 58 no. 2. Henry Osborne, the father, son of William Osborne, of Knoyle, Wilts., plebeius, matriculated at Oxford from Trinity College 18 March 1689, aged 17. He was Vicar of Great Waltham 1703–1720, Rector of West Hanningfield 1713–1737, and Vicar of Thaxted 1720–1735, all in Essex (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). Henry Osborne, his son, was ordained Deacon 10 March 1733, and Priest 25 September 1737, by the Bishop of London. He held the following livings, all in Essex. Instituted Vicar of Lindsell 27 September 1737, ceding this on being instituted Rector of Little Easton 11 October 1744, and ceding this on being instituted Vicar of Thaxted 15 November 1752, holding this last living until 1759.

P. 58 no. 5. Michael Tyson was born at Martindale 6 January 1719. He was ordained Deacon 23 September 1733, and licensed to the curacy of Ufford, co. Northampton, he was ordained Priest 21 September 1735, all by the Bishop of Peterborough. He was instituted to the Rectory of St George's, Stamford, 7 July 1743, to that of Whittering, Northamptonshire, 5 February 1743, and to that of Greford, Lincolnshire, 14 September 1753. On 25 August 1753, when he is described as chaplain to Brownlow, Earl of Exeter, he had a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Whittering (valued at £90) with Greford (valued at £160), the two livings being 10 miles apart. He was collated to the Prebend of Clifton in Lincoln Cathedral 22 May and installed 29 June 1771, resigning this in 1774, when he was collated Archdeacon of Huntingdon 1 January and installed 26 February 1774. He subsequently became Dean of Stamford and died in St Martin's, Stamford Baron, 22 February 1794, aged 84. The *Parish Register* of Little Casterton, co. Rutland, contains the following entry: "1733, March 10 Michael Tyson, clerk, of Ufford, Northamptonshire, and Elizabeth Walburge, widow, of Stamford, Lincolnshire, licence (mar. by Mr Rosse (who granted the licence) when I was at Lincoln assizes) chaplain to Thos. Burrell, esq. of Ryall, High Sheriff" (*Genealogist*, i, 164).

This Elizabeth Walburge was sister of Noah Curtis, of Wilsthorpe, Lincolnshire, esq., and widow of Dr Simon Walburge (of St John's College, *Admissions*, Part iii, P. 8 no. 17; M.B. 1722, buried at Barholme, Lincolnshire, 19 April 1734).

The *Parish Register* of Collyweston, Northamptonshire, contains the following entry: "1765 Rev. Michael Tyson, of the parish of St Martin's, Stamford Baron, Clerk, and Mrs Elizabeth Lucas of this parish, spinster, mar. by lic. 31 Dec." (*Genealogist*, iv, 168). She died without issue.

By his first wife Michael Tyson had an only child, Michael, born 18, and baptized 19 November 1740, at All Saints, Stamford. He entered Corpus Christi College, was B.A. 1764, M.A. 1767, B.D. 1775. He was admitted Fellow of his College 1775. He was ordained Deacon at Whitehall 11 March 1770, and was curate of St Benet's, Cambridge, F.S.A. 1767, F.R.S. 1770. He was instituted Rector of Lamborne, Essex, 16 March 1778, holding the living till his death on 4 May 1780 at Brentwood (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 13 May 1780). He was buried at Lamborne. He married on Saturday 4 July 1778 Margaret Wale, youngest daughter of the late Mr Hitch Wale, of Shelford (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 11 July 1778). Miss Wale was sister of Sir Charles Wale, of Shelford, and one of the toasts of the day. Their only child Michael Curtis Tyson was born at Lamborne 13 May 1779, and was admitted to Merchant Taylors' School 14 September 1790 and died 12 April 1794. His property went to Sir John Smith, of Sydling, Dorset. The library of Michael Tyson, Rector of Lamborne, was sold by Leigh and Sotheby in 1781 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1794, p. 900). An account of Michael Tyson, the Rector of Lamborne, will be found in Nichols' *Literary Anecdotes*, viii, 204–210; some extracts from

his correspondence, *ibid.* 567–672. He was a correspondent of William Cole, and there are many letters from, and references to him, in Cole's Collections.

P. 58 no. 6. William Guest had letters dimissory from the Archbishop of York in 1733 to be ordained Deacon, he being nominated to be assistant curate at East Markham, Notts. He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Lincoln 19 September 1736. He was instituted Rector of Collyweston, Northamptonshire, 6 July 1751, and held the living until 1783. (He is referred to in the preface to Simon Mason's life, *A narrative of the life and distress of Simon Mason, apothecary, Birmingham, n.d. p. i.*)

P. 58. no. 7. William Cole (MSS. Cole, xxi) has preserved a number of epitaphs collected or written by Philip Williams, Fellow and Tutor of the College. Amongst these is the following:

"Mr Bostock's Epitaph: Epitaphium Richardi Bostock de Congleton in Agro Cestriensi.

"M.S. | Caroli Bostock Johannis filii | ejus mores simplissimos, pietatem vere Christianam | atque laudabilem in bonis literis | progressum et industriam | vix licuit prius laetis aspicere | quam humentibus oculis coelitus est mandatum | spes omnes lethifera phthisi | praereptas plorare. | Nondum enim per triennium | in Aedibus Div: Johan: Cantabrigiae | disciplinae studiis incubuerat | neque quantum aetas jam percurrerat lustrum | cum vitae necisque Arbitr | supremam claudere viam | Chorisque Sanctorum inseri jussisset | Prid. Id. Jul. An. Sal. 1731 |."

Cole adds: "This is wrote on a quarter sheet of paper in Dr Williams his hand, just in the manner I have copied it above: so whether the first two lines relate to the composer of the Epitaph, or whether it is a mistake or misnomer I know not, no more than I do where it is erected" (Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5822, fol. 98).

P. 58 no. 8. Peter Needham, son of Peter Needham, of King's Somborne, Hants., matriculated at Oxford from Hart Hall 21 March 171 $\frac{1}{2}$, aged 17. He took the B.A. degree at Oxford from New College 20 February 17 $\frac{1}{2}$, and the M.A. at Cambridge from St John's in 1729 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*).

P. 58 no. 9. George Ferne was ordained Deacon 23 September 1733, and Priest 21 September 1735 by the Bishop of Peterborough. He was instituted Vicar of Wigtoft with Quadring 15 November 1737, and Vicar of Burgh with Winthorpe 31 August 1739, both co. Lincoln. On 23 August 1739, when he is described as chaplain to William, Earl of Kilmarnock, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, their respective values being stated to be £90 and £65, and to be about 25 miles apart. Both livings were vacant in 1790.

One George Ferne was instituted Rector of Manton, co. Lincoln, 2 March 173 $\frac{1}{2}$; the living was filled up again in December 1738.

P. 58 no. 10. John Lowndes was admitted a Fellow of the College 25 March 1735; his Fellowship was filled up again 11 March 173 $\frac{1}{2}$.

P. 58 no. 11. Peter Nourse, the father, was a member of the College (Part ii, P. 72 no. 6). Peter Nourse, the younger, was ordained Deacon 22 December 1734 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He became a Fellow of Peterhouse and was appointed by that Society to the Vicarage of Cherry Hinton, co. Cambridge (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1742, p. 108). He was instituted Rector of Witesham, Suffolk, 9 April 1757. In a corner between the north wall of the chancel and the Communion rails of Witesham Church is a stone with this inscription: "Here | lyes interred the body of | Peter Nourse | M.A. | late Rector of this parish. | He died the 22 day of June | 1758 | aged 49 years" (Davy, *Suffolk Collections*, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 19,086, fol. 417).

P. 58 no. 13. Edward Creffield, the elder, was admitted to the College 14 April 1696 (Part ii, P. 139 no. 17). Edward Creffield, the younger, incorporated B.A. at University College, Oxford, 19 July 1735, proceeded M.A. 12 July 1736, and became Fellow of that College 28 July 1736. He proceeded B.D. from Magdalen College 1747 and D.D. 1764. He was ordained Deacon 21 December 1746 and Priest 14 June 1747 by the Bishop of Oxford (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He was instituted Rector of Candlesby, Lincolnshire, 14 May 1757, but ceded it on being instituted Rector of Bildeston, Suffolk, 9 January 1758, holding this until his death. He was collated to the Prebend of Ailesbury in Lincoln Cathedral 21 July and installed 3 August 1781, but resigned this before 22 March 1782 (Hardy's

Le Neve, ii, 98). He was instituted Rector of Great Holland, Essex, 22 March 1782 and was licensed by dispensation 16 March 1782 from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Bildeston (valued at £150) with Great Holland (valued at £300), the two livings being stated to be not more than 22 miles apart. He held this but a short time, as he died at Bildeston 3 April 1782 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1782, p. 206). He is stated also to have been Rector of Basing in Hampshire. The *Gentleman's Magazine*, l.c. states: His ancestors for several centuries were seated at Popes, near Great Tey in Essex. His benevolent disposition gained him the esteem of all who knew him; his charity was manifested not only in his life, but in his testament; and his classical and critical knowledge eminently distinguished him among his contemporaries. He was unmarried and devised his estates to Thomas Astle, who had married the heir general of the Creffields (*The Essex Review*, iv, 122; *East Anglian N. S.* iii, 94, 226). He was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 5 July 1729 as son and heir-apparent of Edward Creffield, of Chappell, Essex, clerk.

P. 59 no. 14. Henry Marshall, the father (perhaps of Trinity College, B.A. 1690, M.A. 1694), was instituted Vicar of Orby 2 July 1698 and Rector of Fulletby 30 June 1704, both co. Lincoln; he held both livings until 1741.

Henry Marshall, the younger, was admitted a Fellow of the College 2 April 1734; his Fellowship was filled up again 22 March 1743. He was ordained Deacon 5 June 1734 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Salmonby 13 October 1735, Vicar of Ashby Puerorum 9 May 1764, and Rector of Halton Holgate 6 January 1778, then ceding Ashby. Both Salmonby and Halton Holgate were filled up in 1779. All three benefices are in Lincolnshire. See the admission of his son P. 163 no. 6.

P. 59 no. 15. Venn Eyre, only son of Ambrose Eyre, of the Middle Temple, esquire, was admitted a student of that Inn 17 October 1727.

Ambrose Eyre, son and heir of William Eyre, of Chelsea, co. Middlesex, esquire, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 18 November 1702.

This William Eyre was probably the William Eyre, son and heir of Ambrose Eyre, of Whiteparish, co. Wilts., gentleman, who was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 2 April 1679.

Venn Eyre migrated to St Catharine's College, where he became Fellow. He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Lincoln 5 June 1737. He was instituted Rector of Great Stambridge, Essex, 9 December 1737, and Rector of Stambourne in the same county 9 February 1740. He was collated to the Prebend of Llanyfydd in St Asaph Cathedral 9 August 1751, and collated to the Archdeaconry of Carlisle with the Rectory of Great Salkeld in Cumberland, annexed 2 March 1756. He held all these pieces of preferment until his death. He died 18 May 1777 at Lynn in Norfolk, where he was Lecturer. He was a brother-in-law of Edmund Keene, Bishop of Ely (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 31 May 1777; Hardy's *Le Neve*, i, 87; iii, 250).

P. 59 no. 17. See the admission of an elder brother P. 44 no. 26. "Alexander" son of Mr John Penne, Vicker of Edwinstow, and Mrs Elizabeth his wife, was baptized at Edwinstow 28 February 1710" (*Parish Register* of Edwinstow printed by Mr G. W. Marshall, Worksop, 1891). He was no doubt the Alexander Penn, licensed as assistant curate of Edwinstow at a stipend of £32 2 November 1744 (*ibid.* p. 188). The same *Parish Register* records the birth of "Alexander, son of Alexander Penn Cur^d," 27 August 1745. The burial of "Gartrude daughter of the Rev. Mr Penn" 13 February 1750. And the burial of "The Rev^d Mr Penn," 14 May 1751 (*ibid.* 121, 127, 128).

P. 59 no. 18. Stephen Newton was ordained Deacon 20 May 1733 and licensed to the curacy of Wilby, co. Lincoln, he was ordained Priest (with letters dimissory from the Archbishop of York) 22 September 1734, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Strensall, Yorks., 9 March 1743 and held the living until 1761.

P. 59 no. 22. John Hargreaves, the elder, was Rector of Islip, Northamptonshire, from 1706 to 1743.

John Hargreaves, the younger, was ordained Deacon 22 September 1734, and licensed to the curacy of Keystone, Hunts., he was ordained Priest 21 September 1735, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. One of these names was instituted Vicar of

Guildsborough, Northamptonshire, 2 April 1741, ceding it on his institution 26 April 1744 to the Rectory of Cranford St Andrew, in the same county; the latter living was vacant in 1761.

P. 59 no. 24. Eustace Cass had letters dimissory from the Archbishop of York to be ordained Deacon 5 March 173 $\frac{3}{4}$. He was licensed on 12 March to be curate of Hackness, with a stipend of £20. He was instituted Rector of Thirkleby, Yorks., 15 May 1750 and held the living until his death in 1790.

P. 59 no. 26. The *Parish Register* of St Edward's Church, Cambridge, contains this entry among the burials:

"1734 January 7, Thos. Rawlins, A.B. of St John's College, in ye Body of ye church."

P. 59 no. 27. William Richardson took the degree of M.B. in 1736, M.D. in 1741. With his elder brother he studied under Boerhaave at Leyden. He settled at Ripon, Yorks., where he was in extensive practice, until bad health obliged him to decline his profession in the prime of life. He was universally beloved and respected by a very numerous acquaintance. He wrote two Papers in the *Philosophical Transactions*: *An Essay on the Force of Percussion* (lviii, 17; *Abridgement*, xii, 498); *Observations on the Aphides of Linnaeus* (lxi, 182; *Abridgement*, xiii, 120). On the death of his elder brother he succeeded to the family estates, but continued to live at Ripon, where he died 23 July 1783, and was buried at Cleckheaton Chapel, where a monument to his memory was erected by his grand-niece Miss Currier, with the following inscription: "Near this place are deposited | the mortal remains of | William Richardson of Ripon esq., M.D. | He was born Feb. 22, 17 $\frac{30}{31}$ | died unmarried at Ripon 1783 | . He was successful in his profession | of strict integrity; kind to the poor | and irreproachable in all the relations of life. His benevolence and meekness of temper | made him beloved in life and lamented in death. | Above all, he feared God; and in him | true faith was accompanied by | Christian obedience" (Nichols, *Illustrations of Literature*, i, 234, 242; where there is an account of the family; pedigrees are also given in Whitaker's *Craven*, and James, *History of Bradford*, 417, and continuation pedigrees iii).

P. 60 no. 28. John Green took the degree of LL.B. in 1735. He was ordained Deacon 22 December 1734 by the Bishop of St David's, and Priest 21 September 1735 by the Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry. He was instituted Rector of Ashton-upon-Mersey, co. Chester, 23 July 1767, on the presentation of Rosamond Norton, of Sheffield, widow, and held the living until his death in 1774.

P. 60 no. 29. William Chilcott took the B.D. degree as a 'ten year man' in 1739 and the D.D. in 1745. He was licensed to the perpetual curacy of St Lawrence, New Brentford, in 1726, and instituted Rector of Stow Maries, Essex, 4 December 1727. He held both livings until his death 19 September 1760 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1760, p. 490 a; Hennessey, *Novum Repertorium*, 195, where the date of his death is given as 24 September, this may be the date of his burial).

P. 60 no. 30. Gilbert Allenson was ordained Deacon 23 September 1733 by the Bishop of London, and Priest 2 December 1734 by the Bishop of St David's. He was instituted Rector of Warden, Kent, 15 November 1735 on the presentation of Diana Hosier, of London, widow of Francis Hosier, esq. He was also instituted Rector of Little Parndon, Essex, 28 May 1742. He held the latter living until 1767 and the former until 1776. He was appointed by the Brewers' Company Headmaster of Aldenham School in 1738, when he is described as curate of East Church, Kent. There were constant complaints of his neglect as a schoolmaster, and on 11 March 1757 the Brewers' Company notified the College that they had dismissed him for neglect of duty (Gibbs, *The Registers of Aldenham, Herts.*, 177-8). See the admission of his father Part ii, P. 175 no. 34.

P. 60 no. 31. William Burrow was elected a Fellow of the College 11 March 173 $\frac{3}{4}$. He was ordained Deacon 21 September and Priest (at a special ordination) 28 September 1740 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was presented by the College on 15 February 1757 to the vicarage of Barrow-upon-Soar, Leicestershire, and instituted 8 March. He was instituted Rector of North Wingfield, Derbyshire, 12 June 1758 in succession to his father. In June 1758 he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Barrow (valued at £140) with North Wingfield (valued at £300), the two livings being 24 miles apart. He held both livings until his death, unmarried, at North Wingfield 9 September 1794, at the age of 83

(*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1794, p. 869; Hunter, *Familiae Minorum Gentium*, Harl. Soc. Publ. xxxvii, 308, where there is a pedigree). When he was instituted Vicar of Barrow-upon-Soar he was also licensed by the Bishop of Lincoln to the Free School of Barrow-upon-Soar 8 March 1757.

P. 60 no. 32. Thomas Bright was ordained Deacon 10 March 173 $\frac{3}{4}$ and licensed to the curacy of St Michael's in Stamford, he was ordained Priest 20 June 1736 and licensed next day to the curacy of Spalding, co. Lincoln, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted to the Vicarage of Irthlingborough 13 December 1738, and to the Vicarage of Higham Ferrers 19 June 1740, both in Northamptonshire; to the Rectory of Little Peatling, co. Leicester, 9 November 1741. He ceded all these on his institution 18 February 174 $\frac{3}{4}$ to the Vicarage of Ecclesfield, Yorks. In the chancel of Ecclesfield Church is a slab with the following inscription: "Here lieth the body of the Revd. Thomas Bright, Vicar of Ecclesfield, who departed this life the 23rd day of January 1768, in the 56th year of his age. Also here lieth the body of Isabella, wife of the aforesaid Thomas Bright, Vicar; who departed this life the 26th day of November 1786, in the 82nd year of her age" (Eastwood, *History of the Parish of Ecclesfield*, 208, 249).

In Hunter's *History of Hallamshire* (ed. Gatty) p. 359 there is a pedigree of the family of Bright of Netheredge. In this it is stated that the Vicar of Ecclesfield was the second son of Joseph Bright of Netheredge (third son of Thomas Bright of Graystones) by Elizabeth, daughter of John Bright of Bannercross. This it will be observed does not agree with the College Register, where the father's name is given as *Thomas*. The age of the Vicar of Ecclesfield agrees with that given for Thomas Bright in the College Register. One Thomas Bright was instituted Rector of Rushden, Northamptonshire, 23 July 1745, holding the living until 1752.

P. 60 no. 33. The name of Marmaduke Mower is entered in the Register, but it seems probable that Marmaduke is a mistake for Edmund. No Marmaduke Mower matriculated from St John's; while an Edmund Mower signs his name in the University Book on his matriculation 17 December 1729 and proceeded to the degree of B.A. in 1732. No Edmund Mower was admitted to the College according to the Register. Edmund Mower was the second son of Edmund Mower of Newark by Dorothy, daughter of Josiah Stephenson, of Hay Green, near Barnsley. The father died 4 December 1719. Dr Pegge relates that George Mower (brother of Edmund Mower the elder and High Sheriff of Derbyshire in 1734) lived long a bachelor and educated two nephews, Edmund and [Robert], one of these at the University of Cambridge, the other as an attorney at Doncaster. Edmund Mower (of St John's College, Cambridge) was ordained Deacon 5 June 1734 and licensed to the curacy of Manton, co. Lincoln, he was ordained Priest 20 June 1736 and licensed to the curacy of Lea, co. Lincoln, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was licensed by the Archbishop of York to the curacy of Hayton and was also instituted Vicar of Clareborough, Notts., 16 March 174 $\frac{1}{2}$. He died 2 February 1747 (Hunter, *Familiae Minorum Gentium*, Harleian Soc. Publ. xxvii, 221, 222, where there is a pedigree).

P. 60 no. 34. No Edmund Ward appears in the printed *Graduati*, but Marmaduke Ward appears as B.A. in 1732. It seems clear therefore that the keeper of the Register has transposed the Christian names of Mower and Ward. Marmaduke Ward (of St John's College, Cambridge) was ordained Deacon 20 May 1733 and licensed to the curacy of All Saints in Stamford by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Occold, Suffolk, 27 November 1745, ceding this in 1756. He was instituted Rector of Swaffeld, Norfolk, 31 May 1746, and Rector of Beeston-next-the-Sea, Norfolk, 9 February 1765, he held both until his death 6 February 1772. He was father of Marmaduke Ward of St John's (B.A. 1772), who was afterwards a Fellow of Magdalen College, Oxford (*Alumni Oxonienses*).

P. 60 no. 35. See the admission of the father Part ii, P. 150 no. 17. Henry Mainwaring was instituted Vicar of Etwall, co. Derby, 8 November 1740. He was buried at Etwall 4 September 1747. He was also master of Sir John Port's Hospital at Etwall from 1740 to 1746 (Ward, *History of the Borough of Stoke-upon-Trent*, 519, where there is a pedigree; Cox, *Notes on the Churches of Derbyshire*, iii, 163; *Notes and Queries*, 7th Ser. xii, 303).

P. 60 no. 36. Thomas Horton was instituted Vicar of Beenham, Berks., 12 July 1731, he describes himself in the Subscription Book of the Bishop of Salisbury as of St John's College. He ceded Beenham on being collated by the Bishop of

London to the Vicarage of Heston, Middlesex, 21 April 1733 (Hennessey, *Novum Repertorium*, 218). He ceded Heston on being instituted Rector of Hascomb, Surrey, 29 September 1750, on the presentation of Sir John Frederick, bart. He seems to have resigned Hascomb in 1780. He died 4 November 1791 (Manning, *History of Surrey*, ii, 68).

P. 60 no. 37. William Harpur graduated as Harper B.A. 1732, M.A. 1749. One of these names was instituted Rector of Barwick in Elmet, Yorks., 28 April 1740. He died 14 May 1749 and was buried at Barwick in Elmet 16 May.

P. 60 no. 38. Charles Ward was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Ely 21 December 1733. One of these names was instituted Vicar of Whittinghame, Northumberland, 28 October 1763, and held the living until 1773.

P. 60 no. 39. Thomas Gates appears in the printed *Graduati* as Gatis B.A. 1732, M.A. 1736. He was ordained Deacon 22 September 1734 by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed to the curacy of St Lawrence in Hertford. In 1741 he was appointed assistant curate of All Saints' Church, Newcastle-upon-Tyne. He was found dead in the 'Shield Field' (Brand, *History of Newcastle*, i, 393).

P. 60 no. 40. John Birket, son of John Birket, of Milford, Hants., clerk, matriculated at Oxford from Queen's College 26 March 1705, aged 15. He was instituted Rector of Compton Abbas, Dorset, 6 July 1725, and Vicar of Ile Brewers, Somerset, 30 December 1743. He was again instituted Rector of Compton Abbas 27 April 1744. He appears to have held both livings until 1757 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*).

P. 60 no. 41. Thomas Roe, the father, was Vicar of Castleton, co. Derby, where James Roe was baptized 15 July 1711. He was ordained Deacon 12 August 1733 and was licensed next day to be curate of Disley, he was ordained Priest 21 December 1735, all by the Bishop of Chester. He was nominated incumbent of Disley (in Stockport parish, Cheshire) by Peter Legh of Lyme, Esq., and instituted 31 July 1737. He became incumbent of Macclesfield, Cheshire, where he was instituted 1 May 1756, holding both livings until his death. He married at Sutton, 2 January 1753, Elizabeth Harpur of Macclesfield and by her had several children, some of whom became distinguished in after-life. He was buried at Macclesfield 12 April 1765. He published at least two sermons during his lifetime, *True Religion &c.*, preached at Congleton 1763; *The way to enjoy life, a sermon preached in the parochial Chapel of Macclesfield*, Macclesfield, 1763, 8vo. pp. 32. Both are in the Portico Library, Manchester, Adlington tracts, vol. lxxi. After his death a volume of his sermons, *Twenty Sermons, on Several Subjects and Occasions*, by James Roe, M.A., late Minister and Prime Curate of the Parochial Chapel of Macclesfield, Cheshire, was printed at York and published by subscription in 1766. (Earwaker, *East Cheshire*, ii, 99, 506; Earwaker, *Local Gleanings*, 79.)

P. 61 no. 43. The name should be Agar. William Agar took the B.A. degree in 1732.

The College *Admonition Book*, or record of punishments inflicted by the Master and Seniors, contains the following curious entry: "Cum Gulielmus Agar A.B. per literas manifeste falsas fidem facere conatus sit, se in Ecclesia Parochiali de Marske in Com. Richmondiae fuisse baptizatum—Decretum est a Magistro et Senioribus, ut ejusdem G. Agar nomen e tabulis Collegii statim expungeretur. Ita testor I. NEWCOME."

The certificate was no doubt produced with the object of proving him to be eligible to some scholarship or fellowship limited to natives of Richmondshire.

In spite of this fault William Agar was ordained Deacon 18 February 1733 and licensed to the curacy of Pottton, Beds., he was ordained Priest 21 December 1735 and licensed to the curacy of Wragby, co. Lincoln, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Biscathorpe 10 February 1735, Vicar of North Kelsey, St Nicholas, on the same day, resigning the latter however in 1755. He was instituted Rector of South Kelsey 1 June 1743, all county Lincoln. He was Rector of Biscathorpe and South Kelsey at the time of his death in September 1776 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 28 September 1776). He was the author of: *Military devotion: or the soldier's duty to God, his prince and his country, containing fourteen sermons preached at the Camps near Blandford and Dorchester A.D. 1756 and 1757. With an appendix.* London, 8vo, n. d. [1758.]

P. 61 no. 44. The father, William Steer, Vicar of Ecclesfield, was admitted to the College 14 April 1701 (Part ii, P. 157 no. 27). The son was baptized at Ecclesfield 4 May 1710. He was ordained Deacon 22 September 1734 by the Bishop of Lincoln for the Archbishop of York. He was at Wath and Swinton. He died unmarried in 1771 (Eastwood, *History of the Parish of Ecclesfield*, 207; Hunter, *Familiae Minorum Gentium*, *Harleian Soc. Publ.* xxxviii, 818, where there is a pedigree).

P. 61 no. 45. Joseph Eyre was ordained Deacon 22 September 1734 and licensed to the curacy of Sleaford, co. Lincoln, he was ordained Priest 20 June 1736, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted to the Vicarage of Ruskington, co. Lincoln, 3 January 1738, and to the Rectory of the same place 20 March 1738. He was succeeded in both pieces of preferment by his son Joseph Arnall Eyre (P. 173 no. 28), in the Rectory in May 1780, and in the Vicarage in May 1781.

P. 61 no. a. Richard Hele, the father, was master of the Choristers School and prebendary of Salisbury, Vicar of Britford, and author of a well-known work entitled *Devotions for the Clergy*. He was also author of *Select Offices of Private Devotion*, which has been frequently reprinted. Arthur Hele first joined Trinity College, Oxford, matriculating from there 20 June 1728 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He was ordained Deacon 9 July 1734 by the Bishop of Salisbury. His earliest preferment was apparently the curacy of Sidbury in Devonshire. On 18 May 1749 he was elected usher of the Free Grammar (or Holy Ghost) School of Basingstoke, and on 21 December 1750 obtained from the Corporation a patent of his office for life "in case he should so long reside within the town, and punctually and duly attend, and with conduct and diligence discharge his duty as usher of the said school in teaching and instructing the youths under his care."

In 1750 he published *The Four Gospels harmoniz'd*, on the title-page of this he describes himself as 'Master of the Free School in Basingstoke,' but his real title was usher.

On 12 November 1755 the Bishop of Bath and Wells collated him to the Vicarage of Corston in Somersetshire. In 1758 he was appointed Master of the Free Grammar School at Bath, whereupon he resigned the ushership of the Holy Ghost School, and on 5 October 1762 he was instituted to the Rectory of Charcombe, near Bath. On 19 March 1763 he was instituted to the Rectory of Porlock, in the same county, on the presentation of King George III., and on 23 October 1764 prebendary of Wells Cathedral. He held these preferments up to his death in April 1778. He was buried at Corston on 30 April 1778 as 'Vicar of this parish.' His tomb in the churchyard has been neglected, and the inscription much defaced. All that remains is: "Beneath this tomb is interred the [body of the Rev.] Arthur Hele [M.A. Vicar of this Parish, and Rector of the] Parish Church of Charcombe, [and of] Porlock, [Prebendary of the] Cathedral Church of Wells, and [for nearly] twenty years Master of the Grammar School, in the City of Bath. [A man] of inflexible integrity in all his dealings [with] an openhearted hospitality towards [all his friends and] acquaintances....." The words in brackets are conjectures for filling up the blanks (Hardy's *Le Neve*, i, 209; Baigent and Millard, *History of the Town and Manor of Basingstoke*, 154, 690, 714-5).

The character of *Thwackum* in Fielding's *Tom Jones* is said to have been drawn from Mr Richard Hele (Hoare, *History of Modern Wiltshire*, 602).

P. 61 no. 1. Sir John Williams, the father, was probably the person of that name, a Director of the South Sea Company, who was knighted at Kensington on presenting an address from that Company 23 June 1713 (Le Neve, *Pedigrees of Knights*, *Harl. Soc. Publ.* viii, 509). Sir John Williams, knight, of Stoke juxta Nayland, co. Suffolk, was returned as M.P. for Aldeburgh, Suffolk, 5 May 1730. Richard Williams, esquire, son and heir of Sir John Williams, of Tendring Hall, Stoke near Nayland, knight, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 23 June 1730.

P. 61 no. 2. Joseph Pennington, the father, was baptized at Waberthwaite 16 October 1677. He was M.P. for Cumberland and was appointed Controller of the Cash of the Excise 3 December 1723. He succeeded his father as second baronet, of Muncaster, in 1730. He married at Lowther, 20 March 1706, the Hon. Margaret Lowther, fifth daughter of John, first Viscount Lonsdale. Lowther Pennington was their third son, he did not graduate, and died at Cambridge (Foster, *Penning-*

toniana, viii, where there is a pedigree). He was buried 7 May 1733 (*Parish Register of All Saints', Cambridge*).

P. 61 no. 3. John Lord, the elder (perhaps of Sidney College, B.A. 1701), was Vicar of Kensworth, Herts., 1704–1714, and Rector of Toddington, Beds., 1713–1751. John Lord, the younger, was ordained Deacon 22 September 1734 and was licensed to the curacy of Toddington, Beds., he was ordained Priest 19 September 1736, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Drayton Parslow, Bucks., 28 July 1740, and held the living until 1788. Cole has the following among his notes on the Rectors of Drayton Parslow (MSS. Cole xxxix, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5840, p. 56): “John Lord, A.B., instituted 28 July 1740 on the presentation of John Lord, Rector of Toddington, in Bedfordshire, who purchased the perpetual advowson of Sam. Browne, of Grendon, com. North. It had been a little before conveyed to Browne by T. Whorwood, esq., to whom it fell on the division of the Fortescues’ estate, and he being a Papist conveyed it to Browne.”

P. 62 no. 4. Jonathan Monckton was ordained Deacon 9 June 1734 by the Bishop of Salisbury, he to be chaplain of Bare Court, Berks., and Priest 19 December 1736 by the Bishop of Winchester. He was collated by the Archbishop of Canterbury to the Vicarage of Sittingbourne, Kent, 17 May 1740, ceding this on being collated to the Vicarage of Marden, Kent, 12 November 1742, ceding this on his institution 9 April 1766 to the Rectory of Pangbourne, Berks., this he held until his death. He was latterly very infirm, “being wholly confined to his chamber by blindness and bodily infirmity,” the duty being wholly performed by his curate Dr Romaine (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1795, p. 876). He died at Pangbourne 20 June 1796. “He was particularly distinguished for the virtues of a good heart, which were exhibited by him as a steady and true friend, a charitable benefactor, and a sincere Christian pastor” (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1796, p. 616 b).

P. 62 no. 5. The name should apparently be Jacob Savignac. He did not graduate. Jacob Savignac, of St John's College, Cambridge, was ordained Deacon 22 September 1734, and licensed to the curacy of St Neots, Hunts., by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was ordained Priest 5 June 1737 by the Bishop of Rochester. He was instituted Rector of Snelland, co. Lincoln, 14 May 1743, and held the living until 1747. The *Parish Register of St Swithin's Church in Lincoln* has the following entries which no doubt refer to him: “1744, Jacob, son of the Rev. Jacob Savignac and Ann his wife, was baptis'd December 24; 1747, Mr Jacob Savignac, clerk, was buried May 25th. Affidavit was brought May 28th” (*Associated Architectural Societies' Reports*, xix, 24).

P. 62 no. 6. John Burnaby, of Kensington, Middlesex, widower, was on 7 May 1700 licensed to marry Clara Wood, of St James', Westminster, spinster, 29, at her own disposal. The marriage to take place at St Margaret's, Westminster.

Daniel Burnaby was ordained Deacon 21 September 1735 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and Priest by the Bishop of London 19 September 1736. He was instituted Rector of Hanwell, Middlesex, 13 September 1742, and held the living until his death 12 August 1780.

P. 62 no. 7. Cuthbert Pepper, the father, was perhaps the person of that name, son of John Pepper, of Long Cowton, co. York, gentleman, deceased, who was admitted a student of Gray's Inn 28 January 168§ (Foster, *Gray's Inn Admission Register*, 340).

P. 62 no. 8. Richard Spencer was ordained Deacon 5 June 1737 by the Bishop of Lincoln with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Peterborough. He was a Smyth Exhibitioner of Tonbridge School, and died in 1739.

P. 62 no. 9. Thomas Anstey took the degree of B.A. in 1733. He was buried 17 August 1734. *Parish Register of All Saints' Church, Cambridge*.

P. 62 no. 10. Andrew Parrot graduated as Perrott, B.A. 1733, M.A. 1738. A Rev. Andrew Perrott was appointed Rector of Stone, co. Stafford (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1744, p. 329 b). A Rev. Mr Perrott died 13 December 1790 at Pershore, co. Worcester, in his 79th year; he was “brother to the late Baron Perrott” (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 24 December 1790; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1790, ii, 1149). The Baron of the Exchequer was George Perrott, son and heir of Thomas Perrott, of the City of York, clerk, deceased; admitted a student of the Inner Temple 28 November 1728, called to the Bar 23 June 1732. Became a Bencher of his Inn 13 May 1757; K.C. 1759; Serjeant-at-law 24 January 1763. Baron of the

Exchequer 1763-1775. He died at Pershore 28 January 1780, and was buried at Laleham, Middlesex. It will be observed that the parentage and age of the brother of the Baron correspond with those of the member of St John's.

P. 62 no. 11. Thomas Clerke was admitted Fellow of the College 25 March 1735.

William Cole in his MSS. collections (MSS. Cole xxiii, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5824, fol. 110*b*) has transcribed a letter to him from W. Heberden relating to Thomas Baker, dated Pall Mall, 13 October 1777. In this occurs the passage, "Mr Thomas Clerke, A.M. and Fellow of St John's, and afterwards called to the Bar, spoke a Latin oration in the Chapel at Mr Baker's Funeral."

This identifies the member of the College with Thomas Clerke, son and heir of the Reverend Thomas Clerke, of Beckenham, Kent, who was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 18 June 1743, and called to the Bar 23 November 1744.

P. 62 no. 12. This is probably the John Sparke, B.A., who was ordained Deacon 16 February 173 $\frac{1}{2}$, and Priest 16 April 1738 by the Bishop of London. One John Sparke was instituted Rector of Newton Broomswold, Northamptonshire, 1 September 1746, vacating the living in 1748. A John Sparke was instituted Vicar of Wollaston, Northamptonshire, 16 April 1777, and held the living until 1794.

P. 62 no. 13. William Selwin, gentleman, son and heir apparent of William Selwin, of London, merchant, was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 4 March 173 $\frac{2}{3}$, and was called to the Bar 9 July 1736. He died 24 June 1749.

P. 62 no. 16. Jonathan Peake was ordained Deacon 22 December 1734 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and was licensed next day to the curacy of Holywell, Hunts. He was instituted Rector of Dronfield, Derbyshire, 12 August 1743. He is said to have been some time of Stockport. He died 7 September 1748, aged 36, and was buried at Dronfield. He married Sarah Rossington, daughter of Clement Rossington, of Scropton and Dronfield, Derbyshire, on 26 November 1739. She was buried at Dronfield 16 May 1748. See P. 165 no. 21 for the admission of his son (*Admission Register of Manchester School*, i, 87; Hunter, *Familiae Minorum Gentium*, Harleian Soc. Publ., xxxvii, 342).

P. 63 no. 18. Thomas Marshall was ordained Deacon 19 December 1736 (with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Ely) and Priest 18 December 1737 (with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Peterborough), by the Bishop of Lincoln.

One Thomas Marshall was instituted Vicar of Burton Joyce with Bulcote, Notts., 14 June 1753, and held the living until 1771. A Thomas Marshall was instituted Vicar of Caldecote, co. Cambridge, 14 July 1761, and held the living until 1772.

P. 63 no. 19. Thomas Richard was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Ely 7 June 1734, his title being the curacy of Swaffham Bulbeck, co. Cambridge.

P. 63 no. 21. William Holgate, the father, was instituted Rector of Bigby, co. Lincoln, 21 December 1730, holding the living until 1746. William Holgate, the younger, was the second son of William Holgate and Elizabeth his wife. He was ordained Deacon 10 March 173 $\frac{1}{2}$ and licensed to the curacy of Flixborough, co. Lincoln, he was ordained Priest 22 September 1734 and licensed to the curacy of Heckington with Hale, co. Lincoln, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Roxby with Risby, co. Lincoln, 28 July 1743, holding the living until 1779. He married Miss Sally Pattison and had a son Edward (Notes from Mr C. W. Holgate, The Palace, Salisbury).

P. 63 no. 22. Edmund Walker was ordained Deacon 21 March 173 $\frac{1}{2}$ by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed next day to the curacy of Withern, co. Lincoln.

P. 63 no. 23. William Laidman was ordained Priest 29 August 1736 by the Bishop of Durham. He was instituted Vicar of Warden, co. Northumberland, on the presentation of Walter Blackett, of Wallington, 16 November 1758, and held the living until 1782. John Laidman, the father, was a member of the College (Part ii, P. 150 no. 16). He was Rector of Whalton, co. Northumberland (Hodgson, *History of Northumberland*, Part 2, Vol. i, 376).

P. 63 no. 24. Thomas Milbourn was ordained Deacon 21 December 1735 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed to the curacy of Empingham, co. Rutland. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 13 April 1736. He died 29 October 1743, being then Fellow (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1743, p. 612*b*).

P. 63 no. 25. John Williams was admitted to the Merchant Taylors' School in 1721 when it is stated that he was born 2 April 1712 (Robinson, *Merchant Taylors' School Register*, ii, 58). He was ordained Deacon 1 June 1735 and licensed to the curacy of Holywell, Hunts., by the Bishop of Lincoln.

P. 63 no. 26. Malin Sorsby, the elder, was a Fellow of the College, see his admission Pt. i, P. 121 no. 58. He was instituted Vicar of Swaffham Bulbeck, co. Cambridge, 2 October 1675, ceding this on being instituted Rector of Ryton, co. Durham, 17 October 1679, this he held until his death. The *Parish Register* of Ryton contains the following entries with regard to him and his family: "1684 April 15, Mr Malin Sorsby, Rector, and Mrs Margaret Burwell, married"; and the following baptisms: "1685 April 2, Robert, son to Mr Malin Sorsby, Rector of Ryton parishe" [This son was buried at St Nicholas, Newcastle, in 1764; he was Sheriff in 1722 and Mayor 1731, 1741, 1749]; "1688 (January 17?) William, son to Mr Malin Sorsby, Rector of Ryton; 1688 May 21 James, son, etc.; 1692 August 8, Malin, son, etc.; 1693 [November?] 30 John, son, etc.; 1695 July 30 Henry, son, etc.; 1699 March 12, Jonathan, son, etc.; 1705 September 18, Benjamin, son to Mr Malin Sorsby, Rector of Ryton." And the following entry among the burials: "1706 November 24, the Rev. Mr Malin Sorsby, Rector of Ryton."

P. 63 no. 27. John Summers took the degrees of M.B. in 1736 and M.D. in 1741. On his father's death 22 April 1738 he succeeded to the family estate of Sparrows, in the parish of Sible Hedingham, Essex. He married Elizabeth, daughter of Mr John Bakewell, apothecary in Cheapside. He died at the age of 36 leaving four sons and a daughter (Morant, *History of Essex*, ii, 290 a).

P. 63 no. 28. Samuel Squire was admitted a Fellow of the College 25 March 1735, his fellowship was filled up again 13 March 1744. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of London 17 June 1739, and Priest by the Bishop of Norwich, in the Chapel of Gonville and Caius College, 31 May 1741. Dr John Wynne, Bishop of Bath and Wells, appointed him his Chaplain, gave him the Chancellorship of Wells, collated him 21 May 1743 to the Prebend of Wanstraw in Wells Cathedral, and also to the Archdeaconry of Bath, both of which he held until 1761 (Hardy's *Le Neve*, i, 165, 195). He was instituted Vicar of Winscombe, Somerset, 6 November 1746 on the presentation of the Dean and Chapter of Wells, and Rector of Toppesfield, Essex, 21 November 1749, on the presentation of the King. He ceded both these benefices on his institution 19 April 1750 to the Rectory of St Anne's, Westminster, to which he was collated by Archbishop Herring (being his Grace's option on the See of London). He ceded Toppesfield in favour of Henry Herring, a relation of the Archbishop. He was instituted Vicar of Greenwich, Kent, 22 June 1751, on the presentation of the King. On 18 June 1751 he had a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold St Anne's, Westminster (valued at £300) with the Vicarage of Greenwich (valued at £200), the benefices being stated to be not more than 10 miles apart. He was installed Dean of Bristol 13 June 1760 (Hardy's *Le Neve*, i, 224), holding this until he became Bishop of St David's, to which he was nominated 14 April 1761, and elected 24 of the same month. He was confirmed 23 May and consecrated next day (*ibid.* i, 305). He died 7 May 1766 at his house in Harley Street, London (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1766, p. 247). He held the Vicarage of Greenwich and the Rectory of St Anne's, Westminster, in *commendam* until his death. He was also Clerk of the Closet to King George III. And also Chaplain and Secretary to Thomas Holles Pelham, Duke of Newcastle, and Chancellor of the University from 1748 to 1768; he took the degree of D.D. at his Grace's installation in 1749. He married 13 May 1752 Miss Ardesoif, daughter of a Mrs Thomas Ardesoif, a widow lady of fortune (his parishioner) in Soho Square (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, ii, 349; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1752, p. 240). Mrs Squire died 12 April 1771 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1771, p. 192).

Bishop Squire published the following: (i) *An enquiry into the nature of the English Constitution; or, an Historical Essay on the Anglo-Saxon Government, both in Germany and England*: (ii) *The antient History of the Hebrews vindicated; or Remarks on the Third Volume of the Moral Philosopher*, Cambridge, 1741; (iii) Two Essays, a. *A defence of the antient Greek Chronology*, b. *An enquiry into the origin of the Greek language*; (iv) *Plutarchi de Iside et Osiride liber; Graece et Anglice; Graeca recensuit, emendavit, Commentariis auxit, Versionem novam Anglicanam adjecit Samuel Squire, A.M. archidiaconus Bathoniensis; accesserunt Xylandri*,

Barteri, Bentleii, Marklandi, Conjecturae et Emendationes, Cantab. 1744; (v) *An Essay on the Balance of Civil Power in England*; (vi) *Indifference for Religion inexcusable, or a serious, impartial, and practical Review of the certainty, importance, and harmony, of natural and revealed Religion*, 1748; (vii) *Remarks upon Mr Carte's specimen of his General History of England, very proper to be read by all such as are Contributors to that great work*, 1748; (viii) *The Principles of Religion made easy to young persons, in a short familiar Catechism, Dedicated to (the late) Prince Frederick*, 1763; (ix) *A letter to the Right Hon. the Earl of Halifax on the Peace*, 1763. Nine of his sermons on public occasions were printed including one *At St Andrew, Holborn, before the Governors of the Small-pox Hospital*, 27 March 1760.

Cole in his manuscript Collections (MSS. Cole xxx, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5831, fol. 161 b) quotes from *The Whitehall Evening Post* of 5 June 1766 an account of Squire, which after giving an account of his preferments and writings concludes as follows: "Of the late Bishop Squire it may be truly said, that as a parish minister, even after his advancement to the Mitre, he was most conscientiously diligent in the duties of his functions; and that as a Prelate, in his frequent visits to his See, though he held it but five years, he sought out and promoted the friendless and deserving, in preference frequently to powerful recommendations, and exercised the hospitality of a Christian Bishop. In private life, as a parent, husband, friend and master, no man was more beloved or more lamented." To this Cole adds: "Dr Squire's father was Archdeacon of Wells, if I mistake not: he was often at Cambridge with his daughter, the wife of Dr Whalley, Master of Peterhouse, at his Lodge, and was so horribly afflicted with the stone, as to travel about no other way than in a horse-litter, as I have met him frequently." [It will be observed that Cole is mistaken as to the Bishop's parentage. There is no account of an Archdeacon of Wells of the name of Squire. Francis Squire was Chancellor of Bath and Wells, he was of Merton College, Oxford, and M.A. of St John's College, Cambridge, Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*, see also this *Admission Register*, Part ii, P. 218 no. 22. According to another note of Cole's in his collections for an *Athenae Cantabrigienses*, MSS. Cole Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5880, p. 145, it was the daughter of this Francis Squire who married Dr Whalley]. "The son, as I was told by a contemporary of his at College, Mr John Lord, now Rector of Drayton Parslow in Bucks., was a most haughty proud man, while a scholar at the University, as he told me since the Bishop's death. My personal acquaintance with him was so small that I can say nothing of him positively, of my own knowledge, except that he was a handsome, black man, and very upright. And that, although he was reckoned very ingenious, as his 'Indifference for Religion Inexcusable' evidently shews, as does also his Sermon on Inoculation, yet he was then rather reckoned plodding and laborious, than lively or ingenious. I take it, his great merit was his activity in the Duke of Newcastle's interest, and being nephew to Dr Newcome, and brother-in-law to Dr Whalley, both Heads of Houses, a great Article in the Ladder of Preferment in these days; both which Heads longed greatly for the Mitre which luckily fell upon Dr Squire's head. Certain it is few people were more generally disliked in the University, or worse spoken of, while I was a member thereof, than this person, which also unluckily stuck to him after he left it and had got a Mitre on his head, notwithstanding the panegyric bestowed on him above, but how deservedly I won't pretend to say. The good luck of falling into an easy track of preferment before others, who think themselves as well meriting of it, often is the occasion of envy and detraction. This might be Dr Squire's case with his maligners, who were apt to accuse him of low, dirty servility in attaining these honours, which it is probable they themselves would have thought themselves happy in arriving to, by the same, if not more servile behaviour."

Squire's dark complexion procured him in College conversation, and in the squibs of the time, the nickname of "The Man of Angola." Dr Dodd, who had been his chaplain, had a high opinion of him (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, ii, 348-9, n). When William Warburton was made a Bishop, there were two expectants of his Deanery of Bristol. Josiah Tucker (afterwards Dean of Gloucester) of Bristol, who had done many things in regard to trade, for which he was caressed by the people of Bristol. Dr Squire was the other, who got the Deanery. Warburton said, "One of them made Trade his Religion, the other Religion his Trade" (Nichols, *Literary Illustrations*, ii, 55).

In the year 1750 certain sumptuary and disciplinary rules with regard to persons

in statu pupillari passed the Senate and were approved by the Duke of Newcastle as Chancellor of the University. These caused great heat and animosity in the University, and gave rise to a large number of skits and protests (Cooper, *Annals of Cambridge*, iv, 278—280). Squire was prominently identified with the unpopular legislation, either because he took an active part in promoting it, or because as Chaplain and Private Secretary to the Chancellor he was the channel through which the rules came. In *A Fragment*, attributed to the Rev. Henry Stebbing, Fellow of Catherine Hall, he is referred to as *Dr Squirt* in no complimentary terms (*A Fragment*, p. 19). And in *A Key to the Fragment* by Amias Riddinge, B.D. (i.e. Dr King of St Mary's Hall, Oxford), chapter iv, entitled *Of Dr Squirt*, commences as follows: "This is one Samuel Squib, a furious fanatic preacher, and Sir Thomas Duke's (i.e. the Chancellor's) Chaplain; to which post he recommended himself by that kind of parasitical impudence and adulation, which is generally successful in the houses of great men. Squib is a great pretender to learning of all sorts. He would persuade you, that he is the most sagacious antiquary of the Age, and that no man living is better versed in Natural Philosophy, and the Belles Lettres. But he would be chiefly renowned for his extraordinary skill in criticism, in which, according to his own estimation of himself, he far excels all the Scaligers, Casaubons, Salmasius's, &c. He affirms, that none of the old philosophers understood their own systems, or the Greek poets their own language; and he has published a Treatise on purpose to prove, that neither Terence, Cicero, or Virgil, could write Latin: By which indeed he hath sufficiently proved, that the author of that treatise cannot write English. For, besides that Squib has no knowledge of the matter about which he writes, he is greatly defective in the proprieties of style and grammar. A very learned and ingenious gentleman, a member of one of the Universities [presumably John Taylor of St John's, P. 27 no. 29 is here meant], published a few years since an elaborate Dissertation on the inscription of a famous Grecian marble, which had been brought from Athens. This work was much admired by all persons of good literature; which Squib observing, immediately claimed the merit of it, as the real author, although he had permitted another man, for some particular reasons, to affix his name to the book. And this he did not scruple to affirm, in the presence of several gentlemen, who were well acquainted with his abilities, and knew he was scarce able to read a line in the work, of which he pretended to be the writer. In short, our Squib is a composition of malice, ignorance and impudence; qualities indeed which have been very useful to him in these iniquitous times. For he hath raised himself, like many others of his birth and education, to a great fortune, and possesses at this day about £1000 a year in Church lands. But notwithstanding his wealth and the dignity of his post, Squib is not much respected even by his own party. For he is an eternal talker, and his discourse is a rhapsody of nonsense and blunders." See also *Dictionary of National Biography*; *History of St John's College*, ii, 709. In MSS. Cole xxvi, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5827, fol. 104^b, Cole has further notes on Squire. "He gave for arms, *Sable* three swans' necks crossed, *argent*. His Lordship died at his house in Harley Street on Wednesday evening about 8 o'clock, after a short illness, May 7, 1776. The occasion of his death was his catching a fever from a son coming home from Marybone schole. He left a widow and four or five children. See a dedication to him from his chaplain, Mr Dodd, before his edition of the Bible with notes, where is a very good character of him; different from the abuse in the public prints in the spring of 1764."

P. 63 no. 29. In the south aisle of the old church of All Saints', Cambridge, was a freestone with this inscription: "H. S. E. | Gulielmus Williams Salopiensis | Gulielmi Rectoris Stooke quam terra alluit | Filius unicus | et AED. D. Joh. Evan. | dilectissimus alumnus | quem Paternus ille pagus nascentem conspexit | cal. Apr. 1713 | et extinctum rabie variolarum | Haec Academia ploravit | xi. cal. Mar. 1731 | Ingenii vires cum maturaverat aetas | Iam prope firma, heu, Mors invida raptus abit | Brumales patitur dum spina illaesa pruinās | Florentem fugiens vix videt hora rosam | Mors non tardatur studiis, pietate, juventa | Virtutes numerans credebit esse senem." (MSS. Cole iii, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5804). The *Parish Register* of All Saints' has the following entry: "173 $\frac{1}{2}$, February 21, William Williams, Scholar of St John's, was then buried."

P. 63 no. 30. John Crane, the father, was instituted Vicar of Sturry, Kent, 23 February 17 $\frac{1}{2}$, holding the living until 1734. He was probably of Corpus

Christi College, B.A. 1701. John Crane, the younger, was ordained Deacon 6 March 173 $\frac{1}{2}$ by the Bishop of Rochester and licensed curate of the Parish Church of Beckenham, with a stipend of £25 and "with the privilege of officiating in any other church within the diocese to which he should remove with the Bishop's consent." He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Rochester 28 May 1738. He was instituted Vicar of Great Saling 13 November 1741, and Vicar of Saffron Walden 13 May 1743, both in Essex. In the chancel of the church at Saffron Walden is a monument with the following inscription: "To the memory of the Revd. John Crane A.B. late Vicar of this parish and of Great Saling in Essex, who departed this life the 4th of June 1766, aged 54 years, And also Anne his first wife, who died May 20, 1763, in the 52 year of her age. This stone was laid by his surviving widow. Also 'Ann' his second wife, who died Sept. 1, 1775, in the 37th year of her age." The *Parish Register* of Saffron Walden contains the following entries: "1743. Oct. 6. Mary, daughter of Mr John Crane, Vicar and Anne his wife buried; 1763—Anne, wife of John Crane, Vicar, buried in the middle Chancel; 1766, June 10, The Revd. Mr Crane, Vicar of this parish, was buried in his wife's grave; 1775—'Anne' Crane, relict of the late Vicar, buried."

The Rev. Robert Prentice Crane (of Clare Hall, B.A. 1808), who was Vicar of Tolleshunt Major, and of Heybridge St Andrew, both in Essex, was a grandson of the Rev. John Crane, Vicar of Saffron Walden and claimed to be the representative of the ancient Suffolk family of Crane (Howard, *The Visitation of Suffolk*, i, 162).

P. 63 no. 32. Francis Pinckney did not graduate. One Francis Pinkney was instituted Rector of Neath, co. Glamorgan, 7 March 173 $\frac{1}{2}$, and held the living until 1768.

P. 64 no. 33. Robert James, son and heir of John James of Sudbury, co. Suffolk, gentleman, deceased, was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 28 April 1726.

One John James, second son of John James of Felstead, Essex, gentleman, deceased, was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 17 October 1690. He migrated to Gray's Inn 7 May 1691, and was called to the Bar 19 June 1691, *ex gratia* "he having served in an office of quality belonging to the Great Seal for ten years last past."

Robert James, of St John's College, was ordained Deacon 20 May 1733, and licensed to the curacy of Datchworth, Herts.; he was ordained Priest 22 September 1734, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Shephall, Herts. 27 February 173 $\frac{1}{2}$, and held the living until 1742.

P. 64 no. 34. James Lynam was ordained Deacon 1 June 1735 (in the parish church of Chelmsford) by the Bishop of London. On 15 December 1737 he had letters dimissory from the Archbishop of York to be ordained Priest, and was ordained by the Bishop of London 18 December. On 20 December he was licensed by the Archbishop of York to the curacy of Mansfield Woodhouse, Notts., with a stipend of £30. He became Vicar of Blidworth, Notts. His widow Catherine died 6 February 1785 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 12 February 1785).

P. 64 no. 35. William Worthington, son of Thomas Worthington, of Aberhavesp, co. Montgomery, pleb., matriculated at Oxford from Jesus College 9 May 1722, aged 18. He took the B.A. degree 22 February 172 $\frac{1}{2}$. He took the M.A. degree at Cambridge, from St John's, in 1730; incorporated as M.A. at Oxford 14 July 1730; reincorporated from Jesus College, Oxford, 3 July 1758, and took the B.D. and D.D. degrees at Oxford 10 July 1758 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He was instituted Vicar of Llanyblodwell, Salop, 23 April 1730; was appointed to the third curial Prebend in St Asaph Cathedral 1 November 1737. He was instituted to the sinecure Rectory of Darowen, co. Montgomery, 1 July 1737, then ceding his prebend. But he was appointed to the fourth curial Prebend in St Asaph 1 November 1741, and held this until 1773. He was instituted Vicar of Llanhaiadr in Mochant, co. Denbigh, 29 January 174 $\frac{1}{2}$, then ceding Llanyblodwell; this he held until his death. He was instituted Rector of Eastyn or Queenhope, Flints., 25 July 1751, then ceding Darowen. He was collated to the Prebend of South Newbold in York Cathedral 8 June 1762, ceding this on being collated to the Prebend of North Newbold in York Cathedral 25 March 1768; he was collated to the Prebend of Myvod in St Asaph Cathedral 11 October 1773; he held both these Prebends until his death on 6 October 1778 (Hardy's *Le Neve*, iii, 206, 204; i, 92).

He was educated at Oswestry School, and after taking his degree at Oxford was for some time an usher in that school. He was early taken notice of by that great encourager of learning, Bishop Hare of St Asaph, who presented him first to Llanymbodwell, and afterwards to Llanhaiadr (or Llanrhayader), where he lived and died. As he never could be prevailed upon to take two livings, Bishop Hare gave him a stall at St Asaph, and a sinecure "to enable him," he said, "to support his charities"; for charitable he was in an eminent degree. He was also chaplain to Archbishop Drummond of York for several years (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, iii, 57, 244). Dr Worthington was author of the following works: (i) *An Essay on the scheme and conduct, procedure and extent, of Man's redemption; designed for the honour and illustration of Christianity. To which is annexed, a Dissertation on the Design and Argumentation of the Book of Job*, London, 1743, 8vo.; (ii) *The Historical sense of the Mosaic account of the Fall proved and vindicated*, London, 1750, 8vo.; (iii) *Instructions concerning confirmation*; (iv) *The use, value, and improvement of various readings shewn and illustrated, in a Sermon preached before the University of Oxford, at St Mary's, on Sunday 18 October 1761*, Oxford, 1764, 8vo.; (v) *A disquisition concerning the Lord's Supper, in order to ascertain the right notion of it*, 1766, 8vo.; (vi) *A Sermon [on Numbers xi. 29] preached in the parish church of Christ Church, London, on Thursday, 21 April 1768; being the time of the yearly meeting of the children educated in the Church Schools in and about the Cities of London and Westminster*, London, 1768, 4to.; (vii) *The evidence of Christianity deduced from facts, and the testimony of sense throughout all ages of the Church to the present time. In a series of discourses, preached 1766, 1767, 1768 at the Lecture founded by the Hon. Robert Boyle, wherein is shown that, upon the whole, this is not a decaying, but a growing evidence*, London, 1769, 2 vols., 8vo.; (viii) *The Scripture Theory of the Earth, throughout all its revolutions, and all the periods of its existence, from the Creation to the final renovation of all things; being a Sequel to the Essay on Redemption, and an Illustration of the principles, on which it is written*, London, 1773, 8vo.; (ix) *Irenicum; or the importance of Unity in the Church of Christ considered; and applied towards the healing of our unhappy differences and divisions*, London, 1775, 8vo.; (x) *An impartial enquiry into the case of the Gospel Demoniacks; with an appendix, consisting of an essay on Scriptural Demonology*, London, 1777, 8vo. This last was a warm attack on the opinions held by a Dissenting Divine, the Rev. Hugh Farmer, in his 'Essay on Demoniacks'; to it Mr Farmer replied in 1778, and Dr Worthington prepared for the press (what by the express directions of his will was published after his death); (xi) *A further enquiry into the Case of the Gospel Demoniacks, occasioned by Mr Farmer's letters on the subject*, London, 1779, 8vo.

P. 64 no. 36. James Sherwood took the B.A. degree in 1733. One of these names was instituted Rector of Flowton, Suffolk, 6 July 1758, and held the living until 1769.

P. 64 no. 37. Joseph Boyes was B.A. 1733. He was instituted Rector of St Margaret in Walmgate in the city of York 13 June 1744, and held the living until 1762.

P. 64 no. 38. William Williams, son of John Williams, of Crewthyn, co. Carnarvon, plebeius, matriculated at Oxford from Jesus College 1 April 1717, aged 19; he took the B.A. degree at Oxford in 1720, and the M.A. degree at Cambridge from St John's in 1730. He was ordained Deacon 5 and Priest 17 September 1720 by the Bishop of Bangor. He became Rector of Newbury, co. Anglesey, and was instituted Vicar of Llanbebbick, co. Carnarvon, 12 July 1731. On 2 June 1731, when he is described as Chaplain to Benjamin, Earl Fitzwalter, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Newbury with Llanbebbick, the value of each living being stated to be £60, and their distance apart about two miles. Both livings were vacant in 1746.

P. 64 no. 40. Joshua Sampson did not graduate. One of these names was instituted Vicar of East Retford 10 July 1752 and Rector of Kirton 17 November 1766, both livings, which are in Nottinghamshire, were vacant in 1772. The Vicar of East Retford had a son Joshua Sampson, of Exeter College, Oxford (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*).

P. 64 no. 2. 'Brisdale' appears to have been a mistake of the Registrar for Brickdale. John Brickdale took the B.A. degree in 1734. He was nominated by

the College to be Third Master of Shrewsbury School 24 November 1735. He resigned his office in 1737, for on 21 November of that year Mr Hotchkis notes that Mr Brickdale came to say "he would teach no more" (Fisher and Spencer Hill, *Annals of Shrewsbury School*, 228).

P. 65 no. 5. Andrew Edwards was ordained Deacon 15 August 1736 by the Bishop of St David's, and Priest 28 May 1738 by the Bishop of Chester. He was instituted Rector of Llangeftni, co. Anglesey, 21 March 174², and Rector of Edern, co. Carnarvon, 19 December 1750. On 21 November 1750, when he is described as Chaplain to Charles, Earl of Aboyne, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold these two livings, their respective values being stated as £70 and £100, and their distance apart 25 miles. He was instituted Rector of Aber, co. Carnarvon, 28 June 1753, then ceding Llangeftni, but receiving a dispensation 26 June 1753, the value of Aber being put at £120. He became Chancellor of Bangor Cathedral 21 December 1754 (Hardy's *Le Neve*, i, 120). He was instituted Rector of Dolgelly, co. Merioneth, 24 February 1755, then ceding Edern, receiving a dispensation 6 February 1755 to hold Dolgelly, valued at £140, with Aber, the two livings being 28 miles apart. He was instituted Rector of Llanllechid, co. Carnarvon, 15 December 1759, then ceding Dolgelly, receiving a dispensation to hold Llanllechid, valued at £160, with Aber, the two livings being one mile apart. He held both with his Chancellorship until 1762.

P. 65 no. 8. Benjamin Topham was ordained Priest 17 June 1739 by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed to the curacy of Kensworth, Herts. One of these names was instituted Rector of Dunnington, Yorks., 19 February 1754, and held the living until 1776. The *Parish Register* of Linton in Craven has the following entry: "Benjamin, son of Mr Christopher Topham, Grissington, baptized 14 November 1712."

P. 65 no. 9. See the admission of the father, Part ii, P. 149 no. 11. Pawlet St John, the younger, was admitted a Fellow of the College 29 March 1737; his Fellowship was filled up again 14 March 174³. He was ordained Deacon 15 March 173⁸, and Priest 17 June 1739, by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Melchbourne, Beds., 2 July 1742, holding the living until his death. He died 5 April 1775 at Wellingborough, Northamptonshire (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1775, p. 207). His widow died 27 May 1804 at Stamford (*ibid.*, 1804, p. 599). Mr St John's library was sold in 1776 by Thomas Payne at the Mews Gate (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, iii, 656). Cole has the following note on him (MSS. Cole xxvi, fol. 91 b, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5827):—"Pawlet St John of Wellingborough was Fellow of St John's College, Cambridge, in my time, from whence he was rusticated for some abusive behaviour to the late Master, Dr Newcome, who it was thought, turned his coat to the Court Party soon after he was Master of the College; a blemish which Mr St John's high, warm, Tory principles could not forgive. He is a very worthy, good-tempered man, and small beneficed in Bedfordshire, marrying the daughter of Mr Hawley of Wellingborough, whose other daughter and co-heiress married my neighbour, Mr Thomas Troutbeck, Rector of Woughton, near Fenny Stratford, and had 2 or £3000 with each of their wives. Mr Troutbeck's proves a barren one, but Mrs St John dying about 1763 of a consumption left six daughters behind her. Mr St John's mother lived at Cambridge after Dr St John, her husband's death, with her mother Mrs Heyhoe, leaving Mr St John at her death in 1764 an handsome addition to his fortune. The son inherits unluckily the warm party zeal of his father at a time when party distinctions of that sort between the houses of Steward (*sic*) and Hanover seem to be quite buried. When Dr St John exerted himself that way fortunes were to be made by it, now it only serves to make a man ridiculous."

P. 65 no. 10. Anthony James, eldest son of the Reverend David James, Rector of Eloughton, Bucks., was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn 6 July 1731, and was called to the Bar 25 June 1736. He then changed his name to Keck, and was called to the Bench of his Inn 14 June 1754 as Keck. He became Serjeant-at-law 6 February 1759.

Anthony James's (or Keck's) mother Martha was a daughter of Anthony Keck. On the death of his grandfather (22 November 1736) he assumed in 1737 the name and arms of Keck. His first wife, Ann Busby, through her mother, one of the daughters of Sir Henry Beaumont, bart., became heiress of Staughton Grange, co. Leicester. She was buried at Staughton.

Anthony Keck was returned as M.P. for the Borough of New Woodstock, co. Oxford, 31 March 1753 (a by-election), 13 April 1754 and 27 March 1761, he died before 2 June 1767 (Burke, *Landed Gentry*, Powys-Keck of Staughton Grange; *Official Return of Names of Members returned to serve in Parliament*).

See the admission of a son P. 161 no. 14 and P. 173 no. 23, and the notes thereon.

P. 65 no. 11. Gustavus Broughton was ordained Deacon 19 September 1736, and licensed to the curacy of Nocton, co. Lincoln, and Priest 28 May 1738, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of St Martin's in the town of Leicester 15 May 1740, and held the living until 1753. In the church of Newark-upon-Trent there is a monument to his memory with the following inscription: "To the memory of | Gustavus Broughton, A.M. | who died Nov. 17th 1760, and in the 47th year of his age. | He finished his education in St John's College in Cambridge | in which place he acquired as much learning as was | required either for a Divine or a Gentleman. | As a worthy man in the former character few were his superiors, | and to be his equal in the latter would not be a disgrace | even to the most accomplished. | He was for some time Vicar of St Martin's in Leicester, | where he did the duties of his functions in such a manner | that he gave satisfaction to all, as well as instruction to many | of his numerous parishioners. | In his private life, whether as a christian, a husband, or a | friend, no man could be more truly pious, | affectionate or sincere. | His charities were as extensive as his income would allow; | but had they been as large as the benevolence of his heart, | few would have left greater monuments of true generosity than he. | The concern of his disconsolate widow plainly testifies to the | world, the loss she has sustained in the best of husbands | and the best of friends. | And to pay the last duties to his remains has caused this | monument to be erected; | Tho' his virtues are sufficiently known and revered by his | surviving friends, yet it is hoped the latest posterity may profit, | should they copy after this just character of so worthy a man" (R. P. Shelton, *History of the Town of Newark-upon-Trent*, i, 186). In the same church are monuments to the memory of his widow, Mary Broughton, who died 17 March 1763, aged 42; to his father, Edward Broughton, M.A. (probably of Emmanuel College, B.A. 1706), who died 6 January 1745, aged 59; and to a brother, Edmund Broughton (*ibid.*, 187, 188).

P. 65 no. 12. William Thornton, the father, was knighted at St James's 11 May 1707 on his presenting the address from the County of York on the union of England and Scotland (Le Neve, *Pedigrees of Knights*, *Hurl. Soc. Publ.* viii, 496). William Thornton, the younger, was perhaps the person of that name who was returned as M.P. for the City of York 27 June 1747, and again at a by-election 1 December 1758. This William Thornton, at the outbreak of the rebellion of 1745, raised a company of 70 men which he paid and clothed entirely at his own expense; and marched with them into Scotland, where he joined the army of the Duke of Cumberland, and was present at the battle of Falkirk; upon all occasions he received every respect and attention from the Duke; and, upon his return, was presented by the town of Knaresborough with a magnificent piece of plate. After this he accompanied the King into Hanover, where he offered to make him a baronet, but he refused to accept the honour. On the establishment of the militia (of which it is stated in Smollett's *History of England*, he was first proposer) he was appointed to the command of one of the West Riding regiments (the Yorkshire regiment) which was the first completed of any in the county. He was a magistrate for the West Riding (Bean, *The Parliamentary Representation of the Six Northern Counties of England*, 1133-4).

P. 65 no. 13. Robert Robinson was admitted a Fellow of the College 29 March 1737, became a Senior Fellow 9 October 1756, and remained a Fellow until his death. He was ordained Deacon 5 June 1737, and Priest 24 September 1738, by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was nominated by the College to be Head-master of Pocklington School 25 February 1744; he resigned this in 1748. He was instituted Rector of Harswell, Yorks., 18 June 1755, and held the living until his death. One Robert Robinson was instituted Rector of Lea, co. Lincoln, 5 May 1743, his successor was instituted 16 July 1745. On 21 July 1764 Robinson was presented by the College to the Rectory of Ufford, Northamptonshire. He however delayed institution and ultimately returned his presentation. It is probable that he tried to get a dispensation to hold Ufford with Harswell, and failed. The following

orders were made by the Master and Seniors: "(i) 29 September 1764, Agreed to send a messenger to Mr Robinson of Pocklington to acquaint him by a letter that the Master and Seniors unanimously refuse to revoke his presentation to Ufford; (ii) 9 October 1764, Agreed to send Mr Ludlam and Mr Gunning to the Bishop of Peterborough, requesting longer time for the disposal of the living of Ufford, Mr Robinson having unexpectedly returned his presentation to that Rectory; (iii) 28 January 1765, Agreed that Mr Robinson did enter upon his year of grace the 11th of this month, and that we will send him the offer of our recommendation to the Bishop of Peterborough for the living of Ufford now lapsed; (iv) Agreed that Dr Bettesworth be retained as advocate for the College in the case about Mr Robinson's Fellowship in case of any dispute between him and the College; (v) 28 January 1765, Agreed upon consideration of the Statutes that Mr Robinson is not in his year of grace, but that his refusal to proceed to take institution to the Living of Ufford, to which at his own desire he had been presented by the College, and had kept his presentation about two months is a sufficient reason for not offering him the next two livings which shall fall, and for requiring his positive answer with respect to any other living within a month after it shall be declared vacant in the Hall."

In explanation of these orders it may be stated that the official intimation of the vacancy of a College living was made by a notice read out by the Butler at the Fellows' table in Hall on three successive days. The 'year of grace' was the year during which a Fellow, who had been presented to a College living, held his fellowship. This was usually taken to commence with the day of institution. The College seems to have tried in this case to make it commence six months after the date on which the presentation was presumably in Mr Robinson's hands, but (perhaps after taking the opinion of Dr Bettesworth) withdrew from this. The Bishop of Peterborough seems to have been persuaded that the lapse was no fault of the College for he consented to collate the College nominee, and did collate Stuart Gunning.

Nothing more with regard to Robert Robinson appears in the College books. He died at Pocklington 1 September 1791, aged 77, being then Senior Fellow and Rector of Harswell (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 10 September 1791; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1791, p. 875 b).

P. 65 no. 14. The *Parish Register* of St Peter's Church, Cambridge, contains the following entry: "1737. John Sayers of St John's College by the Bishop's permission was baptized June 5, aged 22." One of these names was instituted Rector of Weston Turville, Bucks., 5 May 1741, and held the living until 1747.

P. 65 no. 15. Daniel Austin was admitted a Fellow of the College 21 March 1737, his fellowship was filled up again in 1748. He was ordained Deacon 23 December 1739 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Berrington, Salop, 11 August 1743, and held the living until 1787. His daughter Anne married her cousin, Jonathan Scott, D.C.L., of Shrewsbury, an Oriental scholar, and Professor at the Royal Military and East India Colleges (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1829, i, 471 b; *Annual Biography*, 1830; Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*).

P. 65 no. 16. Ralph Creyke, the father, was married in York Minster 1 August 1700 to Priscilla Bower of Burlington Key. John Creyke, his son, who was born 29 April 1713, was ordained Deacon 20 June 1736, and licensed to the curacy of Great Staughton, Beds., and Priest 5 June 1737 (with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Ely), all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He had an order from the Archbishop of Canterbury for a Sequestration to be granted to him of the Vicarage of Chilham, with the Chapel of Molash annexed, in Kent, 20 September 1737. He was instituted Vicar of Eastwell, Kent, 3 June 1742, on the presentation of Daniel, Earl of Winchelsea and Nottingham. He married Catherine Austin, and died in 1745 (Hunter, *Familiae Minorum Gentium*, *Harleian Soc. Publ.* xxxix, 952, where there is a pedigree; Nichols, *Literary Illustrations*, ii, 773, note). Foster (*Pedigrees of the County Families of Yorkshire*) describes him as of Burleigh-on-the-Hill, co. Rutland. John Creyke was instituted Rector there 15 December 1744, William Hardy, his successor, was instituted 22 June 1747. Burke (*Landed Gentry*, Creyke of Rawcliffe and Marton) describes him as Rector of Leven in Holderness, but this is a mistake, for John Creyke who was Rector of Leven was instituted 19 March 171½, and his successor was instituted 6 May 1716.

P. 65 no. 17. Henry Churchill, the father, was Rector of Hammoon from 1711

to 1719. Henry, son of Henry and Jane Churchill, was born 4 November, and baptized 4 December 1711 at Hammoon (Hutchins, *History of Dorset*, i, 274). He was buried 26 July 1732 (*Parish Register of All Saints', Cambridge*). See the admission of a brother P. 72 no. 10.

P. 66 no. 18. Herbert Leek was ordained Deacon 2 March 173 $\frac{1}{2}$, and licensed to the curacy of Branston, co. Lincoln, he was ordained Priest 21 December 1735, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Aubourn, co. Lincoln, 22 December 1735, on the presentation of Christopher Neville, of Willingore, co. Lincoln, he held the living until 1772.

P. 66 no. 19. This is no doubt the George Grey, son and heir apparent of George Grey, of the city of Newcastle-on-Tyne, esquire, who was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn 26 October 1731.

P. 66 no. 20. John Warcopp was ordained Deacon 28 May 1738 ("by the Bishop's title") and Priest 1 June 1740 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was of Gatonby, and was incumbent of St Andrew's, Auckland, and Rector of Coniscliffe (to which he was instituted 12 October 1751) in the county of Durham. He resigned his incumbency of St Andrew's, Auckland, into the hands of the Bishop of Durham 7 October 1756. On succeeding to a good estate he resigned Coniscliffe to his curate in 1782. He was a good scholar, and possessed a fund of anecdote, and a Bibliomania seized him after it was past his power to read. He died at Heighington, co. Durham, in 1786, and lies buried there (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, viii, 330).

P. 66 no. 21. The Rev. J. Ingle Dredge, Rector of Buckland Brewer, Devon, sends the following notes: "1738. The Rev^d Mr Charles Morgan & Mrs Jane Rolle Both Inhabitants of this Parish were married in y^e Parish Church of Petrockstow 18 April; 1739. Mary y^e daughter of y^e Rev^d Mr Charles Morgan and Jane baptized 22 May."

(Both entries in Merton *Parish Register*. I find no proof that he was Rector of Merton, and suppose that for a time he was Curate, he being described as an 'Inhabitant'.)

One Rev. Charles Morgan was presented to the ninth Prebendal Stall in Durham Cathedral 19 February 1762 (Hardy's *Le Neve*, iii, 317). This Charles Morgan, being then Prebendary of Durham and Rector of Houghton near Darlington, died 27 June 1764 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1764, p. 350).

P. 66 no. 22. Edmund Mapletoft, the father, was a member of the College (Part ii, P. 166 no. 21). Edmund Mapletoft, the younger, was instituted Vicar of Pampisford, Cambridgeshire, 24 January 174 $\frac{1}{2}$. He succeeded his father as Rector of Bartlow, being instituted there 27 September 1750. Cole states that within the rails of the altar of Bartlow church is a stone with this inscription: "Here lieth the Body of | Mary the wife of | Edmund Mapletoft | Rector of this parish | who died December 28, 1769 | aged 50 years." Cole adds: this was the wife of the present Rector, who is much afflicted with gout (MSS. Cole xlii, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5843, p. 236). In the *Cambridge Chronicle* of Saturday 16 May 1772 occurs the following: "Last week died at Bartlow the Rev. Mr Mapletoft, many years Rector of that parish and Vicar of Pampisford."

Cole has the following rather confused note (MSS. Cole xviii, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5819, fol. 156a, 157a): "One of my aunts married an Adams who had two Dauters Margaret and Elizabeth, who I remember. The youngest married one John Starling a Maltster at Pampisford in Cambridgeshire. The eldest, who was crooked, married into Hertfordshire to one Jermyn. Their brothers I never saw. One of them has a son now Rector of Widdington near Newport in Essex married to a dauter of the late Mr Mapletoft Rector of Bartlow in Cambridgeshire; whose brother is now Rector of the same parish, where he succeeded his father, being patrons of the Living and Lords of the Manor. Another brother of Mrs Adams, Matthew Mapletoft, a very hopeful young man, was my curate at Hornsey in Middlesex, where he died of the small pox" (see P. 96 no. 14).

P. 66 no. 23. This is the Thomas Robinson, second son of Matthew Robinson of Edgley, co. York, esquire, who was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn 14 April 1730, and was called to the Bar 5 February 173 $\frac{1}{2}$. He died 29 December 1747. He was the author of *The Common Law of Kent, or the Customs of Gaveldkind. With an Appendix concerning Borough English*. 8vo. London, 1741. The work is

dedicated to Lord Chancellor Hardwicke. It has been twice reprinted and edited, in 1822 at London and in 1858 at Ashford. The copy of the work in the College Library has the following inscription: "Bibliothecae D. Joh. Coll. apud Cantabrigienses D. D. Eruditus autor ejusdem Collegii olim alumnus."

P. 66 no. 24. John Oliver was ordained Deacon 1 June 1735 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed by him to keep the School at Barrow, co. Leicester. One John Oliver was instituted Rector of Tuddenham 6 June 1749, and Rector of Icklingham St James 6 March 1767, both co. Suffolk. Both livings were vacant in 1786.

P. 66 no. 26. This is perhaps the Richard Waring who succeeded his father in the Prebend of Decem Librarum in Lincoln Cathedral, being collated 4 May and installed 1 July 1762, he died in 1788 (Hardy's *Le Neve*, ii, 143).

P. 66 no. 27. Wynne Bateman was ordained Deacon 20 June 1736 and licensed to the curacy of Astwood, Bucks, the next day, he was ordained Priest 24 September 1738, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 29 March 1737, and his fellowship was filled up again in 1747. He was Senior Proctor of the University 1744-5. He was nominated by the College to be Head-Master of Sedbergh School 12 April 1746, and was master there for 36 years. He married at Firbank 17 February 174½ Rachel, daughter of Dr Samuel Saunders, a former Head-Master of Sedbergh. The *Parish Register* of Sedbergh records the following with regard to their children: Catherine, born 19 December 1747; Samuel, baptized 21 March 1750; Margaret, baptized 29 March 1751, and Thomas Saunders 28 April 1761. He was also Vicar of Sedbergh from 1746 to 1754. For some time at least he was a successful master, but during the last ten years of his office the school fell off much in numbers. His portrait was painted by Romney, and the Editor of the *Sedbergh School Register*, pp. 419-20, prints a very extraordinary letter from Bateman to Romney on the subject of the picture, the charge for which was but two guineas. Dr Bateman was buried at Sedbergh, and in the church there there is a monument with the following inscription: "Sacred to the memory of the Rev^d. Posthumous Wharton, descended from the family of Wharton Hall, and Mary his wife, daughter of Sir John and Lady Otway. She died at Thorns, Sept. 7, 1690, aged 31. And he, after having been master of the Free School in this place upwards of 30 years, died on y^e 23rd day of March, 1714, aged 73. To the memory likewise of Margaret, their daughter, widow of Samuel Saunders, D.D., also master of the said school for an equal period of time, and Vicar of Wheldon and Hutton Bushel in the county. He died (and lies buried in Westminster) Nov. the 1st, 1741, aged 58; she, June 6th, 1776, aged 86. They had two daughters, the elder of whom, Margaret, died unmarried, on the 18th of April, 1750, aged 36: the other, who caused this monument to be erected, married to Wynne Bateman, D.D., also master for six and thirty years of the said school, and with what success and credit he discharged that office, let his scholars dispersed through the world, say for him. He died, May the 17th, 1782, aged 68. Rachel, his widow, younger daughter of the aforesaid Samuel Saunders, died much lamented, Aug. 20, 1802, aged 86" (Platt, *History of the Parish and Grammar School of Sedbergh*, 152-155; *Sedbergh School Register*). Dr Bateman had copies of verses in the *Cambridge Collections* published in 1733 on the occasion of the marriage of Anne, daughter of George II., and in 1736 on the marriage of Frederick, Prince of Wales. He published: *Veterum Philosophorum et Sapientum de Popolari Religione sensus, ac Theologiae ratio. Concio ad Clerum in Templo B. Mariae Cantab.* 1745. Cambridge, 1746, 4to.

P. 66 no. 28. Thomas Hurst was ordained Deacon 20 June 1736 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and Priest 24 December 1738 by the Bishop of London. He was instituted Vicar of Exton, co. Rutland, 16 October 1750, and Rector of Ropsley, co. Lincoln, 1 June 1752. On 20 March 175½, when he is described as chaplain to John, Duke of Rutland, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then stated to be of the respective values of £60 and £140, and to be 13 miles apart. He held both livings until 1780.

P. 66 no. 29. Anthony Stephenson was ordained Deacon 21 December 1735 by the Bishop of Chester, and Priest 24 September 1738 by the Bishop of London, when he was licensed to the curacy of Walden and Littlebury, Essex. He was instituted Rector of Foulmire, or Foulmere, co. Cambridge, 3 March 1757, and

Vicar of Wimbish and Thundersley, Essex, 15 June 1769. On 20 May 1769, when he is described as chaplain to Patrick, Earl of Dumfries, he had a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then valued at £170 and £80 respectively, and stated to be not more than 14 miles apart. He was instituted to the sinecure Rectory of Wimbish, Essex, 24 February 1774. He held this with his two benefices until his death 23 August 1788 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 30 August 1788).

P. 66 no. 30. William Stead was ordained Deacon 2 March 173 $\frac{1}{2}$ by the Bishop of Norwich, and Priest 28 May 1738 by the Bishop of London. He was instituted Vicar of Reigate 1 January 174 $\frac{1}{2}$, and Rector of Woodmansterne 8 November 1751, both in Surrey. On 30 October 1751, when he is described as chaplain to Charlotte, Duchess Dowager of Somerset, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, each being valued at £100, and their distance apart 7 miles. He was instituted Rector of Lympsfield, Surrey, 2 March 1775 (then ceding Woodmansterne); this he held with Reigate until 1781.

P. 66 no. 31. Jonathan Steevens was ordained Deacon 21 December 1735 by the Bishop of Rochester, and Priest 1 November 1746 by the Bishop of Chichester. He was instituted Rector of Hever, Kent, 30 November 1748, on the presentation of the Rev. George Lewis. He held the living until 1753.

P. 66 no. 32. Edmund Evans was ordained Deacon 1 June 1735, and licensed to the curacy of Appleby, co. Leicester, he was ordained Priest 20 June 1736, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. One of these names was instituted Vicar of Mayfield 10 September 1736, and Vicar of Alveton, or Alton, 10 February 1752, both co. Stafford. Both livings were vacant in 1791.

P. 67 no. 33. Eyre Foster Smith was ordained Deacon 20 December 1741, and licensed next day to the curacy of Barrow, co. Chester; he was ordained Priest 20 May 1744, all by the Bishop of Chester. In 1747 he was Perpetual Curate of Guilden Sutton, co. Chester.

P. 67 no. 34. William Barker was ordained Deacon 21 December 1735 and licensed to the curacy of Brinkhill, co. Lincoln, by the Bishop of Lincoln. One of these names was instituted Vicar of South Wingfield 26 September 1737, and Rector of Pleasley 17 July 1741, both co. Derby. Both livings were vacant in 1757.

P. 67 no. 35. William Weightman was ordained Deacon 21 March 173 $\frac{1}{2}$, and licensed to the curacy of Eynesbury, Hunts. next day, he was ordained Priest 14 February 173 $\frac{1}{2}$, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of North Reston 22 September 1742, and Rector of Yarburgh (as Wightman) 29 September 1743, both livings being in Lincolnshire; both were again filled up in 1761.

P. 67 no. 36. John Robinson was ordained Deacon 2 March 173 $\frac{1}{2}$ and licensed to the curacy of Welby, co. Lincoln, by the Bishop of Lincoln.

P. 67 no. 37. Henry Parry, the father, was Vicar of Guilsfield (not Guildfield, as in the Register), co. Montgomery, from 1704 to 1730. He was perhaps the person of that name admitted to the College 29 January 169 $\frac{1}{2}$ (Part ii, P. 141 no. 7). Henry Parry, the younger, was ordained Deacon 2 March 173 $\frac{1}{2}$ by the Bishop of Lincoln, at the instance of the Bishop of Peterborough.

P. 67 no. 38. Andrew Perrott took the degree of M.B. in 1738.

P. 67 no. 40. Robert Polhill took the degree of M.A. in 1734. One of these names was instituted Rector of Little Parndon, Essex, 12 October 1741. The living was filled up again in May 1742.

P. 67 no. 41. David Burrell was ordained Deacon 1 June 1735 and licensed to the curacy of Santhorpe and Sutterby, co. Lincoln; he was ordained Priest 19 September 1736 and licensed to the curacy of Gedney, co. Lincoln, all by the Bishop of Lincoln.

P. 67 no. 42. Barton Parkinson, son of Richard Parkinson, gentleman, born in Lancashire, educated at Sedbergh School, was admitted a pensioner of Trinity College, Dublin, 26 May 1724, aet. 19; tutor, Mr Thompson. He became a scholar of Trinity College, Dublin, in 1728, and took the B.A. degree there in 1729. He took the M.A. degree at Cambridge, from St John's, in 1731.

P. 67 no. 43. William Bagshaw, gentleman, second son of Richard Bagshaw,

of Castleton, co. Derby, esquire, was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 29 February 173 $\frac{1}{2}$. He was called to the Bar 7 February 173 $\frac{3}{4}$, and became a Benchet of the Inn 26 May 1775.

P. 67 no. 44. Caleb Perfect, son of Caleb Perfect, of Silton, Dorset, gentleman, matriculated at Oxford from Trinity College, 17 December 1723, aged 17. He took the B.A. degree at Oxford in 1727 and proceeded M.A. at Cambridge from St John's in 1731. He was instituted Vicar of Mere, Wilts., 19 August 1734, his successor there was instituted in April 1744. One Mr Perfect, curate of St Peter's, Cornhill, was appointed lecturer there in 1751 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1751, p. 43). This Caleb Perfect is to be distinguished from Caleb Perfect of Balliol College, Oxford, and M.A. of Corpus Christi College, Cambridge, 1721, who was a Minor Canon of Rochester (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*; Shindler, *Registers of Rochester Cathedral*: both of these authors say he was M.A. of Emmanuel College).

P. 67 no. 45. William Astley was Head-master of Repton School from 1741 to 1767 (Hipkins, *Repton School Register*, xvi). The *Cambridge Chronicle* for 18 February, 1769, in announcing his death describes him as Rector of Hartshorne, Derby.

P. 68 no. 46. Thomas Mottershaw was ordained Deacon 21 September 1735 and licensed to the curacy of Horsington, co. Lincoln, and Priest 15 March 173 $\frac{3}{4}$, when he was curate of Lea, co. Lincoln, all by the Bishop of Lincoln.

P. 68 no. 47. Richard Branston was ordained Deacon 1 June 1735 and licensed to the curacy of Sutton, co. Lincoln, he was ordained Priest 19 September 1736, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Legsby, co. Lincoln, 20 September 1736 on the presentation of Sir Henry Nelthorpe, bart.; he was instituted Vicar of New Sleaford 7 May 1737, and Vicar of Redbourne 9 January 173 $\frac{7}{8}$, both in Lincolnshire. He appears to have ceded New Sleaford in 1769 but to have held his other two livings until 1781.

P. 68 no. 2. The name of this gentleman was Charles Talbot, he was eldest son of the eighth Baron Monaghan. He is said to have been born 27 January 171 $\frac{1}{4}$, so that his age on admission to the College should be past 16. He succeeded his father as ninth Baron Blaney of Monaghan in March 1732. He was appointed Governor of the county of Monaghan, and took his seat in Parliament 17 February 1735. He married in November 1734 his cousin Elizabeth, daughter of Nicholas Mahon, esq., barrister-at-law, by whom he had one son Henry Vincent, who died *s.p.* in 1754. He entered into Holy Orders at Clogher 24 August 1738, was presented 21 December 1739 to the Rectory and Vicarage of Mucknoe in the diocese of Clogher. He is said to have been made a prebendary of the church of Armagh in 1739. He was collated to the prebend of Comber in Derry Cathedral 14 and installed 23 August 1740. He was presented to the Rectories of Conubar and Combar in the diocese of Derry 14 August 1740. He appears in a Visitation Book as Dean of Killaloe and is believed to have been appointed 8 April 1750. He held his prebend until his death 15 September 1761, in which year the Deanery of Killaloe was also filled up (Cotton, *Fasti Ecclesiae Hibernicae*, i, 479; iii, 50, 342; Lodge's *Peerage*, vi, 319; Burke, *Extinct and Dormant Peerages*, 602).

P. 68 no. 3. The name should be Dickson, by which name Edward Dickson took the B.A. degree in 1735. He was a Barker Exhibitioner from Kirkham Grammar School. He was ordained Deacon 21 March 173 $\frac{3}{4}$ by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed next day to the curacy of Hinckley, co. Leicester. He was ordained Priest 19 December 1736 by the Bishop of Chester and licensed next day to the curacy of Kirkham, co. Lancaster, with a stipend of £30 a year (Fishwick, *History of Kirkham*, 153).

P. 68 no. 4. Thomas Davison, son and heir of Thomas Davison, of Blakeston, co. Durham, esquire, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 11 June 1730.

P. 68 no. 5. James Nelthorpe, the father, was a younger brother of Sir Goddard Nelthorpe, bart., of Barton, co. Lincoln. Griffith Nelthorpe was of Little Grimsby, co. Lincoln, in right of his wife, Mary, daughter and heiress of John Nelthorpe, his cousin (Rev. A. R. Maddison). See the admission of a brother, P. 59 no. 19.

P. 68 no. 6. Preston Christopherson took the B.A. degree from St John's in 1735 and the M.A. in 1739 from Pembroke Hall, of which College he was a Fellow.

P. 68 no. 8. George Montgomery, son and heir of George Montgomery, of

Horndon on the Hill, co. Essex, esquire, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 27 May 1731. This is probably the George Montgomerie (or Montgomery) of Thundersley Hall, Essex, and Chippenham Hall, co. Cambridge, who was born 30 August 1712. He was returned as M.P. for the borough of Ipswich 20 November 1759, but did not sit in any subsequent Parliament. He was High Sheriff of Cambridgeshire and Huntingdonshire from 2 February 1759 to 1 February 1760 (when he is described as of Fordham). He married in 1739 Catherine, daughter of Jacob Sawbridge, esq., M.P. for Wilts. He died 29 March 1766. His only daughter Katy married Crisp Molyneux (P. 127 no. 8) (Burke, *Landed Gentry*, Montgomerie of Garboldisham).

P. 69 no. 10. Joseph Cardale, the elder, son of William Cardale, of Dudley, co. Worcester, gentleman, matriculated at Oxford from Magdalen College, 18 May 1702, aged 18; he took the B.A. degree at Oxford 26 March 170 $\frac{2}{3}$, and the M.A. at Cambridge from Queens' College in 1725. He became Vicar of Bulkington in 1708 and Vicar of Withbrook in 1732, both co. Warwick, and Vicar of Hinckley, co. Leicester, in 1735. Joseph Cardale, the younger, matriculated at Oxford from Trinity College 29 May 1731 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He was ordained Deacon 21 September 1735, and licensed to the curacy of Witherley, co. Leicester, he was ordained Priest 25 September 1737, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 29 March 1737, became a senior Fellow 25 March 1757, and his Fellowship was filled up again in 1769. He was instituted Rector of Newbold Verdon, co. Leicester, 20 November 1743. After being elected Fellow he did not reside in College but at his Rectory of Newbold Verdon, and did not return to College until 1759, being admitted Senior Bursar of the College 3 March of that year (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1809, i, 213 note). He was presented by the College to the Rectory of Houghton Conquest, Beds., 24 February 1767. He made the following entry in the *Parish Register* of Houghton Conquest (Volume for 1733-97): "1767. Joseph Cardale, S.T.B., a Senior Fellow of St John's College, Cambridge, was instituted to the living of Houghton Conquest, May 11; inducted May 16, and the day following perform'd divine Service in the church. This is the first Presentation the College hath made since they became Patrons of it in the year 1725." He held the Rectory with Newbold Verdon till his death. He was buried at Houghton Conquest 5 June 1786. On a slab in the floor of the Chancel of Houghton Conquest is the following inscription: "Beneath this Stone | lie the earthly remains of | Joseph Cardale B.D. | Son of the Revd. Joseph Cardale of | Hinckley in the county of Leicester | and Mary his wife. | This good man, oppressed by infirmities | surrendered his soul into the hand of | his Maker on June 1st, 1786 | Aged 73 years. | Having been Rector of Newbold Verdon in | Leicestershire more than 40 years | And of this parish nearly 20 | Few have passed through this life more | sincerely respected and beloved."

P. 69 no. 11. Thomas Mather, gentleman, son and heir of Thomas Mather, of the city of Chester, esquire, was admitted a student of the Inner Temple, 18 May 1732, and was called to the Bar 25 June 1737.

P. 69 no. 12. Samuel Sandford was ordained Deacon (as Sanford) 21 March 173 $\frac{2}{3}$, and licensed to the curacy of Woodwalton, Hunts.; he was ordained Priest 1 June 1740 and licensed to the curacy of Haconby, co. Lincoln, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. On 14 August 1744 he was licensed by the Archbishop of York to the Lectureship of Halifax, Yorks., on the nomination of the Rev. George Legh, LL.D., Vicar of Halifax.

P. 69 no. 14. James Ris was ordained Deacon 20 June 1736 and licensed to the curacy of Yelden, Beds., and Priest 25 September 1737 and licensed to the curacy of Shelton, Beds., all by the Bishop of Lincoln.

P. 69 no. 15. John Holden was ordained Deacon 21 March 173 $\frac{2}{3}$ and licensed to the curacy of Ayot, St Peter, Herts., and Priest 6 March 173 $\frac{2}{3}$ and licensed to the curacy of Stony Stanton, co. Leicester, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Weston-upon-Trent, co. Derby, 19 March 174 $\frac{2}{3}$, and Rector of Newton Regis or Newton in the Thistles, co. Warwick, 12 September 1747. On 25 August 1747, when he is described as chaplain to John, Earl of Ashburnham, he obtained a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then stated to be of the respective values of £127 and £90, and to be 12 miles apart. On the floor of the chancel of the church of Weston-upon-Trent is a stone with

this inscription: "Here rest the remains of the Reverend John Holden A.M. late Rector of this Parish and of Newton in the Thistles, Warwickshire. In the discharge of his Pastoral Office he was eminently vigilant, and faithful to his trust; was greatly beloved by his Parishioners, valuable as a friend, and died July the 21st, 1759, in the 47th year of his age."

Robert Holden, the father, was probably of Emmanuel College, B.A. 1699, M.A. 1703. There is also a memorial to him in the church of Weston-upon-Trent with this inscription: "Near this stone lie interr'd the Remains of the Rev^d. Mr Robert Holden M.A. late Rector of this Church, and of Ann his wife, daughter of the Reverend Mr Robert Huntingdon, Rector of Whiston in the county of Northampton. He departed this life November the 9th in the year of Our Lord God 1739, aged LXi. She dy'd October the 11th, 1747, aged 76" (Cox, *Notes on the Churches of Derbyshire*, iv, 430).

P. 69 no. 16. Robert Fountain was ordained Deacon 6 March 173 $\frac{1}{2}$ by the Bishop of Lincoln, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Ely, he was ordained Priest 12 October 1744 by the Bishop of Norwich. He was instituted Rector of Wells, Norfolk, 12 October 1744, and held the living until 1755. The *Parish Register* of Linton in Craven has the following entry: "Robert, son of William Funtaine, baptized 12 May 1712."

P. 69 no. 18. John Brown, the father, was descended from the Browns of Colston, near Haddington, a Scotch episcopalian family. He was a native of Duns, studied physic at Edinburgh, but changing his purpose was ordained by one of the Scotch bishops. He became curate of Rothbury, where his son was born, and was collated 29 December 1715 to the Vicarage of Wigton in Cumberland. John Brown, his son, took his degree as a wrangler in 173 $\frac{1}{2}$, it has been stated that he was senior of his year. He was ordained Deacon 26 February 173 $\frac{1}{2}$ in the chapel at Rose Castle; on 14 December 1739 he was admitted or licensed to perform the office of Lecturer in the Cathedral of Carlisle, on 23 December 1739 he was ordained Priest, all by the Bishop of Carlisle; he was also a Minor Canon of Carlisle. He was instituted Vicar of Morland, co. Westmorland, 6 June 1743, on the presentation of the Dean and Chapter of Carlisle. Dr Richard Osbaldistone (Part ii, P. 185 no. 36), when he became Bishop of Carlisle, appointed Brown to be one of his Chaplains. He was collated Vicar of Lazonby, co. Cumberland, 8 April 1752. On 18 March 1752 he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Morland with Lazonby, the value of each benefice being stated as £80, and the distance between them fifteen miles. He was instituted Rector of Great Horkesley, Essex, 20 November 1756, then ceding Morland, but being again instituted Vicar of Lazonby 28 April 1757. He was presented to Horkesley by the Earl of Hardwicke, but owing to a quarrel with the Yorke family found it advisable to get a move. He was instituted Vicar of St Nicholas, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, 10 December 1760, then ceding Horkesley. He held St Nicholas until his death, but seems to have resigned the Vicarage of Lazonby in 1763.

During the Rebellion of 1745 he distinguished himself by his zeal for the Government and acted as a volunteer at the siege of Carlisle. In 1746 he preached in the Cathedral two sermons on the mutual connexion between religious truth and civil liberty, and between superstition, tyranny, irreligion and licentiousness. These were afterwards published in his collected sermons. Cole in his collections for an *Athenae Cantabrigienses* (Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5864) writes of Brown: "I remember to have seen him in a surplice in the cathedral at Carlisle about the year 1746, but in what capacity I don't remember, no more than his College, though I well remember his face in the University." It is stated that Brown resigned his Minor Canonry under the following circumstances. One day in divine service he accidentally omitted the Athanasian Creed. The Chapter reproved him for his neglect in terms to which he did not choose to submit, therefore on the following Sunday, he read the Creed out of course to vindicate his orthodoxy and immediately resigned his office. During his residence at Carlisle he published *Honour, a Poem*, dedicated to Viscount Lonsdale. On the death of Pope he wrote an *Essay on Satire*, this was addressed to Dr William Warburton, who inserted it in his edition of Pope's works. It has also been printed in Dodsley's collection. Warburton entered into friendly relations with Brown, who thus became acquainted with Ralph Allen, of Prior Park, near Bath, to whom he paid a visit. While there he preached in the Abbey Church on 22 May 1750.

The sermon was published and entitled: *On the pursuit of false pleasures and the mischiefs of immoderate gaming*, 1750, 8vo. In the preface Brown was able to announce that in consequence of this sermon the magistrates of Bath had suppressed the public gaming tables soon after its delivery. In 1751 he published *Essays on the Characteristics of the Earl of Shaftesbury*. This seems to have been written at the suggestion of Warburton (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, ii, 212). It was dedicated to Ralph Allen. It created a considerable stir, and was both praised and criticised, the book sold well and a fifth edition was published in 1764. In 1755 he wrote *Barbarossa, a tragedy*; in the preparation of the plot of this he was assisted by David Garrick, who wrote a prologue and epilogue to the piece, which was acted in 1755; it seems to have attained a fair amount of success. Brown followed it up with *Athelstan, a tragedy*, in 1756, in which Garrick also acted, but it was not so successful as his first venture (T. Davies, *Life of David Garrick*, i, 198–200). Both plays were printed by Bowyer but without the author's name. In 1755 he took the D.D. degree at Cambridge, when he preached a sermon to prove that Tyranny was productive of Superstition and Superstition of Tyranny; that Debauchery was the cause of Free-thinking and Free-thinking of Debauchery (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, ii, 213). His play writing did not please Warburton, who was grieved "that his love of poetry, or his love of money, should have made him overlook the duty of a clergyman in these times, and the dignity of a clergyman in all times, to make connexions with players" (Nichols, *l.c.*).

In 1757 Brown published his *Estimate of the Manners and Principles of the Times*, London, 1757. This was his most successful work, running through seven editions in one year. His design was to shew that luxury and effeminacy were characteristic of the age, and to point out the effect of these, it was a strong philippic against the vices of the times. The nation was disgusted with recent failures in its enterprises, so that the book was well-timed. According to Voltaire it so stirred the nation that it at one and the same time attacked all the sea-coasts of France, and all her possessions in Asia, Africa, and America (Smollett's *Voltaire*, xxii, 183). The book was attacked and defended; a second volume was issued in 1758, and in 1760 it was again issued with an *Explanatory Defence*. The success of the *Estimate* greatly elated Brown. Warburton in September 1757, describes him as "rather perter than ordinary, but no wiser" (Nichols, *l.c.*). The *Estimate* was translated into French with the title: *Les mœurs anglaises, ou appréciation des mœurs et des principes qui caractérisent actuellement la nation Britannique*, C. Chais, La Haye, 1758. Brown continued his literary activity and published the following: *Dialogues of the Dead, between Pericles and Aristides*, 1760; *On the national duty of a personal service, in defence of ourselves and country; a Sermon* [1 Cor. xii, 24, 25] preached at St Nicholas' Church, Newcastle, on occasion of a late dangerous insurrection at Hexham. To which is prefixed a short and authentic account of the insurrection, 1761, 8vo.; *Dissertation on the rise, union, and power, the progressions, separations, and corruptions of poetry and musick. To which is prefixed the Cure of Saul, a sacred ode*, 1763, 4to.; *Sermons on Religious Liberty. To which is prefixed, An address to the principal inhabitants of the North-American colonies on occasion of the Peace*, 1763, 4to.; *History of the rise and progress of poetry through several species*, 1764, 8vo.; *Twelve Sermons*, 1764; *Thoughts on civil liberty, licentiousness and faction*, 1765; *A sermon on the female character and education* [Ps. cxliv, 12], 1765, 4to.; *A letter to the Rev. Dr Louth, occasioned by his last letter to the Right Rev. author of the Divine Legation of Moses*.

He is also said to have assisted Charles Avison in *An Essay on Musical Expression*, 1751. Avison was organist at Newcastle; he is referred to by Browning in his 'Parleyings.'

The concluding event of Dr Brown's life was a very singular one. Dr Dumaresq (of Exeter College, Oxford), who had been Chaplain to the English Factory at St Petersburg until 1762, was invited to revisit that city in the year 1765 by the Empress Catherine II. Her Majesty had a scheme for establishing schools in some parts of her Empire and wished to consult Dr Dumaresq. He found that the proposals of the Empress were very wide in their scope, including not only learning, but what would now be called technical education. He was put into communication with Dr Brown, whom he consulted in the matter. Brown entered into the scheme with the greatest enthusiasm, and wrote a long letter to Dumaresq sketching out a vast scheme for the education and civilisation of the Russian Empire. The idea had evidently fired his imagination and picturing to himself

the Russian nation as a *tabula rasa* upon which any characters might be inscribed; he wrote, not only to Dumaesq, but to others describing the probable effects of his plans, civilisation and education spreading from Petersburg to Kamschatka, and southward into Tartary and China. The letter caused Dumaesq some perplexity. He had it translated into French and it was in due course submitted to the Empress, who caused an invitation to visit Russia to be sent to Dr Brown. This he at once accepted and the Empress, through M. Pouschkin, the Russian Ambassador, remitted £1000 for the expenses of the journey. Dr Brown at once prepared to start and obtained permission, being a King's Chaplain, to travel abroad. But while in London on the eve of setting out he was seized with a violent attack of gout and rheumatism. His friends persuaded him to postpone his visit and he very honestly repaid to the Russian ambassador the money advanced to him with the exception of a small amount expended by him in preparation. His enemies seem to have insinuated that he had appropriated the money and found it convenient not to go. This, added to his illness, and the vexation caused by the wreck of his schemes brought on a fit of melancholy, and he committed suicide by cutting his throat on 23 September 1766. It appears that a tendency to insanity with a suicidal turn had been observed in him before.

There is no doubt that Brown was a man of very considerable ability and originality, though self-opinionated and quarrelsome. In addition to his literary powers he was accomplished in the arts. He is said to have been one of the best amateur performers on the violin of his time. He left behind crayon portraits of his father and mother executed by himself which have been highly praised. A portrait of himself which hung in the Vicarage at Wigton was believed to be by him and is said to have been a fine picture: "The features are exact, dark and saturnine, but the eyes are animated with much penetration and fire" (Hutchinson, *History of Cumberland*, ii, 472). A portrait in oils of Dr Brown hangs in the vestry of St Nicholas' Cathedral, Newcastle-upon-Tyne (*Notes and Queries*, 8 Ser. v, 131). The fullest account of Brown's life is by Dr Kippis in the *Biographia Britannica* (1760) ii, 653-674. This contains very full details from Dr Bagny and others, including lengthy extracts from the correspondence with Dumaesq. A curious "Character of the late Dr Brown, Vicar of Newcastle" will be found in the *Memoirs of Thomas Hollis*, ii, 714-717; it was originally published in a London newspaper. See also *Dictionary of National Biography*.

P. 70 no. 20. William Washbourne, the father, was a Minor Canon, Sub-dean and Succentor of St Paul's Cathedral, London. He was also Vicar of Edmonton. He married Margaret, daughter of the Rev. Robert Uvedale, LL.D., Rector of Orpington, Kent, and died in 1737 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1802, ii, 1172).

Richard Washbourne, his son, took holy orders. He married 5 January 1744 (when he is described as of Edmonton, Middlesex) a sister of — Washbourne, of Pychley, Northants., esq. (*ibid.*, 1744, p. 32 b). One of these names was instituted Rector of Hatford, Berks., 25 July 1761, and held the living until 1795.

P. 70 no. 21. Edward Tipton was instituted Rector of Eaton Constantine, Salop, 7 May 1739, and held the living until 1749.

P. 70 no. 22. Arthur Vaughan was ordained Deacon 19 December 1736 by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed to the curacy of Puddington, Beds. He was nominated by the College third master of Shrewsbury School, 26 October 1737. He resigned his mastership 30 September 1740 (Fisher and Spencer Hill, *Annals of Shrewsbury School*, 228). One Arthur Vaughan was ordained Priest 20 September 1741 by the Bishop of Hereford, he being then one of the Vicars Choral of Hereford Cathedral.

P. 70 no. 23. John Smith was ordained Deacon 20 June 1736 and licensed to the curacy of Halton Holgate, co. Lincoln, he was ordained Priest 5 June 1737, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. Several men of this name were beneficed in Lincolnshire.

P. 70 no. 24. Richard Foster, the father, was instituted Rector of Bexwell, Norfolk, 2 August 1711, and seems to have held the living till 1739. Richard Foster, the younger, did not graduate. One of these names was instituted Rector of Bexwell 3 September 1739, and held the living until 1769.

P. 70 no. 25. Thomas Bentham was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of London 5 June 1737. He had letters dimissory from the Archbishop of York 15 June 1738

to be ordained Priest. He was the first incumbent of St Peter's Church, Stockport. The church was consecrated 31 May 1768, and he was instituted 3 June on the presentation of William Wright. On the south side of the chancel of St Peter's Church there is a mural tablet with this inscription: "To the Memory of | The Rev^d Thomas Bentham, M.A. | Son of the Rev^d Samuel Bentham of Ely. | He was born within the precincts of that Cathedral, | And educated at St John's College, Cambridge. | In the year 1737 he succeeded to the Vicarage of | Aberford in the County of York, | Where his laborious discharge of all parochial duties | For thirty years | Recommended him to the pious Founders of this Chapel | To which he was presented upon its Consecration. | Anxious to promote the Glory of God, | And the Good of Mankind, | He devoted his Time and Talents | To the Duties of his Sacred Office. | In the public Discharge of his Ministry, | He was Watchful, Zealous, Prudent; | In the intercourse of private Life, | Benevolent, Humble, Pious; | Recommending what he taught | By the uniform Tenor of his own Example. | He Died May the 2nd, 1790, | in the 76th year of his Age."

His wife's name was Mary, and a son, William Bentham, was baptized at Holy Trinity, Ely, 12 September 1748 (Earwaker, *East Cheshire*, i, 412, 413; Ormerod, *History of Cheshire*, iii², 805). Thomas Bentham was instituted Rector of Aberford, Yorks., 27 June 1738, on the presentation of the Provost and Scholars of Oriel College, Oxford, his successor there being instituted 26 April 1770. His burial is thus recorded in the *Parish Register* of Stockport: "1790. May, The Rev^d Thos Bentham, M.A., Curate of St Peter's, was buried at St Peter's on the 12th."

William Cole in his collections for an *Athenae Cantabrigienses* has the following note upon Thomas Bentham: "Another brother of the Alderman (i.e. Joseph Bentham, Alderman of Cambridge, who died 1 June 1778), in 1781 unmarried and has a new church at Stopforth in Lancashire, given him by the Patron, and had before been Vicar or Rector of Appleford, I think, in Yorkshire. He seems a very worthy honest man and has his unmarried sister Philippa to live with him."

P. 70 no. 26. See the admission of the father, Part ii, P. 170 no. 13. Christopher Hatton was ordained Deacon 2 March, and Priest 9 March 1728 by the Bishop of Lincoln, in each case with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Ely. He was instituted Rector of Girton, co. Cambridge, 29 March 1740, and Rector of Marston Morteyne, Beds., 21 August 1746. On 14 July 1746, when he is described as chaplain to Rachel, Duchess Dowager of Bridgewater, he had a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Girton (valued at £150) with Marston Morteyne (valued at £400), the two livings being stated to be 20 miles apart. He was instituted Rector of Maulden, Beds., 24 May 1756, then ceding Girton. On 13 May 1756 he had a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Marston Morteyne (valued at £300) with Maulden (valued at £120), the two livings being stated to be four miles apart. He held Marston and Maulden until his death 20 February 1795 at his house in Lower Charles Street, Bath, aged 79 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 28 February 1795; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1795, p. 349). He was buried at Maulden 25 February 1795. His wife died in 1770 when he is described as of Ampthill, Beds. (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 14 July 1770).

Some details with regard to Christopher Hatton may be gathered from the following extract from MSS. Cole xxx, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5831, p. 105. "My worthy and good friend Dr Zachary Grey, Rector of Houghton Conquest in Bedfordshire and Minister of the Parishes of St Peter and St Giles in Cambridge having several volumes of miscellany papers, among which are great quantities of original letters, he was so kind as to lend several of them to me for my perusal. The first volume is a thin Folio containing nothing but a parcel of original letters of the very worthy Dr Ashton, late Master of Jesus College and Canon of Ely, to Dr Moss, the Dean of that Cathedral Church. I suppose they came into his hands by his marrying a daughter of that Dean's wife, Mrs Hinton, who kept the Three Tuns Tavern in Cambridge. When Dr Grey married her she was the widow of Mr Hatton, brother to the Baronet of that name, of Long Stanton, in Cambridgeshire, by whom she had a son, the Rev. Mr Christopher Hatton, my good friend, and now Rector of Marston, in Bedfordshire, and Maulden in the same County, near Ampthill, which he lately exchanged for his living of Girton, near Cambridge, where he had laid out no small sum in the conveniences and ornaments about it, there being a very good house already built new by his immediate predecessor, Mr Halfhide. But Mr Hatton, living altogether at Ampthill, it brought his two livings near together, on which he quitted Girton to his fellow collegiate at St John's, Mr Lypeat, for Maulden. Dr Grey

also lives wholly at Amptill on account of the air, which did not agree with him at Houghton. He has two daughters by his wife, the eldest, long engaged to my namesake, the Rev. Mr William Cole (P. 95 no. 31), late Rector of Newton Blossomville, in Buckinghamshire, and now beneficed in Norfolk, son of the Rev. Mr Charles Cole, Rector of North Crawley, in Buckinghamshire, and who is brother to Mr William Cole of Ely. His other daughter is lately married to my neighbour, the Rev. Mr Le Peper, Rector of Apsley, in Bedfordshire, and formerly Fellow-Commoner of Queens' College in Cambridge. Dr Grey has a brother who is Counsellor at Newcastle-on-Tyne.... Kitt Hatton, after the death of his wife, without bringing him any issue, married an Irish lady of the name of Pocklington, sister to Mrs Domville, the wife of Dr Domville, Dean and Alderman of Armagh, whom he had met at Cambridge, or Bath, where Dr Domville resided about 1772, and died about two years after. Mr Hatton married her about 1774, without much fortune, but great expectations from her sister who is left immensely rich, and no children. His sister Cole told me in 1780, at my house in Milton, that her brother Hatton was now in the Fleet, or confinement for debt, having run through everything and so indebted as no hopes of his ever being able to rally again." Cole also gives some similar details in his volume xxxiii, p. 267 (Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5834).

P. 70 no. 27. Both here and at P. 96 no. 12 the Christian name of the father should be Samuel. This is the Samuel Baskett who was admitted to the College 10 February 1709 (Part ii, P. 152 no. 7) and was admitted Fellow 1 April 1707.

John Baskett was ordained Priest 28 May 1738 by the Bishop of London. He was born 27 January 1714. He was instituted Rector of Dunsby, co. Lincoln, 26 January 1738, and held the living until his death, 8 August 1801, at Blandford, in Dorset, aged 87. He was four times married: (i) to Martha, daughter of Giles Eyres, Serjeant-at-Law, Recorder of Bristol; (ii) to Lucy, daughter of Christopher Pitt, M.D.; (iii) to Rachel, daughter of John Cole, of Melburne St Andrews, and (iv) to Mary Fowle. He left issue by his first and third marriages. In the church of Blandford Forum, Dorset, there is a tablet with the following inscription: "Luciae, Joh. Baskett com. Linc. cler. uxori, filiae natu minimae atque ultimo superstiti Chr. Pitt, M.D., in hoc oppido artem suam pridem feliciter navantes, Johanni etiam filio ex Martha priori conjuge Ægyd. Eyres arm. filia: immatura dum musas ludo Etonensi arctius colebat morte correpto, maritus et pater moerens posuit et sibi

ob	{ Illa }	A.D.	{ 1764 }	aet	{ 50 }
	{ Hic }				
	{ Ipse }				
			{ 1757 }		{ 16 }
			{ 1801 }		{ 87 }

(Hutchins, *History of Dorset*, iii, 172, where there is a pedigree; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1802, 772 b).

P. 70 no. 28. John Dering was the son of Heneage Dering (of Clare Hall, LL.D., 1701), and Anne, eldest daughter of John Sharp, Archbishop of York, who were married 9 January 1713. John Dering was born at Ripon 9 January, and baptized in Ripon Minster 7 February 1714. He was ordained Deacon 14 February 1734, and Priest 17 June 1739 by the Bishop of Lincoln, in both cases with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Ely. He was instituted Rector of Hilgay, Norfolk, 25 June 1740. From 1746 to 1774 he was Sub-Dean of Ripon. His father, the Dean, left him by will his manor, called Wickins, in the parishes of Charing and Westwell, in Kent. Also an ivory cabinet with all the coins and medals therein. In the chancel of Hilgay Church there is a monument with this inscription: "In memory of John Dering, son of Heneage Dering, LL.D., dean of Ripon, and of Elizabeth his wife, daughter of Thurloe Stafford, esq., of Denver, by whom he had one son and four daughters. Three of the daughters died infants, and lie interred within this Chancel. He was 34 years rector of this Church; died 19 June 1774, aged 59. She died August 16 in the same year, aged 54" (*Surtees Soc. Publ.* lxx, 345).

P. 70 no. 29. Graduated as John Samuel Hill, A.B. 1737, A.M. 1741. According to Bentham, *History of Ely*, 259, he was educated at Kingston-upon-Hull School. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Lincoln 24 September 1738, and licensed to the curacy of Ashwell, Herts., he was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Ely 12 April 1740. He was nominated by Bishop Butts to the Bishop of Ely's Fellowship in St John's and admitted 9 July 1742. He was instituted Rector of Easington, Yorks., 12 March 1744, and Rector of Thornton Dale, in Pickering, 29 March 1745.

On 27 March 1745 he received a dispensation to hold Easington (valued at £180) with Thornton (valued at £140), the two livings being stated to be 16 miles apart. He was then chaplain to Archbishop Herring, who gave him first the Prebend of Barnby in York Cathedral, which he held from 7 March 174 $\frac{1}{2}$ until the succeeding July, when he got the Prebend of Knaresborough-cum-Bickhill 25 July 1747. On the translation of Archbishop Herring to Canterbury he collated Mr Hill to the Rectory of Hollingbourne, Kent, 4 May 1751, and in virtue of his option to the sixth Prebendal Stall in Ely Cathedral, to which he was admitted 20 May 1751. He held all these preferments, three rectories and two prebendal stalls, until his death 8 September 1757; he was buried at Thornton 10 September (Bentham, *History of Ely*, 259; Hardy's *Le Neve*, i, 360; iii, 172, 197). Archbishop Herring created Mr Hill a D.D. by mandate dated 22 April 1751.

P. 70 no. 30. William Batt was ordained Priest 20 August 1738 by the Bishop of Salisbury, and was licensed to the curacy of Collingborne Ducis, Wilts. One of these names was instituted Vicar of Christ Church, Twyneham, Hants, 24 February 17 $\frac{3}{4}$, his successor was instituted 22 February 175 $\frac{1}{2}$. William Batt was instituted Rector of Wraxall, Somerset, 26 November 1750 on the presentation of the King (on a lapse), and held the living until 1767.

P. 70 no. 31. Thomas Robinson, scholar of St John's College, was buried 26 August 1733 (*Parish Register of All Saints', Cambridge*).

P. 70 no. 32. William Cowperthwaite was ordained Deacon 1 June 1735 by the Bishop of Norwich. He was instituted Rector of St Helen's, Ipswich, 11 April 1743. He was instituted Rector of Clopton, Suffolk, 6 December 1753, ceding this on his institution 22 February 1758 to the Vicarage of Bradfield, St Andrew, Suffolk. He was again instituted Rector of Clopton 1 September 1764, and held it with Bradfield, St Andrew, until his death 11 August 1788.

P. 71 no. 33. Caesar Curtis was ordained Deacon 4 April 1736 by the Bishop of Rochester, and on April 5 he was licensed to the curacy of St Mary's in Hoo, and All Hallows' in Hoo, "with the privilege of officiating in any other church within the Diocese, to which he should remove with the Bishop's consent." He was ordained Priest 26 February 173 $\frac{7}{8}$, by the Bishop of Rochester. He was a Minor Canon of Rochester Cathedral 1736-59. He was instituted Vicar of Hartlip, Kent, 19 August 1747, on the presentation of the Dean and Chapter of Rochester, ceding this on his institution 25 July 1750 to the Vicarage of Stockbury in the same county, and in the same gift; this he held until his death. He was buried in Rochester Cathedral 25 May 1759. The burial Register of Rochester Cathedral also contains this entry: "5 June 1780, Mrs Mary Austin, widow, from Leeds, formerly wife of ye Revd. Caesar Curtis, in the Cathedral" (*Shindler, Registers of the Cathedral Church of Rochester*, 88, 54, 57).

P. 71 no. 35. Richard Dixon was appointed Headmaster of Hawkshead Grammar School 3 June 1736 by the trustees, and licensed by the Bishop of Chester 23 June. He held this office until July 1745.

P. 71 no. 1. Thomas Franck graduated as Frank, B.A. 1736. He was ordained Deacon 25 September 1737, and licensed to the curacy of Appleby, co. Leicester, by the Bishop of Lincoln.

One Thomas Frank (not described as B.A.) was instituted Vicar of Great Glen with Great Stretton, co. Leicester, 9 November 1739, on the presentation of Thomas Pochin, esq., and held the living until 1745 (*Nichols, History of Leicestershire*, ii, 577).

P. 71 no. 2. Henry Smyth, the father, was instituted Vicar of Dormington, co. Hereford, 11 July 1713, and held the living until 1760. Henry Smyth, the younger, was ordained Deacon 24 September 1738 by the Bishop of Lincoln (with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Hereford), he was ordained Priest 21 September 1740 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed to the curacy of Wexham, Bucks. He is probably the Henry Smith 'junior' who was instituted Rector of Aylton, co. Hereford, 15 February 174 $\frac{1}{2}$, holding the living until 1779.

P. 71 no. 3. 'Maile' Yates is no doubt 'Maghull' Yates, son of Joseph Yates, barrister-at-law, of Stanley House and Peel Hall, co. Lancaster. Joseph Yates, the father, was the lessee with Dr Dawson of the School Mills, Manchester, and the subject of John Byrom's epigram. He married in 1714 Ellen, daughter and eventually co-heiress of William Maghull, of Maghull, co. Lancaster, by his wife

Cicely, daughter of Thomas Boottle, of Melling. Joseph Yates died at Preston, 28 November 1773, aged 84, and was buried at Peel. His wife died in 1753 and was buried at Sefton. Maghull Yates was born in 1715, and was buried in the Maghull vault in Sefton Church 1757 (Croston's edition of Baines's *History of Lancashire*, iii, 145 and 150, where there is a pedigree).

P. 71 no. 4. William Rawstorne, the father, of New Hall, co. Lancaster, was sheriff of Lancashire in 1712. He married Isabella, daughter of Sir Richard Atherton, of Atherton, knt. William Rawstorne, the son, was ordained Deacon 19 September 1736 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 25 March 1735 and his fellowship was filled up in 1740. He was instituted Rector of Chipping, Lancashire, 29 May 1738, but resigned the benefice at the close of the same year on his preferment to the Rectory of Badsworth, in Yorkshire, where he was instituted 9 November 1738. This he retained until his death in 1790, a period of nearly 52 years. He married Elizabeth, sole daughter and heiress of Samuel Walker, of Stapleton Park, Yorks. He had seven sons, all of whom with one exception—Richard, a merchant of Leeds—married and had issue (Croston's edition of Baines's *History of Lancashire*, iii, 116, where there is a pedigree, iv, 80, 81). In the church at Badsworth is a monument with this inscription: "Near this place | are deposited the remains of | The Rev. William Rawsthorne | Fifty-two years rector of this church | in whom | meekness and moderation | unaffected piety | and | universal benevolence | were equally and eminently conspicuous | after having faithfully discharged the duties | of | his sacred function | during fifty-six years | He died | on the 17th August 1790 | in the 78th year of his age | beloved, honoured and lamented" (Miller, *History of Doncaster*, 372).

P. 71 no. 5. John Leyland was ordained Deacon 25 September 1737, and Priest 18 December 1737 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Normananton, Yorks., 28 April 1742, and held the living until 1764.

P. 71 no. 6. John Blackburn graduated as Blackburn, B.A. 1736. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Lincoln 19 September 1736 at the instance of the Bishop of Ely, and Priest 23 September 1739 by the Bishop of Norwich, when he was licensed to the curacy of St Margaret and St Swithin in the city of Norwich. He was instituted Rector of St Margaret de Westwicke in Norwich 12 February 1740, and seems to have held this until his death. He was instituted Vicar of Scottow 11 October 1754, and Vicar of Horning 17 September 1762, both livings are in Norfolk and both were vacated in 1767 when John Blackburn was instituted Vicar of Bossall, Yorks., 9 August 1767, on the presentation of the Dean and Chapter of Durham. He was collated by the Archbishop, Vicar of Westow, Yorks., 10 April 1777. On 7 April 1777, when he is described as M.A. of St John's College, Cambridge, and Chaplain to Henry, Earl of Fauconberg, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Bossall (valued at £160) with Westow (valued at £66), the two livings being stated to be not more than five miles apart. He held both livings until his death, 3 June 1796, aged 83 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1796, p. 530).

P. 72 no. 7. John Young was ordained Deacon 28 May 1738 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed to the curacy of North Reston, co. Lincoln.

P. 72 no. 8. William Hovell took the degree of M.B. in 1740.

P. 72 no. 9. John Knowsley was ordained Deacon 26 February 1737½ by the Bishop of Carlisle in the Chapel of Rose Castle, with letters dimissory from the Archbishop of York. He was instituted Vicar of Rudstone, Yorks., 14 June 1743, ceding this on being instituted Vicar of Carnaby, Yorks., 12 February 1751½; he held Carnaby until 1776.

P. 72 no. 10. Henry Churchill, the father, was Rector of Hammoon, Dorset. See the admission of an elder son, P. 65 no. 17. William, son of Henry and Jane Churchill, was born 3 January, and baptized 7 February 171½ at Hammoon (Hutchins, *History of Dorset*, i, 274). This William Churchill is probably the person of that name who was instituted Rector of Cattistock, Dorset, 18 September 1758, and was buried there in 1770 (Hutchins, iv, 14). One William Churchill was instituted Vicar of Exminster, co. Devon, 10 January 1758; William Davie who succeeded him was instituted 8 January 1759.

P. 72 no. 11. Samuel Belton was ordained Deacon 18 December 1737, and licensed to the curacy of Barwell, co. Leicester; he was ordained Priest 15 March

173 $\frac{3}{4}$, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Queenborough 1 June 1748 on the presentation of Marsh Dickinson; Vicar of Ratcliffe on the Wreak 13 December 1763 on the presentation of the King; and Vicar of Barkby 15 October 1767 on the presentation of William Pochin, then ceding Queenborough. All three parishes are in Leicestershire. He held the last two until his death. In the chancel of Ratcliffe Church on flat stones are the following inscriptions: "In memory of Mary, wife of the | Rev. Samuel Belton, vicar of Ratcliffe. | She departed this life April 27, 1778, aged 62 | ; In memory of the Rev. Samuel Belton | Vicar of Ratcliffe and Barkby. | He departed this life October 31, 1783, aged 70" (Nichols, *History of Leicestershire*, iii, 48, 380, 383).

P. 72 no. 13. Robert Alcock was ordained Deacon 5 June 1737, and licensed to the curacy of Swallow, co. Lincoln, and Priest 21 December 1740, and licensed to the curacy of Great Coates, co. Lincoln, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Newton-le-Wold, co. Lincoln, 4 June 1745, and held the living until 1751.

P. 72 no. 15. John Milton was ordained Deacon 18 March 173 $\frac{3}{4}$, and Priest 22 February 174 $\frac{1}{2}$ by the Bishop of London. He was instituted Rector of St James's, Colchester, 6 May 1743, and Vicar of Fingringhoe, Essex, 13 July 1749. On 19 July 1749, when he is described as Chaplain to George, Earl of Northesk, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, the respective values being stated to be £25 and £36. Both livings were vacant in 1767.

P. 72 no. 16. John Starky, gentleman, son and heir-apparent of John Starky, of Heywood, near Rochdale, Lancashire, gentleman, was admitted student of the Inner Temple 12 June 1733, and was called to the Bar 21 June 1740. See the admission of a younger brother, P. 81 no. 2.

P. 72 no. 17. Joseph Cuthbert was ordained Deacon 26 February 173 $\frac{3}{4}$ by the Bishop of Bristol, and Priest 7 October 1739 by the Bishop of London. He was instituted Rector of Bulphan 13 October 1739, and collated Rector of Latchington 17 March 174 $\frac{1}{2}$, this being a peculiar of the Archbishop of Canterbury; both livings are in Essex. On 7 March 174 $\frac{1}{2}$, when he is described as Chaplain to Alexander, Earl of Leven, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop to hold both livings, then valued at £120 and £160, and stated to be 18 miles apart. On 16 March 174 $\frac{1}{2}$, he received a general license from the Archbishop to preach throughout the Diocese of Canterbury. He held both benefices until his death, near North Ockendon, in Essex, in January or February 1799, aged 84 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1799, p. 258). See the admission of his son, P. 167 no. 12.

P. 72 no. 18. George Skelton was ordained Deacon 6 August 1737, and Priest 23 September 1739, when he was licensed to the curacy of St Mary in the city of Lincoln, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Hanslope, Bucks., 21 February 174 $\frac{1}{2}$, ceding this on his institution 6 May 1749 to the Vicarage of Owersby, co. Lincoln. He was also instituted Rector of Rothwell, co. Lincoln, 3 October 1753; both these latter livings were vacant in 1758.

P. 72 no. 19. Graduated as Loggon, B.A. 1736, M.A. 1740, B.D. 1748. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 10 April 1739 (when he signs his name Loggon), his fellowship was filled up in 1754. He was ordained Deacon 5 June 1737 by the Bishop of Lincoln (with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Worcester), and Priest 13 July 1740 by the Bishop of Salisbury. He was Sacrist of the College from 11 April 1750 to 14 February 1752, when he was appointed Junior Dean, his successor in that office being appointed in February 1753. He was instituted Rector of North with South Lopham, co. Norfolk, 6 June 1752, and held the living until his death 26 August 1760 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1760, p. 443 a). One William Loggan was instituted Vicar of Great Bedwin, Wilts., 27 May 1742, and held the living until 1748; this was probably the same man, as I find William 'Logon' of St John's licensed by the Bishop of Lincoln to the curacy of Marston Morteyne, Beds., 19 December 1748.

P. 73 no. 20. Graduated as William Ellis, B.A. 1737, M.A. 1741. He was ordained Deacon 26 February 173 $\frac{3}{4}$, and Priest 13 March 173 $\frac{3}{4}$ by the Bishop of London. He was instituted Vicar of Kirby with Broughton 4 October 1745, and Rector of Lastingham 5 January 1771, both in Yorkshire. On 29 December 1770, when he is described as Chaplain to Thomas, Lord Grantham, he received a

dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then stated to be of the respective values of £50 and £70, and to be not more than 12 miles apart. Kirby seems to have become vacant in 1780 and Lastingham in 1789.

P. 73 no. 23. John Tonge was B.A. 1736. The Rev. F. Besant, Vicar of Sibsey, near Boston, sends the following notes which probably refer to this John Tonge. (i) From the Vestry *Minute Books*: On Easter Monday, 20 April 1742, a Vestry Meeting was held. The minutes were signed by John Tonge, Curate, other signatures following his. The chief business related to the re-settlement of the local school. Trustees were appointed and rules were made. John Tonge was not one of the Trustees. Collaterally it may be remarked that John Franklin, ancestor of Sir John Franklin of Arctic fame, was one of the Trustees. On 14 May 1742 the following minute occurs: "It was then agreed (being at a publick Vestry) by a majority of the above-nam'd Trustees, that the Reverend Jno. Tonge shall bee School Master of y^e Free School in the Parish of Sibsey." On 21 May 1745 at a Vestry Meeting certain men were elected Trustees in addition to the existing Trustees with special duty, "To chuse and elect a proper Master for the said schoole, which is now wanting." A subsequent memorandum states that "Mr Sam^l Brown was elected Master of the said Charity School," on the same date, *i.e.* 21 May 1745.

(ii) From the *Parish Register*: "(a) 1743 March 29; Margaret dau. of the Reverend Mr John Tonge by Mary, his wife, born Feb. 22, baptized March the 29; (b) 1744. Born Feb. 15 Mary, daughter of the Rev^d Mr John Tonge by Mary, his wife, and baptized Aprill the 18, 1745; (c) Margaret, dau. of the Rev. Mr John Tonge, buried 17 July 1744." One John Tonge was instituted Vicar of Stickford 9 August 1750, and Rector of Langton by Partney and also Rector of Oxcombe 2 July 1761. All three livings are in Lincolnshire, and all three were filled up again in 1762.

P. 73 no. 24. Robert Moreton was ordained Deacon 6 March 173 $\frac{1}{2}$, and licensed to the curacy of Marsworth, Bucks., he was ordained Priest 28 May 1738 (with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Chichester), all by the Bishop of Lincoln. One Robert Moreton was instituted Rector of Langenhoe 6 February 174 $\frac{1}{2}$, and Rector of Borley 8 April 1758, both in Essex. Both livings were vacant in 1770.

P. 73 no. 25. Nathaniel Ogle took the B.A. degree in 1736. In Foster's *Alumni Oxonienses* he is identified with Nathaniel Ogle, son of Nathaniel Ogle of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, who matriculated at Oxford from Balliol College 25 October 1731, aged 16, and was afterwards a student of the Inner Temple. This is clearly a mistake. Henry Ogle, the father of the Johnian, was a younger brother of Nathaniel Ogle, the father of the Oxonian. Thus the two lads were cousins.

P. 73 no. 26. John Bunting was ordained Deacon 5 June 1737, and licensed to the curacy of Stathern, co. Leicester, he was ordained Priest 17 June 1739, and licensed to the curacy of Church Langton, Herts., all by the Bishop of Lincoln.

P. 73 no. 27. Lacon Lambe, son of William Lambe of Dilling, co. Hereford, gentleman, matriculated at Oxford from Balliol College 6 June 1717, aged 16. He took the B.A. degree at Oxford in 1721, and the M.A. degree at Cambridge, from St John's, in 1733 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He was instituted Vicar of Llangattock-juxta-Caerleon, co. Monmouth, 26 July 1729, and Vicar of Shire Newton, co. Monmouth, 17 January 173 $\frac{1}{2}$. Both livings were vacant in 1742.

P. 73 no. 28. Richard Lawson, son of James Lawson, of Kirkham, Lancashire, *plebeius*, matriculated at Oxford from Brasenose College, 21 May 1724, aged 18. He took the degree of B.A. at Oxford 27 February 172 $\frac{1}{2}$, and the M.A. at Cambridge, from St John's, in 1733 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). One Richard Lawson was instituted Vicar of Bosham, Sussex, 20 October 1731, holding the living until 1771.

P. 73 no. 29. This William Jessopp appears in the printed *Graduati* as William Sheir Jessap, B.A. 1736.

William Sheirecliffe Jesapp of St John's College, Cambridge, was ordained Deacon 5 June 1737 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed to the curacy of Ley, co. Lincoln.

P. 73 no. 30. Thomas Weatherhead was ordained Deacon 6 March 173 $\frac{1}{2}$ by the Bishop of Lincoln, when he was licensed to the curacy of Hamerton, Hunts., he was ordained Priest 25 September 1737 by the Bishop of Norwich. He was instituted to the following livings in Norfolk; Vicar of Heacham, 15 July 1738;

Rector of Brisley 19 May 1742; Rector of Ingoldsthorpe 8 March 174 $\frac{5}{8}$. He held all three livings until his death in March 1786 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 1 April 1786; Gardiner, *History of Norfolk*, 30, 68).

P. 73 no. 31. Edward Edwards was ordained Deacon 6 March 173 $\frac{6}{7}$ by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed to the curacy of Little Stukeley, Hunts.

P. 73 no. 32. Thomas Robins did not graduate. One Thomas Robins of St John's College, Cambridge, was ordained Deacon 23 February 1755 by the Bishop of Lincoln, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Salisbury. No other Thomas Robins occurs in the Admission Register, yet this Thomas Robins must then have been over 44 years of age.

P. 73 no. 1. The name should be Colemare, by which name he graduated B.A. 1737, and was ordained Deacon 14 February 173 $\frac{5}{8}$ by the Bishop of Lincoln, when he was licensed to the curacy of Edlesmere, Bucks.

P. 74 no. 3. George Griffies, scholar, was buried 2 November 1734 (*Parish Register of All Saints', Cambridge*).

P. 74 no. 5. Thomas James, gentleman, third son of the Rev. David James, Rector of Wroughton, Bucks., was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn 6 October 1733. See P. 65 no. 10 and the note thereon.

P. 74 no. 7. Thomas Parratt, the father, was a member of the College, see Part ii, P. 167 no. 43.

Thomas Parratt, the younger, was ordained Deacon 1 June 1740, and licensed to the curacy of Holywell, Hunts., by the Bishop of Lincoln.

P. 74 no. 9. 'Birbeach' seems to be a mistake for Birkbeck, or Birbeck. Edward Birkbeck was B.A. 1737, M.A. 1741. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Lincoln, 5 May 1739. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 10 April 1739 (signing Birbeck), his Fellowship was filled up on 14 March 174 $\frac{3}{8}$, when he is described as Birkbeck. He was nominated by the College to be Headmaster of Pocklington School 10 March 174 $\frac{3}{8}$, and Kingsman Baskett was nominated Master, on Birbeck's death, in December 1754. Birbeck's burial is not registered at Pocklington. He may be the same person as the Edward Birbeck who was instituted Rector of Elvington, Yorks., 14 August 1742, for that living was also filled up in December 1754.

P. 74 no. 10. John Waring took the B.A. degree in 1737 and the M.A. in 1741. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Lincoln 1 June 1740, and licensed to the curacy of Dunsby, co. Lincoln. In the church of Atcham, Salop, on a marble tablet on the north wall of the chancel there is this inscription: "Johannes Waring A.M. | obiit 11 Oct. A.D. 1794 | Aetatis suae 78" (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1806, ii, 1001 a). He does not seem to have been Vicar of Atcham. The age corresponds with that in the College Register.

P. 74 no. 11. Robert Corrance, gentleman, second son of Clement Corrance, late of Rougham, Suffolk, esquire, was admitted a student of the Inner Temple, 1 November 1733.

Clement or Clemence Corrance, the father, son of John Corrance, of Rendlesham, Suffolk, esquire, matriculated at Oxford from St John's College, 11 May 1702, he was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 16 June 1703. He was M.P. for Orford 1708-22. He was buried at Rougham 30 March 1724 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). Robert Corrance was ordained Deacon 14 February 173 $\frac{7}{8}$ by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed to the curacy of Alexton, co. Leicester.

P. 74 no. 13. Richard Grove was admitted a Fellow of the College 17 March 174 $\frac{1}{8}$. The College Conclusion or Order Book contains the following entries: 13 April 1747 "Mr Grove sit destinatus studio medicinae"; 20 June 1751 "Agreed to elect Mr Grove legista in the room of Dr Taylor." There being two Fellowships in the College for Medicine and two for Law, the holders of which were not subject to the obligation of taking Holy Orders. He resigned his Fellowship in 1761.

Richard Grove, second son of John Grove, of Tunstall, co. Kent, esquire, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 6 December 1735. He was called to the Bar 12 February 174 $\frac{1}{8}$, called to the Bench of the Inn 8 May 1772, and sat 19 June following. He was Autumn Reader in 1781.

On a white marble tablet let into the south wall of the chancel of the church at Tunstall, near Sittingbourne, in Kent, there is this inscription: "Sacred to the

memory of | Richard Grove, esquire, | late of the Temple, London, | and formerly Fellow of St John's College, Cambridge, | who departed this life | the 18th of July 1791, aged 76."

P. 74 no. 14. The name should be Bedingfield, by which name Philip Bedingfield was readmitted as a fellow-commoner 9 October 1735 (P. 81 no. 3). He was the elder son of James Bedingfield of Ditchingham Hall, co. Norfolk, and succeeded his father there. He was born 31 May 1716. He married first Mary, daughter of Sir Edmund Bacon, bart., of Gillingham, secondly, Mrs Forster, originally Spendlow, of Norwich. He left issue by both wives. He was High Sheriff of Norfolk 17 February 1756 to 4 February 1757. He died in 1791 (*Burke, Landed Gentry*, Bedingfield of Ditchingham Hall).

P. 74 no. 15. George Holcombe was ordained Deacon 24 September 1738 by the Bishop of Lincoln, when he was licensed to the curacy of Empingham, co. Rutland, he was ordained Priest 18 March 1738 by the Bishop of St David's. He was instituted Rector of Nash with the Chapelry of Upton, co. Pembroke, 19 March 1738. And appointed to the sixth curial Prebend in St David's Cathedral 20 March 1743. He was instituted Rector of Pwllcrochan, co. Pembroke, 24 November 1743. On 22 November 1743, when he is described as Chaplain to Pattee, Viscount Torrington, he obtained a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then stated to be of the respective values of £33 and £60, and to be three miles apart. He was instituted Vicar of Llanvihangel Penbryn (or Penbryn St Michael's), co. Cardigan, 3 March 1764. On 23 February 1764, when he is described as Chaplain to Elizabeth, Baroness Dowager Forbes, he obtained a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Llanvihangel with Pwllcrochan, their values being stated at £100 and £60 respectively, and to be 26 miles apart. He then ceded Nash. He was appointed Archdeacon of Carmarthen, with the Prebend of Llanryan, in St David's 19 January 1768, then ceding his curial Prebend. He held the Archdeaconry with his two livings until 1789 (*Hardy's Le Neve*, i, 313).

P. 75 no. 17. Davies Lambe was admitted a Fellow of the College 10 April 1739. He was ordained Deacon 17 June 1739 and Priest 12 October 1740 by the Bishop of Rochester. He was instituted Rector of Ridley, Kent, 13 October 1740, on the presentation of Sir Charles Sedley, bart.; and to the Rectory of Lullingstone, also in Kent, 25 August 1748. The *Cambridge Journal* for 23 July 1748 in stating that he was licensed by dispensation to hold these two benefices describes him as Chaplain to Mary, Baroness Dowager Oliphant. He held both livings until his death in 1772.

John Lambe, the father, born at Nottingham in 1685, was entered at Clare Hall in 1703, taking the B.A. degree in 1706. He was Vicar of Oxtun and perpetual curate of Edingley, Notts., and Minor Canon of Southwell. He was appointed Master of Southwell School in 1718, and was also Rector of Ridley and Loughfield, Kent, as well as Chaplain to John, Duke of Montague. He married 10 November 1715 Mary, only daughter of Edmund Davies, Vicar of Calverton and Woodborough, Notts. (Mr Justin Simpson).

P. 75 no. 18. See also P. 78 no. 5. Joseph Bridges was ordained Deacon 23 September 1739 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed to the curacy of Brocklesby, co. Lincoln. He is probably the Joseph Bridges, subchanter of York Cathedral. On 15 September 1741 letters dimissory for priest's orders to Joseph Bridges, M.A., curate of St Sampson's, York. Joseph Bridges and Mary Yoward, daughter of Richard Yoward, of York, gentleman, both of the parish of Holy Trinity in King's Court in the City of York, were married in York Minster 11 October 1742. On 24 May 1768, he was instituted to the Vicarage of Ferry Fryston, and shortly afterwards to that of St Martin's, Coney Street, holding both livings until his death. He died 21 December, and was buried in York Minster 27 December 1784, aged 67. "He was a gentleman of worth, genius and learning, and much respected by his parishioners and a numerous acquaintance" (*York Courant*). Mr Bridges left a widow, Mary, and a daughter Elizabeth, wife of the Rev. Thomas Roger Filewood, Rector of Mickleham, co. Surrey (St John's, B.A. 1769, M.A. 1772). Mary Bridges, of Gate Fulford, widow of the Rev. Joseph Bridges, died 6 May and was buried 11 May 1795 in York Minster, aged 74. Her will was proved 16 May 1795 and administration granted to her daughter Elizabeth, wife of the Rev. Thomas Roger Filewood (*Yorkshire Archaeological and Topographical Journal*, i, 305, 315, iii, 98).

P. 75 no. 19. John Potter was ordained Deacon 14 February 173 $\frac{1}{2}$, and licensed to the curacy of Redmile and Muston, co. Leicester, he was ordained Priest 23 September 1739, all by the Bishop of Lincoln.

P. 75 no. 20. John Williams, second son of Sir John Williams, of Tendring Hall, Stoke, near Nayland, knight, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 2 November 1734. He migrated to Lincoln's Inn, where he was admitted 23 January 173 $\frac{1}{2}$; his father being described as knight and alderman. He was called to the Bar at the Middle Temple 6 July 1739.

P. 75 no. 21. James Williams, third son of Sir John Williams, of Tendring Hall, Stoke, near Nayland, Suffolk, knight, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 3 November 1734.

For the admission of an elder brother see P. 61 no. 1 and the note thereon.

P. 75 no. 22. John Brooke was nominated by the College to be third Master of Shrewsbury School 8 October 1740 and was admitted 15 October following. He was promoted to be second Master in July 1754. One John Brooke, B.A., was ordained Priest 31 August 1740 by the Bishop of Hereford, his title being the curacy of Brace Meole. He was instituted Rector of Little Upton, Salop, 20 August 1741, and held this with his Mastership until his death 29 November 1763 (Fisher, *Annals of Shrewsbury School*, 237, 242, 471).

P. 75 no. 23. Cudworth Poole was a son of Edward Poole, of Great Woollen Hall in the parish of Eccles, Lancashire, and a member of the family of that name of Marley in Cheshire. He was presented by King George III. to the Vicarage of Eccles, and instituted 3 June 1765. His uncle, Charles Poole, the last direct representative of the Pooles of Marley, left an only daughter, his heir, who carried the estate in marriage to Thomas Tatton of Stockport, from whom it was purchased by Robert Heath, of Hanley, and by him bequeathed to Cudworth Poole, who, dying in 1768 without issue, left it to his godson, Domville Halstead, of Dane Bank, Lymm, co. Chester, who assumed the name of Poole in compliance with his benefactor's will (Croston's edition of Baines's *History of Lancashire*, iii, 260. Burke's *Landed Gentry*, Poole of Marbury Hall).

P. 75 no. 24. Edward Poole was ordained Priest 19 December 1742 by the Bishop of Chester. He was Rector of Cheadle, Cheshire, 1763-1772 (Croston's edition of Baines's *History of Lancashire*, iii, 260). He was instituted 11 February 1763. He only occasionally resided there, but his tombstone is still in the chancel with this inscription: "Here resteth the body of | the Rev^d Edward Poole | Rector of Cheadle | who died Sept^r 22^d 1772. Aged 54" (Earwaker, *East Cheshire*, i, 214, 224).

P. 75 no. 25. John Bugg was ordained Deacon 28 May 1738 and licensed to the curacy of Harby, co. Leicester, he was ordained Priest 21 December 1740, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 17 March 174 $\frac{1}{2}$ and his Fellowship was filled up in March 1752. On 10 November 1738 he was nominated by the College, with two others, to the Brewers' Company, London, to select a Master for Aldenham School. He was not elected.

P. 75 no. 26. Thomas Wright (Scholar of St John's College) was ordained Deacon 1 June 1740, and Priest (at a special ordination) 29 June 1740, by the Bishop of Lincoln. He is probably the Thomas Wright, M.A., who was instituted Rector of Birkin, Yorks., 23 June 1741, he held the living until his death in 1788.

P. 76 no. 29. John Balguy, the father, was a member of the College: see his admission, Part ii, P. 160 no. 19.

Thomas Balguy was born at Lamesley, co. Durham, 27 September 1716. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 17 March 174 $\frac{1}{2}$. He was ordained Deacon 21 September, and Priest 21 December 1740, by the Bishop of Lincoln. In 1744 he became assistant tutor to his friend, Dr Powell (afterwards Master), and continued to read lectures in Moral Philosophy and the Evidences of Natural and Revealed Religion for sixteen years in College. On 9 April 1741 he was collated (by lapse) Rector of the North mediety of Stoke, co. Lincoln. It is usually stated by his biographers that he was instituted on the presentation of his father, but the Act Book of Dr John Potter, Archbishop of Canterbury, is quite clear on the point. He was instituted Rector of Hagworthingham, co. Lincoln, 26 July 1746. On 21 November 1746, when he is described as Chaplain to the Bishop of Winchester, he

received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Hagworthingham, with the North mediety of Stoke, then valued at £95 and £55 respectively, and stated to be 29 miles apart. He was again instituted to Stoke 16 December 1746. In 1743 he was chosen Deputy Public Orator of the University, under Dr Tunstall, who was acting as Chaplain to Archbishop Potter at Lambeth. He was collated 31 May 1748 (and installed 16 July) to the Prebend of Norton Episcopi in Lincoln Cathedral. And on 1 November 1757 he was collated by Bishop Hoadley to the 11th Prebendal Stall in Winchester Cathedral. The same prelate appointed him Archdeacon of Winchester 23 July 1759. On 19 September 1771 he was instituted Vicar of Alton, Hants, on the presentation of the Dean and Chapter of Winchester. He then ceded his Lincolnshire benefices, but held his Vicarage of Alton with the Archdeaconry and the two Prebends until his death. On the death of Dr Powell in 1765, it was thought possible that he might become Master of the College (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, i, 579). In 1781 King George III. nominated him to the Bishopric of Gloucester; this Balguy declined on the ground of physical infirmity (his eyesight had been decaying for some time and at last totally failed). This piece of self-denial Balguy refers to as follows in his Dedication of his *Discourses* to the King: "Permit me, Sir, to express in this public manner the lively sense I entertain of your Majesty's repeated favours; particularly of your goodness both in naming me to a High Station in the Church, and in allowing me to decline it. Nothing could be more flattering than the offer made me, or more acceptable in my infirm state of health, than the leave given me to close my days in privacy and retirement." Bishop Halifax, who obtained the see of Gloucester on that vacancy, republished the charge of Bishop Butler to the clergy of the Diocese of Durham with a Preface, this he dedicated to Dr Balguy, wherein he says: "When by his Majesty's goodness, I was raised to that station of eminence in the Church, to which *you* had been first named, and which on account of the infirmities of your health, you had desired to decline; it was honour enough for me, on such an occasion, to have been thought of next to you, and I know of no better rule by which to govern my conduct, so as not to discredit the Royal Hand which conferred on me so singular and unmerited a favour, than, in cases of difficulty, to put the question to myself, How you would have acted in the same occasion." Bishop Hurd also writes of Balguy as follows: "Dr Balguy was a person of extraordinary parts, and extensive learning, indeed of universal knowledge; and what is so precious in a man of letters, of the most exact judgment, as appears from some valuable Discourses, which having been written occasionally on important subjects, and published separately by him, had raised his reputation so high, that his Majesty, out of his singular love of merit, and without any other recommendation, was pleased in 1781, to make him the offer of the Bishopric of Gloucester. Dr Balguy had a just sense of this flattering distinction, but was unhappily prevented by an infirm state of health from accepting it."

Dr Balguy died at his prebendal house at Winchester 19 January 1795, and was buried in the Cathedral on the 26th of that month. A tablet was put up to his memory in Winchester Cathedral with the following inscription: "Near this place lies interred | The Rev. Thos. Balguy, D.D. | Archdeacon of Winchester, Prebendary of | this Church, and Vicar of Alton. | Born Sept. 27, 1716, died Jan. 19, 1795. | A sincere and exemplary Christian | a sound and accurate Scholar | a strenuous and able defender of | the Christian Religion | and of the Church of England. | His preferment had been accepted with | gratitude, not sought by him. | In 1781 George III. named him to the Bishopric of Gloucester, which on account of his infirmities he desired | leave to decline" (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, iii, 220, 232; v, 652; viii, 157, note; see also *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1824, ii, p. 597, where a specimen of his Latin verse is given).

Dr Balguy published the following works: (i) *A sermon preached in Lambeth Chapel 12 February 1769 at the Consecration of the Right Reverend Dr Shute Barrington, Bishop of Llandaff*, 1769; (ii) *A Sermon* [on Heb. xiii, 7] *on Church Government, preached at the Consecration of Bishop Shipley*, 1769, 4to.; (iii) *A Charge delivered to the Clergy of his Archdeaconry*, 1772, 4to.; this was a defence of demanding subscriptions to the Articles of Religion, it met with some severe criticism; (iv) *A Sermon* [on 1 Pet. ii, 15] *On the Consecration of Bishop North*, 1775, 8vo.; (v) *A Sermon on the Respective Duties of Ministers and People, at the Consecration of the Right Rev. Richard Hurd, D.D., Bishop of Litchfield and Coventry; and the Right Rev. John Moore, D.D., Bishop of Bangor*, 1775, 4to.; (vi) *Divine Benevo-*

lence asserted, and vindicated from the reflections of Ancient and Modern Sceptics, 1782, 8vo. This is generally thought to be the ablest of his writings; (vii) *Discourses on various subjects, Charges delivered to the Clergy of the Archdeaconry of Winchester, Concio habita in Templo Beatae Mariae* [Cambridge, on Matth. vii, 16], Winchester, 1785, 8vo. Dr Balguy published the Sermons of Dr Powell, with his life, and edited his father's (Rev. John Balguy) *Essay on Redemption*.

His 'Discourses and Charges' with some matter not printed before were edited in two volumes by the Rev. James Drake, Chancellor of St Asaph, and Vicar of Warmfield, Yorks., in 1822.

P. 76 no. 31. Gilbert Crackenthorp was ordained Deacon 2 March 1722 by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed to the curacy of Astwood, Bucks. He was licensed by the Bishop of Chester to be Master of the Grammar School at Kendal 7 June 1743 on the nomination of the Mayor, Aldermen and Burgesses of the Borough of Kirby Kendal. He died at Kendal in July 1793, aged 73, a few years after he had resigned that office (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 6 July 1793; the age, it will be observed, does not quite agree with that given in the College Register).

On the floor of the Bellingham Chapel in Kendal Church are slabs with the following inscriptions: (i) *Hic jacet Anna Crackenthorp, Roberti et Jane Ridgeway Filia Quae Mortem obiit non perturbata 17mo. Die Januarij Anno Salutis 1770 Aetatis 19 (sic). Reverendus Gilbertus Crackenthorp, Scholae Candaliensis Praefectus, In Memoriam Charissimae conjugis, hoc Monumentum Moerens posuit;* (ii) Here lie the remains of Elizabeth, wife of Mr Gilbt. Crackenthorp, Master of the Grammar School in Kendal, Daughter of Robert and Elizabeth Wilson of the Coffee House in Highgate who died the second day of January 1774, aged 53 (Bellasis, *Westmorland Church Notes*, ii, 17).

P. 76 no. 32. Thomas King, the father, of Skelland, co. York, married Alice, daughter of William Serjeantson of Hanlith. James King, their eldest son, was baptized 5 April 1716. He was ordained Deacon 24 December 1738, and licensed to the curacy of Hamerton, Hunts., he was ordained Priest 1 June 1740, and licensed to the curacy of Barrow, co. Leicester, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was sometime Minister of Clitheroe and Downham, co. Lancaster. He was appointed Chaplain to the House of Commons (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 23 March 1771). He was instituted Rector of St Mary's with Holy Trinity, Guildford, Surrey, 22 December 1772, ceding this on his installation as Canon of Windsor 20 June 1774 (Hardy's *Le Neve*, iii, 410). He exchanged this Canonry for the Deanery of Raphoe in Ireland to which he was presented 25 October 1776 (Cotton, *Fasti Ecclesiae Hibernicae*, iii, 363). He died at Woodstock and is buried there, with the following epitaph: "Near this place are interred the remains of James King of Skellands, in the West Riding of the County of York, D.D., and Dean of Raphoe, who died April 24, 1795, and of Anne his wife, daughter and co-heiress of John Walker, esq., of Hungerhill, in the same Riding, who died Nov. 4, 1794, both in the eighty-first year of their age. Their four surviving sons erected this monument in pious remembrance of the best of parents, and with grateful acknowledgement to the Divine Providence for the invaluable blessings their example and instructions afforded them.—Also to the memory of their beloved brother, James King, Captain in the Royal Navy, LL.D. and F.R.S., the friend and colleague of Captain Cook in his last voyage round the world, the history of which, from the time of the death of that celebrated navigator, he wrote at Woodstock, during the intervals of his retirement from the public services of his country, in which his laborious and almost uninterrupted exertions brought on a premature and deeply-lamented death. He died Oct. 1784 in the thirty-second year of his age, at Nice, where he is interred."

Of the four sons, who erected this monument, three were Oxford men. Thomas King, born at Bolton, of Christ Church, afterwards Prebendary of Canterbury and Chancellor of Lincoln. Walker King, of Brasenose College, and student of Christ Church, born at Clitheroe, afterwards Bishop of Rochester; and John King, also born at Clitheroe, of Christ Church, a barrister of Gray's Inn, and Undersecretary to Lord Grenville, the Duke of Portland, and Lord Pelham in their several administrations (Whitaker, *History of Craven*, 3rd ed., 251, where there is a pedigree; Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*).

P. 76 no. 33. Fletcher Norton was the son and heir of Thomas Norton of Grantley, co. York, by Elizabeth, daughter of William Serjeantson, of Hanlith in Craven. He was born at Grantley 3 June 1716 and succeeded his father 22 February

1713. He did not graduate at Cambridge. He was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 14 November 1734, and was called to the Bar 6 July 1739. He was called to the Bench of that Inn 22 June 1764, and sat 7 June 1765, and was Treasurer of the Inn in 1765. He had previously been called to the Bench of Lincoln's Inn 3 May (and sat 2 November) 1754, was Reader of that Inn in 1762, and became Treasurer in November 1762. He was elected M.P. for Appleby, co. Westmorland, 4 March 1756, holding the seat until 1761. He was elected M.P. for Wigan, co. Lancaster, 28 March 1761. He was then appointed Solicitor-General and King's Counsel, and knighted 25 January 1762, being re-elected M.P. for Wigan on his appointment 1 February 1762. He was created a D.C.L. of Oxford 20 October 1762. He became Attorney-General in 1763, and was re-elected M.P. for Wigan on this appointment 24 December 1763. He held the office of Attorney-General until 1765. He was elected M.P. for Guildford, Surrey, 16 March 1768; he was appointed Warden and Chief Justice in Eyre of all the royal forests, chaces, parks and warrens south of the Trent, and was also made a Privy Councillor in 1769. He was re-elected M.P. for Guildford after this appointment 8 February 1769. He was returned again for the same constituency 5 October 1774 and 8 October 1780, vacating the seat on being raised to the Peerage. On the death of Sir John Cust, Speaker of the House of Commons, in January 1770, Sir Fletcher Norton was elected Speaker, he retained possession of the Chair for ten years, until October 1780. On 7 May 1777, when the sum of £618,000 was voted for the discharge of the King's debts a second time, Sir Fletcher Norton, on presenting the bill for the royal assent addressed the throne in these words: "Your Majesty's faithful Commons have granted a great sum to discharge the debt of the civil list; and considering whatever enables your Majesty to support with grandeur, honour and dignity, the crown of Great Britain, in its true lustre, will reflect honour on the nation, they have given most liberally, even in these times of great danger and difficulty, taxed almost beyond our ability to bear; and they have now granted to your Majesty an income far exceeding your Majesty's highest wants, hoping that what they have given cheerfully, your Majesty will spend wisely." The King was greatly mortified and the Ministry endeavoured to gratify their royal master by moving a vote of censure against Sir Fletcher. They failed, however, and a motion was carried in opposition to the Ministry to the effect that the Speaker, in his address to the King, "did express with just and proper energy the zeal of the House for the support of the honour and dignity of the Crown, in circumstances of great public charge." The City of London also expressed their approval, for: "at a Court of Common Council 14 May 1777 a motion was made and question put—That the Freedom of the City be presented to the Right Honourable Sir Fletcher Norton, knight, Speaker of the Honourable House of Commons, for having declared in manly terms the real state of the nation to his Majesty on the Throne, when he presented to him for his Royal Assent the Bill entitled 'An Act for the better support of His Majesty's Household, and of the honour and dignity of the Crown of Great Britain.' The same was resolved in the affirmative, and it was farther resolved—That a copy of the Freedom of the City, with the resolution of the Court inserted therein, be delivered to the Right Honourable Sir Fletcher Norton in a gold box of the value of fifty guineas." He did not accept the gold box, following the precedent of Speaker Onslow (*London's Roll of Fame*, 60).

On the assembling of the next Parliament in 1780, Lord George Germaine proposed that Charles Wolfran Cornwall should take the Chair, alleging that the fatigues of the preceding sessions must have impaired the constitution of Sir Fletcher Norton, the late Speaker. The motion was opposed by Mr Dunning and others, as well as by Sir Fletcher, who scouted in vigorous language the alleged reasons for relieving him; Mr Fox also spoke with asperity against the motion, but the election of Mr Cornwall was carried by a majority of 203 to 134. Two years later, on the accession of the Marquis of Rockingham to power, Norton was raised to the Peerage by patent dated 9 April 1782, with the title of Baron Grantley, of Markenfeld, Yorks. The reason for his creation, according to Wraxall's *Memoirs*, ii, 258–261, and i, 257–261, was because a peerage having been granted to Dunning without the cognizance of the head of the Ministry, it was considered that in order to wipe out the affront "some individual must be without delay raised to the peerage at (the Prime Minister) Lord Rockingham's personal recommendation," and that Norton was selected "not so much from inclination as necessity," his elevation making in all respects a good parallel to the peerage conferred on Dunning.

In addition to the offices enumerated above, Sir Fletcher Norton was made Attorney-General for the Diocese of Durham on 5 January 1754, resigning this in 1770. He was also Attorney-General for the County Palatine of Lancaster from 5 July 1758 to 8 February 1764. On 14 January 1758 he was appointed by the Bishop of Durham Steward of the Manors or Lordships of Howden and Howdenshire for life with a salary of eleven marks, payable at Pentecost and Martinmas. On 30 March 1761 the Bishop of Durham appointed him, jointly with his eldest son William Norton, to be High Steward of the Soke or Lordship of North Allertonshire. He was made Recorder of Guildford in 1778. As a lawyer, Lord Grantley was universally admitted to be eminent, and it was remarked by Samuel Johnson, "Much may be done, if a man put his whole mind to a particular subject. By doing so, Norton has made himself the great lawyer which he is allowed to be." He was known by the epithet of Sir Bullface Double-fee,

"Careless of censure and no fool to fame,
Firm in his double post and double fees,
Sir Fletcher standing without fear or shame
Pockets the cash and lets them laugh who please."

See Wraxall's *Memoirs*, i, 259 (ed. 1884).

He married 21 May 1741 at Wonersh, co. Surrey, Grace, daughter of Sir William Chapple, one of the Justices of the King's Bench. He died 1 January 1789, and was buried at Wonersh. His widow died 30 October 1803 at Wonersh. See the admission of his eldest son to the College, P. 156 no. 2 (*Cokayne's Complete Peerage*, iv, 81; Bean, *Parliamentary Representation of the Six Northern Counties of England*, 620, 635; *Annual Register*, 1789, Chronicle, 242; *Dictionary of National Biography*; Brayley, *History of Surrey*, v, 150).

P. 76 no. 34. The father was admitted to the College 13 June 1701 (Part ii, P. 158 no. 47). Marmaduke Teasdale was the third son of his father and was baptized at Hemingbrough 4 May 1714. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Lincoln 15 March 1733, and licensed to the curacy of Conington, Hunts., and Priest, by the same prelate, 24 May 1741, when he was licensed to the curacy of Risby, co. Lincoln. On 9 July 1748 he was instituted to the Vicarage of Brayton, Yorks., and died holding it in 1773. From 1748 to 1773 he was also Vicar of Selby. Anne Teasdale, one of his daughters, died at Selby 5 March 1808. Another daughter, Elizabeth, widow of Morley Wharrey, of Selby, died there 31 December 1842, aged 97 (Raines, *History of Hemingbrough*, 115).

P. 76 no. 35. Zachary Suger, of St John's, was a nephew of Zachary Suger, Vicar of Feliskirk (B.A. Queens' 1690, M.A. Peterhouse 1694). Several notices of members of the family will be found in the Register of Marriages in York Minster (printed in *The Yorkshire Archaeological and Topographical Journal*, i, ii, iii, index).

Zachary Suger, of St John's, was ordained Deacon 23 December 1739 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed to the curacy of Barnoldby-le-Beck, co. Lincoln; he was ordained Priest 20 May 1744 by the Archbishop of York. He was instituted Rector of Barnoldby-le-Beck and Rector of Hatcliffe, both county Lincoln, 23 July 1744. He held Hatcliffe until 1755, and Barnoldby until 1764. In 1744 he was preferred to the Rectory of St Cuthbert's, York (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1744, p. 228), he was also Chaplain to the Duke of Gordon. He was instituted Rector of Hotham, Yorks., 10 March 1755, receiving a dispensation to hold the Rectories of Barnoldby and Hotham, then worth £270 a year (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1755, p. 138). He held Hotham until his death. Among the church plate at Barnoldby-le-Beck is a Paten with the London Hall-mark for 1753, and on a shield a lion *courant* and a face crowned. On the back is the inscription: "Deo et Ecclesiae de Barnoldby-le-Beck, Zachary Suger, Rector, D.D., Dec. 1754" (J. G. Hall, *Notices of Lincolnshire*, 114). On 22 December 1761 the College granted to Zachary Suger, of the City of York, clerk, a lease of their farm at Kannythorpe in the parish of Langton, Yorks. He died at York 8 December 1770 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 15 December 1770; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1770, 591 b). His widow, a daughter of — Snell, of Organhall, Herts., married 20 January 1774, William Bernard, Surveyor, of Westminster (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1790, 1150, where Zachary Suger is said to have been a rival preacher to Laurence Sterne). He published *The Preservation of Judah from the Insults and Invasions of the Idolatrous Assyrians. A Sermon preach'd at York on Sunday the 29th day of September, 1745, on occasion of the present Rebellion in*

Scotland, and on the intended Invasion by the French. Dedicated to Thomas, Lord Archbishop of York. Four editions of this sermon were printed at York (Davies, *A Memoir of the York Press*, 250). An imperfect pedigree will be found, *Harleian Society's Publications*, xxxix, 880.

P. 76 no. 36. George Cardale was specially ordained Priest by the Bishop of Lincoln 1 July 1739 in the church of Chalfont St Giles, Bucks. He was instituted Rector of Wanlip, co. Leicester, 1 July 1739, on the presentation of Ann Palmer, widow, and Vicar of Rothley, co. Leicester, 19 March 1759, on the presentation of Thomas Babington, esq. On 10 March 1759 he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, each being of the value of £80, and the distance between them one mile. In the church at Rothley there is the following inscription to his memory: "The Rev. George Cardale, Doctor in Divinity | rector of Wanlip, and Vicar of this parish | died Oct. 28, 1769, aged 54 years | Joseph Cardale, his son, died in 1767" (Nichols, *History of Leicestershire*, iii, 962).

George Cardale published: *Peace, goodwill, and forgiveness of injuries recommended in an Assize Sermon* [on Ephes. iv, 31, 32] preached... July 24. Leicester, 1755, 8vo.

P. 76 no. 37. Thomas Baker, the elder, was Rector of Nailstone, co. Leicester, Minor Canon and Sub-Chanter or Sub-Dean of St Paul's; Minor Canon of Westminster Abbey and Priest of the Chapel Royal, St James'. He died 10 May 1745 (Hennessy, *Novum Repertorium*, lii). He was buried in Westminster Abbey 13 May 1745 (Chester, *Westminster Abbey Registers*, 368).

Thomas Baker, the younger, was ordained Deacon 22 February 174 $\frac{1}{2}$ by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed to the curacy of Nailstone, co. Leicester, and Priest 24 May 1741 by the Bishop of London. He became a Minor Canon of Westminster, a Priest in ordinary of the Chapel Royal, and Preacher at Queen's Square Chapel, Westminster. He died 24 and was buried 29 May 1779 in Westminster Abbey. His will, dated 7 November 1777, was proved 5 June 1779 by his sister Elizabeth, wife of the Rev. Henry Evans. His only other relations named were his cousins, Ann Baker, then or late of Shrewsbury, her sister, Sarah Baker, then or late of the City of Chester, the Rev. Daniel William Remington, then or late of Lichfield Cathedral, and his sister, Frances Remington, and William Baker, then or late to be heard of at the Victualling Office on Tower Hill, London (Chester, *l.c.*, 428).

P. 76 no. 38. James Butler was ordained Deacon 5 July 1739, and licensed to the curacy of All Saints', Sudbury, Suffolk, by the Bishop of Norwich.

P. 76 no. 40. Joseph Harrison was ordained Deacon (at a special ordination) 29 June 1740 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He is not to be confused with Joseph Harrison of Queen's College, Oxford (B.A. Oxon. 17 $\frac{3}{8}$), who was ordained Deacon (also at a special ordination) 10 August 1740 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed to the curacy of Flamsted, Herts. Joseph Harrison, B.A. of St John's College, was ordained Priest 25 May 1746 by the Archbishop of York, and licensed to the curacy of Birstal with a salary of £10. According to the *Graduati Cantabrigienses* he was then an M.A.

P. 77 no. 41. Middlemore Griffith was ordained Deacon 25 January 173 $\frac{1}{2}$, and Priest 2 March 17 $\frac{3}{8}$ by the Bishop of Lincoln, at the latter date he is described as Chaplain to Lord Malton. He was collated (on a lapse) Rector of St Michael Queenhithe, with Holy Trinity, London, 14 March 17 $\frac{3}{8}$, ceding this on his institution 24 December 1746 to the Rectory of Upham, Hants. He ceded Upham on his institution 27 October 1749 to the Rectory of Whiston, Yorks., and he was instituted Rector of Treeton, Yorks., 15 March 1753. On 9 March 1753 when he is described as Chaplain to Brabazon, Lord Ponsonby, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then stated to be each of the value of £240, and to be two miles apart. He held both until his death in 1763 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 26 November 1763).

P. 77 no. 42. Seth Ellis was ordained Deacon 17 June 1739, and licensed to the curacy of Claxby, he was ordained Priest 20 September 1741, and licensed to the curacy of Claxby with Normanby, co. Lincoln, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. His father held the perpetual curacy of Brampton, near Chesterfield, and died in 1747. The living was in the gift of the Dean of Lincoln, who nominated the Rev. Samuel Pegge (P. 32 no. 30), but the parishioners contested the right of patronage and claimed to nominate the next incumbent, and the matter came

before the courts. In the *Memoirs* of Dr Pegge compiled by his son (prefixed to *Curialia Miscellanea*, at p. xxv: see also Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, vi, 234) the matter is thus referred to: "These measures were principally fomented by the son of the last incumbent, the Rev. Seth Ellis, a man of a reprobate character, and a disgrace to his profession, who wanted the living, and was patronized by the parish. He had a desperate game to play; for he had not the least chance of obtaining any preferment, as no individual patron, who was even superficially acquainted with his moral character alone, could with decency advance him in the church. To complete the detail of the fate of this man, whose interest the deluded part of the mal-contents of the parish so warmly espoused, he was soon after [about 1748] suspended by the Bishop from officiating at Brampton."... "This inhibition... was not revoked till late in the year 1758, which was principally effected by Mr Pegge's intercession with his Lordship, stating Mr Ellis's distressed circumstances, and his having made a proper submission, with a promise of future good behaviour."

Seth Ellis became curate of Great Hale, co. Lincoln, about 1765, and died there, 20 January 1791, worn out with old age. It was remarkable of him that he was scarcely ever known to have a day's illness till a week before his death; and that he never made use of spectacles, although nearly 80 years of age (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1791, p. 94).

P. 77 no. 43. Manwaring Laughton was ordained Deacon 24 December 1738 and licensed to the curacy of Hose, co. Leicester, he was ordained Priest 2 March 1738³/₄, and licensed to Sutton Chapel, co. Lincoln, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Liddington, co. Rutland, 28 January 174³/₈. He was instituted Rector of St Mary's in Stamford, co. Lincoln, 26 September 1754, and reinstituted Vicar of Liddington 28 September. Both livings were vacant in 1789.

On 3 August 1751 the Rev. Manwaring Laughton was married in St Paul's Cathedral, London, to Mary Goodhall, both were then single and described as of the parish of St Martin, Ludgate, London (*Registers of St Paul's Cathedral*, *Harl. Soc. Publ. Register Section*, xxvi, 166).

P. 77 no. 44. William Wright was ordained Deacon 28 May 1738 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed to the curacy of Hathorn, co. Leicester.

P. 77 no. 45. William Hughes was ordained Deacon 1 June 1740 by the Bishop of Lincoln, he is then described as "Student of law in his sixth year at St John's College, Cambridge." He did not graduate. One William Hughes (act. 27) was ordained Priest 26 June 1743 by the Bishop of Norwich, and licensed curate to Edward Birch, Rector of Langham St Mary, Suffolk.

P. 77 no. 46. John Cock was ordained Deacon 22 September and Priest 20 October 1745 by the Bishop of London. He was instituted Rector of Debden, Essex, 20 October 1745, Rector of Great Horkesley, also in Essex, 14 January 1761, then vacating Debden, and Rector of Debden again 7 February 1766, holding it with Great Horkesley until his death. He had a dispensation 1 February 1766 from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Great Horkesley (valued at £250) with Debden (valued at £270), the two livings being 28 miles apart. He died at Great Horkesley 30 January 1796 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 6 February 1796; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1796, 170).

John Cock was a cousin of William Cole, who gives the following account of him (MSS. Cole v, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5806, fol. 139 a). "John Cock was inducted into the Rectory of Debden 26 October 1745 by the Rev. John Taylor, Vicar of Littlebury and Fellow of St John's College. Mr Cock's father is originally of Barkway, in Hertfordshire, and his mother is Anne, the second daughter of Theophilus Tuer of Cambridge, merchant, by Mary, his wife. He was brought up on the Foundation of the Royal College at Eton, and from thence removed to St John's College, in Cambridge, where he now resides, and is now about 30 years of age, and has been at the University these 12 years. He went into Holy Orders under his Diocesan at the Royal Chapel of Whitehall for Deacon the beginning of September, and Priest the middle of October 1745. On occasion of four rogues breaking into his house and binding him and his servants in the year 1759, he took such an antipathy to the place that he was determined never to live at it again; so he sought out for an exchange, and as he writes me word this 14th day of January 1761 he was to be instituted this very day at Fulham to the Rectory of Great

Horkesley, in Essex, to which he was presented by the Lord Viscount Royston, on an exchange with Dr Thomas Birch, whom he presented to Debden. Dr Cock took his Doctor of Divinity at Cambridge Commencement 1760.

"Thomas Birch, D.D., an Oxford man, and of great ingenuity, as appears by several of his works in print. He had been presented to Great Horkesley by my Lord Royston, with whom he was much in favour, on account of his application to the *Belles Lettres*. He is a Fellow of the Antiquary and Royal Societies. He was bred a Quaker. In *The Whitehall Evening Post* of Thursday, 9 January 1766 is this article: 'Yesterday as Dr Birch, late Secretary to the Royal Society, was taking an airing on the Hampstead Road, he was flung from his horse near the Half-way House, and being taken up speechless, was carried in there and blooded; he bled freely and afterwards was able to say who he was, but expired within a quarter of an hour.'

"Upon this accident Dr Cock came into possession of his own living again, but resides wholly at Horkesley, where he has laid out great sums in new modelling and new building the Rectory House."

Cole has some further notes on the family of Joseph Cock (MSS. Cole xviii, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5819, fol. 185*a*).

P. 77 no. 47. Bartin Gutteridge was ordained Deacon 23 December 1739, and licensed to the curacy of Quainton, Bucks., he was ordained Priest 13 June 1742 (with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Ely), all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Upper Isham, Northamptonshire, 10 July 1742, and held the living until 1744.

P. 77 no. 48. John Mitchener, son of John Mitchener of St Mary's in the town of Warwick, gentleman, matriculated at Oxford from Magdalen Hall, 13 June 1716, aged 17. He took the B.A. degree at Oxford in 1720, and the M.A. at Cambridge from St John's in 1734 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). John Mitchener was instituted Vicar of Wolston, near Coventry, Warwickshire, 1 September 1727, and held the living until 1760. His daughter, Miss Mitchener, was married on 5 May 1749 to Mr William Hurford, a coal-merchant, on the pav'd stones, Moorfields (*Cambridge Journal*, 12 May 1749). The *Gentleman's Magazine* for 1749, p. 236, in announcing this wedding, gives the marriage portion as £3000 and adds, "The Rev. father was on the 28th ult. committed to the Gatehouse, Westminster, for firing two pistols at the said Hurford."

P. 77 no. 49. Walter Evans, son of David Evans, of Caron, co. Cardigan, *plebeius*, matriculated at Oxford from Jesus College, 2 April 1726, aged 18. He took the B.A. degree at Oxford in 1729, and the M.A. at Cambridge from St John's in 1734 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). One Walter Evans was instituted to the following livings in Monmouthshire: Rector of Llanhilleth 14 January 1744½, Rector of Panteague 17 September 1742, Vicar of Nash 5 February 1755, and Vicar of Goldcliffe 6 February 1755. Panteague was vacant again in 1749, the others were all vacant in 1768.

P. 77 no. 50. John Robinson was ordained Deacon 1 June 1740, and licensed to the curacy of Hemingford, Hunts., he was ordained Priest 22 February 1741½, and appointed sequestrator of Newton, co. Lincoln, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. One John Robinson held the following benefices in the county and diocese of Lincoln. Instituted Vicar of Binbrook St Gabriel 3 November 1749, of Kirmond 8 April 1758, again instituted to Binbrook St Gabriel 14 April 1758. Instituted Vicar of Stallingborough 15 May 1760, Binbrook being then vacated. Instituted Vicar of Little Coates 2 June 1763, and again to Stallingborough on the same day. Stallingborough and Little Coates were vacant in 1782, Kirmond not till 1794.

P. 77 no. 51. Zachary Brooke, the younger, was admitted a Fellow of the College 10 April 1739. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Ely 24 September 1738, then stating that he was born at Hamerton, Hunts., and he was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Ely 8 April 1740. He was instituted Vicar of Ickleton, near Cambridge, 8 April 1744. He was chaplain in ordinary to George II. and George III. He was instituted Rector of Fornet St Mary with Fornet St Peter, Norfolk, 30 November 1764, on the presentation of Sir Rowland Hill, of Hawkston, Salop, who was bound to present a Fellow of the College. On 19 November 1764 he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Ickleton (valued at £50) with the Fornets (valued at £200), the livings being stated to be

27 miles apart. On 19 January 1765 he was elected Margaret Professor of Divinity, vacant by the death of Dr Newcome, Master of St John's. The other candidate was Edmund Law, D.D., Master of Peterhouse, and afterwards Bishop of Carlisle (see P. 22 no. 19). The votes were: Dr Brooke, 49; Dr Law, 37 (Cooper, *Annals of Cambridge*, iv, 336). On 25 June 1765 he married Miss Susannah Hanchet (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1765, p. 299). He preached on Sunday 6 October 1765 before the King at St James's Chapel (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 12 October 1765). He died at Fornet 7 August 1788 (*ibid.*, 16 August 1788). His widow died at Fulham 20 March 1812, aged 75 (*ibid.* 27 March 1812). His only daughter, Susannah, born 18 March 1768, died Monday 17 June 1839, aged 71, unmarried (*ibid.*, 22 June 1839). He had two sons, Zachary Brooke, B.A. of St John's 1788, and John Brooke, B.A. 1795 of Jesus College. Both were Fellows of their Colleges. The *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1788, p. 757, in announcing his death adds, "The distance in a direct line between his two livings occasioned a criticism well known at Cambridge, that: By help of Dr B.'s *crow* any man might hold preferment in the church. He is succeeded in his professorship, which is a valuable sinecure, by Mr Mainwaring of St John's College, who have the disposal of it by the will of their munificent Foundress."

Dr Z. Brooke was the author of *An Examination of Dr Middleton's Free Inquiry into the Miraculous Powers of the Primitive Church: in which it is proved, at large, that we have sufficient reason to believe the continuance of Miracles after the death of the Apostles*, 8vo., Cambridge, 1750; *Eleven Discourses preached before the late King and his present Majesty, and before the University of Cambridge*, 8vo., Cambridge, 1763 (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, i, 563, viii, 379; *East Anglian*, ii, 130, 142).

In Islington churchyard there is a raised tomb with this inscription to the memory of a niece: "S. | Æternæ memoriae perpetuaeque securitati | Rebecca Powell | Virginis honestissimæ, castissimæ, pientissimæ | Quæ ipso in flore ætatis annos xliii. circiter nata | Præmatura pro dolor, prohi pietas et prisca virtus | Multumque deflenda morte obiit desideratissima | Maiæ xxvii. anno salutis nostræ MDCCCLX | Hoc monumentum | Tam propter rarissimas animi dotes | Quam incomparabilem corporis venustatem merito | ponendum | Moerens curavit avunculus carissimus | Z. Brooke, S.T.P."

For a discussion as to whether this Rebecca Powell was a Quaker and once mistress of George III, see *Notes and Queries*, 3rd Ser., xii, 369.

Zachary Brooke, the father, was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Ely 20 September 1702, being on the same day instituted to Hawkston or Hauxton. He then stated that he was an M.A. of Sidney College, and was born in the Parish of Great Yeldham, Essex, in the year 1674. Cole says of him (MSS. Cole ii, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS., 5803, p. 29), "Zachary Brooke, Vicar of Newton about 1702. He upon some misfortune, debt, as I am informed, went abroad and had a benefice in Virginia, where he died about six years ago. He has a son of both his names, Fellow of St John's College." Cole in his notes on the Vicars of Ickleton (MSS. Cole i, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS., 5802, fol. 8 b), after noting Dr Brooke's dispensation adds: "I suppose the reason he chose to keep Ickleton, is the design, long in hand, to marry the late Mr Hanchett's daughter.... Dr Brooke's father was Vicar of Hauxton, but left to go out to the Indies for debt." And in another place he says that the elder Brooke "in consequence of some disorder in his finances went into some of our Plantations, and was beneficed there, leaving his son to the care of his friends."

P. 77 no. 52. Thomas Shaw took the degree of B.A. in 1737. He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Chester 26 June 1757. One of these names was instituted Rector of Endfield, co. Stafford, 24 July 1765, and held the living until 1770.

P. 77 no. 53. James Boys, the father, was an Alderman and Mayor of Colchester, he died 28 June 1745, his wife, Elizabeth, died 5 September 1745, aged 60 (Round, *Register of Colchester School*, 95). James Boys, the younger, took the degree of LL.B. in 1741. He was ordained Deacon 21 December 1740 by the Bishop of London. He was instituted Vicar of Messing, Essex, 27 February 174½, and held the living until 1756.

P. 77 no. 54. A full account of Dr William Samuel Powell, afterwards Master of the College, will be found in Prof. Mayor's edition of Baker's *History of St John's College*, ii, 1042—1078. To this may be added the following particulars. William

Samuel Powell, eldest son of Francis Powell, of Colechester, Essex, clerk, was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn 17 April 1734. He was ordained Deacon 20 December 1741 in Ely Chapel, Holborn, and Priest 26 December 1741 in St Margaret's Church, Westminster, both by the Bishop of Norwich. Lord Townsend presented him to the Rectory of Colkirk St Mary, in Norfolk, where he was instituted 29 December 1741. He resigned it in 1753 in order that it might be united to the Rectory of Stibbard, and he was instituted to the united Rectory of Colkirk with Stibbard 12 July 1753. He ceded this living on his institution to Freshwater. He was collated Archdeacon of Colchester 12 December 1766, and instituted Rector of Freshwater, in the Isle of Wight, 21 September 1768. He died in College 19 January 1775, and was buried in the College Chapel.

P. 78 no. 55. Antony Salvin, son and heir of Antony Salvin, of Wakerfield, co. Durham, esquire, deceased, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 14 June 1734, he migrated to the Inner Temple, where he was admitted 10 May 1737.

P. 78 no. 56. Richard Wilmot, the father, was a member of the College; see his admission, Part ii, P. 121 no. 8.

Richard Wilmot, the younger, took the degree of B.A. 1737, and M.A. 1741. He was ordained Deacon 28 May 1738, and licensed to the curacy of Stathern, co. Leicester, he was ordained Priest 20 September 1747, and licensed to the curacy of Pertenhall, Beds., all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was married but died without issue (Glover, *History of the County of Derby*, ii, 208, where there is a pedigree).

P. 78 no. 1. William Cole in his MS. collections, Vol. vii, gives a list "of the present Justices of the Peace for the County of Cambridge, Anno Domini 1740." At fol. 60 he gives the following account of "The Worshipful Thomas Watson Ward, Esq., Justice of the Peace for the County of Cambridge.

"Mr Ward of Wilbraham was grandnephew to Thomas Watson, Bishop of St David's, whose niece, Joane, married his Lordship's Secretary, by whom he had this only son, who, before I went to Eton, was my schoolfellow at Walden, in Essex, under Mr Butts. He afterwards came to St John's College, and from thence removed to Trinity College, and there married Mary, the daughter of Mr Cutchy, a barber for the College, who was a celebrated beauty, before he was 18 years of age, to the great displeasure of his mother and aunt, who both soon after died and he came into his full estate of about £1000 a year. He has three sons and a daughter. His middlemost son, John, is my Godson, who was baptized on St David's Day, 1744. His eldest son Thomas is at Mr Newcome's school at Hackney.

"Poor Mr Ward died this day, January 26, 1744 at 11 a clock in the forenoon, I am afraid, of too fast living. He was a very handsome, jolly man of about 32 years of age, and left 4 children behind him" (Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5808), where Cole gives the coat of arms of Mr Ward.

Thomas Watson Ward was High Sheriff of Cambridgeshire and Huntingdonshire from January 1744 to January 1745.

The Rev. T. W. Hutchinson, Vicar of Great Wilbraham, supplies the following particulars with regard to Thomas Watson Ward.

On the north wall of the chancel of Great Wilbraham Church there is a marble tablet with the following inscription: "In memory | of | Thomas Watson Ward | of Wilbraham Temple, Esq^r. | son and heir of John Ward, Esq^r. | by Joanna | niece and co-heiress | of the Right Rev^d. Thomas | L^d. Bishop of St David's. | He married Mary, daughter of John Cutchy | and left by her | Thomas-Watson, John, William, and Mary | 26th Jan^y. | 1750 | Aged but 31."

On the north transept wall there is a marble tablet with this inscription: "In memory of | Mary Ward | wife of | Thos. Watson Ward, Esq^r. | who died 8th June 1793 | Also of John Ward, Esq. | Son of Thomas Watson Ward, Esq^r. | by Mary his wife."

On the north wall of the chancel there is a monument with the following inscription to the memory of John Ward, the father of Thomas Watson Ward: "Hic juxta situs est Johannes Ward Armiger | Qui literis humanioribus in Pueritia imbutus | In juventute legibus pro eo quo erat acumine felicem operam navabat | Id nimirum jam tum agebat Divina Providentia | ut rebus arduis esset par tam Disciplina quam Natura | Rev^{do} admodum in X^{to} Patri Thomae Watson, D.D. | Episcopo Menevensi postea traditus | Illi cum esset a secretis per multos annos liberaliter serviebat | Adeo nulla Illum a Domino divellere poterant hujus pericula | Ut tam huic conjunctiorem quam fortiorem indies redderet | Eorum partem ut leviora

fierent Domino sibi dari postulabat | Fides hic Achates. Hic nunquam consilii | Quo Domino in rebus dubiis inserviret inops aut parcus | Quinetiam Praemiis amplis tentatus (ab iis scilicet | Qui quam probus vir esset non noverant oblati) | Ut Dominum suum sceleratis hominibus proderet | Alto illa rejecit respuitque indignans vultu | A primis nempe annis probe fuerat perdoctus | Quanto virtus esset auro pretiosior | Si quid recte siquid ad amussim factum velles | Non alium invenire erat virum cui mandares aptiorem | Non alium ad eam exequendam promptiorem | Testor Rem Domini hujus Fidei feliciter commissam | Per hunc auctiorem melioremque redditam | Cum nulla ipsi negotia per Leges liceret transigere | Unica jam restabat via, quâ Rev^{do} admodum in X^{to} Patri propinquior evaderet | Aggreditur succedit Neptim ejus natu maximam uxorem ducit | summum quidam Ipsam per se spectatae Fidei taliumque meritorum premium | Res simul ampla quam Domino salvam præstiterat illique dum vixit auxerat | Magna ex parte in ipsius jam jura cedit | Nec segnis sane futurus erat in suis rebus agendis | Qui tanta in alienis fuerat Industria | sed sponsae flebili sed amicis quorum in comoda videbatur natus | Immatiori morte præcipitur Talis viri nulla non videretur immatura | Dignus videbatur qui rebus sua cura auctis diutius sineretur frui | cum nemo rebus utcunque calluerit ubi sapientius | Nemo communicavisset eas amicis liberalius | At nos indigni sumus qui diutius tam Publico frueremur commodo | Nobis itaque periit sibi jam vivit qui sibi se genitum nunquam credidit | Nobis dixi periit Unicum reliquit filium cui nomen addebatur Thomas | Risu tum Patrem matremque cognoscere incipientem | Spem matris Imaginem Patris quem cum per se sit acer vividusque | Patris virtus et exempla Domestica indies ad honesta stimulabunt | Altero etiam Joanne gravidam reliquit uxorem | Qui natus 27^o Septembris anno Domini 1719 | Die ante X^{ti} natalem proximo Patrem secutus est | Natus Cavenslatiae in Comitatu de Radnor in Wallia meridionali | Obiit Maii 11^o anno Dⁿⁱ 1719 aetatis suae 44 | Hunc illi Lapidem posuit moestissima conjux | Exiguum ingentis monumentum et Pignus Amoris.”

On the south wall of the chancel is a monument with this inscription: “May this monument be sustained | To the end of Time | Sacred | To the memory and virtues of | Miss Mary Ward | The darling of her Friends | The admiration of strangers | And real blessing of her family | Her person was tall and gracefull | Her Features | Handsome and Regular | But her mind | Pious, modest, delicate, amiable | Beyond the credit of description | Parents of children | And inhabitants of her native village | Drop a Tear | To this sweet short lived Flower | Who having just added a compleat education | To her natural excellences | Died | uncommonly perfect and lamented | On the 30th Jan^r | 1756 | Aged 15 years 6 months.”

On gravestones in the chancel are the following inscriptions: (1) “Here lyeth y^e Body of | John Ward, Esq. | Who departed this life | May y^e 11th 1719 in y^e 44 year | of his age | Near to this stone Likewise lyeth | the body of Joanna his wife who | departed this life Dec^r y^e 7, 1736 | in the 58th year of her age | And also the body of Mrs Mary Watson | her sister who died ye 20 of | July 1737 in the 55th | year of her age.”

(2) “H.S. | Thomas Watson Ward Armiger | honestus et probus vir | Anna itidem conjux | gratiis et suavitate morum | praestans | Ille obiit decimo sexto Die Januarii | A.D. MDCXCII | aetat. LIV | Haec decimo sexto Die Septembris A.D. MDCXC | Aetat. XLIX.”

The *Parish Registers* of Great Wilbraham contain the following entries with regard to the Ward family:

1718. Thomas Watson, son of John and Johanna Ward, was baptized. Aug. y^e 10.

1719. John, ye son of John Ward and Johanna, was baptized. Septem^r y^e 27.

1719. Mr John Ward was buried. May ye 11.

1736. Mrs Johanna Clench. Decemb. 10 (Buried).

1737. Mrs Mary Watson. Aged 23 (Buried).

1740. Mary, daug. of Thomas Watson Ward, esq., and Mary his wife. June 14 (Baptized).

1743. John, son of Thomas W. Ward, Esq., and Mary his wife. March 8 (Baptized).

1749. Thomas Watson Ward, Esq. Jan^r 30 (Buried).

1756. Mary, daug. of Mrs Ward. Feb. 7 (Buried).

1761. Thomas Watson Ward, son of Thomas Watson Ward, Esq., and Anne his wife. March 17 (Buried).

1763. Jeremy, son of Thomas Watson Ward, Esq., and Anne his wife. June 20 (Baptized).

1771. John, son of John and Dorothy Ward from Qui. Feb. 24 (Buried).

1772. Marianne, daughter of Thomas Watson Ward, Esq., and Anne his wife. March 19 (Baptized).

1779. Fanny, daughter of Thom^s Watson and Anne Ward. Jan^y 6 (Baptized).

1779. Livia Sophia, daughter of Thom^s Watson and Anne Ward. Oct. 26 (Baptized).

1786. Mr John Ward. May 21 (Buried).

1790. Ward, M^{rs} Anne, Wife of Thomas Watson, Esq. Sep. 22 (Buried).

1792. Ward, Thomas Watson, Esq. Aged 54. Jan^y 21 (Buried).

1793. Ward, Mrs Mary. Widow. June 13 (Buried).

1805. Ward, William, Esq., Hadley, Herts. Nov^r 4 (Buried).

Also in 1760:—Banns of Marriage between Tho^s Watson Ward of this Parish and Anne Pemberton of the Parish of Gorton, published 11, 18, 25 May 1760.

To these facts Mr Hutchinson adds the notes. Bishop Watson bought the Temple Estate, Wilbraham, in 1683. It was sold to the Rev. James Hicks in 1788. Joanna Ward (*née* Watson) married for her second husband John Clench.

P. 78 no. 2. Richard Ludlam, the father, was a member of the College (Part ii, P. 140 no. 1). William Ludlam was baptized at St Mary's Church, Leicester, 8 April 1717 (*Leicestershire and Rutland Notes and Queries*, i, 193). He was admitted a Fellow of the College 13 March 1743, became a Senior Fellow 15 March 1763, and his fellowship was filled up in 1769. He was ordained Deacon 22 February 1744, and licensed to the curacy of Galby, co. Leicester, he was ordained Priest 14 March 1745, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was appointed Lady Sadleir's Lecturer in Algebra at St John's College 13 January 1746, and seems to have held this until he left College. He was Junior Dean of the College from 19 February 1754 to 23 February 1757. He was appointed by the College to be parochial chaplain of Horningsey, co. Cambridge, 23 February 1757; his successor was George Ashby, appointed 18 October 1765. He was Junior Bursar of the College from 15 October 1765 to 27 February 1768. He was also for a time Linacre Lecturer in Physic. He was instituted Rector of Peckleton, co. Leicester, 22 December 1743, ceding this on being instituted Vicar of Norton-by-Galby in the same county 3 April 1749. He was presented by the College to the Rectory of Cockfield, co. Suffolk, 18 April, and instituted 13 May 1767. He held both these latter livings until his death. He apparently resided at Cockfield for some time, as he signs the Registers there from 1767 to 1773 and again in 1782 and 1783. During the interval and later he resided at Leicester, for part of the time at least with his brother Thomas (P. 115 no. 16). During his residence in College he seems to have taken an active part in College tuition, and to have had the superintendence of the College Observatory. In 1760, Dr Powell, Master of the College, supported Ludlam in his candidature for the Lucasian Chair of Mathematics in the University. The Chair was however given to Edward Waring.

When Thomas Robinson (of Trinity College, B.A. 1772) became Vicar of St Mary's at Leicester he found Ludlam there; Robinson had been warned that Ludlam would be his enemy, but the prediction was falsified and they became fast friends. "Mr Ludlam was at this time chiefly occupied in mechanical pursuits; with which he united a very large share of attention to the newspapers and other political publications of that period (*i.e.* about 1774). He did not usually go to church even on the Sunday; and when he did go, it was generally from the workshop; with hands and legs which shewed where he had been....Mr Ludlam had something venerable, but very peculiar, in his appearance. He wore a large roquelaure; and had his face and head a good deal muffled up in his hat and cloak. He had also something of Dr Ogden's emphatic protrusion of the head" (E. T. Vaughan, *Some account of the Rev. Thomas Robinson*, 68, 69, 70). Between Robinson and William Ludlam there was for many years a fast friendship. Ludlam took an active part in the proceedings for petitioning Parliament against the slave trade. An address by him to the Clergy of the Archdeaconry of Leicester is printed by Vaughan (*l.c.* pp. 135-6).

Some remarks by Ludlam on the defective printing of his mathematical works at the Cambridge University Press will be found in Nichols' *Literary Anecdotes*, viii, 414. He was author of the following: (i) *Astronomical observations made in the new Observatory at Cambridge in the years 1767 and 1768, with an account of*

several astronomical instruments, Cambridge, 1769, 4to.; (ii) *Two Mathematical Essays; the first on Ultimate Ratios, the second on the Power of the Wedge*, Cambridge, 1770; (iii) *Directions for the use of Hadley's Quadrant; with remarks on the construction and use of that instrument demonstrated*, London, 1771, 8vo.; (iv) *An essay on Newton's Second Law of Motion*, London, 1780, 8vo.; (v) *The Rudiments of Mathematics; designed for the use of students at the Universities; containing an Introduction to Algebra; Remarks on the first six books of Euclid; and the elements of Plane and Spherical Trigonometry*, London, 1785, 8vo.; (vi) *An Introduction to, and Notes on, Mr Bord's Method of dividing Astronomical Instruments; to which is added a Vocabulary of English and French technical terms*, London, 1786, 4to.; (vii) *Mathematical Essays; (1) On the Properties of the Cycloid: (2) On Def. 1, Cor. 1, Prop. 10; Cor. 1, Prop. 13; Book I of Newton's Principia*, 1787; (viii) *Essays on Scripture metaphors; Divine justice; Divine mercy; and the Doctrine of Sanctification*, 1787, 8vo.; (ix) *Two Essays, on Justification, and the influence of the Holy Spirit, in addition to the foregoing*, 1788.

He also published the following papers in the *Philosophical Transactions*: (1) "Account of a new-constructed Balance for the Woollen Manufacture," LV, p. 205; (2) "Observations on the Transit of Venus and Eclipse of the Sun at Leicester, June 3, 1769," LX, 236; (3, 4 and 5) "Astronomical Observations at Leicester," LX, 355; LXV, 366, 370; (6) "Eclipse of the Sun at Leicester, 1778," LXVIII, 1019; (7) "An engine for turning Ovals in wood or metal, and drawing Ovals on paper," LXX, 378. In the *Gentleman's Magazine* is his "Report to the Board of Longitude, on the merits of Mr Harrison's watch," Vol. xxxv, 412, and "A short account of Church Organs," Vol. XLII, 502. In the *London Magazine* for 1765, pp. 666-7, is "A short view of the improvements made or attempted to be made in Mr Harrison's watch" (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, iii, 639; Davy, *Athenae Suffolcienses*, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS., 19,166, article Ludlam). He was also in early life an occasional writer in the *Monthly Review*. He died at Leicester, and on the south wall of St Mary's Church there is a tablet with the following inscription: "In memory of William Ludlam, B.D. | many years a fellow of St John's College, Cambridge | (son of Richard Ludlam, M.B.) | who died March 16, 1788, aged 71 years. | And of William, his son, aged 3 years" (Nichols, *History of Leicestershire*, i, 318).

The date of William Ludlam's marriage and the maiden name of his wife do not appear to have been ascertained. One of his sons, Thomas Ludlam, after serving a period of apprenticeship to a printer, entered the service of the Sierra Leone Company. He became one of the Council, and ultimately Governor of Sierra Leone. He died there on board the *Crocodile* frigate, 25 July 1810, aged 34. Another son, William Ludlam, became a surgeon of some note. He married a Miss Parker, niece of Mr Parker Newdigate, of Arbury Park, Warwickshire. Their son, Thomas Ludlam, was Fellow of Peterhouse (B.A. 1832), and afterwards Vicar of St Nicholas, Guildford (Babington, *Materials for a History of Cockfield, Suffolk*, 40).

P. 78 no. 3. William Cantrell was ordained Deacon 17 June 1739, being "titled at Empingham Prebend, Rutland," he was ordained Priest 22 February 1749 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Normanton, co. Rutland, 7 May 1751, and Rector of St Michael's, in Stamford, 16 September 1766, on the presentation of the Earl of Exeter; he died 17 January 1787. The *Parish Register* of St Michael's, Stamford, records the burial of Mary Cantrell, spinster, 22 August 1788, aged 68, perhaps a sister of the Rector. There is a monument to the memory of William Cantrell in St Alkmund's, Derby.

P. 78 no. 8. Thomas Savage was ordained Deacon 24 September 1738 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed to the curacy of Welby, co. Lincoln. One Thomas Savage was instituted Vicar of Owston, Yorks., 28 September 1744, and held the living until 1782. A Thomas Savage was instituted Rector of Darley, co. Derby, 13 February 1744½, and seems to have held the living until 1764. Mrs Elizabeth Savage, widow of the Rev. Thomas Savage, formerly Rector of Darley, died 29 September 1792 at Bishop's Stortford, aged 73 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 6 October 1792; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1792, p. 962).

P. 78 no. 9. Radley Aynscough, the father, son of Thomas Aynscough, of Bowden, Cheshire, matriculated at Oxford from Brasenose College 8 March 1699, aged 18, he was B.A. in 1703 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). Thomas, his only surviving son by his first wife, Elizabeth, daughter of — Taylor, was baptized at the Collegiate Church of Manchester 23 May 1719. He proceeded B.A. 1738 and

M.A. 1742. He incorporated as M.A. at Oxford 13 July 1742 (Foster, *l.c.*). He was ordained Deacon 24 May 1752 by the Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Chester, and Priest 15 October 1752 by the Bishop of Chester. On 1 August 1752 he was licensed to the Perpetual Curacy of Birch, in Rusholme, on the nomination of John Dickenson of Manchester, and provided the first books for the recording of baptisms and burials there. In 1753, principally through his agency, the Chapel of Birch was enlarged, a faculty for that purpose having been granted by the Bishop of Chester to Thomas Aynscough, curate of Birch Chapel and others therein named. He continued to live at Birch until 31 January 1762. On 12 November 1761 he was elected Fellow of the Collegiate Church of Manchester. On 6 October he was elected Feoffee of the Chetham Library and Hospital, and on 4 March 1788 a Governor of Manchester Grammar School. In 1786 he was a Trustee, with others, of the Charity School, of the Collegiate and Parish Church of Christ in Manchester, and took a lively interest in the founding and supporting of Sunday Schools. He long had a house near the Collegiate Church at 12 Fennel Street, in order that he might regularly attend the Morning and Evening Prayers.

He married a daughter and co-heiress of the Rev. Jacob Scholes, incumbent of Unsworth. Thomas Aynscough died at Royton Hall, where he had lived for some years, on 8 November 1793, aged 74, and was buried in the Collegiate Church of Manchester. His name alone is recorded on his monument (*The Fellows of the Collegiate Church of Manchester, Chetham Society's Publ. N.S.*, xxiii, 268—273, where there are some further details with regard to him, and an abstract of his will).

He preached in 1773 a funeral sermon on his intimate friend, the Jacobite, John Clayton, at Manchester (Tyerman, *Oxford Methodists*, 51).

P. 79 no. 10. Godfrey Bosville, gentleman, son and heir of William Bosville, late of Gunthwaite, Yorkshire, esquire, deceased, was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 22 January 173§.

P. 79 no. 14. Richard Brewster was ordained Deacon 15 March 173§ by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed to the curacy of Saxby, co. Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Heighington, co. Durham, 22 October 1764, and held the living until his death. In the Church of Greatham there is a monument to his memory with this inscription: "In memory of | The Rev. Richard Brewster, A.M. | Vicar of Heighington in this County | and Lecturer of St Thomas's and St Anne's Chapels | in Newcastle-upon-Tyne | where he died distinguished by a life | of strict piety and virtue | April 5, 1772, aged 54 years | and was interred in the parish of St Nicholas. | Also in memory of Isabel his widow | who ended a devout and useful life May 11, 1797, aged 71 years | and was interred here. | This monument was erected | as a tribute of filial affection" (Surtees, *History of Durham*, iii, 139, 307).

P. 79 no. 15. Edmund Bentham was born at Ely in May 1716 (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, viii, 452). He was admitted a Fellow of the College 17 March 174‡ and his fellowship was filled up again in 1772. He was ordained Deacon 24 May 1741 by the Bishop of Norwich, and Priest by the Bishop of Lincoln 27 February 174‡. He was instituted Vicar of Eyworth, Beds., 12 September 1754. He was instituted Rector of Wootton Courtney, Somerset, 19 October 1770; being presented thereto by the Rev. Dr Burton, Vice-Provost of Eton College (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 9 June 1770). He held both these livings until his death. Nichols (*l.c.*) states that he was Rector of Sutton, and died in London, *s.p.*, 8 April 1781, and was buried at Twickenham. This does not seem to be correct. The *Cambridge Chronicle* of 6 October 1781 has the following: "Lately died at Moulsey Grove, near Hampton Court, where he was upon a visit (to Lady Fanny Burgoigne) the Rev. Edmund Bentham, B.D., Rector of Wootton Courtney, Somerset, and formerly Fellow of St John's College." Cole in his collections for an *Athenae Cantabrigienses* has the following account of him.

"He was a tall, thin, gouty person, always wore his short grey hair well powdered, had a defect in his palate which affected his speech. Miserably covetous, and was all his life to his death Curate of Sutton, near Potton, in Bedfordshire, where he also had some small benefice near it. He died on a visit in September early to Lady Fanny Burgoigne who had much patronized him, and lived always at her table at Sutton. He died a bachelor, and scraped together by wearing old cloathes and dirty above £1200, which goes to his surviving brothers and sister,

Philippa. He was an honest man, as were all his brethren, but singularly odd. On his death Mr Burgoigne, who had been a pupil to him before he went to schole and had a respect for him, sent to his brother Geoffrey, to come and bury him. He ordered the Undertaker to bury him in the Parish Church, but understanding it was off a good distance and fearing an expense of an Herse to carry him, he would have him buried at the nearest, which it seems was on the other side of the Thames. So that Mr Edmund Bentham was Rector of a Parish he never was at, but for Induction; died in a Parish where he was not buried; buried in a Parish with which he had no connection; and has a monument in another church wherein he was not buried, but the curacy of which he had served for near 40 years. Mr Burgoigne would have persuaded Geoffrey to have put up some memorial for his brother in the place where he was interred, but he would hear nothing of it, so he ordered one to be erected for him in Sutton Church at the expense of £20. These circumstances were related to me by Mr Essex 20 March 1782. I record these things to shew how little value there is in a seeming brotherly love for which they were all remarkable, in so much that about a year after the Alderman's death, Edmund calling upon me, I happened to say it was the very day on which his brother Joseph died, upon which he fell a crying like a child. Geoffrey also calling here some two years after, I mentioned occasionally his brother Joseph, which brought tears into his eyes and mortified me for having mentioned him. A little gratitude to their memories and not so much profession and childish roaring and a little more generosity would convince people more of their natural affection" (Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5864).

See the admission of his brothers, Thomas, P. 70 no. 25, and Geoffrey, P. 90 no. 25.

P. 79 no. 16. Wyersdale is in the parish of Garstang.

Wyreside was the residence of the Cawthorne family, who are said to have held a portion of Wyersdale for six or seven hundred years (Croston's edition of Baines's *History of Lancashire*, v, 428).

P. 79 no. 17. Robert Mawson was ordained Priest 24 May 1741 by the Bishop of Rochester. He was instituted Vicar of Bramford, Suffolk, 29 June 1744, on the presentation of the Dean and Chapter of Canterbury, and held the living until his death 22 May 1760 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1760, p. 297, where he is called Rector of 'Diphthorn' and 'Bradfield,' Suffolk).

P. 79 no. 18. Bragg Blagden was ordained Deacon 23 December 1739 by the Bishop of Norwich when he was licensed to the curacy of Aspoll, Suffolk, he was ordained Priest 6 September 1741 by the Bishop of Chichester. He was appointed to the Prebend of Hampstead in Chichester Cathedral 5 July 1763 (Hardy's *Le Neve*, i, 276, 278). He was instituted Rector of Singleton, Sussex, 26 November 1763, ceding this in 1764. He was instituted Rector of Binstead 19 October 1764, and Rector of Slinfold 7 November 1764, to the latter on the presentation of John Parnell of the Parish of Newfishbourne, Sussex, merchant, both these livings being in Sussex. On 5 November 1764, when he is described as Chaplain to Charles, Duke of Richmond, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Binstead (valued at £50) with Slinfold (valued at £100), the livings being stated to be two miles apart. He held both with his Prebend until his death. He was also sequestrator of All Saints in the Pallant, Chichester, in which city he resided at his death 3 February 1781. He was buried at All Saints 9 February.

P. 79 no. 19. Henry Harward Darby was admitted a Fellow of the College 10 April 1739, his fellowship was filled up again 26 March 1751. He probably vacated it through not proceeding to the B.D. degree, as on 13 March 1748 a 'Year of Grace' was granted to him. He was ordained Deacon 23 September 1739, and Priest 20 September 1741 by the Bishop of Norwich. He died 1 April 1800 at Boxford, Suffolk (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 12 April 1800). He was a member of the S.P.C.K. in 1785 when he is described as of Gorton, Suffolk.

P. 79 no. 20. Richard Stevens was ordained Deacon 22 February 1749 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed to the curacy of Sproxton, co. Leicester, he was ordained Priest 6 March 1749 by the Archbishop of York. He was instituted Rector of Weston, Notts., 11 March 1747, and Rector of Harby, co. Leicester, 12 July 1749. On 26 June 1749, when he is described as Chaplain to Dr Edward Cresset, Bishop of Llandaff, he had a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Harby (valued at £140) with Weston (valued at £130), the benefices being stated to be 14 miles apart. He was instituted Rector of Bottesford, co. Leicester, 2 March

1752 on the presentation of John, Duke of Rutland. On 24 February 1752 he had a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Bottesford (valued at £300) with Harby, the benefices being stated to be 20 miles apart. He was collated to the Prebend of Gretton in Lincoln Cathedral 23 January and installed 21 March 1767, holding this with his two rectories until his death (Hardy's *Le Neve*, ii, 154). In the church of Grantham there is a monument with the following inscription: "In | hoc vicino pulvere | jacet Janae Stevens corpus | Reverendi Richardi Stevens A.M. uxoris | quae obiit 18^o die Novembris Ann. Dom. 1751 | Aetatis 34 | Extremam tetigi metam charissime spouse; | Iam me vita simul linquit amorque tui | Ne nimium doleas, curam me propter habeto | Proles me propter, sit tibi cura tui. | In eodem tumulo spe beatorum resurrectionis | exuviae mortales Rev^d R. Stevens requiescunt | qui mortem obiit 13^o die Martii Anno Aetatis 53 | Salutis 1771."

Richard Stevens had three daughters also buried at Grantham: Georgiana Sibeller Stevens, died 21 April 1822, aged 75; Diana Dorothy Dodsworth, died 20 October 1795, aged 43; Jane Stevens, who died 9 July 1834, aged 88. He had also a daughter Martha, who was the wife of the Rev. Philip Laycock Story, who was Rector of Walton-on-the-Weald, co. Leicester (1776), Vicar of Lockington (1777), and J.P. for the county of Leicester, he died 25 May 1819, aged 72 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1819, i, 583; *History of Leicestershire*, ii, 99; Turnor, *History of Grantham*, 19; *Miscellanea Genealogica et Heraldica*, New Series, ii, 439). A son of Richard Stevens, Edmund Stevens, was an officer in the army, some letters from him will be found in the *Belvoir MSS.*, iii, index, published by the Historical MSS. Commission; he was an equerry to King George III. Thomas Stevens, the father of Richard, was an Alderman of Grantham in 1732.

P. 79 no. 21. In the British Museum is a MS. Harleian, 7654 (formerly MS. Add. 5005) which contains memoranda of the births, marriages, deaths, &c., of the nobility and gentry in the handwriting of Edward Harley, Earl of Oxford. Amongst these memoranda is the following: *Bowes Howard, Earl of Berkshire*.—"Charles married, 1736, meanly to a woman who lodged in the house where he boarded at Eaton School. Her maiden name was Manning; old enough to be his mother. She was a widow of one Lane, a lieutenant at sea, who had halfpay and was upon what they call the compassionate list. He was a little while at St John's College, in Cambridge" (*Notes and Queries*, 2 Ser. i, 325).

I owe to Mr R. Sims (8, Banbury Road, Oxford) the following notes:

Thomas Lane, of Tettenhall, co. Stafford, Lieut., R.N., or in E.I. Co.'s Service, born *circa* 1690, married *circa* 1712 to Susannah Manning. She was born at Braintree, Essex, in 1693. They had two children; Susanna, baptized at Braintree in 1713, and Thomas, baptized at Braintree in 1714. Thomas Lane, the elder, died *circa* 1732. Susannah Lane lived at Eton while her son was at the school and so made the acquaintance of the Hon. Charles Howard. They were married at a tavern in Bride Lane, Fleet Street, in March 1736. But Charles Howard refused to reside with his wife in 1741, deserted her and went abroad. He returned to England in 1747 and was sued for 'restitution' in 1747, but did not obey the judgment which was against him.

Susannah Howard died in 1764, and was buried at Abbots Langley, co. Herts.

Thomas Lane, her son, by her first husband, received a writership in the E.I. Co.'s Service in 1730.

Charles Howard, second son of the Earl of Berkshire, was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn 12 February 1734.

P. 80 no. 22. Israel Close was ordained Deacon 15 March 1733, and licensed to the curacy of Tothill, Lincolnshire, by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Beesby, co. Lincoln, 27 May 1742, and held the living until 1771.

P. 80 no. 23. John Wibbersley occurs as under-usher of the Grammar School at Newcastle-on-Tyne 12 July 1742, he was appointed usher 26 June 1749. On 8 October 1751 he was nominated by Lord Ravensworth to the curacies of Lamesley and Tanfield, co. Durham. He published a sermon preached at St Nicholas' Church in Newcastle-on-Tyne at the Assizes held there 28 July 1752. He was instituted Vicar of Woodhorn, co. Northumberland, 6 May 1766, which he ceded on being collated to the Rectory of Whickham, co. Durham, 8 September 1768. In the chancel of Whickham Church is a monument with the following inscription: "In memory of John Wibbersley, A.M., he was 13 years Rector of this parish, he died 18 April 1782, aged 63, and was buried here." He appears also to have been for some time

a curate at Whickham as he signs the marriage register on 18 September 1756 as John Wibbersley, minister, and on 7 August 1758 and 2 August 1762 as John Wibbersley, curate. His library, which was curious and valuable, was sold by Payne of London in 1783 (Brand, *History of Newcastle*, i, 97; H. M. Wood, *Notes on the Rectors of Whickham, Proceedings of the Society of Antiquaries of Newcastle-on-Tyne*, viii, 265; Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, iii, 656).

P. 80 no. 24. Lawrence Bourne, the father, of Marsh Green, surgeon, was baptized at Ashover 30 October 1677. He died 19 December 1749. His wife, Martha, died 12 February 1751. William Bourne, the son, died unmarried at College, and was buried 27 July 1736 (Hunter, *Familiae Minorum Gentium, Harleian Soc. Publ.*, xxxvii, 346; *Parish Register of All Saints', Cambridge*).

P. 80 no. 25. George Barnard, the father, was Rector of Knebworth, Herts., 1737–1760, and Vicar of Luton, Beds., 19 December 1745–1760. He was probably the George Barnard, son of George Barnard, of the parish of St Giles, London, who matriculated at Oxford from St Mary's Hall 11 October 1707, aged 18. Took the B.A. at Oxford in 1711 and the M.A. at Cambridge, from Emmanuel College, in 1723. His son George matriculated at Oxford from Merton College 18 September 1732, aged 17 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*).

Edward Barnard, of St John's, was ordained Deacon 24 May 1741 by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed to the curacy of Knebworth, he was ordained Priest 10 March 1744 $\frac{1}{2}$ by the Bishop of Ely. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 13 March 1744 $\frac{1}{2}$ and his fellowship was filled up again in April 1756. In 1752 he was at Eton as tutor to the sons of the Hon. Mr Thomas Townshend, M.P. for the University in seven Parliaments. By him he was presented to the Rectory of Paul's Cray, Kent, and instituted 25 September 1752. He was presented by the College to the Vicarage of Ospringe, Kent, 25 February 1756 and instituted 14 April following. On 29 March 1756 he had a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Paul's Cray (valued at £200) with Ospringe (valued at £90), the two livings being stated to be 30 miles apart. He became Head-Master of Eton College in 1754; was appointed Canon of Windsor 5 June 1760. He was appointed Provost of Eton 25 October 1765, and held this with his Rectory of Paul's Cray and his Canonry until his death 2 December 1781. He married 25 August 1760 Miss Haggett, of Richmond (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1760, p. 394). As Head-Master of Eton he was very successful and raised its numbers and reputation. Cole says of him (MSS. Cole xxxiv, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5835, p. 38): "Dr Barnard was the son of Mr Barnard, Vicar of Luton in Bedfordshire, and being educated at Eton schole, and superannuated, was entered of St John's College in Cambridge (and had from it the Vicarage of Ospringe in Kent), where he became Fellow. He afterwards went assistant to Eton Schole, where his scholarship and disposition for that kind of life were so conspicuous that on a vacancy he was preferred to the Head-Mastership of that Royal schole: which by his great learning, superior management and exact and nice discipline, he soon brought to that eminence, as never had been known before. For the number of scholars by a great many exceeded 500, during all the time he was in that station: so that I am credibly informed, that his own endowment as Head-Master was every year above £1500, by the flourishing state he had brought the schole into. So that a man of his great parts and reputation could not, in his situation, be long without such preferment as he chose. Accordingly he was made King's Chaplain and had a Canonry of Windsor, reckoned one of the most gentile preferments of that sort in the kingdom, conferred upon him. As Dr Sleech, a bachelor, had been in a very declining way for years before his death, so it gave a fair opportunity for those who had pretensions to ask for this desirable preferment of 700 pounds a year to be early enough in their applications for it: accordingly my friend Dr Lyne, one of the Fellows, had the promise of it, and would certainly, without the greatest ill fortune, have succeeded to it, had not the Earl of Sandwich, his great friend and patron, who had got him the promise of it, in case he continued in the Ministry, been, with his cousin the Earl of Halifax, just then turned out from being the two Secretaries of State: and at this critical junction, the worthy Marquis of Granby, equally a friend to Dr Barnard, had so much interest with the new Ministry as to get him elected. To the extreme mortification of Dr Lyne. Dr Barnard was always a little lame, wearing an iron to strengthen one leg, or foot. He is a thin man pitted with the small-pox, of a most lively and piercing

eye, sufficiently indicative of his lively and sprightly genius. Too apt as I have been told, by those who know him better than I do, to dwindle now and then into sneer and sarcasm, though always esteemed a very good tempered man. While he was Master of Eton Schole, he married a West Indian lady of a good fortune, but who lived with him not many years. His father also left him, according to report £10,000, so that his income is very ample; I have heard, about £2000 per annum."

A very interesting account of Dr Barnard is given by George Hardinge in Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, viii, 543-554. From this the following passages may be quoted: "Besides other faculties, in his eloquence he had the charm of a musical voice, and, in reading or speaking, a most exquisite ear. He had all imaginable variety of companionable talents, and could, in serious debate, out-argue the doughtiest champions pitted against him. He could also, without servility, make himself acceptable to superiors in rank, who had no taste for his mirth, or capacity for the enjoyment of it; for he was always a perfect gentleman. If nature had given him Garrick's features and figure, he would have been scarce inferior to him in theatrical powers. He was an admirable mimic; but he was never, like that wonderful man, *an actor off the stage*. He had sparkling eyes and fine teeth; but his features were coarse, his face rather bloated, and his complexion too sanguine. His figure though compact and strong, had the defect of short, and as they are called, club feet, which gave a kind of swing to his gait, the result of this partial deformity; but converted by him into a gesture and movement of dignity not ungraceful."

In the Ante-chapel of Eton College there is a mural tablet to his memory with this inscription: "M.S. | Edwardi Barnard S.T.P. | qui Scholae Etonensis disciplinam et famam | per annos undecim auxit et stabilivit, | Magister, Informator. | Collegium deinde per sedecim annos | feliciter administravit, | Praepositus. | Vir acerrimi ingenii, | variaeque eruditione cumulatus; | moribus integerrimis | pietate conspicuus. | Concionator vehemens, facundus; | idemque veritatis subtilis indagator. | In colloquiis venustus et admirabilis; | facetiarum scatebris abundans, | et verbis Attico lepore conditis. | Ut indolem penitus noscas, Lector, | fuit vir ille memorabilis | ad maximas capessendas | a Natura comparatus; | ad quodvis munus obeundum | instructissimus. | Vixit annos LXIV menses VII; | decessit IV Nonas Decembris, | anno Salutis MDCCLXXXI; | et Harpendiae in agro Hertfordiensi sepultus est. | Hoc marmor | Edoardus (quem unicum habuit) Filius | Parenti optimo et dilectissimo | Moerens poni curavit."

On this Mr Hardinge remarks: "Excellent as it is I could rather have wished for a more pointed éloge upon his fortitude and his wonderful talent for command in whatever station he filled. I could also have been pleased with little more stress upon the revulsion (for that name I would give to it) which took place in the fame of Eton School after the domination of it fell into his hands....I have not actually ascertained the dates of the accumulating numbers from the average of 300 boys to that of 500 at which he left his throne; and which it has preserved ever since. But the whole style and spirit of the machine were new made by him."

See also Lipscombe, *History of Buckinghamshire*, iv, 483-4; Maxwell Lyte, *History of Eton College*. There is a portrait of Dr Barnard at Eton which is reproduced in Benson's *Fasti Etonenses*.

P. 80 no. 26. John Robinson took the B.A. degree in 1738 and the M.A. in 1742. One of these names was instituted Vicar of Seaham, co. Durham, 14 September 1741, and held the living until 1779.

P. 80 no. 28. Thomas Wingfield was son of John Wingfield of Tickencote. He was born 9 and baptized 30 August 1716 at Tickencote. He was ordained Deacon 15 March 173 $\frac{3}{4}$ and licensed to the curacy of St George's in Stamford, he was ordained Priest 10 August 1740, when he was curate of Waternewton, Hunts., all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Market Overton, co. Rutland, 4 November 1740. He married at Wing, 27 October 1743, Elizabeth, daughter and coheirress of William Julian of Market Overton. On the floor of the chancel of the church at Tickencote there is a slab with an inscription to the memory of the Rev. Thomas Wingfield, who died 19 December 1759, and of Elizabeth his widow, who died 23 March 1783 (Blore, *History of Rutland*, 70, where there is a pedigree; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1862, ii, 207).

P. 80 no. 29. William Curre was the only surviving son of Henry Curre, of

Skipton, by his second wife Jane, daughter of William Banks, attorney-at-law. He was baptized 8 March 1717. He was ordained Deacon 18 October 1739 by the Bishop of Chester, and Priest 18 September 1741 by the Bishop of London. He was collated to the vicarage of Clapham, Yorks., by the Bishop of Chester, 10 July 1755, which he held until his death. He married Ann, the daughter of John Stokoe, lieutenant R.N., of Blackburn, and on 10 November 1778 was appointed curate of the church of Whitworth, in the parish of Rochdale, on the nomination of the Starkeys. He died 11 November 1803, aged 87, and was buried at Clapham. He left issue a son William and three daughters (Fishwick, *History of the Parish of Rochdale*, 174).

P. 80 no. 30. Fretwell Vandernan was ordained Deacon 23 September 1739 and licensed to the curacy of Ley, co. Lincoln, by the Bishop of Lincoln, he was ordained Priest 24 May 1741 and licensed to the curacy of Tilney, Norfolk, by the Bishop of Norwich. He was instituted Vicar of Woolavington, Somerset, 28 September 1757 on the presentation of the Dean and Chapter of Windsor, ceding this on his institution 28 July 1763 to the Vicarage of Wyrardsbury, Bucks., this he seems to have held till 1803.

P. 80 no. 31. George Felton, the father, was perhaps of Sidney Sussex College, B.A. 1705, and is probably the person of that name buried in the churchyard of St Anne's, Manchester, with the following inscription on his tombstone: "Hic reconditae sunt reliquiae | Reverendi Georgii Felton, A.M. | qui obiit Nov. 27 | anno (salutis 1721, aetatis 40) | et Elizabethae uxoris ejus | quae obiit Feb. 1 anno (salutis 1760, aetatis 45)" (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1794, p. 297). William Felton, the son, was perhaps the person of that name instituted Rector of Wenden Lofts with Elmdon, Essex, 20 October 1740, holding the living until his death 9 January 1781, at which time he was also Master of the Free School at Highgate (*ibid.* 1781, p. 47 a). One William Felton, B.A., was ordained Priest 11 August 1742 by the Bishop of Hereford in the parish church of Stretton, in the diocese of Hereford, being then one of the Vicars Choral of Hereford Cathedral.

P. 80 no. 32. John Brome was ordained Deacon 18 March 173 $\frac{3}{4}$ and licensed to the curacy of Nedging, Suffolk, with a salary of £20, he was ordained Priest 20 May 1744 and licensed to the curacy of Hollesley, Suffolk, all by the Bishop of Norwich.

P. 80 no. 33. Samuel Baskett, son of Samuel Baskett, of St Thomas's, Salisbury, clerk, matriculated at Oxford from Christ Church, 16 October 1728, aged 18. He took the B.A. degree at Oxford in 1732 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). The father was a Fellow of St John's, two of whose other sons were members of the College (P. 70 no. 27 and P. 96 no. 12, and the notes thereon). Samuel Baskett, the younger, does not seem to have taken the M.A. degree at Cambridge. He was instituted to the following livings, all in Dorset: Vicar of Shapwick 20 March 173 $\frac{3}{4}$, Vicar of Combe Keynes 21 May 1744 and Rector of Broadmayne 31 May 1753. He seems to have resigned Combe Keynes in 1750 but to have held the other two livings until his death. On the south wall of the chancel of Shapwick Church is a tablet with the following inscription: "Samuel Baskett, A.M. Vicar of this parish and Rector of Broad Main died the 23rd of February 1793, in the 84th year of his age. Jane his wife, daughter of Mr William Russell of Honeybrook, gent., died the 24th of December 1761, aged 49" (Hutchins, *History of Dorset*, iii, 170, 173, where there is a pedigree). Two of his sons were admitted to the College, William, P. 141 no. 27, and John, P. 168 no. 23. Another son, Robert Russell Baskett, matriculated at Oxford from Merton College 28 March 1765, aged 17 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*).

P. 80 no. 34. Thomas Manningham was Fellow of Queens' College (B.A. 1705) and was Rector of Slinfold, Sussex, 1711 to 1750. Thomas Manningham, the younger, was ordained Deacon 12 May 1743, at a special ordination in King Henry VII. Chapel at Westminster, and Priest 29 May 1743 in the Parish Church of Bromley, both by the Bishop of Rochester. He was instituted Vicar of Wisborough Green, with Lockwood curacy, co. Sussex, 13 May 1748, holding the living until 1761.

P. 80 no. 35. Richard Manningham was curate of Slinfold and was buried there 5 May 1745 (Mr E. H. W. Dunkin).

P. 80 no. 36. Dixon Story was ordained Deacon 23 September 1739 and licensed

to the curacy of Bloxholme, co. Lincoln, he was ordained Priest 13 June 1742 and licensed to the curacy of Wragby, co. Lincoln, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Martin 3 July 1753, his successor there was instituted 12 July 1754. He was instituted Vicar of Langton-by-Wragby 28 May 1755 and Rector of East Barkwith 24 April 1760, all these livings being in Lincolnshire; the two latter were filled up again early in 1769.

P. 80 no. 37. John Swift was ordained Deacon 24 December 1738 by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed to the curacy of Dunton, Beds.

P. 81 no. 38. This is perhaps the John Jembelin, gentleman, son and heir of James Jembelin of Ramsay, Hunts., esquire, who was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 10 May 1740.

John Jembelin took the degree of B.A. from Trinity Hall in 1738.

P. 81 no. 1. John Lloyd was ordained Deacon 14 March 1741 $\frac{1}{2}$ and licensed to the curacy of St Ives, Hunts., he was ordained Priest 27 February 1743 $\frac{2}{3}$, all by the Bishop of Lincoln.

P. 81 no. 4. The Right Honourable Henry Maxwell (the father) was of the family of Maxwell, Lord Farnham. He married, first Jane, daughter of the Rev. Henry Maxwell, Rector of Derrynoose, co. Armagh, and sister of John, first Lord Farnham, but by her had no issue. He married secondly Dorothea, daughter of Edward Bryce, esquire, of Kilroot, co. Armagh. Edward Maxwell was his third son.

Edward Maxwell, described as second son of the Right Hon. Henry Maxwell, late of Fennybrogue, co. Down, Ireland, esquire, deceased, was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 20 January 1738 $\frac{2}{3}$.

He took no degree at Cambridge. He afterwards entered the army and became a General and Colonel of the 67th Regiment.

He is stated to have married early, perhaps a foreign lady, and to have been wounded in the battle of Fontenoy 11 May 1745, a few months after his only son Edward Phineas Maxwell was born (*Burke's Peerage*, Lord Farnham; *Burke's Landed Gentry*, Maxwell of Ballyrolly; letters from the Rev. Edward Maxwell of Ballyrolly). He died in Greek Street, Soho, 22 February 1803, and was buried in St Anne's, Soho.

P. 81 no. 6. Nathaniel Ball does not seem to have graduated. On 5 October 1738 he was unanimously elected Usher of the Free School or School of the Holy Ghost, at Basingstoke, by the mayor, aldermen and burgesses of the town. He appears however to have neglected his duties, for a statement of the case drawn up 18 June 1740 recites, "That Mr Ball continued to teach the youths of the School till about Christmas 1739, when he thought fit to accept a curacy at so great a distance as rendered his personal attendance as Usher impossible. Subsequent to this Mr Ball acquainted the Corporation with his thoughts of resigning his Ushership at Lady Day 1740. Instead of doing so he has imposed a young fellow on the Corporation to supply his place of Usher; has totally taken himself from doing duty as such, and refuses absolutely to resign the same unless he can be thereupon compelled by law." On 8 October 1740 the minutes of the Corporation record, "Mr Ball was removed from the Ushership for neglect of duty and absenting himself in parts remote from the said town and school, imposing one Mr Wimbolt in his stead contrary to the good liking and approbation of the said trustees, and in prejudice to the youth educated at the said School" (*Baigent and Millard, History of Basingstoke*, 689). Mr Ball married 11 January 1738 $\frac{2}{3}$ Barbara Lytton of Basingstoke, daughter of Alexander Lytton, Rector of Eastrop, 1724, and afterwards in 1732 Vicar of Sherborne St John (*ibid.* p. 151). One Nathaniel Ball was instituted Vicar of Great Tey 16 October 1746, and Rector of Castle Hadleigh 11 December 1750, both in Essex. The latter was vacant in 1758 and the former in 1762. A Nathaniel Ball was instituted Rector of Wisley with Purford, Surrey, 13 November 1762, and held the living until 1766.

P. 81 no. 8. John Bowling was ordained Deacon 22 February 1742 $\frac{1}{2}$ by the Bishop of Lincoln (when it is stated that he intended to be a chaplain in the Navy) and Priest 17 March 1743 $\frac{2}{3}$, by the Bishop of St David's. He was instituted Rector of Letterston with Llanfair Chapel, co. Pembroke, 18 November 1745, but ceded this on his institution 9 December 1751 to the Rectory of Llawrenney, co. Pembroke. He was instituted Rector of Narberth with the Chapel of Robeston, co.

Pembroke, 14 December 1751. On 10 December 1751, when he is described as Chaplain to Thomas, Earl of Bradford, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold the two latter livings, their values being stated as £45 and £100 respectively, and to be six miles apart. Both livings were vacant in 1757.

P. 81 no. 9. John Griffith was ordained Deacon 6 May 1739 and Priest 20 September 1741 by the Bishop of Lincoln. When he was ordained Priest it is stated that he was "presented to Peatling, Leicestershire." This was perhaps a mistake as he was never Rector of Peatling, and one Thomas Bright was instituted Vicar of Little Peatling by the Bishop of Lincoln 9 November 1741. In 1742 John Griffith was nominated to the chapelry of Wentworth within the parish of Wath, Yorks., in the gift of the Marquis of Rockingham, and was licensed thereto by the Archbishop of York. He was instituted Vicar of Leathley, Yorks., 13 January 1742², on the presentation of the Lord Chancellor, and instituted Rector of Thurnscoe, Yorks., 16 July 1748. On 11 July 1748, when he is described as Chaplain to Mary, Baroness Dowager Oliphant, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Leathley (valued at £100) with Thurnscoe (valued at £150), the two benefices being stated to be 22 miles apart. In the *Ecclesiastical Legal Guide*, 1839, pp. 168-172, will be found a curious 'Case' submitted to counsel in 1749-50, on behalf of the Archbishop of York. The point being whether John Griffith on his institution to Leathley did not vacate the perpetual curacy of Wentworth, he not having obtained a dispensation to hold the two. He was at that time holding all three livings (Wentworth, Leathley, and Thurnscoe). A curious sidelight is thrown on such pluralists by the following clause in the 'Case': "The said Mr John Griffith hath not for a year last past resided at any one of the benefices before mentioned, and it is presumed that he hath not during that time been resident and done duty in the family of the Lady Oliphant."

John Griffith ceded Leathley in 1755. He was instituted Rector of Treeton, Yorks., 8 December 1763, and held this with Thurnscoe until 1764.

In Croston's edition of Baines's *History of Lancashire*, ii, 362, a Dr John Griffith who was Rector of Prestwich and also Rector of Eckington in Derbyshire is identified with John Griffith of St John's, but this seems to be an error. The John Griffith who held the above Yorkshire preferments is distinctly stated in the Act Books of the Bishop of Lincoln and Archbishop of Canterbury to have been of St John's College. The Rector of Prestwich, who was D.D., was probably of Christ's College, Cambridge, A.M. 1722, D.D. 1741. John Griffith of St John's did not proceed to the D.D. degree.

P. 82 no. 11. Thomas Strong was ordained Deacon 1 June 1740 by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed to the curacy of How, co. Leicester. He was instituted Rector of Ingoldmells, co. Lincoln, 1 May 1742, ceding this on his institution 5 October 1749 to the Rectory of Hargrave, Northamptonshire, this he held until his death 30 January 1797, aged 79 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1797, p. 171 a). He assisted Richard Cumberland in his studies soon after the latter entered at Trinity College, who says of him: "A better man I never knew, a brighter scholar might easily have been found, yet we read together some few hours in every day, and these readings were almost entirely confined to the Greek Testament; there I had a teacher in Mr Strong well worthy of my best attention, for none could better recommend by practice what he illustrated by precept, than this exemplary young man. He some time after married very happily, and resided on his living of Hargrave in our neighbourhood, universally respected, and I trust it is not among my sins of omission ever after to have forgotten his services or failed in my attention to him" (*Memoirs of Richard Cumberland*, 68).

P. 82 no. 14. Peter Creffield was the only son of Ralph Creffield, J.P., alderman of Colchester. He was admitted to Colchester School 23 January 1723³. Peter Creffield succeeded his grandfather Sir Ralph Creffield in the estates at Mersea, Ardleigh, and elsewhere in Essex in 1732. He married at St Michael's, Cornhill, London, 7 October 1738, Thamar Langley, of St Peter's, Colchester. They left an only daughter and heiress Thamar, who married James Round of Birch Hall in 1758 (Round, *Register of the Scholars admitted to Colchester School*, 90).

P. 82 no. 15. Robert Watson was ordained Deacon 21 December 1740 and Priest 24 May 1741 by the Bishop of Rochester. He was instituted Rector of Foulness, Essex, 22 March 1753, his successor there being instituted in October

1757. He was presented by the Earl of Egremont to the Rectory of South Bradon, Somerset, and instituted there 11 August 1756, holding this until his death. He was presented by the Crown to the Vicarage of Newport Pagnell, Bucks., was instituted 7 May and inducted 12 May 1757. He is said to have come to the Vicarage of Newport Pagnell from the curacy of Burley in Rutland. He died in 1788 (Lipscombe, *History of Buckinghamshire*, iv, 287).

P. 82 no. 16. There is some difficulty in separating the careers of this Edward Robinson and his namesake P. 91 no. 39. This Edward Robinson was ordained Deacon 21 September 1740 and licensed to the curacy of Empingham, co. Rutland; he is probably the Edward Robinson who was ordained Priest 25 September 1743 and licensed to the curacy of Luton, Beds., all by the Bishop of Lincoln. On each occasion he is described in the Bishop's registers as of St John's College, and at his ordination as Priest as M.A., though he does not appear to have taken the M.A. degree according to the printed *Graduati* and his namesake was not then an M.A. He is probably (being a Beverley man) the Rev. Edward Robinson of the parish of St John, Beverley, who was married 8 July 1742, in York Minster, to Sarah Tomlin, of Beverley. On 2 September 1755 Edward Robinson, M.A., was instituted Rector of Winestead, Yorks., and held the living until his death in 1759 (*Yorkshire Archaeological and Topographical Journal*, iii, 98).

P. 82 no. 17. William Wroughton, son of George Wroughton of Codford, Wilts., clerk, matriculated at Oxford from Wadham College 28 March 1705, aged 17. He was an exhibitioner in 1705 and a scholar in 1706. He took the B.A. degree at Oxford in 1708, and the M.A. degree at Cambridge from St John's in 1736. He was ordained Deacon 28 October 1710 and Priest 23 September 1711 by the Bishop of Salisbury. He became Vicar of Westbury, Wilts., in 1730 and Vicar of Norton Bavant, Wilts., in 1736. On 10 May 1736, when he is described as Chaplain to the Duke of Atholl, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then valued at £100 and £50 respectively and stated to be about six miles apart. He held both until his death in 1749 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*; Philipps, *Institutiones Wiltoniae*, ii, 66, 73).

P. 82 no. 19. This is perhaps the John Miller, A.B., who was presented by the Archbishop of York (by lapse) to the Vicarage of Almondbury, Yorks., and instituted there 14 July 1767 (Hulbert, *Annals of the Church in Almondbury*, 96). He is probably identical with the John Miller who was instituted Rector of Cowthorpe, Yorks., 14 October 1748. Both livings were vacant early in 1768.

P. 82 no. 20. John Boardman was ordained Deacon 24 February 174 $\frac{1}{2}$ by the Bishop of Peterborough and licensed to the curacy of Whittering, Northamptonshire, he was ordained Priest 19 September 1742 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed to the curacy of Melbourne, co. Leicester.

P. 82 no. 21. John Edwards was ordained Deacon 21 December 1740 by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed to the curacy of Bosworth, co. Leicester. He is perhaps the John Edwards who was instituted Vicar of Marston-upon-Dove, co. Derby, 13 June 1750, holding the living until 1804. A Rev. John Edwards, M.A., of Rolleston, Notts., died 22 April 1804, at Southwell, aged 71 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1804, i, 384), but this age does not agree with the College Register.

P. 82 no. 22. John Greatorex was ordained Deacon 1 June 1740 by the Bishop of Lincoln, when he was licensed to the curacy of Sibsey, co. Lincoln, and Priest 21 September 1746 by the Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry. He was instituted Vicar of Great Dalby, co. Leicester, 25 May 1752. In 1756 he purchased the advowson of the Vicarage of Abkettilby, co. Leicester, for £1000 and was instituted on his own petition 16 September 1756. On 10 March 1757, when he is described as Chaplain to Henry, Duke of Buccleugh, he received a dispensation to hold Great Dalby with Abkettilby, the livings being stated to be of the respective values of £70 and £100, and to be six miles apart. He was again instituted Vicar of Great Dalby 12 March 1757. He died in December 1757 (Nichols, *History of Leicestershire*, ii, 13; iii, 243).

P. 83 no. 23. Benjamin Burrow was ordained Deacon 2 March 17 $\frac{3}{4}$ and was licensed to the curacy of Sileby, co. Leicester, he was ordained Priest 24 May 1741, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Hayton 17 February and Vicar of Clareborough 16 February 174 $\frac{7}{8}$, both in Notts. He ceded these on being instituted Rector of Matlock and Vicar of Tibshelf, both co. Derby, 4 October

1753. He was instituted Rector of Morton, co. Derby, 1 November 1765. On 12 October 1765, when he is described as Chaplain to William, Duke of Devonshire, he received a dispensation to hold Matlock with Morton, the respective values of these livings being stated to be £90 and £100, and to be five miles apart. His successor at Tibshelf was instituted in April 1768, he held the other two livings until 1780. He married Mary Bourne, daughter of Henry Bourne, of the Spital near Chesterfield, M.D. and clerk, by Sarah, youngest daughter of Thomas Gladwin of Durant Hall (Hunter, *Familiae Minorum Gentium*, *Harl. Soc. Publ.* xxxvii, 308, 347, 348, where there are pedigrees).

P. 83 no. 24. George Hatfield was ordained Deacon 1 June 1740 and Priest 19 September 1741 by the Bishop of Chester. He was instituted Vicar of Long Parish, or Middleton, Hants., 27 March 1746, ceding this on his institution 28 May 1762 to the Vicarage of Doncaster, Yorks. He was instituted Vicar of Ottley, Yorks., 21 May 1782. On 15 May 1782, when he is described as Chaplain to Dr Thomas Thurlow, Bishop of Lincoln, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Doncaster (valued at £120) with Ottley (valued at £90), the two benefices being stated to be not more than 22 miles apart. He was "excused attendance and examination, being so paralytic that he cannot write." He held both livings until his death in 1785.

P. 83 no. 25. Peter Holford, eldest son of Robert Holford, a Master of the High Court of Chancery and a Master of the Bench, was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn 25 July 1735, and was called to the Bar 20 November 1740. He was called to the Bench of his Inn 28 June 1758 and sat 28 November following; he was Treasurer of the Inn in 1777. He was a Master in Chancery from 1750 to 1804. The *Register* of Lincoln's Inn Chapel contains the following entry: "Peter Holford, esquire, a Bencher of this Honourable Society, died 14 July, and was buried 21 July 1804." He married Anne, daughter of William Nutt of Buxted, Sussex.

Robert Holford, his father, second and youngest son of Sir Richard Holford, knight, Bencher of Lincoln's Inn, matriculated at Oxford from Trinity College 29 October 1702, aged 16 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn 5 April 1703, and was called to the Bar 27 January 1710. He was called to the Bench of the Inn 3 June 1715 and sat 28 November following. He was Treasurer of the Inn in 1724 and a Master in Chancery from 1712 to 1750. He married Sarah, daughter of Sir Peter Vandeput.

Sir Richard Holford was called to the Bar at Lincoln's Inn 9 May 1672. He was called to the Bench of the Inn 16 May 1689 and sat 26 January following. He was Treasurer of the Inn in 1696. He was a Master in Chancery from 1694 to 1710. He was knighted 21 November 1695. He was buried in Lincoln's Inn Chapel 16 May 1718.

Richard Holford, of Lincoln's Inn, gentleman, bachelor, 29, was on 14 January 1664½ licensed to marry Sarah Crew of St Martin's in the Fields, spinster, about 16. Her father being dead and she in the custody of her aunt Jane Struttee, of Westonsurt, co. Gloucester, who consented. The marriage to take place at St Paul's, Covent Garden, Middlesex. Again, Richard Holford, of Lincoln's Inn, esquire, widower, was on 7 August 1672, licensed to marry Elizabeth Stayner, of St George's, Botolph Lane, London, spinster, 20. Her parents being dead and she at the disposal of Brian Appleby, of the same, vintner, who consented. The marriage to take place at St Dunstan-in-the-East, London (Foster, *London Marriage Licenses*). See also Burke's *Landed Gentry*, Holford of Westonbirt.

P. 83 no. 26. Thomas Baker was ordained Deacon 21 September 1740 by the Bishop of Bangor, and Priest 14 March 174½ by the Archbishop of Canterbury. He was instituted Rector of Frinsted, Kent, 5 March 174½, on the presentation of John Bing of Wickambreux, Kent. He was instituted Vicar of Detling, Kent, 20 February 1764, and again Rector of Frinsted 1 March 1764. Holding both livings until 1779.

P. 83 no. 27. William Carr was ordained Deacon 25 March 1741 and Priest 17 April 1743 by the Bishop of Lincoln, both being special ordinations. One of these names was instituted Rector of Swinstead or Swineshead, Hunts., 30 June 1757, John Owen was instituted Rector 2 February 1760. A William Carr was instituted Vicar of Mitton or Myton, Yorks., 5 July 1761, and held the living until his death in August 1771 (Whitaker, *History of Craven*, 23).

P. 83 no. 31. Edward Colquitt was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Lincoln 4 March 1754. He was instituted Rector of Husbands Bosworth, co. Leicester, 12 March 1754 on the presentation of Edward Smith, and held the living until 1776.

P. 83 no. 32. William Robinson, scholar of St John's College, was buried 13 August 1736 (*Parish Register of All Saints', Cambridge*).

P. 83 no. 33. One Richard Bridgeman was instituted Rector of Shimplingthorne 9 February 1764 and Rector of Barnardiston 7 August 1764, both in Suffolk. He died 30 June 1766 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1766, p. 342 b).

P. 83 no. 34. John Fitzherbert was the second son of William Fitzherbert of Tissington and his wife Rachel Bagshaw (Hunter, *Familiae Minorum Gentium, Harleian Soc. Publ.* xxxvii, 252, where there is a pedigree). He was instituted Vicar of Doveridge, Derbyshire, 19 February 174 $\frac{1}{2}$, and Vicar of Ashborne in the same county 22 February 174 $\frac{3}{4}$, being again instituted Vicar of Doveridge 24 February 174 $\frac{3}{4}$. The Vicarage of Ashborne was vacant in 1772, but he held Doveridge until his death. His wife's name was Susan Peacock, but he had no issue (*l.c.*). The name of John Fitzherbert occurs in the month of February 1752 as Head Master of the Grammar School at Ashborne, probably only a temporary appointment (Carlisle, *Endowed Grammar Schools*, i, 214).

He was a Fellow of Emmanuel College, and his name occurs as a subscriber to Richardson's *Godwin* in 1743. He had as his curate at Ashborne, Ellis Farneworth (B.A. 1734 of Jesus College), translator of the works of Machiavel (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, ii, 392, note). He died probably in June or July 1785 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1785, p. 665 b).

P. 83 no. 35. Henry Mickelson was ordained Deacon 13 June 1742 and licensed to the curacy of Shimpling, Suffolk (*sic*), he was ordained Priest 20 May 1744, all by the Bishop of Norwich. He was elected a Fellow of Clare Hall in 1743.

P. 84 no. 36. Thomas Steed, son of Benjamin Steed, of Launceston, Cornwall, gentleman, matriculated at Oxford from Pembroke College 14 May 1719, aged 17. He took the B.A. degree at Oxford in 1723 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*), and the M.A. at Cambridge, from St John's, in 1736.

P. 84 no. 37. William Hammond took the degree of B.A. in 1739 and became a Moravian minister. He was the author of the following works: (1) *Behold the Lamb: a discourse on John i. 29*, London, 1745, 12mo.; (2) *Christian Holiness. A discourse on Hebrews xii. 14*, Bristol, 1745, 12mo.; (3) *The Christian Liberty. A discourse on Galatians iii. 24, 25*, Bristol, 1745, 12mo.; (4) *Medulla Ecclesiae. The doctrines of original sin, justification by faith, and the Holy Spirit, fairly stated and clearly demonstrated from the Homilies, Articles, and Liturgies of the Church of England, etc.*, London, 1745, 8vo.; (5) *Only believe, A discourse on Mark v. 36*, London, 1745, 12mo.; (6) *Psalms, Hymns, and Spiritual Songs*, London, 1745, 12mo. On the title-page of all these is "By William Hammond, B.A., Late of St John's College in Cambridge."

Mr John F. Maitland sends the following notes: Part I of the *Medulla Ecclesiae* was published in London in 1745, and is stated to be "The substance of several discourses preached at Cambridge." Part II was published in Bristol in the same year. On the fly-leaf of a reprint of the *Medulla Ecclesiae*, published in Birmingham either at the end of the eighteenth, or at the commencement of the nineteenth century, there is in a copy I have a note in MS. by Daniel Sedgwick, November 1863, "Mr William Hammond was a Moravian minister. He was buried at the Moravian Burial-ground, Chelsea, 1783. His volume of Hymns was published in 1745 as well as several of his discourses reprinted in this volume. He wrote his life in Greek, which is still in the Moravian Archives, Fetter Lane, Holborn." From an inspection of his work *Medulla Ecclesiae* he seems to have been a critical scholar, well read in the early Fathers and in the Latin Commentators, as well as the great divines of the English Church who were 'Augustinian' in their sentiments. His style is easy, and free from those ecstatic turns common to many of the early Methodists at that time. He must have been ordained in the Church of England, but I conclude he (as Bishop Gambold did) became more closely united to the Moravians.

See also Gadsby, *Memoirs of Hymn Writers*, 63; Josiah Miller, *Our Hymns, their Authors and Origin*, 152.

P. 84 no. 38. Francis Okely took the B.A. degree in 1739, but did not proceed to the M.A. degree. He became a Moravian minister and was ordained by that body. He had a chapel at Bedford in 1745, later a chapel at Risely near Bedford. He was the first minister of a Moravian congregation at Dukinfield, near Manchester, he dates a letter from there 5 July 1755 (*Dawnings of the Everlasting Gospel-light*, 145). After 1766 he settled at Northampton, where he had a Moravian congregation until his death. He died while on a visit to Bedford 9 May 1794, aged 75. A notice of him appears in the *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1794, i. 574. It is there stated that after being ordained Deacon in the Moravian Church he offered himself as candidate for Priest's orders in the Church of England, but as the Bishop wished to set aside his first orders, Mr Okely thought he could not receive Priest's orders on such terms and therefore continued through life to officiate in the Brethren's congregation. Neither the date of this application nor the name of the Bishop to whom it was made are given.

The Register of the Bishop of Peterborough contains the following entry among the *Caveats*: "Okely, Francis, of Bedford, pretends to have been ordained Deacon by James (*corrected to Joannes*) de Watteville, a Moravian Bishop at Herrnhag in Wetteravia 4 July 1747. Caution against him 8 August 1763." There is nothing in the Register to shew why this entry was made. According to the usual accounts of Okely he was acting as a Moravian minister before the date of his formal ordination in their Church. On the other hand Okely is stated to have assisted the Rev. Jacob Rogers, a clergyman of the Established Church, at Bedford in 1742 (Tyerman, *The Oxford Methodists*, 121).

Dyer (*History of the University and Colleges of Cambridge*, ii, 208) gives an account of Okely which he seems to have collected from Moravian sources. From this it would seem that the Moravians considered Okely to be a disciple of his own school and not strictly of theirs, though they received his ministry and greatly respected him as an upright and conscientious man. Okely, though a good classical scholar himself, tried to persuade the Moravians to substitute the Fathers and the sacred poetry of the Jews for heathen Greek and Latin; in this he was not successful. At Northampton he is stated to have had a printing-press in his own house from which he issued a number of small volumes of a devotional kind. The imprint on the title-page varies, but they seem to have been printed at Northampton for the author or translator and to have been on sale in London, Bristol and Leeds. Some of them were little copies of verses on blue paper, but Okely invariably describes himself on the title-page as "Formerly of St John's College, Cambridge." He was a friend of John Wesley, who refers to him in his *Journal* 30 August 1770. After quoting from Lord Lyttelton's 'Dialogues of the Dead' he proceeds: "Martin has spawned a strange brood of fellows, called Methodists, Moravians, Hutchinsonians, who are madder than Jack was in his worst days" and asks, "Could his Lordship shew me in England many more sensible men than Mr Gambold and Mr Okely? and yet both of them were called Moravians." There can be little doubt that the blank in Wesley's entry 1 August 1757 is to be filled with Mr Okely's name (*Notes and Queries*, 1881, ii, 263). "Mon. Aug. 1. I had much conversation with Mr — (whom, against a thousand appearances, I will believe to be an honest, though, irresolute, man). 'While I was very uneasy,' said he, 'in the year 1741 my brother brought me to Mr Spangenberg, and then to others of the German brethren, to whom I was more and more attached till in the year 1743 I went over to Marienborn. There I saw many things which I could not approve and was more and more uneasy till I returned to England. I was afterwards much employed by the brethren. I was ordained Deacon. But still I had a sore and burdened conscience, and gained no ground in my spiritual warfare; nay rather having laid aside prayer and searching the Scripture, I was dead to God. But in 1750 I woke again and was under great agonies of mind. And from this time I wrote to the Count again and again, and to most of the labourers, but to no purpose. Andrew Fry's account is true. The spirit of levity and frolicsomeness, which he justly describes, broke out in about 1746 and is not yet purged out. In May last I wrote and delivered a declaration to the brethren met in conference at Lindsay House that I did not dare to remain in their connexion any longer. The same declaration I made to them here a few days ago. What further I am to do I know not; but I trust in God.'

"Tues. 2. On his expressing a desire to be present at our conference, I invited him to it; and on Wednesday 3rd in the evening, he came to the Foundry. Our

conference began the next morning and continued till the Thursday following. From the first hour to the last there was no jarring string, but all was harmony and love." On the levity of expression among the Moravians see some curious details in the life of John Gambold, one of their Bishops (Tyerman, *Oxford Methodists*, 183-4). Okely, irresolute as Wesley describes him, described himself as a Mystic: writing of his own views he says: "As I really believe that the despised thing, commonly called Mysticism, is the just medium between Infidelity on the one hand, and Superstition, with her two daughters, Bigotry and Enthusiasm, on the other, I therefore for that reason, and purely for that reason only, attached myself to it; esteeming it the greatest happiness, to make it my capital study to plead its cause, and promote its most invaluable interests, with all the influence of my poor, feeble tongue and pen" (*Monthly Review*, 1751, ii, 319). The notice of Okely in the *Gentleman's Magazine* (reprinted in Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, iii, 93) concludes as follows: "He was a man of a Catholic and Christian spirit; of much learning and great piety: but his conversation was easy and cheerful, and his temper benevolent and cordial. Though he moved in a narrow circle, almost unknown to fame, yet he was usefully employed, respected where known, and a valuable Christian guide and friend. He esteemed and cultivated the religion of the heart. The writings of William Law were highly regarded by him. He was well versed in the old German divinity; and collected and translated the Life of Jacob Behmen, and the Visions of Hiel and Engelbrecht. Of the value of these, different readers will form different judgments. Mr Okely only claimed for himself, what he permitted to others, the liberty of opinion. So far as we can know the heart of man I am certain that all his various labours proceeded from sincere piety and benevolence. Who then shall cast at him the stone of condemnation? In the course of his life he suffered heavy afflictions, which he supported with uncommon patience. The bitter draught did not sour his temper, or disgust him with life. Few better men ever lived, who more conscientiously and faithfully fulfilled the station in which Providence had placed them. The sphere of his usefulness was not large; yet few could converse with him and not be improved by his genuine piety, his unassuming modesty, and his cheerful and pleasing conversation. Perhaps I should not be doing justice, in this small sketch of his character, were I to omit mentioning, that he was a great advocate for the doctrine of Universal Restitution, believing the time would come, in the ages of ages, when all intelligent creatures would be happy. It may be hard to determine on a subject which involves so much and extends so far; I will only observe, that his zeal was tempered with mildness and conducted with wisdom; and this sentiment had no ill effect on his mind. He embraced it with sincerity and usefully employed it."

The following is probably a fairly complete list of Okely's works. The edition of the Psalms was printed by William Bowyer, the others issued from Okely's press at Northampton. (i) *Twenty-one discourses, or Dissertations, upon the Augsburg Confession, which is also the Brethren's Confession of Faith, delivered by the Ordinary of the Brethren's Churches before the Seminary. To which is prefixed a Synodical writing relating to the same subject.* Translated by Okely and published by Mr Gambold, 1754, 8vo.; (ii) *Psalmorum aliquot Davidis Metaphrasis Graeca Joannis Serrani, et Praeactiones ejusdem Graeco-Latinae. Appendices loco accessere Henrici Stephani, atque Graecorum quorundam Lyricorum Poemata Sacra*, 1770, 12mo.; (iii) *The nature and necessity of the new creature in Christ, stated and described according to heart's experience and true practice.* By J. E. de Merlau (Johanna Eleanor de Mellari), 1772, 12mo. and 8vo.; (iv) *Dawning of the everlasting Gospel-light, glimmering out of a private heart's epistolary correspondence*, 1775, 8vo. Extracts from this were reprinted in 1874; (v) *Memoirs of the Life, Death and wonderful writings of Jacob Behmen; now first done at large into English from the best edition of his works in the original German; with an introductory preface of the Translator, directing to the due and right use of this mysterious and extraordinary Theosopher*, 1780, 8vo.; (vi) *The Divine visions of John Engelbrecht, a Lutheran Protestant, whom God sent from the dead to be a Preacher of repentance and faith to the Christian world. To the whole is prefixed the Translator's Prefatory Address &c. and a preliminary view of the Author's life and writings.* Translated from the German, 1780, 2 vols. 8vo.; (vii) *A faithful Narrative of God's gracious dealings with Hiel. Now just carefully selected; Englished from the High Dutch*, 1781, 8vo.; (viii) *A display of God's wonders done upon the Person, and appearing in the Life and divine Experience of John Engelbrecht of Brunswic; being an epistle*

in Verse, composed upon his Name day June 24, 1638. Translated from the original German, 1781, 8vo.; (ix) The indispensable necessity of Faith in order to the pleasing God. Being the Substance of a discourse preached at Eydon in Northamptonshire, April 8, 1781, 1781, 8vo.; (x) The disjointed watch; or truth rent asunder and divided. A similitude attempted in metre, 1783, 12mo.; (xi) Seasonably alarming and humiliating, animating and exhilarating truths, respecting the nature and design of Christ's passion; of original and genuine Christianity, as a ministration of the spirit; of human learning in religion: and concerning the incontestably fallen and apostate condition of universal Christendom in these last days. In a metrical version of certain select passages taken from the works of the late eminent and truly Rev. William Law, A.M., 8vo.

In the copy of the life of Jacob Behmen preserved in the University Library in addition to advertisements of some of Okely's printed works enumerated above some "Manuscript Translations by the same author" are enumerated. It is not quite clear whether these MSS. were on sale or only meant as announcements of works contemplated. Probably the latter. They include: (1) *Peter Poiret's Mystic Library*, 144 pages, 4to.; (2) *The Divine soliloquies of Gerlac Peterson, commonly called Thomas à Kempis the Second*, 190 pages, 18mo.; (3) *John Theophilus's Germanic Theology*, 392 pages, 18mo.; (4) *Short Memoirs of John George Gichtel, a Civilian*, 20 pages, 8vo.; (5) *The evangelical conversion of that learned divine and very popular preacher, Dr John Thaulerus, at the age of 50 years, drawn up by his own hand*, 70 pages, 8vo.

P. 84 no. 39. Thomas Ward was ordained Deacon 2 March 17 $\frac{3}{4}$ by the Bishop of Bristol with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Norwich. He was licensed curate of Fritton, Suffolk.

P. 84 no. 40. Calvert Tennant was admitted a Fellow of the College 22 March 174 $\frac{3}{4}$, his fellowship was filled up again 3 April 1759. He was Junior Proctor of the University 1749-50. He was presented by the College to the Rectory of Great Warley, Essex, 29 April, and instituted 5 May 1758. He held the living until his death in 1772. He is said to have been also Vicar of Selby, Yorks., where he married Mary Daunt, who was the daughter of a surgeon in that town. Mrs Tennant died shortly after her husband in consequence of injuries received from a fall while riding. Their only son, Smithson Tennant, of Emmanuel College (M.B. 1788, M.D. 1796), who was born in Selby, 30 November 1761, was F.R.S. and professor of chemistry in the University (*Some account of the late Smithson Tennant, esq., F.R.S., Professor of Chemistry in the University of Cambridge, London, 1815*).

P. 84 no. 41. John Carter Tucker was instituted Rector of Arlington, Devon, 1 May 1745, and held the living until 1770.

P. 84 no. 42. Robert Lord, son of Lawrence Lord, of Cotsford, Oxfordshire, *armiger*, sojourner at Exeter College, Oxford, 7 March 172 $\frac{9}{16}$ to 12 July 1731. Matriculated 9 February 172 $\frac{7}{8}$, aged 16. B.A. 21 January 173 $\frac{1}{8}$. He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Lincoln 28 May 1738, and licensed to the curacy of Chetwood and Barton, Bucks. He was for some time minister of a Society of Protestant Dissenters at Knutsford in Cheshire. Died at Lenton near Nottingham, 15 December 1801 (*Foster, Alumni Oxonienses*; Boase, *Registrum Collegii Exoniensis*, ii, 197; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1801, ii, 1157).

P. 84 no. 43. Edward Walker, son of Thomas Walker of Tidmington, co. Worcester, gentleman, matriculated at Oxford from Balliol College 27 March 1727, aged 17. He took the B.A. at Oxford in 1730, and the M.A. at Cambridge, from St John's, in 1736 (*Foster, Alumni Oxonienses*).

One Edward Walker was instituted Vicar of Barcheston, Warwickshire, 18 December 1746, holding the living until 1777.

P. 84 no. 44. Thomas Frampton, the father, was probably the person of that name, son of Thomas Frampton, of Frome, Somerset, gentleman, who matriculated at Oxford from Christ Church 7 July 1694, and was afterwards beneficed in Dorset and Wilts. (*Foster, Alumni Oxonienses*).

Algernon Frampton was admitted a Fellow of the College 22 March 174 $\frac{3}{4}$, vacating his Fellowship on his marriage in 1765. He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Salisbury 10 March 174 $\frac{3}{4}$. He was instituted Rector of Tokenham Week, co. Wilts., 11 March 174 $\frac{3}{4}$. Holding this until his death. He died 22 April 1788 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 3 May 1788).

His son Algernon Frampton, B.A. 1787, M.D. 1797, was a Fellow of the College, and a grandson Algernon, son of Dr Frampton, was admitted a Fellow-Commoner of the College 18 June 1821. See also the admission of his brother P. 108 no. 15.

P. 84 no. 1. Samuel Ogden was born in Manchester 28 July 1716. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 25 March 1740. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Chester 1 June 1740, and Priest at Buckden by the Bishop of Lincoln 2 November 1741. On 7 June 1744 he was licensed by the Archbishop of York to be Head Master of the Grammar School at Heath near Halifax, on the nomination of the Governors. Dr George Legh, Vicar of Halifax, appointed him first to the curacy of Coley and afterwards to the curacy or parochial chapelry of Eland. He resigned the Mastership of Heath Grammar School in March 1753, and returned to College, but held the chapelry of Eland for some years, his resignation of it being accepted by the Archbishop of York 19 December 1761. He was admitted Junior Dean of the College 14 February 1753, becoming Senior Dean 19 February 1754, holding this office until he was admitted Steward 23 February 1757, holding this until 3 March 1759. He was admitted Sacrist 22 February 1760, holding this until 15 March 1763, on which day he was admitted President of the College, which office he held (with that of Bakehouse Bursar) until January 1767, shortly after which he vacated his Fellowship on becoming Rector of Lawford.

He was instituted Vicar of Damerham, Wilts., 6 April 1754, exchanging this for the Rectory of Stansfield, Suffolk, to which he was instituted 30 June 1766. He was presented by the College to the Rectory of Lawford, Essex, 25 June and instituted 13 August 1766. He held Stansfield and Lawford until his death. In 1758 he was appointed curate or Vicar of the Round Church (Holy Sepulchre), Cambridge (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1758, p. 147), and held this until his death.

He became Woodwardian Professor of Geology in the University in 1764. In 1775 he was one of those voted for as Master of the College on the death of Dr Powell, but only received three votes (MSS. Cole xxi, 28 b, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5822). When the Regius Professorship of Divinity was vacant in 1771 by the death of Dr Rutherford, he was universally looked upon as best qualified by his learning, accuracy, and powers of latinity to succeed him. Dr Watson, Bishop of Llandaff, who obtained the chair, offered to waive his pretensions in favour of Dr Ogden. After a curious display of indecision, probably caused by age and infirmity, he decided not to be a candidate (*Life of Bishop Watson*, 4to. ed. p. 25, quoted by T. S. Hughes in his edition of Ogden's *Sermons*, pp. x-xii). Dr Ogden died 22 March 1778, and was buried in the Round Church on the south side of the Communion table and a small tablet placed to his memory with the following inscription, "Samuel Ogden S.T.P. Natus July 28^o, 1716, obiit Martii 22^o, 1778."

Dr Ogden published: (1) *Two Sermons preached before the University of Cambridge in 1758, the one* [on 1 Thess. v, 13] *upon 29th May upon the anniversary of the restoration of King Charles II, the other* [on Deut. iv, 6] *upon the 22nd June the anniversary of the accession of King George II*, Cambridge, 1758, 4to.; (2) *Ten Sermons on the Efficacy of Prayer and Intercession*, Cambridge, 1770, 8vo.; (3) *Fourteen Sermons on the Articles of the Christian Faith*, Cambridge, 1777, 8vo.

After his death, Dr S. Hallifax, sometime Bishop of St Asaph, published a collected volume of Ogden's *Sermons*; *To which is prefixed an account of the Author's life, together with a vindication of his writings against some late objections*, London, 1780, 8vo. Of this there have been several editions. The volume was reprinted by the Rev. Dr T. S. Hughes in 1832, in his series of 'British Divines.'

Dr Ogden must have been in many ways a remarkable and singular man, and a multitude of anecdotes cluster around his memory. The College possesses two portraits of him, in the Master's Lodge, one an oil painting, the other a chalk drawing. A photograph from the chalk drawing is given in Cox's *History of the Grammar School of Queen Elizabeth at Heath near Halifax*, opposite p. 68.

Cole in his collections for an *Athenae Cantabrigienses* (Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5877, p. 115) after quoting the title of the sermon on the Efficacy of Prayer has these notes: "Ten short, exceeding short, but excellent Sermons. He sold the copy for about £50 and had many copies, some finely bound, to give away."

"A very ingenious and learned, but a notably singular and odd man: was admitted a poor scholar in King's College, from whence he very happily escaped to St John's, where he was Fellow and from which he has a Living in Essex. He lives in Cambridge, single, and has the care of St Sepulchre's Church, where he delivered these discourses, and where he naturally has a thronged audience. Is a

great epicure, loves a cheerful glass, at his ease in his armchair, night-cap, night-gown and slippers, and no ladies in company. Had a grand turn at sneer and ridicule, is a large black man, and has afforded as much subject for ridicule in himself, as he is bountiful of it to other people. He was educated under Mr Parnell in Manchester Schole, where he used frequently to come and examine the different classes, as I heard Mr Arden of Trinity College and the Temple say [*i.e.* Richard Pepper Arden, afterwards Lord Alvanley], when he was scholar there, and terrified the boys by his strict and severe examination. He afterwards was Scholemaster at Halifax and had a most admirable and singular turn for that profession, which it is pity he forsook. Dr Hallifax in his third sermon, p. 27, of three preached at St Mary's on account of the Petition against subscription to the Articles in 1772, pays this high compliment to Dr Ogden in the passage where he mentions Intercession: 'But on this subject I spare myself and you: It has already received its highest finishing from the hands of a master; who has treated the whole doctrine of Intercession whether relating to Men in behalf of each other, or to our Saviour in behalf of us all, with a precision and accuracy to which nothing can be added, and with an elegance and piety that cannot be exceeded.'

"Dr Ogden purchased for about £200 the Woodwardian Professorship of the last trustee, King, I think, who was then dying and in indifferent circumstances, so that the money was in effect for a daughter....

"Poor Dr Ogden died of a fit of apoplexy on Sunday evening March 22, 1778, aged 62, at his house in Cambridge. Colonel King the last trustee of Dr Woodward's will had distinguished himself as an officer under the Duke of Marlborough, but having the misfortune to lose his eyesight, he was reduced to Half Pay and a narrow income, which disposed him to sell the reversion of the Professorship. Mr Colman of Benet, calling on me Thursday March 26, told me that he was much acquainted with Colonel King and that he might have got the Professorship had he had the assurance to have asked for it when he knew his disabilities for that province: of which Dr Ogden was as incapable and always declared it, indeed he took no notice of it. There is now a doubt in the Will of Dr Woodward, whether the University in a collective body or each person by himself is to vote at the Election. He has printed—viz. the Vice-Chancellor—part of the will and sent copies of it about for consideration: the words are, the Electors to be the Archbishop of Canterbury, Bishop of Ely, Chancellor and two Members for the University, and President of the College of Physicians and Royal Society, and all who have votes in the Senate. The great people are allowed to send proxies; therefore it seems to me that each Member of the Senate is to vote equally with the Grantees, but as the Senate makes the seventh vote it looks as if it was in the collective body.

"Buried on Friday in St Sepulchre's Church; Mr Craven of St John's, about four years ago had the keeping of his will, as he was left residuary legatee, but as Dr Ogden had contributed by his interest a good deal towards his being elected Arabic Professor, Mr Craven sometime after that event came to him and told him, that he had been under great obligations to him on many accounts and that as he had obtained the Professorship he had an independency and sufficiency equal to his most sanguine desires and therefore had brought him his will and desired him to think of some other person or relation, as his ambition was fully satisfied. Dr Ogden stared, and could hardly believe such an instance existed: said to him, 'Billy! you are a fool! Consider well with yourself before you resolve: these things don't happen every day: therefore take the will back again and turn it in your mind and when you have well considered it, let me see you again.' He did so, and returning with it after a proper interval, the Doctor accosted him: 'Well, Billy, have you maturely considered about the affair in question?' 'I have,' said Mr Craven, 'and am of the same mind as when I saw you last, but only beg you to leave me your Arabic books.' This the Doctor promised and performed, but such an instance of liberality and disinterestedness will appear as not at all probable in this avaricious day.

"Alderman Norfolk calling on me, Monday, 21 September 1778, told me that Dr Ogden's father had been in the Army, but when his service was over he retired to Mansfield and lodged in a Manchester doctor's family, where he married the daughter. Dr Ogden's death was occasioned by eating too late at night a larger supper on bread and cheese and ale than usual. He was soon after taken ill and dropped out of his chair. Sometime before his death he went to Mansfield and

put up a monument to his father in gratitude for giving him a good education, as he expressed on it, and left his fortune to the family his father married into."

Cole has also the following further notes on Dr Ogden (MSS. Cole xxxiii, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5834, fol. 156)—"When the Mastership of Magdalene College was vacant on the death of Dr Chapman, he (i.e. Dr Ogden) with Mr Oliver Naylor, Rector of Milton near Cambridge, though of Corpus Christi College in Oxford, with others made a stir to obtain that Headship. He is a very ingenious man and I suppose on some of his poetical performances in the Cambridge verses presented at Court [perhaps on the death of George II and accession of George III] the following copy of verses were made upon him in 1763, which were sent to me by my worthy friend John Allen, Senior Fellow of Trinity College and Rector of Tarporley in Cheshire, which living was given to him by the young poet's father, John Arden, of Stockport, esq., who married a lady of the name of Pepper, of Richmondshire, whose son Pepper Arden is now a student of Trinity College, though his father was of St John's:

"When Ogden his prosaic verse
In Latin numbers drest
The Roman language proved too weak
To stand the critics' test.

To English rhyme he next essay'd
To shew he'd some pretence,
But ah! rhyme only would not do,
They still expected sense.

Enrag'd the Doctor swore he'd place
On critics no reliance
So wrapt his thoughts in Arabic
And bid 'em all defiance.

"Dr Ogden was presented in June 1766 by St John's College to the Rectory of Lawford in Essex, vacant by the death of my worthy friend Dr John Taylor, Chancellor of Lincoln, Archdeacon of Buckingham and Residentiary of St Paul's; who though a very worthy man and greatly preferred, yet let his parsonage of Lawford run to such ruin that few were worse. He died a single man and left between £1000 and £2000 behind him, being generous and hospitable."

In the *Cambridge Chronicle* of 5 July 1766 is this Article: "A few days ago died the Rev. Mr Haynes, Rector of Elmsett and Stansfield in the County of Suffolk. The former of which is in the gift of Clare Hall and the latter of the Lord Chancellor, who has presented to the same the Rev. Dr Ogden, Fellow of St John's College and Rector of Lawford in Essex, and the Rev. Mr Haynes, son of the deceased, succeeds Dr Ogden in the Rectory of Damerham in Wiltshire, in the patronage of his Grace the Duke of Newcastle."

"Dr Ogden is a tall, swarthy, black man and of a most extraordinary turn of humour, great vivacity, odd, whimsical and like no one else, a great epicure, and very parsimonious. A very ingenious preacher and on that account his church of St Sepulchre's at Cambridge is usually so thronged as to be difficult to get a place. ...He is now very much broken with gout and other complaints (19 June 1770)."

At p. 284 Cole gives some "scurilous verses on Dr Ogden." Coarse is perhaps a plainer description of them.

Gilbert Wakefield in his *Memoirs* (i, 95-97) has the following: "I have heard Dr Ogden preach most of these discourses, which were afterwards made public. His person, manner, and character of composition were exactly suited to each other. He exhibited a large, black, scowling, grizzly figure, a ponderous body with a lowering visage, embrowned by the horrors of a sable periwig. His voice was growling, and morose, and his sentences desultory, tart, and snappish.

"His sermons are interspersed with remarks, eminently brilliant and acute, but too epigrammatic in their close. They display that perfect propriety and purity of English diction, that chastized terseness of composition, which have scarcely been equalled by any writer. Like Cicero he wants nothing to complete his meaning; like Demosthenes he can suffer no deduction without essential injury to the sentence. He was a good scholar, a liberal minded Christian, and an honest man.

"His uncivilized appearance, and bluntness of demeanour, were the grand

obstacles to his elevation in the church. He kept a public act for his Doctor's degree at the installation of the Chancellor, the late Duke of Newcastle, in 1753, with distinguished applause. The duke was willing to have brought our divine up to court, to prefer him; but found, as he expressed it, that the doctor was not a producible man. Dr Hallifax, the late Bishop of St Asaph, was a passionate admirer and close imitator of Dr Ogden. They were in company during the French war of 1756, and the conversation turning upon the politics of the day, mention was made of a recent capture, I think, of some town. Hallifax enquired, 'Who had taken it?' As this question implied the utmost ignorance of the state of the war, and all its circumstances at the time, Ogden, shocked at such inattention to public transactions, lifted up his eyes, turned away his face with disdain, and growled 'What an idiot!' Which furnishes no bad specimen of the doctor's plainness of rebuke....One of his singularities was a fondness for good cheer, with an excessive appetite; and his failing an immoderate indulgence of it. The following anecdote is related by a gentleman, now living, who was with him at St John's.—The cook having spoiled a dish, the doctor was appointed to fine him; and he imposed three cucumbers at their first appearance, which were paid; and all devoured by the doctor himself."

John Mainwaring, Fellow of the College, and sometime Lady Margaret Professor of Divinity, in a Dissertation or Sermon prefixed to a volume of his sermons preached before the University (Cambridge, 1788) criticises Ogden's style and method. For example he says: "No person ever understood the art of method so thoroughly, or has been so successful in shewing the advantage of it, as the present Bishop of Lichfield [Hurd]...Nor has any writer of merit ever failed more in this particular, than the late Dr Ogden. For his style, though correct and chaste, is, in general, unconnected and desultory, and although his matter may be well arranged as, on a nice examination, I believe it would appear; yet the order, so far from being lucid, is almost invisible. A consequence which always follows from unprepared, and abrupt transitions" (pp. lxxi, lxxii, see also pp. lxxx, lxxxvii, lxxxviii, xciv).

Dr S. Hallifax, Bishop of St Asaph, who published Ogden's sermons, defends him stoutly against Mainwaring's criticisms. He writes: "If the subjects of the following sermons be common, and have been so often handled by other writers; the style and composition of the author was peculiarly his own. In his mode of delivery there was something remarkably striking, which commanded the attention of all who heard him: and the arguments adduced, to support and illustrate the great doctrines of natural and revealed religion, are so disposed, that few readers, it is presumed, can be found, who will not feel the force of them.

"In common life there was a real or apparent rusticity attending his address, which disgusted those who were strangers to his character. But this prejudice soon wore off, as the intimacy with him increased: and notwithstanding the sternness and even ferocity he would sometimes throw into his countenance, he was in truth one of the most humane and tender-hearted men I have known.

"To his relations, who wanted his assistance, he was remarkably kind, in his life, and in the legacies left them at his death. His Father and Mother, who both lived to an extreme old age, the former dying at the age of 75, and the latter at that of 85, owed almost their whole support to his piety. Soon after the death of his Father, in the year 1766, he wrote a Latin Epitaph to his memory, and caused it to be fixed, at his own expense, in the Collegiate Church of Manchester; a copy of which the curious reader will not be displeased to see.

"M.S. | Thomae Ogden | Mancuniensis | Indole generosa, | Moribus suavissimis, | Sermonis comitate, lepore, modestia, | Caeterisque humanioribus virtutibus adornati; | Eminente inter alias pietate, | Primum erga parentes, | Quos aetate confectos, | E pluribus natis minimus, | Ad se recipit, observavit, extulit; | Deinde erga filium unicum, | Samuelem Ogden, | Quem tractavit educavitque liberalissime: | Qui vicissim illi | Non meritis parem, | Lubenti certe animo, | Gratiam referebat. | Obiit Anno Dom. 1766. | Aetat. 75" (see also, *Dictionary of National Biography*; *Rose's Biographical Dictionary*; *Vaughan, Life of Robinson*, 20, 68, 70; *Beloe's Sexagenarian*, i, 51; *Dyer's Robinson*, 108, 109; *Biography* prefixed to his *Sermons* in T. S. Hughes' *British Divines*).

P. 85 no. 3. Nathaniel Cooper, only son of Nathaniel Cooper, of Plymouth, co. Devon, gentleman, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 29 June 1737.

P. 85 no. 5. Jacob Omer was ordained Deacon 21 September 1740 and Priest 20 September 1741 by the Bishop of Rochester. He was instituted Vicar of St John's, Thanet, 19 March 174 $\frac{1}{2}$, Patron, the King, by lapse. The living was again vacant in 1749.

P. 85 no. 6. William Gale was ordained Deacon 28 October 1740 when he was licensed to the curacy of All Saints' in Stamford, he was ordained Priest 24 May 1741, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Careby 8 February 1752, and Rector of Braceborough 1 October 1753, both co. Lincoln. On 27 September 1753, when he is described as chaplain to Charles, Earl of Wigton, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then stated to be of the respective values of £70 and £90 and to be four miles apart. Careby was filled up again in 1789 and Braceborough in 1792.

P. 85 no. 7. James Pawsey was ordained Deacon 28 October 1740, by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed to the curacy of Southoe, Hunts. He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Norwich 26 June 1743, and licensed to the curacies of Occold and Bedingfield, Suffolk. He was instituted Rector of Mellis 1 March 174 $\frac{1}{2}$, Rector of Braiseworth 12 January 17 $\frac{5}{8}$, and Rector of Sturston or Stuston 26 December 1755, all in Suffolk. He ceded Braiseworth on his institution to Stuston, holding this living with Mellis until his death. He married at Bury St Edmunds, Miss Read of Stuston (*Gentleman's Magazine*, lvii, 836; *Ipswich Journal*, 18 September 1787). He died 30 July 1792 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 11 August 1792). His widow died 20 October 1794 at Botesdale (*ibid.*, 1 November 1794).

P. 85 no. 8. Jonathan Lipyeatt was ordained Deacon 20 May 1744, by the Bishop of Norwich, in the chapel of Gonville and Caius College, and Priest 20 September 1747, by the Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry. He was instituted Rector of Bobbingworth (alias Bovinge or Bobbinger), Essex, 24 April 1751, and Rector of Meesden, Herts. 11 September 1756. On 9 September 1756, when he is described as chaplain to Henrietta, Countess Glencairn, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Bobbingworth (valued at £140) with Meesden (valued at £100). He was instituted Rector of Great Hallingbury, Essex, 7 November 1781, then ceding Meesden. On 29 October 1781, when he is described as chaplain to Thomas Bruce, Earl of Ailesbury, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Bobbingworth with Great Hallingbury (valued at £260). He held both until his death 13 January 1812 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1812, i, 194). He incorporated M.A. at Oxford 1 October 1755 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*; Mr Foster however confuses him with the Jonathan Lipyeatt who was Rector of Wath, see P. 173 no. 26).

P. 85 no. 9. Robert Charlesworth was ordained Deacon 20 September 1741 by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed to the curacy of Hamerton, Hunts., he was ordained Priest 25 September 1743 by the Archbishop of York and licensed to the curacy of Birkin, Yorks.

P. 85 no. 10. Thomas Hallowes, the father, of Glapwell Hall, Dethick and Mugginton, was baptized by Mr Jollie, the Presbyterian Minister at Sheffield, 25 January 1685. He married Lady Catharine Brabazon, daughter of Chambre, fifth Earl of Meath. He died 26 March 1740 and was buried at Bolsover. Brabazon Hallowes, his eldest son and heir, married Anne, daughter of John Jackson of Clapham, co. Surrey. He left an only daughter Anne, who married Sir Robert Parker, Bart., and died in 1806 without issue. Brabazon Hallowes was High Sheriff of Derbyshire from 27 January 1769 to 9 February 1770 (Hunter, *Familiae Minorum Gentium, Harleian Soc. Publ.* xxxviii, 469; Burke's *Landed Gentry*, Hallowes of Glapwell Hall). See the admission of his brothers, P. 90 no. 37, P. 124 no. 13.

P. 86 no. 11. Joseph Fry was ordained Deacon 20 December 1741, and Priest 14 March 174 $\frac{1}{2}$, by the Bishop of Norwich, with letters dismissory from the Bishop of Salisbury in each case. He was instituted Rector of Uphaven, Wilts., 17 March 174 $\frac{1}{2}$, on the presentation of the King and held the living until his death in 1759.

P. 86 no. 13. John Ross was born 25 June 1719. He took the degrees of B.A. 174 $\frac{1}{2}$, M.A. 1744, B.D. 1751 and D.D. 1756. He incorporated M.A. at Oxford 10 July 1744. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 13 March 174 $\frac{3}{4}$, became a Senior Fellow 9 February 1765, and his fellowship was filled up 3 March 1770. He was Steward of the College 5 March 1756 to 23 February 1757, when he became Senior Dean, holding the latter office till 4 March 1758. He was ordained Priest

by the Bishop of Norwich 25 December 1746 in the chapel of Gonville and Caius College. He was Taxor of the University in 1748 and junior Moderator for the Tripos of 1748; in the latter capacity he was deputy for the Proctor, William Ridlington of Trinity Hall, and is described as a martinet by Samuel Denne (Nichols, *Literary Illustrations*, vi, 759). He seems to have taken some part in the controversy which raged in the University in 1750 over the regulations for the undergraduates (Cooper, *Annals of Cambridge*, iv, 278). According to Cole he is the person referred to as "Affected R—, the scab of Johnians" in the *Capitade* (originally printed in *The London Evening Post*, 1 November 1750; reprinted with notes in the *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1781, p. 530-1: Ross is however not there identified). On 26 October 1752 he was a candidate for the office of Public Orator of the University, but was defeated by John Skynner of St John's (Cooper, *l.c.*, 290). In 1757 he was appointed Preacher at the Rolls Chapel, and a King's Chaplain. He was instituted Vicar of Frome Selwood, Somerset, 25 March 1760 on the presentation of Thomas, Lord Weymouth (P. 136 no. 9). He was chaplain to the same nobleman when Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland for a few months in 1765. He was presented to the twelfth Prebendal Stall in Durham Cathedral 8 March 1769 (Hardy's *Le Neve*, iii, 320). He was elected Bishop of Exeter 12 January 1778 and consecrated in the chapel of Lambeth Palace 25 January by the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Bishops of London, Chichester, and Oxford assisting. On 21 January 1778 he presented to the Archbishop a Royal Warrant enabling him to hold in *commendam* with his Bishopric the Vicarage of Frome Selwood and also to hold therewith the Treasurership of the Cathedral Church of Exeter, a Prebend in the same church, the Archdeaconry of Exeter, and the Rectory of Shobrooke, Devon, and received the Archbishop's dispensation. He however vacated his Prebend in Durham. He was instituted to Shobrooke and admitted to the other preferments named on 23 January 1778, holding all with his Bishopric till his death at Exeter 14 August 1792. He was buried in the south aisle of the choir there.

Cole has the following note on him (Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5879, article Ross): "Dr Ross has been long gaping after a mitre; he is said some twenty years ago to have had the offer of one in Ireland; but now it looks as if his ambition would be gratified if the right hon. Bishop of Exeter would be kind enough to die. He has been killed two or three times and Dr Ross as often made Bishop of Exon within these two months. I write this June 8, 1777 at Milton near Cambridge. Bishop Keppel died in January 1778 and Dr Ross was consecrated in Lambeth Chapel, Sunday, 25 January, Conversion of St Paul, when Mr Orator Beadon was to preach his consecration sermon.... *A sermon before the Lords in Westminster Abbey, January 20, 1779*, London 4to. By its being praised so extravagantly by the Monthly Reviewers, Scotch Presbyterians, we may consequently guess his Lordship is a false father of the Church of England, or that he is afraid of the D. of Grafton, Richmond, Lord Shelburne, or the Papists, who abused the Archbishop of York for a sermon of another complexion. I suppose he is setting up for popularity, and a patron of Moderation and Toleration: for in *The General Evening Post* of Thursday, March 25, 1779, is a sensible letter from Clerophilus to Sir Harry Houghton, who brought in the bill for relief of dissenters about March 1779, and is the great patron of them and the Warrington Academy, in which his new Lordship is taken to task for his affected candour in the above sermon.... In *The General Evening Post* of Saturday 10 April 1779, is a letter signed 'Archaicus' on the same matter." Dr Oliver in his *History of Exeter Cathedral*, 164, refers to Dr Ross as "this learned member of the Royal Society, as modest as he was learned.... His career was gentle and unpretending, making himself affable to all." He was a friend and patron of George Ashby (P. 100 no. 19) who says of him "the Bishop has confined himself through 30 years of the prime of a life uncommonly abstemious to an unceasing reading of the very best books only on the most important subject" (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, ii, 185; some familiar letters from the Bishop to Ashby are given, *ibid.*, 186-189). John Wesley dined at Exeter with Bishop Ross in August 1782, and expressed himself as much pleased with what he saw at the Cathedral service and the Bishop's palace (*Journal*, 18 August 1782). See Mayor-Baker, *History of St John's College*, ii, 726-8; *Dictionary of National Biography*.

Dr Ross published the following: (i) *A dissertation after the manner of Mr Markland, in which the defence of P. Sulla is clearly proved to be spurious*, London, 1746, 8vo.; (ii) *Marci Tullii Ciceronis epistolarum ad familiares libri xvi. Edidit et commentario Anglico illustravit Joannes Ross, A.M.*, Cambridge, 1749, 2 vols. 8vo.;

he also printed *A Commencement Sermon*, Cambridge, 1756, 4to.; a sermon on Hosea xiii, 9, London, 1759, 4to., and a sermon before the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel, London, 1785, 4to.

P. 86 no. 14. Heneage Dering was born 26 October 1719. He was the second son of Dean Dering with that Christian name, the first dying in infancy. He was baptized in Ripon Minster 7 November 1719. He became a Fellow of Peterhouse. He was ordained Deacon 29 May 1743 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and Priest 18 December 1743 by the Bishop of Rochester. He was instituted Vicar of Tadcaster, Yorks., 21 January 1744, ceding this on being instituted Vicar of Burley on the Hill, co. Rutland, 24 July 1752. On 15 April 1754 he was licensed by the Archbishop of Canterbury to the chapelry of Wye, Kent, on the nomination of Daniel, Earl of Winchelsea and Nottingham, this he resigned into the hands of the Archbishop 17 October 1754. He was also curate of Crundall for a short time in 1754. He was instituted Rector of Middleton Keynes, Bucks., 27 May 1761, then ceding Burley on the Hill. On 29 April 1766 he was collated to the eighth prebendal stall in Canterbury Cathedral, and on 16 May of that year he received the degree of D.D. from the Archbishop of Canterbury. He died 17 May 1802 and was buried at Middleton Keynes (*Surtees Soc. Publ.* lxx, 346; Lipscombe, *History of Buckinghamshire*, iv, 247; Hardy's *Le Neve*, i, 56). Sir Egerton Brydges in his *Autobiography*, i, 123, has the following with regard to him: "There was a Dr Heneage Dering, another prebendary—a good old man, but a little old-fashioned, dull, and formal—son of a Dean of Ripon; who was a scholar, and wrote and printed Latin verses. He owed his prebend to the patronage of the Winchelsea family. He was brought up at a time when Pope was thought to be indisputably the first poet in the world. Dining one day at his house, about the time I first went to College, when I was full of Joseph Warton's *Essay on Pope's Genius*, I ventured to express my opinion against Pope and his school of poetry. The old dignitary was astonished at my rashness, and seemed as if he thought me guilty of blasphemy or treason. I maintained my opinion with a good deal of obstinacy, and—being contradicted rather rudely,—perhaps with some intemperance. Though a good old man, and generally courteous and benevolent he never forgave me, but represented me as a very forward and self-sufficient youth."

P. 86 no. 15. Gregory Elsley was instituted Vicar of Burneston, co. York, 5 January 1765, and held the living until 1789.

P. 86 no. 16. Alexander Eliot, son and heir of Griffith Eliot of Tenby, co. Pembroke, esquire, deceased, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 21 April 1737. He is probably the Alexander Eliot of Earwear, esq., who was High Sheriff of Pembrokeshire 31 January 1754 to 29 January 1755.

P. 86 no. 18. William Batty was ordained Deacon 24 May 1741 by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed to the curacy of West Rasen, Lincolnshire.

P. 86 no. 19. Edward Morgan was ordained Deacon 21 December 1740, and licensed to the curacy of Water Newton, Hunts., he was ordained Priest 19 September 1742, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. One of these names was instituted Vicar of St Martin's, Stamford Baron, co. Northampton, 23 August 1748 and held the living until 1755.

P. 86 no. 20. John Kerchevall was ordained Deacon 20 September 1741, and licensed to the curacy of Cold Overton, co. Leicester, he was ordained Priest 25 September 1743, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Thimbleby, co. Lincoln, 29 September 1743, but ceded this on being instituted Vicar of Scraftoft, co. Leicester, 21 April 1767. In Scraftoft Church there is a monument with the following inscription: "Sacred to the memory of | the Rev. John Kerchevall A.M. | late Vicar of this parish | who departed this life September the 19th 1785 | aged 66 years" (Nichols, *History of Leicestershire*, ii, 787).

P. 86 no. 21. Edward Venn became a physician and practised at Ipswich. He died there 13 February 1780 (*The Medical Register*, 1780, pp. 148, 302). See the admission of his brother P. 106 no. 32. He was an M.D. of Leyden. He married Mary, daughter of the Rev. Robert Beaumont, Rector of Winesham, Suffolk.

Richard Venn, the father, was of Sidney Sussex College, B.A. 1712. He was born in January 1691 and was educated at Blundell's School, Tiverton, he was Rector of St Antholin's with St John Baptist, Walbrook, in the City of London, and died 16 February 1733 (Henry Venn's *Life*; Hennessey, *Novum Repertorium*, 304).

P. 86 no. 23. William Stoddart was ordained Deacon 24 May 1741 by the Bishop of Carlisle, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Durham. One William Stoddart was instituted Vicar of Chatton, Northumberland, 22 July 1775, holding the living until 1782.

P. 86 no. 24. George Adams was ordained Deacon 20 September 1741 and Priest 29 May 1743, by the Bishop of London. He was instituted Rector of Widdington, Essex, 21 February 1757, and Rector of Bartlow, co. Cambridge, 15 July 1772. On 13 July 1772, when he is described as Chaplain to Ann, Countess Dowager of Wigton, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then stated to be of the respective values of £180 and £100, and to be not more than 12 miles apart. Bartlow seems to have become vacant in 1775 and Widdington in 1783.

P. 87 no. 25. Henry Hodson the elder was Vicar of Headcorn from 1716 till 1723, and Rector of Sandhurst, Kent, from 1722 till 1753.

Henry Hodson the younger was ordained Deacon 5 April 1747, when he was licensed to the curacy of Brenchley with a stipend of £35 and Priest 7 October 1753, all by the Bishop of Rochester. He was collated to the Rectory of Sandhurst, void by his father's resignation, 13 November 1753. He was instituted Vicar of Thornham, Kent, 10 February 1768 on the presentation of Henry Hodson the elder. On 5 February 1768, when he is described as Chaplain to Henry, Duke of Bolton, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Sandhurst with Thornham, the livings being valued at £200 and £150 respectively and their distance apart not more than 20 miles. He held both livings until his death in 1781.

P. 87 no. 26. William Burrell, the father, was Rector of Brightling. John Burrell was ordained Deacon 19 September 1742 by the Bishop of Norwich, with letters dimissory from the Archbishop of Canterbury, and Priest by the Archbishop of Canterbury in Lambeth Chapel 22 September 1745. He succeeded his father as Rector of Brightling, being instituted 10 July 1746. He held the living until his death in 1752.

P. 87 no. 28. Michael Bridges was ordained Deacon 13 June 1742 and licensed to the curacy of Cheveley, co. Cambridge, he was ordained Priest 23 September 1744, all by the Bishop of Norwich. He was instituted Rector of Pudding Norton, Norfolk, 24 September 1744, and Rector of Titchwell, Norfolk, 13 January 1766. On 7 December 1774 he was instituted Rector of Berwick St Leonard, Wilts., on the presentation of Henry Lee Warner, esq. (Phillipps, *Institutiones Wiltoniae*, ii, 87, 106), he then ceded Titchwell. He seems also to have become Vicar of Great (or old) Walsingham with Little (or new) Walsingham, sometime after 1756, and Vicar of Houghton-in-the-Hole, both in Norfolk, about 1782. He held these two livings with Pudding Norton and Berwick St Leonard until his death in April or May 1807 at Walsingham (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 16 May 1807).

P. 87 no. 29. Thomas Barnard, the father, was a member of the College (Part ii, P. 176 no. 54). Thomas Barnard, the younger, was ordained Deacon 13 June 1742, and licensed to the curacy of Coningsby, co. Lincoln, he was ordained Priest 20 December 1747, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 22 March 174 $\frac{2}{3}$, and his fellowship was filled up again in March 1758. He was instituted Rector of Newmarket St Mary with Wooddyton, Suffolk, 28 September 1752, and Rector of Withersfield, co. Suffolk, 7 July 1756, he held both these livings until his death. He was appointed Chaplain-in-ordinary to the King (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 27 November 1762). He married Melosine Rosenhagen, daughter of Arnold Rosenhagen, of Isleworth, co. Middlesex, and sister of Philip Rosenhagen, Fellow of the College (P. 147 no. 2). He died 8 November 1781 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 20 November 1781). His widow died 24 May 1811 at her house in Clare, Suffolk (*ibid.* 7 June 1811). Thomas Barnard was a man of great learning, but so much greater modesty that he never displayed it excepting to his intimate friends. He was buried in the churchyard of Withersfield on the north side. Having forbidden any epitaph to be placed over his remains, an affectionate friend and parishioner, who desired to be interred near him, directed the following inscription to be added to a memorial of himself: "Oppositos intra Cancellor|reconduntur reliquiae | Thomae Barnard S.T.B. | hujus Ecclesiae Rectoris, | Doctrina, pietate, modestia, insignis. | Ne talem premat oblivio virum, | quod nulla,

ita enim ipse jussit, | decoretur tumulus *επιγραφή*, | justo amicum ornari encomio, atque illius juxta ciueres sese deponi voluit | Antonius Oldfield" (Nichols' *Literary Illustrations*, i, 763, where Barnard is erroneously said to be of Corpus Christi College, Oxford. The inscription was written by Dr James Nasmith, editor of Tanner's *Notitia Monastica*). In the churchyard of Withersfield, on a coffin-shaped stone, there is this inscription to the memory of Mrs Barnard's mother: "Mrs Elizabeth Rosenhagen | widow of Arnold Rosenhagen | esq. | of Isleworth, Middlesex | died August 23rd 1797 | aged 86" (Davy, *Suffolk Collections*, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 19, 103).

The Rev. Thomas Barnard was father of the Rev. Robert Carey Barnard (B.A. 1779), Fellow of St John's, and Rector of Withersfield; of the Rev. Robert Barnard, of Trinity College (B.A. 1782), Rector of Lighthorne, co. Warwick, and Prebendary of Winchester; and of the Rev. Charles Drake Barnard, sometime Vicar of Barnetby and Rector of Bigby, co. Lincoln.

Thomas Barnard is frequently mentioned by Cole in his Collections, he describes him as "a thin man, ingenious and a good antiquary" (MSS. Cole v, fol. 128 b, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5806). In a letter to Horace Walpole, dated at "Horseth Hall, Oct. 5, 1768," Cole writes: "As I write from a place where I have not your Book of Engravers, I cannot tell whether you mention among Faithorne's works a fine half length print of Dr Henry More, of Christ's College, aet. 61, sitting in his cassock only under a tree, with a river and landscape at a distance. I met with it in the collection of one Mr Barnard, King's Chaplain, formerly of St John's College in Cambridge, and now Rector of Withersfield in Suffolk, who has a curious collection of books, prints, Roman urns and other antiquities, many of which were found in this neighbourhood" (MSS. Cole xxiii, fol. 184 b, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5824).

Again, in his volume xxxi, at page 91 (Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5832) he gives an account, with drawings, of Mr Barnard's collection of Roman remains, pottery and glass, describing him as chaplain to the late Duchess of Somerset. Cole then proceeds as follows: "Mr Barnard is a very ingenious and learned man, a great virtuoso in curious and choice books of which he has a good collection. He is a nephew of Mr Drake, who wrote the Antiquities of York and married a lady of Dutch or German extraction of the name of Rosenhagen, by whom he has one or more children. Her brother was of St John's College about 1762, and is married in France, being a man of a fine figure, as is his sister. I called on Mr Barnard again to see the same curiosities 8 October 1768 with William Burrell, esq., Member of Parliament, Chancellor of Worcester and LLD., formerly Fellow-Commoner of St John's College. Mr Barnard is King's Chaplain, and has the living of Newmarket and now six children. He shewed us several curious trinkets formerly belonging to the Percy family, particularly a small Rosary of garnites, every fifth bead intercepted by a gold enamelled cross of every denomination in Heraldry. The crucifix of gold on a cross of blood-stone, with a locket of hair set in a gold coffin and crystal and cypher, and another enamelled death's-head on cross-bones. This was one of the most elegant Rosaries I ever saw. It probably belonged to a Countess of Northumberland of the Howard family, as two of her seals in a lozenge and both ensigned with a Countess coronet, was in the same collection, one larger of silver, for leases probably, the other of filagree work in gold, with an Earl's coronet also on the top to hold it by. I mentioned them to Dr Percy who was very anxious of purchasing them in order to give them to the Duchess of Northumberland. I proposed it to Mr Barnard, who told me he meant to give them himself to her Grace."

P. 87 no. 30. Timothy Shaw was ordained Deacon 15 March 174 $\frac{1}{2}$ and Priest 25 March 1741 by the Bishop of Lincoln, both ordinations being 'special,' and was collated Vicar of Holbeach, Lincolnshire, 25 March 1741, holding it till 1750. Two of his children were buried while he was at Holbeach, 'Jane, the daughter of Timothy Shaw, clerk, and Jane his wife, buried 17 June 1741,' and 'Timothy, son of Tim. Shaw, clerk, and Jane his wife, buried 30 April 1742.' About 1742 he appears to have ceased to reside there. On 10 April 1750 he was instituted Vicar of Bierton, Bucks. He kept a very reputable school in Bierton for many years and was highly esteemed by his pupils. He was instituted Vicar of Medmenham, Bucks., 8 June 1759, holding this until 1781. He was instituted 30 August 1763 to the Vicarage of St Michael, St Albans, but resigned this in 1777. He was also chaplain to the Bishop of Carlisle. He was indefatigable in the discharge of his

ecclesiastical functions, and of so friendly and accommodating a temper that although he constantly officiated in his Parish Church and its annexed members Stoke Mandeville and Buckland, he very frequently extended his assistance to the neighbouring clergy of less activity, and among his familiar acquaintances obtained the title of 'The Angel of the seven churches,' from his having at one period no less than that number to provide for simultaneously. He died in 1786 having long been infirm (Macdonald, *Historical Notices of the Parish of Holbeach*, 176, 177; Lipscombe, *History of Buckinghamshire*, ii, 102). He was empowered by dispensation to hold St Michael's, St Albans, with Bierton, then worth £250 a year (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 20 August 1763; *Gentleman's Magazine*, p. 466). In the Archbishop of Canterbury's Act Book the value of Bierton is stated to be £75, and of St Michael's, £50, the distance between the benefices being stated as 22 miles.

P. 87 no. 31. The *Parish Register* of All Saints' Church, Cambridge, contains this entry among the burials: 173 $\frac{3}{4}$ January 5, Richard Francklyn, Scholar of St John's College.

P. 87 no. 32. Thomas Richardson was admitted a Fellow of the College 13 March 174 $\frac{3}{4}$, his fellowship was filled up again in March 1751.

P. 87 no. 33. One John Fletcher was instituted Vicar of Madeley, Salop, 7 October 1760, holding the living until his death 14 August 1785 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 27 August 1785).

P. 87 no. 34. This is probably the Thomas Littleton, son of Richard Littleton, of Wellington, Salop, *plebeius*, who matriculated at Oxford from Christ Church, 28 April 1722, aged 17. He proceeded to the B.A. degree at Oxford 18 February 172 $\frac{3}{4}$ (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He took the degree of M.A. at Cambridge, from St John's, in 1737. One Thomas Littleton was instituted Rector of Middleton Scriven, Salop, 23 January 173 $\frac{3}{4}$, holding the living until 1740. One of these names was instituted Rector of Oldbury, Salop, 2 June 1743, and seems to have held the living until 1793. And a Thomas Littleton was instituted Rector of Burford (second portion), Salop, 29 April 1755, holding the living until 1770.

P. 87 no. 35. This is perhaps the Richard Price, son of Richard Price, of Llandeilog, co. Carmarthen, *plebeius*, who matriculated at Oxford from Jesus College 18 May 1727, aged 18, and proceeded B.A. at Oxford in 1730 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He took the M.A. at Cambridge, from St John's, in 1737.

P. 87 no. 36. Thomas Pardoe, son of Thomas Pardoe, of Cleeton, Salop, gentleman, matriculated at Oxford from Pembroke College 14 January 172 $\frac{3}{4}$, aged 18, he took the B.A. degree at Oxford in 1728, and the M.A. at Cambridge, from St John's, in 1737 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*).

P. 87 no. 37. James Rawstorne is stated to have died without issue (Croston's edition of Baines's *History of Lancashire*, iii, 117, where there is a pedigree).

P. 87 no. 38. John Howen was first admitted to the College 13 June 1713 (Part ii, P. 209 no. 35). He was ordained Deacon 27 May 1716 and licensed next day to the curacy of Willington with Renhold, Beds., he was ordained Priest 22 February 171 $\frac{3}{4}$, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. In both cases he is described as a literate of St John's College, Cambridge. He was instituted Vicar of Rothersthorpe 9 March 172 $\frac{3}{4}$ and Rector of Bradden 23 July 1739, both co. Northampton. He seems to have held Rothersthorpe till 1756 and Bradden till 1762. He took the LL.B. degree at Cambridge in 1739, no doubt to enable him to hold both livings.

P. 87 no. 39. Henry Legassicke, son and heir of James Legassicke, of Modbury, co. Devon, gentleman, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 8 August 1735.

P. 88 no. 1. For Merton read Munton. Anthony Munton was ordained Deacon 27 May 1743 by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed to the curacy of Farndish, Beds. He was appointed usher or sub-master of the Grammar School at Newcastle 2 January 1752. He was held in high estimation. He died 9 January 1755. After his death a volume of sermons was edited by the Rev. Hugh Moises (the Head-master) for the benefit of his family. The subscriptions were liberal and the subscribers numerous (Mackenzie, *History of Newcastle-upon-Tyne*, i, 423; Nichols, *Illustrations*, v, 125; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1756, 249).

P. 88 no. 2. Henry Read, the elder, of Crowood (born 1667, died 1756), married

Anne Knackstone, of Wanborough. Henry Read his son, of Crowood, married Frances, daughter of Sir Benjamin Truman, knight. He died in 1786 (Reade, *A Record of the Redes*, 126).

P. 88 no. 3. This is probably the Marcellus Osborne, son and heir-apparent of George Osborne, of Beresford, co. Stafford, esq., who was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 13 November 1734, and was called to the Bar 7 July 1739.

P. 88 no. 4. Childers Twentyman was a son of John Twentyman of Newark, by his wife, a Miss Fowler of Southwell. A pedigree of the family will be found in Dickinson's *History of Newark*. Childers Twentyman was ordained Deacon 20 December 1741 by the Bishop of Lincoln and was licensed to the curacy of Bassingham, co. Lincoln. He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of London 19 February 1744. He was instituted Vicar of Rolleston, Notts., 5 December 1752, holding the living until 1759. He became Priest-Vicar of Lincoln Cathedral in 1753, and Succentor in 1759. He was collated to the Prebend of St Botolph in Lincoln Cathedral 20 June 1758 (Hardy's *Le Neve*, ii, 115, he is there described as D.D., though he does not appear as such in the printed *Graduati Cantabrigienses*). He was instituted Rector of Thorpe on the Hill 7 June 1759, and Vicar of Welton 20 November 1764, both co. Lincoln. He held both livings with his prebend until his death in 1781. The *Parish Register* of St Mary Magdalene, Lincoln, has the following entry, "The Rev. Mr Childers Twentyman of St Margaret's, and Ann Loyde of St Mary Magdalene, married 13 August 1754" ('with £4000' *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1754, p. 387). His wife was buried at St Margaret's 10 September 1776. His will is dated 1 August 1780. He mentions his two unmarried daughters Susanna and Frances, and leaves £100 to his daughter married to Lieutenant King. He directs his moiety of an estate at Caunton, Notts., to be sold. His son, Samuel Twentyman, Captain 100th Regiment of Foot, administered his estate 4 December 1781. Personalty sworn under £300 (see a paper on the Lincoln Cathedral Choir, by the Rev. A. R. Maddison, *Associated Architectural Societies' Reports and Papers*, xxi, 209, 211, 213).

P. 88 no. 5. James Dawson, son of William Dawson of Manchester, gentleman, was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn 23 January 1734. During the rebellion of 1745 when the army of Prince Charles Edward reached Manchester, James Dawson was placed in the rank of one of the captains of the 'Manchester Regiment.' The regiment surrendered with the garrison of Carlisle on the 30th December, the name of James Dawson appearing in a paper published in Manchester at the beginning of the year 1746 entitled: "A list of the English *Men* who Joined with the Scotch Islanders in the young Chevalier's Interest, and surrendered themselves Prisoners the 30th of December 1745, at Carlisle, to his Highness *William* Duke of *Cumberland*, whom God preserve," as "James Dawson, son of the apothecary." And also in the list of officers of the Manchester Regiment in the *Gentleman's Magazine*, as "James Dawson, captain, a member of St John's College, Cambridge." With other officers of the regiment he was sent to London, tried on 3 July 1746, and executed on Kennington Common 30 July. He was engaged to be married, and the lady accompanied him to the scaffold and witnessed his end, an incident commemorated by Shenstone the poet. (Croston's edition of Baines's *History of Lancashire*, ii, 125, 127.) In a tract reprinted in Dublin in 1746 entitled *A genuine account of the Behaviour, Confession, and dying words, of [the names are set out] who were executed the 30th day of July 1746, at Kennington Common for High Treason, in levying war against his Most Sacred Majesty King George the Second*, p. 18 the following is given: "James Dawson, was of as genteel and reputable a family as any in Lancashire. His father is esteemed rich, and gave his son a very liberal education, and brought him up in the protestant religion, which he himself professed. When he had passed through the exercises of the school, his father sent him to St John's College in Cambridge; but his son did not answer the old gentleman's expectations. For, soon getting acquainted with the young rakes of the University, he ran all manner of lengths with them, 'till at last, for various misdemeanours, he was expelled, or rather not waiting for the sentence of expulsion, which he was conscious to himself he had incurred, and would certainly be pronounced against him, he ran away from his college. But being sensible he should not be received by his father, and the young Pretender coming with his army to Manchester about the same time, he joined himself to that party. Being of a bold and daring spirit and of a good family, the young Pretender gave him a Captain's

commission. He was so hearty in the cause, that he beat up volunteers himself, and took abundance of pains to prevail on the young fellows in Manchester to enlist. In all their marches he appeared at the head of his company, and when the young Pretender made a general review of his Army at Macclesfield, he passed before him with the usual formalities. He likewise at Carlisle, mounted guard there, and was called Captain, and was among the rest of the officers at the surrender of the Town.

"When he was brought to Newgate, he seemed as merry and cheerful as the rest of his fellow prisoners, being buoy'd up with the assurance, that his imprisonment would not be of any long duration, imagining with the rest, that he was only a prisoner of war. It has been very confidently affirmed, and Dawson himself did not deny it, when it was put to him, that he was once tried for the murder of a man, but acquitted."

See also *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1746, p. 398 b. A very full account of James Dawson will be found in an article "A Johnian Jacobite" in *The Eagle*, xvi, 542-7. In this the following references are given: John Byrom's *Journals and Letters* (Chetnam Society); W. Ray, *Complete History of the Late Rebellion*; the Chevalier de Johnstone's *Memoirs*; T. B. Howell, *Collection of State Trials*, xviii, cols. 374 to 390 (in footnotes); see also Shenstone's ballad, 'Jemmy Dawson' and Harrison Ainsworth's novel *The Manchester Rebels of the Fatal '45*.

P. 88 no. 6. Francis Peck, the father, was a member of the College, see his admission (Part ii, P. 196 no. 7). Francis Peck, the younger, was ordained Deacon 19 September 1742 and licensed to the curacy of Wymondham, co. Leicester, he was ordained Priest 23 September 1744 and continued in the same curacy, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Gunby, co. Lincoln, 13 June 1745, and held the living until his death. He was buried at Harlaxton, co. Lincoln, where his widowed mother was living. The following epitaph is at Harlaxton: "Francis Peck, A.M. late Rector of Gunby, interred June the 17th 1749, in the 29th year of his age." (Nichols, *History of Leicestershire*, ii, 205 n.; Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, i, 520, 521.)

P. 88 no. 7. Humphrey Christian was the eldest son of John Christian of Milntown, Isle of Man, and Unerigg, Cumberland, by Bridget, daughter of Humphrey Senhouse of Netherhall. He was born at Unerigg (or Ewanrigg) 4 October and baptized 1 November 1720. He took his B.A. from St John's in 1741 and became a Fellow of Christ's College. He was ordained Deacon 10 October 1743 by the Bishop of Carlisle at a special ordination held in the chapel of Rose Castle, he was ordained Priest 9 June 1745 by the Bishop of Norwich in the chapel of Gonville and Caius College. He was instituted Rector of Burnham Deepdale, Norfolk, 16 December 1749, Rector of Palgrave, Suffolk, 12 June 1755, this latter he ceded in 1757. He was instituted Rector of Knapton 4 August 1759, and Vicar of Docking 28 January 1766, both these being in Norfolk. In 1766 he ceded Burnham Deepdale, but held Knapton and Docking until his death 31 July 1773 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 7 August 1773). He was buried at Docking. He married at Tivetshall in 1748 Elizabeth, only child of Thomas Brett of Scarning, Norfolk, she died 29 August 1797 and is buried with her husband at Docking.

P. 88 no. 8. Nicholas Griffinhoof was the eldest son of Abraham Griffinhoof and a descendant of William Gryffynhoof who resided at Chelmsford in 1597. He was baptized in Chelmsford church 27 November 1717. After leaving Cambridge he was ordained Deacon 19 December 1742 and Priest 29 May 1743 by the Bishop of London. He was curate to the Rev. William Cooke, D.D., Rector of Stoke-Newington. He was instituted Vicar of Mountnessing (or Munnassing), Essex, 3 December 1748. His successor in the Vicarage being instituted in October 1758. He was instituted Rector of Woodham Mortimer 10 November 1749; and Rector of Kelvedon Hatch 22 September 1758. On 4 September 1758, when he is described as chaplain to Walter, Lord Blantyre, he had a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Woodham Mortimer (valued at £85) with Kelvedon (valued at £100), the livings being stated to be 20 miles apart. His successor at Kelvedon Hatch was instituted in March 1760. He was instituted Rector of Stow St Mary's 8 April 1761. On 14 March 1761 he had a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Woodham Mortimer (valued at £80) with Stow St Mary's (valued at £140), the livings being stated to be 6 miles apart. He held both until his death. He was also chosen Lecturer of Stoke-Newington 13 January 1777. On

7 July 1789 he died suddenly at the house of a friend in Southampton Street, Covent Garden (*Gentleman's Magazine* for 1789, p. 672). He was buried at Woodham Mortimer. He was married twice: 1st to Gittings, the eldest daughter of Thomas Wolf of Roxwell, Essex; and secondly on 28 July 1768 to Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Philpott of Hackney (*l.c.* 1768, p. 349). By his second wife he was the father of: (1) John George Griffinhoof, B.D. of Trinity College, Oxford, senior Fellow and Vicar of Catherington, Hants., (2) Benjamin Cooke Griffinhoof of New Ormond Street, London, who was M.P. for the Borough of Yarmouth, in the Isle of Wight, 1808-1812, (3) Thomas Sparkes Griffinhoof, who matriculated at Trinity College, Oxford, 24 May 1798, and was afterwards of Pembroke College, Cambridge, B.A. 1805, M.A. 1808, he was Vicar of Arkesden, Essex, and of Mayland, Essex, from 1805 until his death 22 January 1859 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*; Robinson, *Register of Merchant Taylors' School*, ii, 160), (4) Elizabeth, who married 4 February 1799 the Rev. Samuel Clarke Jervoise, youngest son of Jervoise Clarke Jervoise, M.P. (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1799, p. 164; Burke, *Peerage, Baronetage, &c.*, Clarke Jervoise of Idsworth Park, Hants.), (5) Susannah, who married Robert Battiscombe of Windsor. (Much of the above is from notes supplied by Harry George Griffinhoof, esq., of 34 St Petersburg Place, London, W.; see also *Notes and Queries*, 7 Ser. i, 149, 219, x, 339.) The arms of Griffinhoof are: *Azure*, three griffins segreant, between a chevron *or*; *crest*, a griffin segreant *or*.

P. 88 no. 9. Charles Dickenson (or Dickinson, for the name occurs in both forms) was ordained Deacon 19 September 1742, and was licensed to the curacy of Loddington, co. Leicester, he was ordained Priest 25 May 1755, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. On 26 May 1755 he was licensed to the Vicarage, Perpetual Curacy, or Free Chapel of Ouston, and instituted Rector of Withcote, both co. Leicester, on the nomination of Edward Palmer, esq. He was instituted Rector of Carlton Curliu in the same county, 31 August 1768, he held all three pieces of preferment until his death in December 1786 at Stamford (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1786, p. 90 a; where he is described as late of Somerby). He was buried at Ouston, and at the east end of the church there, there is a monument to his memory with the following inscription: "Sacred to the memory | of the Rev. Charles Dickinson | for the space of 30 years and upwards minister of this | parish, and rector of the several parishes | of Withcote and Carlton Curliu | both of this county | he died on the 24th day of December 1786 | in the 67th year of his age" (Nichols, *History of Leicestershire*, ii, 546, 763). He purchased a manor in Somerby, co. Leicester, which, at his death, went with the rest of his property to his widow Elizabeth, daughter of William Scott of Market Overton, and afterwards to the hands of Edward Cheselden, esq., in consequence of his marriage with Elizabeth, eldest daughter of the Rev. Charles and Elizabeth Dickinson (*ibid.*, ii, 319).

P. 88 no. 10. Edwin Walford was buried 10 August 1739. (All Saints, Cambridge, *Parish Register*.)

P. 89 no. 12. Henry Wright was the second son of Henry Wright of Mobberley, esq., and Purefoy, daughter of Sir Willoughby Aston of Aston, bart. Henry Wright, the son, was baptized at Stockport 17 October 1719. In later life he assumed the name of Henry Offley Wright. He married 3 July 1751 Jane, second daughter and coheir of Ralph Adderley of Coton, co. Stafford, esq. He inherited the Offerton and Mottram Andrew estates of the family. He was instituted Vicar of St Peter's in Derby 28 October 1749 and died 17 June 1799, aet. 80, and was buried at Mobberley. (Earwaker, *East Cheshire*, ii, 352, 354, where there is a pedigree.)

P. 89 no. 13. John Skyrme (the father) of Lanhaden, was High Sheriff of Pembrokeshire 27 December 1739 to 31 January 1740. Thomas Skyrme of Vaynor, esq., occurs as High Sheriff of the same county 27 January 1769 to 9 February 1770.

P. 89 no. 15. John Copley was admitted a Fellow of the College 13 March 1743 $\frac{1}{2}$, and his Fellowship was filled up again 7 April 1747. He was ordained Deacon 13 June 1742 by the Bishop of London, and Priest by the Bishop of Chichester 25 May 1746. He was instituted Vicar of Tortington, Sussex, 2 July 1754 and Rector of Sullington 18 August 1766. On 12 August 1766, when he is described as chaplain to John, Earl of Bute, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold these two livings, then stated to be of the values of £50 and £110 respectively and to be 10 miles apart. He was instituted Rector of West Chillington in the same county on 20 December 1766, then ceding Tortington but

holding Sullington by dispensation until his death 21 January 1788. His second dispensation, dated 18 December 1766, states the values of Sullington and Chillington as £110 and £145 respectively and their distance apart as 13 miles.

P. 89 no. 16. Richard Dale was ordained Deacon 13 June 1742 by the Bishop of Norwich and licensed to the curacy of Bardwell, Suffolk; he was ordained Priest by the Archbishop of York 22 September 1745, and licensed to the curacy of Beeford, Yorks., with a stipend of £30.

P. 89 no. 17. Samuel Clint was ordained Deacon 14 March 174 $\frac{1}{2}$, by the Bishop of Lincoln, he was ordained Priest 25 September 1743 by the Archbishop of York and licensed to the curacy of Normanton.

P. 89 no. 18. John Stockdale was ordained Deacon 19 December 1742 and licensed curate to Mr John Blackburn at Shropham in Norfolk, he was ordained Priest 22 September 1745 and licensed to the curacy of Shelton and Hardwick, Norfolk, all by the Bishop of Norwich. He was instituted Vicar of Rushall, Norfolk, 14 May 1764, Vicar of Mendham, Suffolk, 15 October 1771, and Vicar of Bedingham, Norfolk, 8 September 1774, and again Vicar of Rushall 27 September 1774. He held all three livings till towards the end of 1778.

P. 89 no. 19. James Barton, son of Ralph Barton of Wigan, smith, was admitted to Manchester School 4 March 173 $\frac{2}{3}$ (Finch Smith, *Manchester School Register*, i, 7). He took the B.A. degree in 1741. He was ordained Deacon 14 March 174 $\frac{1}{2}$ by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed to the curacy of West Rasen, Lincolnshire. He was ordained Priest 19 September 1742 by the Bishop of Chester, and licensed next day to the Chapel of Heywood in the parish of Bury, co. Lancaster, on the nomination of the Rev. James Banks, Rector of Bury. One of these names was instituted Rector of Knapwell, Cambridgeshire, 7 January 1774, his successor was instituted 16 February 1782.

P. 89 no. 20. John Abson (the father), son of Lionell Abson of Rotherham, Yorks., matriculated at Oxford from Lincoln College 17 May 1708, aged 19. He was B.A. 12 March 171 $\frac{1}{2}$, and M.A. 1715. He was Rector of St Nicholas, Nottingham, a Prebendary of Southwell, and Vicar of Rolleston, Notts. (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). Samuel Abson was ordained Deacon 13 June 1742 by the Bishop of Bristol for the Bishop of Norwich, when he was licensed to the curacies of Brandeston, Hoo, Letheringham and Charsfield in Suffolk, and Priest 19 February 174 $\frac{3}{4}$, by the Archbishop of York and licensed to the curacy of Edingley, Notts., with the license of the Church of Southwell. He was instituted Vicar of Kneesall, Notts., 31 October 1745, Vicar of Eaton, Notts., 8 December 1748, and Rector of Eakring, Notts., 5 December 1758, when he ceded Kneesall. On 24 November 1748, when he is described as chaplain to John, Duke of Rutland, he had a dispensation to hold Kneesall (valued at £44) with Eaton (valued at £49), the livings being stated to be about 8 miles apart. And on 29 November 1758 he had a dispensation to hold Eaton (valued at £60) with Eakring (valued at £180), the two livings being stated to be 11 miles apart. He was admitted to the Prebend of Segeston or Sacriston in Southwell 23 November 1767, ceding this on his admission 24 October 1768 to the Prebend of Rampton in Southwell (Hardy's *Le Neve*, iii, 455, 458). He died in September 1777, being then Rector of Eakring, Vicar of Eaton and a Prebendary (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 27 September 1777). His son William Chambre Abson, B.A. 1774, was a Fellow of the College.

P. 89 no. 21. Robert Vyner, the elder, purchased the estate of Gautby, co. Lincoln, and was M.P. for the county in five Parliaments. Robert Vyner, the younger, was his only son by his first wife Margaret, daughter of Sir Thomas Style, of Wateringbury. He was born 27 June 1717. He was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 18 November 1741. He was returned as M.P. for the borough of Oakhampton, Devon, 17 April 1754, sitting until 1761. He was returned as M.P. for the city of Lincoln 12 October 1774 and 13 September 1780. He was returned as M.P. for the borough of Thirsk, Yorks., 11 January 1785 and 21 June 1790, sitting until 1796. He married Eleanor, daughter of Thomas Carter, esq., of Redbourne, co. Lincoln, and widow of Francis Anderson, esq., of Manby, co. Lincoln. He died 19 June 1799 (*Official Return of Members of Parliament; Bean, The Parliamentary Representation of the Six Northern Counties of England*, 1094; see also Burke, *Landed Gentry*).

P. 89 no. 22. On 19 December 1746 the Archbishop of York granted letters dimissory for Deacon's orders to Edward Knowsley, he having a title to the curacy of Aldborough, Yorks. On 24 December 1746 the Archbishop of York licensed him to the curacy of Aldborough with a stipend of £20, and on 25 September 1748 ordained him Priest, licensing him to the curacy of Thwing. One Edward Knowsley was instituted Vicar of Kirby Grindalyth, Yorks., 14 September 1752. His successor was instituted there 28 July 1753. One of these names was instituted Rector of Musgrave, Westmorland, 10 February 1756, holding the living until 1775.

P. 89 no. 23. This appears to be the William Murrey, son of William Murrey, of London, *plebeius*, who matriculated at Oxford from Pembroke College 10 May 1722, aet. 16. He was B.A. 18 February 172⁵/₆ (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He took the M.A. degree at Cambridge in 1738 as Murray. He got the Lambeth degree of D.D. 30 June 1760. He held the following benefices, all in Lincolnshire. Instituted Rector of Healing 1 June 1731; Vicar of Stallingborough 17 May 1737. Both these livings were vacant in 1752. On 4 February 1752 he was instituted Rector of Falkingham, and on 7 November 1761 Vicar of Gainsborough. On 21 October 1761, when he is described as D.D. and M.A. of St John's College, Cambridge, chaplain to William, Earl Graham, now Duke of Montrose, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Falkingham with Gainsborough, the respective values of the livings being stated as £120 and £130 and to be 30 miles apart. He was collated to the prebend of Coringham in Lincoln Cathedral and installed 23 November 1761, holding this with his two livings until his death in November 1778 (Hardy's *Le Nere*, ii, 136).

P. 89 no. 24. Samuel Johnston was admitted a Fellow of the College 13 March 174¹/₂, his Fellowship was filled up again in 1777. He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Lincoln 25 September 1743, and licensed to the curacy of Lilley, Herts. He was instituted Rector of Winestead, Yorks., 23 March 1759. He seems to have continued to reside in college, at least for a time, being appointed Sacrist 15 March 1763, an office he seems to have held till 1766. He was presented by the College 31 May 1775 to the Rectory of Freshwater, in the Isle of Wight, and instituted 30 June. He then ceded Winestead, but he did not reside at Freshwater, where his duties were performed by a curate. He was J.P. for the East Riding of Yorkshire, and died at his brother's house in Beverley 10 July 1791 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1791, p. 684 b). In the churchyard of St Mary's, Beverley, there is a stone with the following inscription: "In the churchyard near this place | is interred the remains of | the Revd. Sam^l. Johnston A.M. | who died Feb^y 22^d. 1767 aged 82. | Who for upwards of 50 years that he was | Vicar of this parish was an ornament to his | profession by an unremitting attention | to all its duties | Also of Sarah his wife youngest daughter of | Christopher Tadman esq., who died the 18th of July 1770 | aged 72, by whom he had five sons and five daughters viz. | Samuel, S.T.P., Rector of Freshwater in the Isle | of Wight who died July 10th, 1791, aged 73 | (Elizabeth, John, Jane) who died in infancy | Ann widow of Mr Catleay who died aged 85 | John, M.D. who from a motive of filial | piety and affection erected this: | Sarah | Francis, died aged 7 | Bridget died aged 28 | and William a captain in the 48th Regiment died aged 56. | The above John Johnston M.D. died 19th January 1799 aged 73 greatly esteemed | and respected and was buried | in this church."

P. 90 no. 25. Geoffrey Bentham was ordained Deacon 19 December 1742 and licensed to the curacy of Burgh with Winthorpe, co. Lincoln, by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was Minor Canon, Epistolar and Sacrist of Ely Cathedral. He became Vicar of Meldreth 8 May 1744 (Bentham, *History of Ely*). He was also appointed Minister of Trinity Church, Ely (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 29 June 1776). He died on Tuesday 5 June 1792, aged 73, being then Senior Minor Canon and Precentor of Ely Cathedral (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 9 June 1792). Cole in his collections for an *Athenae Cantabrigienses* has the following notes with regard to him.

"A brother of Alderman Bentham (*i.e.* Joseph Bentham, printer to the University), who was the only son of six sons who was not in Orders, which was saddling the Church too much for one family, viz. 5 or 6. But I heard my old friend Dr Lyne say that the order for fixing the donation of the Eton College livings, by rotation of the Fellows, was made principally because Dr John Burton

their cousin was always soliciting at every vacancy for a living for one of the Benthams. Geoffrey the youngest brother never got higher than to be a Minor Canon and a curacy near Ely, but 1781 his sister-in-law being with him, being a bachelor and both muddle-headed, she left him a good competency" (Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5864).

See the admission of his brothers, Thomas, P. 70 no. 25, and Edmund, P. 79 no. 15.

P. 90 no. 26. William Dammant was ordained Deacon 9 June 1745 by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed to the curacy of Kempston, Beds.

P. 90 no. 27. Richard Pinnell, son and heir of Richard Pinnell, of Tooting, co. Surrey, esquire, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 24 June 1735.

P. 90 no. 29. William Marsh was ordained Deacon 13 June 1742 by the Bishop of Bristol, and Priest 27 February 174 $\frac{2}{3}$ by the Bishop of Exeter. He was instituted Rector of Bicknor, Kent, 2 March 174 $\frac{2}{3}$, on the presentation of the King. He was instituted Vicar of Bapchild, Kent, 28 June 1751, also in the King's gift by lapse, ceding this on his institution 7 April 1759 to the Rectory of St Mary in Romney Marsh. This latter living was vacant in 1802. He preached the Sermon before the King's School Canterbury Feast Society in 1743.

P. 90 no. 30. William Rothery was ordained Deacon 19 February 174 $\frac{2}{3}$ by the Bishop of Norwich and licensed to the curacy of Barsham with Woodton, Norfolk. He was instituted Rector of Hazelbury Bryan, co. Dorset, 26 January 174 $\frac{2}{3}$, and held the living until his death. He was buried there 15 May 1797. On a flat stone within the Communion rails of the church there is the following inscription: "H. S. E. Jana Rothery, Bristolensis, filia Edmundi Parham ibidem mercantis, nupta autem Gulielmo Rothery, A.M. hujus ecclesiae rectori, Oct. 30, 1749. Obiit Feb. anno salutis 1750-1, aetatis 24. Juxta obdormiscit Hugo Rothery, filius eorum infans, denatus Jan. 24, 1750-1."

Mr Rothery and his second wife, who died within a few days of each other, are buried under the same stone, with no inscription to their memory (Hutchins, *History of Dorset*, 3rd ed., i, 278, 280).

P. 90 no. 31. An account of Walter Gough, the father, is given in Nichols, *Literary Illustrations*, iii, 236-240. Thomas Gough was ordained Deacon 20 May 1744 by the Bishop of Norwich in the chapel of Gonville and Caius College, Cambridge, and licensed to the curacy of Little Wratting, Suffolk, he was ordained Priest 23 September 1744 in Norwich Cathedral. He was instituted Rector of Fornham St Genevieve and also Rector of Risby, both co. Suffolk, 25 September 1744. He held both livings until his death 6 January 1786, aged 66 (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, ix, 360, 747). His wife Alice was buried at Risby 22 September 1765, and he himself was also buried there 13 January 1786 (*Parish Register of Risby*).

P. 90 no. 32. William Turner, gentleman, son and heir-apparent of William Turner, of the borough of Derby, gentleman, was admitted a student of the Inner Temple, 10 February 173 $\frac{1}{2}$.

P. 90 no. 33. George Carleton was ordained Deacon 14 March 174 $\frac{1}{2}$ by the Bishop of Norwich, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Chichester. He was instituted Vicar of Rye, Sussex, 7 January 174 $\frac{1}{2}$, on the presentation of James, Earl of Northampton. He died 27 November 1761 (according to his epitaph, but 5 December according to the *Register*) and was buried 11 December. In the north transept of Rye Church there is the following inscription: "Here lieth the body of Mr Henry Carleton (one of ye Jurats of this corporation), who died Octr. ye 22nd. 1771, aged 78 years. Also the body of Mary, his wife, who died Novr. ye 3rd. 1727, aged 36 years. Also the body of the Rev. George Carleton, M.A., son of ye above-named Henry and Mary Carleton, who was Vicar of this parish, and one of the Jurats of the corporation; he died Novr. ye 27th 1761, aged 43 years. Also the body of Mary, daughter of the said Henry and Mary Carleton, who died in 1721, an infant. Also the body of Thomas, son of the said Henry and Mary Carleton, who died in 1726 an infant. Also the body of Constance, wife of the said George Carleton, who died May ye 19th 1754, aged 22 years. Also the body of Henry, son of the said George and Constance, who died an infant" (*Sussex Archaeological Collections*, xiii, 275, 282).

P. 90 no. 34. Robert Roper, son and heir-apparent of Brian Roper, of the parish of Trimdon, Durham, esquire, was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 24 November 1738, and was called to the Bar 2 July 1756.

P. 90 no. 35. Anthony Thomas Abdy, esquire, eldest son of Sir William Abdy, of Golden Square, St James', Westminster, bart., was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn 1 June 1738, and was called to the Bar 31 May 1744. He became a K.C. and a Bencher of his Inn, sitting 12 December 1758. He was returned as M.P. for Knaresborough at a by-election 3 February 1763. He was again returned in the parliament of 1768 on the 18th March, and again on 10 October 1774. He died 5 April 1775.

P. 90 no. 36. Francis Hall was ordained Deacon 18 December 1743 by the Bishop of Rochester, and Priest 19 February 174 $\frac{3}{4}$ by the Archbishop of York and instituted Vicar of Sprotborough, Yorks., on the same day, on the presentation of Godfrey Copley, of Sprotborough. He seems to have ceded this living in 1747. He was instituted Rector of Kirksmeaton, Yorks., 25 September 1749, ceding this on his institution 20 September 1759 to the Rectory of Harpole, Northamptonshire, to which he was presented by Charles, second Marquis of Rockingham. He ceded Harpole on his institution 17 December 1763 to the Rectory of Thurnscoe, Yorks., ceding this again on his institution 8 March 1771 to the Rectory of Tankersley, this he held until 1782.

P. 90 no. 37. See the note on P. 85 no. 10. Chaworth Hallowes was instituted Rector of Pleasley, Derbyshire, 18 July 1757. He held the living until 1793 and died without issue (Hunter, *Familiae Minorum Gentium, Harleian Soc. Publ.*, xxxviii, 469; Burke's *Landed Gentry*, Hallowes of Glapwell Hall).

P. 91 no. 38. John Dawson was ordained Priest 23 September 1744 by the Bishop of Rochester. One of these names was instituted Vicar of Sellinge, Kent, 2 July 1761. William Gurney, his successor, was instituted 26 January 1763.

P. 91 no. 39. See the note on Edward Robinson, P. 82 no. 16. Edward Robinson was ordained Deacon 19 December 1742, and licensed to the curacy of Hitchin, Herts., he was ordained Priest 23 December 1744 (being still curate of Hitchin), all by the Bishop of Lincoln. One of these names was instituted Vicar of Henlow, Beds., 24 January 1752, and held the living until 1787.

P. 91 no. 40. Cuthbert Allen was ordained Deacon 19 September 1742 and Priest 19 December following by the Bishop of Chester. On 13 June 1749 the Bishop of Chester licensed him to the chapel of Forcett, Yorks., on the nomination of Benjamin Crewe, Vicar of Gilling. He was collated Vicar of Wooler, Northumberland, 18 December 1755 by the Bishop of Durham, and held the living until 1780.

P. 91 no. 41. Robert Smith died 11 January 1801, aged 82. There is a monument to his memory at the north end of the chancel of St Mary's, Whittlesey (*Fenland Notes and Queries*, i, 101).

P. 91 no. 42. Lawrence Smith took his degrees as Smyth, B.A. 1742, M.A. 1746. He was ordained Deacon 19 September 1742 and licensed to the curacy of Meppershall, Beds., by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Southill 11 March 1752, and Vicar of Old Warden, 10 January 1770, being again instituted Vicar of Southill on the same day. He held both livings, which are in Bedfordshire, until his death in 1800. The *Gentleman's Magazine* (for 1800, i, 396 a, b) describes him as: "Highly distinguished in his neighbourhood as a clergyman, by the value and dignity of his character. He was a gentleman and a scholar, which are not always united; an able and sound divine and possessed of much valuable knowledge on many important subjects; a true and faithful friend to his religion; having carefully examined the evidence of it, he would never suffer his mind to be tainted by false and flimsy suggestions of infidel writers. During a period of more than 50 years, with the most exemplary conduct and the most unremitting attention to his duty in his pastoral office, he lived respected by many and lamented by all."

His daughter Frances died 29 July 1842, aged 78 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1842, ii, 440 a).

P. 91 no. 43. See the admission of Henry Gunning, the father, Part ii, P. 177 no. 2. Stuart Gunning was instituted Vicar of Hawkeston with Newton, Cambridgeshire, 17 March 174 $\frac{3}{4}$, ceding this on his institution to the Vicarage of Madingley in

the same county 10 July 1752, holding this until 1772. In 1764 the Rectory of Ufford, Northamptonshire, became vacant by the death of Caleb Parnham. The College presented Robert Robinson who returned the Presentation, and there was a dispute, during which the Presentation lapsed to the Bishop (*History of St John's College*, ii, 1070). The Bishop having promised to collate the nominee of the College the governing body by deed dated 20 February 1765 recommended Stuart Gunning and he was instituted on February 27. He married in March 1767, at St Margaret's, Westminster, Miss Whitworth, of Bugden in Hunts. (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 25 March 1767). He died on Thursday 20 October 1774 (*ibid.* 22 October 1774). Cole has the following note (MSS. Cole xxii, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5823, fol. 266): "Mr Gunning, B.D., in February 1765 was presented by St John's College to the Rectory of Ufford cum Bainton in Northamptonshire, worth £200 per annum, on the death of Mr Caleb Parnham, formerly Fellow of the College and one of the best bass voices I ever heard. He used now and then to perform a vocal part at our Concert, or Musical Club, when I was a young man at the University. Mr Parnham was also a good performer on the Violincello and was one of the tallest men I have ever seen. Mr Gunning also was bred a chorister in Ely Cathedral, had an excellent voice, and often at Concerts was desired to perform a part, soon after he was admitted a young scholar. He had a brother also of the same college, and I think both of these succeeded one the other in the same Vicarage of Hawkeston cum Newton" (see P. 122 no. 28).

P. 91 no. 44. Sawyer Smith was ordained Deacon 2 March 174 $\frac{2}{3}$ and licensed to the curacy of Hinckley, co. Leicester, and he was ordained Priest 14 March 174 $\frac{1}{2}$ (when he is described as 'student' of St John's College) and licensed to the curacy of Odell, Beds., all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Rodmarton, co. Gloucester, 28 January 174 $\frac{2}{3}$ and held the living until 1756.

P. 91 no. 45. Tatton Brown was the son of John Apthorpe Brown, of Dronfield, co. Derby. His mother was Mary Tatton, daughter and heiress of Thomas Tatton and Mary Pegge of Beauchief. Tatton Brown matriculated at Oxford from Balliol College 17 October 1727, aged 16 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He became Curate at Baldock and died unmarried about 1746 and was there buried (Hunter, *Familiae Minorum Gentium, Harleian Soc. Publ.* xxxix, 1023 where there is a pedigree). In the British Museum there is an interleaved *Graduati Cantabrigienses*, with annotations by Davy, Addl. MSS. 19,209; at p. 70 it is stated that Tatton Brown was Curate of Clothall, Herts, and died there in 1739, aged 29.

P. 91 no. 46. George Underwood, son of Matthew Underwood, of Burford, Oxfordshire, *plebeius*, matriculated at Oxford from Christ Church 30 May 1723 aged 18. He took the B.A. degree at Oxford 23 February 172 $\frac{2}{3}$ (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He took the M.A. degree at Cambridge from St John's in 1738. He was perhaps chaplain in ordinary to the King in 1738.

P. 91 no. 47. Richard Griffiths, son of Richard Griffiths, of Llansawell, co. Glamorgan, *plebeius*, matriculated at Oxford from University College 3 July 1708, aged 18. He took the B.A. degree at Oxford in 1712 as Griffith (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He took the M.A. degree at Cambridge from St John's in 1738 as Griffiths.

P. 91 no. 48. In the marriage Registers of Durham Cathedral are the following entries: "1703 December 21 Roger Wilson, merchant in St Nicholas Parish in Newcastle and Ann Middleton of Barfoot in the county of York; 1717 April 22 Roger Wilson and Elizabeth Anderson, both of the Parish of St Nicholas in Newcastle upon Tyne, Diocese Durham."

These are probably the marriages of Cuthbert Wilson's father. If so he was a child of the second marriage.

Cuthbert Wilson was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Norwich 19 December 1742. The Rev. Cuthbert Wilson, son of Roger Wilson, of Newcastle, merchant adventurer, was admitted free of the Merchant Company by patrimony 28 September 1752 (*Newcastle Merchant Adventurers*, ii, 364, *Surtees Soc. Publ.* ci). Cuthbert Wilson appears to have been appointed Curate of St Nicholas, Newcastle, and also lecturer of All Saints, Newcastle, from 1783 until his death at Newcastle 8 February 1791 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 12 February, 1791).

The career of this Cuthbert Wilson is to be distinguished from that of a member of Queen's College, Oxford. The latter was the son of Cuthbert Wilson, of Kirk

Andrews, Cumberland. The Oxonian was appointed Curate of St Nicholas, Newcastle, 17 June 1762, he was Curate of St Mary's, Gateshead, and afternoon lecturer of Bridge-end Chapel, a Chapel of Ease to St Nicholas. He died 8 May 1773 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*; Brand, *History of Newcastle*, i, 318, 319; *Newcastle Courant*, 15 May 1773; information from Mr H. M. Wood).

P. 91 no. 49. Thomas White, second son of Joseph White, of Ellastone, co. Stafford, clerk, matriculated at Oxford from Merton College 29 April 1729, aged 18. He took the B.A. degree at Oxford 19 February 173 $\frac{2}{3}$, and the M.A. at Cambridge from St John's in 1738. He was collated to the Prebend of Dernford in Lichfield Cathedral 12 March 174 $\frac{2}{3}$, being also Sacrist of the Cathedral and Divinity Lecturer there. He was instituted Vicar of Dunchurch, Warwickshire, 19 September 1768, holding both these preferments until his death 3 May 1784, aged 74 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*, Hardy's *Le Neve*, i, 598). He published *Twenty sermons on various subjects*, 8vo. London, 1757; *Two sermons on covetousness*, Luke xii, 18. London, 1771 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1784, p. 637 a; Nichols' *Leicestershire*, iv, 333; *Fruits of Endowments*). His mother was Jane, daughter of John Kent, of the Lane End, Elton, in Warrington, co. Chester. He was born 31 January 170 $\frac{8}{9}$ and was baptized at Ellastone. He married in 1755, Lucy, daughter of the Rev. John Hunter, Prebendary of Lichfield and Master of the Grammar School there (Dr Samuel Johnson was Hunter's pupil).

P. 91 no. 50. Johnson Lawson was an Exhibitioner of the King's School, Canterbury, and was the Preacher before the King's School Feast Society in 1748 (Sidebotham, *Memorials of the King's School, Canterbury*, 23, 26). He was ordained Deacon 14 March 174 $\frac{2}{3}$ by the Archbishop of Canterbury and Priest 18 December 1743 by the Bishop of Chichester. He was instituted vicar of Throwley, Kent, 9 Aug. 1758 on the presentation of the Rev. Thomas Archer, Prebendary of St Paul's, London, patron in right of his Prebend. He was presented by Sir Whistler Webster, bart., to the Deanery of Battle, Sussex (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 15 March 1777) and instituted 22 August 1776. He held both benefices until his death, which occurred at Greenwich 25 November 1778 (*ibid.* 5 December 1778).

P. 91 no. 51. James Ball was ordained Deacon 13 June 1742 by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed to the Curacy of Croft, co. Leicester. One of these names was instituted Rector of Little Oakley, Northamptonshire, 30 September 1756, and Rector of Ingestre, co. Stafford, 10 April 1759. Both livings were vacant in 1769.

P. 91 no. 52. John Martin was ordained Deacon 19 December 1742 by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed to the curacy of Maulden, Beds. He seems to be the John Martin (of St John's College, Cambridge) ordained Priest 22 September 1764 by the Bishop of Salisbury and licensed to the curacy of Waddon (perhaps Whaddon, Bucks.).

P. 92 no. 54. George Williams, son of Malachi Williams, of Menheniot, Cornwall, clerk, matriculated at Oxford from Exeter College 27 March 1708, aged 17. He took the B.A. degree from New Inn Hall in 1711, and the M.A. at Cambridge from St John's in 1738. He was instituted Vicar of Madron, Cornwall, 15 April 1717 on the presentation of Thomas Fleming, of Landithy, vacating this in 1720. He was instituted Vicar of Chittlehampton, Devon, 17 November 1726; his successor was instituted there in July 1743 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*; Boase, *Collectanea Cornubiensia*, 1245).

P. 92 no. 55. William Ramsden became Master of the Charterhouse, London. He was instituted Rector of Balsham, co. Cambridge, 28 December 1779 and held the living until his death 2 November 1804, aged 86 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 10 November 1804; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1804, ii, 1078 b). His only daughter, Elizabeth, wife of the Rev. Edward Wollaston, died 5 October 1835 at the Rectory House, Balsham, aged 71 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 9 October 1835).

P. 92 no. 57. James Stafford was ordained Deacon 18 December 1743 by the Bishop of Rochester and Priest by the Archbishop of York 19 February 174 $\frac{2}{3}$, when he was licensed to the curacy of Penkridge in Staffordshire. He was instituted Rector of Farthinghoe, Northamptonshire, 11 May 1770 on the presentation of Sir Thomas Egerton, bart. He died 6 August 1794 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 16 August 1794, where he is described as Vicar of Penkridge and Rector of Farthinghoe).

P. 92 no. 58. Samuel Hutchinson was in 1746 a candidate for the professorship of Anatomy on the death of Prof. Banks. The votes were Dr Gibson, *Jes.* 55; Mr Hutchinson, *Joh.* 43, besides one, which was questioned because it had no Christian name to it; Mr Scotman, *Caius*, 42. (MSS. Cole, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5852. Cooper's *Annals*, iv, 257.) The College Order Book, 20 June 1751, has the following entry: 'Agreed to depute Mr Hutchinson to the study of physic.' He seems however to have vacated his Fellowship soon afterwards as he was succeeded by C. J. Fairfax in the following year (*History of St John's College*, 306, l. 41). His father was also a member of the College (Part ii, P. 155 no. 5). He is probably the Dr Samuel 'Hutchins' of Stamford who was a member of the Gentlemen's Society at Spalding, and who died in 1751 (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, vi, 90).

P. 92 no. 1. Noah Thomas was admitted a Candidate of the College of Physicians 30 September 1756; and a Fellow 22 December 1757. He was Gulstonian Lecturer in 1759, Censor in 1761, 1766, 1767, 1781. He was appointed Physician extraordinary to George III in 1763 and Physician in ordinary in 1775, when he received the honour of knighthood. He was for many years physician to the Lock Hospital, and died at Bath 17 May 1792 (*Munk's Roll of the Royal College of Physicians*, ii, 218). He was buried in Bath Abbey 24 May 1792 (*The Genealogist*, New Series, vi, 100). A portrait of him by Romney hangs in the College Hall. It was bequeathed to the College by Mrs Mary Lutwyche, his daughter, who died at Bath 22 February 1845, aged 93. The following is an extract from her will dated 21 June 1844 (she is described as of Marlborough Buildings in the parish of Walcot in the City of Bath): "I give the fine picture painted by Romney of my dear father Sir Noah Thomas, knight, physician to his Majesty George the Third to the Master, or head of Saint John's College, Cambridge, for the time being, upon trust to place the same as an heirloom in the said College where my said father received his education and where he was as much distinguished, not only for his having been Senior Wrangler of his year, but for his deep learning, which laid the foundation of the high reputation he afterwards enjoyed in his profession, in which his skill was sufficiently proved by the great success of his prescriptions. It would be injustice to the memory of his Tutor the learned Dr Rutherford whose *Essay on Virtue* did such honour to its author, and to that of the great mathematician the blind Dr Saunderson were no mention made of the great advantages he reaped from their instructions" (Proved in the Prerogative Court of Canterbury 6 March 1845). It appears from Romney's diary that Sir Noah Thomas sat for his picture in 1781, July 26, 28, August 1, 4, 11, 14, and 16.

For many years the portrait was ascribed to Sir Joshua Reynolds (Munk, *l.c.*).

P. 92 no. 2. William Beauvoir, the father, seems to have been the person of that name, son of Peter Beauvoir, of Guernsey, who matriculated at Oxford from Pembroke College 4 November 1687, B.A. from all Souls' College in 1691 and M.A. at Cambridge from Corpus Christi College in 1704. He became Rector of St Saviour's, Guernsey, in 1692 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He was chaplain to the Earl of Stair when ambassador at Paris in 1717, and was one of the commissaries of the Deanery of Bocking in Essex (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, i, 334; ix, 351).

Osmund Beauvoir, his son, was admitted a Fellow of the College 18 March 174 $\frac{3}{4}$ and his fellowship was filled up again in March 1751. He was ordained Deacon 5 June 1748 by the Bishop of Ely and Priest 5 February 174 $\frac{3}{4}$ by the Bishop of Winchester. He was instituted Vicar of Calne with Cherrill, Wilts., 9 February 174 $\frac{3}{4}$. In 1750 he became Headmaster of the King's School, Canterbury, holding this office until 1782. He was instituted Vicar of Littlebourne, Kent, 4 July 1753 (then ceding Calne) on the presentation of the Dean and Chapter of Canterbury. The same patrons gave him the Vicarage of Milton near Sittingbourne, Kent, to which he was instituted 19 December 1764. On 17 December 1764, when he is described as chaplain to Mary, Dowager Baroness Shelburne, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Littlebourne (valued at £80) with Milton (valued at £120), the two livings being stated to be 21 miles apart. In 1765 he was presented to the perpetual curacy of Iwade. On 16 June 1773 he was nominated by Archbishop Cornwallis to be one of the six preachers in Canterbury Cathedral, and on 5 July 1782 the same prelate conferred on him the degree of D.D. He soon after resigned his headmastership but held his ecclesiastical preferments until his death.

In the *Topographer*, i, 556, is an elegy by Beauvoir on his friend and schoolfellow John Egerton, of Tatton in Cheshire. The description of the stained glass in the

North end of the West transept of Canterbury Cathedral in Gostling's *Walk through Canterbury* is by Dr Beauvoir. He was elected a F.S.A. in 1784 and made some communications to the Society. Dr Beauvoir acquired much celebrity as a school-master. Mr Hasted in his account of Canterbury School says: "Of the Masters who have presided over it many of them have been men of eminence as clergymen and scholars. One of them I can mention of my own knowledge, and whoever knew him will join in this tribute to his memory; I mean, the Rev. Dr Osmund Beauvoir, late Head master of it, first educated here, and afterwards of St John's College, Cambridge; whose great abilities brought this school to the highest degree of estimation; who united the gentleman with the scholar; one whose eminent qualifications and courtesy of manners gained him the esteem and praise of all who knew him." Sir Egerton Brydges says in speaking of Canterbury School: "Here afterwards presided one of the most elegant and correct classical scholars of his day, the Rev. Osmund Beauvoir, afterwards D.D.; a man of real genius, who educated many men of eminence, among the first of whom must be recorded the present learned Lady Margaret Professor of Divinity at Cambridge [Herbert Marsh, afterwards Bishop of Peterborough]; and to whom the present writer owes all that he knows, or ever has known of the learned languages. In taste, in precision, in facility, he has never since seen his equal. And for English poetry had he cultivated it, he had a most pure and beautiful talent; as a few existing specimens clearly evince. In his latter years a most extraordinary fortune befell him, by the accepted offer of an heiress of large property, young enough to be his daughter. The change, perhaps, came too late: and too much accustomed to the habits of nearly forty years, he seemed less to enjoy his splendid days than those of a humbler establishment. But the marriage has finally proved a noble endowment to his eldest daughter by a former marriage, which has enabled her to enrich one of the long established and highly respectable families of the county." Dr Beauvoir died at Bath and was buried in the Abbey Church, in the south aisle of which is a plain tablet with the following inscription: "Sacred to the memory of | Osmund Beauvoir, D.D., F.R.S., A.S.S. | late of Stanhope Street, May Fair | who died July 7, 1789, aged 67" (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, ix, 351—59, 809—10).

Dr Beauvoir was twice married. First in 1750 to Ann, daughter of Colonel John Bays, of Hode Court in Blean, co. Kent, she died in 1762 and was buried in the church of SS. Cosmos and Damian in the Blean. He had three sons, Osmund, William, and Cholmondeley. Osmund went into the Navy and died at Dover 1 April 1781, being then Captain of H.M. packet *Prince Frederick* (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1781, p. 194). Cholmondeley joined St John's in 1775 and died while an undergraduate. William also died young. He had two daughters, Elizabeth, who married William Hammond of St Alban's Court, Kent; and Isabella who married in 1787 Richard Blackett Dechair, an old pupil of her father's, of St Mary Hall, Oxford, and afterwards Vicar of Shepherds' Well (*Memorials of the King's School, Canterbury*, 65—68; Berry, *Pedigrees of Families in Kent*, 182). Dr Beauvoir married secondly 14 October 1782 at Totteridge Chapel, Miss Sharpe, of South Bailey Lodge, Enfield Chase, aged 23, only daughter and heiress of the late Fane William Sharpe, esq., M.P. for Callington, who died 21 October 1771 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1782, p. 502*b*). After his death Mrs Beauvoir married in September 1791, Andrew Douglas, M.D., of Savile Row (*ibid.* 1791, p. 908).

Dr Beauvoir's brother, Richard Beauvoir, of Downham in Essex (formerly an East India supercargo) died 20 August 1780 in Hill Street, Berkeley Square (*ibid.* 1780, p. 395*b*).

Cole in his collections for an *Athenae Cantabrigienses* has the following on Osmund Beauvoir, some of the minor details of dates and ages it will be seen are erroneous: "He was a jolly cheerful companion, sung a good song and understood music well. In the papers of May 1782, it was said, that being formerly school-master at Canterbury, and aged 67, he was married at Bath to a lady of the name of Sharpe with £200,000. I have several of his father's papers, given to me 40 years ago by Dr Zachary Grey, containing bundles of Gazettes *etc.* translated. I think he was a Jersey man. Nov. 16, 1782, Mr Underwood, Canon of Ely, going to keep his residence, called on me and told me that Mr Beauvoir, about August 1782, the Archbishop had created him D.D., that he lived in his parish at Barnet near London, that he had lost all his teeth, and his harmonious voice of course gone, but that he often officiated for the neighbouring clergy. That Miss Sharpe was about 30, fat and short, but agreeable and well accomplished, might have been

married to the present Earl Temple and Lord Walsingham, but refused them for Dr Beauvoir, now 67 years of age. Her father left her £120,000 and purchased a royal lodge of the late Earl of Chatham, but chooses to live at Barnet. Before, she generously gave £10,000 to portion out the two daughters of Dr Beauvoir which he had by a former wife."

P. 92 no. 3. Samuel Lethieullier, gentleman, fourth son of William Lethieullier of Beckenham, Kent, esquire, was admitted a student of the Inner Temple, 5 August 1737. There is a pedigree of the family in Berry's *Pedigrees of Families in Kent*, p. 358.

P. 93 no. 6. William Grinfield was B.A. 1742 and M.A. (as Greenfield) 1746. One William Grinfield was instituted Vicar of Buckland, Berks., 22 September 1755, and held the living until 1782.

P. 93 no. 9. Leonard Twells, the father, was of Jesus College, Cambridge, B.A. 1704. He was at one time Vicar of St Mary's, Marlborough, and in 1737 was presented to the Rectories of St Matthew, Friday Street, and St Peter, Cheapside, London. See an account of him Nichols' *Literary Anecdotes*, i, 465. He died 19 and was buried 24 February 174½ in the chancel vault of St Matthew's, Friday Street (*ibid.* 471, *Genealogist*, vi, 46). The father writing to Dr Zachary Grey on 6 October 1741 says: "My son John sets out for Cambridge next Friday. I have not yet been able to obtain any favour for him from the Master or Senior Fellows since they admitted him to his Marlborough Exhibition, though I have solicited it, and God knows, sufficiently need it" (*ibid.* 471). John Twells, Scholar of St John's College, was buried 17 November 1741 (*Parish Register*, All Saints, Cambridge).

P. 93 no. 11. John Ryley graduated as Riley, B.A. 1742. He was ordained Deacon, 25 September 1743, and licensed to the curacy of Pannall, Yorks., with a stipend of £15; he was ordained Priest, 23 September 1744, and licensed to the curacy of Grindleton Chapel, in the Parish of Mitton, Yorks., all by the Archbishop of York. He was instituted Vicar of Bracewell, Yorks., 27 December 1750, and held the living until 1765.

P. 93 no. 12. Richard Goodere was ordained Deacon 13 June 1742 by the Bishop of London, and Priest 18 July 1742 by the Bishop of Winchester. He was instituted Vicar of Felstead, Essex, 20 July 1742, and Rector of Wivenhoe, Essex, 30 March 1750, ceding the latter on his institution 5 September 1750 to the Rectory of Wanstead, Essex. On 24 September 1750 he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Wanstead with Felstead, the two benefices being valued at £140 and £120 respectively, and stated to be 30 miles apart. He was reinstituted Vicar of Felstead 26 September 1750, and held both livings until his death 11 July 1769 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1769, p. 367).

P. 93 no. 13. Robert Eyre was buried 10 August 1739. (All Saints, Cambridge, *Parish Register*.)

P. 93 no. 14. The name should be Cleobury. John Cleobury graduated B.A. 1742. He was ordained Deacon 27 May 1743, when he was licensed to the curacy of Radnage, Bucks., and Priest 21 September 1746, when he was licensed to the curacy of Wooburn, Bucks., all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Bishops Wooburn 8 February, and Vicar of Great Marlow 11 April 1753, both livings being in Buckinghamshire. On 9 April 1753, when he is described as chaplain to Anthony Ellis, Bishop of St David's, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, their respective values being stated as £50 and £110, and their distance apart about five miles. He held both livings until his death 14 August 1801 at Great Marlow, aged 83. He had then been for nearly 47 years a Justice of the Peace (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1801, p. 860). See the admission of his son P. 176 no. 35.

P. 93 no. 15. Robert Laxton was admitted a Fellow of the College 22 March 1743. He was ordained Deacon 20 May 1744 by the Bishop of Norwich in the chapel of Gonville and Caius College. He was collated to the Vicarage of Foxton, Cambridgeshire, 7 October 1748 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 22 October 1748). He was instituted Vicar of Leatherhead, Surrey, 23 April 1752. Jeremiah Markland, in a letter to Mr Bowyer, dated 12 July 1767 writes as follows: "It is with infinite concern that I say anything of poor Mr Laxton; though I must contradict the account you have in the papers. He was coming hither on Thursday, July 2, when his horse trod upon a stone, and fell upon his head. His fall threw Mr Laxton over

his head, who was so much bruised that he was forced to be carried home; but they could not prevent mortification in his back, of which he died on Tuesday last. The papers say he died upon the spot." (Brayley, *History of Surrey*, iv, 445; Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, iv, 346-7; *Literary Illustrations*, iv, 356). In the south aisle of Leatherhead Church is a white marble tablet with this inscription: "Here lyeth | interred | the body of Robert Laxton, M.A. | sometime Fellow of St John's College | in Cambridge | who died the seventh of July 1767 | in the forty-sixth Year of his Age. | He was fifteen years resident | Vicar of this Parish; | a diligent Pastor, an affectionate | Husband, a tender Parent | and a faithful Friend."

P. 93 no. 16. John Lee was ordained Deacon 9 June 1745, and licensed to the curacy of Swine, Yorks., with a stipend of £26, he was ordained Priest 20 September 1747, and licensed to the curacy of Scarborough with a stipend of £15, all by the Archbishop of York.

P. 93 no. 17. The *Parish Register* of St Benet's Church, Cambridge, contains this entry among the burials: 174 $\frac{2}{3}$, January 31. "John Hardey Craven of St John's College."

P. 94 no. 18. William Bryant took the B.A. degree in 1744. He took Holy Orders and was appointed Professor of Mathematics in Codrington College, Barbados, shortly before 1747, but the climate not suiting him he soon died. A friendly letter to him from William Mason (P. 106 no. 40) is printed in the *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1801, ii, 683. The gentleman who sent the letter had a manuscript course of Lectures on Natural Philosophy read by Bryant at Codrington College.

P. 94 no. 19. John Gibson, son of Richard Gibson of Lancaster, yeoman, was admitted to Manchester School 21 January 173 $\frac{3}{4}$ (Finch Smith, *Manchester School Register*, i, 10). He took the B.A. degree in 1742.

P. 94 no. 20. Samuel Legg Samber, the father, was of Gonville and Caius College (Venn, *Biographical History of Gonville and Caius College*, i, 506).

James Stirling Samber was ordained Deacon 23 February 174 $\frac{2}{3}$ by the Bishop of Norwich, at the request of the Bishop of Salisbury. He was collated to the Prebend of Horningham Mediety and Tidrington in Heytesbury 13 December 1750. This he held until 1773. He was collated Rector of St Edmund's, Salisbury, 20 May 1754, resigning this in 1793. He was collated Sub-Dean of Salisbury Cathedral 7 August 1759, and held this until his death (Hardy's *Le Neve*, ii, 622; Phillippis, *Institutiones Wiltoniae*, ii, 75, 97). He married 30 March 1758 Miss Eyres with £5000, *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1758, p. 196 b; he is there described as Rector of St Martin's, Salisbury, but that seems to be a mistake. He died at Salisbury 15 March 1801 (*ibid.* 1801, i, 372).

P. 94 no. 21. William Rowley was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Hereford 22 September 1745.

P. 94 no. 22. Thomas Hutton was ordained Deacon 20 May 1744 by the Bishop of Norwich, in the chapel of Gonville and Caius College, and licensed to the curacy of Castleacre, Norfolk.

P. 94 no. 23. James Salt, the father, was probably of Jesus College, B.A. 1703, and Rector of Hildersham, co. Cambridge, from 1736 to 1758. Thomas Salt was ordained Deacon 20 May 1744 by the Bishop of Norwich in the chapel of Gonville and Caius College, and licensed to the curacy of Swaffield, Norfolk, and Priest 22 September 1745 by the Archbishop of Canterbury, in Lambeth Chapel. He was instituted Vicar of Nasing, Essex, 11 November 1761, and Rector of Hildersham, co. Cambridge, 11 August 1797. On 7 August 1797, when he is described as chaplain to the Archbishop of Canterbury, he received from his Grace a dispensation to hold Nasing (valued at £130), with Hildersham (valued at £120), the livings being stated to be not more than 30 miles apart; the Archbishop excused him examination on account of his age. He held both livings until his death at Hildersham 28 April 1806, aged 86 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 3 May 1806). His widow died 27 September 1811, at her house at Chipping Hill, near Witham, Essex, aged 79 (*ibid.* 18 October 1811). Thomas Salt was a brother of James Salt, Fellow of Magdalene College (B.A. 1738); James Salt was also Rector of Hildersham, being instituted 4 May 1758, and holding it until his death 18 June 1797, aged 81 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1797, p. 534).

P. 94 no. 24. Peter Burrell took the degree of M.B. in 1745. In a letter from William Mason (P. 106 no. 40), written from St John's in 1747 to William Bryant

(P. 94 no. 18), giving details as to College friends (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1801, ii, 683), the following passage occurs: "Dr Burrell, I am told, gets great reputation and business at Leicester, and has had the fortune to perform several remarkable cures." This probably refers to Peter Burrell.

P. 94 no. 25. Richard Woolley took the B.A. degree in 1742. One of these names was instituted Vicar of Wingrave, Bucks., 22 February 1753, and held the living until his death 3 May 1792 'at an advanced age' (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1792, i, 483 b).

P. 94 no. 26. William Harding was ordained Deacon 27 May 1743, and licensed to the curacy of Pertenhall, Beds., he was ordained Priest 22 September 1745, and licensed to the curacy of Tilbrook, Beds., all by the Bishop of Lincoln. One of these names was instituted Vicar of Great Hale, co. Lincoln, 28 July 1758, and held the living until 1775. He was succeeded at Great Hale by William Harding (B.A. of Corpus, 1773). This later William Harding was married at Newcastle to Lady Compton, widow of the late Sir Walter Abingdon Compton, bart., of Haybury Court, co. Worcester (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 3 September 1774).

P. 94 no. 27. Stephen Degulhon was an Exhibitioner of the King's School, Canterbury, in 1739 (*Memorials of the King's School, Canterbury*, 26, as De Gulhon). He appears in the printed *Graduati* as Digulhon, B.A. 1742, and as Degulhon, M.A. 1771. He was ordained Deacon 29 May 1743, and Priest 9 June 1745 by the Bishop of London. He was instituted Rector of Carleton St Peter, with Ashby, 21 January 1744, and Vicar of Claxton 3 April 1747, both in Norfolk, he held both livings until his death. He seems to have been appointed preacher of Berwick Street Chapel, in Soho, about 1755. He died 9 (or 10) September 1785 at his house in Bentinck Street, Berwick Street, Soho (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 17 September 1785; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1785, p. 750). He is probably the Rev. Mr Degulhon, who was appointed chaplain in ordinary to the Princess Dowager of Wales (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1768, p. 591).

One Stephen Degulhon appears Vicar of Marylebone in 1767, his successor being appointed in 1768 (Hennessy, *Novum Repertorium*, 323).

His library was sold by Robert Faulder of New Bond Street, in 1786 (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, iii, 643).

P. 94 no. 28. William Davison, the father, of Beamish, was baptized 2 February 1673, he died 27 August 1734, aged 61, and is buried at Tanfield, where there is a monument to his memory. He married, first Elizabeth, daughter of Henry Rawling of Newcastle, by whom he had two sons and three daughters; secondly, Dulcibella, daughter of John Morton, D.D., Rector of Sedgefield, by whom he had two sons Morton and Thomas, and three daughters, Mary, Dulcibella, and Anne. Morton, son of William Davison, esq., was baptized at Tanfield, co. Durham, 29 May 1721. He married Dorothy, daughter of Thomas Younghusband, of Budle, co. Durham. He died without issue, and was buried at Tanfield 21 February 1774 (Mr Herbert M. Wood).

P. 94 no. 29. Robert Burne was admitted a Fellow of the College 1 April 1745, his Fellowship was filled up again in 1754. He was ordained Deacon 27 May 1743, and licensed to the curacy of Ingoldmells, co. Lincoln, by the Bishop of Lincoln, and Priest 15 May 1744 by the Bishop of Peterborough, when he was licensed to the curacy of St John the Baptist, Peterborough. He was instituted Rector of Cranford St John, Northamptonshire, 23 August 1750, ceding this on his institution 7 October 1752 to the Rectory of Boothby Graffoe, Lincolnshire. He was instituted Rector of South Collingham, Notts., 24 March 1753. On 21 March 1753, when he is described as chaplain to William, Earl Fitzwilliam, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold these two livings, their respective values being stated as £107 and £80, and their distance apart 10 miles. He held both until his death 20 May 1791 at Navenby, co. Lincoln, he had been then for upwards of 30 years an acting magistrate for the parts of Kesteven, co. Lincoln (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 11 June 1791; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1791, 584).

P. 94 no. 30. John Ashton migrated to Trinity College, where he was admitted a pensioner, 20 February 1744. He took the degree of B.A. 1742, and M.A. 1746, and was a Fellow of Trinity. Francis Ashton, his father, was usher of Lancaster School for nearly fifty years, his emolument never exceeding £32 a year certain. Another son, Thomas Ashton, was a Fellow of King's College, and a man of some

distinction. John Ashton was instituted Rector of Aldingham, co. Lancaster, 27 March 1749, on the presentation of the King. He held the living until his death 14 March 1759, aged 37. There is a brass to his memory in Aldingham Church. John Ashton published *A Sermon preached at the Triennial Visitation of the Bishop of Chester*, London, 1749, 4to. This was his only publication, and was printed at the request of Dr Keene, Bishop of Chester (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, iii, 89-90; Baines, *History of Lancashire*, ed. Croston, v, 576).

P. 95 no. 31. William Cole was admitted a Fellow of the College 7 April 1747, and his Fellowship was filled up again 6 April 1756. He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Lincoln 22 December 1751. He was instituted Rector of Newton Blossomville, Bucks., 23 December 1753, on the presentation of William Farrar, esq., but vacated the living in 1754. He was instituted Rector of Alburgh, Norfolk, 25 October 1755, the patron being obliged to present a Fellow of St John's, he held this living until his death at his house in Ely in January 1793. The *Cambridge Chronicle* for 19 January 1793, in stating that Mr Cole died after a long illness, thus sketches his character: "An habitual, religious course of life, a mind well informed, a general benevolence of temper, a readiness to perform all acts of kindness amongst those to whom he was known, a constant attendant to the wants of his poor neighbours, rendered him greatly esteemed in life, and his death sincerely regretted by his family, friends and acquaintance." Mr Cole married at Ampthill Church on 31 August 1767 Mary, daughter of Dr Zachary Grey, Rector of Houghton Conquest, (MSS. Cole xxx, 105, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5831, fol. 105, Cole adds: "after a courtship of above 20 years"). William Cole and his wife were buried in St Mary's Chapel in Ely Cathedral, where a mural monument is thus inscribed: "M. S. Mary Cole | late wife of the Rev. William Cole, inhabitant of this City. | She was the eldest daughter of the Rev. Dr Zachary Grey, LL.D. | late Rector of Houghton Conquest, Bedfordshire. | She died August 27, 1787, anno aetat. 65; | being strictly, during the course of her life | a follower of God, and friend of human kind. | In the same grave are interred the remains | of the above Rev. William Cole, B.D. | rector of Alburgh, in the County of Norfolk; | who died Jan. 10, 1793, aetat. 71.—Resurgant" (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, ii, 728, 549).

The Rev. William Cole, the antiquary, gave the following account of this branch of the Cole family, the passage occurs in his collections for a History of Buckinghamshire (MSS. Cole xxxviii, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5839, Rectors of North Crawley, fol. 137). "Charles Cole who is the present Rector (1735) and was, as he writes himself, instituted 16 August 1717. Mr Cole is a native of Ely, where he has a brother, my namesake, Mr William Cole, who has a very considerable estate in the Isle of Ely. My father used to call old Mr Cole, as I have heard him say, cousin, but whether there is any relationship I know not. The Rector of North Crawley married a sister of Dr Philip Williams, of St John's College, Cambridge, and has two sons. Mr William Cole, late Rector of Newton Blossomville, in this County, and now beneficed in Norfolk at the presentation of St John's College in Cambridge, where he was Fellow. He is a very worthy man and my acquaintance, and long engaged to my worthy friend Dr Zachary Grey's eldest daughter. The second son of Mr Cole of Crawley is also my acquaintance, Mr Charles Nalson Cole, bred up to the law and now a Counsellor, and has Chambers at the Temple."

P. 95 no. 32. Charles Nalson Cole (described as second son of Charles Cole, of North Crawley, Bucks., clerk), was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 21 February 1749, and was called to the Bar 24 June 1748. Charles Nalson Cole was Registrar of the Bedford Level, and Deputy Recorder for Cambridge. He married in 1770 a sister of Sir Anthony Abdy, bart. (MSS. Cole xxxviii, fol. 137, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5839). Charles Nalson Cole published (1) *A collection of Laws which form the constitution of the Bedford Level Corporation with an introductory history thereof*, London, 1761, 8vo. (2) A new edition of Sir William Dugdale's *History of imbanking and drayning of dirers Fenns and Marshes*, etc., folio with three indices, London, 1772. Cole in his collection for an *Athenae Cantabrigienses* (Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5865) quotes the title of this and adds the following notes on the author: "Son of Mr Charles Cole, Rector of North Crawley in Buckinghamshire, who is son to Mr Cole an Apothecary of Ely. He is a Counsellor of good assurance and some practice, and Editor of this book, with a long preface, the substance of which is all taken from Dugdale's *History of Imbanking*, though he says not a word of him and a fulsome Adulation of the Russell family from whom he got a place in the Fen Office and gapes for more.

"In April 1782 Major Stevenson told me that he (*i.e.* C. N. Cole) put the militia quartered at Ely to no small trouble and expense, as also the County, by getting an order from the War Office to send them to Cambridge, while the Bedford Level meeting was there. Though Sir Charles Gold told him there was no occasion for it, as only himself was to be there who had private Lodgings. But it was to shew his importance for he is nothing else. Yet People were very angry about his impertinence."

Soame Jenyns (*q. v.*), who died 18 December 1787, bequeathed to Charles Nalson Cole the copyright of all his published works; and consigned to his care his literary papers, with a desire that Mr Cole should collect together and superintend the publication of his works. This he did, publishing in 1790 *The Works of Soame Jenyns, esq., in four volumes, including several pieces never before published, to which are prefixed Short Sketches of the History of the Author's family and also his life.*

Charles Nalson Cole died 18 December 1804 at his house in Edward Street, Cavendish Square, aged 82 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 22 December 1804; see also Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, ii, 695; iii, 128, 129; viii, 415).

P. 95 no. 33. William Pateman was ordained Deacon 25 December 1746, and licensed to the curacy of East Bilney and Stanfield, Norfolk, by the Bishop of Norwich. He was instituted Vicar of Langford, Beds., 12 March 17 $\frac{2}{3}$, and held the living until 1773.

P. 95 no. 34. Thomas Wood, son of Thomas Wood of Tiverton, co. Devon, *plebeius*, matriculated at Oxford from Exeter College 10 October 1716, aged 17; he took the B.A. degree at Oxford in 1720 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He took the M.A. degree at Cambridge from St John's in 1739.

He was ordained Deacon 5 September 1720, and Priest 23 September 1722 by the Bishop of Exeter. He was instituted Vicar of Bampton 1 February 173 $\frac{1}{2}$, and Vicar of Cadbury 14 July 1739, both co. Devon. On 6 July 1739, when he is described as chaplain to William, Lord Harrington, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, the respective values being £20 and £70, and stated to be about 14 miles apart. He held both until his death 5 October 1784, aged 87. See the admission of his son P. 116 no. 28.

P. 95 no. 35. John Smith was B.A. in 1742. John Smith, B.A. (of St John's College, Cambridge) was ordained Deacon 23 December 1744, and licensed to the curacy of Harold, Beds., he was ordained Priest 21 September 1746, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. One John Smith was instituted Vicar of Ravensden and also Vicar of Willington, Beds., 20 September 1751, both livings were vacant in 1786.

P. 95 no. 36. William Wilmot was ordained Deacon 27 May 1743, and licensed to the curacy of Evington, co. Leicester, he was ordained Priest 20 May 1744, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He is probably the William Wilmot who was instituted Vicar of Margaretting, Essex, 7 November 1745, ceding this on his institution 12 March 1757 to the Rectory of Digswell, Herts., on the presentation of Thomas Shallcross. In the church at Digswell there was at one time a monument with the following inscription (now no longer visible): "Sacred to the memory of the Rev. William Wilmot, thirty-eight years Rector of this parish, who died July 23rd 1795, aged 75 years. Likewise of Catherine his wife (niece of Thomas Shallcross, esq.), once proprietor of the estate and advowson of Digswell, who died January 17th 1785, aged 70 years." (Cussans, *History of Hertfordshire*, Hundred of Broadwater, 259.)

P. 95 no. 3. Thomas Hussey was the eldest son of Thomas Hussey of Burwash, co. Sussex, by his wife Frances, daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Lake of Taywell in Goudhurst. He was baptized 18 September 1722. He married 8 October 1747 Anne, only child of Maurice Berkeley, esq., and Anne his wife, only daughter and ultimately heir of Roger Callow, clerk, of Warbleton, Sussex. Mr Hussey was of Burwash and Ashford in Kent. He died 3 July 1779; both he and his wife are buried at Ashford (Berry, *Pedigrees of Families in the County of Sussex*, 127).

P. 95 no. 4. Ralph Bell, the father, originally Ralph Conssett, of Brawith Hall, assumed under the will of his uncle Ralph Bell, the surname of Bell and succeeded to Thirsk Hall. He married 12 February 1717 Mary Inkband. He was high Sheriff of Yorkshire in 1743, he contested the borough of Scarborough in 1770. He died

31 December 1770. Ralph Bell, his eldest son, succeeded to the family estate. He married Ann, daughter and co-heiress of Edward Conyers of Malton and left issue (Burke, *Landed Gentry*, Bell of Thirsk; Bean, *Parliamentary Representation of the Six Northern Counties of England*, 1050, 1055).

P. 96 no. 5. This is no doubt the John Tennant, second son of John Tennant of Chapple House, co. York, gentleman, who was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 2 August 1739. He was called to the Bar 8 February 174 $\frac{1}{2}$, and became a benchman of the Inn 12 February 1779.

P. 96 no. 7. George Cheriton was ordained Deacon 25 May 1746 by the Bishop of Rochester and licensed to the curacy of Edenbridge, Kent, with a salary of £35, together with surplice fees and Easter offerings. He was ordained Priest 19 February 174 $\frac{3}{4}$ by the Bishop of Norwich and licensed to the curacy of St Laurence, Ipswich.

P. 96 no. 8. John Towers appears in the printed *Graduati* as 'Jannes' (Johannes?) Towers, B.A. 1743. He was ordained Deacon 25 September 1743, and licensed to the curacy of Osbournby, co. Lincoln, he was ordained Priest 9 June 1745, and licensed to the curacy of Swaton, co. Lincoln, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Billingham 3 August 1752 and Vicar of Threckingham 18 September 1759, both co. Lincoln. He held both until his death 3 November 1802 at Billingham, aged 83 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1802, ii, p. 1076 b).

P. 96 no. 11. Joshua Platt, son of Williamson Platt of Warrington, yeoman, was admitted to Manchester School 1 June 1739 (Finch Smith, *Manchester School Register*, i, 11). He took the B.A. degree in 1743. One of these names was instituted Rector of Sutton near Shrewsbury, co. Salop, 28 December 1762, holding the living until 1775.

P. 96 no. 12. The Christian name of the father should be Samuel, see P. 70 no. 27, and the note thereon. Kingsman Baskett was son of the Rev. Samuel Baskett, Vicar of Shapwick and Ower Moigne, Dorset, by his wife Elizabeth Kingsman. He was born 19 July 1722. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 7 April 1747, and his Fellowship was filled up again in March 1755. He was instituted Vicar of Fenstanton, Hunts., 14 June 1750. On 21 December 1754 he was nominated by the College to be Headmaster of Pocklington School, and held that office until his death. He seems to have been a successful schoolmaster. William Wilberforce, afterwards celebrated in connexion with the abolition of the slave trade, was a boy under him (Carlisle, *Endowed Grammar Schools*, ii, 864). He was instituted Rector of Routh, Yorks., 6 October 1769 (then ceding Fenstanton), and Vicar of East Wickham, co. Lincoln, 30 January 1781. He held both benefices with his school until his death 11 April 1807. He was buried at Pocklington 14 April. On the east wall of St Nicholas Chapel in Pocklington Church there is a tablet with the following inscription: "In memorial of Kingsman Baskett, clerk | formerly Fellow of St John's College | Cambridge, Fifty-three years Master | of the Free Grammar School in this place | who died April 11th 1807 aged 85. | He was the youngest son of | Samuel Baskett | vicar of Shapwick, Dorsetshire." Kingsman Baskett was twice married: (i) to Jane Purbeck; she was buried at Pocklington 26 July 1769; (ii) to Anne Waddington, who survived him and died 26 March 1826, at Ackworth near Pontefract, aged 81 (Hutchins, *History of Dorset*, iii, 172, where there is a pedigree; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1807, 489 b; 1826, i, 382 b; notes from Dr A. D. H. Leadman of Pocklington). Two of Kingsman Baskett's sons were Cambridge men, Kingsman Baskett, Fellow of Trinity, B.A. 1781, and Richard Baskett, also of Trinity, B.A. 1784.

P. 96 no. 13. John Taylor was admitted Fellow of the College 18 March 174 $\frac{1}{2}$, his fellowship was filled up in March 1752. He was ordained Deacon 24 October 1746 and Priest 5 June 1748 by the Bishop of Rochester.

P. 96 no. 14. Edmund Mapletoft, the father, was a member of the College (Part ii, P. 166 no. 21). Matthew Mapletoft was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of London 10 March 174 $\frac{3}{4}$. William Cole the antiquary (MSS. Cole xlii, Brit. Mus. Add. MSS., 5843, p. 236) has this note: "Mr Matthew Mapletoft was my curate at Hornsey, given to me by Bishop Sherlock, before Mr Browne Willis presented me to the Rectory of Bletchley, near Fenny Stratford, in Buckinghamshire. He was a very good young man and died while he was curate of Hornsey of the small-pox."

In St Mary's Church Hornsey is a tablet with this inscription : " Here lyeth the Body of | The Reverend Matthew Maplettoft | A.M. who died y^e 23 day of December | 1751. Aged 28 years " (Cansick, *The Monumental Inscriptions of Middlesex*, iii, 3).

P. 96 no. 15. John Griffies was ordained Deacon 9 June 1745 by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed to the curacy of Long Orton, Hunts., he was ordained Priest 23 December 1750 by the Bishop of London. He was instituted Rector of Chipstead, Surrey, 26 May 1753, on the presentation of Anthony Nott, of St Clement Danes, and Rector of Sanderstead, Surrey, 27 April 1758. On 25 April 1758, when he is described as chaplain to James, Earl of Moray, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then stated to be of the respective values of £160 and £100, and to be seven miles apart. He held both livings until his death in April 1803 at Croydon, aged 87 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1808, i, 467 a). He married 29 May 1755 a Miss Thackeray (*ibid.* 1755, p. 236).

P. 96 no. 17. The name should be Mosley. Thomas Mosley took the B.A. degree in 1744 and was ordained by that name. He was ordained Deacon 22 December 1745 and licensed to the curacy of Wigginton, Yorks., with a stipend of £26, and Priest 14 June 1747 when he was licensed to the curacy of Hevingham, Yorks., with a stipend of £20, all by the Archbishop of York. He was instituted Rector of St Helen's, Stonegate, in the city of York, 1 June 1748, ceding this on his institution 12 November 1761 to the Vicarage of Strensall. He was then Rector of Wigginton, for on 31 October 1761, when he is described as chaplain to Hugh, Earl of Northumberland, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Wigginton (valued at £120) with Strensall (valued at £70), the two benefices being four miles apart. He was instituted Rector of Stonegrave, Yorks., 19 November 1777, having on 7 November of that year obtained a dispensation to hold Wigginton (valued at £200) with Stonegrave (valued at £350), the two being not more than 20 miles apart. He held them both until his death 22 April 1784 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1784, p. 318).

P. 97 no. 18. Joseph Riley was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Lincoln 23 September 1744 and licensed to the curacy of Medbourne, co. Leicester.

P. 97 no. 19. John Powley took the degree of B.A. in 1743 and of LL.B. in 1758. He was ordained Deacon 19 February 1744, and Priest 22 September 1745 by the Bishop of London. He was instituted Rector of Nevendon, Essex, 2 October 1745, and Rector of Downham, Essex, 10 May 1758. On 2 May 1758 he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then valued at £40 and £90 respectively, and stated to be three miles apart. He seems to have resigned Downham in 1760. He was instituted Rector of St Lawrence, Newland, in Dengy Hundred, Essex, 11 November 1766. On 3 November 1766 he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Nevendon and St Lawrence, then valued at £45 and £120 respectively, and stated to be 23 miles apart. Both livings were vacant at the end of 1787.

P. 97 no. 20. Pregion Hurton was ordained Deacon 22 September 1745 and licensed to the curacy of Doddington, co. Lincoln, he was ordained Priest 20 September 1747, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Crowle, co. Lincoln, 21 September 1747, on the presentation of John Kent, Joseph Peart, and Elizabeth Morton. He is then called Robert Pregion Hurton. He was instituted Vicar of Stainton-by-Langworth, co. Lincoln, 20 October 1749. He held Crowle until 1752 and Stainton until his death. He was buried at Navenby, co. Lincoln, in 1787.

P. 97 no. 22. William Hesleden was ordained Priest 20 May 1744 and licensed to the curacy of North Thoresby, co. Lincoln, he was ordained Priest 23 September 1744 and licensed to the curacy of Louth and Tathwell, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Grimoldby 13 August 1746, Vicar of Great Grimsby 17 July 1750, and again to Grimoldby on the same day. He ceded these on being instituted Rector of Irby or Irley-upon-Humber 19 August 1773, this was filled up again in 1774. All the benefices are in Lincolnshire.

P. 97 no. 23. James Corney was ordained Deacon 27 February 1744 by the Bishop of Ely at the request of the Bishop of Norwich and licensed to the curacy of Beechamwell, Norfolk. He was instituted Vicar of Stanford, Norfolk, 2 August 1748. His successor was instituted in May 1751.

P. 97 no. 26. The marriage register of Durham Cathedral has the following entry: "1720 September 8, Mr William Forster, Minor Canon of the Cathedral, and Mrs Joan Newby of the Parish of Pitlington."

William Forster (the elder) was then Vicar of Aycliffe, and after his marriage became Vicar of St Oswald's in the City of Durham.

William Forster, the younger, took the degrees of B.A. in 1743 and M.A. 1747. He was ordained Deacon 14 June 1747 by the Archbishop of York, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Durham. One of these names was instituted Vicar of Heighington, co. Durham, 26 January 1748, the living was filled up again in 1764. A William Forster was instituted Rector of Branspeth, co. Durham, 13 May 1754, and held the living until 1760.

P. 97 no. 27. Randolph Ekins was born 12 April 1722 and was admitted to Merchant Taylors' School in 1735 (Robinson, *Register of Merchant Taylors' School*, ii, 85). He was instituted Rector of Pebmarsh, Essex, 10 May 1746, and held the living until his death 24 December 1787. He was found dead by his servant at the Bull Inn in Whitechapel. He was in London to see his brother who was dangerously ill (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1787, ii, 1196 a).

P. 97 no. 28. William Jackson was ordained Deacon 15 May 1744 by the Bishop of Peterborough (then stating that he was born at Bampton Grange, Westmorland), and was licensed to the curacy of Greens Norton, Northamptonshire. One of these names was instituted Vicar of Pytchley, Northamptonshire, 25 August 1763, and held the living until 1785.

P. 97 no. 30. Thomas Austen was ordained Deacon 23 September 1744 and Priest 5 October 1746 by the Bishop of Rochester. He was Minor Canon of Rochester Cathedral from 1746 to 1759. He was instituted Vicar of Allhallows, Rochester, 27 June 1751, on the presentation of the Dean and Chapter of Rochester, and held the living until his death. He died in 1790, probably in June or July, at St Margaret's Bank, Rochester (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1790, p. 1054). In the advertisement to *The History and Antiquities of Rochester*, published in 1772, the editor acknowledges himself to be obliged to Mr Austen for some very useful and entertaining articles of information (*ibid.* p. 1145; see also Shindler, *Registers of the Cathedral Church of Rochester*, 86).

P. 97 no. 31. John Lodge was ordained Priest 21 May 1749 by the Bishop of Peterborough. He was elected a member of the Gentlemen's Society at Spalding, when he is described as of Stamford (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, vi, 96). He was instituted Vicar of Moulton, Lincolnshire, 4 October 1758, and was buried at Moulton in December 1766 (Foster, *All Saints' Parish Church, Moulton*, 15). He married Catharine Johnson, fourth child of Maurice Johnson, the antiquary (*Genealogist*, i, 111, where there is a pedigree of his wife). His library was sold at Lynn in 1769 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, lxxvii, 31 b).

P. 98 no. 32. Anthony Shepherd was ordained Deacon 19 February 1743 by the Bishop of Worcester, and Priest 23 February 1743 by the Bishop of London. He was elected a Fellow of Christ's College 5 January 1747, and was Tutor of that College from 1752 to 1777. He was Plumian Professor of Astronomy in the University from 1760 until he died in 1796. He held a number of livings, being instituted Vicar of Croxton, Norfolk, 9 March 1756, ceding this on being instituted Vicar of Bourn, co. Cambridge, 20 April 1758, this he ceded on being instituted Rector of Barton Mills, Suffolk, 26 May 1763, on the presentation of the Lord Chancellor. He ceded Barton Mills on being instituted Rector of Eastling, Kent, 6 November 1782, on the presentation of George Finch Hatton, esq., of Eastwell Park. He was instituted Rector of Hartley Wespall, Hants., 12 May 1792, and again to Eastling 5 October 1792, holding both these livings until his death. He was appointed Master of Mechanics to the King in 1768 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 21 May 1768). He was appointed a Prebendary of Windsor by patent 27 July and installed 30 July 1777 (Hardy's *Le Neve*, iii, 411), these appointments he held at his death, when he was also a Commissioner of the Board of Longitude, and Fellow of the Royal Society. He died at his house in Dean Street, Soho, 15 June 1796 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1796, ii, 616). As Tutor of Christ's College he had practically all the students of the College under him; during part of his tenure of the office he availed himself of the assistance of William Paley and John Law, son of the Bishop of Carlisle. It is stated that on failing to be elected Master of

Christ's College in 1780, he removed to Trinity College under the patronage of Lord Sandwich. Attempts had been made at Christ's between 1777 and 1781 to remove him from his fellowship on account of his Canonry and other preferments, but he was not finally removed until 1783. He was a friend of the Burney family and there are several references to him in the diary of Frances Burney. Under date 30 March 1774 she refers to him as follows: "Dr Shepherd is going abroad himself in a short time, as tutor to a young man of the name of Hatton. He has never yet been further than the Netherlands, though he has intended to travel I believe for thirty years of the fifty he has lived; but a certain timidity seems to have restrained him. Giardini relates that, when he was on the continent, being obliged to wear a sword, which his cloth prevents his being burthened with here, he was so extremely awkward for want of practice, that the first day he walked out, the sword got between his legs and fairly tript him up—over—or down—I don't know what is best to say. He is prodigiously tall and stout, and must have made a most ludicrous appearance. He enquired many particulars concerning Mr Twiss's travels with a kind of painful eagerness, and whenever he related any disasters, the poor Doctor seemed in an agony, as if these dangers were immediately to become his own." Captain Cook says that he named "a group of small islands 'Shepherd's Islands' in honour of my worthy friend Dr Shepherd, Plumian Professor of Astronomy at Cambridge." Shepherd was also suggested as a suitable match for Frances Burney, and seems to have been not unwilling, but she said she would not have him if he were Archbishop of Canterbury, and described him as "dulness itself" (*Early Diary of Frances Burney*, ed. A. R. Ellis, i, 282, 283).

The following reference to Shepherd occurs in a letter from the Rev. Samuel Denne, dated 22 August 1796: "Dr Shepherd...must have had a taste for wine and music, as he had in his cellar, as stated by the gentlemen of the hammer, 'Skinner, Dyke and Skinner,' rich and choice, both of the first growth and flavour, consisting of a pipe of excellent port in the wood, upwards of a hundred dozen in bottles of old port of a superior quality, high flavoured claret, excellent Madeira and Sherry, Burgundy, vin de Grave, Tokay, and St George; also a fine toned doubled keyed harpsichord, by Kirkman, fine violins and violoncellos by Cremonensis, Wincelans, Tieronymus, Amati, Jacobus, Stanier, &c.; but a *quondam* scholar of Christ's College who has calculated many a logarithm by warrant from the Professor for the tables of longitude, has whispered me, that in his opinion the Doctor did not shine more in music than he did in astronomy; and that he was not qualified to play the second Cremona in a concert" (Nichols, *Literary Illustrations*, vi, 677).

Dr Shepherd published: (i) *Tables for correcting the apparent distances of the moon and a star from the effects of refraction and parallax*, for the Commissioners of Longitude at Sea, 1772; (ii) *Heads of a course of lectures in Experimental Philosophy read in Christ's College, Cambridge, between 1770 and 1772*, 8vo.; (iii) *A description of the experiments intended to illustrate a course of lectures on the principles of natural philosophy, read in the observatory at Trin. Coll., Cambridge, 1776*. His portrait, by Vanderpuy, hangs in the University Library. See also Wordsworth, *Scholae Academicæ*, 238-240, for an anecdote of Shepherd and an allusion in verse to him, "When impatience to start shines in ev'ry man's face, Steals in Dr Shepherd a tuning his Bass" (Peile, *History of Christ's College*, Robinson's Series, 236, 245, 262-264).

P. 98 no. 33. George Baker, the father, was a nephew of Thomas Baker, the historian of the College. George Baker, his son, was of Elemore Hall, he died 15 May 1774, aged 51. He married Judith, daughter and coheirress of Cuthbert Routh, of Dinsdale, esq.; she died 30 September 1810. There are inscriptions to the memory of George Baker and his wife at Pittington (Surtees, *History of Durham*, ii, 358, where there is a pedigree). On 14 August 1753, the Bishop of Durham granted a deputation to George Baker, of Elemore Hall, co. Durham, to preserve and kill game within the Ward of Easington, co. Durham.

P. 98 no. 34. Thomas Davison, of St John's College, Cambridge, esquire, was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn, 8 December 1743.

P. 98 no. 35. No James Wilson, of Jesus College, Oxford, appears in Mr Foster's *Alumni Oxonienses*, nor did any James Wilson graduate at Cambridge.

P. 98 no. 36. Thomas Hill took the B.A. degree in 1743. One of these names was instituted Rector of Chalbury, Dorset, 26 August 1765, ceding this on being

instituted Vicar of Froxfield, Wilts., 5 May 1766, on the presentation of the Dean and Chapter of Windsor. He held the latter living until his death in 1772.

P. 98 no. 37. John Wynne, son of Robert Wynne, of Ruthin, co. Denbigh, *plebeius*, matriculated at Oxford, from Jesus College, 22 March 172 $\frac{2}{3}$, aged 18, and took the B.A. degree at Oxford in 1730 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He took the M.A. at Cambridge, from St John's (as Wynne), in 1740.

P. 98 no. 38. John Stuart, the elder, was probably the person of that name who was Rector of Middleton, Sussex, from 10 May 1720 until 1768. One John Stuart, junior, probably the member of St John's (who did not graduate), was appointed to the Prebend of Hampstead, in Chichester Cathedral, 24 June 1746. He held it until his death in 1753 (Hardy's *Le Neve*, i, 275, 276).

P. 98 no. 40. John Fortune, son of William Fortune, of North Nibley, co. Gloucester, gentleman, matriculated at Oxford, from Pembroke College, 25 March 1729, aged 19. He took the B.A. degree at Oxford in 1732 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He took the M.A. at Cambridge from St John's in 1740. He was ordained Deacon 23 September 1733 by the Bishop of Peterborough, and Priest 19 May 1734 by the Bishop of Rochester. He was instituted Rector of Wickover, co. Gloucester, 25 May 1734, and Rector of Tretyre with Michaelchurch co. Hereford 9 August 1740. On 11 July 1740, when he is described as chaplain to Richard, Lord Willoughby de Broke, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Wickover with Tretyre, the values of these livings being stated as £100 and £90 respectively, and their distance apart 20 miles. He held both benefices until his death in 1777 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1777, p. 195).

P. 98 no. 41. John Downes, the father, was a member of the College (Part ii, P. 191 no. 4). Henry Downes was ordained Priest by the Archbishop of York 19 February 174 $\frac{3}{4}$ and licensed curate of St Paul's, Sheffield, with a stipend of £30. This he held with the mastership of Shrewsbury Hospital in Sheffield, and continued to hold after he became Vicar of Ecclesfield, where he was instituted 16 July 1768. He married Sarah Hildreth 16 October 1749. He died 1 July and was buried at St Paul's 4 July 1775 (Eastwood, *History of the Parish of Ecclesfield*, 208, 516; Hunter, *Familiae Minorum Gentium*, *Harleian Soc. Publ.* xxxviii, 694, where there is a pedigree).

P. 98 no. 42. For some notes on the owners of Wennington Hall see Croston's edition of Baines' *History of Lancashire*, v, 544. Henry Marsden, son and heir of Henry Marsden, of Wennington Hall, co. Lancaster, esquire, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 29 May 1742.

P. 98 no. 44. This is probably the John Smith, B.A. of St John's College, ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Peterborough 20 December 1747. See P. 95 no. 35.

P. 98 no. 45. Samuel Wegg, second son of George Wegg, of Colchester, esquire, was born 17 November 1723, and was admitted a student of Gray's Inn 2 May 1741. He was called to the Bar 29 April 1746, and became a Bencher of the Inn 10 July 1751. He was appointed Treasurer 2 June 1761. He was appointed prothonotary of H.M. Court of Common Pleas in 1751. He was F.R.S. and F.A.S., and treasurer of the Royal Society for thirty-four years. He was appointed Governor of the Hudson's Bay Company in 1783. He was J.P. for Middlesex and Essex, and died at Acton 19 December 1802, aged 82. He married 9 May 1745 Elizabeth, elder daughter and co-heiress of Benjamin Lehook.

George Wegg, the father, was an alderman of Colchester. Samuel was his only son by his second wife Anna Maria, daughter of John Cowper, of Cornhill, draper, by Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Capell Luckyn, knight and baronet, of Messing Hall, Essex, M.P. for Harwich (Round, *Register of the Scholars admitted to Colchester School*, 1637-1740, p. 93).

P. 99 no. 1. Shawe Hall is in the parish of Leyland, co. Lancaster. The Farington family were in uninterrupted possession in Leyland from the time of the Conquest till the death of James Nowell Farington, 6 June 1848. William Farington enlarged the mansion-house. He was High Sheriff of Lancashire 1761-2. He was knighted 6 March 1761. He died in 1781 without issue (Baines' *History of Lancashire*, iv, 168, 169; Foster, *Lancashire Pedigrees*).

P. 99 no. 2. Ridgeway Pitt was the second son of Thomas Pitt (created Baron

of Londonderry in 1719, and advanced to the dignity of Earl of Londonderry in 1726), by Lady Frances Ridgeway, daughter and co-heiress of Robert, Earl of Londonderry. He succeeded Thomas Pitt, his elder brother, as third Earl of Londonderry in 1735. He died unmarried in 1764 when the title became extinct (Burke, *Dormant and Extinct Peerages*, 1883, p. 430).

P. 99 no. 3. Thomas Rumbold Hall was of Hildersham, co. Cambridge. He was Sheriff of Cambridgeshire and Huntingdonsire from 2 February 1780 until 5 February 1781. During his year of office he was requisitioned by a number of yeomen and freeholders of the county of Cambridge to convene a county meeting to consider a petition to Parliament for a constitutional redress of grievances, but declined to comply with it. The meeting was convened by the requisitionists in the Shire Hall and adjourned to the Senate House Yard (Cooper, *Annals of Cambridge*, iv, 393-4; Gunning, *Reminiscences of Cambridge*, i, 327). Mr Hall died at Hildersham 13 July 1799 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 20 July 1799).

P. 99 no. 4. James Wilkinson was ordained Deacon 21 September 1746 and licensed to the curacy of St Mary's in Bedford, he was ordained Priest 21 December 1746, all by the Bishop of Lincoln.

He must be distinguished from James Wilkinson of Clare Hall, B.A. 1752, M.A. 1755, who was a son of Andrew Wilson, of Borough Bridge, also educated at Beverley School, Vicar of Sheffield 1754-1805, and Prebendary of York 1759-1805, who died at Borough Bridge in January 1805 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, February 2 and 9, 1805; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1805, i, 93 b).

P. 99 no. 5. Thomas Colefax was appointed a chaplain by the East India Company in 1751. He arrived at Fort St George early in 1752, and died there in August of the same year (Rev. F. Penny).

P. 99 no. 7. Robert Twyford, the father, son of Robert Twyford, of Didsbury, Lancashire, matriculated at Oxford, from Brasenose College, 26 October 1721, and took the B.A. degree in 1725. He became incumbent of the parochial chapel of Didsbury in 1726, and held it until his death; he was buried at Didsbury 2 March 174 $\frac{1}{2}$.

William Twyford, his son, was ordained Deacon 23 February 174 $\frac{1}{2}$ by the Bishop of Chester, he was nominated 17 March 174 $\frac{1}{2}$, by John Dickenson, esq., to the parochial chapel of Birch. On 15 May 1747 he was nominated by Sir John Bland, bart., to succeed his father as curate or incumbent of the chapel of Didsbury. He resigned Birch to the Bishop of Chester 27 April 1752, but held Didsbury until his death in 1795. The *Registers* of the chapel of Didsbury contain the following entries: "172 $\frac{1}{2}$, January 29, Baptized Willielmus filius Robti Twyford clerici et Mariae uxoris, natus 8^o die Januarij 1723, et vicesimo nono mensis predict. fuit baptizatus, Glossop; 1745, July 25, married the Rev. William Twyford and Miss Molly Broome, both of Didsbury, by licence; 1746, October 28, baptized Martha, daughter to the Rev. Mr William Twyford, minister, received then at Birch Church (she was born on the first day); 1748, June 10, baptized Mary, daughter to the Rev. Mr Twyford, of Didsbury, she was born May 8; 1750, March 2, baptized Robert, son of the Rev. William Twyford, minister of Didsbury, born January 26; 1751, February 14, baptized Frances, the daughter of the Rev. William Twyford, of Didsbury; 1754, April 17, baptized Ann, daughter of the Rev. William Twyford, of Didsbury, born March 26; 1756, May 27, baptized Elizabeth, daughter of the Rev. William Twyford, minister of Didsbury; 1768, September 5, baptized William, son of the Rev. William Twyford, minister hujus loci, born August 5" (*Manchester School Register*, i, 11; J. Booker, *History of the ancient Chapel of Birch in Manchester Parish*, Chetham Soc. Publ. xlvii, 152-3; J. Booker, *History of the ancient Chapels of Didsbury and Chorlton in Manchester Parish*, Chetham Soc. Publ. xlii, 63, 76, 79, 80).

P. 99 no. 8. Richard Wadsworth was ordained Deacon 21 September 1746 by the Bishop of Norwich, and licensed to the curacy of Stoke Ash, Suffolk. He was ordained Priest 20 September 1747 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed to the curacy of Wheathampstead with Harpenden, Herts. He was instituted Rector of Little Wolston, Bucks., 5 December 1765, and held the living until his death on 23 March 1781 at Old Stratford, Northamptonshire (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1781, p. 194). Cole has the following involved note on Mr Wadsworth: "a very worthy man, but deaf, curate to Dr Forester at Cosgrove, who procured him the

living on the death of Nathan Drake, son of Mr Drake, Rector of Milton, of St John's College, Cambridge, and Minister of Thorney, in the Isle of Ely. He succeeded Mr Chapman 1764 (*sic*) and died soon after of a consumption, and succeeded in 1765 by Mr Wadsworth" (MSS. Cole xxxviii, fol. 421 *b*, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5839). Robert Chapman was instituted Rector of Little Wolston 5 April 1742, Nathan Drake succeeded him 27 July 1765. Nathan Drake was a member of the College, P. 129 no. 34; his father, Joseph Drake, was Rector of Milton Keynes, Bucks., from 1744 to 1752.

P. 99 no. 9. Henry Whitworth was ordained Deacon 9 June 1745 by the Archbishop of York, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Peterborough. He was ordained Priest by the Archbishop 20 September 1747, and licensed to Coley Chapel, Halifax.

P. 99 no. 10. George Steer, the father, is most probably the brother of William Steer admitted to the College 14 April 1701 (Part ii, P. 157 no. 27). He was of Sheffield, mercer, baptized 13 December 1683, and buried at Sheffield 25 October 1738. He married in November 1710 Jane Clough, of Stockport, Cheshire. George Steer, the son, was baptized 27 May 1720 (Hunter, *Familiae Minorum Gentium, Harleian Soc. Publ.* xxxviii, 518, where there is a pedigree). George Steer was ordained Deacon 13 June 1742 by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed to the curacy of Ruskington, co. Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Isleham, Cambridgeshire, 2 December 1757. He died 31 December 1799. He is, I think, the person described as George Steers, Vicar of Isleham (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1800, p. 86 *b*). In the church of Weedon Pinckney, Northamptonshire, there is a tablet on the north wall of the chancel with this inscription: "Memento Mori | In Memory of | the Rev. George Steers | (late Vicar of Isleham | in the County of Cambridge) | who departed this life | December 31st 1799 | Aged 81 years" (Baker, *History of Northamptonshire*, ii, 114).

George Steer did not proceed to the degree of B.A. in the ordinary course, but in the year 1785, in obedience to a royal mandate dated 17 June 1785, he was admitted to the degree of B.D.

P. 99 no. 11. Edward Benson was admitted a Fellow of the College 18 March 174 $\frac{1}{2}$. Edward Benson, son and heir of the Rev. John Benson, of Rochester, co. Kent, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 8 September 1740. (He was admitted at Lincoln's Inn 10 November 1757). He was called to the Bar 3 February 174 $\frac{3}{4}$, became a Benchler of the Inn 14 June 1782, was Lent Reader in 1790, and appointed Treasurer 8 November 1793.

He was elected Auditor of the Cathedral Church of Canterbury in the room of his late brother Mr Thomas Benson (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 12 December 1778). He died 14 November 1801 at Burntwood in Essex, aged 81 (*ibid.* 21 November 1801).

P. 99 no. 12. Henry Langford Browne, son and heir of Thomas Browne, late of Gray's Inn, esquire, was admitted a student of Gray's Inn 20 November 1741.

Thomas Browne, the father, was probably the person of that name, son and heir-apparent of Thomas Browne, of the city of Dublin, esquire, who was admitted a student of Gray's Inn 8 February 17 $\frac{1}{4}$, and was called to the Bar 4 July 1715 (Foster, *Collectanea Genealogica*, ii; *Register of Admissions to Gray's Inn*, 107, 109).

P. 100 no. 14. Maurice Johnson, the father, of Ayncoughfee Hall, was a barrister of the Inner Temple. He founded the Gentlemen's Society at Spalding. He married 5 January 17 $\frac{1}{4}$ Elizabeth, daughter of William Ambler, of Kirton in Holland, co. Lincoln. John Johnson, their son (one of 26 children), was baptized at Spalding 5 April 1722. He was ordained Priest 21 December 1746 by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed to the curacy of Spalding. He was at one time curate at Ramsey, co. Huntingdon; he was instituted Vicar of Moulton, Lincolnshire, 7 May 1757; was President of the Gentlemen's Society at Spalding in 1757, and died *s.p.* in 1758, aged 36 (*The Genealogist*, i, 112, where there is a pedigree; Foster, *All Saints' Parish Church, Moulton*, 15; Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, vi, 26, 27, where some of the dates seem to be wrong).

P. 100 no. 15. Edward Hussey, second son of Thomas Hussey, of Burwash, co. Sussex, esquire, deceased, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple, 30 October 1739. He was buried 15 April 1742 (Berry, *Pedigrees of the Families in the County of Sussex*, 126).

P. 100 no. 16. John Skynner took the degree of B.A. in 1744 and was admitted a Fellow of the College 7 April 1747, his name being spelled with the *y*. He was ordained Deacon 23 September 1750 by the Bishop of Bangor, for the Bishop of London, and Priest 24 May 1752 by the Bishop of Ely. In 1752 he was a candidate for the office of Public Orator in the University. Bedell Hubbard's book (MS. Cole, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5852) contains the following: October 24 (1752) "The Vice Chancellor declared the place of Publick Orator vacant, by the resignation of Dr Yonge and appointed Thursday 26 for the election. October 25, Mr Ross, *Joh.*, Mr Skynner, *Joh.*, and Mr Newton, *Jes.* nominated for the Orator's place. Mr Ross and Mr Skynner pricked by the Heads. October 26, Mr Skynner chosen Publick Orator. Votes for Mr Skynner 85; Mr Ross 75."

To this Cole adds the following note: "This was the last time I voted in the University. Mr Ross I was much acquainted with, meeting him frequently at Dr Middleton's, and voted for him, though I much question, if I had thought as ill of him then, as I do now, whether I should not have added to Mr Skynner's weight, with whom I was not acquainted, but asked by Lord Dupplin, to whom I was under obligations, to vote for Mr Skynner, whose father was his Lordship's friend. But I had promised the other, and would not be worse than my word, tho' Lord Dupplin, unasked, had offered to get me a Scarfe from his Father, which he did, and since his Lordship succeeded to the Earldom of Kinnoul, has continued me the Honour of being one of his Chaplains to this Hour. Mr Skynner is a very worthy and learned man, is beneficed near Stamford, and takes a few pupils at 100 guineas *per annum*. Dr Ross has outstripped him however in Dignity, being one of the rotten Pillars of a tottering Church. Wm. Cole, 4 March 1780."

Dr Ross was consecrated Bishop of Exeter in January 1778. Skynner held the office of Public Orator until 1762. He was chaplain to Elizabeth, Countess of Gainsborough, on the death of whose husband Baptist, the third Earl, 21 March 175 $\frac{1}{2}$, he preached and published a sermon from Psalm xxxix. 8 in which the Earl's character was delicately drawn. He also printed the Latin Oration delivered by him, as Public Orator, to the Duke of Newcastle, Chancellor of the University, on the laying of the Foundation-stone of the new Public Library in 1755. This was first printed with the Collection of Verses written on that occasion in folio and afterwards separately in quarto.

He was appointed chaplain to the Archbishop of York in 1761 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, p. 695). He was collated Sub-dean of York Cathedral 2 December 1762 vacant by the death of Dr John Wilcox, Master of Clare Hall (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 27 November 1762; Hardy's *Le Neve*, iii, 130).

He was presented by the Earl of Exeter to the Rectory of Easton near Stamford, Northamptonshire, then void by the death of the Rev. Mr Bate, and said to be worth £200 a year (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 25 February 1764), and was instituted there 16 February 1764. He was instituted Rector of Blatherwick, Northamptonshire, 16 March 1765. On 12 March 1765 he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Easton (valued at £120) with Blatherwick (valued at £109), the two livings being stated to be 5 miles apart. He was then chaplain to the Archbishop of York. He held all these three pieces of preferment until his death, which occurred at Lambs' Conduit Street, London, 25 May 1805, at the age of 81 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1805, p. 586; Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, ix, 487).

He was amongst those whose names were mentioned for the Mastership of the College on the death of Dr Newcome (*History of St John's College*, p. 1042). He married in October 1764 (Ashby's MS. in the College Library, p. 270). His daughter Sophia Skynner (born 1771, died 20 May 1836) was married on Wednesday 10 July 1792, at Bath, to Thomas Walters, esq., of Batheaston (born 15 May 1757, died 1 July 1847), some time in the Royal Navy, he served in Lord Rodney's Action in the East Indies (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 21 July 1792; *Miscellanea Genealogica et Heraldica*, iii, 227). His second son John was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn 14 June 1787. His fifth son, Henry Skynner, esq. died at his chambers in Hare Court, Temple, 4 March 1799. His son Captain Skynner, commanded *La Lutine*, frigate of 32 guns, which was wrecked off the coast of Holland, 9 September 1799 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 2 November 1799).

P. 100 no. 17. Sandford Tatham was ordained Deacon 20 May 1750 and Priest 2 June 1751 by the Bishop of Chester. He was instituted Rector of Hutton-in-the-Forest, Cumberland, 18 June 1752, on the presentation of the Dean and Chapter

of Carlisle, and Vicar of St Lawrence, Appleby, Westmorland, 4 February 1758. On 26 January 1758, when he is described as chaplain to Philip, Earl Stanhope, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then stated to be of the respective values of £45 and £100, and to be fifteen miles apart. He held both livings until his death in 1777. He married a daughter of Henry Marsden, of Gisborne Hall, Yorks., by whom he had four sons and a daughter. The eldest son, Colonel William Tatham, was some time one of the Representatives of North Carolina, and a Field-Officer in the service of the United States of America. See a notice of him, *Annual Biography* for 1820, p. 149.

P. 100 no. 18. William Loup was ordained Deacon 9 June 1745 and licensed to Dishforth Chapelry in the parish of Topcliffe, Yorks., he was ordained Priest 5 June 1748 and licensed to the curacy of Marton-on-the-Moor, all by the Archbishop of York. On 25 September 1745 he was licensed, by the Archbishop of Canterbury, to be curate to Mr Francis Conduitt, Rector of Snaue, Kent, with a salary of £40 a year. He was instituted Vicar of Pannal, Yorks., 4 December 1750. Robert Midgley, his successor, was instituted 5 June 1751.

P. 100 no. 19. Edmund Ashby, the father, a citizen and merchant-taylor of the City of London, was born 1 June 1690, and married 15 May 1720, at St Mary Abchurch, Elizabeth Judith Lock. He died 9 January 1775 and was buried at Wellingtonborough (Nichols, *Literary Illustrations*, vii, 389 n.; see also Nichols, *History of Leicestershire*, iii, 284, where there is a pedigree). George Ashby, his son, was born 5 December 1724 at the house of the minister of St John's Chapel, in Red Lion Street, Clerkenwell. He is said to have been educated at Croydon, Westminster, and Eton Schools (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, i, 577 n.). He was ordained Deacon 25 December 1746 by the Bishop of Norwich and licensed to the curacy of Halesworth and Chediston, Suffolk. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 29 March 1748, became a Senior Fellow 12 July 1766, and his Fellowship was filled up again 26 March 1776. He resided for many years in College; he was Chaplain of Horningsey, co. Cambridge, 18 October 1765 to 28 February 1766; Steward of the College 28 February 1766 to 29 January 1767; President 29 January 1767 to 24 March 1775, holding for the same period the office of Bakehouse Bursar; he was Sacrist 9 March 1774 to 24 March 1775. He was instituted Vicar of Twyford with Hungarton, co. Leicester, 7 November 1757 on the presentation of a relative. He ceded Twyford in 1766 and Hungarton in 1769. He was presented by the College to the Rectory of Barrow, Suffolk, 1 July 1774, instituted 3 August and inducted 6 August, following. In 1780 his College friend John Ross (P. 86 no. 13), then Bishop of Exeter, gave him a valuable portion of the Vicarage of Bampton in Oxfordshire, but as he could not hold this with Barrow, he procured an exchange for the Rectory of Stansfield in Suffolk, in the gift of the King. Some, not very explicit, letters on this matter are printed in Nichols' *Literary Anecdotes*, ii, 186-7 n. In a letter to Cole (MSS. Cole xx, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5821) dated from Barrow 5 August 1780, Ashby writes: "I have wrote so many letters lately to promote an exchange for the living of Bampton in Oxfordshire, which the Bishop of Exeter was so good as to give me two months ago, that I almost sicken at the thoughts of a letter, and I have several to despatch this morning. I hope however I have almost got through and that I shall soon be possessed of Stansfield, which was the living of Dr Ogen. I could not have conceived an exchange had been so troublesome and difficult an affair, as I find it is. Two or three persons in this neighbourhood never could get through; so if I succeed I may think myself lucky." He was ultimately successful and was instituted Rector of Stansfield 11 October 1780, Samuel Johnson (or Johnston), Rector of Stansfield, getting the portion of Bampton. Ashby held Stansfield with Barrow until his death. In the year 1793 his eyesight began to fail and seems ultimately to have gone. He died at Barrow after repeated strokes of paralysis, and was buried in the church, where on the wall of the chancel there is a mural tablet with the following inscription: "Near this place is interred the body of | the Rev^d George Ashby B.D. and F.S.A. | Rector of this parish | son of Edmund Ashby (by Elizabeth Judith daughter | of Robert Lock of Dinton in Wiltshire) | of an ancient Leicestershire family | who was born 5 Dec^r. 1724 | and died 12 June 1808. | He was for many years President of St John's College, Cambridge, | by which Society he was presented to this living in 1774 | and in 1780 obtained by the friendship of Dr Ross Bishop of Exeter | the Rectory of Stansfield in Suffolk. |

For many years previous to his death he had the misfortune | to become blind, but as a critical scholar and as an antiquary | he left many lasting testimonials of superior abilities. | Mrs Hannah Ashby | sister of the Rev^d. G. Ashby | died 7 May 1808 aged 79. | Thomas Lyus of Barrow the constant companion and amanuensis of the | Rev. George Ashby for the space of 28 years and at last his testamentary heir | with all respect and gratitude iuscribes this marble to his memory."

Mr Ashby seems to have left considerable manuscript collections, though he published but little directly. These collections were sold by Mr Lyns to a Mr Deck, a bookseller in Bury St Edmunds, and they were soon dispersed by a priced catalogue. Several of the MSS., particularly 'Church Notes in Suffolk,' were purchased by Mr Thomas Mills, of Saxham, near Bury. Ashby was a constant contributor to the *Gentleman's Magazine* and to Nichols' *Literary Anecdotes*, using the whimsical signature T. F. or Dr Taylor's Friend (John Taylor, P. 27 no. 29). His account of John Taylor (*Biographical and Literary Anecdotes of William Bowyer*, p. 64 n.) makes one regret that he did not write more with regard to his contemporaries and seniors. Ashby is the Suffolk clergyman of whom the Rev. Thomas Harmer speaks so well in his preface to the third volume of his *Observations on Scripture*. Cole has preserved many letters of Ashby (MSS. Cole xx, pp. 81-85) and derived some of his information as to individuals from him. Some of Ashby's MSS. were in the hands of Sir Thomas Cullum (Monk, *Life of Bentley*, i, 271 n.). A folio MS. containing his notes on Blomfield's *History of Norfolk* occurred in the sale catalogue of Dawson Turner (lot 15).

Cole writes of his friend (MSS. Cole xli, 309): "The President of St John's was educated at Eton school, is a very good antiquary, learned critic, and much conversant in medals and pictures, and was it not for his immoderate talking, would be a most agreeable companion. He has had a seal of his arms lately cut for a seal ring, in an odd oval shape, the oval turned the wrong way, in order, as he says, that the quarterings might be better marshalled. When I see him next, I will take an impression of it. I think he was the person who brought on the Grace into the Senate House, for leave to be procured, that fellows of Colleges might marry" [Cole gives a copy of the seal and the arms of Ashby of Quenby: *azure*, a chevron *ermine*, inter three leopards' faces *or*]. Again, in his life of Dr W. S. Powell, Master of the College (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, i, 578) Cole says: "I happened to dine at Cambridge also that day (*i.e.* 19 January 1775, the date of Dr Powell's death), where I met Mr Ashby, the President of the College, who came by accident thither from Barrow the evening before; with him I spent the evening; who told me, that he had no chance to succeed him (*i.e.* Dr Powell): indeed no one ever thought he had: for though a learned and ingenious man, yet being of a singularly odd turn of behaviour, and one that never concealed his thoughts of any one, but spoke his sentiments freely, he had disgusted many of the Society, who might have been his friends on this or a similar occasion."

In the College Library there is a small quarto MS. volume which once belonged to Ashby. This commences with a copy of the College Statutes and contains notes of subsequent foundations. Each Fellow seems to have copied the Elizabethan Statutes and other matter for his own use, or passed on such volumes from hand to hand. This volume of Ashby's has a note: "The gift of Mr Laxton (P. 93 no. 15) to G. A.; now of Leatherhead, Surrey, afterwards killed by a fall from his horse." The volume also contains a variety of notes by Ashby on members of the College; a list of College livings with their donors, reputed values, and incumbents. He also gives two lists of Fellows at different periods with notes as to how their Fellowships were subsequently vacated, by death, marriage or promotion to livings. He notes down the extreme slowness, as it seemed to him, with which vacancies came and his slow rise in seniority.

Ashby published very little. In *Archaeologia*, iii, 165 is a *Dissertation on a singular coin of Nerva found at Colchester*. In Nichols' *History of Leicestershire*, i, part i, pp. clv, clviii is a dissertation by him on a *Roman Military found at Leicester*. In the *Bibl. Topogr. Brit.* No. 2, part 2, pp. 156-60, is an *Essay on the leaden skull in St John's Library*. And Davy in his *Suffolk Collections* (Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 19,167) states that Ashby reprinted at Bury St Edmunds in 1781 "for the benefit of a very deserving young person" *An account of a voyage to the Spice Islands and New Guinea*, by J. P. Sonnerat, Sub-Commissary of Marine; first printed in 1775. (See *Notes and Queries*, 2 Ser. xii, 102; Nichols, *Literary*

Anecdotes, i, l.c. vol. vii, index under George Ashby and 'T. F.'; Gage, *Thingoe Hundred*, 18, 25; Nichols, *Literary Illustrations*, vii, 384-437; *Letters between the Rev. James Granger...and many of the most eminent literary men of his time*, 395-398).

P. 100 no. 21. Richard Taylor was ordained Deacon 9 June 1745 by the Bishop of Norwich and was licensed curate of Tharston, Norfolk. He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Hereford in the Chapel Royal, St James, for the Bishop of Norwich 15 March 1745. One of these names was instituted Rector of Saxmundham 9 March 1762, and Rector of Blaxhall 13 April 1762, both in Suffolk, holding both livings until his death 10 August 1798, aged 77 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1798, p. 729 b). Mr Foster in his *Alumni Oxonienses* identifies the Rector of Saxmundham with the Richard Taylor who matriculated at Oxford from Trinity College 2 July 1743, aged 20; was B.A. at Oxford 1747 and probably M.A. from King's College, Cambridge in 1761. The age of the Suffolk incumbent as given in the *Gentleman's Magazine* corresponds more closely with that of the member of St John's than with that of the Oxonian.

P. 100 no. 22. Sir Maurice Crosbie, the father, knight, was returned to Parliament by the county of Kerry in 1713 and continued to represent that county until his elevation to the peerage of Ireland on 6 September 1758 as Baron Brandon. John, his second son, was born in 1724, he was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 24 May 1745. He married Elizabeth, daughter of Mr Fisher, but died without issue in 1755 (Burke, *Extinct and Dormant Peerages*, 1883, p. 148).

P. 100 no. 23. The Honourable George Townshend was the eldest son of Charles, third Viscount Townshend, by his wife Audrey, daughter of Edward Harrison, of Balls, co. Hertford. He was born 28 February 1723. He had a distinguished career as a soldier and statesman. The following statement of his military and other appointments is taken from Doyle's *Official Baronage of England*, iii, 543-4: Captain (7th) Cope's Regiment of Dragoons, April 1745; Captain (20th) Sackville's Regiment of Foot, 1 February 1747; Aide-de-Camp to H.R.H. the Duke of Cumberland, February 1747-1780; M.P. for the County of Norfolk 1 July 1747, 8 May 1754, 1 April 1761-1764; Captain and Lieutenant-Colonel 1st Regiment of Foot-Guards 8 March 1748-1750; M.A. of Cambridge 3 July 1749; Deputy-Lieutenant, co. Norfolk 5 July 1757; Aide-de-Camp to King George II, 6 May 1758; Colonel in the Army 6 May 1758; Brigadier-General in America, February 1759; Brigadier-General, 2nd Brigade (Major-General Wolfe's Army) 16 May 1759; Colonel, 64th Regiment of Foot 9 June 1759; Colonel, West Norfolk Battalion of Militia 21 June 1759; Colonel, 28th Regiment of Foot 24 October 1759; Privy Councillor 2 December 1760; Major-General, 6 March 1761; Lieutenant-General of the Ordnance 14 May 1763-20 August 1767; Deputy-Lieutenant, co. Middlesex, 15 June 1763; Deputy-Lieutenant, Tower Hamlets, 16 September 1763; succeeded as fourth Viscount Townshend 12 March 1764; Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland 12 August 1767-30 November 1772; Lieutenant-General 30 April 1770; Master-General of the Ordnance 17 October 1772-30 March 1782; Deputy-Lieutenant, co. Derby, 2 April 1773; Colonel 2nd (Queen's) Regiment of Dragoon Guards 15 July 1773; General in the Army 20 November 1782; Master-General of the Ordnance 12 April -27 December 1783; created Marquis Townshend of Raynham 31 October 1786; High Steward of Great Yarmouth 26 December 1791; Lord-Lieutenant and Custos Rotulorum, co. Norfolk, 15 February 1792; Vice-Admiral, co. Norfolk, 16 June 1792; General on the Staff (Eastern District of England), 1793-1796; Governor of Hull 19 July 1794; Governor of Chelsea Hospital 16 July 1795; Governor of Jersey 22 July 1796; Field-Marshal 30 July 1796; High Steward of Tamworth 20 January 1797; High Steward of Norwich. He was twice married; first to Lady Charlotte Compton (Baroness Ferrers), daughter of James, fifth Earl of Northampton, married December 1751, she died 14 September 1770; secondly to Anne, daughter of Sir William Montgomery, bart., 19 May 1776, she died 29 March 1819. He had issue by both marriages. The Marquis Townshend died 14 September 1807, at his seat at Raynham in Norfolk, and was buried there 28 September (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1807, ii, 894, 974).

Mr Townshend and his brother Charles were for some time in charge of Mr Theophilus Lowe (P. 46 no. 53) as tutor. He must have resided in College but a short time as he obtained a commission in the Army at an early age. He was present at the battle of Dettingen, where he was wounded, and also at the

battles of Fontenoy, Culloden, and Laffeldt. For a time he abandoned active service and occupied himself with parliamentary duties. On the third reading of the Mutiny Bill in 1749 he moved as a rider "that no non-commissioned officer should be liable to be broken without the sentence of a court-martial." He was unable to carry this, though he had powerful support, against the opposition of Mr Pitt (afterwards Earl of Chatham), although that statesman's own dismissal from the army without the sentence of a court-martial had been the theme of bitter invective on his part. Colonel Townshend went as Brigadier with Major-General Wolfe to Canada in 1759. It was claimed on his behalf that the ascent of the Heights of Abraham which led to the defeat of the Marquis de Montcalm, and the capture of Quebec, was due to his suggestion. Wolfe having been killed and Monckton, the second in command, dangerously wounded, the direction of affairs fell to Townshend, who with Admiral Saunders received the surrender of Quebec. General Townshend had accepted his commission on the express understanding that he should return to England at the end of the campaign, and he returned at the beginning of the winter of 1759. He served in 1761 during the campaign in Germany, was present at the battle of Fellinghausen, and served a campaign in Portugal under Count de la Lippe Buckbourg. For the rest of his life he was chiefly occupied with civil and political appointments. During his tenure of office as Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland he had a dispute with Lord Bellamont, which led to a duel in Mary-le-bone Fields 2 February 1773, in which Lord Bellamont was wounded. He took part in the debates during the trial of Warren Hastings. In the year 1802 he was said to "wear well and to have health and spirits. His person, which is above the middle size, is still portly; and gives us an idea of that athletic, yet handsome shape, which he exhibited in his early days. When dressed in his regimentals he displays a martial air; and his hair now blanched with age, conveys the air and appearance of a veteran inured to camps and to warfare from his youth" (*Public Characters of 1801-2, Dictionary of National Biography*).

P. 100 no. 24. William Leybourne was ordained Deacon 25 September 1748 by the Archbishop of York and licensed to the curacy of Bulmer with a stipend of £30.

He was instituted Rector of Bulmer, Yorks., 31 August 1773, ceding this on his institution 5 March 1776 to the Rectory of North Wheatley, Notts. He was also instituted Vicar of Rolleston, Notts., 11 January 1778, both these livings were vacant in 1784.

P. 100 no. 25. The *Parish Register* of St Nicholas, Durham, has the following entries: 1695 September 9, John Sheele, senior, cordwainer, buried, *temple*; 1698 February 28, Elizabeth Sheeld, widow, buried, *temple*; 1713 June 27, John Shields and Anne Sweeting, married; 1714 May 2, Elizabeth, daughter of John Shields, baptized; 1718 February 20, John, son of Mr John Sheells, baptized; 1722 April 16, James, son of Mr Shields, of Humbersted, baptized.

P. 101 no. 26. Andrew Mieres, Scholar of St John's College, was buried 9 May 1742 (All Saints, Cambridge, *Parish Register*).

P. 101. no. 27. Richard Scales was admitted a Fellow of the College 7 April 1747. He was ordained Deacon 10 March 1754 by the Bishop of Gloucester, and Priest 9 June 1754 by the Bishop of Bangor, each acting for the Bishop of London. He was licensed by the Bishop of Chester to the perpetual curacy of Ulverstone, co. Lancaster, 4 September 1765, on the nomination of Thomas Braddyll, of Conishead, esq. He was presented by the College to the Rectory of Little Hornead and to the Vicarage of Great Hornead, Herts., 13 May 1768, and instituted to the former 15 June and to the latter 3 June 1768. He received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury on 9 June 1768 to hold the two Horneads, the value of Great Hornead being stated as £50, and Little Hornead at £120. He seems to have held all his preferments until his death 3 January 1786 at Ulverstone (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 14 January 1786).

P. 101 no. 28. Barton Shuttleworth took the degree of B.A. in 1744 and did not proceed to M.A. One Barton Shuttleworth, B.A. (no College being given) was ordained Deacon 2 February 1770 at Whitehall Chapel, and Priest 28 July 1771 at Chester, by the Bishop of Chester. If this is the member of St John's, he was about 46 when ordained Deacon. There does not appear to have been another Barton Shuttleworth, B.A. of Oxford or Cambridge at that date.

A Barton Shuffeleworth (probably a misprint for Shuttleworth) gave a bond dated 5 April 1748 to the feoffees of Witton, or Northwich, Grammar School to resign the place of Head-Master if he accepted of any spiritual preferment. John Eccles gave a similar bond in 1750.

P. 101 no. 30. This is perhaps the Henry Wiglesworth, son and heir of Henry Wiglesworth, of Slaidbourn, Yorks., esquire, who was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 6 May 1741.

P. 101 no. 31. An account of the Summers family is given in Morant's *History of Essex*, ii, 289, where it is stated that Sparrow Summers became a clergyman. He was ordained Deacon 10 March 174 $\frac{1}{2}$ and Priest 15 March 174 $\frac{2}{3}$ by the Bishop of London.

P. 101 no. 32. John Hodson was ordained Deacon 7 December 1746 by the Bishop of Rochester.

P. 101 no. 33. Theophilus Lindsey was born at Middlewich 20 June 1723. His father, Robert Lindsey, who was descended from a Scotch family, was a mercer in Middlewich, and also possessed an interest in the salt works in that neighbourhood. Theophilus was his third and youngest son by his second wife, whose maiden name was Spencer; she was distantly related to the Marlborough family, and before her marriage had lived in the family of Frances, Countess of Huntingdon. Young Lindsey was named after his godfather Theophilus, Earl of Huntingdon, husband of Selina, Countess of Huntingdon, the patron of Mr Whitfield and the Calvinistic Methodists. After taking his degree, Theophilus Lindsey was ordained Deacon 21 September 1746 by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed to the curacy of Ashby-de-la-Zouch, co. Leicester. He was ordained Priest 20 September 1747 by the Bishop of London. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 7 April 1747, and his fellowship was filled up again 17 March 1755. After his ordination as Priest he was presented to a chapel in Spital Square, Spitalfields (a peculiar in the Diocese of London), by Sir George Wheler, of Otterden Place, in Kent. Shortly afterwards he became domestic chaplain to the Duke of Somerset, and after the death of the Duke continued in the family of the Duchess. At her request he accompanied her grandson, Lord Warkworth, afterwards Duke of Northumberland, on a continental tour. On 13 June 1751 a College order was made allowing him 'to go out of the kingdom.' On his return he was presented by the Earl of Northumberland to the Rectory of Kirby-upon-Wiske, Yorks., to which he was instituted 20 June 1752. This he vacated on being presented by the Earl of Huntingdon to the Vicarage of Piddletown, Dorset, to which he was instituted 16 January 1755. He married 29 September 1760 Hannah Elsworth, step-daughter of Archdeacon Francis Blackburne. In 1763 the Earl of Northumberland became Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland, and Lindsey was offered the place of chaplain, this however he declined. Charles Dodgson (P. 102 no. 39), who was appointed chaplain, afterwards became Bishop of Ossory. In 1763 Lindsey exchanged the Vicarage of Piddletown for the Vicarage of Catterick, Yorks., to which he was instituted 18 November 1763. While at Piddletown he had begun to entertain scruples with regard to the doctrines of the Established Church, inclining to Unitarian views, and these became more pronounced at Catterick. In the year 1771 an association of clergy and laity was formed for the purpose of applying to Parliament for relief in the matter of subscription to the Thirty-nine Articles and to the Book of Common Prayer, and of substituting therefor a declaration of assent to the sufficiency of the Holy Scripture. This movement, among other causes, owed its origin to the celebrated work of Lindsey's father-in-law Archdeacon Blackburne, *The Confessional*. The petition was rejected by the House of Commons 6 February 1772. After this Lindsey became more and more uneasy and resigned Catterick in 1773. He then early in 1774 made arrangements for opening a chapel for Unitarian worship at Essex House, Essex Street, Strand, London. The step involved considerable pecuniary sacrifice on his part and the sale of his books and effects. He drew up and published a Reformed Liturgy on Unitarian lines and opened his chapel 17 April 1774. His avowed design was to recede no further from the doctrines of the Establishment than to reconcile its services with Unitarian views. He retained the clerical dress with the exception of the surplice. He gathered together a crowded congregation with many influential and distinguished men as hearers and supporters. He published several works, and in 1782 when Dr Disney, his relation by marriage, and sometime Rector of Panton and Vicar of Swinderby, co. Lincoln,

joined him as a colleague in his chapel, he had more leisure for study and authorship. He also carried on a wide correspondence with leading Unitarians at home and in America. He resigned the pastoral charge of his chapel in 1793. He had a paralytic seizure in 1801 but rallied. He died in London 3 November 1808, and was buried in Bunhill Fields, where there is a monument to his memory with the following inscription: "In this vault reposes the Reverend Theophilus Lindsey, M.A., late of St John's College, in the University of Cambridge, and some time vicar of Catterick in Yorkshire; having resigned his preferment in the Church, for the sake of truth and a good conscience, he became the founder of the chapel in Essex Street. This venerable confessor ended his blameless and exemplary life, November 3rd, 1808, aged 86 years" (Jones, *Bunhill Memorials*, 153).

His wife died 18 January 1812 and was buried beside him. A Memoir of his life with an account of his works and correspondence and illustrative documents was published in 1812 by Thomas Belsham, his successor in the Essex Street Chapel. Many details with regard to him will be found in the *Autobiography* of Mrs Catherine Cappe.

Cole in his collections for an *Athenae Cantabrigienses* (Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5874) has the following with regard to Theophilus Lindsey. "This person was Chairman of the Committee which met to petition the Parliament in 1771 that the clergy might be freed from all subscriptions to Articles or Oaths, etc. A very proper son-in-law of the author of *The Confessional*. He was educated in St John's College, of Mr Ashby's, the present President's, year, who is about 50 or 52, was a good scholar and well-behaved man, and was likely to have got favoured in his profession, had not his scruples and whims put a stop to it. Some years ago he went to the Bishop and laid his grievance before him, with a design to resign his Living. The Bishop soothed him and told him all his subscriptions were over, and rather advised him as he had already taken the oaths to be snug and quiet. But what was surprising, after he had acquiesced in the Bishop's advice, he took another Living and swallowed the same oaths and subscriptions. At the end of 1773 he resigned his Living, though nothing to live on, with a wife and family, with a design to set up a chapel after his own model, and wrote an Apology for his resignation. An apology rather seems necessary to Jebb and a hundred more of the sort, who pretend the same scruples yet keep their preferments; though I know Jebb made a formal profession to Mr Unwin, that if the Parliament two years ago did not relieve them, he would throw up his Living or Livings, yet he keeps them, and told Archdeacon Goodhall this last year, viz. 1773, at his Visitation, that he would not resign till he saw the dignified clergy do so."

Cole also quotes the following from the *Cambridge Chronicle*, of 26 March 1774: "It has been reported that Mr Lindsey, who lately resigned the vicarage of Catterick in Yorkshire, would throw himself into the arms of the Dissenters; but we are confidently assured that the report is void of foundation, he having withstood the solicitations and advantageous offers of a numerous congregation at Norwich. It is thought he will settle in London, where, to a private audience, he will teach the Word of God, agreeable to what he apprehends to be the Spirit and Language of the Scriptures. He will retain the Liturgy of the Established Church, after having removed such parts as appear to him exceptionable, for which our readers may consult his Apology."

As regards Cole's taunt that while entertaining doubts Lindsey again made the subscriptions required by the Canons of the Church, it would appear that his own view was that the reading of the Liturgy was in effect an assent to its doctrines, and that the formal assent, implied by his subscriptions on being instituted to Catterick, involved no additional assent, and was justifiable until he had determined on his future course. His sincerity seems proved by the sacrifices he made and adhered to. In the year 1787 a Mrs Pearse bequeathed to him by her will the next presentation to the Rectory of Chew Magna, Somerset; it seems to have been half expected that he would present himself. He presented the Rev. John Hall, brother-in-law of Mrs Lindsey, who married the youngest daughter of Archdeacon Blackburne.

The following is a list of Lindsey's published writings: (i) *Apology on resigning the Vicarage of Catterick, Yorkshire*, London 1774, 8vo.; (ii) *A sequel to the Apology*, London 1776, 8vo.; (iii) *A farewell address to the Parishioners of Catterick*, London 1774, 8vo.; (iv) *The Book of Common Prayer reformed according to the plan of the late Dr Samuel Clarke; together with the Psalter or Psalms of David*, London 1774,

8vo.; (v) *A sermon preached at the opening of the New Chapel in Essex Street, on Sunday March 29, 1778*; (vi) *An historical view of the state of the Unitarian Doctrine and worship, from the Reformation to our own times*, London 1783, 8vo.; (vii) *Vindicie Priestlicane, an Address to the students of Oxford and Cambridge*, London 1788, 8vo.; (viii) *An examination of Mr Robinson of Cambridge's Plea for the Divinity of our Lord Jesus Christ*, London 1789, 8vo.; (ix) *An attempt to explain some of the Thirty-nine Articles on Scripture principles*, London 1789, 8vo.; (x) *A second address to the students of Oxford and Cambridge relating to Jesus Christ, and the Origin of the great Errors concerning him; with a list of the False Readings of the Scriptures, and the Mistranslations of the English Bible, which contribute to support these errors*, London 1790, 8vo.; (xi) *Conversations on Christian Idolatry*, London 1792, 8vo.; (xii) *A sermon addressed to the congregation in Essex Street on resigning the pastoral office among them*, London 1793, 8vo.; (xiii) *On prayer and forms of prayer, their defects and remedy, a sermon*, London 1793, 8vo.; (xiv) *Conversations on the Divine Government, shewing that everything is from God, and for good to all*, London 1802, 8vo.; (xv) *Sermons with appropriate prayers annexed*, London 1810, 2 vols. 8vo. (Belsham, *Memoirs of the late Rev. Theophilus Lindsey*, 1812, reprinted 1820; *Memoirs of the life of the late Mrs Catherine Cappe*; *Dictionary of National Biography: Living Authors*, 1798; Turner, *Lives of Unitarians*, ii; *Notes and Queries*, 1882, ii, 271 b).

P. 101 no. 34. This is probably the Richard Rothwell who was instituted Vicar of Corley, Warwickshire, 13 June 1760, his successor there being instituted in April 1799. He was instituted Rector of Sephton, Lancashire, 12 January 1763, and held the living until his death. He died at Sephton 19 September 1801, in his 80th year. He was supposed to have died possessed of property to the amount of £300,000 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 17 October 1801; *Annual Register* for 1801; *Chronicle*, p. 73). He was the grandfather of the Count de Rothwell (Burke, *Authorised Arms*).

P. 101 no. 35. Thomas Twells, the father, apothecary, was buried at Southwell 31 May 1757, Catherine his wife was buried there 13 March 1779 (*Genealogist*, vi, 45, where there are notes on some other members of the family). Thomas Twells, the son, was admitted a Fellow of the College 1 April 1745. He was ordained Deacon 9 June 1745 and licensed to be assistant curate in the parish of Teversal, Notts., with a stipend of £26, and ordained Priest 25 May 1746, all by the Archbishop of York. He was Junior Proctor of the University 1753-54. He was instituted to the first Medietiy of the Rectory of Sedgebrook, co. Lincoln, 30 April, and to the second Medietiy 10 May 1762. He received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury 4 May 1762 to hold both Medieties, the value of each being stated as £100. These he held until his death on 5 August 1790, aged 68 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 21 August 1790; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1790, p. 768; *Christian's Magazine*, iii, 336).

P. 101 no. 36. Richard Arthur Knowles was ordained Deacon 25 December 1746 and licensed to the curacy of West Lynn, Norfolk, by the Bishop of Norwich. He was ordained Priest 21 May 1749 by the Bishop of Peterborough. He was instituted Rector of St George with St Paul in Stamford, co. Lincoln, 15 September 1753. He was instituted Vicar of Thurlby, co. Lincoln, 17 January 1755. He was instituted Rector of Tinwell, co. Rutland, 14 October 1786, then ceding his Stamford living. On 6 October 1786, when he is described as chaplain to Dr James Cornwallis, Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Thurlby with Tinwell, the values of the livings being stated as £70 and £180 respectively. He held both until the end of 1796 or beginning of 1797.

P. 101 no. 37. The name should be Walter Crompton. He was B.A. 1744. He was ordained Deacon 25 May 1746 by the Bishop of Norwich and licensed to the curacy of Marlingford, Norfolk.

P. 102 no. 38. John Wood, son and heir of John Wood, of Stanwick, co. Derby, gentleman, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 2 July 1742.

He took the degree of LL.B. in 1747. He was ordained Deacon 14 June 1747 by the Bishop of Ely, and Priest 24 September 1749 by the Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry. He was instituted Vicar of Chesterfield, co. Derby, 26 March 1765, and Rector of Babworth, Notts., 18 February 1769. On 17 December 1768 he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings,

then stated to be of the respective values of £100 and £120, and to be not more than 20 miles apart. Chesterfield seems to have become vacant in 1781 and Babworth in 1786.

P. 102 no. 39. Christopher Dodgson, the father, is perhaps the person of that name admitted to the College in 1716 (P. 4 no. 37). Charles Dodgson was ordained Deacon 15 March 174 $\frac{1}{2}$ by the Bishop of Hereford acting for the Bishop of Norwich, in the Chapel Royal St James, and was licensed to the curacy of Bintry, Norfolk. He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Hereford 25 December 1749. He was instituted Rector of Kirby Wiske, Yorks., 10 April 1755, ceding this on his institution to the Rectory of Elsdon, co. Northumberland, 13 January 1762. His successor there was instituted in 1765. He was appointed tutor to Lord Warkworth, son of the Duke of Northumberland, in 1765 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 1 June 1765). When the Duke went to Ireland as Lord-Lieutenant he took Charles Dodgson with him. He was appointed Bishop of Ossory in Ireland, by patent dated 18 July 1765. He was consecrated in St Werburgh's, in Dublin, on August 11th by the Archbishop of Dublin, assisted by the Bishops of Kildare and Limerick. He was translated to Elphin by patent dated 12 April 1775. He died in Dublin 21 January 1795 and was buried at St Bridget's, in that city (Cotton, *Fasti Ecclesiae Hibernicae*, ii, 287; iv, 129). The *Cambridge Chronicle* for 7 March 1795 states that he died in Dublin on the 15 of February 'and not before.' It adds that "For a few years he resided in the neighbourhood of Cambridge, first at Lord Godolphin's house at Gogmagog Hill, and latterly at Farm-hall, Godmanchester, the seat of General Clark, during the education of his two sons at St John's College."

He married 5 December 1768 Miss Smythe (*Annual Register*, 1768, *Chronicle*, 209 b; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1768, 590 a, where the date of the marriage seems to be given as November 28). His widow died at Bath in 1796 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 5 March 1796).

Cole in his collections for St John's College (MSS. Cole xlix, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5850) has the following with regard to him.

"Charles Dodgson, of Northern extraction, was sent to this College where he took his Bachelor of Arts degree, and then left it to keep a private school at Stanwix in Cumberland. He afterwards proceeded Master of Arts, but being an ingenious young man he was recommended to Hugh, Duke of Northumberland, as a proper person to superintend the education of his son the Lord Percy, then at Eton school, or as he was then called, Lord Warkworth, whither he had been at first sent only with a servant, but it being thought necessary that he should have a Tutor about him while he came home for the holidays, Mr Dodgson was fortunately proposed to be the person and attended him as his private tutor to Eton, where I have seen him. And gave such satisfaction in his station, that when his Grace was appointed Vice-Roy of Ireland he attended him as chaplain. But had near failed of the usual retribution for that attendance. However, as the Duke was leaving Ireland, a Bishop died before another Lieutenant was appointed, and in May 1765 he was made Bishop of Ossory, on the translation of Bishop Pocock to Elphin, at which time he was created D.D. He sat at Ossory ten years, and on the translation of Bishop Jemmet Browne to the Archiepiscopal See of Tuam he was translated in March 1775 to the See of Elphin. His arms I had from a letter to a friend of his. And the chief particulars I received *ex informatione Oliveri Naylor Rectoris de Morpeth.*"

P. 102 no. 40. The Christian name of the father was also Samuel, he was a Fellow of the College, see his admission Part ii, P. 139 no. 30. Samuel Lowe, the younger, was ordained Deacon 23 September 1744 and Priest 20 September 1747 by the Bishop of Chester. In 1754 he was acting as curate of Bunbury, Cheshire, (which explains the 'Bonebury' of his admission entry) without having been formally licensed by the bishop. He did not graduate.

P. 102 no. 41. Thomas Browne was ordained Deacon 11 August 1745 by the Bishop of Rochester and licensed to the curacy of Hadlow, Kent, with a salary of £30. He was ordained Priest 14 June 1747, by the Archbishop of Canterbury.

P. 102 no. 42. Nicholas Torre, the father, was son of James Torre of the city of York, the great Yorkshire ecclesiastical antiquary who purchased the Manor of Snydal near Wakefield. Nicholas Torre was a member of the College (Part ii, P. 208 no. 18), he was admitted a student of the Inner Temple, 16 December 1713,

he died 5 March 1749, and was buried at Normanton. His wife Jane was a daughter of Richard Mann of York, they were married at St Olave's without Bootham Bar, York, 8 September 1720. James Torre, the son, was born at Normanton 6 February 172 $\frac{3}{4}$. He was ordained Deacon 23 February 174 $\frac{3}{4}$ and licensed to the curacy of Babwith, Yorks. with a stipend of £25, and Priest 25 September 1748, when he was licensed to the curacy of Rothwell, all by the Archbishop of York. He was instituted Vicar of Rothwell, Yorks., 23 January 174 $\frac{3}{4}$, holding the living until 1757. He married Betty, daughter and heiress of Stephen Holme of Wakefield, barrister-at-law, at Ledstone, 7 October 1747. James Torre died 1 September 1788 and was buried at Normanton. (Hunter, *Familiae Minorum Gentium*, *Harleian Soc. Publ.* xxxvii, 254, where there is a pedigree).

P. 102 no. 43. The father was admitted to the College 14 December 1702 (Part ii, P. 164 no. 9). James Allott was baptized at South Kirkby 5 May 1723. He was ordained Deacon 21 September 1746 and licensed to the curacy of Kirkby with a stipend of £30 by the Archbishop of York. He was instituted Vicar of South Kirkby 31 December 1747. He married Elizabeth, daughter of Henry Green of The Hague near South Kirkby. He was buried at South Kirkby 28 February 1756 (Hunter, *Familiae Minorum Gentium*, *Harleian Soc. Publ.* xxxviii, 504, where there is a pedigree).

P. 102 no. 44. Joseph Thistlethwaite was ordained Deacon 9 June 1745 and licensed to the curacy of Chalfont St Giles, Bucks., he was ordained Priest 23 February 174 $\frac{5}{6}$, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was presented by the College (being then still a B.A.) to the Vicarage of Sunninghill, Berks., was instituted 15 and inducted 18 June 1748. He held the living until his death and was buried at Sunninghill 20 April 1807, aged 86. The *Annual Register* for 1807 (*Chronicle*, p. 565-6) says of him: "He had possessed that living upwards of 58 years and had not absented himself from his parish 58 Sundays in so many years. Among other legacies he has bequeathed £500 towards the enlargement of the church of Sunninghill and £100 to the augmentation of a charity already established for the sick and poor in the same parish." He was involved in many disputes with his parishioners and a number of letters from him to the Bursar have been preserved in College. Mr Hughes in his *History of Windsor Forest, Sunninghill and the Great Park*, gives details as to these disputes, and then sums up: "But of all the Vicars, Joseph Thistlethwaite, M.A., held the living longest, and left his mark upon it more indelibly, if not more pleasantly, than any of them. He seems to have been a man of great force of character, and the Bursar of the College of that day spoke of him favourably. But he was unquestionably the very personification of restless energy. His perception of his rights was only equalled by his activity in maintaining them. We find him busy repairing the breaches occasioned by the neglect of his predecessor, settling the disputed question of the church way, and laying out the church funds in good purchases, and afterwards in exchanging them to advantage, two acres for four and five acres for twenty. Then came the culmination of his fierce encounters with his parishioners, and we have him crushing his slanderous foes by two indictments at the Assizes at Reading for libel; and there again he prevailed, dragging the offenders before the Vestry, to make them publicly 'eat their words' and sign apologies in the minute-book. I must not however forget to add that he seems to have been the champion of the oppressed. When the young farmer was so cruelly persecuted by his wealthier neighbours our fighting parson threw in his powerful help for him. There exists a statement of this case so pregnant with force and sarcasm, that to no one in the parish can it be so well affiliated as to our sword-tongued Vicar. This incident reflected to his honour although on the whole he did much mischief; and not only obtained a bad reputation in the parish, but lowered his office in the eyes of his parishioners; and to some extent alienated from the Church the approbation of the people. He may have been a scholar, but had no tact or knowledge of the world and was too fond of the right to pursue the expedient" (Hughes, *l. c.* p. 198-9; see also 142-5).

P. 102 no. 46. John Stacey was ordained Deacon by the Archbishop of York 14 June 1747, and licensed to the curacy of Mansfield Woodhouse, Notts., with a salary of £30.

P. 102 no. 47. The father was no doubt the Joseph Guest who was Vicar of Weobley, co. Hereford, and Prebendary of Putston Minor in Hereford Cathedral.

Joseph Guest, the younger, was admitted a Fellow of the College 29 March 1748,

his Fellowship was filled up in 1752. He was ordained Deacon 1 February 1744 and Priest 29 September 1748 by the Bishop of Hereford. He was collated to the Prebend of Putston Minor in Hereford Cathedral 15 September 1753, holding this until his death. He was instituted Vicar of Staunton-upon-Arrow, co. Hereford, 11 September 1759, holding this also until his death. He was instituted Vicar of Westbury, co. Gloucester, 16 December 1763, ceding this on his institution 9 February 1765 to the Vicarage of Weston Beggard, co. Hereford; this he ceded on his institution 16 April 1766 to the Vicarage of St John the Baptist in the city of Hereford. He was instituted Vicar of Madley, co. Hereford, 15 December 1780. On 5 December 1780, when he is described as Chaplain to Henry Stawell Bilson Legge, Baron Stawell, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury, to hold Madley (valued at £220), with Staunton-upon-Arrow (valued at £80), the two benefices being stated to be not more than 12 miles apart. He was instituted Vicar of Upton Bishop, co. Hereford, 30 September 1782, then ceding St John's and Madley. On 18 August 1782, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Upton Bishop (valued at £170) with Staunton-upon-Arrow. On 3 June 1785 he was instituted Vicar of Lugwardine, co. Hereford, then ceding Upton Bishop. On 30 April 1785 he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Lugwardine (valued at £220), with Staunton-upon-Arrow. He held these two livings with his Prebend until his death in 1804. He appears also to have been Vicar of Holmer, co. Hereford, from 1782 to 1790.

P. 102 no. 48. Henry Goodricke was ordained Deacon 9 June 1745 and licensed to the curacy of Shimpling, Norfolk, by the Bishop of Norwich. He was ordained Priest by the Archbishop of Canterbury, 20 September 1746. He was instituted Vicar of Godmersham, Kent, 6 January 1772, ceding this in 1774 on his institution 23 June to the Rectory of Coudson, Surrey. This he held until 1807. His name appears as a member of the S.P.C.K. in 1789.

The editor of the *Sedbergh School Register* states that Henry Goodricke was Prebendary of Grindal in York Cathedral. But there was another Henry Goodricke, (youngest brother of the Right Hon. Sir John Goodricke, bart.), Rector of Hunsingore and of Aldborough, both in Yorkshire, both of which he held until his death, 24 October 1801, at Sutton-in-the-Forest near York (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 7 November 1801). Perhaps he was of Jesus College, B.A. 1740, M.A. 1744. The Henry Goodricke who was ordained by the Archbishop of Canterbury is described as B.A. in 1746 (the College is not given). As the member of St John's was a Londoner, it seems probable that he should have been ordained in London and held south country preferment.

P. 102 no. 49. Henry Mayo was ordained Priest in the Bishop's Chapel within the palace at Chichester by William Ashburnham, Bishop of Chichester, 21 September 1755.

P. 102 no. 50. Richard Osborne Tylden was a son of Richard Tylden of Milsted, by his wife Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Osborne, of Place House, Hartlip, Kent (Berry, *Pedigrees of Families in the County of Kent*, 30). He was ordained Deacon 5 May 1746, by the Bishop of Norwich, and Priest 15 March 1748, by the Bishop of Chichester. He was instituted Rector of Milsted, Kent, 30 March 1748, on the presentation of his father. He married in October 1754, Dorothy daughter and heiress of Daniel May of Milsted. He died in 1766 and was buried at Milsted.

P. 102 no. 51. William Shrigley, son of William Shrigley of Manchester, Lancashire, gentleman, matriculated at Oxford from Brasenose College, 6 February 1724, aged 16. He took the B.A. degree at Oxford in 1724 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He took the M.A. degree at Cambridge from St John's in 1741.

P. 102 no. 52. John Brice, son of John Brice of Asholt, Somerset, clerk, matriculated at Oxford from Exeter College, 1 April 1731, aged 19. He took the B.A. degree from St Mary Hall in 1734 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He took the M.A. degree at Cambridge from St John's in 1741. One John Brice was instituted Rector of Greinton, Somerset, 17 May 1739, on the presentation of Robert Browne. He held the living until 1785.

P. 103 no. 53. Thomas Kellow, the father, appears to have been of Balliol College, Oxford (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). William Kellow appears in the printed *Graduati Cantabrigienses* as Thomas Kellow, B.A. 1744. He was ordained

Deacon 21 September 1746 and licensed to the curacy of Codford St Peter, Wilts., he was ordained Priest 15 June 1750, all by the Bishop of Salisbury (being described as Thomas Kellow, B.A. of St John's College, Cambridge, in each case). He was instituted Vicar of Berwick St James, Wilts., 5 January 1757, ceding this on being instituted Rector of Codford St Peter, Wilts., 13 May 1762, holding this until his death in 1777 (Phillipps, *Institutiones Wiltoniae*, ii, 77, 80, 89). Charles Thomas Kellow, son of this Thomas Kellow, matriculated at Trinity College, Oxford, 28 May 1760, aged 18. He died 22 March 1787, aged 45 (Hoare, *History of Modern Wiltshire*, Heytesbury Hundred, 224; Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*, where there are several others of the name mentioned).

P. 103 no. 54. William Martin took the degree of B.A. in 1744. One of these names was instituted Rector of Butterleigh, Devon, 5 December 1755, ceding this on his institution 14 November 1772 to the Vicarage of Braunton, Devon. The latter living was vacant in 1791.

P. 103 no. 55. Sutton Bankes took the degree of M.B. from Trinity College in 1749.

P. 103 no. 58. Edmund Elyott was ordained Deacon 20 December 1748 by the Bishop of Norwich and licensed to the curacy of Newmarket, he was ordained Priest by the Archbishop of York 10 June 1750. One Edmund Ellyott was instituted Rector of Litchfield alias Ludshelf, Hants., 14 May 1757, and held the living until 1781.

P. 103 no. 59. Francis Wotton was baptized at Ketton 8 February 172 $\frac{3}{4}$. He was ordained Deacon 20 September 1747 and licensed to the curacy of the peculiar of Lidington, he was ordained Priest 25 September 1748 and licensed to the curacy of Ketton, co. Rutland, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Rockland, All Saints, co. Norfolk, 18 February 1750, ceding this on his institution 31 October 1786 to the Rectory of Barrowden, co. Rutland. He died 4 December 1795 and was buried at Barrowden. He married Mary, daughter of Bartholomew Hunt, of Barrowden (she died 7 January 1756, aged 44), and had issue five sons and three daughters (Blore's *Rutland*, 177).

P. 103 no. 60. The father William Williams, was an officer in the army who resided at Trevorrier, St Breock, Cornwall. His son was born at Truro in 1720. William Williams was ordained Deacon 25 May and Priest 1 June 1746 by the Bishop of Chichester. He was instituted Rector of St Ewe, Cornwall, 3 June 1746, and Rector of Gerrans, Cornwall, 11 September 1758. On 4 September 1758, when he is described as chaplain to William, Earl Glencairn, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then stated to be of the respective values of £200 and £100, and to be twelve miles apart. The Rev. William Williams married at St Ewe 16 December 1756 Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Francis Gregor, of Trewarthenick. He was owner of the manor of Trevorrick St Issey. He died at St Issey 24 January 1785 and was buried there. There are monuments to his memory in St Ewe and St Issey churches (Boase and Courtney, *Bibliotheca Cornubiensis*, ii, 887; Boase, *Collectanea Cornubiensis*, 1262).

P. 103 no. 1. Edward Chicken was ordained Deacon by the Archbishop of York 23 September 1744 and licensed to the curacy of Hornsea with Riston, Yorks.

P. 104 no. 4. Peter Burrell was the eldest son of Peter Burrell, M.P., of Beckenham, by Amy, daughter of Hugh Raymond, of Langley and Selling. He was born 6 December 1723 and was baptized 18 September 1724 at St Peter's, Cornhill. He entered Merchant Taylors' School in 1736 (Robinson, *Merchant Taylors' School Register*, ii, 89). He was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn 26 November 1742 (when he is described as 'of the University of Cambridge, esquire, eldest son of Peter Burrell of Beckenham, Kent, esquire') and was called to the Bar 7 February 174 $\frac{3}{4}$. He was married in St Paul's Cathedral in 1748, the Cathedral Register having the following entry: "Peter Burrell of the Parish of Beckenham, Esq^r, Batchelor, and Elizabeth Lewis of the Parish of St John, Hackney, Spinster, were married by Licence in this Cathedral on the 28th day of March by me Robert Wright, D.D., Rector of Hackney, present Anselm Bayley (Minor Canon)." He was returned as M.P. for the borough of Launceston, Cornwall, 30 December 1758, at a by-election, and again 31 March 1761. He was returned as M.P. for the borough of Totnes, Devon, 18 March 1768, and again 8 May 1769 after his appointment as Surveyor-General of Land Revenue. He

sat in Parliament until 1774. There is a monument to his memory in the church of Cuckfield, Sussex, with the following inscription, giving a full account of his children and their marriages: "Sacred to the memory of Peter Burrell of Beckenham in Kent Esq. Surveyor General of the Crown lands, who died Nov. 6th, 1775. He married Elizabeth daughter and coheir of John Lewis of Hackney in Middlesex, Esq. by whom he had one son and five daughters.

"Peter, born 16th June 1754, married Priscilla Barbara Elizabeth, Baroness Willoughby of Eresby, eldest daughter of Peregrine Bertie, Duke of Ancaster and Kesteven.

1. D. Elizabeth Amelia born 28th Jan. 1749
m. Richard Henry Alexander Bennett, Esq.
2. D. Isabella Susannah b. 19th Dec. 1750
m. Algernon, Earl of Beverley.
3. D. Frances Julia b. 21st Dec. 1752
m. Hugh, Duke of Northumberland.
4. D. Elizabeth Anne b. 20 April 1757,
m. Douglas, Duke of Hamilton and Brandon.
5. D. Charlotte Maria b. 31 August 1761,
died 5 June 1762.

This tablet is erected as a small mark of affectionate respect by his surviving brother William Burrell."

In the church of Beckenham is a monument with the following inscription: "Sacred to the memory of Peter Burrell Esq. of Beckenham who departed this life Nov. 6th MDCCLXXIII in the 52nd year of his age. In the same vault are interred the remains of Elizabeth, relict of the above named Peter Burrell Esq. She departed this life June 8th, A.D. MDCCLXXXIV in the 70th year of her age" (*Sussex Archaeological Collections*, xliii, 36, 37; there is a pedigree opposite p. 34 and an abstract of Peter Burrell's will, p. 36). See the admission of his brother P. 129 no. 40. Peter Burrell, the younger, mentioned above was also a member of St John's, M.A. 1775, and became the first Lord Gwydyr. Cole, in his collections for an *Athenae Cantabrigienses* (Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5864) has the following note on Peter Burrell: "This worthy gentleman is my particular friend, and was so at College, where he behaved in such a manner as to discredit the gentlemen of his order now in the University. He is now member of Parliament and lives near Greenwich in Kent. He has a son now a Fellow Commoner at St John's College and a daughter married to my late worthy friend's son and heir Mr Benet of Baberham, where my father lived in the great farm of 600 or 700*l.* per an. close to the church and joining to the great house there, called Baberham Place. This fine old house was pulled down to the ground about 8 or 9 years ago and the materials sold for about 600*l.* to John Austin, a rogueish carpenter, and the housekeeper of Fulbourne. I call him so because I entered into articles with him to fit me up an old farm-house at Milton near Cambridge for 200*l.* and I to find bricks; which he never finished according to contract and it has cost me near 100*l.* to make it what it is. Part of the old wood-work came from Baberham, and 20 load of bricks from an old Manor house which I pulled down at Hadenham. Mr Peter Burrell advised Mr Benet to sell the Baberham estate as the house was pulled down, tho' it had been in his family above 100 years, and all buried there. So he lives in an house near him. His sister married a Mr Lowther, Member for Essex, soon parted with her husband and they live separate. Mr Burrell was always lean and pale, of a middle size, of an excellent temper and disposition, a good scholar and very ingenious. When he was of the University he made a present to the University of a statue of white marble representing Glory, which was bought at the Duke of Chandos' sale at Canons. When it came down it was not much liked and a party was formed to affront him, and not accept it, or at least not suffer it to be put into the Senate House. However there it entered and keeps its station. Feb. 21, 1773.

"He died in November 1775.

"His son Peter Burrell, late of St John's College, married about Christmas or soon in 1779 to Lady Priscilla Bertie, sister to the Duke of Ancaster. See Dr Rutherford's dedication to his two sermons at Cambridge, 1747, to his father Peter Burrell, esq., sub-governor to the South Sea Company, where is a character of his pupil the son." Peter Burrell presented the statue of Glory by Barratta to

the University in 1748. On the troubles with regard to it referred to by Cole, see Cooper's *Annals of Cambridge*, iv, 264-5.

P. 104 no. 9. Charles Pindar was ordained Deacon 24 September 1749, and licensed to the curacy of Gisburne, Yorks. with a stipend of £20, he was ordained Priest, 2 June 1751, all by the Archbishop of York.

P. 104 no. 10. Chambers Bate was readmitted a fellow-commoner 16 January 174 $\frac{3}{4}$ (see P. 110 no. 10). The King's warrant to the Vice-chancellor to confer on him the degree of M.A. is dated 17 January 1754. He was admitted a student of the Inner Temple (as son and heir of William Bate, late of Fosten, Derbyshire, deceased), 18 March 174 $\frac{3}{4}$.

P. 104 no. 13. Matthew Bell, the father, was probably of Jesus College, B.A. 1711. He was Vicar of Poslingford, Suffolk, 1722-1750. John Bell, his son, was ordained Deacon 25 May 1746 by the Bishop of Norwich, and licensed to the curacy of Poslingford. He was instituted Vicar of Clare, Suffolk, 18 September 1750, and Vicar of Poslingford 25 March 1766, both in Suffolk. He ceded Poslingford on being instituted Vicar of Gestingthorpe, Essex, 19 June 1767, and held this with Clare until 1784.

P. 104 no. 14. Thomas Lowndes took the degree of LL.B. in 1748. William Lowndes, his father, was of the parish of Astwood, Bucks. Thomas Lowndes was ordained Deacon 5 June 1748 by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed to the curacy of North Crawley, Bucks. He was instituted Vicar of Astwood, 18 May 1752, and Rector of North Crawley, 17 May 1771, both co. Bucks. He was empowered by dispensation to hold both livings (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 25 May 1771). The value of Astwood being stated to be £90 and that of North Crawley £280, their distance apart being not more than two miles. On a slab in the chancel of Astwood Church there is this inscription: "The Rev. Mr Thomas Lowndes, Bachelor of Laws, Vicar of this parish 45 years, died 27 Dec. 1797, aged 73 years" (*Lipscombe, History of Buckinghamshire*, iv, 8).

P. 104 no. 15. On 11 March 1756 the Archbishop of Canterbury granted letters dimissory to William Barrett to be ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Hereford (who ordained him Deacon 14 March 1756), and on 8 June 1756 letters dimissory for him to be ordained Priest by the Bishop of Chester.

P. 104 no. 16. Peter Murthwaite was ordained Deacon 23 February 174 $\frac{5}{8}$ by the Bishop of Norwich, at the request of the Archbishop of Canterbury; he was ordained Priest 20 September 1747 by the Bishop of Norwich and licensed to the curacy of Horstead and Coltishall, Norfolk. He was admitted a Fellow of the College, 29 March 1748, he was admitted a Senior Fellow 13 January 1765, and his fellowship was filled up again in February 1768. He was elected Senior Dean of the College 22 February 1760, his successor was appointed 2 March 1761. On 24 February 1767 he was presented by the College to the Vicarage of North Stoke with Ipsden, co. Oxford, and instituted 19 March 1767. He died at Ipsden 17 January 1800, in his 80th year, having 'enjoyed till within a few days of his death the most perfect strength of body and intellect' (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 25 January 1800; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1800, i, 184 a).

P. 105 no. 17. Obadiah Bourne, the father, was Rector of Croxall and Ashover. He was baptized 1 August 1683, and died 6 October 1763. He married Rebecca, daughter of John Lynch, Esq., of Grove in Kent, and sister of Dr John Lynch, Dean of Canterbury. John Bourne, the son, was born at Ashover, 24 February 1722; he was ordained Deacon 20 September 1747 by the Bishop of Rochester and Priest 5 December 1747 by the Bishop of Ely. He was instituted Vicar of Crondall or Crundel in Hampshire, 16 June 1750, holding the living until 1776. On 24 January 1776 he was instituted Rector of Kirby Underdale, Yorks., which he held until his death. He was also master of the Charterhouse, Hull. He married Anne, daughter of Nicholas Twigg, of Holme (Hunter, *Familiae Minorum Gentium*, *Hart. Soc. Publ.* xxvii, 347, where there is a pedigree). He died 23 March 1805, aged 83 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 13 April 1805; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1805, p. 386; the death of his widow, aged 88, is announced, *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1815, p. 476; Glover, *History of Derbyshire*, ii, 56, where there is a pedigree). In a letter written from St John's in November 1747 by William Mason (P. 106 no. 40) to William Bryant (P. 94 no. 18) giving details as to College friends, the following passage occurs: "Bourne has done the foolishhest thing that ever a sensible man was guilty

of. He made solicitations to the Duke of Devonshire for a chaplainship to a man-of-war, and is now sailed in the *Ruby*, in Boscawen's squadron for the East Indies. This he did unknown to most of his friends, and without any view of other interest than the bare salary" (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1801, ii, 683-4; Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, ii, 711).

P. 105 no. 18. John Parry, gentleman, son of Love Parry, of Wern, Carnarvonshire, esquire, was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn, 29 March 1742, and was called to the Bar 25 June 1748. He became Benchet of his Inn in 1773, and was Treasurer in 1786. He was returned as M.P. for the county of Carnarvon 27 September 1780, when he is described as of Wernfawr, co. Carnarvon. And he was again returned for the same constituency on 7 April 1784, sitting until 1790. He was Attorney-General for the counties of Carnarvon, Anglesea and Merioneth, and Constable of Conway Castle for many years until his death in October 1797, aged 73 (Williams, *Parliamentary History of Wales*, 63).

P. 105 no. 19. This is probably the Thomas Bernard who was instituted Rector of Little Bardfield, and Rector of Wimbish, Essex, 19 December 1755. Both benefices were vacant in 1774. His widow died in 1791 at Great Bardfield (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1791, p. 187 a).

P. 105 no. 20. Thomas Woodford was ordained Deacon 21 September 1746, and licensed to the curacy of Barkstone, Lincolnshire, and Priest 4 March 1747, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Denton, co. Lincoln, 20 February 1752, and held the living until 1769.

P. 105 no. 21. Roger Sedgwick took the M.B. degree in 1748.

P. 105 no. 22. Owen Jones was ordained Deacon 21 September 1746 by the Bishop of London, and Priest 6 November 1748 by the Archbishop of Canterbury in Kensington Church. He was appointed by Maria, Countess Dowager Waldegrave, to be one of her domestic chaplains (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 28 January 1764). He was instituted Vicar of Mountnessing, Essex, 6 October 1758, and Rector of West Horndon with Ingrave, Essex, 13 February 1764. On 4 February 1764 he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold these two livings, then stated to be of the respective values of £47 and £150, and to be five miles apart. West Horndon was filled up in 1765 and Mountnessing in 1766.

P. 105 no. 23. William Ganton, the father, was probably of Sidney Sussex College, B.A. 1701, A.M. 1705. He was instituted Vicar of Kirk Ella, Yorks., 4 December 1713, resigning this on his institution, 1 November 1722, to the Vicarage of Hesse, Yorks. He held the latter living till 1731. In Bedell Hubbard's Journal (MSS. Cole, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5852) is this entry: "1745-6 Jan. 24, B.A.'s commencement. 86 admitted. A Term excepted for Ganton, Coll. Joh., in these terms: *uno excepto, quo in Regio exercitu contra Perduelles militavit.*" His certificate was a pass from General Oglethorpe. "Permit — Ganton Esq., one of his Majesty's Royal Hunters, to pass and repass without molestation." Robert Ganton was ordained Deacon 25 May 1746 by the Archbishop of York and licensed to the curacy of Darton, Yorks., with a stipend of £20. He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of London, 20 September 1747, and licensed to the curacy of Radwinter, Essex, with a stipend of £40.

Cole in his collections (MSS. Cole xxx, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5831, fol. 100 and fol. 102-3) has the following: "7 November 1758, *Radwinter in Essex*—Passing by this church with my cousin Mr Cock, Rector of Debden, to dine with his curate Mr Ganton, formerly of St John's College, who is married and settled in this parish....The Rev. Mr Allott succeeded Mr Abbott in this Rectory, to which he was presented by Charles, Lord Maynard, this living being an *alternative* in the gift of that noble family and the Bullocks. Mr Allott was a widower, without children I think, and rector of Great Easton in the County of Essex, where he died and was buried, leaving a very considerable fortune to his nephew the Rev. Mr Ganton, of this parish and curate to Mr Cock at Debden. Mr Ganton is a Yorkshireman, as was his uncle if I am not mistaken. Mr Ganton married the Dauter (*sic*) of Mr Kent, a very considerable and rich farmer of Radwinter, by whom he has two daughters, about 7 and 8 years of age. Mr Allott was Fellow of St John's College in Cambridge."

P. 105 no. 24. Richard Gibson was ordained Deacon 5 June 1748 and licensed to the curacy of Quarrington, co. Lincoln; he was ordained Priest 18 December

1748, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He became curate of Holbeach, co. Lincoln, and in 1751 was appointed Master of the Grammar School there. His first wife Ann died in childhood, in 1751; he married again, in Holbeach Church, 29 August 1764, Elizabeth Northon. He was instituted Rector of Fleet, co. Lincoln, 9 August 1782, on the presentation of James Ashley, esq., Fellow-Commoner of Trinity Hall, succeeding the Rev. Richard Fox, to whom he had been curate for thirty years (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 24 August 1782). He held the living with his mastership until his death; he was buried at Holbeach 4 October 1783 (G. W. Macdonald, *Historical Notices of the Parish of Holbeach*, 193). One Richard Gibson was instituted Vicar of Frampton, co. Lincoln, 15 April 1769, vacating it in 1772.

P. 105 no. 25. This is no doubt the John Batty, esq., 'formerly of St John's College, Cambridge,' who died 2 July 1792 at Thorp, near Skipton-in-Craven, aged near 70 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1792, ii, 675 b).

P. 105 no. 26. John Mainwaring was admitted a Fellow of the College 29 March 1748. He was ordained Deacon 25 April, and Priest 5 June 1748 by the Bishop of Ely. He was instituted Rector of Church Stretton, Salop, 2 June 1749 on the presentation of Lord Weymouth. He was admitted Senior Bursar of the College 27 February 1768, and held that office until 1786. He was presented by the College to the sinecure Rectory of Aberdaron, co. Carnarvon, 23 January and instituted 9 February 1787. On 22 August 1788 he was elected Lady Margaret Professor of Divinity on the death of Zachary Brooke. The other candidate was Thomas Kipling (P. 168 no. 25), Mainwaring obtaining thirty-three and Kipling twenty votes (Cooper, *Annals of Cambridge*, iv, 431). He married, at Church Stretton, Salop, on 12 November 1788, Miss Wilding, of All Stretton (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 22 November 1788). Mrs Mainwaring died in Cambridge 11 June 1795 (*ibid.* 15 June 1795). He died at Church Stretton 15 April 1807 (*ibid.* 25 April 1807; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1807, p. 386).

Professor Mainwaring was the author of the following works: (1) *The nature and offices of Pity and Courtesy considered in two Sermons* [on 1 Pet. iii, 8] preached before the University of Cambridge, London 1759, 4to., dedicated to Lord Hyde; (2) *Memoirs of the life of the late George Frederick Handel; To which is added a catalogue of his works, and observations upon them*, London 1760, 8vo., published anonymously. Translated into German with the title *Georg Friedrich Händel's Lebensbeschreibung. Uebersetzt, auch mit einigen Anmerkungen absonderlich über den hamburgischen Artikel versehen* von Legations Rath Mattheson, Hamburg 1761, 8vo.; (3) *The Nature of Compliances, civil and religious, considered in a Sermon* [on Rom. xiv, 22] preached before the University of Cambridge, Cambridge 1764, 4to.; (4) *Differences of Condition considered with respect to learning and morals: in a Sermon* [on Phil. iv, 12] preached before the University of Cambridge, London 1765, 4to.; (5) *Reflections on the Inequality of Religious dispensations: a sermon* [on Acts x, 34, 35] preached before the University of Cambridge, Cambridge 1773; (6) *A Sermon* [on Ps. lxxv, 1] before the University of Cambridge, Cambridge 1775, 4to.; (7) *A Sermon* [on Rom. xii, 19] preached at Cambridge at the Lent Assizes 1776, London, 1776, 4to.; (8) *A Sermon* [on 2 Tim. i, 8] preached before the University of Cambridge 30 November 1777, Cambridge 1778, 4to.; (9) *Sermons on several occasions preached before the University of Cambridge; To which is prefixed a Dissertation on that species of Composition*, Cambridge 1780, 8vo., Dedicated to Dr Chevallier, Master of the College. Cole has the following note on this volume: "Wednesday, 13 December 1780. The Master of St John's called upon me at Milton, when he told me that these sermons, though dedicated to him, were pretty but not deep, and that in the place where he reflects on the Bishops it was because he had been disappointed in his expectations from them and their not noticing him" (MSS. Cole, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5876). In this volume he criticised Dr Ogden's sermons, to which Dr Hallifax replied in a postscript to the preface of his edition of the Sermons of that divine. Mainwaring then published (10) *Remarks on the Postscript of Dr Hallifax's Preface to the sermons of the Rev. Dr Ogden*, Cambridge 1780, 8vo.; (11) *An Essay on the Character of Methodism: in which the leading principles of that sect: the aids that it has borrowed from the writings of the clergy and the influence it has communicated to them are considered and stated.* By the Author of remarks on Dr Hallifax's preface to the Sermons of the late Dr Ogden; Cambridge 1781, 8vo. At p. 59 of this he again criticises Dr Ogden's Sermons; (12) *A Sermon* [on Acts x, 25, 26] preached at the primary visitation of the Bishop of Hereford at

Church Stretton in the County of Salop, Cambridge 1789, 8vo.; (13) A Sermon [on 2 Thess. xi, 7] preached before the University of Cambridge 3 May 1795, Cambridge 1795, 4to.

The following passage with regard to Prof. Mainwaring occurs in Joseph Cradock's *Memoirs*: "It is incumbent upon me to devote some small portion of this memorial to my much honoured friend the Rev. Mr Professor Mainwaring. From the time that he became Fellow of St John's College, he was much connected with Hurd, Gray and Mason, and had the happiness to preserve that intimacy, I believe, uninterrupted to the last. He was greatly respected by them all, and they willingly confessed that his style was as pure and correct as that of Addison. He printed several discourses, which had all been preached at the University Church of Cambridge, a duty which he annually performed, and which cost him, as he declared, an illness; first from the apprehension, and then from the consequences of the effort he had made. He was at times much afflicted with an asthma. His health was afterwards greatly benefited by a tour on the Continent, which he took with the Rev. Dr Fisher, late Bishop of Salisbury. They were at Rome, when Mr Gray and Mr Whitbread were on their travels, and all the learned and elegant English frequently met at Cardinal Bernis' palace, whose splendid table was as full famed as that of Sir Horace Mann, at Florence. Mr Mainwaring was a man of great taste and refinement. He published, without his name, a judicious life of Handel, and would have offered his remarks on painting and sculpture, but he thought the market was already overstocked. ... On the return of Mr Mainwaring to England, he married the sister of a Rev. divine, of Church Stretton, who was both the Curate and Squire of his parish" [probably Richard Wilding, B.A. 1777, of St John's, Rector of Easthope, Salop, who died at All Stretton, Salop, 5 June 1820]. "When the handsome bride, whom he had known from her infancy, had the honour to be presented to Bishop Hurd at Hartlebury, she was diffident, and expressed her apprehensions that his Lordship would rather censure his old friend, for taking a wife so late in life; but the Bishop most courteously replied, 'Till I saw the lady'" (Cradock's *Memoirs*, i, 189-190).

"Whilst I remained a graduate at Cambridge I knew little of Mr Mainwaring, but from reading the discourses which he annually preached, in his turn, at St Mary's; and which, as few could hear them from the pulpit, he always printed. He unfortunately had an asthmatic complaint, and was so fully conscious that he was no orator, that when he returned to the vestry, he generally said, 'Thank God, it is over; and I shall hope to-night to get some quiet rest.' It is much to the credit of his friends that he was never *scraped* but always respectfully attended to, from his known abilities, by the crowded galleries [when a preacher was obnoxious to the undergraduates it was the custom for them to express disapprobation by scraping their feet]. ... He was a most refined scholar, had an excellent taste in the polite arts, and his style is not inferior to Addison's. When concluding one of his early discourses on Pity and Courtesy, he could not have been exceeded by either of his critical friends, Hurd, Gray or Mason. The latter freely borrows from him. Mr and Mrs Mainwaring frequently stopped at my house at Gumley, on their way to Cambridge. The Rev. Sambrooke Russell [of Queen's College, Oxford, B.A. 1754, Rector of Bruntingthorpe], who resided near me, frequently met them. He was as opposite as the poles to Mainwaring; a profound antiquary and rather a satirist. He expressed nothing but amazement at the hypochondriac Professor and his blooming lady; and indeed, the whole University of Cambridge equally expressed their surprise at this wonderful contrast. However, a friend of mine added another odd circumstance. 'You see,' says he, 'the old Professor looking every hour at the thermometer, and sending for his clogs, lest a stone floor should strike chill to his feet; yet just before his marriage I recognized him at dinner at Rome, at the table of Cardinal Bernis, dressed in a handsome suit of velvet, with bag-wig and sword; and had, with his friend Dr Fisher, very elegant apartments in the Piazza di Spagna. He can furnish out, I do not doubt, very elegant conversation; but here he regularly takes his nap after dinner, and in the evening is trotting about the hall for exercise, whilst his accomplished lady is singing Jackson's duet of 'Time has not thinn'd my flowing hair,' with a musical party in the parlour. The lady, not perfectly 'weaned, perhaps, from a world she loved too well,' died at a very early age, of a consumption, at their house at Cambridge" (*Ibid.* iv, 228-234, where some letters from Mainwaring are given).

P. 105 no. 27. William Totton was admitted a Platt Fellow of the College

29 March 1748, and his Fellowship was filled up again in 1755. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Ely 5 June 1748 and Priest by the Bishop of London 23 December 1749. He was licensed to Leytonstone Curacy in the parish of Leyton, Essex, 10 September 1754. He became perpetual curate of Edgware, Middlesex, in 1764, and held this until his death 24 December 1787 (Hennessy, *Novum Repertorium*, 141; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1787, p. 1196).

P. 105 no. 28. Richard Head was ordained Deacon 21 September 1746 by the Bishop of Salisbury, and licensed to the curacy of Compton Chamberlayne, Wilts. He was instituted Vicar of Compton Chamberlayne 9 June 1748 and Rector of Rolleston 6 April 1756, both in Wiltshire. He held both livings until his death in 1800 (Phillipps, *Institutiones Wiltoniae*, ii, 73, 77, 101).

P. 105 no. 29. John Clarkson was ordained Priest by the Bishop of London 15 March 174 $\frac{3}{4}$. One of these names was instituted Vicar of Shepreth, co. Cambridge, 1 August 1749, and held the living until 1766.

P. 106 no. 31. John Carter was ordained Deacon 23 February 174 $\frac{5}{8}$ in the church of St Paul, Covent Garden, by the Bishop of Norwich, and licensed to the curacy of Beccles, Suffolk. He was instituted Rector of South Cove, Suffolk, 1 February 1748, and he was instituted Vicar of Lowdham with Pettistree, Suffolk, 16 June 1756 on the presentation of the King. He held both livings at his death (*Gentleman's Magazine*, lxxvii, 380). There is a mural monument in the church of Pettistree against the east end of the chancel on the north side with the following inscription:—"In a vault beneath | are deposited the remains of | The Rev. John Carter, A.B. | late Vicar of this parish | who in the consoling hope of | a blessed immortality | departed this life | 21 March 1807 aged 84 years. | In filial regard and pious affection | To the memory of a beloved and revered parent | this tablet is inscribed by his eldest son | The Rev. Samuel Carter A.M." (Davy, *Suffolk Collections*, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 19113).

P. 106 no. 32. Richard Venn, the father, was of Sidney Sussex College (B.A. 1712, M.A. 1716), and was Rector of St Antholin, London. He was able to trace his ancestry through an uninterrupted line of clergymen from the Reformation downwards. Henry Venn was born at Barnes, in Surrey, 2 March 172 $\frac{3}{4}$. In 1737 he was sent to a school at Mortlake; in 1739 he was removed to the care of Mr Crofts at Fulham. Thence he went to Mr Catcott's school at Bristol, and in 1741 he was placed under Dr Pitman, at Market Street. Soon after entering St John's he obtained a Rustat scholarship at Jesus College, to which he migrated in September 1742. He took the degree of B.A. in 1745 from that College. He was elected a Fellow of Queens' College, and took his M.A. degree from there in 1749. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of London 14 June 1747, and Priest by the Bishop of Ely in Caius College Chapel 18 June 1749. It is related of him that he was one of the best players of cricket in the University, the week before he was ordained he played in a match for Surrey against All England. On the finish of the game he threw down his bat and announced his intention of playing no more, as he would not have it said of him, 'Well played, Parson.' For about six months after his election to a Fellowship at Queens' he was curate of Barton, co. Cambridge, and officiated for friends at Wadenhoe, Northants, Sible Hedingham, Essex, and elsewhere. In June 1750 he ceased to reside in College, and became curate to the Rev. Adam Langley, Rector of St Matthew's, Friday Street, London, and Rector of West Horsley, Surrey. In 1754 he became curate of Clapham, holding Lectureships at St Alban's, Wood Street, St Swithin's, London Stone, and St Antholin. He married at Clapham 10 May 1757 Eling, daughter of the Rev. Thomas Bishop, incumbent of the Tower Church, Ipswich; this vacated his Fellowship. He was instituted Vicar of Huddersfield, Yorks., 12 April 1759. His wife died there in 1767. His labours at Huddersfield were very arduous and affected his health. He was presented to the Rectory of Yelling, Hunts., a Crown living, by the Lord Chief Baron Smythe, one of the Commissioners of the Great Seal (P. 29 no. 41), and instituted 24 November 1770, then ceding Huddersfield. He held Yelling until his death. The work was less than at Huddersfield, and it was within touch of University life. He married for a second time in July 1771 Catherine Smith, a widow, daughter of James Ayscough, Vicar of Highworth, Wilts. A few months before his death he moved to Clapham, where his son the Rev. John Venn (Sid. Suss. B.A. 1781) was then Rector. He died there 24 June 1797, and was buried in the old churchyard at Clapham.

Henry Venn throughout his life was an earnest and devout man, labouring with all his power in his ministerial duties. His preaching was most impressive and striking, and at Huddersfield he attracted large audiences and had great success. He was at times believed to be Arminian or Calvinistic in his views, and was regarded as one of the teachers of Methodism, as it was called, in the Establishment. His letters shew him to have been of a kindly and genial disposition. A Memoir of his life with a selection from his letters was prepared by his son the Rev. John Venn, Rector of Clapham, and after John Venn's death was completed and issued by the Rev. Henry Venn, Prebendary of St Paul's. This has run through many editions.

Henry Venn published the following: (i) *The perfect contrast; or the entire opposition of Popery to the Religion of Jesus the Son of God; a Sermon on James iii, 17 preached at Clapham 1758, 8vo.*; (ii) *Sermons on various subjects, London 1759, 8vo.*, this was published on his removal to Huddersfield and was dedicated to 'The Gentlemen of Clapham'; (iii) *The Variance between real and nominal Christians considered, and the cause of it explained; a Sermon on Matt. x, 35, 36*; (iv) *The duty of a Parish Priest; a Sermon on Col. iv, 17, 1760, 8vo.*; (v) *Call to observe the Lord's Day, a Sermon on Ezek. xx, 13, 1760*; (vi) *Christ the Joy of the Christian's Life, and Death his gain; a Sermon preached at Haworth on the death of the Rev. W. Grimshaw, B.A., minister of that parish; with a sketch of his life and ministry, 1767, 8vo.*; (vii) *The Complete Duty of Man; or a system of Doctrinal and Practical Christianity. To which are added, Forms of Prayer, and Offices of Devotion, for the various circumstances of Life, London, 1764, 8vo.* This has run through many editions, some of which vary in arrangement. Its object was to counteract the Arminian principles of a work entitled "The whole duty of man, necessary for all families, with private devotions for several occasions," the authorship of which is uncertain; (viii) *Man a condemned Sinner, and Christ the Stronghold to save him, An Assize Sermon [on Zech. ix, 12] at Kingston, Surrey, 1769, 8vo.*; (ix) *A full and free examination of the Rev. Dr Priestley's Address on the Lord's Supper, with some Strictures on the Treatise itself; To which is added a Proof of the incomparable excellency of the Orthodox System, considered in a practical view, London 1769, 8vo.*; (x) *A token of respect to the memory of the late Rev. Mr Whitfield, Bath 1770, 8vo.*; (xi) *Mistakes in Religion exposed, Essay on the Prophecy of Zechariah, London 1774, 12mo.*; (xii) *The Conversion of Sinners the greatest Charity, 1778, 8vo.*; (xiii) *The Deity of Christ; the practical benefit of believing it with a true heart, and the pernicious consequences which follow the denial of it proved. A visitation Sermon at Huntingdon;* (xiv) *Memoirs of Sir John Barnard, kn., M.P. for the City of London, 1786, 4to.*

P. 106 no. 34. Thomas Marshall did not graduate. He probably is the Thomas Marshall who was ordained Priest by the Archbishop of York, 23 September 1741, when he was licensed to the curacy of Beeford with a salary of £30. See the note on P. 63 no. 18.

P. 106 no. 35. William Howdell, the father, was a member of the College, see his admission P. 17 no. 11.

On 21 September 1749 John Howdell had letters dimissory from the Archbishop of Canterbury to be ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Rochester, and he was ordained Deacon by that Prelate 24 September 1749, he was ordained Priest by the Archbishop in Lambeth Chapel 23 September 1750. He was instituted Rector of Bircholt, Kent, 24 September 1750 (Patron, the King, by lapse) and held the living until 1762.

P. 106 no. 36. Francis Dawes was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Ely in June 1747 and licensed to the curacy of Foulmire, co. Cambridge. He was instituted Rector of Elmdon 8 June 1756, and Vicar of Radford Semele 5 October 1761, both co. Warwick. He held both livings until his death at Elmdon in February 1789 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 28 February 1789).

P. 106 no. 37. Moses Griffith did not graduate at Cambridge. He received his medical education at Leyden, where he proceeded doctor of medicine 30 December 1744 (*D. M. I. de Abortu praecavendo*, 4to). He was admitted a Licentiate of the College of Physicians 13 April 1747, and practised for many years in London, but in 1768 withdrew to Colchester, where he is believed to have died in March 1785. He was the author of: *Practical Observations on the Cure of the Hectic and Slow Fevers, and Pulmonary Consumption; to which is added A method of treating several*

kinds of Internal Haemorrhages, 8vo. London, 1775. To Dr Griffith is due the iron mixture of the *Pharmacopoeia* (Munk, *Roll of the Royal College of Physicians*, ii, 165).

P. 106 no. 38. Richard Sedgwick was appointed Second Master of Leeds Grammar School in 1748, and Head Master in 1750. He held office until his death 9 January 1755 (*Register of Leeds Grammar School*, xxx, xxxiii).

P. 106 no. 39. Philip Allen was admitted a Fellow of the College 14 March 174 $\frac{3}{4}$, and remained a Fellow until his death. He was admitted Junior Dean of the College 4 March 1758, and became Senior Dean 3 March 1759, he did not, however, hold the latter office long, as Thomas Frampton succeeded him 5 April 1759. He was for a time incumbent of Holy Sepulchre Parish, Cambridge. He was one of those to whom the authorship of *The Academic* was ascribed (Cooper, *Annals of Cambridge*, iv, 280, note). His mind seems to have given way, as on 25 May 1768, the Master and Seniors passed an order that the insanity of Mr Allen was a weighty cause why he should not be elected as Senior Fellow. He died at Sedbergh, Yorks., early in February 1774 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 19 February 1774).

P. 106 no. 40. William Mason, the elder, was a member of the College (see his admission, Part ii, P. 203 no. 24). He became Vicar of Holy Trinity, Hull, which he held until his death in 1753. William Mason, the younger, was his only son by his first wife Mary. He was born 23 February 172 $\frac{3}{4}$. A pedigree of the family will be found in Foster's *Yorkshire Pedigrees*, and in Hunter's *Familiae Minorum Gentium*, Harl. Soc. Publ. xxxvii, 202. Mason took his degree from St John's in 174 $\frac{1}{2}$. In the autumn of 1747 he was elected a Fellow of Pembroke Hall, but the election was disputed by the Master; the matter was not settled in Mason's favour until February 1749 (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, ii, 711). He was an intimate friend of Thomas Gray the poet, afterwards also a Fellow of Pembroke. Gray in a letter to Thomas Wharton dated 5 June 1748, describes Mason as one of "much fancy, little judgement, and a good deal of modesty. I take him for a good and well-meaning creature; but then he is in simplicity a child, and loves everybody he meets with; he reads little or nothing, writes abundance, and that with a design to make his fortune by it." Soon after taking his degree Mason wrote *Musaeus; a monody to the memory of Mr Pope*, but it did not appear until 1749 when it seems to have been published on the advice of Mr Powell, afterwards Master of St John's. This was followed by *Isis, an Elegy*, London, 1749, 4to.; an attack on the Jacobitism of Oxford. It produced a reply from Wharton, called *The Triumph of Isis*, which Mason confessed to be the better poem. Mason wrote the ode for the Installation of the Duke of Newcastle as Chancellor, published with the title, *Ode performed in the Senate House at Cambridge, July 1, 1749, at the installation of His Grace Thomas Holles, Duke of Newcastle, Chancellor of the University. Set to music by Mr Boyce*, Cambridge, 1749. Gray expressed his approval of this ode, but Mason omitted it from his collected works. About this time Mason seems to have divided his time between London and Cambridge, frequenting such society as cultivated the fine arts and literature. In 1752 he published through the press of William Bowyer *Elfrida, a dramatic poem, written on the model of the antient Greek Tragedy*. It was probably intended for the stage. When Mason had become better known it was produced at Covent Garden by the elder Colman with alterations, which vexed Mason. In 1776 it appeared with Mason's own improvements.

Early in life Mason made the acquaintance of William Warburton, afterwards Bishop of Gloucester, who frequently mentions Mason in his letters. In 1754 Mason seems to have consulted Warburton as to the propriety of taking orders with the view of qualifying himself for a living which had been offered to him. Warburton writing on 24 October 1754 advised Mason if he took orders "to dedicate all his studies to the service of religion, and totally to abandon his poetry," Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, ii, 239. Mason seems to have soon made up his mind on the question. He was ordained Deacon 17 November, and Priest, 24 November 1754, by the Bishop of Chester, in St Margaret's Church, Westminster. He was instituted Rector of Aston, Yorks., 27 November 1754 on the presentation of the Earl of Holderness. He travelled about for a short time with the Earl on the Continent, having been appointed his Chaplain. The rest of his ecclesiastical preferences were as follows. He was collated to the Prebend of Holme Episcopi in York Minster 6 December 1756, ceding this on being appointed by the King Precentor of York Cathedral with the Prebend of Driffield annexed, 11 February 1762. He was instituted Rector of Langton-upon-Swale, Yorks., 17 December 1777,

and again to Aston 19 December 1777. He held these two livings with his Precentorship and Prebend until his death. He was appointed Chaplain to King George II 2 July 1757, and to King George III 19 September 1761. Gray writing to Dr James Brown on 18 July 1762, after a visit to Mason at York, says: "The Precentor is very hopefully improved in dignity. His scarf sets the fullest about his ears; his surplice has the most the air of lawn-sleeves you can imagine in so short a time; he begins to complain of qualms and indigestions from repose and repletion; in short *il tranche du Prélat*." Mason married at St Mary Lowgate, Hull, 25 September 1765, Mary, daughter of William Sherman, storekeeper to the garrison at Hull (*Notes and Queries*, 6 Ser. iv, 346a). His wife died at Bristol 24 March 1767, aged 28, and was buried in Bristol Cathedral, where there is a monument to her memory with some lines by Mason and Gray.

Although Mason had apparently acquiesced in Warburton's advice to abandon poetry, agreeing "that decency, reputation, and religion, all required this sacrifice of him; and that, if he went into orders, he intended to give it up;" his poetical and literary tastes were too strong for his resolution, and he continued to be an author to the end of his life. The following is a list of his chief publications: (i) *Odes on Memory, Independence, Melancholy, and the Fate of Tyranny*, Cambridge, 1756; (ii) *Caractacus, a Dramatic Poem, written on the model of the antient Greek Tragedy*, London, 1759, 4to.; (iii) *Elegies*, London, 1763, 4to.; (iv) *Poems*, 1764, 8vo.; (v) *The English Garden, a Poem in four books*, London, 1772, 1777, 1779, 1782, 4to.; (vi) *Memoirs of Thomas Gray*, London, 1775; (vii) *Ode to the Naval Officers of Great Britain*, London, 1779, 4to.; (viii) *Copious collections of those portions of the Psalms of David, Bible, and Liturgy, which have been set to music, and sung as Anthems in the Cathedral and Collegiate Churches. To which is prefixed, a Critical and Historical Essay on Cathedral Music*, York, 1782; (ix) *Ode to Mr Pitt*, London, 1782, 4to.; (x) *Translation of Du Fresnoy's Art of Painting, in verse*, York, 1783, 4to.; (xi) *Secular Ode in Commemoration of the glorious Revolution*, 1688, London, 1788, 4to.; (xii) *Animadversions on the present government of the York Lunatic Asylum; in which the case of Parish Paupers is distinctly considered, in a series of propositions*, York, 1788, 8vo.; (xiii) *Poems of William Whitehead, with Memoirs of his life*, London, 1788; (xiv) *Essay, Historical and Critical, on English Church Music*, London, 1795. After his death his works were published in 1811 in four volumes. On the death of Cibber in 1757, the post of Poet Laureate became vacant and was declined by Gray. The Ministry are said to have apologised to Mason for not offering it to him, the alleged excuse was that he was in orders, the real reason being his politics.

In 1773 *An heroic epistle to Sir William Chambers* appeared with the name of "Malcolm Macgregor" as the author. This was written by Mason with some hints from Horace Walpole. It was an effective and humorous satire of a work by Chambers on oriental gardening. During the later years of his life politics took up a large part of Mason's energies. He was a staunch Whig, opposed to the war with the American Colonies, and a strong advocate for parliamentary reform. His attitude in these matters being displeasing to the Court he resigned his office as King's Chaplain in August, 1773. In addition to his literary work Mason was a student of music, and a painter of some skill. Besides innumerable sketches of Gray in profile, he painted the poet Whitehead, and an altarpiece of the Good Samaritan for the church at Nuneham. He also composed some church music. Lord Nuneham, in a letter to his father Earl Harcourt, dated 25 October 1776, describing a visit he paid to Mason at Aston, says: "Aston was the very temple of genius and good taste. We had delightful music, and the servants as well as their master are artists. His young footman has produced some excellent etchings and copies well." Mason died at Aston 5 (or 7) March 1797. In the chancel of Aston Church there is a monument to his memory with the following inscription: "To the memory of the Rev. William Mason, M.A. | The influence of his preaching and Christian benevolence, | during an incumbency of forty-three years, | was felt and enjoyed by the parishioners of Aston | who deeply lament the loss of their beloved pastor and friend. | This monument was erected by the Rev. C. Alderson, B.A., | his successor and executor." Mason had erected in the garden at Aston a little summer-house to the memory of Gray, in this Mr Alderson placed a tablet with a medallion and the following inscription: "M. S. | Gulielmi Mason | qui vixit an. lxxii | mens. i | dieb. xii | amico optume merenti | Chris. Alderson posuit | m.dccc." In Poets' corner in Westminster Abbey is a tablet with the inscription: "Optimo viro

Gulielmo Mason, A.M. | Poetae, si quis alius, culto, casto, pio, | sacrum. | Ob. 7 Apr. 1797, Aet. 72."

On the whole Mason enjoyed during his lifetime a fame to which he was hardly entitled. Yet as a literary figure he will always be interesting as the friend and biographer of Gray. He was not a great poet, yet for many years of his life he was England's greatest poet (*Dictionary of National Biography*; Hartley Coleridge, *Worthies of Yorkshire and Lancashire*, 397-462; Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, Index, vol. vii, 256, 625-6; *The Athenaeum*, 24 February 1894, p. 251; Hunter, *South Yorkshire*, ii, 169, 170, where there is an abstract of Mason's will; Davies, *A Memoir of the York Press*, see Index).

P. 106 no. 41. Samuel Norris, son of Edward Norris, of Manchester, Lancashire, *plebeius*, matriculated at Oxford, from Brasenose College, 21 November 1729, aged 18. He took the B.A. degree at Oxford in 1733 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He took the M.A. degree at Cambridge, from St John's, in 1742.

P. 106 no. 43. Atherley should be Adderley, of which parish Benjamin Clive (of Clare Hall, B.A., 1718) was Rector from 1720 to 1735.

Robert Clive was ordained Priest 20 September 1747 by the Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry. He was instituted Rector of Adderley, Salop, 26 July 1750, and Vicar of Clun in the same county 3 March 1766. On 26 February 1766 he was empowered by dispensation to hold the two livings, Adderley valued at £100, and Clun at £240, their distance apart about 30 miles, he was at that time Chaplain to Nathaniel, Lord Scarsdale. He held Clun till 1782 and Adderley until his death. He was collated to the Prebend of *Pratum Minus* in Hereford Cathedral 4 September 1760, holding this until 1769 (Hardy's *Le Neve*, i, 526). He was collated Archdeacon of Salop 2 February 1763, which he held until his death (*ibid.*, i, 484). He was appointed Prebendary of St Peter's, Westminster, 13 October 1778 (*ibid.*, iii, 367), this he also held until his death. He died 15 July 1792 at Moreton, co. Salop (Moreton-Corbet), *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1792, p. 677, where it is stated that he "had been minister between 40 and 50 years," perhaps as curate, for his name does not occur among the institutions to the living.

Archdeacon Clive published *The Christian Religion, agreeable to the natural powers and principles of Man. A Sermon* [on John vi, 44] preached at a Visitation, 12 June, 1770. Shrewsbury, 1770, 8vo. There is a pedigree in Robinson's *Mansions of Herefordshire*, 313.

P. 106 no. 44. George Reynolds, the father, was a son of Dr Richard Reynolds, successively Bishop of Bangor and Lincoln. He was of Trinity Hall, LL.B., 1721, LL.D., and Fellow of Jesus College. He was made Chancellor of the Diocese of Peterborough in 1721, and in 1724 he was presented by his father to the Archdeaconry of Lincoln (Nichols, *Literary Illustrations*, iv, 328; *Literary Anecdotes*, ii, 534, viii, 218). The *Parish Register* of St Andrew's, Holborn, contains this marriage entry: "1724 Dec. 3. George Reynolds, B.C.L. and Chancellor of Dioc. of Peterborough, and Ann Thomson, of St Neots, Hunts., by my Lord Bp. of Lincoln, his father." But there seems to be no doubt that the Christian name of his wife was Elizabeth. The inscription on his tombstone in the chancel of Little Paxton Church, Hunts., bears this inscription: "Here lieth the body of the Rev. Dr George Reynolds... who died June the 6th, 1769, aged 69 years and six months. He married Elizabeth, daughter of Lawrence Thompson, Esq., of St Neots..." Another slab having the inscription: "In memory of Elizabeth, daughter of Lawrence Thompson, and relict of the Rev. Dr George Reynolds... died October 29th, 1784, aged 83" (*Notes and Queries*, 2nd Ser., xi, 350, 399, 496, xii, 18).

Richard Reynolds on entering St John's was placed by his grandfather, the Bishop, under the care of Theophilus Lindsey (P. 101 no. 33). He was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 23 April 1746. After leaving College he was taken in 1746 by John Montagu, fourth Earl of Sandwich, as his private secretary to Aix-la-Chapelle, where he remained during the negotiation of the treaty which takes its name from that city. After his return to England he retired to his estate at Little Paxton, Hunts., declining the engagements of public life. He retained the friendship of Theophilus Lindsey, who visited him in January, 1774, on his way to London after resigning Catterick. His name appears as "of Paxton, Esq." in the list of subscribers to Jebb's works. He was High Sheriff of Cambridgeshire and Huntingdonshire from 5 February 1776 to 31 January 1777. In the floor of the chancel of Little Paxton Church is a black marble slab inscribed to the memory of

"Richard Reynolds, Esq., eldest son of the late Rev. George Reynolds, D.D., and Elizabeth Thompson his wife....Jan. 10, 1814, aged 86 years" (*Notes and Queries*, l. c.; Belsham, *Memoirs of Theophilus Lindsey*, Centenary Volume, 1873, p. 4, 61).

P. 107 no. 1. Richard Reynolds was ordained Deacon 21 September 1746 by the Bishop of Norwich, and licensed to the curacy of Outwell, Norfolk, he was ordained Priest 10 June 1750 by the Bishop of Peterborough. One of these names was instituted Vicar of Leighton Buzzard, Beds., 11 June 1759, and held the living until 1773.

P. 107 no. 2. Thomas Wright was ordained Deacon 7 October 1750 by the Bishop of Ely and licensed to the curacy of Abingdon *cum* Shingay; he was ordained Priest by the Bishop of London 23 September 1753.

P. 107 no. 3. Tristram Exley was ordained Priest 21 May 1749 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed to the curacy of Oadby, co. Leicester. He was instituted Rector of the second moiety of the Rectory of Trowell, Notts., 24 July 1753, and held it until his death at Trowell 19 April 1792 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 28 April 1792).

P. 107 no. 6. Exuper Turner, gentleman, son and heir-apparent of William Turner, of the Borough of Derby, gentleman, was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 7 April 1742, and was called to the Bar 24 June 1748.

P. 107 no. 8. William Irish, gentleman, son and heir-apparent of William Irish, of the Island of Montserrat in parts beyond the seas, esquire, was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 2 May 1741.

One Samuel Martin Irish, only son of William Irish, of the Island of Montserrat, West Indies, esquire, was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn 22 December 1772, and called to the Bar 6 May 1780.

P. 107 no. 9. William Tonge was ordained Deacon 6 March 1747 by the Bishop of Norwich and licensed to the curacy of St Matthew's, Ipswich. He is probably the William Tonge who was instituted Rector of Brauncewell with Anwick, co. Lincoln, 3 September 1760. This living was filled up again in March, 1769. He was instituted Rector of Westerfield, Suffolk, 26 April 1768. He died at Westerfield 29 August 1788, aged 66 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 6 September 1788).

P. 107 no. 11. John Whaley (as he seems to have spelled his name) was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Rochester 5 April 1747. He was instituted Vicar of Rudstone, Yorks., 30 May 1751, and Rector of Huggate, Yorks., 28 April 1760. On 19 April 1760, when he is described as Chaplain to Catharine, Countess of Dundonald, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, their respective values being given as £60 and £150, and their distance apart 15 miles. He ceded Rudstone in 1771, but held Huggate until his death, 29 May 1798, in his 76th year, his "many amiable qualities endeared him to his parishioners" (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1798, p. 539, where he is wrongly stated to be of King's College, B.A., 1731). The Editor of the *Sedbergh School Register*, p. 137, says that he is identical with the John Whalley who was Rector of Middleton St George, co. Durham, to which one John Whalley was instituted 8 April 1746, and the living was vacant in 1798.

P. 108 no. 13. William Chambers was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Ely 5 June 1748 with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Peterborough, and Priest by the Bishop of Peterborough 5 November 1748, being instituted Rector of Achurch with Thorpe Waterville, Northamptonshire, on the same day. He died 4 September 1777. Dr Chambers was a friend of Theophilus Lindsey (P. 101 no. 33), and their friendship continued through life. With Lindsey he held Unitarian views of religious doctrine, but did not, as Lindsey did, resign his benefice. Lindsey describes his friend Chambers as having a mind above all sordid gain, who knew no other use for his fortune than to make others happy. He was remarkable for a constant cheerfulness and innocent pleasantries which much enlivened conversation. His mind was always open to conviction; he had a thirst after all useful knowledge, and spared no pains or cost to attain it....He had long determined never to renew his Subscription to the [39] Articles, and upon this ground had declined considerable preferment in London, which was offered to him by a noble Earl, his relation. He did not however think it necessary to follow Lindsey's example of resigning his living, but he altered the Liturgy in accommodation to his own views of scriptural worship, and

he made it so perfectly Unitarian that Lindsey stated that on visiting his friend he attended public worship in his church with great satisfaction. If these innovations had been officially noticed Dr Chambers was fully prepared to have given up his living rather than have violated his conscience. But such was the popularity of his character, and the moderation of his diocesan, Dr Hinchcliffe, Bishop of Peterborough, that he met with no molestation. He left a widow, who survived him thirty years, and two sons and a daughter (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1777, p. 459*b*; Belsham, *Memoirs of Theophilus Lindsey*, 62 note, 68; Lindsey, *An Historical View of the state of the Unitarian Doctrine and Worship*, 486; Gottlieb Jakob Planck, *Neueste Religionsgeschichte*, i, 467). A writer in the *Gentleman's Magazine* for 1777, p. 565-6, after stating that Chambers had made the best use of his opportunities for study at Cambridge proceeds: "These advantages (the best that were to be had in his native country), he was able to perfect by his travels into Flanders, Holland, France, and Italy; where by viewing this larger scene of men and things, he had a further opportunity of gratifying his inextinguishable thirst after knowledge, especially of the great Creator and His works, and of whatever might adorn human life and benefit mankind. From nature, strengthened by habit, he was moulded into such a temper of kindness and benevolence, that it was his chief delight to be useful to others and to do good; for which he was, in one respect, qualified above many by a turn for medical knowledge, which he diligently cultivated and possessed in so eminent a degree, that his friends valued his judgment before that of the ordinary professors of the art, and profited by it in many dangerous cases; and to the poor at his gate or visiting them in their wretched cabins he freely dispensed the blessing of health and long life." The writer, who signs himself "Plutarch," strongly sympathised with Chambers' religious views. There is a monument to Chambers in All Saints' Church, Derby.

P. 108 no. 14. James Stubbs was ordained Deacon 25 December 1749 and licensed to the curacy of West Walton, Norfolk, he was ordained Priest 3 March 1750, all by the Bishop of Norwich. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 26 March 1751, and remained a Fellow of the College until his death at Hackney in January 1804 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 14 January 1804; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1804, i, 88*b*). The *College Conclusion Book* has the following order: "21 February 1755, Agreed to make Mr Stubbs the usual allowance to persons in his unhappy circumstances." Cole in his collections (MSS. Cole xxi, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5822, p. 28*b*), has a statement of how the Fellows of the College voted at the election of Mr Chevallier as Master of the College, 1 February 1775; Mr Stubbs did not vote, the reason given being that he was insane.

P. 108 no. 15. Thomas Frampton was ordained Priest 24 September 1749 by the Bishop of Salisbury and licensed to the curacy of Broad Hinton, Wilts. Cole in his collections for an *Athenae Cantabrigienses*, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5869, p. 112, has the following note on Thomas Frampton: "Senior Taxor, 1754. In 1769 he went out D.D. at the Public Commencement on the Installation of the Duke of Grafton, at which time he opposed Dr Rutherford, the Professor, in his Act for his Degree, and succeeded with applause. He is a short, light-made man, rather fat, great sporter, and much of a gentleman. Soon after married a Mrs Arbuthnot's daughter, who kept the Hoop Tavern, and is benefited in Suffolk."

He was admitted a Fellow of the College 26 March 1751, became a Senior Fellow 31 May 1768 and his fellowship was filled up in March 1771. He was Junior Dean from 3 March to 5 April 1759; Senior Dean from 5 April 1759 to 22 February 1760, and again from 7 March 1761 to 15 March 1763. Sacrist from 29 January 1767 to 27 February 1768.

He was a candidate for the Mastership of the College on the death of Dr Newcome (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, i, 566, 579; *History of St John's College*, 1042). He was instituted Rector of Ousden, Suffolk, 14 July 1762, and Rector of Starston, Norfolk, 14 April 1769, holding the two livings by dispensation, then worth £400 a year (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 22 April 1769). He married 22 May 1770 Miss Arbuthnot of Cambridge (*ibid.*, 26 May 1770). On 7 April 1770 he was instituted to the sinecure Rectory of St Florence, co. Pembroke, on the presentation of the College. He held all three benefices until his death, which took place at Newmarket 18 June 1803 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 25 June 1803; *Gentleman's Magazine*, lxxiii, 694). He was in the Commission of the Peace for the counties of Cambridge and Suffolk. In the chancel of Ousden Church there is a white marble stone with the following

inscription: " Sacred | to the memory of | Thomas Frampton, D.D., | late Rector of | this Parish | and of Starston in the county of Norfolk | and for many years Fellow of St John's College, Cambridge. | He died June 18th, 1803 | in the 79th year of his age | and is interred in a vault in the | chancel of this church. | Also of Mary Day Frampton | his wife | who died Jan^y 30th, 1808, | in the 61st year of her age." (Davy, *Suffolk Collections*, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 19,102). See the admission of his brother P. 84 no. 44.

P. 108 no. 17. George Turner was ordained Deacon 20 September 1747 and licensed to the curacy of Yaxley, Hunts., and Priest 18 December 1748, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Knipton, co. Leicester, 14 March 175⁹ on the presentation of John, third Duke of Rutland. He was instituted Rector of Bottesford, in the same county, 25 June 1771 on the presentation of John, Duke of Bedford. On 12 June 1771, when he is described as Chaplain to John, Duke of Rutland, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then stated to be of the respective values of £80 and £300, and to be not more than five miles apart. He resigned Bottesford in 1782, having held it 11 years, for his successor the Rev. John Thornton. In 1775 he was seized with a slight stroke of palsy; a second in 1777 deprived him of the use of his right side and incapacitated him from serving his office in the Church. He lived in this state, apparently perfectly happy, till 8 April 1786, when he departed this life sincerely respected by his widow, children and parishioners (*Parish Register* of Knipton, quoted in Nichols, *History of Leicestershire*, ii, 237). There is a monument in the chancel of Knipton Church with this inscription: " In memory of the Rev. George Turner, M.A. | thirty-six years rector of this parish | and several years rector of Bottesford; | one of his majesty's justices | of the peace for this county; | of whom it may justly be said | he lived respected, and died lamented | on the 8th day of April 1786 | in the 62nd year of his age. | Near him are interred four children | who died in their infancy " (*ibid.* 238). His widow died 27 May 1801 at Barrowby, near Grantham (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1801, i, 575 b).

P. 108 no. 18. Jacob Janeway was ordained Deacon 15 March 174⁸ by the Bishop of Hereford in the Chapel Royal, St James, for the Bishop of Norwich, and licensed to the curacy of Wattisfield, Suffolk. He was ordained Priest 25 September 1748 by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed to the curacy of Compton, Beds.

P. 108 no. 20. Ralph Bishop, the father, son of Humphrey Bishop, of Trentham, co. Stafford, matriculated at Oxford from Christ Church 15 June 1721, aged 20. He was a Minor Canon of Rochester Cathedral, 1723–59, Vicar of Halling, 1724–29, and of Hoo, St Werburgh, 1729–59. He was buried in Rochester Cathedral 20 January 1759. Martha, his widow, brought from Chatham, was buried in Rochester Cathedral 15 December 1771 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*; Shindler, *Registers of Rochester Cathedral*, 87, 54, 55).

Ralph Bishop, the son of Ralph Bishop and Martha his wife, was born 5th and christened in Rochester Cathedral 26 May 1726. He was ordained Deacon 24 July 1748 by the Bishop of Rochester, and licensed to the curacy of Ditton with Aylesford, Kent, with a salary of £40. He was instituted Vicar of Halling, Kent, 11 December 1751. The Burial Register of Rochester Cathedral has the following entry: " 1753 December 8. The Revd. Mr Ralph Bishop, junr., Vicar of Halling, Kent. In the Cathedral (from the Precincts), by the Revd. Mr. Cal. Parfect. Adolescens fuit temperans, studiosus, amicusque lugentibus immatura morte praereptus " (Shindler, *l.c.* 19, 53).

P. 108 no. 21. Thomas Denson was ordained Deacon 15 March 174⁸, he was licensed to the curacy of Dodlesdon, co. Chester, 8 November 1748, and ordained Priest 18 December 1748, all by the Bishop of Chester.

P. 108 no. 22. William Burrow was ordained Deacon 19 February 174⁸ by the Archbishop of York and licensed to the curacy of Carnaby, Yorks., with a salary of £20.

P. 108 no. 23. Samuel Hassell was ordained Deacon 21 September 1746 and licensed to the curacy of Carnaby, Yorks., with a stipend of £25; he was ordained Priest 5 June 1748, all by the Archbishop of York.

The *Gentleman's Magazine* for 1752, p. 336, announces the death on 4 July 1752 of the Rev. Mr Samuel Hassell, LL.D., at York. Samuel Hassell of St John's took the LL.B. degree in 1749, but did not proceed to the LL.D. degree.

P. 108 no. 25. Thomas Langhorn was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of London 14 June 1747, and Priest by the Archbishop of York 19 February 1748, when he was licensed to the curacy of Holy Trinity, Hull, with a stipend of £60.

He was admitted a Fellow of the College 14 March 1748, and his Fellowship was filled up again in April 1753; according to a note in George Ashby's commonplace book preserved in the College Library he died 6 March 1752.

P. 108 no. 26. William Arnold was ordained Deacon 25 September 1748 and licensed to the curacy of Cold Hanworth, co. Lincoln (where one John Arnold, probably his father, was Rector), he was ordained Priest 24 December 1749 and licensed to the curacies of Cold Hanworth and Hackthorn, co. Lincoln, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Wainfleet, All Saints, co. Lincoln, 30 August 1751. Charles Myres, who succeeded him, was instituted 24 February 1767.

P. 109 no. 27. *Thomas* seems to be a mistake for *John*. John Roos Waring took the degree of B.A. in 1748. He was ordained Deacon 6 March 1748 in the chapel of Ely House, London, by the Bishop of Norwich, at the request of the Bishop of Hereford. On 7 March he was licensed by the Bishop of Hereford to the curacy of the parish of Withington with the Chapel of Preston Wynne annexed. He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Hereford 2 July 1749, being then curate of Withington. He was instituted Rector of Bishops Castle, Salop, 5 February 1753, and held the living until 1777.

P. 109 no. 28. Robert Jackson was ordained Deacon 14 June 1747 and licensed to the curacy of Hayton, Yorks., and Priest 25 September 1748, all by the Archbishop of York. One of these names was instituted Vicar of Barton-upon-Humber, co. Lincoln, 16 October 1762, and held the living until 1785.

P. 109 no. 29. Richard Townley, the father, was a mercer of Rochdale. He was steward to Alexander Butterworth of Belfield Hall in the parish of Rochdale, who sold him the property on condition that Townley should supply him with "meat, drink, and physic," and maintenance suiting to his position; also keep him in house and a servant for his life, and after his death see that he was buried in a manner befitting his rank. Richard Townley married a daughter of William Greaves of Gartside. Richard Townley the younger was an only son, and succeeded his father in his estates. He was High Sheriff of Lancashire in 1752. He was a friend and patron of Tim Bobbin, of whom he wrote a short biographical sketch which was prefixed to the 1806 edition of his works. He also wrote *A Journal kept in the Isle of Man*, 2 vols., 1791. A caricature of him appears in *Characteristic Strictures or Remarks on 100 Portraits, &c., supposed to be on Exhibition*, London, 1779: He is sometimes said to have been the founder of the Sunday-Schools in Rochdale. This, however, is not the case. What he did was to write a couple of letters on the subject to Robert Raikes, which were published in the *Manchester Mercury* 6 January 1784. He was twice married, first to Miss Western, and secondly to Miss Penny, of Penny Bridge. He died at Ambleside in 1802. From his mother's family he had succeeded to the estate of Fulbourn Hall, co. Cambridge. His son, Richard Greaves Townley, was of Trinity College, B.A., 1773; and a grandson of the same name graduated at Trinity in 1807 (Fishwick, *History of the Parish of Rochdale*, 344; Sutton, *Lancashire Authors*; Burke's *Landed Gentry*, Townley of Fulbourn). Richard Townley is referred to several times by Cole in his collections. In his collections for Cambridgeshire (MSS. Cole xxii, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5823, fol. 216 b), are some notes on the parish of Great Abington. After giving the inscription on the tomb of Thomas Western, who died 8 April 1754, aged 59, he proceeds: "Mr Western left behind him a widow and one son and two daughters. The son, Thomas Western, esq., is now (13 November 1757) about 22 years of age, and unmarried. He was educated at Hitchin under the present Bishop of Sodor and Man (Dr Hildesley), who kept a few young gentlemen in his house, where I have called upon him, from whence he removed to Clare Hall in Cambridge. Of the two daughters, the eldest, Anne, has been long married to Richard Townley of Belfield in Lancashire, esq., and formerly of St John's College, Cambridge, and nephew to Mr Commissary Greaves of Fulbourn. His father was a shopkeeper and steward to Mr Townley of Belfield, who left him his estate on condition to change his name to Townley, who married one of Mr Greaves' sisters. The youngest daughter Frances is yet unmarried, and lives with her mother in London, since the death of Mr Western, who was Justice of the Peace for the County of Cambridge, but never acted." At fol. 217 a Cole gives the following

extract from the *Parish Register* of Gt. Abington: "1727, Anne y^e da. of Thos. Western of Abington Hall and Catherine his wife: bapt. Nov. 29."

P. 109 no. 30. John Cranwell migrated to Sidney Sussex College where he was admitted 24 November 1747. He was elected a Fellow of that College 30 November 1749, he became Praelector in 1751, and was afterwards Tutor of the College. He was instituted Rector of Abbotts Ripton, Hunts, 16 July 1767, and held the living until his death there 17 May 1793. There is an Elegy on his death signed J. W., Wheathamsted, Herts, in the *Cambridge Chronicle* for 25 May 1793, page 4, and a copy of some lines of his written for a monument in the chancel of Fenstanton Church in the same paper for 27 July 1793, page 4. He published: (i) *A poem on the immortality of the soul, translated by J. C.*, 1765, 4to; (ii) *The Christiad, translated from the Latin of Marcus Hieronymus Vida*, Cambridge, 1768, 8vo. He has also copies of verses in the Cambridge Collections: *Gratulatio Acad. Cant. de reditu Georgii II post pacem et libertatem Europae restitutam*, 1748; *Acad. Cant. luctus in obitum Frederici Walliae principis*, 1751. His widow died at Huntingdon, 20 October 1810 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 26 October 1810).

P. 109 no. 31. Charles Cholmondeley, the father, of Vale Royal, co. Chester, was born at Vale Royal 12 January 168 $\frac{1}{2}$, and was baptized the same day at Whitegate. He married at St Clement Danes, London, 22 July 1714, Essex, daughter of Thomas Pitt, of Blandford, co. Dorset. He died 30 March, and was buried at Minshull 16 April 1756. He was returned to Parliament as M.P. for the County of Chester eight times.

Thomas, his third son and heir (the second of that name), was born at Chevening, Kent, 24 June, and was baptized there 17 July 1726. He was returned as M.P. for the County of Chester, 28 April 1756, at a by-election in succession to his father, and again 8 April 1761, at a general election, sitting until 1768. He died 2 June, and was buried at Minshull 8 June 1779. He married, at St James', Westminster, 29 October 1764, Dorothea, second daughter of Edmund Cowper, of Overleigh, co. Chester. She died at the Hot Wells, Bristol, 25 May, and was buried at Minshull 2 June 1786. They left issue (Ormerod, *History of Cheshire*, ii, 158, where there is a pedigree). Cole has a slight reference to Mr Cholmondeley (MSS. Cole xxix, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5830, fol. 53) in his notes on the Church of Over in Cheshire: "The high wind in the spring had quite unroofed the Chancel, which laid quite open to the weather when I was there. But dining this day at Vale Royal with the worthy possessor of that venerable mansion, Mr Cholmondeley, one of the representatives for this county, and who was educated at St John's College in Cambridge, etc."

P. 109 no. 33. Joseph Downes, the father, was chaplain of the Collegiate Church of Manchester. He married at Sheffield, 28 August 1718, Mary Moore, and died in 1739. Charles Downes was ordained Deacon 24 September 1749 by the Bishop of Norwich, in Ely Chapel, Holborn, at the request of the Bishop of Ely, he was ordained Priest 23 September 1750 by the Bishop of Rochester. On 19 February 1754 he was licensed by the Bishop of Chester to be curate of the Chapel at Salford with a salary of £30. He was elected a Fellow of the Collegiate Church of Manchester 26 July 1760, and instituted Rector of St Mary's, Manchester, 26 November 1761, holding both until his death 31 October 1763. He married Sarah, daughter of Thomas Jackson, of Leeds. She died in 1804. They had three children: (i) Charles, born in 1759, of Brasenose College, Oxford, B.A. 1781, and of Gray's Inn, Barrister at Law, he died unmarried in 1839; (ii) Joseph, born in 1763, died unmarried 1783; (iii) Mary, born in 1758, married in 1785, Mr Calverley, banker of Leeds (Finch Smith, *Manchester School Register*, i. 5; Hunter, *Familiae Minorum Gentium, Harleian Soc. Publ.* xxxviii, 694, where there is a pedigree; *Fellows of the Collegiate Church of Manchester, Chetham Soc. Publ.* ii, 269).

P. 109 no. 35. One Edward Brace was ordained Deacon 22, and Priest 27 December 1750 by the Bishop of London. He was "licensed to perform the Ministerial Office in the Island of Barbadoes, one of his Majesty's Colonies in America."

P. 109 no. 36. 172 $\frac{1}{2}$, February 13: Thomas, son of Thomas Eltoft, baptized (Kippax, *Parish Register*). Thomas Eltoft, scholar of St John's College, was buried 19 August 1745 (All Saints, Cambridge, *Parish Register*).

P. 109 no. 37. John Bucknall took the degree of M.B. in 1749.

P. 109 no. 38. Robert Nield took the B.A. degree in 1746 as Nield, and the M.A. in 1758, as Neild. He was ordained Deacon (as Neild) 14 June 1747 by the Archbishop of Canterbury, and on 4 June 1748 he had letters dimissory from the Archbishop, to be ordained Priest by the Bishop of Llandaff.

P. 109 no. 39. Thomas Turner was ordained Deacon by the Archbishop of York, 14 June 1747, the curacy of Sherburn (West Riding) giving him a title. On 14 April 1748, he was married, in York Minster, to Elizabeth Emmerson, of Pigburn in the parish of Brodsworth. He was ordained Priest 25 September 1748, and licensed to the curacy of Bradford, 30 August 1765 (*Yorkshire Archaeological and Topographical Journal*, iii, 117).

P. 109 no. 40. John Allen, son of James Smith Allen, of co. Hereford clerk, matriculated at Oxford from Balliol College 12 November 1728, aged 19. He took the B.A. degree at Oxford in 1732 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He proceeded to the M.A. degree at Cambridge, from St John's, in 1743. He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Hereford 23 September 1733. A John Allen was instituted Vicar of Lyonshall, co. Hereford, 10 August 1742, and held the living until 1778.

P. 109 no. 41. Robert Darwin was christened Robert Waring Darwin. See the admission of his two brothers (P. 132 no. 28 and no. 29). He was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn 18 June 1743 (as son of Robert Darwin of Elston, Notts., esq.) and was called to the Bar 5 February 1751. On the death of his father in 1754 he succeeded to the Elston estate. He died at Elston 3 November 1816, aged 92, he was unmarried (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1816, ii, 476*b*). Besides some papers in the *Philosophical Transactions*, he published *Principia Botanica, or an Introduction to the sexual system of Linnaeus*. His nephew, Robert Waring Darwin (M.D. Leyden), is reported to have said that: "This book in MS. was beautifully written ... and he believed it was published because his old uncle could not endure that such fine caligraphy should be wasted. But this was hardly just, as the work contains many curious notes on biology—a subject wholly neglected in England in the last century. The public, moreover, appreciated the book, as the copy in my possession is the third edition" (Charles R. Darwin, *Life of Erasmus Darwin*, 5; *The Life and Letters of Charles Darwin*, i, 4).

Robert Darwin (the father of Robert Waring) was admitted student of Lincoln's Inn (as second son of William Darwin, late of Lincoln's Inn, *generosus*, deceased) 21 February 170₁, and was called to the Bar 25 May 1709. The records of that Society contain the following curious fact relating to him: "Council held on May 11th, 1719:—An order since the last Council having been made by the Quatuor in commons in the Hall, that no person should bring any dogs into the Hall at Dinner time, it being found very inconvenient, and great disturbance frequently arising thereby; and that Jackson, the Head Porter, should put the order in execution and keep all dogs out of the Hall (to whome soever belonging) whilst gentlemen were at dinner. Complaint was made at this Council that Robert Darwin, esq., a Barrister of this Society, did notwithstanding bring a dog into the Hall at dinner-time, tho' informed of the said order, which was screened for the better publication of it. And the Porter offering to put the said order at execution and to turn his dog out of the Hall, the said Mr Darwin did offer to fling a pot at the Porter's head, and threatened to knock him down; whereby the said Porter was intimidated, and unable to execute the said order.—Mr Darwin now attended, expressed his sorrow and promised to offend no more" (*Records of the Honourable Society of Lincoln's Inn*; *The Black Books*, iii, 256-7). Of this Robert Darwin there is a portrait at Elston Hall—"and he looks with his great wig and bands like a dignified Doctor of Divinity" (*Life of Erasmus Darwin*, 4). William Darwin, the father of Robert (son and heir of William Darwin of Lincoln's Inn, esq.), was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn 17 April 1673. He married the heiress of Robert Waring, through whom he became possessed of Elston Hall. His father again, William Darwin (son and heir of William Darwin, late of Chetham, co. Lincoln, *generosus*, deceased), was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn 24 October 1646, called to the Bar 20 June 1653, called to the Bench 16 May 1671 and ordered to be fined £50 for refusing to come to the Bench 18 November 1673 (*Records of Lincoln's Inn*). He fought for King Charles, and his estates were sequestrated by the Parliament. He ultimately became Recorder of the City of Lincoln (*Life and Letters of Charles Darwin*, i, 2). There is a Darwin pedigree in

Glover's *History of Derbyshire*, ii, 154-5; this has been continued in Howard and Crisp's *Visitation of England*.

P. 110 no. 3. William Broome, the father, was a member of the College (see his admission, Part ii, P. 190 no. 47). He was the friend of Pope, and assisted him in his translation of the *Iliad* and *Odyssey*. 'Storston' should be Stuston, of which the elder Broome was Rector. The *Parish Register* of Stuston has the following entries: (i) among the marriages; "1716 William Broome, clerk, and Rector of this Parish and Mrs Elizabeth Clarke, widow, were married with licence, July the 21st, by me JAS. OLDFIELD, Rector of Brome"; (ii) among the Baptisms: "1722, Elizabeth, daughter of William Broome (Rector) and Elizabeth, his wife, was born on Wednesday, December 5th, a little after six in the morning, and bapt. Tuesday the 18th by Mr Bridge of Palgrave:—1726, Charles John, son of William Broome and Elizabeth his wife, born March 15th 1725-6, about five of the clock in the afternoon, being Tuesday, and bapt. by Dr Whitfield, of Dickleborough, May 18, 1726, being Sunday; the Right Honble Charles Lord Cornwallis and the young Lady Mary, his sister, answering for him, with John Holt, Esq., of Redgrave Hall" (*East Anglian*, iii, 60, 61).

Charles John Broome died, while an undergraduate, of the small-pox, in 1747. An 'Irregular Ode' on his death will be found in *A Collection of Original Poems, Essays and Epistles* by John Werge (P. 119 no. 29), at p. 51, and some Latin verses by C. J. Broome at p. 288 of that volume (Broome's Christian name is there given as William, but it is clear from the context that this is a slip).

P. 110 no. 5. Edward Temple Rich did not graduate. His name is given as Robert Temple Rich in the *Manchester School Register*, i, 16. Edward Pickering Rich, the father, son of Edward Rich of the City of London, matriculated at Oxford from Balliol College 23 January 171 $\frac{2}{7}$, aged 17. He was B.A. 1722, M.A. 1724 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*).

P. 110 no. 6. John Robinson did not graduate. John Robinson of Watermillock, esq. (which explains 'Watermillockes'), was sheriff of Cumberland from 27 January 1769 to 9 February 1770. He died 23 June 1807. The following is the inscription on the memorial tablet of the Robinson family in Watermillock Church: "To the memory | of | John Robinson of Watermillock, esq. | who died the 26 July 1767 | aged 78 years. | William Robinson, of Watermillock, esq. | his son who died the 3 January 1772 | aged 47 years. | Elizabeth Robinson, the widow | of the above named John Robinson, | who died the 5 April 1784. | aged 88 years. | Elizabeth Robinson, the daughter | of the above named John and Elizabeth Robinson, | who died the 15 January 1796, | aged 69 years. | John Robinson, of Watermillock, esq., the son of the above named | John and Elizabeth Robinson, | who died the 23 June 1807, | aged 84 years. | Ann Robinson, the daughter of the above named | John and Elizabeth, who was buried here 19 | October 1818, aged 80 years. | Margaret Robinson, daughter of the above | named John and Elizabeth, who was buried here | 17 December 1826, aged 97 years. | Jane, the wife of John Raw of Barnard Castle and daughter of the above named John and | Elizabeth Robinson, who was buried here 17 May 1810, aged 81 years."

Mr John Robinson, of Watermillock, was uncle to the Rev. John Robinson Hutchinson, many years Fellow of the College, and Founder of the Hutchinson Studentship. In some letters of Mr Hutchinson the following passages occur with regard to John Robinson: "I am indebted to him for this small estate (Hurrock Wood) and one third of Rampside Hall estate near Barrow"... "I have his large Ainsworth's *Latin Dictionary* with 'J. Robinson, St Jo^{ns} Coll.' in red ink on the fly leaf, but that is the only proof I have, except orally, from my father, that he was a member of St John's College. In Walker's *History of Penrith*, p. 100, he is referred to as follows: Whitfield who shot Mr Milbourn's steward of Armathwaite Castle, was hung and gibbeted in 1770, on Barrockside. His pistols are in the possession of Mr Richard Hudson (my late brother-in-law), whose great uncle, Col. Robinson of Watermillock, was High Sheriff at the time of his execution"... "It is very interesting for me to learn that Col. Robinson attended Barton School, which I used often to pass in going to Terrill 'College' to read mathematics with Mr Slee, a Quaker, where I had rooms at one time between the late Dr Cookson's and Bishop Barker's, of Sidney. From Parson and White's *History of Cumberland and Westmoreland*, 1829, p. 579, it appears to have been a good School formerly, and endowed with an estate at Howgill near Sedbergh; but

it was pulled down some years ago and removed from near the road to a new position. The Robinsons originally came from Satterthwaite, near Hawkshead, I think. One bought Rampside Hall about 1700, and he or a descendant married Miss Dobson, of Watermillock House, and heiress, where they afterwards resided."

P. 110 no. 7. Charles Prowse (the father), son and heir of John Prowse, of Croyden, co. Somerset, gentleman, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 7 February 171 $\frac{1}{2}$, and was called to the Bar 23 May 1718. One Charles Prowse, son of John Prowse of Old Cleeve, Somerset, gentleman, matriculated at Oxford from Balliol College 15 March 171 $\frac{1}{4}$. One John Prowse (perhaps the member of St John's) was presented by the Archbishop of Canterbury, by lapse, to the Vicarage of East Brent, co. Somerset, where he was instituted 20 March 17 $\frac{3}{8}$. He vacated this on his institution to the Rectory of Camerton, Somerset, on 12 April 1750. He was collated to the Prebend of Combe (3) in Wells Cathedral 12 July 1765. Both these pieces of preferment were vacant in 1800.

P. 110 no. 9. Joseph Saunders was ordained Deacon 23 December 1750 and licensed to the curacy of North Wingfield, co. Derby, he was ordained Priest 22 September 1751, all by the Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield. He was instituted Vicar of Carswell or Caverswall, co. Stafford, 17 March 1773, and held the living until 1791.

P. 110 no. 11. This is probably the George Blount, esq., of Henley-on-Thames, bachelor, aged 28, who on 1 January 1753 was licensed to marry Esther Thibou of St James', Westminster—widow, 24—at St James' or St Martin-in-the-Fields (Foster, *London Marriage Licenses*).

P. 111 no. 12. Francis Ballidon Wilmot was the son of Edward Wilmot of Spondon and Derby, by his wife Catherine Cassandra Isabella, eldest daughter and co-heiress of William Coke, of Trusley, co. Derby. He married Elizabeth, daughter of Richard Wilmot, of Derby. This Richard Wilmot was a Fellow of the College (see Part ii, P. 121 no. 8). Francis Ballidon Wilmot succeeded to estates at Spondon, Trusley, and Derby. Francis Wilmot, his only son, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 24 June 1775, and was called to the Bar 6 February 1784. He was afterwards ordained, and died Rector of Trusley and Pinxton 21 April 1818. He was of St John's College, Oxford (Glover, *History of Derbyshire*, ii, 208; Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*; Major J. T. Coke, *Coke of Trusley, a family history*, 56, 57).

P. 111 no. 13. Although the name is spelled Wilmott in the College Register, this Richard appears as Richard Wilmot, B.A. 1747 in the printed *Graduati Cantabrigienses*. Richard Wilmot, of St John's, was ordained Priest by the Archbishop of York 23 September 1750. One of these names was instituted Rector of Wyrardisbury with Langley, Bucks, 16 January 1758, ceding it on his institution to the Rectory of Woolavington, Somerset (in the gift of the Dean and Chapter of Windsor) 15 July 1763. He died at Derby 14 December 1800, aged 72 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 27 December 1800).

P. 111 no. 14. Richard Barry was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Hereford, 25 December 1749. He is probably the Richard Barry who was instituted Rector of Upton Scudamore, Wilts, 13 March 1766 on the presentation of Catherine Barry of Bitton, co. Gloucester, holding the living until his death in 1779. Richard Barry, the elder, son of Richard Barry, of Upton Scudamore, Wilts, matriculated at Oxford from Queen's College 13 March 171 $\frac{1}{4}$, aged 19; B.A. 1714, M.A. 1717. He was instituted Vicar of Bitton, co. Gloucester, 27 June 1724; Rector of Upton Scudamore 9 December 1749 on his own petition, there succeeding his father; and Vicar of Preston and Sutton Poyntz, Dorset, 23 June 1752, holding all three livings until his death in 1766. Richard Barry, the father of the Oxford man, was instituted Rector of Upton Scudamore 30 September 1691, holding it until his death in 1749 (Phillipps, *Institutiones Wiltoniae*, ii, 73, 82, 90; Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*).

P. 111 no. 15. The Rev. J. Ingle Dredge, Rector of Buckland Brewer, Devon, sends the following notes:

Edward Chichester, the M.A., son of Henry, was admitted to the Rectory of Berry Narbor, Devon, on the death of his father, 3 November 1714, on the presentation of Sir Nicholas Hooper, bart., true patron, *pro hac vice*. He married Elizabeth,

daughter of John Hody and heiress to her brother John Hody, both of Northover. He was elected Fellow of All Souls in 1712. Also Vicar of Northover, co. Somerset (Gardiner, *Registers of Wadham College*, i, 420; Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*).

The *Parish Register* of Berry Narbor contains the following entries:

1724. Henry, son of Edward Chichester, Rector, baptized 10 March.

1730. Edward Chichester, Rector, Dy'd and was Bury'd at Northover near Illchester, 2 December.

This Henry Chichester was of Northover and Stoke House, Stoke St Michael, co. Somerset. He married three times:

1. Mary, daughter and heiress of William Norman, of Stoke House, who died 21 March 1766, aged 40, and was buried at Stoke St Michael. The issue of this marriage was

i. John Hody Chichester, born 1752, died 6 May 1834.

ii. William Henry Chichester, born 1754, died 14 March 1766.

2. Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Sir John Prideaux, of Netherton, co. Devon. She died without issue, 15 August 1794, aged 62.

3. Eleanor, daughter of William Coupland, of Cannon Street, London, and of Barrow in Furness, by whom he had issue two sons. She died October 1835, aged 63; and her husband Henry Chichester died 26 November 1799 and was succeeded by the elder son of his first marriage.

Mr Dredge adds: These particulars of Henry Chichester have been given me by L. C. Webber-Incedon, Esq., of the Dene, Dunster.

P. 111 no. 16. William Clarke was ordained Priest by the Archbishop of York, 28 May 1749, and licensed to the curacy of Knolton Owlthorpe, Notts, with a stipend of £30 and surplice fees. One of these names was instituted Vicar of Attenborough with Bramcote, Notts, 30 October 1767, and held this living until 1783.

P. 111 no. 17. Richard Vaughan, son and heir of John Vaughan, of Shenfield Place, co. Essex, esquire, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 4 March 1749, and was called to the Bar 28 November 1746.

P. 111 no. 18. The Christian name should be Edwards, by which name he graduated. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 14 March 1748, and held his fellowship until 1760 when he was succeeded by his brother (P. 142 no. 16). He was ordained Deacon 30 June 1751 by the Bishop of Rochester, and in 1752 was licensed Perpetual Curate of Strood, Kent, on the nomination of the Dean and Chapter of Rochester. He was ordained Priest at Cambridge 24 March 1754 by the Bishop of Chester. He was instituted Vicar of Minting, co. Lincoln, 9 October 1755. On 14 April 1759 he was presented by the College to the Vicarage of Higham, Kent, and instituted 20 April. On 4 March 1762 he was instituted to the Rectory of North Stoneham, Hants, then ceding Higham. He was then Chaplain in Ordinary to King George III. (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1762, p. 95). He held Minting and Stoneham until his death 9 December 1810. He was a J.P. for Hants, (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 21 December 1810; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1810, p. 665). Cole has the following note on Mr Beadon among his notes on the Rectors of North Stoneham (MSS. Cole xxxviii, fol. 466, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5839): "Given by the king (on a dispute as to title) February 1762 to Mr Edward (*sic*) Beadon, one of his chaplains in ordinary, Fellow of St John's College in Cambridge and Tutor to the Earl of Bute's son. Mr Beadon married a daughter of Dr Watson, an apothecary and afterwards a physician of London and Fellow of the Royal and Antiquary Societies."

P. 111 no. 19. Robert Tristram Lucas, son and heir of Robert Lucas, of Brampton, co. Devon, esquire, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 16 March 1742. Robert Lucas (the father) was High Sheriff of Devon in 1742.

P. 111 no. 21. John White the father was a member of the College, see Part ii, P. 160 no. 14. Thomas White was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Ely 5 June 1748; he was instituted Vicar of Fulbourn, All Saints, Cambridgeshire, 23 March 1750. He died 27 November 1756 aged 31 and is buried in the church of Stokeby-Nayland (see the note on his father).

P. 111 no. 23. Thomas Dockwray was ordained Deacon 24 May 1752 and Priest 18 March 1753 by the Bishop of Ely. He succeeded his uncle (Thomas Dockray of St John's, admitted 23 May 1706, Part ii, P. 180, no. 38) on 28 August

1753 as Afternoon and Holiday Lecturer of St Nicholas Church, Newcastle. He held this office till 1783. On 12 February 1757 he married Hannah, daughter of Robert Ellison, Esq., of Otterburn, J.P. for Northallerton. He was instituted Vicar of Stamfordham, Northumberland, 18 December 1761 on the presentation of king George III. The following inscription may still be seen on the walls of the Vicarage house "*Ædes hæc refecit Thomas Dockwray MDCLXII.*" He published *A Sermon preached in St Nicholas Church, Newcastle, before the Governors of the Infirmary 26 June 1754, to which is added an account of the rise, progress and present state of that establishment.* Printed in 4to. at Cambridge. He was twice chosen to represent the clergy of the Archdeaconry of Northumberland in Convocation. He died 14 December 1785 (Mackenzie, *History of Newcastle-upon-Tyne* i, 289; Surtees, *History of Durham*, ii, 79; *Scholæ Novocastrensis Alumni*, Part ii, 15).

P. 112 no. 26. Richard Meddowcroft was ordained Deacon 15 October 1752 by the Bishop of Chester and licensed to the chapel of Euxton in the parish of Leyland, co. Lancaster, on the nomination of John Armetriding, of Armetriding in Euxton, gent. He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Carlisle, at Fulham, acting for the Bishop of London 23 December 1753, and licensed to the curacy of Ingatestone, Essex. He was instituted Vicar of Margaretting, Essex, 9 April 1757, and held the living until 1799. He graduated as Meddowcroft, but seems afterwards to have spelled his name Meadowcroft.

P. 112 no. 27. Charles Knowlton was ordained Deacon 23 September 1750 and licensed to the curacy of Barnby, Yorks., with a stipend of £30; he was ordained Priest 24 September 1752, all by the Archbishop of York. He was instituted Rector of Keighley, Yorks., 7 April 1753, and held the living until his death at the Rectory 26 January 1814 in his 87th year. The *Gentleman's Magazine* (1814, Part i, p. 202) gives the following account of him: "He was one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the West Riding of Yorkshire; formerly Domestic Chaplain to the last Earl of Burlington, by whom he was presented to the Rectory of Keighley in April 1753, which he enjoyed upwards of 60 years and nine months; and what is extraordinary attended 61 visitations at Skipton, and was absent from his church one Sunday in the year on an average during the whole of that period, and seldom more than one in any single year. He never had a curate, but did all the duty of his populous and extensive parish himself to the satisfaction of his numerous parishioners, with whom he lived, like a good pastor, in perfect amity; beloved by the churchmen, and, although a faithful and zealous advocate and supporter of the Established Religion, possessed of the respect, confidence and esteem of the Dissenters of every denomination, by all of whom his loss is generally and sincerely lamented; for he preferred living in peace with all, and in the conscientious discharge of his ministerial duties to a nice and scrupulous exacting of his tithes and dues; enforcing the doctrine he taught by a practical example of Christian virtues and moral rectitude. He laboured in his calling to the last day of his life, for he buried a corpse the evening before he died, went to bed as well or rather better than he had been for some time, and was a corpse himself before daylight the next morning; with perfect resignation receiving the awful summons, and closing a useful, long, active, and exemplary life, spent without ostentation, but with meekness and humility, in the performance of the duties of his calling as a clergyman. In his character as a Magistrate he was not less useful and correct, being humane, loyal, just, and firm."

P. 112 no. 28. Jonathan Johnson took the degree of LL.B. in 1751. One of these names was instituted Vicar of Inglescombe, Somerset, 17 August 1764, on the presentation of Frances Cotherall, spinster. His successor was instituted in 1766. A Jonathan Johnson was instituted Rector of Llandyssil, co. Montgomery, 15 November 1765 and held the living until 1807.

P. 112 no. 29. On 23 December 1749 the Archbishop of Canterbury granted letters dimissory to William Robinson, B.A. of St John's College, Cambridge, to be ordained Priest by the Bishop of Hereford, who ordained him December 25th.

P. 112 no. 30. Francis Ilderton was admitted a Fellow of the College 17 March 1752 and held his Fellowship until his death in 1760. He was ordained Deacon 16 December 1748 and licensed to the curacy of Great Braxted, Essex, 19 December, he was ordained Priest 22 September 1754, all by the Bishop of London.

P. 112 no. 33. This is perhaps the John Morton who was instituted Rector of Boultham, co. Lincoln, 24 September 1750; Vicar of Crowle, co. Lincoln, 24 November 1752, ceding this on being instituted Rector of Conisholme, co. Lincoln, 1 July 1767, ceding Conisholme on being instituted Rector of Great Oxenden, Northamptonshire, 19 September 1773, holding this latter living with Boultham until 1786.

P. 112 no. 34. Timothy Browne probably migrated to Peterhouse, one of these names graduating from that College (B.A. 1747, M.A. 1772). He was instituted Rector of Ardingley, Sussex, 28 January 1757, and Rector of West Hoathley 6 June 1772. He held both livings until his death; he was buried at Ardingley 3 November 1804 (Mr E. H. W. Dunkin).

P. 112 no. 35. Adam Newling, the father, was of Jesus College, B.A. 1711, he was Vicar of Montford and Shrawardine, and Rector of Fitz, Salop. He married a sister of William Clarke, Rector of Buxted, Sussex (Part ii, P. 204 no. 38).

Charles Newling was ordained Deacon 21 May 1749, when he was licensed to the Curacy of Caxton, and Priest 25 December 1751, when he was licensed to the Curacy of Foxton, all by the Bishop of Ely. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 17 March 1752 and his Fellowship was filled up again 17 March 1755. He was nominated by the College to be Headmaster of Shrewsbury School 6 July 1754 and admitted by the Mayor 3 October following. His appointment was a great success and he brought the school into a very high state of reputation. He had generally more than 60 boarders in his house, many of whom were from the principal families in the neighbourhood, by all of these his memory was highly venerated. Dr Adams, Master of Pembroke College, Oxford, while Newling's appointment was under consideration, in a letter to Dr John Taylor dated 19 June 1754 writes: "I heartily wish Mr Newling success in this affair, whom I look upon as the likeliest, if not the only person, to retrieve the credit of the School." One of his scholars wrote thus in after life of him: "Mr Newling was a perfect gentleman in manners; his countenance was extremely handsome. From everything like assumption he was indeed most remote, and his conversation displayed a genuine good humour which put the younger persons that were admitted to his company quite at their ease." (Fisher, *Annals of Shrewsbury School*, 238; *History of Shrewsbury School*, Adnitt and Naunton, 128, 129). While at Shrewsbury he was Official of St Mary's, Shrewsbury, from 29 October 1760 until 2 July 1771. He was instituted to the Rectory of Pontesbury, Salop (second portion), 29 November 1764, holding this for Mr Edward Leighton until 1769. He resigned his Headmastership 25 December 1770. He was presented by Archbishop Cornwallis of Canterbury to his Grace's option of the Prebend of Sawley (alias Swaley, or Sallow) with the Treasurership of Lichfield Cathedral, and the Rectory of St Philip, Birmingham, 20 August 1770, and was instituted on the 25th. He had become known to the Archbishop by having superintended in earlier life the studies of two of his Grace's relations at Cambridge, Thomas Townshend, afterwards Viscount Sydney, and his brother Henry Townshend, afterwards a Lieutenant-Colonel. In his letter to Mr Newling, offering him the preferment, the Archbishop says: "I promised Mr Townshend to do something for you long ago if an opportunity offered, which did not during my continuance in that diocese (*i.e.* Lichfield and Coventry). I am now at liberty to make you an offer of this preferment, which I do with pleasure, as thinking you equal to the undertaking, though of no small consequence...The duty is great, and requires a man of prudence and ability to execute it well, and as such I take you to be...you may imagine I have been much solicited about the disposal of it, but have thought it of so much consequence that my chief consideration has been how to dispose of it for the real advantage of the parish and my own credit. If you accept it, I am satisfied I shall have obtained these points, which will be real satisfaction to me" (*History of Shrewsbury School*, 129). Mr Newling was instituted to the 'right portion' of the Rectory of Westbury, Salop, 8 May 1772, having on 22 April received a dispensation to hold this Rectory (valued at £150) with that of St Philip, Birmingham (valued at £300), the livings being stated to be not more than 30 miles apart. He held both until his death at Westbury, 17 March 1787. He was buried at Shrawardine, where there is a monument to his memory. There is also a monument to him in St Philip's, with the following inscription: "Sacred to the memory | of the Rev. Charles Newling M.A. | Rector of this Church | and of the first Portion of Westbury, in the county of Salop; | who died March 17, 1787,

in the 60th year of his age. | As a sincere and lasting Testimony | of their affection and esteem, | and from a perfect knowledge of his real worth, | and numerous virtues, | the Parishioners have erected this monument to the memory | of their most valued Friend, and highly respected Pastor" (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, iv, 692).

* P. 113 no. 37. Morgan Price was ordained Deacon 30 May 1748 and licensed to the Curacy of Staunton upon Arrow, he was ordained Priest 3 September 1749 and licensed to the Curacy of Eaton Bishop; all by the Bishop of Hereford. He held the following preferments, all in Herefordshire. Instituted Vicar of Bodenham 4 November 1756, ceding this on being instituted Vicar of Brinsop 11 August 1758. He ceded Brinsop on being instituted Vicar of Weobley 31 July 1760; he was instituted Rector of Byford 1 December 1781, and again Vicar of Weobley 3 December 1781. Both Byford and Weobley were filled up again in 1782.

P. 113 no. 38. Coulson Fellowes, son and heir-apparent of William Fellowes of Lincoln's Inn, a Master of the Bench, was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn 27 July 1714, and was called to the Bar 4 February 172 $\frac{3}{4}$. William Fellowes (father of Coulson Fellowes), son and heir-apparent of William Fellowes, of the City of London, gentleman, was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn 2 November 1678, and was called to the Bar 4 November 1686. He became a Bencher of the Inn, being called 12 May and sat 23 June 1708. He was Treasurer in 1718. He was a Master in Chancery 1708–1724, and a Trustee of forfeited estates in Ireland in 1700.

William Fellowes (of St John's) was the eldest son of Coulson Fellowes (of Hampstead, Middlesex, Park Place, near St Ives and Ramsey Abbey, Hunts. and Eggesford, Devon) by his wife Urania, daughter of Francis Herbert, of Oakley Park, Salop, and sister of Arthur Herbert, Earl of Powis. He married in 1768 Lavinia daughter and co-heiress of James Smyth of St Audries, Somerset (Burke, *Peerage*, Lord De Ramsey). William Fellowes was elected M.P. for Andover, co. Southampton, 11 August 1784, and again 16 June 1790, holding the seat until 1796. He was sheriff of Cambridgeshire and Huntingdonshire, 1 February 1779 to 2 February 1780. He died 3 February 1804 in Upper Grosvenor Street, London (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1804, i, 157).

P. 113 no. 39. Richard Learoyd was ordained Deacon 25 September 1748 and licensed to the curacy of Huddersfield with a stipend of £15, he was ordained Priest 10 June 1750; all by the Archbishop of York.

P. 113 no. 40. Joshua Smith was born at Bingley 14 November 1725. He was ordained Deacon 5 June 1748 by the Bishop of Ely, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Norwich. He married Elizabeth Briggs, daughter of the Rev. Dr Henry Briggs, sometime Rector of Holt, Norfolk (she was born 17 August 1731). He was presented by his wife to the Rectory of Holt and instituted 26 April 1750; he was instituted Vicar of Gorleston, Suffolk, 25 November 1777. He held both livings until his death 12 February 1804 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 18 February 1804). He was father of Joshua Smith, Fellow of the College, B.A. 1780. Joshua Smith, the younger, succeeded his father as Rector of Holt on his mother's presentation. Mrs Smith died 30 September 1810 aged 80 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 12 October 1810).

P. 113 no. 41. Thomas Gisborne was the second son of James Gisborne, Rector of Staveley and Prebendary of Durham. He took the degree of B.A. 1747, M.A. 1751, M.D. 1758. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 10 April 1753, became Senior Fellow 30 June 1769 and held his fellowship until his death. He was admitted a Candidate of the College of Physicians 30 September 1758, and Fellow 1 October 1759. He delivered the Gulstonian Lectures in 1760; was Censor in 1760, 1768, 1771, 1775, 1780, and 1783. Elect 28 June 1781; and President of the College of Physicians 1791, 1794, 1796 to 1803 inclusive. He was also Physician to St George's Hospital, to which office he was elected 24 January 1757, resigning it in 1781. He was also Physician in Ordinary to the King. He died at Romeley, co. Derby, 24 February 1806 (Munk, *Roll of the Royal College of Physicians*, ii, 227–8; *Annual Register*, 1806, *Chronicle* 32*; there is a Gisborne pedigree in Glover, *History of Derbyshire*, ii, 217). In C. R. Pemberton's Harveian Oration, delivered 18 October 1806, Gisborne is referred to as follows: "Praefuit huic Societati per multos annos, egregia sibi laude, et integritatis suae opinione; postremo ut eam,

qua hanc Societatem coluit, benevolentiam ostenderet, testamento multos libros precio carissimos nobis legavit."

During his lifetime he gave £400 towards certain alterations in the first Court of the College. By his will dated 8 February 1804 he bequeathed "of his books in London all such as shall be deemed in the opinion of Dr Budd purely medical to the Library of the College of Physicians, London, all the rest to the Library of St John's College." He was possessed of many books both in London and at his Derbyshire residence, and in both places were collections of prints, some bound in the manner of books, others in portfolios, some loose, some with letterpress and some without. The opinion of Counsel was taken, and was to the effect that the College had no claim to the books in Derbyshire or to the prints unless bound together as books. Many books however came to the library, and Gisborne's arms have been placed in the west window.

Thomas Gisborne is mentioned several times in the letters of the poet Gray, whom he attended in his last illness. Mitford in his notes on the letters mentions that he had met Gisborne at the dinner-table of Sir Isaac Pennington. "He was rather short and corpulent. When the Government of the day agreed to purchase John Hunter's Museum, the offer of being the conservators of the collection was made to the College of Physicians through Dr Gisborne, the President of the College. He put the letter in his pocket, forgot it, and the offer was never brought before the Council of the College. The Government subsequently made an offer of it to the College of Surgeons, who accepted it" (*Gray's Works*, ed. Gosse, 1884, iii, 67). The following is taken from the *Cambridge Chronicle* of 29 October 1808: "Dr Beddoes in a late publication 'on the abuses in medicine' relates the following anecdote. 'One of the Princesses being took ill and Dr Gisborne in attendance, her Royal Highness enquired of the doctor if she might not indulge in the use of a little ice-cream, as she thought it would greatly refresh her. Dr Gisborne, who never contradicted his Royal patients, answered that he entirely agreed with her Royal Highness, and the ice was accordingly provided. His Majesty visiting the chamber, and observing the glass with some of the ice still remaining in it, seemed alarmed, on the supposition that it might be improper; but her Royal Highness assured him that she had the doctor's permission for what she had done. His Majesty ordered the doctor into his presence, and observing to him that he had never heard of ice being recommended in such cases before, expressed his apprehension that it was some new system. The doctor seemed a little confounded, but quickly recovering himself replied, 'Oh no, your Majesty, it may be allowed, provided it be taken warm.' 'Oh, well, well, doctor, very well, very well, warm ice, warm ice.' His Majesty seemed to be much entertained, and for some time afterwards always took the opportunity of asking those he was accustomed to meet whether they had heard of Dr Gisborne's system of warm ice.'"

P. 113 no. 42. Benjamin Hancock, the elder, son of Humphrey Hancock, of Bristol, gent., matriculated at Oxford from Trinity College 9 March 1714, aged 17; B.A. 1717, M.A. 1720. He was instituted Rector of Breane and also Rector of Uphill, co. Somerset, 11 December 1725, holding these livings until 1765 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*).

Benjamin Hancock, the younger, was probably the person of that name instituted Vicar of Wiveliscombe, co. Somerset, 9 October 1754, holding the living until 1767.

P. 113 no. 43. James King Wragge was ordained Deacon 5 June 1748 and licensed to the curacy of Wragby, co. Lincoln, he was ordained Priest 18 December 1748, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Galby, co. Leicester, 19 December 1748 and held the living until 1783.

P. 113 no. 44. Simon Jackson graduated as Jacson (B.A. 1748, M.A. 1761) which seems to be the proper form of the name. He was ordained Deacon 24 September 1752 and Priest 17 June 1753, by the Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry, in each case with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Chester. He was instituted Rector of Bebington, co. Chester, 20 August 1753 on the presentation of Roger Jacson, this he ceded in 1777. He was instituted Rector of Tarporley, co. Chester, 6 September 1787 and held it until his death 15 April 1808. He married in 1749 Anne, elder daughter of Richard Fitzherbert, esq., of Somersall, co. Derby (by Margaret, his wife, daughter and co-heiress of Colonel John Shallcross, of Shallcross Hall, co. Derby). (Burke, *Landed Gentry*, Jacson of Barton; Earwaker, *East Cheshire*, ii, 406; Ormerod, *History of Cheshire*, ii, 439).

P. 113 no. 45. Graduated as Bleasdale, B.A. 174 $\frac{3}{4}$. He was ordained Deacon 6 March 174 $\frac{3}{4}$ by the Bishop of Norwich in the chapel of Ely House, and licensed to the curacy of Weeting, Norfolk.

P. 113 no. 46. See the admission of his father Part ii, P. 200 no. 23 and the note thereon. William Smith the younger was ordained Deacon 19 February 174 $\frac{3}{4}$ by the Bishop of Ely with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Norwich and Priest 24 December 1749 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of St Paul's, Bedford, 25 December 1749. He was collated to the Prebend of Bedford Magna in Lincoln Cathedral 25 November 1749 and installed 25 February 174 $\frac{9}{10}$ (Hardy's *Le Neve*, ii, 108). He was instituted Rector of Barton in the Clay, Beds., 28 September 1757. On 20 September 1757, when he is described as Chaplain to Dr John Thomas, Bishop of Lincoln, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold the Vicarage of St Paul's (valued at £30) with the Rectory of Barton (valued at £180), the two livings being 16 miles apart. He held them both with his prebend until his death in 1782.

P. 110 no. 2. Edward Herbert, the father, of Muckruss, co. Kerry, was M.P. for Ludlow, Salop, 1756–1770. He married the Hon. Frances Browne, daughter of Nicholas, second Viscount Kenmare.

Thomas Herbert, son and heir of Edward Herbert, of 'Muckerus,' co. Kerry, Ireland, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 1 November 1743, and was called to the Bar 23 November 1750. He was returned as M.P. for the borough of Ludlow, Salop (on his father's death), 3 November 1770. He married first, Anne daughter of John Martin, esquire, of Overbury, co. Worcester; and second, Agnes, daughter of the Rev. Francis Bland (Burke, *Landed Gentry*, Herbert of Muckruss).

See the admission of younger brothers P. 116 no. 1; P. 129 no. 30.

P. 114 no. 3. The name should be Laybourne, in which name Henry Laybourne graduated and was ordained.

Henry Laybourne the father was probably a member of the College (see Part ii, P. 217 no. 18).

Henry Laybourne, the younger, was ordained Deacon 23 September 1750 and licensed to the curacy of Harswell, Yorks., with a stipend of £20; he was ordained Priest 24 May 1752 and licensed to the curacy of Howden with a stipend of £25, all by the Archbishop of York. He was instituted Rector of Everingham, Yorks., 1 October 1757 and held the living until 1766.

P. 114 no. 4. William Massey was ordained Deacon 3 March 175 $\frac{1}{2}$ by the Bishop of Norwich with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Lincoln and Priest 23 February 1752 by the Bishop of Ely. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 26 March 1751, his Fellowship was filled up again in 1753. He was instituted Rector of Ditchingham, Norfolk, 23 April 1752. His successor was instituted 1 May 1802.

P. 114 no. 5. James Ashton was found dead in his rooms on the evening of 9 March 174 $\frac{3}{4}$ under circumstances which seemed to point to foul play, suspicion falling on John Brinkley, another undergraduate of the College (P. 117 no. 9). James Ashton was buried 14 March in All Saints Churchyard, the entry in the *Parish Register* describing him as 'James Ashton, Scholar, murdered.' The case was a very mysterious one; the following account of it is taken from the *Gentleman's Magazine*, xvi, 466, 469.

From the *General Evening Post*, Sept. 6. Cambridge, Sept. 2, 1746.

"SIR, The case of Mr Brinkley, a Student of St John's College, who was lately tried here for the murder of Mr Ashton, being of an uncommon nature, a short account of it may be acceptable to some of your readers.—It appear'd by the evidence, that, on the 9th of *March*, after twelve at night, Mr Brinkley knocked at the door of the chamber next to Mr Ashton's, and having awaken'd Mr C—, the young gentleman who liv'd there, desired him to come to the assistance of Mr Ashton, who, he said, was either dead or dying: that Mr C—, enquiring whether he had a candle, and finding that he had not, bid him call the porter of the college: that these three (Mr Brinkley, Mr C— and the porter) went into Mr A—'s room together, and found him dead, his cheeks warm, lying upon the bed without coat, waistcoat, or shoes: that Mr B—, when he called the porter, was as much undressed, and that his hands and shirt were bloody: that the two young gentlemen then went and called up Dr H—¹, a physician of the same

¹ Dr William Heberden, M.D. 1739.

College, who examining the body, saw a wound just above the collar-bone, about an inch in length: that the body being afterwards open'd, this wound appear'd to be about an inch deep, and to have entered the subclavian vein: that in the skin it was semicircular, or rather semioval; but within straight.

The account which Mr B—— immediately gave of this affair was as follows:— That while he and Mr A—— were in bed together, the latter either reaching for the chamber-pot, or having taken it into his hands, fell from the bed, and not rising again, he (Mr B——) called to him, but received no answer: that soon after, hearing Mr A—— groan, he got out of bed and lifted him up, and perceiving that he did not move, ran, without knowing what had happened, to call assistance.

It appeared farther, that the chamber-pot was found broken, and very bloody, near the bed-side; that there was a stream of blood from the place where the pieces of the pot lay to the side of the room, and no blood in any other part of the chamber; that there was observed by three witnesses, a piece of the pot, consisting of part of the bottom and part of the side, which part of the side about two or three inches in length stood almost erect, and was pointed; that one of the witnesses looked at this piece of the pot, and at the wound, and thinking that the piece would just fit the wound, was going to take it up, and try whether it would or not; but being told that nothing ought to be moved till the coroner had been there, he desisted; that the coroner's jury coming all together into the room, which was very little, trampled upon the pieces of the pot, and broke them.

These are the most material circumstances which attended Mr A——'s death. The improbability of the story Mr B—— told was the chief evidence against him; and this was strengthened by the depositions of two surgeons, who viewed the body, and thought it highly improbable, tho' far from being impossible (these were the words of either one or both of them) that such a wound should be given by a chamber-pot. Their chief reason for this opinion was that the wound was clean, not jagged; and therefore seemed to them to be made by a sharp instrument: but Dr H—— was of opinion, from the nature of the wound, that it was made by something not very sharp, but of such a kind as that the skin was pressed inwards before it was cut. And three instances were produced of persons wounded almost in the same manner with Mr A——, by falling upon earthenware. All these wounds were described as perfectly clean, and free from jaggedness; two of them were mortal, and one was remarkably parallel to the present case. A surgeon deposed that he was called to the assistance of a girl, who, by falling with a mug in her hand, made a wound above her collar-bone, which cut the subclavian vein, of which wound she died in a few minutes: this accident happened about 18 years ago.

There were some other points which had given occasion to suspect the truth of Mr B——'s story; the chief were that Mr A——'s cloaths were found the next day bloody in several places; and that there were some marks of violence in the chamber, the door having been forced open, and a piece of the matting torn down. The first of these objections was answered by one of the witnesses produced against Mr B——, who deposed, that he saw these cloaths early in the morning after the fact, and that they were not then bloody; and that he afterwards saw one of the coroner's jury, in searching the room, carelessly throw them into the blood. Of the door Mr B—— had given this account, That Mr A—— and he coming into college together, the deceased desired him to lie with him, and went up stairs before him; that when he came up he found Mr A——'s door shut against him, and forced it open (as the coroner said he expressed himself in his examination) or rapt against it, and it opened (as he told the story to others). It appeared by the witnesses, that the staple belonging to Mr A——'s door had been frequently drawn out, and was so loose that the door when locked might be opened without much violence; so that rapping against it might force it open. As to the matting, an acquaintance of Mr A——'s, who was in his chamber the day before his death, deposed, that it was then torn, and, as he and Mr A—— believed, by a pointer which had been shut into the room.

It was proved, that Mr A—— used frequently to lie in his breeches and stockings, which was thought to account for his being found in that dress.

It was proved by some of their common acquaintance, that Mr A—— and Mr B—— were intimate friends, that they had never been known to quarrel, and that they spent the evening before the accident together in perfect friendship. Several witnesses were produced of Mr B——'s good temper; among others Mr K——¹ of *Bury*, at whose school Mr B—— was educated, and which he

¹ Mr Arthur Kynnesman, Headmaster of Bury St Edmund's School.

had left but a few weeks before the affair happened, spake of it in very strong terms, and said, that he had never known anything in his behaviour which shewed him to be malicious, revengeful, or quarrelsome. A gentleman, who had been his schoolfellow, confirmed this testimony, and said farther, that he had known him several times pass by affronts, which others would have resented.

The more remarkable parts of this story I have related in the very words of the witnesses; the others, I think, are not misrepresented. I attended the trial as an indifferent hearer, and one who was very doubtful in what light this affair would appear; but I must confess, that before Mr B—— was acquitted by the jury, I was entirely convinced of his innocence. The story he told was indeed improbable, but acknowledged on all sides to be possible: he had been constant in his manner of relating it; and all the minute circumstances observed afterwards in Mr A——'s room were consistent with it, but scarce to be reconciled with any other supposition. There appeared not the least reason to suspect any quarrel between him and Mr A——; and had there been any, yet his character was declared to be such as must vindicate him from the imputation of murder."

From the *Daily Advertiser*, Sept. 16.

"SIR, The public has been amused with accounts of the late unfortunate death of Mr Ashton, a young gentleman of St John's College in Cambridge, in such a manner, and with so many repetitions, that they seem rather to triumph over the prosecutor's ill success, than a conviction of innocence.—I think it my duty to undeceive the public, who perhaps are not thoroughly acquainted with this affair.

The account in the *Gen. Even. Post* of the 6th Inst. and some other newspapers, has an air of impartiality; circumstances are ranged under their respective heads, and to wind up the ball, all this by an indifferent hearer at the trial.

I myself was an indifferent hearer at the trial, and a disinterested person at the examination, and the taking the depositions of the witnesses before the justices, immediately after the unfortunate accident, which furnishes me the following observations.

First, the account given by the suspected person of his coming into Mr Ashton's room, carries the strongest tincture of guilt with it, as it is various, contradictory and, in some cases, impossible to be true. His first account was that Ashton and he parted upon their coming into college, and that Ashton called after him from the screens to lie with him, and that he return'd from the boghous to Ashton's room, which he found lock'd, but upon his knocking Ashton open'd it.

His second account was thus: he said the deceased ask'd him to lie with him, and that both ran up stairs together; but which of them open'd or burst open the door, they were in such a hurry, he could not tell.

His third account was thus: that upon their coming into college, he went up with the deceas'd to his room, in order that they might lie together; but that the deceas'd open'd the door, but he could not remember whether it was with his foot, or key.

His fourth, which he confess'd to the coroner and his inquest (and which was fully prov'd on the trial) was as follows, *viz.* That he and the deceas'd parted on their coming into college in the middle of the first court, when Ashton went in to his own room, and called to him from out of the window (which by the by was impossible; for the deceas'd had three story high to go, besides his distance from the middle of the court to the stair-case, and the other not above twelve or fourteen yards before he got out of hearing into another court) as he was going to the boghous, from whence, he said, he return'd, and found the outer door of Ashton's room lock'd (which Ashton would not have done, if he intended he should lie with him), upon which, he said, he burst it open, and the staple was the next morning found in the middle of the floor.

The account the suspected person gave of this affair (says the author of *Gen. Even.*) was as follows. That while he and Mr Ashton were in bed together, the latter, either reaching for the chamber-pot or having taken it into his hands, fell from the bed, &c. It is well the writer has thus grossly misrepresented the fact, for the real account he gave condemns him at once, and so his historian wisely, but not honestly, dropt it. For upon his examination before the justice the 20th of March, he said, that the deceas'd ask'd him for the chamber-pot, which he gave him. Now that is impossible, or at least highly improbable, for the pot was not on that side of the bed in which he lay, nor does he pretend the contrary; so that Ashton would have reach'd the pot himself had he wanted. It appeared that the chamber-pot was found broken into several pieces, and bloody near the

bedside, and that there was a stream of blood, which began to run beyond the place where the pieces of the pot lay, and so on to them, and that from the place where the blood had begun to run to the side of the room there was a continual declivity. It appeared also that the bow and handle of the coal-hole door-key was very bloody. There was observed by three witnesses a piece of the pot, consisting of part of the bottom and part of the side, which part of the side, about two or three inches in length, stood upright; one of these witnesses deposed, that he looked at that piece, and declared that the top thereof was not bloody. But another, a college footman (an extraordinary judge) deposed that he view'd the wound and piece of the pot, and he believed it would have fitted the wound. But the surgeons who had examined the wound, and who were certainly more to be relied upon than an ignorant fellow, or indeed any other, were of opinion that the wound was given by some sharp instrument, and not by the pot, for the reasons set forth by these gentlemen on the trial, *viz.* admitting it possible to have been done by some shred of the pot, it must have been a jagged wound, and some particles of it must have remained therein; but it was smooth, nor could they find the least particle of even the bigness of a grain of sand: again he must have been scratched, cut, or bruised in more places than one by falling on so many pieces, as it is said the pot is broke in; whereas this one wound just above the collar-bone and right shoulder, not above an inch in length, must have been the effect of some sharp instrument only. A ph——n, who likewise viewed the wound, was of the same opinion, upon his examination before the justices (as is evident by his deposition), but on the trial he said, it was made with something *obtuse*, and of such a kind, that the skin was pressed in before it was cut. How he came thus to vary, or whether he had a more lively idea of the wound near six months after, than he had at the instant he view'd it, is best known to himself: but that the skin was so pressed (as mention'd by the doctor) was absolutely denied by one of the surgeons, a gentleman eminent in his profession, and consequently more conversant with wounds, and who must therefore be allow'd a better judge. Therefore should this posthumous opinion be of greater weight than the opinions of the other two gentlemen, to whose province only the affair in hand properly belonged?

There were three instances produced of persons wounded by the breaking of earthen-ware, one whereof (says the author of the above mentioned paper) was remarkable, parallel to the present case. But how any surgeon could depose that, without ever having seen the wound, is amazing: add to this, it was no ways a similar case, as not being attended with bursting open a door, and death immediately following; besides the position the mug must be held in was far different from the supposed situation of the pot.

It was likewise deposed, that the suspected person never lay in his breeches and stockings, and that neither used to go to bed without their night-caps; also that the suspected person's shoes stood near the study door, the bottoms very bloody, and some drops upon the straps and upper leathers; whereas, upon his examination before the justice, he said he put them off by the bed-side and never saw them after.

Further it was deposed, that the deceased's cloaths were very bloody, and that the waistcoat, from the right shoulder down to the bottom, was, inside and outside, all stain'd, and the bottom very bloody, and that the coat was much more so. But a college bedmaker accounted for their being so in this manner, *viz.* that the coroner's jury threw them into the blood; which they one and all absolutely denied.

Two persons were produced to his character; but how many could have been produced from B——y, and Ca——ge, that would have given a quite different account of his behaviour? But those instances at *Clare Hall* and the castle are sufficient to convince every unprejudiced person of what disposition he was of, and which will not clear him from imputation. How he must behave *dum aetas, metus, & magister prohibebant* affects not the present case; but if he was mild and tractable at school, his known behaviour here bespeaks a sad revolution from virtue, from reason, and common humanity.

But it was not so with the unfortunate deceased: he was of a candid, generous, and humane disposition; remarkable abroad for his genius, affability and good-nature; at home for his filial duty and obedience: a youth while alive, universally belov'd, and alas! now dead, generally lamented. Happy had it been for him, had he kept the resolution he had taken about a week before, and even the very day he was kill'd, of shaking off the licentious acquaintance he had unfortunately fallen into;

for possibly by so doing, we might not have lost a youth, whose public and private character raised in all his friends the greatest expectation."

P. 114 no. 6. See the admission of the father (P. 13 no. 17). Lord Burghley was born 21 September 1725, and was baptized at St Martin's, Stamford Baron, 25 September 1725. He took the M.A. degree in 1747, and was created LL.D. 3 July 1749. At the general election of 1747 he was returned as M.P. for Stamford 29 June, and for the county of Rutland 2 November, electing to take his seat for the latter. He was again returned as M.P. for Rutland 22 April 1754. He was appointed Lord Lieutenant and Custos Rotulorum for the county of Rutland 21 June 1751. He succeeded his father as ninth Earl of Exeter 3 November 1754. He was Recorder of Stamford, Hereditary Great Almoner of England, and Keeper of the Westhay Walk in the Bailiwick of Cliffe, Rockingham Forest. He was appointed Deputy Lieutenant for co. Lincoln, 30 November 1761, and for co. Northampton, 23 August 1792. He was a Fellow of the Royal Society and of the Society of Antiquaries. He married 24 July 1749, Letitia, only daughter and heiress of Horatio Townshend, third son of Horatio, Viscount Townshend, but by her (who died 17 April 1756) he had no issue. He died 26 December 1793 (Doyle, *The Official Baronage of England*, i, 721).

P. 114 no. 7. Thomas Mangey, the father, was a member of the College, see his admission (Part ii, P. 172 no. 41).

John Mangey migrated to Oxford, where he matriculated 22 July 1745 from St Mary Hall. He was B.A. 1749, and M.A. 1752, at Oxford. He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of London, 10 March 1754. He was collated by the Bishop of London, Vicar of Great Dunmow, Essex, 29 August 1754, and to the Prebend of Twyford, in St Paul's Cathedral, 6 October 1775. He held both until his death, 1 November 1782 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*; Hennessy, *Novum Repertorium*, 52).

P. 114 no. 8. John Gill was ordained Deacon 2 June 1751, and Priest 17 June 1753, by the Bishop of Peterborough. He had letters dimissory from the Archbishop of Canterbury, dated 15 June 1753, for his ordination as Priest.

P. 114 no. 9. Roger Mostyn was a son of Sir Roger Mostyn, of Mostyn, co. Flint, by Essex, daughter of Daniel Finch, Earl of Winchelsea and Nottingham. He was educated at Westminster School, and was admitted a pensioner of Christ's College in 1739. B.A. 1742, M.A. 1745 (Burke, *Extinct and Dormant Baronetcies*, 377; Welch, *Alumni Westmonasterienses*, 311, 312). He was ordained Deacon 22 December 1745, and Priest 23 February 1748, by the Bishop of Norwich, title 'his own estate,' and with a testimonial from St John's and four Fellows of Christ's College. He was instituted Rector of Eastling, Kent, 8 March 1748, on the presentation of Daniel, Earl of Winchelsea and Nottingham, ceding this on his institution 28 March 1752 to the Rectory of Christleton, co. Chester, to which he was presented by his brother, Sir Thomas Mostyn, bart. He was collated to a Prebend in Chester Cathedral 23 June 1760; appointed a Canon of Windsor by patent dated 12 and installed 23 September 1774 (Hardy's *Le Neve*, iii, 272, 410). He held all these preferments at his death, 11 April 1775 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1775, p. 207 a).

P. 114 no. 10. Charles Myres was ordained Deacon 24 September 1749, and licensed to the curacy of Orton Waterville, Hunts.; he was ordained Priest 23 September 1750, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Frampton, 19 May 1752, and seems to have held this until 1763; he was instituted Vicar of Thorpe, St Peter, 12 July 1758, and Rector of Wainfleet, All Saints, 24 February 1767, all three benefices being in Lincolnshire. He had a dispensation to hold Thorpe with Wainfleet, the united values of the benefices being £190 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 28 February 1767). He held them both until his death, at Thorpe, 7 October 1780 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1780, p. 495 a). There is a monument to his memory in the transept of St Mary's Church, Beverley (Poulson, *Beverlac*, 756).

P. 114 no. 11. Edward Sedgwick was ordained Deacon 1 April 1750, by the Bishop of Rochester, and licensed to the curacy of West Peckham, Kent, with a salary of £35.

P. 115 no. 12. Thomas Seddon was ordained Deacon 19 February 1748 by the Archbishop of York, at St Margaret's, Westminster, and licensed to the curacy of Rolleston, Notts., with a stipend of £30. He was instituted Vicar of Carlton le

Moorland 17 August 1756, and Vicar of Norton Disney 29 January 1763, both in Lincolnshire. He was also appointed to the perpetual curacy of Stapleford in the diocese of Lincoln (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 12 December 1772). He held all these preferments until his death 20 March 1799 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1799, i, 348). There is a monument to his memory in the church of Carlton. He married Ann (who died 10 July 1785, aged 63), daughter of the Rev. Henry Smith, his predecessor in the Vicarage of Carlton, a man of considerable classical attainments, by whom he had an only daughter, who married first Philip Halliday (or Hillary), and secondly on 20 February 1798, at Carlton le Moorland, the Rev. William Brocklebank, then of Stapleford, afterwards Vicar of Norton Disney, who thus became possessed of the Seddon property in that neighbourhood, afterwards inherited by William Brocklebank, of Carlton le Moorland, his eldest son by a second wife (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1798, p. 170 a; Finch Smith, *Register of Manchester School*, i, 10, 222). A Rev. Thomas Seddon was author of the following: (1) *Letters written to an Officer in the Army on various subjects, religious, moral and political*, 2 vols., 8vo. W. Eyres, Warrington, 1786; (2) *A Sermon* [on Jer. iii. 23], etc., 4to. Liverpool, 1780.

P. 115 no. 13. Walter Waring, of Owlbury, co. Salop, was returned as M.P. for the borough of Bishop's Castle, Salop, 27 January 1755; and M.P. for the city of Coventry, co. Warwick, 25 January 1773, at by-elections. He was returned as M.P. for Coventry, 8 October 1774, at the general election. John Baker Holroyd was returned as M.P. for Coventry, 15 February 1780, *vice* Waring deceased.

P. 115 no. 14. William Williamson took the B.A. degree in 1748, and the M.A. degree as William Leigh Williamson in 1760. He was ordained Deacon 19 February 1748 $\frac{3}{4}$, by the Bishop of Chester, and licensed next day to the curacy of the parish church of Ripley, on the nomination of William Gawthrop. On 11 May 1761, he had letters dimissory from the Archbishop of York to be ordained Priest by the Bishop of Chester, who ordained him 17 May 1761. On 18 May, the Archbishop licensed him to the curacy of Holy Trinity and St Maurice, in the city of York. He was instituted Vicar of Darfield, Yorks., 7 October 1766, ceding this on his institution 17 December 1767 to the Rectory of Kildale in Cleveland, on the presentation of Charles Turner, esq. He was in the commission of the peace for the North Riding. He died at Guisborough 27 April 1805, in his 81st year (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1805, i, 490 a).

P. 115 no. 16. See the admission of an elder brother (P. 78 no. 2). Thomas Ludlam was ordained Deacon 4 June 1750 by the Bishop of Ely, he to be chaplain to a man-of-war, and Priest 23 September 1753 by the Bishop of Lincoln and was licensed next day to the curacy of Woburn, Beds. He became a chaplain in the Navy, and served on various foreign stations. A letter from Sierra Leone dated 28 January 1759 to his brother William is printed in Nichols, *Literary Illustrations*, v, 352. He became a Confrater of Wigston's Hospital in Leicester in the year 1760, and was instituted Rector of Poston, co. Leicester, 13 September 1791, holding both until his death 13 November 1811. He resided in Leicester, and seems to have taken duty, probably as a curate, in one of the churches there. At first he was an enthusiastic supporter and admirer of the Rev. T. Robinson, Vicar of St Mary's, Leicester, and neglected his own duties and services in order to hear Robinson preach. But in later life a coolness arose between them, and Ludlam severely criticised the views of the evangelical Church party with which Robinson was associated. Ludlam published *Four Essays, on the ordinary operations of the Holy Spirit; on the application of experience to Religion; and on Enthusiasm and Fanaticism. To which is prefixed a Preliminary Dissertation on the nature of Clear Ideas and the advantages of Distinct Knowledge*, 1797, 8vo. In these essays he explains the views and language of Robinson's 'Scripture Characters.' This was followed by *Six Essays upon Theological, to which are added two upon Moral Subjects*, 1799. These essays were attacked by Dr Milner, of Hull, and defended by Bishop Herbert Marsh. Ludlam also published: *Remarks by T. Ludlam on the scandalous reflections cast upon the Rev. W. and T. Ludlam by Dr Milner, Master of Queens' College*. Leicester, J. Gregory, 1801. In 1807 Ludlam published the whole of the *Essays, Scriptural, Moral and Theological* of himself and his late brother William. This was undertaken at the express wish of Bishop Hurd, who contributed to the cost of publication. By his writings Thomas Ludlam shewed himself to be an acute critic, an able controversialist, a

sound divine, and one of the most formidable opponents of the Calvinistic School (Nichols, *Literary Illustrations*, v, 349–353; Vaughan, *Some account of the life of Thomas Robinson*, 205–218). Thomas Ludlam would appear to have been married and to have left a widow (Babington, *Materials for a History of Cockfield, Suffolk*, 39).

P. 115 no. 17. Benjamin Briscoe was instituted Rector of Staunton, co. Worcester, 26 October 1764, and held the living until his death at the parsonage house, Staunton, 29 November 1798 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1798, ii, 1086 a).

P. 115 no. 18. See the admission of the father (P. 17 no. 11). On 21 December 1750, William Howdell, the younger, had letters dimissory from the Archbishop of Canterbury to be ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry, and he was ordained by that prelate on December 23. He was ordained Priest 23 February 1752 by the Bishop of Peterborough. He was instituted Vicar of West Hythe, Kent, 13 April 1753, on the presentation of Dr Head, Archdeacon of Canterbury. He held the living until his death, 24 November 1804, at Canterbury, aged 77. He left numerous legacies to charities (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 1 December 1804; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1804, p. 1175).

P. 115 no. 20. Stotherd Abdy was the second son of Sir William Abdy, bart., of Felix Place, Chobham, Surrey. He was ordained Priest 24 December 1752 by the Bishop of London, and was instituted the same day to the Rectory of Theydon Garnon (or Coopersale), Essex. He was collated to the Prebend of Reculverland, in St Paul's Cathedral, 23 May 1771, ceding this on being collated Archdeacon of Essex 11 October 1771 (Hardy's *Le Neve*, ii, 432, 337). He held his archdeaconry and Rectory until his death, 5 April 1773.

He was twice married: first on 17 March 1752 to his cousin Theodosia, daughter of Sir Robert Abdy, of Albyns, Essex. She died 20 February 1758 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1752, p. 143 a, 1758, p. 94 b; Morant, *History of Essex*, Ongar Hundred, i, 177). He married secondly Harriet, daughter of Peyton Altham, of Mark Hall, Essex. He left no issue by either wife (*Hart. Soc. Publ.* xiv, 628). Stotherd Abdy published the following: (i) *A Sermon* [on Lam. iv. 5] *preached before the sons of the clergy*, 10 May 1755, London, 1759, 4to.; (ii) *A Sermon* [on Eccles. ix. 16] *at the church of Felsted, in Essex*, 23 August 1763, *at the celebration of the School Feast*, London, 1763, 4to.; (iii) *A Sermon* [on Exodus xviii. 19] *preached at the Assizes holden at Chelmsford*, 16 March 1773, *before the Honourable Mr Baron Perrot*, London, 1773, 4to.

P. 115 no. 21. In the church at Grantham there is a marble monument on the wall with this inscription: H.S.E. | quod fuit | Radulphi Clarke, A.B. | Radulphi Clarke, Granthamensis | Fili; | quo adolescente vix quisquam alius | doctrinam et virtutem | aut acrius aut constantius coluit | quippe par ingenio ducebat indoles | et acutissima rationis vis | in reconditis Naturae officiorum | et rerum divinarum studiis | penitus versata | benigno largo et liberali animo omni denique humanitatis laude cumulata | huic contigerat. | Optimæ spei et præcocis adolescens | anno ætatis vicessimæ secundo | inter parentum et amicorum lacrymas | in medio plorantis Academiae sinu | obiit Cantabrigiæ | Collegio Divi Johannis socius mox futurus | Octob. 7 | Anno æræ Christianæ 1751.

There is also a monumental inscription to the memory of Ralph Clarke, the elder, who died 5 November 1764, aged 79 (Turnor, *History of Grantham*, 15; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1789, ii, 824 b).

P. 115 no. 22. Cecil Jacques Fairfax was ordained Deacon by the Archbishop of York 10 June 1750, and licensed to the curacy of Sturton, Notts., with a stipend of £30; he was ordained Priest 22 December 1751 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed to the curacy of Blyton, co. Lincoln. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 17 March 1752.

He was presented by the College to the Vicarage of Marton-cum-Grafton, Yorks., 11 December, and instituted 23 December 1755. He held the living until his death 22 October 1790 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 30 October 1790).

P. 115 no. 23. John Lee was ordained Deacon 21 September 1751 by the Bishop of Peterborough and Priest 25 December 1752 by the Bishop of Ely in Caius College Chapel. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 17 March 1752; his Fellowship was filled up again 3 April 1758. He married in 1758 (Ashby's *Note-book*, in the College Library). He is probably the John Lee who was in-

stituted Rector of Burton Overy, co. Leicester, 20 September 1758, holding the living until his death in 1774. This John Lee is stated to have been a son of Mr Alderman Lee, of Leicester. He is described as patron and incumbent of the living in the Enclosure Act for the parish (Nichols, *History of Leicestershire*, iii, 533, 534).

P. 116 no. 24. John Todd was ordained Deacon 10 June 1750, and licensed to the curacy of Crathorne, Yorks., with a stipend of £20; he was ordained Priest 22 September 1751, and licensed to the curacy of Hinderwell, Yorks., with a stipend of £30; all by the Archbishop of York. On 10 October 1763 he was licensed by the Bishop of Durham to be perpetual curate of Castle Eden, co. Durham, on the nomination of Rowland Burden, of Newcastle-on-Tyne.

P. 116 no. 25. Samuel Bird was ordained Deacon 9 June 1754 by the Archbishop of York and licensed to the curacy of Eastwood, Notts., with a stipend of £30. He was ordained Priest 19 December 1762 by the Bishop of Norwich, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry.

P. 116 no. 26. See the admission of a brother P. 144 no. 23. John Shan, the younger, was ordained Deacon 23 September 1750 and licensed to the curacy of Emberton, Bucks.; he was ordained Priest 22 September 1751, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Arreton, in the Isle of Wight, 20 October 1763. He resigned the living in 1783, after his father's death, on succeeding to the family estates. He died unmarried 15 August 1799 (Waters, *The Chesters of Chicheley*, 182, where there is a pedigree).

P. 116 no. 27. Thomas Cooch, son and heir of Thomas Cooch, of Burnham, co. Essex, esquire, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple, 30 March 1745. Thomas Cooch was ordained Deacon 25 December 1751 by the Bishop of Ely "title dispensed with."

P. 116 no. 28. See the admission of the father (P. 95 no. 34). William Wood was ordained Deacon 2 June 1751, and Priest 17 June 1753 by the Bishop of Exeter. He was instituted Rector of Hawkrigge, Somerset, 22 July 1763, and Rector of Clyst St Laurence, Devon, 2 March 1765. On 1 March 1765, when he is described as chaplain to Hester, Baroness Chatham, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then valued at £100 and £80 respectively, and stated to be 23 miles apart (in the *Cambridge Chronicle* of 9 March 1765 the united values of the livings is stated to be £220). Both livings were filled up early in 1789.

P. 116 no. 29. Robert Breton was ordained Deacon 22 September 1751 by the Bishop of Rochester (with a letter dimissory, dated 20 September, from the Archbishop of Canterbury); he was ordained Priest by the Archbishop of Canterbury 25 May 1752. He was instituted Vicar of Boughton Aluph, Kent, 9 July 1752, and Rector of Kennardington, also in Kent, 1 March 1753, on the presentation of Moyle Breton, esq. On 27 February 1753 he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Boughton Aluph (valued at £90) with Kennardington (valued at £120), the two livings being stated to be 13 miles apart. His successor at Kennardington was appointed in 1768, but he held Boughton Aluph until his death, which occurred in July 1808 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 6 August 1808; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1808, p. 749). He was succeeded in both livings by his brother Moyle Breton, who matriculated at University College, Oxford, 14 March 1761, aged 17; was B.C.L. 1777, and D.C.L. 1787. Dr Moyle Breton died 13 April 1821 at his house at Kennington, Kent (*The Courier*, 19 April 1821).

P. 116 no. 30. Roland (or Rowland) Lewis was ordained Deacon 1 April 1750 by the Bishop of Rochester, and licensed to the curacy of Westram, with a salary of £40; he was ordained Priest 22 December 1751 in Grosvenor Chapel, Middlesex, by the Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry, at the desire of the Bishop of Chichester. He was instituted Rector of Perivale or Little Greenford, co. Middlesex, 10 June 1752, on the presentation of the Rev. Philip Fletcher, Dean of Kildare, and Frances his wife. In the church of Westerham (which explains the 'Westram' of the Admission) there is a monument to the memory of Rowland Lewis, Rector of Perivale, Middlesex, who died 19 March 1783, aged 56 (Hennessy, *Novum Repertorium*, 176; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1807, ii, 1103 b). The *Parish Register* of Westerham, Kent, has the following entries: (i) "Rowland, son of Mr George Lewis, Vicar, born Nov. 11 1727 at 4 in y^e afternoon; bap. 30; Percivall Hart,

esq^r. and Rowland Lewis, esq^r., godfathers, and Mrs Mary Harrison, of Perriwall, widow, godmother"; (ii) "the Rev. Rowland Lewis, aet. 56, Mar. 28 1783" (buried) (*Parochial History of Westerham*, 53, 64).

P. 116 no. 31. Richard Daston, son and heir of Richard Daston, of Isleham, co. Cambridge, esquire, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 12 August 1747. Richard Daston, the elder, was High Sheriff of Cambridgeshire and Huntingdonshire for the year 1735.

P. 116 no. 32. Ralph Markham, the father, was a member of the College (see his admission, Part ii, P. 153 no. 19, and the note thereon). Robert Markham was B.A. 1748, and M.A. 1752; he incorporated at Oxford from Brasenose College, 4 May 1753, and became Fellow of Brasenose, taking B. and D.D. degrees at Oxford in 1768. He was ordained Deacon 24 December 1749, and Priest 22 September 1751, by the Bishop of Chester. On 29 December 1749 he was licensed by the Bishop of Chester to be curate of Whitegate, co. Chester, on the nomination of Charles Cholmondeley, esq. He was instituted Rector of Chetwynd, Salop, 17 October 1763, resigning this in 1766. He was presented by Brasenose College to the Rectory of St Mary, Whitechapel, and instituted 23 December 1768. He was also Chaplain in Ordinary to King George III. His parishioners put up a monument to his memory with this inscription: "Sacred to the memory of the | Rev. Robert Markham, D.D. | Chaplain in Ordinary to his Majesty George III, | and Rector of this Parish, | who died Sept. 25, 1786, aged 59 years. | In testimony | of the high esteem in which they held his | character | as a zealous Pastor of a numerous Flock, | as an earnest and orthodox Preacher | of the Gospel, | as a truly pious and benevolent Man, | as a Peace-maker and spiritual Father and Friend, | his Parishioners | have erected this monument. | The righteous shall be had in everlasting | remembrance. 112 Psalm 6". A funeral sermon was preached on the Sunday after his interment by his curate, Mr Edward Robson, which was printed at the request of the parish, but never formally published. There is a portrait of Dr Markham, a private plate and an excellent likeness (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, ii, 682-7; Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). Mr Markham's widow died at Crescent Cottage, Shrewsbury, 16 February 1802 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1802, i, 190 b).

P. 116 no. 1. See the admission of an elder brother (P. 114 no. 2). Edward Herbert was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 7 October 1745, when he is described as second son of Edward Herbert, of Muckruss, co. Kerry, Ireland. He was returned as M.P. for the borough of Innistogie, co. Kilkenny, in the Parliament of Ireland, in 1760. He was returned as M.P. for the borough of Tralee, in the Parliament of Ireland, for 1761-1768 and 1769-1776. He married Nichola Sophia, eldest daughter of John, Lord Desart (Burke, *Landed Gentry*, Herbert of Muckruss, where he is stated to have been the third son of his father; *Return of Members of Parliament*, Part ii, 659, 665, 669).

P. 117 no. 2. Sir Thomas Hatton was the only son of Sir John Hatton, of Long Stanton, co. Cambridge, by his wife Mary, daughter of Mr Thomas Hawkes and widow of Mr William Hitch. He succeeded his father as eighth baronet, 1 July 1740. He married Harriet, daughter of Dingley Askham, of Conington, co. Cambridge (High Sheriff of Cambridgeshire and Huntingdonshire, 1741-2). He died 7 November 1787 (Burke, *Extinct and Dormant Baronetcies*, 250).

P. 117 no. 3. Thomas Woolright was ordained Deacon 23 December 1750 by the Bishop of Chester, and Priest 4 September 1752 by the Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry. In 1754 he was acting as curate of St Oswald's, in the city of Chester, without a formal license. He was collated Rector of St Bridget, in the city of Chester, 1 September 1761, this he held until 1782. He was also Head-master of the King's School in Chester (*Manchester School Register*, i, 17).

P. 117 no. 4. John Morris was ordained Priest 22 September 1751 by the Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry, and licensed to the curacy of Adderley, Salop. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 10 April 1753. He was instituted Vicar of Goldington, Bedfordshire, 24 May 1759. The College *Conclusion* or Order Book contains the following entry "11 September 1762. Agreed to give Mr Morris leave to go abroad with his Grace the Duke of Bedford." This was John Russell, fourth Duke of Bedford, who in September 1762 was sent as Ambassador Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Versailles, Mr Morris was his Chaplain. On 21 April

1766 he was instituted Rector of Milton Bryant, Bedfordshire, in the gift of the Crown, then ceding Goldington. On 1 June 1767 the College presented him to the Rectory of Lilley, Hertfordshire, and he was instituted there 25 June. On 20 June 1767 he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Milton Bryant (valued at £140) with Lilley (valued at £160), their distance apart being stated to be not more than 16 miles. He held both livings until his death 8 May 1798 (*Manchester School Register*, i, 25; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1798, 447 b). He was appointed Chaplain to the Duke of Bedford in 1770 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 25 May 1770).

P. 117 no. 5. Robert Pomfret was ordained Deacon 10 March 17 $\frac{3}{4}$ by the Bishop of London at the request of the Bishop of Ely. He was instituted Rector of Emberton, Bucks., 16 April, and inducted 30 April 1753, on the presentation of his father Mr Benjamin Pomfret, of Newport Pagnell. He died there after a constant residence during his whole incumbency in November 1804. He bequeathed by will £50 to the Northampton Infirmary and £50 to the Bedford Infirmary, to be paid four months after his death. He left behind him the character of a kind benefactor and friend to the poor (Lipscombe, *History of Buckinghamshire*, iv, 140; *Cambridge Chronicle*, 1 December 1804).

P. 117 no. 6. Thomas Vaux, son and heir of Thomas Vaux, of Whipsnade, co. Bedford, esquire, deceased, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 26 May 1737. Thomas Vaux of Whipsnade was High Sheriff of Bedfordshire from 29 January 1755 to 27 January 1756.

P. 117 no. 7. Martin Wright, son and heir of Martin Wright, one of the Justices of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench at Westminster, and late one of the Masters of the Bench of 'this Society,' was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 26 November 1742.

Martin Wright, the father, son and heir of William Wright, a bencher of the Inner Temple, and of Oxford, esquire, matriculated at Oxford from Exeter College 1 March 170 $\frac{3}{4}$, aged 16. He was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 27 November 1709, and was called to the Bar 29 June 1718. He was admitted a Bencher of the Inn 12 April 1733; became Serjeant-at-Law 14 April 1733. A Baron of the Exchequer in November 1739, and a Judge of the Court of King's Bench from November 1740 to February 1755. He was knighted 23 November 1745. He died at Holcrofts, Fulham, Middlesex, 26 September 1767.

William Wright, the father of Sir Martin Wright, was eldest son of William Wright, an alderman of the city of Oxford, and M.P. for that city 1678–81. He matriculated at Oxford from Trinity College 27 November 1674, aged 15. He was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 28 November 1675, and was called to the Bar 27 November 1682. He became Bencher of the Inn 1 February 170 $\frac{3}{4}$, was Reader in 1713 and Treasurer in 1719. He was appointed Recorder of Oxford 1688. He was licensed 22 August 1683 to marry Dorothy Dunch, of Radcott, Oxfordshire, and again 22 June 1687 (then a widow) to marry Dorothy Finch, of St Clement Danes, Middlesex (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*; *London Marriage Licenses*).

P. 117 no. 8. John Taylor Lamb was ordained Deacon 11 March 17 $\frac{3}{4}$ by the Bishop of Hereford; he was ordained Priest 3 March 175 $\frac{1}{4}$ by the Bishop of Rochester, and was licensed to the curacy of Chelsfield with Farnborough, with a salary of £40 and surplice fees. He was appointed by Archbishop Hutton to be Master of Whitgift's School in Croydon 31 October 1751, which he held till 1774 (*Notes and Queries*, 7 Ser. ix, 502). He was also chaplain to Croydon Hospital during the same period. He was collated by the Archbishop, Vicar of Leysdown in the Isle of Sheppey 3 February 1757, ceding this on being collated 21 November 1761 to the Rectory of Keston, Kent, which he held until his death in 1774.

P. 117 no. 9. John Brinkley was tried for the murder of James Ashton, another member of the College, on 9 March 174 $\frac{5}{8}$ (see P. 114 no. 5 and the note). "He was acquitted upon want of proper Evidence; tho' he was much suspected by most people to be y^e Murtherer. He was however not suffered to stay in College afterwards" (*MS. Cole*, iii, 140).

P. 117 no. 11. See the admission of an elder brother (P. 113 no. 43). William Wragge in after-life seems to have been called William Brecknock Wragge. He was ordained Deacon 23 December 1750, and licensed to the curacy of Galby,

co. Leicester; he was ordained Priest 22 December 1751, and licensed to the curacy of St Margaret's in Leicester; all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Frisby on the Wreak, co. Leicester, 4 February 1756, on the presentation of King George II. Mr Wragge was sentenced at Leicester, at the Lent Assizes of 1790, to be transported for 14 years, for marrying two servants of Mr Hudson of Wanlip, without license or publication of banns, contrary to the statute. But on account of his age and infirmities was indulged with transporting himself out of the kingdom, and the living was put in sequestration for the benefit of his family. His successor was appointed in 1796 (Nichols, *History of Leicestershire*, iii, 262).

William Wragge, the father, was of Emmanuel College (LL.B. 1720); he was instituted Rector of Galby 16 October 1727, and held the living until his death 1 May 1737 (Nichols, *l.c.*, ii, 572).

P. 118 no. 14. This is probably the William Dearling who was instituted Vicar of Matching, Essex, 22 June 1761, ceding this on being instituted Rector of Ashley, Wilts., 7 June 1785 (patron the King, in right of the duchy of Lancaster). He held Ashley until his death in 1790 or 1791 (Phillipps, *Institutiones Wiltoniae*, ii, 93, 96).

P. 118 no. 15. The late Mr C. H. Cooper, senior Editor of the *Athenae Cantabrigienses*, in some notes on the College Register, has the following on Thomas Walker: "Serjeant at law, Accountant General of the Court of Chancery, d. 29 January 1802, aet. 75. Monument in Guiseley Church, but buried in the Temple."

Thomas Walker, only son of Thomas Walker, late of Intax, near Bradford, Yorks., gentleman, deceased, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 28 November 1746, and was called to the Bar 8 February 1754. He became King's Counsel. Was admitted Serjeant-at-Law 13 May 1772. He was Accountant-General of the Court of Chancery from 1787 to 1802. He died 29 January 1802 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1802, i, 186), and was buried in the Temple Church 5 February 1802.

P. 118 no. 17. Richard Southgate was born at Alwalton 16 March 173 $\frac{2}{3}$. His father, William Southgate, was a considerable farmer there, his mother, Hannah, was the daughter of Robert Wright, of Castor, in Northamptonshire, a surveyor and engineer, principally concerned in the construction of the canal from Alwalton to Thrapston, in Northamptonshire. He was the eldest of ten children. He was first placed at a private school at Uppingham, from thence he was removed to Fotheringay, and after a short stay there removed to Peterborough School. He attracted the notice of Dr John Thomas, Bishop of Lincoln, a friend of his father, and under the patronage of that Prelate and with an exhibition from Peterborough, came to St John's. He seems to have tried for a fellowship at the College, but did not obtain one. He was ordained Deacon 24 September 1752, and licensed to the curacy of Haddon, Hunts., and was ordained Priest 22 September 1754 and licensed to the curacy of Godmanchester, all by Dr Thomas, Bishop of Lincoln. Bishop Thomas presented him to the Rectory of Woolley, Hunts., and he was instituted 25 November 1754. The living became vacant during the minority of a Mr Trimmell Peacock, who was patron and intended for the Church. His guardians, being unable to agree as to the person they should present suffered the living to lapse to the Bishop. As soon as Mr Peacock had taken Orders Mr Southgate resigned the living in 1761, and Mr Peacock was presented. Mr Southgate during his incumbency had rebuilt a considerable part of the Rectory premises, and "acted more like a faithful steward than the real rector of the parish." For some years after this he held various curacies at Upton and Leighton Bromswold in Hunts.; Weston and Wykeham, in Lincolnshire; Coveney and Manea, in the Isle of Ely; Louth, Rathby, Tathewell and Cawkwell, in Lincolnshire, and Doddington and Newnham, in Kent. On 12 May 1753, while curate of Weston, he was admitted a member of the Gentlemen's Society at Spalding. In January 1763 he removed to London and became one of the sub-curates of St James's. On 25 December 1765, he became curate of St Giles's in the Fields, London. He was instituted Rector of Little Steeping, co. Lincoln, 24 December 1782, and again 8 May 1783, on the presentation of the Duke of Ancaster. On 6 September 1784, he was appointed Assistant Librarian to the British Museum. On 11 May 1790 he was instituted Rector of Warsop, Notts., on the presentation of John Gully Knight, esq. He then resigned Little Steeping. He continued as curate of St Giles's, and

held Warsop also until his death, residing at Warsop in the summer only. All through his life he was a great collector of books, coins and medals. And he was exceedingly charitable to the poor of St Giles's. He died 25 January 1795. It was rumoured at the time that his death was caused by ill-treatment from some Irishmen who were disgusted at not having partaken of a charity distributed by him at St Giles's, "and even a Grubean elegy, alluding to it, was cried about the streets," but this was erroneous. His books and other collections were sold by Leigh and Sotheby in April and May 1795, the sale extending over 21 days. He seems to have been a kindly, good man. He was a warm promoter of Sunday Schools in London, and supported one at Warsop. On a tablet in St Giles's Church is the following inscription: "In | memory of | the Rev. Richard Southgate, A.B. | rector of Warsop, | in the County of Nottingham; | one of the sub-librarians | of the British Museum: | and, during 30 years, curate of this parish; | who died Jan. 25, 1795, | in the 66th year of his age. | In every station of his life | he executed its respective duties | with judgment, diligence, and fidelity. | Deep were his researches, and his learning various. | Languages and Science acknowledged him a Scholar, | and Theology, a Divine. | The purity of his faith, the rectitude of his conduct, and his unwearied labours in the pastoral offices, | testified his piety | towards God: | his mildness, humility, and candour, | with his exemplary attention to the wants, | temporal as well as spiritual, | of his fellow creatures, | proved his benevolence towards Man. | Reader! | if thou canst—excel him. | It will be well | if thou canst equal him."

In 1798 was published: *Sermons, preached to Parochial Congregations, by the late Rev. Richard Southgate, B.A., many years Curate of St Giles's in the Fields, and some time Rector of Warsop, Nottinghamshire; with a biographical preface by George Gaskin, D.D., Rector of St Bene't Gracechurch, London, and of Stoke Newington, Middlesex.* To this is prefixed a portrait of Mr Southgate at the age of 55 (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, vi, 112-3, 359-379).

P. 118 no. 18. Thornhill Heathcote became a Colonel of Marines. He was living in the Market Place, Derby, in 1772. He died in August 1785 (Tachella, *The Derby School Register*, 14). He was the father of Charles Thomas Heathcote of Trinity College (B.A. 1789, M.A. 1792, B.D. 1805), who was instituted Rector of Rodmersham, Kent, 21 August 1799; appointed Headmaster of Hackney School in 1805 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 11 May 1805); instituted Rector of Little Wigborough, Essex, 1 March 1814, then ceding Rodmersham. He died 14 April 1820 at Mitcham Common (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1820, i, 381 a). The Rev. C. T. Heathcote married: (1) at St Andrew's Church, Cambridge, 29 September 1795, Dorothy eldest daughter of John Ward, esq., of Quy Hall, co. Cambridge (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 3 October 1795); she died at Lower Clapton 4 May 1817; (2) he married secondly, 16 December 1819, Maria, youngest daughter of the late Thomas Trower of Clapton (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1819, ii, 635).

P. 118 no. 19. George Fenwick, the elder, was a member of the College (see his admission, Part ii, P. 174 no. 27).

George Fenwick, the younger, was born 13 November 1728; his mother (a second wife) Alice, was a daughter of John Hickman, of Tinkwood Malpas, Cheshire. He took the B.A. degree in 1749, and died unmarried at College, 20 May 1750 (Hodgson, *History of Northumberland*, Part ii, vol. 3, p. 116, where there is a pedigree). See the admission of a brother (P. 140 no. 13). The *Parish Register* of All Saints, Cambridge, has the following entry: "1750, May 21, George Fenwick, B.A., St John's College, buried."

P. 118 no. 20. Henry Curwen (afterwards of Workington Hall) was baptized at Workington 25 November 1728. Henry Curwen, gentleman, son and heir of Eldred Curwen, of Workington, Cumberland, esquire, was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 13 January 175½. Henry Curwen was returned as M.P. for the city of Carlisle 31 March 1761, sitting until 1768. He was returned as M.P. for the county of Cumberland 30 March 1768, sitting until 1774. He was also a Major of the Cumberland Militia, and High Sheriff of the county in 1753. He died 23 June 1778. He married Isabella, daughter of William Gale, esq., of Whitehaven; she was buried at Workington 15 December 1776 (Foster, *Royal Descents*, Curwen of Workington Hall, Cumberland; Bean, *Parliamentary Representation of the Six Northern Counties of England*).

P. 118 no. 21. Joseph Stoney was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Hereford 11 March 174 $\frac{3}{4}$.

P. 118 no. 22. Edward 'Haselem' took the degree of B.A. as 'Hasleham' in 1740. He was ordained Deacon 10 June 1750 and licensed to the curacy of Otley, Yorks., with a stipend of £20, by the Archbishop of York. He was ordained Priest 22 October 1758, in the Chapel at Bishopthorpe, by the Bishop of Carlisle acting for the Archbishop of York, and was licensed to the curacy of Huddersfield with a stipend of £40. He became incumbent of St Mary's Chapel, Honley, Yorks., in 1760, and was also Master of the Free Grammar School at Almondbury. He occupied a farm in Honley in 1764. He died and was buried at Honley 14 January 1788. He was the author of *A sermon preached at the parish church of Battley, in the county of York, occasioned by the Enthusiasts (Methodists) of that place*, 1753 (Hulbert, *Annals of the Church in Almondbury*, 297; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1788, p. 271).

P. 118 no. 23. William Hazeland was Senior Wrangler in 174 $\frac{3}{4}$. He was ordained Deacon 17 June 1753 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and Priest by the Bishop of London 23 December 1754, when he was licensed to the curacy of Bishop Stortford, Herts. He was admitted a Platt Fellow of the College 26 March 1751; his Fellowship was filled up again in 1755. He was instituted Vicar of Bengoe, Herts., 19 June 1761, and held this until his death at Hertford 21 June 1763. At that time he was also Headmaster of the Free Grammar School at Hertford, and Lecturer of Whitechapel, Middlesex (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 25 June 1763).

William Hazeland had verses in the University Collection on the Peace of 1748. In 1755, Charles Viscount Townshend gave two prizes of twenty guineas each for the best dissertation in English prose on the following subject, "In what manner trade and civil liberty support each other." There were fourteen competitors, and William Hazeland got the first prize (Cooper, *Annals of Cambridge*, iv, 294).

P. 118 no. 24. Robert Dod was ordained Priest by the Bishop of London 17 June 1753.

P. 118 no. 25. Richard Hancorn was ordained Deacon 24 August 1752 by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed to the curacy of Bicker, co. Lincoln; he was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Rochester 10 June 1753. He was instituted Vicar of Stoke, Kent, 11 June 1753, and held the living until 1765.

P. 119 no. 26. John Fox was ordained Deacon 11 June 1752 by the Bishop of Lincoln.

P. 119 no. 27. William Williams was ordained Deacon 24 September 1752 by the Bishop of London with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Winchester.

P. 119 no. 28. Richard Matthews, gentleman, son and heir-apparent of John Matthews, of the Inner Temple, London, gentleman, was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 29 April 1745.

John Matthews, gentleman, fourth son of Timothy Matthews, late of London, grocer, deceased, was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 28 November 1711.

Richard Matthews was ordained Deacon 3 March 175 $\frac{1}{4}$, when he was licensed to the curacy of Little Laver, Essex, and Priest 24 September 1752, by the Bishop of London. He was instituted Rector of Fisherton Anger, Wilts., 1 May 1758 on the presentation of Elizabeth Matthews, of Stanmore, Middlesex, widow. He held the living until his death in 1786.

P. 119 no. 29. The name should be Werge, not Worge.

Richard Werge, the father, was instituted Vicar of Hart and Hartlepool, co. Durham, 23 August 1723, ceding it on his institution 26 January 173 $\frac{3}{4}$ to the Vicarage of Hartburn, co. Northumberland, which he held until his death 17 December 1749. His widow, who was mother to John Errington, of Walwick, died in Westgate Street, Newcastle, 21 January 1767 (Hodgson, *History of Northumberland*, Part 2, Volume 1, 297).

Richard Werge, the son, was born at Hartlepool 11 March 172 $\frac{1}{2}$. After taking his degree he was ordained Deacon 1 April 1750 by the Bishop of Rochester, and was curate of one of the churches in Stamford, Lincolnshire. He published *A Collection of Original Poems, Essays and Epistles*, Stamford, 8vo. 1753. The preface is dated London, 10 May 1753. There is a long list of subscribers, and several of the pieces in the volume relate to the College or its members.

P. 119 no. 30. Charles Fowler was ordained Deacon 10 June 1750, and licensed to the curacy of East Stoke, Notts., with a stipend of £26; he was ordained Priest 24 May 1752 and licensed to the curacy of Hockerton, Notts., all by the Archbishop of York. One Charles Fowler was instituted Rector of Hatcliffe 28 May 1760, and Rector of Claypole (North Mediety) 3 June 1778, both in Lincolnshire. Both livings were vacant in 1778, his successor as Rector of Claypole being instituted 10 July.

P. 119 no. 31. Charles Nash was ordained Deacon 18 March 1753 by the Bishop of Norwich, and licensed to the curacy of Little Saxham, Suffolk, with a stipend of £25. One of these names was instituted Rector of Aldbourne 31 January 1758, and Rector of Twineham 2 February 1758, both livings being in Sussex. Both livings were vacant in 1777.

P. 119 no. 32. Lord George Cavendish was elected M.P. for the borough of Weymouth and Melcomb Regis, Dorset, 28 January 1754. He was elected M.P. for the county of Derby 25 April 1754, sitting for that constituency until his death, being returned as Member 25 April 1754; 2 April 1761; 10 December 1761 (being re-elected on his appointment as Comptroller of the Household); 29 March 1768; 27 October 1774; 29 November 1781; 15 April 1784, and 26 June 1790. In October 1761 he was appointed Comptroller of the Household—an office he did not long hold. He was sworn in of the Privy Council 25 February 1762. On 17 June 1766 he was appointed Lord Lieutenant and Custos Rotulorum of the county of Derby. He died unmarried 2 May 1794, aged 66. The *Gentleman's Magazine* for 1794 (Part ii, 484) gives the following account of him, stating that he was the oldest Member of the House of Commons: "His Lordship, according to his annual custom, was come down from London to his seat at Holker, in Lancashire, to receive the holy Sacrament in the parish church of Cartmel on Easter Sunday, and was soon after taken very ill, and had much difficulty in breathing; but getting a little better, and being very desirous of returning to town, he set forward on Wednesday, April 30, but did not get much farther than Stockport in Cheshire, when his complaint returned with great violence, and terminated his life almost instantaneously, in his carriage, without a groan. His remains were interred in Cartmel Church on Wednesday the 14th instant, amidst an amazing concourse of people, eager to pay their last tribute to the memory of so great and good a man. His Lordship was well versed in the arts and sciences, and in natural history, especially botany, which he had made his particular study for several of his latter years. But to speak of his charity, and the goodness of his heart, would exceed all praise; there was certainly never a man so much lamented, and with so great reason, as he has been, in the country where he was known; and his farmers and domesticks have suffered an almost irreparable loss. In short, it may be truly said of him, without exaggeration, that, for honour and integrity, he was not excelled in the known world."

P. 119 no. 34. Thomas Sandland was ordained Priest 22 September 1751 by the Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry, and licensed to the curacy of Moreton Corbet, Salop, with a salary of £30. He was licensed curate of the parish of Eccles, co. Lancaster, by the Bishop of Chester 30 August 1754, with a salary of £30. One of these names was instituted Rector of St Devereux, co. Hereford, 21 March 1771, and held the living until 1791.

P. 119 no. 35. James Hewitt was ordained Deacon 30 June 1751 and licensed to the curacy of Shawbury, Salop, with a salary of £20; he was ordained Priest 10 December 1752 and licensed to the curacy of Stoke, with a salary of £35, all by the Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry.

P. 119 no. 36. Rowland Chambre was ordained Deacon 24 May 1752 by the Bishop of Ely, and Priest 18 March 1753 by the Bishop of Durham for the Bishop of Hereford. He was instituted Vicar of Madeley, Salop, 19 March 1753, and Rector of Sheinton, Salop, 15 March 1756, being again instituted Vicar of Madeley 16 March 1756. He vacated both these livings on being instituted Rector of Thornton, co. Chester, 29 September 1760. He was instituted Rector of Berrington, Salop, 6 June 1787. On 5 June 1787, when he was described as Chaplain to James, Earl of Hopetoun, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Thornton and Berrington, the livings being valued at £300 and £250 respectively, and their distance apart stated to be not more than 30 miles.

He held both until his death. He published a Sermon [on Ephes. vi, 10] *Religion the principle and support of rational courage, preached at St Chad's, Shrewsbury, before the Regiment of Volunteers on their first receiving the Colours, Shrewsbury, 1759, 4to.* In the chancel of the Church of Thornton is a pyramidal monument attached to the North wall, with the following inscription: "In memory of | the Rev. Rowland Chabre, | late Rector of this parish. | He was presented to the church in the year 1760. | where, no predecessor having resided | within the memory of man, | it devolved upon him to refit the parsonage, | erect several additional buildings, | and decorate the grounds about it. | He resided here during his incumbency, | and died the 10th day of December, | in the year of our Lord 1796, | aged 65. | Haec domus ultima. | Tendimus huc omnes" (Ormerod (ed. Helsby) *History of Cheshire*, ii, 22).

P. 119 no. 37. Tobias Matthews, son of Thomas Matthews, of Enderby, co. Leicester, clerk, matriculated at Oxford from Brasenose College 11 January 172 $\frac{2}{3}$, aged 17. He took the B.A. degree at Oxford in 1726, and the M.A. at Cambridge from St John's in 1746 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He was ordained Deacon 23 June 1728 by the Bishop of Salisbury, and Priest 22 February 173 $\frac{3}{8}$ by the Bishop of Ely. He was instituted Rector of Frowlesworth 19 June 1739, and Vicar of Thurnby with Stoughton 7 July 1746, both co. Leicester. On 27 June 1746, when he is described as chaplain to Edward Noel, Lord Wentworth, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then valued at £90 and £60 respectively and stated to be 10 miles apart. He held both livings until his death in 1763.

P. 119 no. 38. Ralph Heathcote, the father, was of Jesus College, Cambridge, B.A. 1717; he married Mary, daughter of Simon Ockley, Professor of Arabic at Cambridge (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, iii, 533).

Edward Heathcote was ordained Deacon 23 September 1750 and licensed to the curacy of St Margaret's, in Leicester; he was ordained Priest 24 May 1752 and licensed to the curacy of Loughborough, co. Leicester, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Buckminster with Sewstern, Leicestershire, 24 February 1764. He married Catherine, daughter of Richard Hacker, of Loughborough (Hunter, *Familiae Minorum Gentium, Harleian Soc. Publ.* xxxviii, 475, where there is a pedigree). He died at East Bridge, in Nottinghamshire, Monday 13 April 1801, aged 74 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 25 April 1801). His second son, Edward, was of St John's College, B.A. 1784; he took the name of Hacker in December 1819.

P. 119 no. 39. Richard Bullock, the father, was probably the Fellow of King's College of that name (B.A. 1724). He was successively Rector of Streatham, Surrey; Vicar of St Bride's, Fleet Street, and Vicar of Christ Church, Newgate Street.

Richard Bullock, the younger, was ordained Deacon 23 February 1752 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and Priest 17 June 1753 by the Bishop of Norwich. He was instituted Vicar of Copdock with Washbrook, Suffolk, 18 June 1753, on the presentation of Thomas de Gray, esq., and Rector of Dry Drayton, co. Cambridge, 7 May 1755. On 4 May 1755, when he is described as Chaplain to John, Duke of Bedford, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Copdock (valued at £130) with Dry Drayton (valued at £182), the livings being stated to be 29 miles apart. He ceded both on his institution 29 November 1784 to the Rectory of St Paul's, Covent Garden, on the presentation of the Duke of Bedford. He was instituted Rector of Streatham, Surrey, 27 January 1785. On 20 January 1785 he received a dispensation to hold St Paul's (valued at £350) with Streatham (valued at £500). He held both these livings until his death 4 October 1809, at his Rectory House in James Street, Covent Garden, aged 80. It is stated by several authorities (Malcolm, *London Redivivus*, iv, 218; Hennessy, *Novum Repertorium*, cxlix; Davy, *Athenae Suffolcienses*, British Mus. Add. MSS. 19,167) that Dr Bullock was also Rector of St Andrew's, Layham, Suffolk, but this is an error. Dr Bullock was twice married. He married first on 1 December 1763, Lucy King, daughter and coheir of the Rev. Charles King, of Chelmshoe House, in Great Maplestead. She was buried at Dry Drayton 24 April 1784. By her he had two sons: William Bullock, baptized at Dry Drayton 29 May 1770; he was afterwards Secretary of Jamaica, and died in 1832 leaving issue; Edward Bullock, baptized at Dry Drayton 21 May 1774, of Christ Church and New College, Oxford,

Rector of Hambledon, Surrey, died *s.p.* 11 January 1850; and also two daughters, Lucy, who married John Lateward, esq., and Harriet, who married 13 February 1811 Edward Bullock Douglas, esq., of Devonshire Place, London (Waters, *The Chesters of Chicheley*, i, 285; *Cambridge Chronicle*, 22 February 1811). Dr Bullock married secondly 6 July 1789, at St George's, Hanover Square, Mrs Sarah Bullard, widow, of Conduit Street, Westminster (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 11 July 1789; *Marriage Register of St George, Hanover Square, Harl. Soc. Pub.*, Register Series xiv, 27). His widow died in February 1810, at the Rectory House, Covent Garden, aged 79 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 23 February 1810).

On a marble tablet on the south wall of St Paul's Church, Covent Garden, there is the following inscription: "Sacred to the memory of the Rev. Richard Bullock, D.D., twenty-five years Rector of this parish and of Streatham, in Surrey. A scholar and a gentleman of polished and amiable manners; he died October ivth, MDCCCIX, aged 80 years. Also of Sarah Bullock, his widow, who died February the xviith, MDCCCX, aged 79 years. In the vault beneath rest their earthly remains, together with those of his eldest son (by his first wife), Richard Bullock, esq., who died January xxvth, MDCCCXCIV, aged 37 years. Also of William Bullock, son of William Bullock, esq., and grandson of Dr Bullock, who died October 31st, 1812, aged 16 years. To Mary Bullock, daughter of Dr Bullock, by his first marriage, of most amiable and exemplary conduct throughout life, this memorial is inscribed by her sister Elizabeth, who, as her constant companion, must feel her loss irreparable. She died July 20th, 1814, aged 53 years."

Dr Bullock published the following: (i) *A sermon* [on Prov. iv. 13] *preached at the School feast at Bishop's Stortford*, London 1754, 4to.; (ii) *Two sermons* [on Rom. x. 4 and Psalm cxii. 3, 45] *preached at St Paul's, Covent Garden*, London, 1793, 4to.; (iii) *A sermon* [on Luke xix. 46] *at the Consecration of St Paul's Church, Covent Garden*, London, 1798, 4to.

P. 120 no. 40. Sylvester Richmond, the father, was of Brasenose College, Oxford (B.A. 1 March 1716, M.A. 1 June 1719). He was ordained Deacon 12 June 1720 by the Bishop of Oxford, and Priest 21 July 1720 by the Bishop of Chester. He was instituted Rector of Walton-on-the-Hill 6 April 1722, on the presentation of George, Earl Cadogan, and married 29 June 1724 Mary, daughter of the Rev. Robert Hindley, by whom he had a family of six sons and one daughter. His wife died 11 May 1754, and he died 3 August 1768.

Richard Richmond was his eldest son, and was baptized at Walton 26 May 1727. He was ordained Deacon 24 August 1752 and licensed to the curacy of Beauchampton, Bucks., by the Bishop of Lincoln; he was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Chester 15 September 1754. He was presented by his father to the Vicarage of Walton-on-the-Hill, and instituted 30 August 1757. On 4 July 1758 he was appointed chaplain to James Murray, second Duke of Athole, who inherited the lordship of Man. In 1764 Mr Richmond published *Forty sermons and discourses*, 4to., preached at Walton, St Peter's, and St Nicholas', Liverpool, and at the Episcopal Chapel, Dunkeld, which he inscribed to his patron, a compliment that met with its return in future preferment, for it was through the influence of the Duke, who was the sovereign of the Isle of Man, that he was nominated Bishop of Sodor and Man 23 January 1773. He was confirmed 5 and consecrated 14 February in that year. He died, unmarried, in Cecil Street, Strand, 4 February 1780, and was buried in St Mary le Strand (Croston's edition of Baines' *History of Lancashire*, v, 102; *Notes and Queries*, ser. 2, v, 173; Hardy's *Le Neve*, iii, 328). He held the Vicarage of Walton-on-the-Hill together with his Bishopric, *in commendam* (*London Chronicle*, 2 February 1773).

William-Cole has two accounts of Bishop Richmond. One in his collections for an *Athenae Cantabrigienses* (Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5879), the other in his history of St John's (*ibid.* Addl. MSS. 5850). The latter is the fuller of the two, and is as follows:

"Richard Richmond, LL.D., is the son of the late Rector of Walton-on-the-Hill, in Lancashire... his father was always necessitous. The son was of St John's College, but never Fellow. He quitted it and returned to take his LL.D. degree, and lived in College in a most showy and expensive manner, borrowing money of every one who would lend it, or had it to lend. I saw him once at our Archdeacon's Visitation in Buckinghamshire, whither he accompanied my worthy and learned friend, Dr John Taylor, as a companion, during the Visitation of his whole jurisdiction, who was very fond of him, being of a cheerful and gay conversation,

though the Archdeacon had cause to repent of his ill-placed confidence: for I heard him complain some two or three years after, that he had borrowed 2 or 300 *li.* of him which he never expected to recover. Mr Bullock, the present Rector of Dry Drayton, lost £500 by him, and Mr Grove, of St John's College, a very considerable sum. In short, he had such an influence over them, and other gentlemen of his acquaintance, that it looked more like magic and enchantment than the effects of friendship. Whenever he went out of College or returned to it, where he lived a good part of his time, as Fellow Commoner, he was sure to carry a train of them with him to his first stage at Huntingdon; and on notice of his return, he was escorted back with the same joviality. He was the first man that ever made use of a Sedan chair to carry him to any of the Churches in Cambridge, when he preached, as a great favour, for any of his acquaintance. At Mrs Dauvert's, at the Hoop Tavern, he frequently dined luxuriously and stipulated with the waiter, to whom he gave half-a-crown, not to leave him for a moment till dinner was over. He was used to say on leaving Cambridge at any time, 'Now the price of sweet-breads will sink two-pence a piece.' He was a well-made, showy person, and always full dressed; and used generally to have 20 or 30 guineas lying openly upon his table, or chimney-piece, in order to cheat people into an opinion of his opulence. Another of his artifices to deceive people to lend him money without security was pretty singular. It is this. He had a picture in his Rooms of a young lady, whom he used regularly to toast, and whom he pretended he was to marry with a vast fortune, and had actually Articles of Marriage drawn, in order that the attorney might mention it, and the story was propagated, when in fact no such person ever existed. When these arts were discovered and he found himself in danger of being secured, he shifted his quarters and avoided the importunity of his creditors, and I was informed, 27 December 1774, by a person who has occasionally been mentioned once or twice before, and who in the summer or autumn before had been a tour in Scotland [Cole's informant was Dr William Howell Ewin, see MSS. Cole, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5879], that he lodged at Dunkeld, at the Inn kept by one Mrs Donaldson, where Dr Richmond for some months lived and boarded, as a retreat from his creditors, and as was supposed with a design to ingratiate himself into the acquaintance of the Duke of Athol, with whom before he was utterly unacquainted. However that may be, the plan took effect, for he was taken into the family as chaplain and was tutor to the children, and on the death of the late worthy Dr Mark Hildesley, Bishop of Sodor and Man, he was nominated by the Duke and Duchess of Athol in January 1773 to that Bishoprick, and a dispensation or commendam passed the Great Seal at the same time to empower him to hold the Vicarage of Walton-on-the-Hill in Lancashire together with his See.

"The preceding account I received from two gentlemen who ought to know him well, being both contemporaries with him in the same society and on whose veracity I chuse to rest it. They are both great talkers and love to make the most of a story. The former, President of the College and a man of reputation, the other greater in Degree but lower credit, and has occasionally been mentioned by me in the course of this volume [In the margin Cole has written G. A., *S.T.B.*, i.e. George Ashby; W. H. E., *LL.D.*, i.e. William Howell Ewin]. I was told the same day, Dec. 27, 1774, by a friend (Mr L. F., of Trin. Coll.) [F. Lort], on whose word I can depend, and who had been with Mr Pennant this summer on a progress in Wales and the Isle of Man, that they accidentally met with his Lordship on his Visitation, and dined with him at a gentleman's house on the Island, where his grace before meat was 'Give us this day our daily bread,' and after it, 'Hallowed be thy name.' He was as pompous and prelatical, magnificent and episcopal, in his little Diocese, with his purple coat and silk cassock under it, and his equipage suitable as any Bishop in Christendom. It was probably in order to ridicule this pomposity in a Bishop, who has no seat in Parliament, that some one, who bore him no good will, put this in the public papers in August 1776: mandates of this sort from the Bishops on the other side of the water, I mean in France, being pretty common, in England not so: 'A correspondent in the Isle of Man informs us, That in order to prevent the spreading of Methodism there, the Lord Bishop of that Diocese has issued his mandate to the clergy, warning them not to admit to the Communion such people as shall thereafter be known to countenance or frequent such assemblies. The Mandate was read on Sunday sen'night in all the Parish Churches and Chapels of the Island' (*Cumberland Packet*).

"We were informed within this month—I write this August 22, 1777—in the

public prints, that his Lordship being on a Visitation, sent his baggage by water to meet him at a certain place; this was all taken by an American privateer on that coast and carried into New England. It is the first rochet and lawn sleeves that ever was imported into that indecent country and probably will be the last; except the people there turn pirates, which is not improbable, and they then may happen now and then to catch a travelling Irish Bishop and make a show of him in their country.

"In this and other articles, I have put down many minutiae for want of better material, yet even these give the character as well as the best. It was said in the *Cambridge Chronicle*, of Saturday 12 February 1780, that the Bishop died in London on Friday, February 4. I heard a gentleman say that he met him this year at Matlock, whither he came privately to eat trout and stayed there some days on that account, was grown enormously fat and unwieldy, but immensely pompous. He died in Cecil Street in the Strand, and buried in that Parish Church, quite insolvent as I am informed."

Bishop Richmond is said to have been an eloquent preacher (Butler, *Memoirs of Bishop Hildesley*, 318). See also a reference to him in Nichols, *Literary Illustrations*, iv, 692. He was consecrated Bishop of Sodor and Man 14 February 1773 at Whitehall Chapel by the Archbishop of York, the Bishops of Durham, Ely and Chester assisting, and did homage to the King next day (*Annual Register*, xvi, 75). He was buried in the Church of St Mary-le-Strand; his arms were: *sable*, a cross fleury, between four estoiles or (*Notes and Queries*, 2 Ser. v, 173). See on the Richmond Family, Fishwick, *History of Garstang*. It seems clear that he did issue some notice to his clergy with regard to the Methodists, and that the 'Mandate,' quoted by Cole, was not a practical joke; for Wesley says in his *Journal*, 1 June 1777: "Mr Corbett said he would gladly have asked me to preach, but that the bishop had forbidden him; who also had forbidden all his clergy to admit any methodist preacher to the Lord's Supper."

P. 120 no. 41. This person graduated as Greene, B.A. 1749, M.A. 1753. He was ordained Deacon 6 December 1763, and Priest 17 June 1764 by the Archbishop of York. He was instituted Vicar of Feering, Essex, 22 October 1764, and Vicar of Boreham, Essex, 7 May 1767, ceding this last on his institution 2 November 1770 to the Rectory of Laingdon with the Chapelry of Baseldon in Essex; this he held by dispensation with Feering, the united values being £300 a year; he was at that time also Chaplain to the Countess Dowager of Chedworth (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 10 November 1770). He was collated to the Prebend of Oxgate, in St Paul's, London, 22 January 1772. He was instituted Rector of Little Burstead, Essex, 17 November 1775, then ceding Feering but holding it with Laingdon by dispensation (*ibid.* 28 November 1775). He appears to have resigned both his livings in 1777, but to have held his Prebend until his death in September 1797 (*ibid.* 30 September 1797; Hennessy, *Novum Repertorium*, 42).

P. 120 no. 42. John Cookson was ordained Deacon 3 March 1759, when he was licensed to the curacy of Stanningfield, Essex, and Priest 2 June 1751, all by the Bishop of London. He was instituted Rector of Kelvedon Hatch, Essex, 27 March 1760, appointed to the curacy of Norton Mandeville, Essex, 11 March 1772, and to the Prebend of Caire or Master Gwent, in Llandaff Cathedral, 2 June 1783. He held these preferments until 1798 or 1799.

He was appointed Preceptor of Prince Ernest, Prince Augustus, and Prince Adolphus (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 23 June 1781).

P. 120 no. 44. On 29 March 1750 Henry Bryant had letters dimissory from the Archbishop of Canterbury to be ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Rochester; he was ordained Deacon by that prelate 1 April 1750. On 2 April 1750 the Archbishop licensed him to be curate at Wadhurst, Sussex, to the Rev. Samuel Bush, Vicar, with a salary of £30. He was ordained Priest by the Archbishop, in Lambeth Chapel, 23 September 1750. He was instituted Vicar of Langham Bishops 19 June 1758, and Rector of Colby 28 January 1777, both in Norfolk. He held both livings until his death at Colby Rectory 4 June 1799, aged 78 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1799, i, 532). He was author of the following: *Mercenary Principles destructive of National Security*, Brothertons, pr. 6d.; *A fast sermon* [on Joshua vii. 8], 1758, 4to.; *A particular enquiry into the causes of that disease in Wheat called the Brand*, Norwich, 1784, 8vo. See the admission of an elder brother. Henry Bryant was an occasional contributor to the *Gentleman's Magazine* on botanical and other subjects (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1801, ii, 683 a).

P. 120 no. 1. Henry Wigley was son of Edward Wigley, M.D. (see his admission Part ii, P. 217 no. 9), and grandson of Henry Wigley, B.D., Fellow of the College (see his admission, Part ii, P. 74 no. 26).

Henry Wigley was ordained Priest 18 March 1753 by the Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry, and licensed to the curacy of Wolvey, Warwickshire, with a salary of £20. One of these names was instituted Vicar of Scraftoft, co. Leicester, 28 June 1756, and held the living until 1767. He was owner of the Manor of Ullesthorpe, co. Leicester, and died 14 January 1801 at his house in Worcester, aged 72, when he is described as of Pensham in Pershore (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1801, p. 93; *Cambridge Chronicle*, 24 January 1801). Edmund Wigley, his son, was of the Middle Temple, where he was admitted a student 21 March 1776, when he is described as "son and heir of the Rev. Henry Wigley, of Stratford-on-Avon, co. Warwick." He was called to the Bar 6 June 1788. He was Recorder of Leicester 1787-1798, and M.P. for the City of Worcester 1789-1802 (Nichols, *History of Leicestershire*, iv, 119). Two sons of this Edmund [Meysey] Wigley were admitted at Oxford: the Rev. Charles Meysey Meysey Wigley, of Balliol College, who died 6 October 1830, and Edmund Meysey Wigley-Greswolde, who became a lieutenant-colonel of the Enniskillen Dragoons and died 6 January 1833 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*).

P. 120 no. 4. Banastre Parker, the father, married Anne, daughter and co-heiress of William Clayton, esq., of Fulwood, M.P. for Liverpool 1698-1708. Robert Parker, the son, born 1727, married Anne, only daughter and sole heir of Thomas Townley, esq., of Royle, co. Lancaster. He died in 1779. (Croston's edition of Baines' *History of Lancashire*, iv, 186; *Burke's Landed Gentry*, Townley-Parker of Cuerden Hall).

P. 121 no. 5. John Hewthwaite was ordained Deacon 2 June 1751 and licensed to the curacy of St Mary's, Beverley, with a stipend of £25; he was ordained Priest 24 May 1752, all by the Archbishop of York. He was instituted Vicar of Cottingham, Yorks., 17 February 1757, ceding this on his institution 31 December 1766 to the Vicarage of Morton with Haconby, co. Lincoln. This he ceded on his institution 8 September 1768 to the Vicarage of Messingham with Bottesford, co. Lincoln. This he appears to have held till 1773. He was instituted Vicar of Bicker, co. Lincoln, 9 April 1776, which he held until his death. He died 16 September 1802, aged 73 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1802, p. 885*b*, when he is described as 'of Lincoln'). He is probably the Mr Hewthwaite who was Master of Lincoln School (see the admission of William Harrison, P. 170 no. 19).

P. 121 no. 6. Thomas Weston was admitted to Merchant Taylors' School in 1738, when it is stated that he was born 22 November 1728 (Robinson, *Merchant Taylors' School Register*, ii, 92). He was ordained Deacon 17 June 1753 by the Bishop of Lincoln, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Peterborough. He was ordained Priest 22 December 1754 by the Bishop of Norwich and licensed to the curacy of Harlston, Norfolk, with a salary of £40. He was instituted Rector of Brockdish, Norfolk, 29 July 1755, and Vicar of Bramfield, Suffolk, 7 March 1758. He seems to have ceded Brockdish in 1766, but to have held Bramfield until 1784.

P. 121 no. 7. Thomas Jackson was ordained Deacon 4 March 175½ by the Bishop of Hereford, and Priest 24 May 1752 by the Archbishop of York, when he was licensed to the curacy of Paull, Yorks., with a stipend of £20. He was instituted Vicar of Sheckling with Burstwick, Yorks., 27 April 1758, and held the living until 1784.

P. 121 no. 8. Matthew Robinson, the father, was of Trinity College. He was of West Layton, Yorks., and of Monks Horton, Kent. He married Elizabeth, daughter of Robert Drake, of Cambridgeshire. William Robinson was his fifth son. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 17 March 1752, and held his fellowship until 1760 when he married Mary, only surviving daughter of Adam Richardson, of Kensington. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Chester at Cambridge, 24 March 1754, and Priest 13 June 1756 by the Bishop of Chester for the Bishop of London. He was instituted Rector of Denton, Kent, 20 November 1765, on the presentation of Mrs Cœlia Scott, holding this until 1785; and Rector of Burghfield, Berks., 19 December 1767, his father having purchased the presentation for him from the Shrewsbury family, he resigned this to his son Matthew Robinson in 1800. On the death of his eldest brother Matthew (second Lord Rokeby, who died 30 November 1800), he succeeded to part of the family estates in Kent, Yorkshire,

and Cambridgeshire. He died 8 December 1803 at Burghfield, Berks., aged about 75. He left a son and two daughters, the youngest of whom was married to Sir Samuel Egerton Brydges, of Denton, Kent. While at St John's Mr William Robinson was intimate with the poets Gray and Mason, who corresponded with him and visited him at his seat at Denton (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1803, ii, 1192-3; *Annual Register*, 1803, p. 530; Mitford, *Gray and Mason's Correspondence*, 506; Foster's *Peerage*, Baron Rokeby). Sir Egerton Brydges (in his *Autobiography*, ii, 10) gives the following account of the Rev. William Robinson: "He was an indolent man—of polished manners, but sometimes apparently slow and dreamy—till a little provoked, when he became sharp and contradictory; now and then, a little humoursome and petulant; liberal and violent in his political principles; unaffected; a despiser of show and impatient of artifice. He was a lover of the arts, and very well versed in them. He had travelled in Italy, and was an excellent judge of pictures. In literary composition his taste was severe; and he loved plainness so much, that one of his favourite authors was Dr Franklin. He was a handsome man—something above the middle-height—but rather clumsily made. With great seeming humility, he was rather proud, and fired like his brother at the smallest liberty taken with him."

Mrs Montagu, the authoress of *The Essay on the Genius of Shakespeare*, was a sister of Mr William Robinson.

P. 121 no. 9. This seems to be the John Wilson, eldest son of Thomas Wilson, owner of the manor of Kentmere, Westmorland, by his wife Dorothy, eldest daughter of John Fenwick, of Nunridding and Langshaw, Northumberland. He took by special Act of Parliament in 1751 the name of Fenwick; he died unmarried in 1757 (Hodgson, *History of Northumberland*, Part ii, Vol. 2, p. 76, where there is a pedigree). See the admission of his younger brother (P. 127 no. 12).

P. 121 no. 11. Utrick Fetherston, son of Matthew Fetherston, of St Magnus, London, gentleman, matriculated at Oxford from Trinity College 11 November 1735, aged 17. He took the B.A. degree at Oxford in 1739 as Utréd (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He took the B.A. degree at Cambridge, from St John's, as U. Fetherstonhaugh in 1747. His father, Matthew Fetherstonhaugh, was twice Mayor of Newcastle. Utrick Fetherston married a daughter of Stillingfleet Durnford, of the Ordnance Office, and left issue (Playfair, *British Family Antiquities*, vii, Appendix, lxx). He was a younger brother of Sir Matthew Fetherstonhaugh, of Up Park, Sussex (Manning, *History of Surrey*, ii, 392). He was ordained Deacon 21 December 1740, and Priest 19 December 1742, by the Bishop of London. He was instituted Rector of Oxted, Surrey, 10 April 1746, and Rector of Stanford le Hope, Essex, 8 May 1747. On 5 May 1747, when he is described as chaplain to Lord James Beauclerk, Bishop of Hereford, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both these livings, then stated to be of the respective values of £220 and £130, and to be 28 miles apart. He was instituted Rector of Harting, Sussex, 14 October 1757. He appears to have resigned these two latter livings in 1773, but held Oxted until his death. On the floor of the chancel of Oxted Church is a slab with the following inscription: "Sacred to the memory of the Rev. Utrick Fetherstonhaugh, 42 years Rector of this parish. Ob. 26 Dec. 1788, aged 70 years" (Manning, *l. c.* 391).

P. 121 no. 12. Robert Amory, a native of Dublin, son of Thomas Amory, was admitted to St Peter's College, Westminster, in 1745 (Welsh, *Alumni Westmonasterienses*, 333, 336). He took the degree of M.B. in 1757. He practised as a physician at Wakefield, Yorks., and was the author of the Theses: (i) *On the Application of Philosophy to Physic*; (ii) *On Testaceous Powders* (*Medical Register*, 1780, p. 165). He was elected a Governor of Wakefield Grammar School 18 April 1768 and resigned 4 February 1793. He died 14 February 1805, aged 74, having practised 27 years in Wakefield (Peacock, *History of Wakefield Grammar School*, 102).

P. 121 no. 13. See the admission of the father (P. 44 no. 16). John Norcross, the younger, took the degree of B.A. in 1750. On 20 July 1754, being then curate of Ormskirk, co. Lancaster, he was licensed by the Bishop of Chester to be master of the free grammar school at Ormskirk, on the nomination of the trustees and with a yearly salary of £25. On 22 March 1765 the same Bishop licensed him to the chapel of Horwich in the parish of Dean, co. Lancaster, and on the same day

licensed him to be master of the free grammar school of Rivington, co. Lancaster, on the nomination of the governors. He succeeded his father as master of Rivington, and held office until 1789 (Carlisle, *Description of the Endowed Grammar Schools of England and Wales*, i, 717).

P. 121 no. 15. Bauastre Walton, son and heir of Henry Walton, of Marsden, co. Lancaster, esquire, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 13 November 1749. He migrated to the Inner Temple, where he was admitted 30 January 1753.

P. 121 no. 16. John Barlow took the degree of B.A. in 1750. He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Chester 15 October 1752. He is probably the John Barlow, B.A., licensed by the Bishop of Chester 30 August 1754 to the curacy of the parish church of Radcliffe, co. Lancaster, on the nomination of the Rev. William Lawson. One John Barlow was instituted Vicar of Leigh, co. Lancaster, 28 December 1767 on the presentation of James Scholes, and held it until his death in 1784 (Baines, *History of Lancashire*, ed. Croston, iv, 323).

P. 122 no. 17. John Image was ordained Deacon 22 December 1751 by the Bishop of Norwich with letters dimissory from Peterborough, and Priest 23 December 1753 by the Bishop of Peterborough. He was instituted Vicar of St John the Baptist, Peterborough, 13 December 1766 (*Fenland Notes and Queries*, i, 225). He was chaplain to the Bishop of Peterborough, and was licensed by dispensation to hold the Rectory of Etton, Northamptonshire (to which he was instituted 9 February 1769) with the Vicarage of St John the Baptist. The dispensation was granted 8 February 1769, and states that the value of Etton was £105 and of St John £150, the benefices being not more than six miles apart. He was Precentor and Minor Canon of Peterborough Cathedral. He died 5 October 1786 (*Fenland Notes and Queries*, i, 225; *Cambridge Chronicle*, 14 October 1786). There is a monument to his memory in the church (Sweeting, *Parish Churches in and around Peterborough*, 30, 34). His widow died at Peterborough on Wednesday, 15 May 1811, aged 73 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 24 May 1811). His daughter, Judith, wife of Thomas A. Cooke, esq., died Saturday, 15 February 1817, at Gazeley near Peterborough (*ibid.* 21 February 1817). A son, Thomas Image (Corpus Christi College, B.A. 1795, M.A. 1798), was instituted to the Rectory of Whelpstead, Suffolk, on the presentation of Robert Freeman, esq., of Lynn (*ibid.* 3 February 1798). He married on Tuesday, 15 January 1799, at Caistor near Peterborough, Miss Freeman, daughter of the late Rev. John Freeman, Rector of Lyndon, Rutland (*ibid.* 19 January 1799). He was instituted to the Rectory of Stanningfield, Suffolk (*ibid.* 8 April 1809). His son, William Edmund, was married at the British Ambassador's in Paris to Madlle Désirée Catherine D'Enville (*ibid.* 6 August 1830). Thomas Image died at Whelpstead Rectory 8 March 1856, aged 83 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1856, i, 534).

P. 122 no. 18. Richard Holmes was ordained Deacon 9 June 1754 and licensed to the curacy of Swarkston, co. Derby; he was ordained Priest 24 September 1758 and licensed to the curacy of Sawley, co. Derby, all by the Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield. His salary was fixed at £30 for each curacy.

P. 122 no. 19. Henry Hankey seems to have been known as Harry H.; he graduated as Harry. He was ordained Deacon 17 June 1753 by the Bishop of Ely, and Priest 28 April 1754 by the Bishop of Norwich. He was instituted Rector of Brantham with Bergholt, Suffolk, 8 May 1754, and Rector of Peldon, Essex, 6 March 1761. On 27 February 1761, when he is described as chaplain to Stephen, Earl of Ilchester, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then valued at £300 and £160 respectively and stated to be 16 miles apart. He held both until his death 24 April 1782 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 4 May 1782; see also *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1782, p. 262).

P. 122 no. 21. John Canning was ordained Deacon 17 May and licensed to the curacy of Northweald, Essex, 24 May 1752 by the Bishop of London. He was ordained Priest 23 December 1753 by the Bishop of Carlisle, at Fulham, acting for the Bishop of London. He was instituted Vicar of Elsenham, Essex, 17 May 1757, and held the living until 1784.

P. 122 no. 22. George Fletcher was ordained Deacon 30 June 1751 when he was licensed to the curacy of Cubley, co. Derby, with a salary of £30, and Priest 17 June 1753 by the Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry. He was instituted Rector of Cubley, co. Derby, 18 June 1753, and Rector of Barton Blount 2 August 1762.

On 8 July 1762, when he is described as chaplain to George, Lord Vernou, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then stated to be of the respective values of £100 and £23, and to be 3 miles apart. He was instituted Rector of Sudbury, co. Derby, 2 August 1776, then ceding Barton Blount, but receiving a dispensation, on 29 June 1776, to hold Sudbury (valued at £200) with Cubley (valued at £130). He was instituted Rector of Mavesyn Ridware, co. Stafford, 14 July 1780, then ceding Sudbury, but receiving a dispensation to hold Cubley (valued at £150) with Mavesyn Ridware (valued at £200), the benefices being not more than 8 miles apart. On this occasion he was excused attendance on the Archbishop. He held both these latter livings until his death 11 October 1800, in his 72nd year (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1800, p. 1012).

P. 122 no. 23. Thomas Metcalfe was admitted a Fellow of the College 17 March 1752. He was ordained Deacon 3 March 1752 and licensed to the curacy of Harlow, Essex, 1 April 1751, by the Bishop of London. He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Lincoln, in Lent 1752, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of London. He was presented by the College to the Rectory of Barrow, Suffolk, 17 June and instituted 23 August 1773. He died in May 1774 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 14 May 1774). He was instituted Vicar of Milton Abbas, Dorset, 11 May 1758, ceding this on his institution to Barrow (Hutchins, *History of Dorset*, iv, 408 a).

P. 122 no. 24. Thomas Fielde, the father, was a Fellow of the College (see his admission, Part ii, P. 150 no. 23).

Thomas Fielde, the younger, graduated as Feilde, B.A. 1750, M.A. 1754. He was ordained Deacon 18 March 1753 and licensed to the curacy of Boyleston, co. Derby, with a salary of £30; he was ordained Priest 22 September 1754, being still curate of Boyleston, all by the Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry. He was instituted Rector of Eastwick 14 June 1764, and Vicar of Stansted Abbots 18 February 1767, holding both livings, which are in Herts, until his death in 1781. He married Elizabeth, daughter of the Rev. Henry Fletcher, Rector of Boyleston and Spondon, co. Derby. She was buried at Lewisham in Kent, in 1785 (Cussans, *History of Hertfordshire*, Hundred of Braughing, 46, 67; Clutterbuck, *History of Hertfordshire*, iii, 243, where there is a pedigree).

P. 122 no. 25. Samuel Bell was ordained Deacon 2 June 1751 by the Bishop of Peterborough.

P. 122 no. 26. Joseph Manlove, the father, was perhaps the person of that name, son of Thomas Manlove, of Scraftoft, co. Derby, clerk, who matriculated at Oxford from Magdalen Hall, 12 March 1718, aged 17, B.A. 1722; he perhaps was the Rector of Hertford, Herts. (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). Thomas Manlove was ordained Deacon 30 June 1751 and licensed second schoolmaster and Lecturer in Derby; he was ordained Priest 17 June 1753 and licensed to the curacy of Weston, co. Derby, with a salary of £35, all by the Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry. He was instituted Vicar of Spondon, co. Derby, 29 September 1761, on the presentation of Thomas Lowe, and Vicar of St Alkmund's in Derby 18 August 1762. He was also curate of Quarndon, co. Derby. In 1793, an augmentation of £200 fell by lot to Quarndon from Queen Anne's Bounty, but the Governors declined to confirm the grant unless the curate would agree to do duty every Sunday. This Mr Manlove declined and the augmentation passed to another benefice (Cox, *The Churches of Derbyshire*, iv, 109). There is a monument to Thomas Manlove in the church of St Alkmund's, from which it appears that he died 1 February 1802, aged 72, and that Susannah, his widow, died 9 March 1823, aged 83 (Glover, *History of Derbyshire*, ii, 477; see also *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1802, i, 274 a, where the date of his death is given as 4 February).

P. 122 no. 27. Castraton should be Casterton. John Chevallier was born 3 August, and baptized at Casterton 6 August 1729. His father was curate of the village of Great Casterton to the rector John Peake (of St John's, B.A. 1713). The *Parish Registers* of Great Casterton contain the following entries of his sisters: Mary, born and baptized 23 June, buried 21 December 1731; Mary, born 3 August, baptized 4 September 1732; Elizabeth, born 5, baptized 27 October 1734; Anne, born 11, baptized 19 June 1737; children of the Rev. Mr Nathaniel Michael Chevallier, curate of this parish, and Elizabeth, his wife. Elizabeth, wife of the Rev. Nathaniel Michael Chevallier was buried 10 October 1737 (Mr Justin Simpson). The father was a member of the College (see P. 31 no. 13). John Chevallier took his degree as third Junior Optime in the Mathematical Tripos of 1752. He was ordained

Deacon 23 May 1752 by the Bishop of Peterborough, and Priest 10 February 1753 by the Bishop of Chester, at Cambridge. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 2 April 1754. He served the office of Junior Dean in the College from 5 April 1759 to 22 February 1760, and again from 7 March 1761 to 27 February 1768. He became one of the Tutors of the College. He was elected Master of the College 1 February 1775 on the death of Dr Powell. The election was hotly contested: Three men were voted for, Chevallier, Richard Beadon (P. 142 no. 16), and Samuel Ogden (P. 84 no. 1). Cole in his collections (MSS. Cole xxi, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5822, fol. 28 *b*) has preserved a list given to him by Isaac Pennington (P. 163 no. 2), recording the vote of each Fellow. At the first scrutiny Chevallier had 21, Beadon 17, and Ogden 3 votes. Ogden's supporters then voted for Beadon, and Chevallier got in by one vote. According to Cole, this one vote was that of William Williams (P. 168 no. 24) "who came post out of Wales the night before the election." Lord North and Lord Sandwich, with Cornwallis, Archbishop of Canterbury; Terriek, Bishop of London; Thomas, Bishop of Winchester, and Keene, Bishop of Ely, all supported Beadon. The College seem to have wanted Arnald (P. 162 no. 24), but he was considered too young. Dr Chevallier after his election to the Mastership served the office of Vice-Chancellor 1776-1777. He married 5 March 1778 Mrs Bowyer, of Willoughby, Lincolnshire (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1778, p. 141 *a*). He died 7 March 1789 (*ibid.* 1789, i, 279 *b*). The *Parish Register* of All Saints, Cambridge, has the following entry: "1789, March 14, The Rev. Dr Chevallier, Buried in St John's College Chapel." The place of his grave is marked by a flat stone on the site of the old Chapel, with the following inscription: "Joh. Chevallier, S.T.P., | Magister Collegii, | Electus Feb. 1, 1775, | Obiit Mart. 14, 1789, | Anno Aetatis 63." It will be observed that the date of his death as given in the inscription is really that of his burial. Chevallier's reign as Master was uneventful and little is known of him. Cole's account of him will be found printed at length in Mayor-Baker, *History of St John's College*, ii, 1079-1082. See also Gunning, *Reminiscences of Cambridge* (ed. 1854), i, 202-4.

P. 122 no. 28. See the admission of his father (Part ii, P. 177 no. 2). Francis Gunning was admitted a Platt Fellow of the College 10 April 1753. He was ordained Deacon 17 June 1753, and Priest 9 June 1754, by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Hawkeston, or Hauxton, w. Newton, 18 July 1754, and Vicar of Thriplow 2 October 1759, both benefices being in Cambridgeshire. He held both until his death on Friday, 7 November 1788 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 18 November 1788). He was the father of Henry Gunning, of Christ's College, B.A. 1788, the Esquire Bedell, author of the *Reminiscences of Cambridge* (see vol. i, 1, 111, 112). His third son, Francis Gunning, died at Ely on Tuesday, 5 March 1793, aet. 18 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 9 March 1793). His widow died at Cambridge 15 January 1811, aged 76 (*ibid.* 25 January 1811).

P. 122 no. 29. Arthur William Hood was ordained Priest by the Bishop of London 28 February 1755. He was instituted Rector of Butleigh, Somerset, 13 April 1761, on the presentation of James Grenville, esq., and appointed to the Prebend of Holcombe, in Wells Cathedral, 14 September 1763. Both pieces of preferment were vacant in 1770 (Hardy's *Le Neve*, i, 194).

P. 123 no. 30. William Tomlins, son of John Tomlins, of — Wilts., *plebeius*, matriculated at Oxford from St Mary Hall, 2 March 173 $\frac{1}{2}$, aged 22. He took the B.A. degree at Oxford 12 March 173 $\frac{1}{2}$ (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). In the printed *Graduati Cantabrigienses* he appears as M.A. of King's College in 1747. He was ordained Deacon 20 December 1741, and Priest 23 December 1744, by the Bishop of Winchester. He was instituted Rector of Collingbourne Ducis or St Andrew, Wilts. 1 May 1756, on the presentation of Thomas, Lord Bruce, and Rector of Upham with the Chapel of Durley, Hants., 23 September 1756. On 20 September 1756, when he is described as chaplain to Thomas, Lord Bruce, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Collingbourne (valued at £300) with Upham (valued at £200), the two livings being stated to be 25 miles apart. He is then described as M.A. of St John's College, Cambridge. He held both livings until his death in 1788.

P. 123 no. 31. William Graham did not graduate. He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of London 22 September 1754, having letters dimissory from the Bishop of Winchester. He is then described as "late of St John's College, Cambridge."

One of these names was instituted Rector of Stapleton, co. Cumberland, 17 July 1771, holding the living until 1796.

P. 123 no. 32. John Russell took the degree of LL.B. in 1755. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of London 21 September 1755, and Priest 29 September 1756 by the Bishop of Rochester, in both cases with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Winchester. One of these names was instituted Vicar of Leysdown in the Isle of Sheppey, Kent, 25 March 1756, ceding this on his institution to the Vicarage of Detling, Kent, 6 February 1757; he held this latter living until 1764.

P. 123 no. 1. John Symonds, the elder, was a member of the College (Part ii, P. 207 no. 7). John Symonds, the younger, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 4 May 1747, and called to the Bar 2 July 1756. He became a Fellow of Peterhouse in 1753. He was appointed Recorder of Bury St Edmunds (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 22 February 1772). He was Professor of Modern History at Cambridge from 1771 until his death. He proposed a set of rules which were accepted by the Heads in 1772. *Inter alia* Symonds arranged that the fees of Noblemen, Fellow Commoners and their attendant Private Tutors, should be devoted to remunerating the Language-Masters and buying books, maps, &c. He collected near 1000 volumes, each whereof was stamped *Scholae Historicae Cantabrigiensis Liber*. His course was to lecture (1) on *Rules* for the study of History, enumeration of *points* for subsequent discussion, and of *textbooks*. (2) Causes of the Fall of Rome. (3) States of Commerce, Literature, Civil Government, Feudal System. (4) Christianity, centuries i—xv. These topics occupied a good many lectures, wherein the history of England, France, Spain, Germany, and Italy was discussed, with allusions occasionally to the Eastern Empire, the Greek and Saracen, and in later times, to Turkey. He made a great point of reprobating Intolerance in Religion and in Civil Government, whatever form that Government might bear. The matter and number of the lectures have been altered almost every year, the Professor sometimes omitting two or three entirely, which had been given before, in order to introduce new circumstances, which either study or reflection for the last *ten* years had unhappily afforded (*Cambridge University Calendar*, 1802, pp. 27–29; Wordsworth, *Scholae Academicæ*, 150–1). He published: *Remarks upon an Essay intitled The History of the Colonization of the Free States of Antiquity, applied to the present contest between Great Britain and her American Colonies*, 4to. (Reviewed in *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1778, p. 421 a); *Observations upon the Expediency of revising the present English version of the Four Gospels and of the Acts of the Apostles*, 4to., 1789; *Observations respecting the Epistles in the New Testament*, 1794. The first of these 'Observations' was answered by an anonymous pamphlet entitled *An Apology for the Liturgy of the Church of England*, said to be the joint production of two Bishops; prefixed to the last of the 'Observations' was a rejoinder by Dr Symonds. He died 18 and was buried 26 February 1807. The *Gentleman's Magazine* for 1807, p. 281, in announcing his death adds: "He was a gentleman highly distinguished for his literary attainments; and his loss will be much regretted by many surviving friends, but by none more than the Duke of Grafton and family, with whom he had long been in habits of intimacy." He is buried in Pakenham Church, Suffolk, where there is a monument to his memory with this inscription: "Underneath this Chancel | are interred the remains of | John Symonds, of St Edmund's Hill, Esq., LL.D., | Barrister at Law, Professor of Modern History in the University | of Cambridge, | and Recorder of the Borough of Bury St Edmund's. | He died on the 18th day of February, 1807, | in the 78th year of his age. | He was the elder son of John Symonds, D.D., | and of Mary, his wife, the younger daughter and co-heir | of Sir Thomas Spring, formerly of Pakenham Hall, in this Parish, Bart. | Here also lie the remains | of Delarivière Casborne, their only surviving daughter, | The wife of the Revd. John Casborne, B.A., | Rector of Drinkstone, and Vicar of Old Newton and of this Parish. | She died Jan. 9th, 1773, aged 40 years, | and was buried by the side of her father and mother. | Hoc marmor de se bene merentibus posuit G. J. S. C. | x. Kal. Januar., MDCCXXXVI" (Howard, *Visitation of Suffolk*, i, 170, 199, 202–3, where there is a pedigree).

P. 123 no. 2. John Prat, son of George Prat, of Chatham, Kent, clerk, matriculated at Oxford from Pembroke College 11 July 1746, aged 19 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He took the B.A. degree at Cambridge from St John's in 1749, and was a Fellow of Clare Hall. He was ordained Deacon 23 September 1750, and was licensed to the curacy of High Halstow, Kent, with a stipend of £30; he was ordained Priest

17 May 1752, all by the Bishop of Rochester. He was instituted Vicar of Halling, Kent, 23 May 1754, on the presentation of the Dean and Chapter of Rochester, ceding this on his institution 5 September 1759 to the Vicarage of Hartlip, Kent. His successor there was instituted in June 1787.

P. 123 no. 3. William Smith became an actor of some celebrity in his day. He died at Bury St Edmunds 13 September 1819, aged 88. The *Gentleman's Magazine* for 1819, Part ii, p. 375, gives the following account of him:

"Mr Smith from the propriety of his conduct, his mental accomplishments, and the superior grace and elegance of his manners and appearance, was designated by his acquaintances *Gentleman Smith*. He was the son of a wholesale grocer and tea-dealer in the City. He was born about the year 1730 or 1731; and, after an education at Eton School, was sent to St John's College, Cambridge, with the view of afterwards entering into Holy Orders. At the University, Mr Smith's conduct did not please his superiors; and his finances having been deranged after the death of his father, at length induced him to abandon the prospect of college advancement. On his return to town he determined to make the stage his profession, and was introduced by Mr Howard, at that time an eminent surgeon, to Mr Rich, the then proprietor of Covent Garden Theatre. At this time Mr Barry and the celebrated Mrs Cibber were the principal performers, and young Smith became a pupil to the veteran Barry. He made his first appearance on the stage, 1 January 1753, in the character of *Theodosius*, in the tragedy of "The Force of Love"; his success was everything that he could wish; and he continued to play a wide range of principal parts, for twenty-two years at Covent Garden, with annually increased reputation. In the winter of 1774 he entered into an engagement with Mr Garrick, and continued the remainder of his theatrical life at Drury Lane, at the head of the company, which terminated at the end of the season 1788; when having married a lady of fortune, nearly related to a noble family, he took leave of the Publick, to the great regret of the admirers of the Drama, in the character of *Charles*, in "The School for Scandal"; in which part he again appeared ten years after for the benefit of his friend King, and attracted an overflowing audience. Notwithstanding his long absence from the stage, and having grown very lusty, he went through the character with that spirit, ease and elegance for which he was unequalled. Mr Smith was on the stage 35 years; during which long period he was never absent from the Metropolis one season, nor ever performed out of London, except for one summer at Bristol, after the death of Mr Holland, and again in the summer of 1774, when he went to Dublin. His *Kitely*, in the comedy of "Every Man in his Humour," was said to be superior to that of the British Roscius. His voice had a kind of monotony, but was rich and full; and his action, though not always perfect, was ever easy. In person, Mr Smith was rather tall, and perfectly well formed; his face handsome but not capable of strong expression. As an actor, his *Richard*, *Hastings* and *Hotspur*, in Tragedy; and his *Kitely*, *Oakley* and *Charles Surface* in Comedy, were his principal characters, in which he was rarely excelled. He naturally prided himself in the reflection that he was never called upon to perform in an afterpiece, or required to pass through a trap-door in any entrance or exit on the stage. His chief diversion was foxhunting; which sometimes, in his early days, detached him too much from his professional studies, and called forth from Churchill, in the *Rosciad*, this couplet—

"Smith, the genteel, the airy and the smart;
Smith was just gone to School to say his part."

"The lady Mr Smith married was Elizabeth, second daughter of Edward Richard, Viscount Hinchinbrook (the eldest son of Edward, third Earl of Sandwich), and widow of Kelland Courtenay, esq., second son of Sir William Courtenay, of Powderham Castle, Devonshire, bart. She died 13 December 1762, and was interred in the church of Leiston, Suffolk. Mr Smith was a legatee under the will of the late eccentric Lord Chedworth, who bequeathed to him £200, a sum which is said to have greatly disappointed his expectations, having fondly imagined that his lordship would have left him considerably more.

"The following tribute to his memory is from the Muse of John Taylor, esq.

Here Smith now rests, who acted well his part,
Mere human errors mark'd his life and art;
Yet were his merits of no common kind,
For Nature had adorn'd his form and mind,

Oxford of learning, gave an ample store,
 Genius, Experience, Judgment, taught him more;
 And, e'en when Garrick charm'd a wond'ring age,
 Smith threw a lustre o'er the rival stage;
 Conspicuous for the skill he then display'd,
 Or with the tragic, or the comic maid.
 At length, when Summer veil'd her radiant fire,
 Reflecting Autumn taught him to retire;
 Yet propp'd by Health he scarcely felt decay,
 And Winter cheer'd him with the glow of May.
 Time kept aloof, as if inclin'd to spare
 A work that Nature form'd with partial care;
 And when resolv'd no longer to delay,
 He gently wafted lingering life away.
 His mournful widow plac'd this Tablet here,
 And paid the tribute of a silent tear.
 Sooth'd by the hope, when her brief scene is o'er,
 To meet in purer realms to part no more."

Smith's will was proved in the Prerogative Court at Doctors' Commons. His property real and personal was sworn under £18,000 (*ibid.* p. 365). In the same volume at p. 490 appears a letter dated 9 November [1819], signed W. P., as follows:

"The account in last Month's Magazine of Mr Smith who had so long ornamented our Stage, admits of large additions. I beg to add a few: Mr Smith, among other excellencies, possessed in an uncommon degree, the power of conveying the language of the old comedies so as to make it seem familiar to the ear. He was very little short of his great master Garrick in this peculiarity of the art. I say his master, for he constantly professed that, from the commencement of his theatrical career, he had made Garrick his model in all the characters of Shakespeare, Beaumont and Fletcher, and Johnson. In a letter of Mr Smith's, which a short time ago fell under my notice, his expressions were, "I derive gratification from the recollection of the scenes in which I have witnessed Garrick triumphing in his art, and baffling all competition: It is my pride to have lived in his time." Many like declarations of his high admiration of Garrick I am conscious will be found in other of his letters: and as Mr Smith was a very elegant scholar, I entertain a hope that I may frequently see your pages favoured with some of his letters touching the Stage.

"An allusion has been made to the Dramas of the days of Elizabeth. In all these in which Mr Smith had a character to sustain, every scene of interest was wrought up to a natural and powerful effect: he had neither finesse nor trick—the impression was the result of genuine feeling and clear sense, and he awakened in the audience a portion of intelligence, by which their attention became fixed to every expression that fell from his lips. Among Shakspeare's characters, Hotspur, Falconbridge, and Edgar were exquisite performances. In *Henry the Fifth*, his fine declamation realized the hero of our history and placed him before us. And it may with truth be asserted, that his acting in these characters has not been equalled by any attempts since.

"The Writer of these remarks would feel himself warranted, by good authorities, were he to apply the preceding observation to a variety of other characters personified by Mr Smith in the ranges of the Drama; and he cannot omit mentioning that in the year 1768 (to the best of his recollection), he saw him play *Hamlet* for the first time; it was a fine performance, and highly applauded.

"Garrick, who witnessed it, sent his commendations by a friend when the curtain dropped. The week ensuing, Powell, at the same theatre, played the same character, he having become a short time before a joint proprietor with Messrs Harris, Colman and others. Powell never appeared without fascinating; but the prevailing remark was, that he had played *Hamlet*, and Smith *Prince Hamlet*.

"The following circumstances, connected with Mr Smith's act of friendship to Mr King, by reappearing, ten years after his retirement, for that Actor's benefit, have not been noticed, nor are they wholly known. The Prince Regent, who had in his earliest days distinguished Mr Smith, attended with a party, and gave the return of his favourite performer the marking welcome of an applauding hand. Save a momentary agitation created by the cheering thunder of approbation when

he came forward, the character of *Charles* was never exhibited in higher spirit and colouring, than on this occasion, to the moment when the curtain fell.

"It is remarkable that after this performance of the "School for Scandal," three of its original supporters withdrew from the public eye for ever: viz. Messrs Smith, Palmer and King; but there arose a few days after the performance a probability that they would all appear again in the following season. Mr Smith with his accustomed generosity of feeling, hinted to King that he "was sensible, from the appearance of Palmer, that some distress lay heavy at his heart." "He has not been more careful of his purse," answered King, "than I have." "Not a word more," (replied Mr Smith) "if I continue strong, and you will co-operate, Palmer shall be assisted."—Poor Palmer departed for Liverpool, and dying there suddenly, the design Mr Smith had formed of again appearing in the "School for Scandal," with Mr King, for his benefit was relinquished."—Some further details with regard to William Smith are given in *The Lives of Eminent and Remarkable Characters, Born or Long Resident in the Counties of Essex, Suffolk and Norfolk* (1820). It is there stated that: "Young Smith, while at Eton, distinguished himself by his vivacity and spirit, and carrying with him to the University the same levity of disposition, he was soon led into the irregularities which frustrated all the views his father had contemplated in his education. Having one evening drunk too freely with some associates of kindred minds, and being pursued by the Proctor, he had the imprudence to snap an unloaded pistol at him. For this offence he was doomed to a punishment to which he would not submit; and in order to avoid expulsion, immediately quitted college...Mr Smith's mode of acting had many peculiarities which were considered as defects, but by his frequent appearance, the audience seemed to forget them, or to regard them as trifles undeserving notice, when viewed in connexion with the many excellencies which he always displayed. This favourable disposition towards him was greatly increased by his upright and independent conduct in private life, which gained for him very general esteem.... His person was tall and well formed, but his features wanted flexibility, for the expression of the stronger and finer emotions of tragedy, and his voice had a monotony and harshness, which took much from the effect of his finest performances....After the death of his first wife, he married Miss Newson, of Leiston in Suffolk, who survived him. His portrait is prefixed to this notice." A mezzotint portrait of him (half-length, with curtain behind) by Ward, after Jackson, was published in 1820.

P. 123 no. 4. Michael Bacon was admitted a Fellow of the College 2 April 1754; his Fellowship was filled up again 30 March 1773. He was ordained Deacon 22 December 1752, and Priest 9 June 1754, by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Wakefield, Yorks., 17 October 1764. He was elected a Governor of Wakefield Grammar School, 31 December 1764, holding office until his death (Peacock, *History of Wakefield Grammar School*, 102). He was instituted Rector of Ryther, Yorks., 9 May 1772, and held this with Wakefield until his death 19 August 1805; he was buried in Wakefield Church 26 August. On a south pillar within the altar rails of Wakefield Church is a tablet with this inscription: "In memory of the Revd. Michael Bacon, D.D. Forty years Vicar of this Church. He died 19 August 1805, aged 76 years. Also in memory of Grace Bacon, widow of the Rev. Michael Bacon, D.D., she died on the 14th day of September 1827, in the 79th year of her age" (Walker, *The Cathedral Church of Wakefield*, 212-3, 309).

P. 123 no. 7. Henry Ellis, the father, a brewer of Wapping, was of the ancient family of Ellis, of Kiddall in Yorkshire. He was baptized at All Hallows', Steyning, 28 May 1705. He married Mary, daughter and heiress of Solomon Harvey, of Eastry, Kent, and dying 8 August 1773 was buried in All Hallows' Church (*The Genealogist*, N. S., xiv, 109, where there is a pedigree). William Ellis, his only son, was born 19 May 1730, and admitted to Merchant Taylors' School in 1740 (Robinson, *Register of Merchant Taylors' School*, ii, 95). He was admitted a Fellow of the College 10 April 1753, vacating it on his marriage in 1760 (Ashby's MS. in the College Library). He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Ely 18 March 1753 "at his propriety to a Fellowship in St John's College at the ensuing election," and Priest by the Bishop of Chester, at St Margaret's, Westminster, 17 November 1754. He was Rector of All Hallows', Steyning, in the City of London, a donative in the gift of the Grocers' Company, from 1758 until his death in 1801 (Hen-

nessy, *Novum Repertorium*, 85). On 12 April 1757 he was nominated by the College with William Craven, M.A. and Thomas Thompson, B.A. to the Brewers' Company, to select a Master for Aldenham School. The nomination was rejected as void (presumably because Thompson was only a B.A.), but Ellis attended the Court in order to be examined and was elected Master and Custos. The minute books of the Brewers' Company contain an entry that "the new Master intends to teach Latin Grammar" (Gibbs, *Parish Registers of Aldenham*, 178). On 11 December 1768, the Clerk of the Brewers' Company informed the College that Mr William Ellis was to resign at Lady Day next. In 1775 he became Master of the Grammar School at Alford in Lincolnshire, the school record there being: "William Ellis was elected in 1775, and on the footing which the determination of 1761 had placed his predecessor as to salary; and such respectable testimonies in his favour were received that Mr Ellis was chosen without being even asked to sign any written obligations for the performance of the duties attached to the situation he succeeded to" (Information supplied by the Rev. A. G. K. Simpson, Vicar of Alford). He is believed to have neglected his duties at Alford, and much stricter rules were drawn up for his successor (Carlisle, *Endowed Grammar Schools*, i, 785-6). The *Parish Register* of Alford contains the following entry among the burials: "1801, November 29, Rev. Mr William Ellis, Master of the Free Grammar School." And also the following entries with regard to members of his family: (i) Baptized 1779, August 5, Sarah, daughter of the Rev. William Ellis and Sarah; (ii) Married, 1801, April 9, Marie Joseph Carré De la Serrie, of St George's, Southwark, and Maria Ellis, of Alford, spinster, by Licence (W. S. Ellis, *Notices of the Ellises*, 4th Supplement, 154). He left an only son, Sir William Charles Ellis, M.D., born at Alford 10 March 1780, knighted by King William IV, of whom an account is given in *Our Doctor, or Memorials of Sir William Charles Ellis, M.D.*, London, Seeley, Jackson and Halliday (no date, or author's name; probably 1868; written by Harriet Warner Ellis, wife of William Robert Ellis, of Jesus College, Cambridge, and the Inner Temple, and daughter-in-law of Sir W. C. Ellis). In this, at p. 3, there are some references to the Rev. William Ellis: "The subject of the memoir was the eldest son of the Rev. William Ellis, rector of All Hallows', Steyning, in the city of London, a man of high literary attainments, and known as the author of Aristotle's *Treatise on Government* and more widely as the writer of Ellis's *Latin Exercises*. He was the personal friend of Sir William Jones, Edmund Burke and other *literati* of his day....On his father's death, when William [*i.e.* William Charles] was only twenty years of age, it was found that he [*i.e.* the Rev. William Ellis] had spent nearly the whole of his small patrimony. He had also cut off the entail to the estates, which would otherwise have descended to his eldest son. As the result of such imprudence, his family, consisting besides William of his widowed mother and a younger son and daughter, were left with scarcely any provision for the future." The Rev. William Ellis was the author of the following works (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, v, 394): (i) *A Summary of the Roman Laws, taken from Dr Taylor's Elements of the Civil Law; to which is added a dissertation on obligation*, London, 1772, 8vo.; (ii) *A Treatise on Government, from the Greek of Aristotle*, 1779, 4to.; to the cost of this the College subscribed passing the following order: 12 February 1778, "Agreed to subscribe to Mr Ellis' translation of a part of Aristotle, and to send 10 guineas for our subscription instead of 2"; (iii) *A collection of English Exercises translated from the writings of Cicero only, for schoolboys to retranslate into Latin; and adapted to the principal rules in the Compendium of Erasmus' Syntax*, London, 1782, 12mo.; this work had a very great success, and ran through many editions; the 22nd edition, by T. Kerchever Arnold, was published in 1855; (iv) *A translation of Cicero's Dialogue on Friendship, adapted to the Exercise Book*, London, 1782. He had also in 1781 an intention of preparing for the press the *Public Orations of Demosthenes, in Greek, with useful explanatory notes in English, together with a Greek and English Lexicon, in the manner of Henry Stephen's Greek Thesaurus, and full as copious*. The Rev. William Ellis was twice married: first to a daughter of Theophilus Cibber, the actor, and niece of Thomas Augustine Arne, the English musician and composer; secondly to Sarah Francis, of Great Yarmouth. (Mr. A. S. Ellis, of The Sanctuary, Westminster, has supplied several of the above references).

P. 123 no. 8. Although this person's name is written Barber quite distinctly in the College Register, there is no doubt that it should be Baber. There is no John Barber, of St John's College, Oxford, in Foster's *Alumni Oxonienses*, but John Baber,

son of Thomas Baber, of Sunninghill, Berks., esquire, matriculated at Oxford from St John's College, 6 February 173 $\frac{3}{4}$, aged 20, and took the B.A. degree at Oxford in 1739. John Baber, of St John's College, B.A. of St John's College, Oxford, was admitted to the M.A. degree at Cambridge, 2 December 1747. John Baber appears in the printed *Graduati Cantabrigienses* as A.M. 1740, but this is a misprint. John Baber was ordained Deacon 1 June 1740 by the Bishop of Bangor, and Priest 6 March 174 $\frac{5}{8}$ by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Little Chesterford 9 March and Vicar of Great Chesterford 22 March 174 $\frac{5}{8}$, both in Essex. On 12 March 174 $\frac{5}{8}$, when he is described as Chaplain to Edward Stawell, Baron Stawell of Somerton, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Little Chesterford (valued at £80) with Great Chesterford (valued at £40), the two benefices being one mile apart. He was instituted Vicar of Little Chishall, Essex, 13 May 1776, then ceding Great Chesterford, holding both Little Chishall and Little Chesterford until his death at Great Chesterford 1 August 1792 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 11 August 1792).

P. 124 no. 9. Borlase Wingfield was admitted a Fellow of the College 17 March 1755, and his fellowship was filled up again in March 1763. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Lincoln 23 February 1755, and Priest by the Bishop of Hereford 27 April 1755. He was instituted Rector of Haddon, Hunts., 28 April 1755, ceding this on his institution 3 November 1758 to the Rectory of Great Bolas, Salop, and ceding this again on his institution 31 December 1760 to the Rectory of North with South Lopham, Norfolk, on the presentation of Sir Rowland Hill, bart. He held this latter living until his death in 1782.

P. 124 no. 10. This is probably the John Clements, son of John Clements, of St Swithin's, co. Worcester, who matriculated at Oxford from St Mary Hall 3 November 1726, aged 17 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He took the M.A. degree at Cambridge from St John's, in 1748. He was ordained Deacon 4 June 1732, and Priest 20 May 1733, by the Bishop of Worcester. He was instituted Vicar of Colwich, Staffordshire, in January 173 $\frac{3}{4}$, and Rector of Long Whatton, co. Leicester, 16 February 174 $\frac{3}{8}$. On 11 February 174 $\frac{7}{8}$, when he is described as chaplain to John, Earl of Breadalbane, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Colwich with Long Whatton, their values being stated to be £40 and £120 and their distance apart 26 miles. He was instituted Rector of Appleby, co. Leicester, 24 April 1777. He resigned Long Whatton in 1786, but held Appleby (and perhaps Colwich) until his death. He became an F.S.A. in 1782. He died at Worcester in 1793 (Nichols, *History of Leicestershire*, iii, 1107; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1793, p. 481).

P. 124 no. 11. Reginald Bean, the elder, was a member of the College (see his admission Part ii, P. 165 no. 13); he was instituted Rector of North Perrott, co. Somerset, 13 August 1709. Reginald Bean, the younger, took the LL.B. degree in 1754. He was for some time incumbent of Stoke-sub-Hamden, co. Somerset. His widow died at Stoke 18 October 1806, aged 70 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1806, ii, 1079).

P. 124 no. 13. See the notes on P. 85 no. 10 and P. 90 no. 37. John Hallows was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 16 August 1748. He became Colonel of the 56th Regiment. He was married twice; his second wife was Louisa Martha, daughter of Francis Fatio, of St Augustine, Florida, descended from the Fazios of Pisa (Hunter, *Familiae Minorum Gentium*, *Harleian Soc. Publ.* xxxviii, 470; Burke's *Landed Gentry*, Hallowses of Glapwell Hall).

P. 124 no. 14. John Ryley was ordained Deacon 17 May and licensed to the curacy of Thundersley, Essex, 24 May 1752; he was ordained Priest 17 June 1753, all by the Bishop of London. He was instituted Rector of Thundersley, Essex, 27 November 1754, but resigned the living in 1757. He was instituted Rector of Fobbing, Essex, 9 March 1761; this he held until his death on 4 July 1800, aged 72. By his own particular desire he was buried in the churchyard of South Mimms, where a flat stone with a short inscription covers his remains (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1801, ii, 956). The *Gentleman's Magazine* for 1793, p. 89, has the following: "Married 12 June 1793, John Leeson, esq., nephew to the Earl of Milltown, to Miss Ryley, only daughter of the Rev. John Ryley, of Suffolk Street, Cavendish Square."

P. 124 no. 15. Joseph Wright was admitted to Manchester School 23 January 174 $\frac{1}{2}$, when his father is described as "of Leigh, gauger." (Finch-Smith, *Manchester School Register*, i, 30). He was ordained Deacon 24 February 1752, and Priest 22 July 1753, by the Bishop of Chichester. He became Rector of Litlington, Sussex, in 1763, and on 4 March 1765 was instituted Rector of Alfriston, Sussex. On 4 March 1765, when he is described as chaplain to Mary, Lady Dowager Rollo, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, the values being then stated as £50 and £45 respectively, and to be contiguous. Both livings were filled up early in 1784. While one Joseph Wright was instituted Rector of Fulbeck, co. Lincoln, 4 December 1783, holding the living until 1803.

P. 124 no. 16. Robert Vanbrugh was ordained Priest by the Archbishop of Canterbury 23 September 1752. He appears to have become Master of Dent School, holding that office when, in 1762, he was appointed Assistant Master at Harrow (*Christian's Magazine*, iii, 192). He then seems to have become Headmaster of the King's School, Chester, for he was holding that office when, on 6 April 1776, he was instituted Rector of Buckland, co. Gloucester, on the presentation of Viscount Weymouth (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 20 April 1776). He held the Rectory until his death in 1784 at Hartford near Huntingdon, being then described as "Rector of Buckland, and late Headmaster of the King's School, Chester" (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1784, p. 235).

P. 124 no. 17. William Byass was ordained Deacon 11 June 1753, and Priest 21 September 1755, by the Bishop of Chichester. He was instituted to the following livings in Sussex: Rector of Stopham 21 September 1765, Vicar of Tortington 14 January 1767, Rector of Parham 21 November 1770. On 9 November 1770, when he is described as chaplain to Sholto Charles, Earl of Morton, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Tortington (valued at £49) with Parham (valued at £48), the two livings being stated to be not more than eight miles apart. He held all three livings until his death, 16 September 1794.

P. 124 no. 18. See the admission of the father (Part ii, P. 216 no. 65). Herbert Taylor, his eldest son, died unmarried in London 19 November 1767, aged 36, and was buried at Patricksbourne (Berry, *Pedigrees of Families in the County of Kent*, 277).

P. 124 no. 19. Talbot King was ordained Deacon 23 September 1753 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and Priest 25 May 1755 by the Bishop of Peterborough. He was instituted Vicar of Ketton, co. Rutland, 18 August 1758, and Rector of Uffington, co. Lincoln, 20 January 1780. On 18 January 1780, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then valued at £80 and £270 respectively. He held both until his death, 27 June 1798, aged 67 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1798, p. 630 a).

P. 124 no. 20. See the admission of the father (P. 36 no. 13). Joseph Haslehurst, the younger, was ordained Deacon 24 May 1752 and licensed to the curacy of Willingham, co. Lincoln; he was ordained Priest 9 June 1754, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. The place of his birth should be Treswell; Raising is of course Rasen.

P. 125 no. 22. John Ford was ordained Deacon 17 June 1753 by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed to the curacy of Marston, Beds., and Priest 25 December 1753 by the Bishop of Ely, his title being the curacy of Girton, co. Cambridge. One of these names was instituted Vicar of Colwich 26 September 1760, and Rector of Gratwick 21 August 1761, both in Staffordshire. Both livings were vacant in 1771.

P. 125 no. 24. This Edward Parker is no doubt the Mr Parker referred to in the following extract from Bedell Hubbard's *Journal* (MS. Cole, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5852).

"1749, June 9. At a Court held by Dr Chapman, Vice-Chancellor, with his Assessors, Thomas, Lord Bishop of Ely, Master of Caius, Dr Newcome, Master of St John's, Dr Wilcox, Master of Clare Hall, Dr Long, Master of Pembroke, Dr Richardson, Master of Emmanuel, Dr Smith, Master of Trinity College, Dr Rooke, Master of Christ's, Dr Parris, Master of Sidney, Dr Prescott, Master of St Catharine, Dr Keene, Master of Peterhouse; Mr Amcott, Fellow Commoner of Trinity Hall, declared perpetually expelled, he having taken out his name the day before. Mr Parker, of St John's College, perpetually expelled. Bullock, pensioner of St John's, Mr Vincent, Fellow Commoner of Trinity College,

Mr Douglas, Fellow Commoner of Trinity College, rusticated for 2 years, for being at the *Tuns* till 4 o'clock on Sunday morning June 4, and then going to the Market Cross and in a riotous manner eating Lobsters, and drinking a Bottle of Wine there. The four who appeared in Court confessed the fact; the three who were rusticated had the testimony of their respective Tutors, that they had behaved well before. As to Parker, Mr Powell owned that he had been guilty of some irregularity before, but that he believed him to be good-natured, that he meant no harm, and being young was seduced by others. *N.B.* He was well known to have been concerned in all or most of the schemes of the Bucks, from the time of his coming to the University. The Vice-Chancellor when he passed sentence, declared, that it was the opinion of himself and all his Assessors, that Trinity Hall, by suffering Mr Amcott's name to be taken out, when they knew a Process was issued out against him, was guilty of an irregular Act."

Cole adds the note: "I think this was for drinking the Pretender's Health at the Market Cross."

Mr Edward Parker died at his Yorkshire seat, Browsholm, 22 December 1794, in the 64th year of his age (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1795, i, 82, where he is stated to have entered as a 'gentleman' commoner of St John's College). He married Barbara, one of the daughters and co-heiresses of Sir Michael le Fleming, bart., of Ryedale, Westmorland. His only child, John Parker, was a fellow commoner of Christ's College and of Eton College, and sometime M.P. for Clitheroe. Mr Edward Parker was lord of the manor of Ingleton, bow-bearer of the Forest of Bowland (or Bolland) and patron of the churches of Bentham, Ingleton, Chapel-le-Dale, and Waddington. He was buried in the family vault in Waddington church.

P. 125 no. 25. Edward Clarke was the son of William Clarke, Rector of Buxted, Sussex, a former Fellow of the College (Part ii, P. 204 no. 38); his mother was Anne, daughter of the celebrated Dr William Wotton. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 10 April 1753, and his fellowship was vacated by his marriage. He was ordained Deacon 6 July 1755 by the Bishop of Ely, and Priest 24 October 1756 by the Bishop of Chichester. He was instituted Rector of Peperharrow, Surrey, 2 February 1758, on the presentation of George, Viscount Middleton. He was instituted Vicar of Willington, Sussex, 14 June 1768, and collated Rector of Buxted 4 November 1768 on the resignation of his father. On 29 October 1768, when he is described as chaplain to Holles, Duke of Newcastle, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Willington (valued at £110) with Buxted (valued at £280), the two benefices being 20 miles apart. He held these two livings until his death, but resigned Peperharrow in 1769. He was collated to the Prebend of Hova Villa in Chichester Cathedral 27 December 1771, ceding this on being collated to the Prebend of Hova Ecclesia in the same cathedral 5 November 1772, this he held until his death.

In 1760 he went as chaplain with George William, Earl of Bristol, Ambassador Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Madrid, where he resided two years, afterwards publishing the result of his researches into the state of Spain. On returning from Spain he married, 23 May 1763, Anne, daughter of Thomas Grenfield, of Guildford, Surrey. Shortly afterwards, in the same year, he accompanied General James Johnstone to Minorca, of which island that officer had been appointed Lieutenant-Governor, as chaplain and secretary; on his return he published a tract defending that Governor against some attacks. He returned to England in 1768, and after that time resided chiefly at Buxted engaged in literary pursuits. His first published work was a copy in Greek hexameters in the Cambridge collection *Luctus Academiae Cantabrigiensis*, 1751. He published separately: (i) *A letter to a friend in Italy, and Verses on reading Montfaucon*, 1755; (ii) *A thanksgiving sermon [on Psalm l. 2, 3] preached at the Rolls Chapel 9 December 1758, being the day appointed to return thanks to Almighty God for the Victory gained over the French Fleet on the 20th November last*, London 1759, 4to.; (iii) *Letters concerning the Spanish Nation; written at Madrid during the years 1760 and 1761*, London 1763, 4to.: this was translated into German with the title, *Briefe von dem gegenwärtigen Zustande des Königreichs Spanien. In dass Deutsche übersetzt und hin und wieder erläutert von J. T. Kohler, Lemgo*, 1765, 4to.; (iv) *A defence of the conduct of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Island of Minorca. In reply to a printed libel without a name (An account of the deplorable state of Minorca, and of the many injuries done to the inhabitants, under the command of Lieutenant-Governor James Johnstone) and which is annexed to this account*, London 1767, 8vo. In concert

with William Bowyer he projected an improvement on Faber's *Latin Dictionary*; one sheet of this was published, and the scheme dropped for want of support. In 1778 he issued "Proposals for printing by subscription, price two guineas, an edition, in folio, of the New Testament in Greek with notes," but this scheme was also dropped. He seems to have taken a few private pupils, and he wrote Latin epitaphs on his father, Dr Markland, Dr John Taylor, and William Bowyer. He died 24 November 1786 and was buried in the chancel of Buxted church, where there is a monument to his memory and that of his wife with the following inscriptions: "Hic conditur | prope reliquias avi sui celeberrimi G. Wotton, D.D. | Quod superest | Edvardi Clarke, A.M. | Collegii Sancti Johannis apud Cantabrigienses | olim Socii | Et Parochiae hujusce per multos annos Rectoris | Natus anno Salutis MDCCXXX, decessit MDCCCLXXXVI. | Sub eodem quoque marmore | sepulta est Anna amantissima ejus uxor | Lecti prius nunc Tumuli Consorts | Nata MDCCXXXVII nupta MDCCCLXIII obiit MDCCCII. | Patri Matricque | H. M. S. P. | Liberi superstites | Ponendum curaverunt." (Nichols, *Literary Illustrations*, ii, 844).

Edward Clarke left one daughter and three sons. The daughter, Anne, married Captain Parkinson, R.N., one of Lord Nelson's men who was present at the Battle of the Nile. Of the sons, (1) James Stanier Clarke, born in Minorca, admitted to St John's 19 June 1784, aet. 17, was LL.B. of Jesus College 1805. He was a chaplain in the Navy, chaplain to King George IV., Canon of Windsor and Rector of Tillington, Sussex. He died 4 October 1834 at Brighton; (2) Edward Daniel Clarke, of Jesus College, B.A. 1790, and Tutor of that College, was a great traveller. He was appointed Professor of Mineralogy in the University 15 December 1808 in a new chair specially founded on his account; he was appointed Librarian of the University in 1817, and held both offices until his death 9 March 1821; he is buried in the chapel of Jesus College. (3) George Clarke, captain R.N., was a distinguished naval officer. He was accidentally drowned in the Thames 1 October 1805 (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, iv, 382-391; Lower, *Worthies of Sussex*, 267-274; *Sussex Archaeological Collections*, xxvi, 22; *Dictionary of National Biography*). Cole in his collections for an *Athenae Cantabrigienses* after quoting the title of *The letters concerning the Spanish Nation*, adds: "He seems to be a very fine gentleman, violent in his abuse of Popery."

P. 125 no. 26. Theophilus Henry Hastings was instituted Vicar of Belton 8 June 1763, and Rector of Osgathorpe 4 July 1764, being again instituted to Belton next day. He held both these livings, which are in Leicestershire, until his institution 8 August 1795 to the Rectory of West Leake, Notts., on the presentation of the Earl of Moira. This he held until his death at West Leake, 2 April 1804, aged 76 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1804, i, 388a). He was at one time chaplain to Lord Howard of Effingham. On the death of Francis, Earl of Huntingdon, in 1789, this Mr Hastings became the hereditary successor to the Earldom, which was afterwards claimed by and allowed to the son of his younger brother. For some years after the Earl's death he assumed the title of Earl of Huntingdon; and there is a stone pillar standing in front of the parsonage-house at Leake, on which there was a plate bearing a Latin inscription, stating him to be the eleventh Earl of Huntingdon, godson of Theophilus, ninth Earl, and entitled to the Earldom by descent. This plate covered another Latin inscription, stating that it was erected by Theophilus, the second Earl of Huntingdon of that name. In his religious principles Mr Hastings was a zealous supporter of the established faith, and a constant and animated opposer of the Methodists, by which last application of his talents he incurred the severe displeasure of the Dowager-Countess Selina, and probably the loss of a great part of her fortune, which might otherwise have been bequeathed to him or his brother's family (Nichols, *Literary Illustrations*, iv, 740; *Annual Biography*, 1830, pp. 330, 331).

P. 125 no. 27. Francis Dodsworth was ordained Priest by the Archbishop of York 21 September 1755. He was appointed to the Prebend of Dunnington in York Cathedral 20 October 1755 (Hardy's *Le Neve*, iii, 182), and held it until his death. He was instituted Vicar of Silkstone, Yorks., 19 May 1756, and held it until 1799. He was collated Rector of Hollingbourne, Kent, 16 November 1757, resigning to the Archbishop of Canterbury 22 June 1774. He was collated Vicar of Minster in the Isle of Thanet 28 November 1757, holding this until 1788. He was appointed Treasurer of Salisbury Cathedral 3 October 1760 (Hardy's *Le Neve*, ii,

648), and instituted Vicar of Doddington, Kent, 18 December 1773 on the presentation of Dr William Backhouse, Archdeacon of Canterbury. On 17 December 1773, when he is described as chaplain to Robert, Earl of Holderness, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Minster (valued at £250) with Doddington (valued at £120), the two livings being stated to be not more than 27 miles apart. He held both until his death. He married 28 June 1804 at St Pancras, Miss Croft, daughter of the late Thomas Croft, esq., of America Square (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1804, p. 688). He died on Saturday morning 18 October 1806, aged 77 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 25 October 1806).

P. 125 no. 28. William Lynch, gentleman, son and heir-apparent of the Rev. John Lynch, D.D., Dean of Canterbury, was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 8 June 1749. He married Mary, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Edward Coke, esq. (Berry, *Pedigrees of Families in the County of Kent*, 282). He was returned (at a by-election) as M.P. for the borough of Weobley, Herefordshire, 12 June 1762. On 17 March 1768 he was returned as M.P. for the city of Canterbury. And on 13 October 1774 again for the borough of Weobley, sitting until 1780. He was created a Knight of the Bath 18 February 1771, and a Privy Councillor 4 August 1773. He was Minister to Sardinia from October 1768 till August 1779. He died 25 August 1785 at Baréges, in the south of France, his remains were embalmed and taken to Staple (W. R. Williams, *Parliamentary History of the County of Hereford*, 169; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1785, ii, 748). In the church of Staple there is a monument to his memory with a head and the following inscription: "Sacred to the memory of Sir William Lynch, who died on the twenty-fifth day of August A.D. MDCCLXXXV." The father was a member of the College (Part ii, P. 215 no. 55).

P. 125 no. 29. Thomas Langley was ordained Deacon 17 June 1753 and licensed to the curacy of Bloxholme with Digby, co. Lincoln, he was ordained Priest 22 September 1754, all by the Bishop of Lincoln.

P. 125 no. 30. Thomas Frank was ordained Deacon 24 September 1752, when he was licensed to the curacy of Wouldham, Kent, with a stipend of £32, and surplice fees; he was ordained Priest 22 September 1754, all by the Bishop of Rochester. He was instituted Vicar of Darenth, Kent, 22 August 1759 on the presentation of the Dean and Chapter of Rochester. He also became a Minor Canon of Rochester Cathedral in 1759. He was instituted Vicar of Stockbury 11 December 1766, then ceding Darenth. He was instituted Vicar of Borden, Kent, 25 November 1768, on the presentation of Joseph Musgrave. He resigned his Minor Canonry shortly afterwards. On 22 November 1768 he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Stockbury and Borden, the values of these benefices being stated as £100 and £80 and their distance apart 2 miles. Both benefices were vacant in 1794 by his death.

His father Walter Frank was of Merton College, Oxford, and was a Minor Canon of Rochester, besides holding other church preferments (Shindler, *Registers of the Cathedral Church of Rochester*, 89).

P. 125 no. 32. Thomas Holme the elder was master of Wellingborough School; he was for some time Curate and was instituted Vicar of Wellingborough 7 December 1766, holding the living until 1774 (Carlisle, *Endowed Grammar Schools*, ii, 229). Thomas Holme the younger took the B.A. degree in 1752. One of these names was instituted Rector of Blyborough, co. Lincoln, 6 May 1769, ceding this on being instituted Rector of Covenham St Mary, co. Lincoln, 7 December 1769, holding the latter living until 1798.

P. 125 no. 33. Thomas Thompson was admitted a Fellow of the College 28 March 1757. On 12 April 1757 the College nominated him with William Ellis, Fellow of the College, and William Craven, assistant at Harrow School, to the Brewers' Company to select from them a Master of Aldenham School. He was ordained Deacon 13 July 1755 by the Bishop of Norwich, and licensed to the curacy of Shimplingthorne, Suffolk, with a salary of £30 and surplice fees. He was ordained Priest 6 March 1757 by the Bishop of Rochester for the Bishop of London. He became Headmaster of the Grammar School at Rochester in 1757, holding it until 1785. He was instituted Vicar of Darenth, Kent, 6 September 1758, on the presentation of the Dean and Chapter of Rochester, ceding this on his institution 19 July 1759 to the Vicarage of Hoo St Werburgh, Kent. On 29 March

1785 the College sealed his presentation to the Rectory of Staplehurst, Kent, and he was instituted 6 June following. On 2 June 1785 he had a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Hoo (valued at £80) with Staplehurst (valued at £300), the two benefices being stated to be not more than 25 miles apart. He held both, with his fellowship, until his death 28 March 1786, aged 74 (Shindler, *Registers of the Cathedral Church of Rochester*, 85).

P. 125 no. 34. See the admission of Sir Richard Lloyd, the father, Part ii, P. 209 no. 32.

Richard Savage Lloyd, son and heir of Richard Lloyd, esquire, King's Counsel, and one of the Masters of the Bench, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 29 June 1739. He succeeded his father as M.P. for the borough of Totnes, Devon, being returned 26 November 1759. He was again returned 30 March 1761, but did not sit in the Parliament of 1768.

P. 126 no. 35. Thomas Johnson was admitted a Fellow of the College 10 April 1753, his Fellowship was again filled up in 1764, he apparently vacated it by declining to proceed to the B.D. degree, a 'Year of Grace' had been allowed to him by College Order dated 9 March 1762. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Ely 25 December 1753, and Priest by the Bishop of Norwich 13 April 1755. He was instituted Rector of Wickham Market, Suffolk, 14 April 1755, and held the living until his death. He died at Wickham Market 9 July 1803 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 23 July 1803; *Ipswich Journal*, 16 July). Against the east end of the chancel of the church, on the south side on an oval marble tablet, is the following inscription:—"Sacred | to the memory of | the Reverend | Thomas Johnson | upwards of forty-seven years | the pious and conscientious Vicar of this Church | He died July 9th 1803 | aged 72 years." (Davy, *Suffolk Collections*, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 19,113.)

P. 126 no. 37. William Jephson, eldest son of the Rev. William Jephson of Camberwell, Surrey, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 25 February 1750, and was called to the Bar 7 November 1755. He became a Serjeant-at-Law 24 April 1765. On 27 January 1766 the Master and Fellows of the College appointed William Jephson, of the Middle Temple, esquire, to be Steward of the College Manor of Wootton Rivers, Wilts.

P. 126 no. 38. Matthew Medcalf (or Metcalf) was ordained Deacon 24 May 1752, and licensed to the chapelry of Hartwith, he was ordained Priest 17 June 1753, all by the Archbishop of York.

P. 126 no. 39. Within the Cathedral Church of Kingston, Jamaica, is a white marble monument by J. Bacon, R.A., sculptor, London 1792, with figures in bas-relief and this inscription: "Sacred to the Memory of Mrs Anne Neufville daughter of Mrs Frances Dwaris, by her first husband, John Dunston, esquire, she departed this life on the 15th of August 1782 aged 24 years. 'Many daughters have done virtuously but thou hast equalled the best.'"

"Likewise, the Honourable Fortunatus Dwaris, Esq., M.D., and Custos Rotulorum for the parish of St George in this Island. He departed this life on the 5th of February 1790, aged 63 years. With just applause each stage of life he ran, And died lamented as an honest man. This monument (a just tribute due to departed merit) is erected by the afflicted parent, and disconsolate widow, Mrs Frances Dwaris, in tender regard to their respective memories and many virtues." (Lawrence-Archer, *Monumental Inscriptions of the British West Indies*, 85, 86.)

The name Fortunatus Dwaris does not appear among the graduates of Cambridge, he seems to have been an M.D. of Leyden. Fortunatus Dwaris, *Anglo-Americanus*, was admitted a student at Leyden 28 September 1750.

P. 126 no. 40. Offspring Pearce (not Pearse) entered Manchester School 23 June 1745, when his father is described as of Woolton, maltster. He took the degree of B.A. in 1752 (as Pearce).

P. 126 no. 41. Robert Moreton, graduated as Morton, B.A. 1752, M.A. 1754. He was ordained Deacon 17 June 1753, and Priest 23 February 1755 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Raithby with Hallington 20 September 1763 and Vicar of Tathwell 22 November 1763, both co. Lincoln. On 14 November 1763, when he is described as chaplain to Ann, Countess-Dowager Fitzwilliam, he

received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then valued at £80 and £60 respectively and stated to be one mile apart. Both livings were vacant in 1783.

P. 126 no. 43. Thomas Meyler, son of William Meyler of St David's, co. Pembroke, *plebeius*, matriculated at Oxford from Jesus College 23 March 173 $\frac{1}{2}$, aged 20. He took the degree of B.A. at Oxford in 1741 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He proceeded to the M.A. degree at Cambridge in 1748. He was ordained Deacon 20 September 1740 by the Bishop of Salisbury, and Priest 13 June 1742 by the Bishop of Oxford. He became Rector of St Peter's, Marlborough, Wilts, and on the presentation of the Rev. William Bowles, Canon Residentiary of Salisbury and master of the choristers, was instituted Vicar of Preshute, Wilts. He was again collated Rector of St Peter's, Marlborough, in 1774. On 14 January 1774, when he is described as chaplain to Andrew, Lord Archer, Baron Umberslade, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Preshute (valued at £80) with St Peter's (valued at £30), the two being stated to be not more than one mile apart (Phillipps, *Institutiones Wiltoniae*, ii, 86 *bis*; *Cambridge Chronicle*, 22 January 1774, where the value of his livings is given as £200). He held both livings until his death 19 July 1786 (*Gentleman's Magazine* 1786, p. 622). He was many years master of Marlborough Grammar School. He was buried at St Mary's, Marlborough. He married at St Mary's Mrs Katherine Chivers, she died 12 October 1795, aged 71. His son, the Rev. John Meyler, M.A. of Queen's College, Oxford, was Vicar of Little Bedwin, Wilts., and afterwards Rector of Manden, Beds. He died 17 June 1806, aged 43.

P. 126 no. 45. This is Charles Churchill, the poet and satirist. In most biographical notices of him he is stated to have been of Trinity College, but though entered never to have resided. Dr Sinker has examined the *Admission Register* of Trinity College, but can find no entry of Charles Churchill the younger. The Trinity Register, however, has the following entry: "2 March 172 $\frac{3}{4}$ Admissus est Pensionarius Carolus Churchill, Mro Holmes Tutore." This is no doubt the father of the poet, who was admitted on the foundation of Westminster School in 1723 at the age of 14 and left in 1725 (Welch, *Alumni Westmonasterienses*, 281). He did not graduate at Cambridge; he is most probably the Charles Churchill who was ordained Deacon 24 December 1732, and Priest 19 February 173 $\frac{3}{4}$, by the Bishop of London, no details as to College or University being given. On his ordination as Priest he was appointed Curate and Lecturer of St John the Evangelist, Westminster, and was instituted Vicar of Rainham, near Grays, in Essex, 31 March 1742, holding both preferments at his death 7 September 1758 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1758, p. 452 *b*). Charles Churchill, his eldest son, is stated to have been born in Vine Street, Westminster, in February 1731. He entered Westminster School as a day boy at the age of eight, Dr Nicholls and Dr Pierson Lloyd being first and second masters. He was admitted on the foundation of Westminster School in 1745 at the age of 13, being placed at the head of the list (Welch, *l.c.* 333). As appears from the College Register he entered St John's in July 1748. He probably resided, though not for long. The accounts which have been given of his early life are singularly confused. The most detailed life of Churchill is that of William Tooke, prefixed to an edition of his works first issued in 1804, and, with additions, in Pickering's Aldine edition of the British poets in 1844. Tooke claimed to have had access to MSS. relating to the life and writings of the satirist in the handwriting of the poet's younger brother, the Rev. William Churchill, but does not seem to have taken much care in verifying his facts. The edition of 1844 was criticised by John Forster in the *Edinburgh Review* of January 1845 (reprinted in Forster's *Biographical Essays*). In this essay many of Tooke's inaccuracies are severely handled, but while Mr Forster's knowledge and literary judgment are undoubted, he did not attempt to verify the statements as to Churchill's early career, adopting as facts most of Tooke's statements. Immediately after Churchill's death a notice of him appeared in the *Annual Register* for 1764 (*Characters*, pp. 58-62), which is believed to have been written either by John Wilkes or from materials supplied by him. Dr Andrew Kippis in the *Biographia Britannica*, iii, 565-581 has also given a notice of Churchill with facts stated on his personal knowledge. While at Westminster Churchill is stated to have been a candidate for a fellowship or studentship at Merton College, Oxford, and later to have failed in some examination at Oxford, nominally on account of deficiency in classical knowledge, according to his own reported statement on

account of his flippant answers to the questions set to him. There is no corroboration of these statements, and the early age at which he entered St John's makes them improbable. Soon after his entry at St John's he married a girl called Martha Scott, whose father lived in Westminster. The marriage was a 'Fleet' one and seems to have taken place about 1749. The elder Churchill received his son and daughter-in-law into his house for about a year. In 1751 Churchill is said to have removed to Sunderland with his wife, where he pursued his studies, returning to London in 1753 to take possession of some small fortune to which he became entitled in right of his wife. He was ordained Deacon 22 September 1754 by Edward Willis, Bishop of Bath and Wells, in his Lordship's private chapel at Wells. He is described in the Bishop's Register as "Charles Churchill now, or late, of Saint John's College, in the University of Cambridge." He was licensed next day to the curacy of South Cadbury and Sparkford in Somerset, and subscribed on being licensed. He seems to have officiated there for the next two years, the Rev. O. T. B. Croft, Rector of South Cadbury, stating that in 1756 Charles Churchill officiated at marriages, there being three entries in the year 1756 signed by him; there are no registers at Sparkford earlier than 1757. He was ordained Priest at Fulham 19 December 1756 by the Bishop of Rochester, acting for the Bishop of London, when he is described as "late of St John's College, Cambridge." He was then licensed to be curate to his father at Rainham in Essex. The Rev. T. W. Ward, Vicar of Rainham, states that the *Parish Registers* of Rainham shew that Charles Churchill signs banns from October 1756 to 17 September 1758; that he signs for baptisms in 1757 and 1758, and for several marriages in 1758. The Register also contains the following entry: "20 March 1759, Charlotte, daughter of the Rev. Charles Churchill and Martha, was baptized." These facts dispose of the story (repeated in the *Annual Register* and the *Biographia Britannica*) that at some period Churchill had a curacy in Wales with a stipend of £70 a year and that in order to add to his income he started a 'Cyder Warehouse,' which led to his bankruptcy. It seems clear that his curacies at South Cadbury and Rainham fill up the period from 1754 to 1758. Tooke in his life of Churchill gives the years and dioceses of his ordinations correctly, but can have taken no steps to see how he was described on these occasions or he must have discovered that Churchill was not of Trinity College. Tooke also seems to imply that Churchill's ordination without a degree was unusual. An examination of the ordination lists in these or any other dioceses, would have shewn that the ordination of 'literates' was a regular practice and not an exception.

While curate at Rainham Churchill is stated to have added to his clerical income by keeping a school, or taking pupils. On the death of his father in 1758 Churchill was elected by the parishioners to succeed as Curate and Lecturer of St John the Evangelist, Westminster. He then returned to London, settling in Westminster. He gave lessons in English to the pupils of a Mrs Dennis who had a boarding-school for girls in Queen's Square, Bloomsbury, and also took private pupils.

This is the dividing line between the early and obscure part of Churchill's life and his brilliant and brief literary career. The temptations of a town life proved too strong for Churchill, his method of living bore no proportion to his income, and his wife was as improvident as himself. Thus he fell into debt and was in danger of imprisonment. At this juncture his former master at Westminster, Dr Pierson Lloyd, came forward and induced Churchill's creditors to consent to a composition of five shillings in the pound. Dr Kippis states (*Biographia Britannica*) that: "In an instance which fell under the knowledge of the writer of the present article, as an executor and guardian, Mr Churchill when he had obtained money by his publications, voluntarily came, and paid the full amount of the original debt. It is highly probable from this unsolicited and unexpected act of equitable retribution that his conduct was the same in some other cases." Churchill cast about for some means of earning money. His schoolfellows, Bonnell Thornton, George Coleman, and Robert Lloyd, son of his master, were now engaged in literary pursuits. Robert Lloyd, who had started by being an usher in Westminster School, had deserted his father's profession and had taken to literature. At the close of 1760 Churchill tried the publishers with a poem called *The Bard* in Hudibrastic verse, this was contemptuously rejected. A second, entitled *The Conclave*, a satire aimed at the Dean and Chapter of Westminster, would have been published had not the legal adviser of the publisher advised its rejection, lest its appearance should lead to proceedings for libel. Churchill now turned to the stage for a subject; his friend Lloyd had just

made a hit with *The Actor*. After two months' close attendance at the theatres he produced *The Rosciad*. It was declined by more than one publisher, though Churchill asked but five guineas for it. Conscious of his powers he published it at his own risk, but without his name, in March 1761. It proved an instant success, its pungency and humour, its vigour, its grasp of character and unsparing criticism at once taking the public fancy. Universal curiosity as to the identity of the author was aroused. The writers in the *Critical Review* (they were great authorities, with no less a person than Smollett at their head) attributed it to Lloyd and Coleman. Each of these gentlemen publicly disclaimed the authorship. Churchill issued a short advertisement stating that he was the author, and announcing that his *Apology addressed to the Critical Reviewers* would shortly appear, as it did in April 1761. His success was now assured. Smollett got David Garrick to let Churchill know that he was not the writer of the notice of the *Rosciad*. Garrick, who had been amused by the criticisms of his brother-actors in the *Rosciad* now trembled before the criticisms in the *Apology*, and let it be known that he was Churchill's admirer. In two months Churchill is supposed to have cleared £2000 by the sale of these two poems. He paid off his debts, settled an allowance on his wife, from whom he was now separated, and helped his brothers and sisters. Whatever good instincts Churchill had, he wanted balance. He had entered the Church to please his father, it had given him but a pittance. He had declared war against pretence and hypocrisy in others and he carried his contempt of them in his own case to the extreme. He threw off his clerical dress and appeared in a blue coat with metal buttons, a gold-laced waistcoat, a gold-laced hat and ruffles. Zachary Pearce, Dean of Westminster, remonstrated with him, observing that the frequenting of theatres was unfitting, the *Rosciad* indecorous. Churchill made a scoffing reply with regard to the Dean's editions of the works of classical authors. His parishioners at St John's took the matter in hand and Churchill resigned his lectureship. He led a dissipated life and was the subject of fierce imputations. In October 1761 he brought out *Night, an Epistle to Robert Lloyd*, as a vindication of his course of life, a defence of what a later age would call Bohemianism. Shortly afterwards he made the acquaintance of John Wilkes and worked with him on the *North Briton*. In January 1763 he brought out *The Prophecy of Famine*, a satire on Lord Bute and Scotsmen, one of the most successful of his writings. He was then probably at the height of his fame. On the issue of the famous No. 45 of the *North Briton* it was intended to arrest Churchill as well as Wilkes. He in fact called on Wilkes while the King's messengers were in Wilkes' house, but Wilkes had the presence of mind to address him as Thompson and Churchill withdrawing fled to Wales. At the trial of Wilkes, Hogarth was present and produced his famous caricature of Wilkes. This stirred Churchill's indignation and he published the *Epistle to William Hogarth* in July 1763, a fierce attack on the caricaturist. "It is the most bloody performance that has been published in my time," was the judgment of David Garrick. Hogarth lost no time in replying, he issued for a shilling a print entitled: "The Bruiser, C. Churchill (once the Rev.), in the character of a Russian Hercules, regaling himself after having killed the monster Caricatura that so sorely galled his virtuous friend, the heaven-born Wilkes." Some have ascribed Hogarth's death to vexation caused by Churchill's attack. In November 1763 he published *The Conference*, in which he expresses regret for the seduction by him of a Miss Carr, daughter of a sculptor, or stone-cutter in Westminster. This was followed by *The Duellist*, a poem occasioned by Wilkes' duel with Joseph Martin, which Horace Walpole thought "the finest and bitterest of his works." *The Author and Gotham* were also published in 1764. He returned to personal satire in *The Candidate* occasioned by the candidature of Lord Sandwich for the high stewardship of the University of Cambridge. Lord Sandwich had been foremost in the proceedings against Wilkes for his *Essay on Woman*, although his own character was none of the best. *The Farewell*, *The Times*, and *Independence* were published in September 1764. A sudden desire to see Wilkes took Churchill to France. At Boulogne on October 24 he was seized with fever and died there on November 4. By his will dated 3 November (proved in the Prerogative Court of Canterbury 22 November 1764) he left an annuity of £60 to his wife and of £50 to Elizabeth Carr, whom he had seduced. He desired his 'dear friend John Wilkes' to collect and publish his works. His body was brought over to Dover and buried in the churchyard of St Martin's, the inscription on his gravestone being: "Here lie the remains | of the celebrated | C. Churchill. | Life to the last enjoy'd, here Churchill lies (*The Candidate*)."

After his death were published the unfinished *Journey* and a fragment of a *Dedication to Warburton*, the latter being intended for a volume of his sermons. His sermons, which form the fourth volume of his works, published by Flexney in 1774 seem to be without any particular merit. Their authorship is described as doubtful and Dr Kippis was inclined to attribute them to Churchill's father.

John Wilkes paid absolutely no attention to the wishes of his friend, the details of Churchill's life and conversation perished with his contemporaries. In 1765 the Abbé Winckelman presented Wilkes with a sepulchral urn on which Wilkes had inscribed: "Carolo Churchill | Amico jucundo | Poetae acri | civi optimo de patria merito | P | Johannes Wilkes | MDCCLXV"; and also placed the same inscription on a Doric pillar in the grounds of Sandham Cottage in the Isle of Wight. Churchill's children did not succeed, and died in obscurity. Few English poets enjoyed so much notoriety as Churchill did in his short period of fame, each of his satires giving rise to numerous pamphlets, poems, and reviews. The severity of his criticisms did not make his contemporaries anxious to add to his fame. Yet he had ardent admirers. His schoolfellow Cowper retained and expressed a warm admiration for his friend, saying: "It is a great thing to be indeed a poet, and does not happen to more than one man in a century. Churchill, the great Churchill, deserved the name." And Byron in his poem *Churchill's Grave* written in 1816 has done much to keep the satirist's name alive. James Hannay says of him in his introduction to an edition of his works: "There were incidents in his life which cannot be defended, and which he did not attempt to defend. His passions were strong and his morals too often loose. But if there was much to blame in Churchill, there was also a great deal to admire and respect. He was an honest man, a brave man, and a generous man; and many far inferior characters, with less excuse from circumstances, have gone through life in the enjoyment of perfectly respectable reputations."

A portrait of Churchill, painted by Schaak, appears as a frontispiece to Tooke's edition of his poems. There is a portrait of him in Lord Northampton's hospital at Greenwich representing him with a pen in his hand and before him a letter addressed to Wilkes in Paris.

P. 127 no. 2. Edward Wingfield was the eldest son of Richard, first Baron Wingfield and Viscount Powerscourt in the Peerage of Ireland. He was born 25 October 1729. The Hon. Edward Wingfield, son and heir of the Right Hon. Viscount Powerscourt in Ireland, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 27 June 1746, he migrated to the Inner Temple, where he was admitted 18 January 1748. He was returned as M.P. for the borough of Stockbridge, Hants., 8 December 1756. He died unmarried 6 May 1764 and was succeeded by his brother (Burke's *Peerage*; Foster's *Peerage*, Viscount Powerscourt; *Names of Members returned to serve in Parliament*, ii, 116).

P. 127 no. 3. The Hon. Richard Wingfield, brother of the last, was baptized 24 December 1730. He was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 27 January 1747. He was returned as M.P. for Boyle borough, co. Roscommon, in the Parliament of Ireland. Vacating the seat on succeeding to the title on the death of his elder brother. He married in September 1760 Lady Emilia Stratford, daughter of John, Earl of Aldborough. He died 8 August 1788 leaving issue (Foster, *Peerage*, Viscount Powerscourt).

P. 127 no. 4. Vernon Yonge, the father, was perhaps the Vernon Younge, gentleman, son and heir of Walter Younge, late of Charner, Staffordshire, esquire, deceased, who was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 26 July 1725.

P. 127 no. 5. John Downes, the father, was perhaps the John Downes, son and heir of Jonathan Downes of St Thomas, Isle of Barbados, admitted a student of the Middle Temple 5 December 1713, and called to the Bar 29 May 1719.

Jonathan Downes was ordained Deacon 13 June 1756 by the Bishop of Chester, and Priest 19 September 1756 by the Bishop of Bangor. The ordinations being held at Fulham for the Bishop of London. He was admitted a Platt Fellow of the College 17 March 1755 and his Fellowship was filled up again in 1762.

P. 127 no. 6. Richard Swynfen Edwards was ordained Deacon 11 June 1756 by the Bishop of Ely in the parish church of Kensington, and was licensed to the curacy of Littleport, co. Cambridge, on the same day. He was ordained Priest by William Ashburnham, Bishop of Chichester, 30 July 1758.

P. 127 no. 7. John Smith was ordained Deacon 18 March 1753 by the Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry and licensed to the curacy of Hartington, co. Derby, with a salary of £25; he was ordained Priest by the Archbishop of York 22 September 1754, and licensed to the curacy of Hooton Roberts with a stipend of £25.

P. 127 no. 8. Crisp Molineux, gentleman, son and heir-apparent of Charles Molineux of the Island of St Christopher or St Kitt's in parts beyond seas, was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 11 January 1748.

Crisp Molineux was a grandson of Col. Joseph Crisp of St Kitt's, West Indies, one of the first magistrates commissioned in that island. He was of Garboldisham Hall, Norfolk. He married in 1760 Katy Montgomerie, only daughter and heiress of George Montgomerie of Thundersley Hall, Essex, and Chippenham Hall, co. Cambridge, and had issue (Burke, *Landed Gentry*, Montgomerie of Garboldisham).

He was High Sheriff of Norfolk from 13 February 1767 to 15 January 1768.

He was returned as M.P. for the Borough of Castle Rising, Norfolk, 8 June 1771; and M.P. for the Borough of King's Lynn 8 October 1774, 11 September 1780, and 2 April 1784. He was not elected in 1790. At a meeting of the Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County of Cambridge, held in the Senate House Yard on 25 March 1780 he was requested to present a Petition to the House of Commons for a constitutional redress of certain grievances. His speech on presenting this petition is given in the *Cambridge Chronicle* 22 April 1780 (Cooper, *Annals of Cambridge*, iv, 394-5). He died at St Kitt's 4 December 1792, having gone there for the benefit of his health (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1792, p. 1220).

P. 127 no. 9. This is probably the Anthony Dawson, gentleman, only son of Anthony Dawson, deceased, who was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn 17 February 1748, and was called to the Bar 24 May 1762.

P. 127 no. 10. William Dalyson (the name also appears as Dallison and Dalison) was the eldest son of Thomas Dalyson, by his second wife Isabella, daughter of Peter Burrell of Beckenham. He was born 17 October 1730. William Dallison, son and heir of Thomas Dallison, late of West Peckham, Kent, esquire, deceased, was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 5 February 1752. He died, unmarried, 11 January 1809 (Berry, *Pedigrees of Families in the County of Kent*, 183). See the admission of a younger brother P. 133 no. 2.

P. 127 no. 11. John Cam was admitted a Fellow of the College 2 April 1754. On 5 November 1758 he was transferred to a medical fellowship. His Fellowship was filled up again in 1763. He practised as a physician at Hereford, where he died 29 March 1809, aged 76. He was Receiver-General for the County of Hereford (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 8 April 1809). He was buried at Llanwarne in Herefordshire, and in the ruins of the old church there is a monument to his memory with this inscription: "H. S. E. | Johannes Cam A.M. | Coll. div. Johann. Cantab. quondam Soc. | In re medicinali ibi plane versatus | Hanc artem per quadraginta annos | in civitate Herefordiae nec sine laude exercuit | aequè pauperibus prodesset student. | locupletibus aequè | duxit in matrimonium | Annam filiam unicam Johannis James | de Lyston armig. | ex quo duas suscepit filias | Annam et Mariam | Anna nupsit Abraham Whittaker | de Cantio armig. | Maria nupsit Nicholas Sykes de Cottingham | In agro Eboraco orientali armig. | Hic nat. A.D. 1746 ob. A.D. 1809 | Anna Whittaker supradicta | nat. 1764 ob. A.D. 1827 | aet. suae 63." See Robinson, *The Mansions and Manors of Herefordshire*, 185. Through his wife John Cam inherited Lyston House, co. Hereford.

P. 127 no. 12. This appears to be the person whose career is here given; the weak points of the identification will be pointed out. Thomas Wilson was the younger son of Thomas Wilson of Kendal, owner of Kentmere manor in Westmorland, by Dorothy, eldest daughter of John Fenwick of Nunridding and Langshaw, Northumberland. He was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn 22 March 1752 (as Thomas Wilson, gent., his parentage is not given) and was called to the Bar 26 May 1756. His eldest brother John Wilson took the name and arms of Fenwick under an Act of Parliament, which passed the House of Commons 28 March 1751, entitled "An Act to enable John Fenwick, lately called John Wilson, and the heirs male of his body to take the name and bear the arms of Fenwick only, pursuant to the wills of Robert Fenwick and Nicholas Fenwick" (*Journal of the House of Commons*, xxvi, 154). On the death of his elder brother in 1757 Thomas Wilson took the name of Fenwick and succeeded to the estates of his uncle Robert Fenwick.

He also succeeded to his father's property at Kentmere. Thomas Fenwick was elected Recorder of Kendal in the year 1765-6; Myles Hamson succeeded him as Recorder in the year 1776-7 (C. Nicholson, *Annals of Kendal*, 290-1). Thomas Fenwick was returned as M.P. for Westmorland 7 April 1768, sitting until 1774. He was an unsuccessful candidate in 1774 (Bean, *Parliamentary Representation of the Six Northern Counties of England*, 600, 606). He died at Barrow Hall, co. Lancaster, 3 April 1794 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1794, i, 387), and was buried at Tunstall 7 April 1794.

The weak points in the identification of the gentleman whose career is here given with the member of the College are these. In the pedigree given in Hodgson, *History of Northumberland*, Part ii, Vol. 2, p. 76 the name of the father of Thomas Wilson or Fenwick is given as John. The name is given as Thomas both in Bean (*l.c.*) and in R. S. Ferguson's *Cumberland and Westmorland M.P.s*, p. 352. Even if the father's name be Thomas, it is not quite certain that Thomas Wilson, the owner of Kentmere, is identical with the Thomas Wilson, attorney of Kendal, in the College Register. One Thomas Wilson was Mayor of Kendal 1763-4 (Nicholson, *l.c.*). See the admission of an elder brother P. 121 no. 9.

P. 127 no. 13. Henry Harpur was ordained Priest 29 June 1756 by the Bishop of Rochester. He was instituted the same day to the Vicarage of Tunbridge, Kent, and held the living until 1791.

P. 127 no. 14. George Jolland entered Manchester School 28 June 1746, when the father is described as of Scalby (? Scauby) near Brigg in Lincolnshire, gentleman (Finch Smith, *Manchester School Register*, i, 28). He was admitted a Fellow of the College 2 April 1754. He was ordained Deacon 22 September 1754 by the Bishop of Lincoln. Ashby in his Common Place Book preserved in the College Library states that Jolland died in 1760. His fellowship was filled up however in April 1759.

One George Jolland was instituted Vicar of Norton Bishop, co. Lincoln, 8 November 1758, and it may be that this is the man, his acceptance of the benefice vacating his fellowship. He seems to have been a half-brother of Dr William Samuel Powell, Master of the College 1765-75. For some slight notices of the family see Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, i, 567, 580, &c.

P. 128 no. 15. Matthew Wilson, eldest son of Matthew Wilson of Eshton, co. York, esquire, was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 12 September 1750, and was called to the Bar 21 June 1757. He was invited to the Bench of the Inn 28 November 1782 but does not appear to have sat.

Matthew Wilson was born 12 February 1733³/₈, he married 7 July 1759 Frances, daughter of Richard Clive, of Styche, co. Salop, M.P. for Montgomery in several Parliaments, and sister to Robert first Lord Clive, Baron of Plassey. Mr Matthew Wilson died 16 April 1802 and was buried at Gargrave; his wife died 3 October 1798 (Foster, *Yorkshire Pedigrees*, *West Riding*, ii, Wilson of Eshton). See the admission of a younger brother P. 137 no. 13.

P. 128 no. 16. Thomas Faber was ordained Deacon 17 June 1753 by the Bishop of London and licensed to the curacy of Great Braxted, Essex. About 1757 he became Perpetual Curate of Bramley near Leeds, he was instituted Vicar of Calverly, Yorks., 24 February 1770. He held both these pieces of preferment until his death 28 November 1821, aged nearly 93 years. At the time of his death and for some years before he was the oldest living member of the College (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 7 December 1821; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1821, ii, 647; *Annual Register for 1821*, Chronicle 250). He was the father of the Rev. George Stanley Faber, Fellow of Lincoln College, Oxford, the well-known writer on prophecy (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*).

P. 128 no. 17. This gentleman graduated as William Howell Ewin, B.A. 1753, M.A. 1756, LL.D. 1766. The *Parish Register of Holy Sepulchre*, Cambridge, has the following entry: "1733¹/₂ February 3, William Howell Ewin, the son of Mr Thomas Ewin and Susanna his wife, baptized." Thus his age on entry was 18. He seems to have resided in Cambridge, where he carried on the business of a brewer. He was tried before the Vice-Chancellor's Court in 1778 on a charge of lending money to William Bird, a scholar of Trinity College, at an usurious rate of interest, and on Wednesday 21 October 1778 was sentenced to be suspended *ab omni gradu suscepto et suscipiendo* and to be expelled the University. The matter came before the Vice-Chancellor's Court again at the end of November

when the suspension was confirmed but the expulsion repealed. From this Dr Ewin appealed to the Court of King's Bench for a mandamus to set the decree aside, and this was granted by Lord Mansfield and the other judges on the ground apparently that the proceedings of the Court were irregular and that the suspension ought to have been by Grace of the Senate. Cole (Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5868) has these notes which no doubt arose out of this matter: In the *Cambridge Chronicle* of Saturday 20 February 1779 is this Advertisement: Town of Cambridge 8 Febr. 1779. Whereas I Thomas Wetenhall, of the parish of St Sepulchre in the said Town, in a very indecent and opprobrious manner did grossly abuse and insult William Howell Ewin of Cambridge aforesaid Doctor of Laws, for which the said Dr Ewin has justly commenced an action against me; but hath agreed at my intercession, and for the sake of my family to decline prosecuting the same, upon my agreeing to make this public acknowledgement of my impudent conduct, and paying the costs hitherto incurred. Now I the said Thomas Wetenhall do in this public manner declare, That what I then said of the said Dr Ewin was false and scandalous and that the language made use of by me was uttered in the heat of passion and without any foundation of truth; for which I am heartily sorry and most humbly ask his pardon and promise never to offend in the like manner again. Witness my hand,

THO. WETENHALL.

Witness: T. ROBSON,
Clerk to MR DAY,
Attorney for the Plaintiff.

Cole adds the note: "Dr Ewin was restored to his LL.D. degree, of which he had been degraded about Wednesday Oct. 20, 1779. He came into the Senate House in his gown. The Vice-Chancellor objected to it, and he pulled it off before he was reinstated."

(Cole's MSS. Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5808, fol. 7*b* to 14*b*; Cole gives a copy of *Tripos Verses* relating to the matter, which were printed at Huntingdon, fol. 218*b*, 219*a*; see also 228*b*, 229*a*.) See also Cooper's *Annals of Cambridge*, iv, 388, 392. The case is also referred to in some letters of the Rev. Michael Tyson (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, viii, 633, 634, 647, 648).

The following character of Dr Ewin is given in Nichols' *Literary Anecdotes*, i, 710. "He was a man of good education and considerable talents; had seen much of the world, and viewed mankind with keen observation. He had a retentive memory, and an inexhaustible fund of interesting anecdote, which he frequently enlivened by original and sarcastic humour. With the Sciences he was imperfectly acquainted; but he was much attached to the polite arts, particularly painting and sculpture, in which he had great taste. His manners were easy, and his temper cheerful, his disposition communicative, and his knowledge extensive. Being frugal and economical in his habits, he was generally considered extremely avaricious, though instances might be adduced in which he displayed the utmost liberality and generosity. His strict attention to the administration of parochial concerns, quick to discern and severe to condemn every species of idleness and imposition, created him many enemies, particularly among the lower orders of the people. He was supposed to have left property to the amount of more than £100,000, the bulk of which he divided between his sister and the family of his nephew. He died at Brentford Butts 20 December 1804, and was buried in the chapel of New Brentford; where a monument by Flaxman has been erected to his memory and that of his sister Sarah Howell Ewin, with their names, ages, &c. on a pedestal above."

With this may be compared the account given of him by William Cole (MS. Cole, iii, 68*b*, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5804). "My friend Dr Ewin, by being much of his father's turn, busy and meddling in other people's concerns, got the ill-will of most persons in the Town and University, where he acted as Justice of the Peace. The Gownsmen bore him a particular grudge for interfering much in their affairs, though very justly, for they never were more licentious and debauched. They often broke the Doctor's windows, as they said he had been caught listening on their staircases and doors. About Christmas 1771 or January 1772, he was at a Coffee House near his own house, where some Fellow Commoners who owed him a grudge, sitting in the next Box to him, in order to affront him, pretended to call their dog Squintum, and frequently repeated the name very loudly in the Coffee House, and in their joviality swore many oaths, and caressed their dog. Dr Ewin, as did his father, squinted very much; as did Whitefield the Methodist Teacher, who was vulgarly called Dr Squintum from that blemish in his eyes. Dr Ewin was sufficiently

mortified to be so affronted in public : however he carefully marked down the number of oaths sworn by these gentlemen, whom he made to pay severally the penalty of five shillings each oath, which amounted to a good round sum. The next week was publicly hawked about the streets of Cambridge the following Ballad, printed on Ballad paper and sung by Ballad Singers, and given away to anyone who would receive them.

A PARODY
of an old song.

Of all the blockheads in the Town
That strut and bully up and down
And bring complaints against the Gown
There's none like Dr Squintum.

With gimlet eyes and dapper wig
This Justice thinks he looks so big
A most infernal stupid gig
Is this same Dr Squintum.

What Pedlar can forbear to grin
Before his Worship that has been
To think what folly lurks within
This Just-Ass Dr Squintum.

The Boys i' the street him hiss and hoot
No name so vile that will not suit
This strong resemblance of a Brute
The busy Dr Squintum.

The Gownsmen say this Doctor sage
Is quite a scandal to the Age
Which greatly puts into a rage
The silly Dr Squintum.

He vents his passion—Blood and Wounds
I never saw such pert buffoons
But soon I'll make them change their tunes
Thus bilious Dr Squintum.

With Law I'll pester every man
And must pursue my noble plan
To do whatever harm I can
Thus blubbers Dr Squintum.

We all indulge Dame Nature's bent
On doing harm my mind's intent
And damn my soul I'll give it vent
Sic dixit Dr Squintum.

He raves, he swears, he knows not why
He thinks himself amazing sly
And makes no bones to tell a lye
The worthy Dr Squintum.

For want of sense, a busy drone
Must turn a bee-hive upside down
I'd have you make this case your own
Litigious Dr Squintum.

Enraged to hear the humming crew
Which all around this thickhead flew
The monster snorted just like you
Illustrious Dr Squintum.

The brutal beast, in wanton play
Full many of the tribe did slay
And wished to drive the rest away
Presumptive Dr Squintum.

A council held, they all agreed
 The monster for to kill with speed
 I'd have you Sir, from hence take heed
 Indignant Dr Squintum.

For if you do not check your reins
 Some folks I know, will spare no pains
 To treat you just as you treat grains
 Thou brewing Dr Squintum."

Cole continues: "The late Mr Thomas Ewin, formerly a grocer and latterly a brewer in partnership with Mr Sparks, was a very conceited and litigious man. He acquired a very large fortune, which he left to a son now a brewer in Cambridge, but who was educated a pensioner in St John's College. Mr Ewin was a most zealous son of the Church of England of the highest form: hardly ever missed going twice a day on Sundays to his own parish church St Sepulchre, in which parish he had a good house, twice to St Mary's to hear the University Sermons, and constantly at Vespres in Trinity College Chapel to attend the music of the Cathedral service there. Notwithstanding all this he married a daughter of old Mr Howel a coal-merchant in St Clement's parish, with whom he had a large fortune but a most rigid dissenter; indeed she and Mr Finch's family were the supports and props of the Presbyterian interest of Cambridge; so that, had she not been one of the most prudent as well as best tempered women, and a most excellent wife it would have been impossible for any peace or harmony to have existed between them. They had a daughter married to Mr Cokayn of Soham."

"See a Tradesman's Token of brass with 'John Ewin in Cambridge 1652,' with a man behind a counter, or vessel, holding a line of candles before him, and I. E. A. on the other side in my Vol. 32, p. 164. This John Ewin was Alderman of Cambridge and died 1668, see p. 76."

P. 128 no. 18. Fleetwood Churchill migrated to Clare Hall, from which College he took the B.A. degree in 1754. He was ordained Deacon 24 August 1758 and Priest 21 September 1759 by the Bishop of Ely. He was then Fellow of Clare and was presented by that Society to the Rectory of Patrington, Yorks., in 1772 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 10 October 1772). He died on 24 September 1780. He published the following works: (i) *Oratio habita Cantab. in Aula Clarensi* 1767, *memoriae Samuelis Blyth*, Cambridge, 1767, 4to.; (ii) *De Davidis in Saulum et Jonathanum Threno. Concio ad clerum in Templo S. Mariae, Jun. 1, 1773*, Cambridge, 1773, 4to.

He was patron of the Rectory of Boulnehurst or Bolnhurst, Beds., in 1772 (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, i, 597 note).

P. 128 no. 20. William French, son of William French, of Merriott, Somerset, *plebeius*, matriculated at Oxford from Wadham College 22 October 1736, aged 19. He took the B.A. degree at Oxford in 1740 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He took the M.A. degree at Cambridge from St John's in 1749. He was instituted Rector of Thorncombe, Devon, 17 August 1748, and Rector of Wambrook, Dorset, 23 June 1749. He was then chaplain to Edward, Lord Stawell, Baron of Somerton, and was empowered by dispensation to hold the two livings (*Cambridge Journal*, 9 June 1749; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1749, p. 285). Both livings were vacant in 1761.

P. 128 no. 21. Thomas Kilvington took the degree of M.B. in 1758. He practised as a physician at Ripon, Yorks., and was the author of a Thesis *De Erysipelate* (*Medical Register*, 1750, p. 164). He died at Ripon 13 September 1823, aged 91 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1823, ii, 381; *Cambridge Chronicle*, 26 September 1823).

P. 128 no. 22. John Bullock was ordained Priest 9 June 1754 by the Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield and licensed to the curacy of Hartington, co. Derby, with a salary of £30. He was instituted Vicar of Hartington 22 October 1755 and held the living until 1789.

P. 128 no. 23. John Le Hunt was ordained Deacon 25 May 1755 and licensed to the curacy of All Saints in Derby, with a salary of £30; he was ordained Priest 24 December 1758 and licensed to the curacy of Radborne, co. Derby, 'with his present salary,' all by the Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield. He was instituted Rector of Radborne 26 December 1768 on the presentation of German Pole, and held the living until 1790.

P. 128 no. 25. Richard Boys was ordained Deacon 10 March 1754 and licensed to the curacy of East Mersey, Essex; he was ordained Priest 21 December 1755, all by the Bishop of London. He was instituted Rector of West Bergholt, Essex, 16 December 1756 and held the living until 1784.

P. 128 no. 26. Henry Hough was ordained Deacon 17 June 1753 and licensed to the curacy of Braunston, co. Leicester; he was ordained Priest 9 June 1754, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Granby, Notts., 18 August 1756, and in the same year became Vicar of Howes, co. Leicester, on the presentation of John, second Duke of Rutland (Nichols, *History of Leicestershire*, ii, 221). He was instituted Vicar of Gretton, co. Northampton, 12 August 1768, but vacated this on his institution 10 July 1770 to the Rectory of Redmile, co. Leicester, on the presentation of the Duke of Rutland. He held Granby, Howes, and Redmile until his death 25 August 1800. He was a County Magistrate (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 30 August 1800).

P. 128 no. 27. Samuel Dickinson graduated as Dickenson, LL.B. 1755. He was ordained Deacon 21 September 1755 by the Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry and licensed to the curacy of Blymhill, co. Stafford, with a salary of £30. He was ordained Priest 25 September 1757 by the Bishop of Chester and licensed to the curacy of Runcorn, co. Chester, with a salary of £30. He was instituted Rector of Blymhill 18 January 1777. He died at Blymhill Rectory 22 May 1823, aged 90. The *Gentleman's Magazine* for 1823, i, 650, in announcing his death describes him as 'a learned and ingenious naturalist,' and adds: "To the Rev. Stebbing Shaw's History of Staffordshire he was of great assistance, by kindly exerting his classical abilities, and throwing much light upon the various vestiges of the Romans in that county; and by communicating a catalogue of plants found in the county, rendered essential service in the botanical and agricultural department. His son, who is a great zoologist, communicated to the same work the article on zoology."

P. 129 no. 28. Henry Fletcher, the father, was instituted Vicar of Spondon, co. Derby, 26 October 1723, remaining Vicar until 1761. Carter Fletcher was ordained Deacon 22 September 1754 and licensed to the curacy of Chadderton, co. Derby, with a salary of £30; he was ordained Priest 19 September 1756 and licensed to the curacy of Swarkeston, co. Derby, with a salary of £30, all by the Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield. He was instituted Vicar of Boylestone, co. Derby, 23 July 1761. He was patron as well as incumbent. He died 11 July 1808, aged 76. There is a monument to his memory in Boylestone Church (Glover, *History of Derbyshire*, ii, 131).

P. 129 no. 30. See the admission of two brothers P. 114 no. 2; P. 116 no. 1. Nicholas Herbert was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Ely 25 December 1752 in Caius College Chapel and Priest 9 September 1753 by the Bishop of Hereford, and was instituted Rector of Ludlow, Salop, on the same day. He held the living until 1762. He married the Hon. Martha Cuffe, daughter of John, first Lord Desart. He died in 1802 leaving issue.

P. 129 no. 31. George Goldwyer was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of London 18 March 1753 and licensed to the curacy of Marks Tey, Essex. He was ordained Priest 23 February 1755 (with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Salisbury) by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Letcombe Regis, Berks., 16 December 1761 and held the living until 1783.

P. 129 no. 32. John Pilgrim, the father, was perhaps the John Pilgrim of Christchurch, carpenter, who was licensed 23 September 1727 to marry Mary Jennings of Ringwood, spuster, at Sopley, Ringwood or Christchurch (*Hampshire Marriage Licenses, Harl. Soc. Publ.* xxxvi, 117). John Pilgrim the younger took his B.A. degree in 1753, and was also one of the Chancellor's classical medallists in that year. He died soon after. At Clifton there is a mural tablet with the following inscription: "Hic situs est Johannes Pilgrim, A.B. | Sti. Coll. Johan. Cantab. | pietatis exemplar, literarum decus, | quem | numismate solemniter decoravit | Maecenas Holles Duc. Nov. Castri | ob. Jul. 12, 1753, aet. 23" (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1793, ii, 1192 b).

P. 129 no. 33. Robert Lock was ordained Deacon 22 December 1754 by the Bishop of Lincoln and was licensed to the curacy of Norton and Carlton, co. Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Farndon with Balderston, Notts., 15 January

1766, ceding this in 1801. He was instituted Vicar of Long Bennington, co. Lincoln, 22 April 1776 and held this until his death 16 July 1808 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1808, p. 753 a).

P. 129 no. 34. On Joseph Drake, the father, see Part ii, P. 213 no. 29. In 1760 Nathan Drake was curate at Moulsoe. He was for some time an usher at Apsley School (Hunter, *Familiae Minorum Gentium*, *Harleian Soc. Publ.* xxxix, 1160, where there is a pedigree; MS. Cole xxxv, 121). He was instituted Rector of Little Wolston, Bucks., 27 July 1765. He held it however but a short time, as Richard Wadsworth, his successor, was instituted 5 December 1765 (see P. 99 no. 8 and the note thereon). The Rev. Joseph Drake, his father, by will dated 14 December 1741, proved 26 June 1754, leaves his father's MSS. and his own to his son Nathan "if he be a clergyman," also "my father's picture and the ring in memory of Archbishop Sharp."

P. 129 no. 35. William Manley was ordained Deacon 9 June 1754 by the Bishop of Lincoln, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Bath and Wells. He was instituted Rector of Beercrocombe, co. Somerset, 26 May 1755 (Patron, the Bishop by lapse) and held the living until 1775.

P. 129 no. 36. John Symonds, the elder, was of Peterhouse, B.A. 1713, M.A. 1732. He was ordained Deacon 25 September 1715 by the Bishop of Ely, and Priest 13 July 1718 by the Bishop of Norwich. He was instituted Vicar of Dullingham 5 August 1729 and Vicar of Stetchworth 29 December 1744, both in Cambridgeshire. On 26 December 1744, when he is described as chaplain to John, Earl of Sandwich, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, each being valued at £40 a year and the distance between them estimated at 2 miles. Both livings were vacant in 1778.

John Symonds, the younger, was ordained Deacon 9 June 1754 by the Bishop of Lincoln (with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Ely), and Priest 21 September 1755 by the Bishop of Ely. He was instituted Vicar of Swaffham Bulbeck 28 June 1773, and Vicar of Stetchworth 12 October 1778, both in Cambridgeshire. On 27 February 1779, when he is described as chaplain to James, Duke of Queensberry, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both these livings, their values being stated to be each £50. He was again instituted to Swaffham Bulbeck 3 March 1779 and held both livings until the end of 1808.

P. 129 no. 37. Richard Millward, the father, was prebendary of Chester and of Lichfield, and was also Vicar of Eccleshall, Staffordshire, and Wybunbury, Cheshire; he died in 1744. Richard Millward, the son, was ordained Deacon 22 September 1754 and licensed to the curacy of Norton, co. Stafford, with a salary of £30; he was ordained Priest 13 June 1756 and licensed to the curacy of Maveson, co. Stafford, with the same salary, all by the Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield. He was curate of St Anne's, Manchester, in 1760. He was presented by the Warden and Fellows of the Collegiate church of Manchester to the living of Newton Heath 5 May 1764, and was elected by the chapter, chaplain of the Collegiate church 17 November 1773 in place of the Rev. James Bayley, elected Fellow. He died 15 April 1789, aged 58. A small tablet near the choir records that "he was an honest and good man" (*Manchester School Register*, i, 32). At the time of his death he was also domestic chaplain to the Bishop of Carlisle (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 28 April 1789).

P. 129 no. 38. Richard Nairn was ordained Deacon 18 March 1753 by the Bishop of Norwich at the request of the Archbishop of Canterbury.

P. 129 no. 39. Joshua Marshall, the father, is probably the Joshua Marshall, son and heir of Edward Marshall, of Hampton, co. Middlesex, esq., who was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 3 August 1717. While one Edward Marshall, son and heir of Joshua Marshall, late of St Dunstan's in the West, esq., deceased, was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 28 November 1689. Edmund Marshall, of St John's, was ordained Deacon 14 March 1756 by the Bishop of Hereford (by letters dimissory dated 11 March 1756 from the Archbishop of Canterbury), and Priest 21 May 1758 by the Bishop of Rochester. He was instituted Rector of Fawkham, Kent, 24 May 1758, and Vicar of Charing in the same county 4 February 1766 on the presentation of the Dean and Chapter of St Paul's. On 29 January 1766, when he is described as chaplain to James, Earl of

Morton, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then stated to be of the respective values of £70 and £100 and to be 28 miles apart. He was also appointed Perpetual Curate of Egerton, Kent, in 1773. He held all three benefices at his death 8 May 1797, at the age of 73. The *Gentleman's Magazine* for 1797, p. 446, has the following notice of him: "He was chaplain to the late Earl of Morton when President of the Royal Society; and had long laboured, at times, under the most severe and excruciating attacks of that inveterate disorder, the gout, by which he was totally deprived of the use of his limbs, so that for many years he exhibited a living proof of the fallacy of the evidence he published in 1770 relative to M. Le Fevre's supposed specific for that disease. During his sufferings he gave the most ample proofs of a mind impressed with the doctrine and truths of the Christian religion, by bearing his affliction with firmness and submitting with resignation to the dispensations of an all-righteous and all-wise God. His political opinions, we doubt not, have been such as will endear his memory to every man who is a sincere lover of his country and a friend to the civil and religious liberties of mankind in general. A short time before his death he published an interesting novel in 2 vols., 8vo, intituled *Edmund and Eleanor*; or *Memoirs of the Houses of Summerfield and Gretton*, written as the benevolent author observed in the introduction to the work 'to beguile the horrors of pain and confinement.' For many years he was an occasional writer in the *Kentish Gazette* (chiefly on political subjects) under the signature of *Cantianus*, and was occasionally a contributor to our miscellany."

A letter from him appears at p. 459 a of that volume of the *Gentleman's Magazine*.

He was the author of, *A candid and impartial statement of the evidence of a very great probability that there is discovered by Monsieur Le Fevre a...physician practising at Liege...a specific for the gout...In an appendix is given an account of a house fixed up at Liege, for the reception of the English only.* Canterbury 1770, 8vo. His novel was translated into French with the title *Edmond et Eleanor*. *Traduit de l'anglais, par un homme qui aime les moeurs simples* [J. H. Castéra], 3 tomes, Paris 1779, 12°.

P. 129 no. 40. William Burrell, third and second surviving son of Peter Burrell, of Beckenham, was born in Leadenhall Street, London, 10 October 1732, and was baptized in St Peter's, Cornhill, 24 October. He took the LL.B. degree in 1755 and the LL.D. degree in 1760. He was admitted by the Archbishop of Canterbury to be an Advocate in the Arches Court of Canterbury 13 September 1760. He was an advocate at Doctors' Commons, and some manuscript "Reports of cases determined by the High Court of Admiralty" preserved by him were published by Mr R. G. Marsden in 1885. He was returned as M.P. for the borough of Haslemere, Surrey, 19 March 1768, when he is described as of the city of Westminster. He vacated his seat in 1774 on being appointed one of the Commissioners of Excise. He was appointed Chancellor of the Diocese of Worcester in July 1764, and Chancellor of the Diocese of Rochester in August 1771. He married 13 April 1773, Sophia, daughter and co-heiress of Charles Raymond, of Valentine House, Essex. Mr Raymond was created a baronet 31 May 1774 with remainder to his son-in-law, William Burrell, who succeeded to the title on the death of his father-in-law 24 August 1789. Two years before he had been attacked by paralysis and resigned his seat at the Board of Excise in 1791. He purchased Deepdene estate of the Duke of Norfolk in 1791, and died there 20 January 1796.

From an early period he devoted much attention to the history of the county of Sussex, amassing a large collection of material illustrating the history of the county. He maintained a correspondence with nearly every person of education in the county, and personally inspected most if not the whole of the parish registers in Sussex, extracting therefrom the name of every person of gentle position, marking each in the register book with a peculiar 'tick' well known to Sussex genealogists. He employed Messrs Grimm and Lambert to make drawings of all buildings of interest in the county. By his will (dated 11 November 1790 and proved 16 February 1796) he bequeathed "15 folio volumes in MSS. and my 8 large folio volumes of drawings executed by Grimm and Lambert relating to the county of Sussex to the Trustees of the British Museum upon condition that all my family and their descendants shall be allowed free access to read and inspect the same."

There are monuments to his memory in the churches of Cuckfield and West Grinstead, Sussex, both by Flaxman. A portrait of him is given in Manning's *History of Sussex*, iii, and in Dallaway's *History of Sussex*, ii (Lower, *Worthies of Sussex*, 131-3; *Sussex Archaeological Collections*, xlii, 38-41; *Cambridge Chronicle*, 17 August 1771, 30 January 1796; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1796, 86; *Dictionary of National Biography*).

P. 129 no. 41. Hugh Simpson, only son of Thomas Simpson, of Penrith, Cumberland, esquire, was admitted a student of Gray's Inn 27 March 1752, and was called to the Bar 9 June 1758. He was dead before 9 June 1769.

P. 130 no. 42. William Barker, graduated as William Bell Barker, B.A. 1753, M.A. 1756. He was ordained Deacon 25 December 1753 by the Bishop of Ely, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Norwich. He was instituted Rector of Rushmere All Saints, Suffolk, 11 September 1756, and became rector of Frostenden in the same year. He held both livings until his death 28 January 1791 at Southwold, aged 61 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1791, p. 186a).

P. 130 no. 43. Cockin Sole, the father, son and heir-apparent of Thomas Sole, of Bobbing, Kent, was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 29 October 1711, and was called to the Bar 3 July 1715.

John Cockayne Sole, esquire, married Miss Lushington 3 August 1754 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1754, p. 387a). John Cockaine Sole, of Bobbing, was High Sheriff of Kent from 27 January 1756 to 4 February 1757.

P. 130 no. 44. William Craven claimed to be related to the Lords Craven and used their arms. He was elected a University Craven Scholar in 1750; took his degree as fourth Wrangler in the Mathematical Tripos of 1753 and was also Senior Chancellor's medallist. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 17 March 1755, but was removed by a mandate of the Bishop of Ely, and Thomas Todington (P. 134 no. 16) admitted in his place 19 March 1757. He was readmitted a Fellow 13 March 1758. He was ordained Deacon 14 March 1756 by the Bishop of Chester in St Margaret's, Westminster, and Priest by the Bishop of Lincoln 23 September 1759. On 12 April 1757 when he is described as "now an assistant at the Grammar School at Harrow" he was nominated with two others by the College to the Brewers' Company in order that they might select a master for Aldenham School. Craven was not selected. He then seems to have returned to College, where he resided for the rest of his life. He held a succession of College offices; Sacrist 28 February 1766 to 29 January 1767; Steward 29 January 1767 to 20 February 1770; Junior Bursar 20 February 1770 to 24 March 1775; Bakehouse Bursar 24 March 1775 to 27 April 1786; Senior Bursar 27 April 1786 until his election as Master. He was also President 16 March 1776 to 25 March 1779 and again 17 March 1780 to 20 March 1781. He was admitted Master of the College 29 March 1789, and held the office until his death 28 January 1815. He was Sir Thomas Adams' Professor of Arabic in the University from 1770 to 1795. And Lord Almoner's Professor of Arabic 1770 to 1815. He was buried in the College Chapel. His tombstone, now much broken, bears the inscription: "Gulielmus Craven S.T.P. | Magister Collegii | electus Magister Mart: 29, 1789 | obiit Jan. 28, 1815 | Anno aetatis 85." He seems to have held no Church preferment. Cole in his collections for an *Athenae Cantabrigienses* (Brit. Mus. Add. MSS. 5866) has this note on William Craven: "A North Country man and curate of Milton near Cambridge 1773, seemingly a worthy plain man." He published (i) *Sermons on the evidence of a future state of rewards and punishments arising from a view of our nature and condition; in which are considered some objections of Hume. Preached before the University of Cambridge in 1774*, Cambridge 1775, 8vo, republished with additions in 1783; (ii) *A Sermon* [on 1 Cor. xiv, 1] *preached at a meeting of the Governors of Addenbrooke's Hospital in Cambridge; to which is added a part of an intended publication concerning the Jewish and Christian Dispensations*, Cambridge 1798, 8vo; (iii) *Continuation of a Discourse on the Jewish and Christian Dispensations*, Cambridge 1800, 8vo.; (iv) *The Jewish and Christian Dispensations compared with other institutions*, Cambridge 1813, 8vo.

Craven seems to have been a very unselfish man. He was residuary legatee under Samuel Ogden's will, but asked Ogden to make other dispositions, he, Craven, having a sufficiency. Miles Bland (*Annotations on the Historical Books of the New Testament*, i, preface), who describes him as "a man of primitive simplicity, of unostentatious merit, and a Christian indeed without guile," states that

Craven established lectures on every Sunday during term for all students of the College on the Gospels or Acts of the Apostles. It has, however, been hinted that the real object of these was to keep the students away from Charles Simeon's church. Craven left £3000 to the College, which was employed in the erection of the Fourth Court. His portrait is in the Master's Lodge.

P. 130 no. 45. George Mason took the degree of B.A. 1753 and M.A. 1756. He was ordained Deacon in Grosvenor Chapel, Middlesex, 18 March 1753 and licensed to the curacy of South Wingfield, co. Derby, with a salary of £30; he was ordained Priest 22 September 1754 and licensed to the curacy of Pleasley, co. Derby, with a salary of £31. 10s., all by the Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield. He then became chaplain to the Duchess of Athol, by whom he was nominated Bishop of Sodor and Man 19 February 1780, confirmed 4 March, and consecrated next day (Hardy's *Le Neve*, iii, 328). He had previously been admitted to the degrees of B.D. and D.D. at the University of Oxford 16 February 1780 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). Mr. Foster assigns as the dates of his Cambridge degrees B.A. 1760, M.A. 1763, but these are the dates of the degrees of a second George Mason, of St John's (see P. 149 no. 30). The Rev. T. Vere Bayne, of Christ Church, Oxford, has sent me the following extracts from the Oxford Registers which clearly shew that the Bishop of Sodor and Man was the earlier George Mason :

"COLL. Nov. : 1780 Feb. 10^{mo} Georgius Mason, 49, Milesii de Kirkby Steven Com. Westmorland, Gen. Fil.

"1780, Feb. 15 : Supplicat, &c., Georg^s Mason, A.M. e Coll. Nov. Quatenus pro Gradibus cumulandis in S. Theologia secum per venerabilem domum Convocationis dispensatum fuerit, ut liceat sibi Lectiones in Schola Theologica pro forma habendas perinde ac si Baccalaureus in eadem Facultate fuisset peragere.

Conceditur.

"Supplicat, &c., Georg^s Mason, A.M. Stud. in S. Theol. e Coll. Nov. ut liceat sibi Lectiones in Schola Theologica pro Forma habendas horis alias non permissis et uno die peragere. Causa est quod distinctos dies commode expectare non potest.

Conceditur."

Dr Mason died at Bishop's Court, Isle of Man, after a long and painful illness 8 December 1783 (*Gentleman's Magazine*). His mother, Mrs Agnes Mason, died at Kirkby Stephen about February 1796, aged 92 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1796, p. 171 b).

In the churchyard of Kirkby Stephen there is a monument with the following inscription : "Here lyeth interred the Body of Miles Mason who departed this life on the 19th of December 1779 aged 78. To the pious memory of the best of Parents His sons have erected this monument As the last Tribute of their Duty and Affection to his sacred remains" (Bellasis, *Westmorland Church Notes*, ii, 129).

P. 130 no. 1. Robert Thistlethwaite matriculated at Oxford from Queen's College 17 December 1748, when he is described as son of Richard Thistlethwaite, of Hallbeck, Yorks. (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). On 8 January 1753 he was licensed by the Bishop of Chester to the School of Yorebridge End, in the parish of Aisgarth, Yorks., on the nomination of John Du Port, Vicar of Aisgarth, and other trustees. He was ordained Deacon 27 August, and Priest 21 December 1758 by the Bishop of Ely. He was instituted Vicar of Kirkby Fleatham 27 October 1763 on the presentation of King George III, and Vicar of Well 31 July 1781, both in Yorkshire. On 12 January 1782, when he is described as chaplain to George, Earl of Errol, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both these livings, Well being valued at £50 and Kirkby Fleatham at £60, their distance apart being stated to be not more than 9 miles. He was again instituted Vicar of Kirkby Fleatham 16 January 1782. He held both livings until his death in 1790.

P. 130 no. 2. Edward Bullock, gentleman, son of the Rev. Dr Bullock, of Streatham, Surrey, was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn 20 November 1749, and was called to the Bar 8 February 1755.

P. 130 no. 3. Thomas Wilsford, the elder, was born 9 February 1693. He is probably the Thomas Wilsford, of St Catharine's College, who obtained the degree of M.D. Comitiis Regiis 1728. He died 16 June 1772, aged 78, and was buried in the old church at Pontefract. He married Jane, daughter of Richard Routh, of Pontefract. She died 3 April 1780, and was buried in the chancel of St Giles's Church. Thomas Wilsford, the younger, was born 13 June 1732; he was admitted

student of Lincoln's Inn 6 November 1749; he died unmarried at Bampton in Westmorland 16 March 1782, aged 49 (Hunter, *Familiae Minorum Gentium, Harleian Soc. Publ.* xxxix, 998, where there is a pedigree).

Richard Wilsford, second son of Thomas Wilsford, of Pontefract, M.D., was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 7 October 1754, he migrated to Lincoln's Inn where he was admitted 14 June 1769, and was called to the Bar 17 June 1771.

P. 130 no. 4. John Newman was ordained Deacon 14 March 1756 by the Bishop of Hereford.

P. 130 no. 6. William Lupton was ordained Deacon 21 September 1755 by the Archbishop of York, and Priest 10 June 1759 by the Bishop of Bristol. He was instituted Rector of Blagdon, Somerset, 11 December 1761, ceding this on his institution 16 July 1766 to the Vicarage of Long Claxton, co. Leicester, on the presentation of Elizabeth Turville, widow (Nichols, *History of Leicestershire*, ii, 135), ceding this in 1776, when on the 16th May 1776 he was instituted Rector of Buckland by Faversham, and Rector of Midley, both co. Kent, on the presentation of Charles Eve, of Hoxton Square, in the parish of St Leonard's, Shoreditch, esq. Both livings were vacant in 1782. This seems to be the career of William Lupton, M.A., of St John's, it being definitely stated in the Act Books of the Archbishop of Canterbury that the Rector of Buckland and Midley was of St John's College, Cambridge.

In Whitaker's *Loidis and Elmete* it is stated that William Lupton, M.A., of St John's College, Cambridge, was appointed Vicar, or curate of Headingley, Leeds, in 1769 and held it until his death 3 February 1782, the year in which the two Kent livings were vacant.

P. 131 no. 7. This is perhaps the Samuel Griffith of Dinthill, esq., who was High Sheriff of Shropshire from 2 February 1759 to 1 February 1760.

P. 131 no. 8. This person seems to have been called Stephens and Stevens indifferently. He appears in the list of Graduati as William Stevens, B.A. 1754. He was admitted Fellow of the College 6 April 1756. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Lincoln at Buckden 24 June 1755 and licensed to the curacy of Haddon, Hunts, he was ordained Priest by the Bishop of London 18 December 1757 (as Stevens). He was presented by the College to the Rectory of Great Snoring with Thursford, co. Norfolk, 18, and instituted 31 October 1775 (as Stephens). He was instituted Rector of Walpole St Peter, Norfolk, on the presentation of the King 2 December 1780 (as Stevens). He held both livings until his death. At the time of his presentation to Snoring he was Morning Preacher at Audley Chapel, London (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 2 December 1775). He was appointed chaplain to H.M.'s Dockyard at Portsmouth (*ibid.* 20 October 1787). He was also Morning Preacher at Grosvenor Chapel, and Lecturer of St George's, Hanover Square, London. He died at Brighton 28 September 1800, in his sixty-ninth year (*ibid.* 4 October 1800). The *Gentleman's Magazine* in a notice of him (Vol. lxx, 1007 a) says of him: he was "a man whom Nature had endowed with some of her choicest gifts, those intellectual and moral qualities which branch forth into the higher order of human virtues, whom learning had not made pedantic, whom the partial regard of numerous friends had not made vain; who, in a long and habitual course of familiar living with persons of the first rank, acquired a polish of high life, without one of its failings; and in the midst of a contaminating age, preserved a simplicity of character, a liberality of sentiment, and a benevolence of heart, which would have given him a place among the best men, in the most virtuous period of the world."

Cole in his collections for an *Athenae Cantabrigienses* (Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5880) has the following note on him (as Stephens): "He married the Duke of Cumberland, which was looked upon as rather dangerous at that time: is now a favourite with the Duke, who ordered him to take his Doctor's degree, hoping to be able to prefer him. Since these revolutions and turn of the Ministry by the Republican Factions, he told Dr Chevallier that the Duke had said, that the King, his brother, had been so harassed by these people for above twenty years, that he was tired to death and was disposed to go to Hanover. Dr Chevallier told this to Dr Farmer May 6, 1782."

After his death three volumes of his sermons, with portrait (edited by Anne Stevens), were published in London in 1801. And a *Funeral Sermon* (on Ps. lxxxix, 47) to the memory of *W. Stevens, D.D.*, was published in London in 1800.

P. 131 no. 9. John Reade was the second son of John Reade, of Ipsden, by his second wife, Bridget Brigham. He was born 23 June and baptized at Ipsden 21 July 1731. The College *Admonition Book*, or record of punishments, contains the following entry: "Jan. y^e 13th 1753 I John Reade was this day admonished by the Master before the Seniors for keeping strangers in my chamber 'till twelve o' the clock and disturbing the Master by knocking at his gate in an irreverent manner at that hour for the keys of the gate." (Signed) JOHN READE.

John Reade took the B.A. degree in 1754, but did not proceed to the M.A. degree. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of London 14 June 1754 with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Ely and Priest 21 December 1755 by the Bishop of Ely, being licensed curate of Chatteris on the same day. He was instituted Rector of Little Rollright, co. Oxford, 25 March 1771, on the presentation of Sir John Reade, fifth baronet, of Shipton Court. On 23 June 1789 a new Rector was instituted on the death of John Reade. He married, at Hammersmith, on Sunday, 26 January 1772, Miss Breedon, only daughter of John Breedon, esq., of Bere Court, Berks. (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 1 February 1772). This John Breedon was the squire of Delabere Court, or as it was then styled Bere or Bare Court, Pangbourne, Berks. His daughter, Katherine, was an heiress. Tradition affirms that the Rev. John Reade was ordained to the curacy of Pishill, a chapelry of Nettlebed, co. Oxford. He died without issue (Compton Reade, *A Record of the Reades*, 70).

P. 131 no. 10. William Wright, son of Hon. Martin Wright, knt., was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 9 February 1749. One William Wright was called to the Bar 25 June 1757, but as there were two students of that name admitted to the Inner Temple on 31 January and 9 February it is not easy to distinguish them. Probably the barrister was not the member of St John's. See the admission of an elder brother, P. 117 no. 7.

The *Gentleman's Magazine* for 1814, p. 308, gives the following curious details among its obituary notices:

"March 14. In an obscure lodging in Pimlico, where he resided without keeping a servant, — Wright, esq., of Lincoln's Inn, a younger son of the Judge Sir Martin Wright. He was of St John's College, Cambridge; educated to the Bar; and at one time possessed of very slender property, which was gradually increased by the bequests of two sisters, who made him their sole heir; and it was already large 'when an extraordinary circumstance gave him the whole of the family estate. His elder brother, who had been long at variance with him, had resolved to leave the estate to a stranger. He had a will drawn up for that purpose, and was riding with it in his pocket to a market-town to have it attested, when he was seized with a fit, fell from his horse and expired. Mr Wright, after this accession of fortune, went abroad, where he resided great part of his life. He appears to have been a man of eccentric character, and has disposed of his large property in a very extraordinary manner. He has left by will his estates in Hampshire, deer-parks, and fisheries, to Lady F. Wilson (wife of the baronet of that name), amounting to 3000*l.* per annum. Mr Wright was totally unacquainted with the Lady, to whom he never spoke, but he was so greatly enamoured of her before her marriage (when Lady Frances Bruce), that he used to place himself nightly in the pit of the opera, that he might fix his eyes on her as she sat in her box; and he never approached nearer to the object of his adoration. When the will was first mentioned to Lady Wilson, she did not credit the bequest; but on further inquiry, she remembered that a man of Mr W.'s description had a box next to her at the Opera, and that on account of his repeatedly staring at her she was compelled to change her box. She had never, to her knowledge, seen him on any other occasion. She recognised his features as he lay in his coffin. Mr Wright was a constant attendant at St Martin's Church. In his will he left a legacy of 1000*l.* to Archdeacon Pott, the Rector of St Martin's (who had no knowledge of Mr Wright), as a mark of his approbation of a sermon he heard him preach. He also bequeathed the following sums: to the Lord Chancellor 1000*l.*; to Lord Sidmouth 4000*l.*; to the Countess of Roslyn 4000*l.*; and to Mr Abbot, the Speaker of the House of Commons, whom he made his executor, 7000*l.* Of all these distinguished characters Mr Wright had no more knowledge than he had of Lady Frances Wilson, who is his residuary legatee. The latter has put her family and servants into mourning out of respect. Mr Wright has left also 3000*l.* to the funds of St John's College, Cambridge. The remains of Mr Wright have been interred in the

family vault at Drayton. It is said that his Will will be contested, and that Sir Wm. Guise, M.P., is either the heir-at-law, or one of the nearest relatives to the testator."

P. 131 no. 11. Chafin Grove, the father, married Ann Amor, and through her succeeded to the Zeals estates.

William Chafin Grove, son and heir of Chafin Grove, of Mere, co. Wilts, esquire, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 28 April 1750, and was called to the Bar 23 January 1756. He was returned in the Parliament of 1768 as M.P. for the Borough of Shaftesbury, Dorset. And in the Parliaments of 1774 and 1780 as M.P. for Weymouth and Melcombe Regis, Dorset. He vacated this seat in 1781 on accepting the Stewardship of the Manor of East Hendred, Berks. He died at Bath (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1793, p. 93; *European Magazine*, 1793, p. 159; the date of his death being given as 17 January 1793). But in the church of Mere, Wilts, there is a monument to his memory with the following inscription: "William Chafin Grove, son of Chafin Grove, esquire, obiit 27 January 1793, ætatis 62" (Hoare, *History of Wiltshire*, i, Hundred of Mere, 16). He married Elizabeth, daughter of John Grove, of Ferne, but left no issue (*Burke, Landed Gentry*, Chafyn Grove, of Zeals).

P. 131 no. 12. Joseph Collier did not graduate. He was ordained Deacon 17 June 1750 by the Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield and licensed to the curacy of Cheadle, Staffordshire, with a salary of £30.

One of these names was instituted Vicar of Ockbrook, co. Derby, 1 August 1765, on the presentation of Dame Mary Lake, and Vicar of Castle Donington, co. Leicester, 30 January 1781. Both livings were vacant in 1807.

P. 131 no. 13. Richard Eddowes was ordained Deacon 9 June 1754 and licensed to the curacy of Betley, co. Stafford, with a salary of £20, he was ordained Priest 21 September 1755 and licensed to the curacy of Ravenston, co. Derby, with a salary of £30, all by the Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield.

P. 131 no. 14. Ralph Forster was son of Joseph Forster, of High Buston and Newton-by-the-Sea, co. Northumberland. He was baptized 19 January 173½ (*Embleton Parish Register*). He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Chester, at St Margaret's, Westminster, 6 March 1757. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 2 April 1754, and Senior Fellow 20 April 1773. His fellowship was filled up in 1774. He was Junior Proctor of the University 1763-4. He was nominated by the College Chaplain of Horningsey, co. Cambridge, 28 February 1766, John Carr, who succeeded him, was nominated 25 March 1773. He was presented by the College to the Rectory of Great Warley, Essex, 30 November 1772 and instituted 11 February 1773. He was buried at Great Warley 2 December 1804 (*Great Warley Parish Register*). Cole in his collections for an *Athenae Cantabrigienses* has the following note on Ralph Forster (Brit. Mus. Add. MSS. 5869): "An odd kind of man, who serves the church of Horningsey, and also has had frequent squabbles with the Master who has convened him and complained of him to the Visitor and made him submit himself to him, acknowledging his fault in their Register."

What the precise nature of the dispute between Ralph Forster and the Master, Dr William Samuel Powell, was has not been recorded. The incident alluded to by Cole is recorded in the following four entries in the *Admonition Book*, a volume in which the punishments inflicted on junior members of the Society were recorded. The incident is quite unique in the College Annals.

February the 10th 1769. Whereas Mr Forster, one of the Fellows of our College, and now a deputy of one of the absent Seniors, has several times, at meetings of the Master and Seniors, used reproachful and contemptuous language and scoffs, to the Master and to all or some of the Seniors; and whereas upon account of such his ill-behaviour an entry was formerly made in a book called the Conclusion Book in the words following, viz.: February the 16th 1768 "It is the unanimous opinion of the Master and Seniors, that Mr Forster's behaviour yesterday at a meeting was improper and indecent, and ordered that the President communicate this opinion to him." A copy of which entry was on the same day delivered to him by the President. And whereas Mr Forster has since that time at other meetings of the Master and Seniors used reproachful and contemptuous language to the Master and to all or some of the Seniors, and once used menaces, unless they would erase the said entry. And whereas at a meeting on the 6th day

of this month, Mr Forster, producing a passage out of the twenty-seventh Statute, demanded in a vehement manner that the said entry should be erased, and taking a pen began to blot it out; and though the Master immediately forbid him, and all or the greater part of the Seniors signified at the same time their dislike of his proceedings, continued to blot it out. It is now agreed by the Master and the other seven Seniors that Mr Forster should be censured, the second time, for his breaches of the 25th Statute, and of other Statutes which require submission to the authority of the Master and Seniors, by an open admonition to be given him by the Master in the presence of all the Seniors. And the Master did admonish him accordingly. *Witnesses:* W. S. Powell, G. Ashby, J. Mainwaring, T. Frampton, J. Chevallier, W. Craven, W. Fairclough, R. Beadon.

February the 18th 1769. At the same time when Mr Forster was admonished, as appears in the two preceding pages, he was required and ordered, to write again, with his own hand, in the Conclusion Book the entry which he had blotted out, and an acknowledgement of his error within a week at the Bursar's Chamber; and this order was made a part of their judgment upon his former conduct. But it now appearing to us that Mr Forster has refused or neglected to comply with this order, he was this day called before us, the Master and Seniors, and was again by us required and ordered to write the said entry and acknowledgement of his error, which he peremptorily refused to do. We therefore do censure the conduct of Mr Forster. And whereas our Statutes direct that the Seniors shall be chosen *ex gravioribus, prudentioribus, doctioribus, probatoribus*; and also direct that whoever for any weighty cause to be approved by the Master and the greater part of the Seniors, shall be judged unfit to be elected a Senior, shall not, whilst that cause remains, be the deputy of the President or of any Senior; We having considered Mr Forster's general behaviour and disposition as well as the particular facts which have occasioned this and the former censures, and having heard what he could allege in his defence, do judge and determine, that he is unfit at present to be chosen by us a Senior Fellow, and we therefore forbid him to act as the deputy of any Senior or to come to our meetings, till he shall have again given us reasons to alter our judgment (Signed by the same persons with the omission of W. Craven).

I Ralph Forster, B.D., one of the Fellows of St John's College in the University of Cambridge, thinking myself aggrieved by certain censures, which the Master and Senior Fellows of the said College have lately passed on me, and more especially by their resolution of the 18th of February last, by which amongst other things I am declared unfit to be chosen a Senior Fellow, and forbid to act as the deputy of any Senior, did very lately lay a state of my case before the Bishop of Ely, Visitor of the said College, and as his Lordship is of opinion from my own state of the case, that I have behaved in so rude and insolent a manner to the Master and to all or some of the Seniors at several of the meetings held for transacting the business of the College as to deserve the censures which have been passed on me, and in particular that I am guilty of a great crime in raising out a certain censure which the Master and Senior Fellows had unanimously passed on me, and entered in a book called the Conclusion Book, and as his Lordship is also of opinion that the said resolution was right and proper and fully warranted by the Statutes of the said College, and ought not to be repealed, either in the whole or part, till I had publicly acknowledged my fault and solemnly promised not to offend in the like manner again. I do therefore in compliance with his Lordship's judgment hereby acknowledge that I have behaved in a very rude and insolent manner to the Master and to all or some of the Senior Fellows in several of the meetings held for transacting the business of the College and do humbly ask their pardon and solemnly promise never to be guilty of the like again, and as the best proof I can at present give of my sorrow for my past misconduct I have made this entry with my own hand and subscribed the same. And I do moreover promise forthwith to reenter in like manner the censure which I had raised out of the book called the Conclusion Book.

RALPH FORSTER.

May 22nd 1769.

16 November 1769. The Master and Senior Fellows being willing to hope that Mr Forster, after having been excluded from the office of a Deputy Senior nine months, and near six months from the time of his making the submission above written, will not hereafter fall into the like misbehaviour, do agree and consent that from and after the 18th instant he be restored to the office of a Deputy

Senior and be summoned to their meetings in the usual manner. *Witnesses*, W. S. Powell, G. Ashby, T. Frampton, J. Mainwaring, J. Chevallier, R. Beadon, Steph. Fovargue, W. Fairclough.

P. 131 no. 15. William Forster, son of Joseph Forster, of Newton, Northumberland, esquire, matriculated at Oxford from Lincoln College 19 March 1749, aged 18. He took the B.A. degree at Oxford in 1744 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He took the M.A. degree at Cambridge from St John's in 1750. He was a brother of the preceding. He was ordained Deacon 18 December 1748 by the Bishop of Norwich, and Priest 8 October 1750 by the Bishop of Gloucester. He was instituted Vicar of Long Houghton 30 September 1752 and Vicar of Lesbury 29 May 1775, both in Northumberland. On 26 May 1775, when he is described as chaplain to Francis, Lord Napier, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Long Houghton (valued at £45) with Lesbury (valued at £100), the two livings being stated to be not more than one mile apart. He held both livings until his death. He was baptized at Warkworth 27 March 1722. He married 10 October 1770, at the episcopal chapel in Edinburgh, Margaret, daughter of John Cameron, of Fassiefern. He died at Lesbury 31 August and was buried at Embleton 4 September 1784 (*History of Northumberland*, The Northumberland County History Committee, ii, 100, where there is a pedigree, 393, 443).

P. 131 no. 16. William Elliston took the degree of B.A. in 1754 as fourth Wrangler, and M.A. 1757 from St John's. He was elected a Fellow of Sidney Sussex College 27 April 1758, and in October of that year was appointed Steward and Keeper of the Chest. He was ordained Deacon 21 May 1758 in Ely Chapel, Holborn, and Priest 21 December 1759, in the parish church of Kensington, by the Bishop of Ely. He was elected Master of Sidney Sussex College 8 May 1760. He was instituted Rector of Keystone, Hunts., 3 July 1764, holding the living with his office of Master until his death 11 February 1807, aged 74 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 14 February 1807). One of his sisters married, in 1767, William Abbot (of St John's, B.A. 1754), and another sister, Martha, married in December 1773, Thomas Martyn, Professor of Botany.

Cole has the following on William Elliston in his account of the Masters of Sidney Sussex (MSS. Cole, xx, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5821, p. 124): "William Elliston, A.M., Fellow of the College, but formerly of St John's College, was on the death of Dr Parris chosen to succeed him in this Mastership, when he was only * * years' standing in the University. In the spring of 1764, he being then Vice-Chancellor, he distinguished himself by his steady attachment to the interest of the present Earl of Sandwich, one of the Secretaries of State, and recommended strongly by the Court for the High Stewardship of the University; and upon a scrutiny there was an equality of votes in the two Houses, so that no election is yet made. This behaviour was the occasion of his preferment, for in the *Cambridge Chronicle* of 9 June 1764 is this article: 'Extract of a letter from Cambridge, June 3; We hear that our Vice-Chancellor is presented by the Marquis of Rockingham to the Living of Keystone in Huntingdonshire, worth near £300 a year. It is very observable that the Vice-Chancellor had not the honour to be at all known to his Lordship and that the Marquis's only motive for distinguishing him with so particular a mark of regard was the Vice-Chancellor's steady conduct and integrity in the late contest for the office of High Steward. A noble instance of generosity in his Lordship, and what has given the greatest pleasure to all true lovers of liberty, of the University, and of our happy constitution' (Cole adds the note: The living is not worth above £200 per annum). On Tuesday 12 June 1764, being Vice-Chancellor, he was admitted to the degree of Bachelor of Divinity, Dr Law, Master of Peterhouse, officiating as Vice-Chancellor; and on Wednesday, October 9, of the same year he was created D.D. by Royal mandate, Dr Caryl being deputy." Cole (*ibid.* p. 139) has the following additional particulars: "In July 1776 the Chapel was pulled entirely down, with some new buildings erected by it, by Dr Parris, the late Master, who had well-nigh ruined the College by suppressing Fellowships for the ornamenting the Hall and his Lodge, so that six new Fellows were elected at one time from other Colleges, for want of admissions in their own; among the rest Dr Elliston, the present Master, who by good economy and prudent management has much benefited the Society, by raising their rents and occasioning the usual admissions. He planned the new chapel and means to erect it on the old foundations, but lengthening it; having no scruple about its irregular

position of North and South, and to finish it at the College expense, without suppressing Fellowships or begging subscriptions, in a plain and decent but not costly manner, or much ornamentation. Wednesday, October 2, 1776. The foundation stone of Sidney College new chapel was laid by Mr Essex, none of the Society (being sent to by Mr Essex) giving themselves the trouble to attend, they being busy, as the answer was, at their audit. A date was put upon the stone."

Robert William Elliston, the celebrated comedian, was a nephew of the Master of Sidney Sussex, who educated him at St Paul's School, London, and left him a considerable sum under his will (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1807, 190; *Biographical Dictionary of Living Authors*, 1816). The *Cambridge Chronicle* for 24 June 1786 announces the death at Monks Eleigh, Suffolk, of Mr Robert Elliston, senior, uncle to the Master of Sidney; leaving a widow to whom he had been married 56 years, "but what was more remarkable he had lived 86 years in the same house where he was born." The *Parish Register* of All Saints, Cambridge, has the following entry: "1807, February 17, Rev. Dr Elliston, Master of Sidney College, buried in the College Chapel."

P. 131 no. 17. John Clayton, eldest son of Thomas Clayton, of Little Harwood Hall, co. Lancaster, was baptized 8 January 1723. He matriculated at Oxford from Queen's College 2 June 1747. He married in 1754 Margaret, daughter and sole heiress of Richard Townley, of Carr, esq. He was elected a Governor of Blackburn Grammar School in 1749. He was a J.P. for Lancashire, and a Major of the Royal Lancashire Volunteers. He died at Little Harwood Hall 17 April 1803, aged 74, leaving issue (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*; Abram, *History of Blackburn*, 560).

P. 131 no. 18. Thomas Whitaker, of the Holme, co. Lancaster, married Anne Thomas, of Erringden. William Whitaker, the second son, was born 27 November 1730, and married Lucy, daughter of Robert Dunham, esq., of Sedgford, and relict of Ambrose Allen, eldest son of Philip Allen, esq., of King's Lynn. William Whitaker was ordained Deacon 7 July 1754 and licensed to the curacy of Ingoldsthorpe, Norfolk, with a stipend of £30, he was ordained Priest 22 October 1758 and licensed to the curacy of Rainham, Norfolk, all by the Bishop of Norwich.

Thomas Dunham Whitaker (LL.B. St John's 1781), the historian, was born at Rainham. The Rev. William Whitaker succeeded his eldest brother in the family estates in 1759. He died 1 June 1782 (Croston's edition of Baines' *History of Lancashire*, iii, 335; Burke's *Landed Gentry*, ed. 1894, family of Whitaker of The Holme, 2189).

P. 132 no. 21. Daniel Potter was ordained Deacon 17 June 1753 by the Bishop of Lincoln, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Durham.

P. 132 no. 22. William Abbot took his degree as Senior Wrangler in the Mathematical Tripos of 1754. He was admitted Fellow of the College 17 March 1755, vacating this on his marriage. He became Tutor of the College early in 1761, holding office until his marriage. He was ordained Deacon 13 June 1756 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and Priest 26 December 1757 by the Bishop of Ely at a private ordination in the parish church of Kensington. He was collated to the Prebend of Fridaythorpe in York Minster 20 October 1767. He married Miss Elliston, a sister of the Master of Sidney Sussex College (P. 131 no. 16) (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 26 December 1767). He seems to have resided at Ramsgate, where he died 15 January 1826, aged 93 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1826, i, 281 a). Two of his sons, Roger and Martin, were admitted to Manchester Grammar School. Another son, Roger Taddy Abbot, was a clerk in the Report Office and died at Lewisham 31 August 1838 (Finch Smith, *Manchester School Register*, ii, 109, 138). In May 1881 Mr James S. Daniel, of High Street, Ramsgate, a grandson of William Abbot, presented Mr Abbot's portrait to the College. This portrait, by Clover, of Norwich, represents Mr Abbot in gown, bands, and wig. It has on it the words: "Natus 7mo Aug. 1733; aetat. 91, 1823" in the two upper corners of the canvas.

P. 132 no. 23. Michael Driver Mease was ordained Deacon 22 September 1754 and licensed to the curacy of North Barsham, Norfolk, with a salary of £25, he was ordained Priest 25 September 1756, all by the Bishop of Norwich. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 13 March 1758, and his fellowship was filled up again 22 March 1768. On 18 April 1767 he was presented by the College to the Vicarage of Higham, Kent, and instituted 13 May following. This he ceded

on being instituted Vicar of Bedfield, Suffolk, 9 April 1771. He was instituted Rector of Aldham 29 July 1772, and Vicar of Darsham 3 November 1775. On 24 November 1775 he was again instituted to Aldham and Bedfield. He ceded Aldham in 1782 and was instituted Rector of Horham, 9 January 1783. He held Bedfield, Darsham, and Horham, all in Suffolk, until his death 27 November 1788, at Halesworth, aged 57, at which date he was also Perpetual Curate of Great and Little Linstead, Suffolk. His death was occasioned by falling against a stub, in getting over a fence while shooting. "His death was much regretted by all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance; in him the parishes have lost a real friend, as charity and benevolence were his peculiar characteristics" (*Ipswich Journal*, 6 December 1788; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1788, ii, 1127; Davy, *Suffolk Collections*, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 19,091). His widow died 23 February 1811, aged 72 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 8 March 1811). His youngest daughter, Caroline Rachel, married 15 July 1811 Mr C. C. Holland, merchant of Beccles (*ibid.* 26 July 1811).

P. 132 no. 24. William Hope, the father, was a member of the College (P. 17 no. 15). Charles Hope was ordained Deacon 14 March 1756, and licensed to the curacy of Morley, co. Derby, with a salary of £30, by the Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield, he was ordained Priest 6 March 1757 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed to Loughborough. He was instituted Vicar of Weston, Lincolnshire, 30 April 1757, on the presentation of the King, relinquishing this living on obtaining preferment in Derby. He was appointed to the living of All Saints, Derby, vacant by the death of the Rev. Mr Waites (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 16 April 1774). He was instituted Vicar of St Michael's, Derby, 9 November 1774 and also Vicar of St Werburgh in that town on the same day. He held these livings till his death 6 December 1798; he was buried in All Saints' Church, Derby. He married first in Edinburgh 16 September 1761, and afterwards at Bradfield 16 May 1762, Susannah daughter and heiress of Benjamin Stead, of Padley House, Dongworth, in Bradfield, Yorks. In the church of All Saints', Derby, there is a tablet with this inscription: "This tablet is erected out of filial respect and gratitude by their surviving children, to perpetuate the memory of the Rev. Charles Hope, A.M., many years minister of this parish: and of Susannah his wife, daughter of Benjamin Stead, Esq., of Woodseats in the county of York, universally esteemed and regretted. He died December 6, 1798, aged 65; she died October 24, 1807, aged 63. Their two youngest sons found an early grave while serving their country in distant climes. Mark died at Cuttack near Berhampore, December 11, 1803, aged 22. John Joseph died in the island of Walcheren, September 5, 1809, aged 23." (Glover, *History of Derbyshire*, ii, 470, 564, where there is a pedigree; *Cambridge Chronicle*, 22 December 1798; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1798, p. 1090). The Rev. Charles Stead Hope, St John's, B.A. 1784, afterwards Vicar of Youlgrave, Derbyshire, was a son of the Rev. Charles Hope, being the fourth successive generation of the family to join the College.

P. 132 no. 25. Benjamin Field, son of Nicholas Field, of Evesham, co. Worcester, gentleman, matriculated at Oxford from Balliol College 26 June 1731, aged 19. He took the B.A. degree from Hart Hall in 1735 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He took the M.A. at Cambridge from St John's (as Feild) in 1750. He was ordained Deacon 1 June, and Priest 21 September 1735 by the Bishop of Worcester. He was instituted Vicar of Mickleton or Makelton 2 October 1746, and Rector of Aston-under-Edge 17 July 1750, both co. Gloucester. On 12 July 1750, when he is described as chaplain to David, Lord Oliphant, he had a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then valued at £60 and £80 respectively, and stated to be one mile apart. Both livings were vacant in 1781.

P. 132 no. 26. Robert Jones was admitted a Fellow of the College 17 March 1755. He was ordained Deacon 5 June, and Priest 25 September 1757 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He died on Monday, 30 May 1763, of a violent fever, aged 27, being then a Fellow of the College (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 4 June 1763). Mr Thomas, *History of the Diocese of St Asaph*, pp. 377, 557 identifies him with Robert Jones, who was Vicar of Llangwm 1760—1781, and also Vicar of Henllan 1759—1766, but this would appear to be a mistake.

P. 132 no. 27. For the father, see Part ii, P. 197 no. 16; this Henry Elmsall was a son of the second wife. Henry Elmsall obtained his degree in 1754 as one of the *Proctor's Optimes* (or degrees granted without examination by the prerogative of

the Vice-chancellor, proctors and moderators), he was also one of the Chancellor's medallists in that year (Wordsworth, *Scholae Academicæ*, 358). He became a Fellow of Emmanuel. He was ordained Deacon 21 September 1755 by the Archbishop of York and licensed to the curacy of Thornhill with a stipend of £50, he was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Lincoln 14 June 1767. He is frequently mentioned in the correspondence of the Rev. Thos. Twining (B.A. 1760, M.A. 1763), Fellow of Sidney Sussex College, and Rector of St Mary's, Colchester. Elmsall, Twining and Dr John Hey (Cath., B.A. 1755, afterwards Fellow of Sidney Sussex and Norrisian Professor of Divinity) became intimate while at Cambridge, and their friendship was uninterrupted during their lives. Henry Elmsall was instituted Vicar of Batley, Yorks., 2 March 1772, and Rector of Elmeley or Emley, Yorks., 10 March 1772, being empowered by dispensation to hold the two livings, then worth upwards of £250 per annum (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 14 March 1772). He held the two livings until his death, 6 December 1797; he was buried at Thornhill, 10 December. After his death the Rev. Thomas Twining wrote to his brother: "Hey and I must feel this loss as long as we live. But I am thankful that I have enjoyed for so many years the acquaintance and friendship of such a man. The recollection of it will be dear to me as long as I live. In strong unprejudiced sense of judgment I think he was superior to any man I have ever known; in humour beyond any; and a more virtuous man, I verily believe, never lived—a man more perfectly free from his youth from every shade of vice." (*Recreations and Studies of a Country Clergyman of the Eighteenth Century*, pp. 5, 6, 38—46, 74, 75, 77, 97—102, 157, 161—2, 164—5, 166—170, 181; *Papers of the Twining Family*, pp. 109, 113, 185, 188; Hunter, *Familiae Minorum Gentium*, *Harleian Soc. Publ.* xxxix, 905, where there is a pedigree, 906.)

P. 132 no. 28. John Darwin was ordained Deacon 4 March 1754 and licensed to the curacy of Westborough, he was ordained Priest 25 May 1755, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Carlton Scroop, co. Lincoln, 3 April 1762, and Rector of Elston, Notts., 10 March 1766. On 7 March 1766, when he is described as chaplain to William, Lord Haulkerton, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then stated to be of the respective values of £100 and £80, and to be not more than 20 miles apart. He held both livings until his death at Carlton Scroop in 1805, aged 77 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1805, p. 678). He was unmarried.

P. 132 no. 29. Erasmus Darwin, the fourth son and youngest child of his father, was born at Elston Hall near Newark, 12 December 1731. In 1741 he was sent to Chesterfield School, where he remained until he entered the College. He had been preceded by his elder brother Robert (P. 109 no. 41). As an undergraduate he contributed, in 1751, a copy of verses to the Cambridge collection; *Acad. Cantab. Luctus in Obitum Frederici Walliae Principis*, these were afterwards reprinted in the *European Magazine* for 1793. He was at the top of the Junior Optimes in the Mathematical Tripos of 1754, but did not take the B.A. degree. He took the degree of M.B. in 1755. In the autumn of 1754 he entered the University of Edinburgh to study medicine. Early in September 1756 he settled as a physician in Nottingham, but getting no patients moved to Lichfield in November of the same year. In Lichfield, owing to his success as a physician in some cases where others had been less successful, he rapidly got into a lucrative practice. He married, 30 December 1757, Mary, daughter of Charles Howard, of Lichfield. She died, after a long illness, in 1770. He married again 6 March 1781, Elizabeth, widow of Colonel Edward Sacheverel Pole, of Radborn Hall, co. Derby; her maiden name was Collier. After this second marriage Erasmus Darwin left Lichfield, and after residing two years at Radborn Hall, removed to Derby, and ultimately to Breadsall Priory, near that town, where he died April, 1802. He was buried in Breadsall Church, where there is a monument to his memory with the following inscription: "Erasmus Darwin, M.D., F.R.S., born at Elston near Newark, 12th Dec. 1731. | Died at the Priory near Derby 18 April 1802. | Of the rare union of talents | which so eminently distinguished him | as a Physician, a Poet and Philosopher | His writings remain | a public and unfailing testimony. | His widow | has erected this monument | in memory of | the zealous benevolence of his disposition | the active humanity of his conduct | and the many private virtues | which adorned his character." A monument with a bust and inscription has also been placed in Lichfield Cathedral by his grandson, Francis Galton.

Erasmus Darwin's eldest son (by his first wife) Robert Waring settled at Shrewsbury as a physician, and was the father of Charles Robert Darwin, the famous naturalist. In 1804 Miss Anna Seward published *Memoirs of the Life of Dr Darwin, chiefly during his residence at Lichfield, with anecdotes of his friends and criticisms on his writings*. This life was both inadequate and inaccurate. Fuller details and corrections of Miss Seward's statements are given in *The Life of Erasmus Darwin by Charles Darwin, being an introduction to an essay on his scientific works by Ernest Krause*, London, 1879. Erasmus Darwin published the following works: (i) *The Botanic Garden. A poem. In two parts. Part I. the Economy of Vegetation; Part II. The Loves of the Plants: with Philosophical notes*. Part II. was issued first, printed at Lichfield in 1789, Part I. was published in London in 1791; (ii) *Zoonomia; or The Laws of Organic Life*, London, 2 vols. 4to. 1794—1796; of this a German translation by Brantes appeared at Hanover 1795—99; (iii) *A Plan for the Conduct of Female Education in Boarding Schools*, Derby and London, 1797, 4to.; (iv) *Phytologia; or the Philosophy of Agriculture and Gardening*, London, 1801, 4to.; of this a German translation by Hebenstreit was published in Leipzig in 1801; (v) *The Temple of Nature; or the Origin of Society. A Poem, with Philosophical notes*, London, 1803, 4to.

For further details and criticisms Miss Seward's and C. R. Darwin's biographies should be consulted. There are many references to Dr Darwin in Miss Seward's *Letters*; also in Miss Seward's correspondence with Thomas Sedgewick Whalley (P. 164 no. 14), see Hill Wickham's *Journals etc.* of T. S. Whalley, Vol. ii. index, p. 514. There is a bibliography of articles relating to Erasmus Darwin in R. Simms' *Glothesia Staffordiensis*, pp. 132—3. There is a pedigree of the Darwin family in *Glover's History of Derbyshire*, ii, 155.

P. 132 no. 30. Samuel Browne was ordained Deacon 23 September 1753 by the Bishop of Norwich and licensed to the curacy of Whissonsett, Norfolk, with a stipend of £30, and Priest by the Bishop of Ely 6 March 1757, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Peterborough. He was instituted Rector of Haddiscoe with Toft Monks, Norfolk, 12 July 1758. He was instituted Rector of Acle, Norfolk, 17 February 1768. In the chancel of Acle Church there is a monument with the inscription: "In memory of the Rev^d Samuel Browne, 36 years Rector of this Parish, who died April 26th, 1804, aged 73 years" (*East Anglian*, iii, 326).

P. 132 no. 31. Robert Skiddy emigrated to America (*Sedbergh School Register*, 144).

P. 132 no. 32. Henry Jenkin had letters dimissory granted to him by the Archbishop of York to be ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Gloucester. He was licensed to the curacy of Hatfield, Yorks., 25 December 1758, having been ordained by the Bishop of Gloucester 21 December 1758; he was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield 24 December 1758 with letters dimissory from the Archbishop of York. He was instituted Rector of Angmering, Sussex, 24 September 1766, he was then chaplain to the Duchess Dowager of Leeds (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 11 October 1766). He was appointed chaplain to the Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield (*ibid.* 23 November 1771). He was presented by the College to the Rectory of Ufford with Bainton, Northamptonshire. His presentation is dated 24 December 1774, but his institution did not take place till 21 March 1775. He was then chaplain to the Earl of Portmore (*ibid.* 7 January 1775). He then vacated Angmering. He was instituted Rector of Maidwell St Mary, Northamptonshire, 7 March 1778. He had a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury on 25 February 1778 to hold Ufford (valued at £220) with Maidwell (valued at £130), the two livings being not more than 25 miles apart. He married on Saturday 2 June 1781 Miss Augusta Evelyn, the youngest sister of Sir Frederick Evelyn, of Wotton in Surrey, bart. (*ibid.* 9 June 1781): she had been Maid of Honour to the Princess Dowager of Wales, mother of George III. He was nominated by the Prince of Wales to the Deanery and Rectory of St Buryan in Cornwall, vacant by the death of the Rev. Samuel Alford (*ibid.* 27 August 1799). He was presented by his brother-in-law Sir Frederick Evelyn to the Rectories of Wotton and Abinger in Surrey, being instituted to the former 9 May and to the latter 13 May 1808. Then vacating Ufford and Maidwell. He had a dispensation on 10 May 1808 from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Wotton (valued at £200) with Abinger (valued at £220) the livings being contiguous. He was appointed by the Bishop of Winchester Prebendary of the third stall in Winchester Cathedral. He held this with St Buryan, Abinger and Wotton until his death. He died at Winchester 21

December 1817, in his 86th year (*Gentleman's Magazine*, ii, 632; 1818, i, 381). He and his wife are both buried at Wotton, they had no children. His church preferment at the date of his death was estimated at £2000 a year.

P. 133 no. 2. See the admission of an elder brother P. 127 no. 10. Thomas Dalyson was ordained Deacon 25 September 1757, and Priest 18 December 1757 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Manton, Lincolnshire, 19 December 1757 on the presentation of Isabella Dalyson, of Kent, widow, and held the living until his death. He was unmarried, and administration was granted to his brother William Dalyson of West Peckham, Kent, 27 June 1792 (*Berry, Pedigrees of Families in the County of Kent*, 183).

P. 133 no. 3. Anthony Reynolds was admitted a Fellow of the College 6 April 1756, and his fellowship was filled up again in 1769. He was ordained Deacon 5 June and Priest 25 September 1757 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Wellingore, co. Lincoln, 26 September 1757, ceding this on his institution 11 April 1758 to the Vicarage of Edwinstowe, Notts. He was presented by the Earl of Sandwich to the Rectory of Eynesbury, Hunts. (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 25 July 1767). He ceded both Eynesbury and Edwinstowe on his institution to the Rectory of Hannington with Walgrave, Northamptonshire, 23 April 1768. He was collated 22 and installed 27 November 1773 to the Prebend of Welton Ryvall in Lincoln Cathedral. He held his Prebend and Rectories until his death 5 December 1809 at his house in the Minster Yard, Lincoln, aged 75 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1810, i, 88; *Cambridge Chronicle*, 16 December 1809). His widow died 30 May 1817 at Lincoln, aged 80.

P. 133 no. 7. William Duke was ordained Priest at Fulham by the Bishop of Rochester for the Bishop of London 21 May 1758.

P. 133 no. 8. Edward Squire took the B.A. degree in 1755. The *Parish Register* of All Saints, Cambridge, has the following entry: "1757 December 1 Edward Squire of St John's College was buried."

P. 133 no. 9. Christopher Alcock was ordained Deacon 21 September 1755 and licensed to the curacy of Leathley, Yorks., with a stipend of £30, he was ordained Priest 19 September 1756, all by the Archbishop of York.

One Christopher Alcock, B.A., was instituted Vicar of Glossop, co. Derby, 4 August 1766, holding the living until 1781. This Vicar of Glossop was licensed to the augmented Chapel of Woodhead in the parish of Mottram in Longendale, Cheshire, on the nomination of the Bishop of Chester, 30 September 1766. He died in 1783 but does not appear to have been buried in Mottram. His widow married in February 1791 Thomas Howard, innkeeper, of Woodhead (Earwaker, *East Cheshire*, ii, 172). As there was no other Christopher Alcock, B.A., of Oxford or Cambridge at that time, it appears certain that this was the member of the College.

P. 133 no. 11. See the admission of Richard Monins, the elder, Part ii, P. 200 no. 19. Richard Monins, the younger, was admitted a Fellow of the College 17 March 1755. He was ordained Deacon 13 June 1756 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and Priest 19 February 1758 by the Bishop of Hereford for the Archbishop of Canterbury, in the Chapel in Spring Gardens, Westminster. He was instituted Rector of Charlton next Dover 21 February 1758 and Rector of Ringwoud, Kent, on the next day, on his own presentation. He held both these livings until his death. In 1769, at the request of Peter Eaton, esq., of Woodford, Essex, he took the additional name of Eaton. Mr R. Monins Eaton died at Dover 23 February 1770, unmarried. He is buried in Ringwoud Church (Burke, *Landed Gentry*, Monins of Ringwoud; Sidebotham, *Memorials of the King's School, Canterbury*, 70; *Cambridge Chronicle*, 3 March 1770; *Berry, Pedigrees of Families in the County of Kent*, 180).

P. 133 no. 12. Samuel Pegge the father was a member of the College, see P. 32 no. 30. Samuel Pegge, only son of the Rev. Samuel Pegge of Whittington, co. Derby, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple, 20 November 1754, and was called to the Bar 24 November 1758. He was one of the grooms of his Majesty's privy-chamber, and one of the esquires of the King's household. He became F.A.S. in 1796. He married first, Martha, daughter of the Rev. Dr Henry Bourne of Chesterfield, and sister to the Rev. John Bourne, who married Mr Pegge's sister. By this lady, who died in 1767, he had one son, Christopher Pegge, of Christchurch, Oxford, and Regius Professor of Physic, knighted in 1799 (see an account of him,

Munk, *Roll of the Royal College of Physicians*, ii, 449—50), and a daughter, Charlotte Anne, who died unmarried 17 March 1793. He married secondly, Goodeth Belt, aunt to Robert Belt, esquire, of Bossal, co. York. Mr Pegge was buried on the West side of Kensington Churchyard, where the following epitaph is placed on an upright stone: "Samuel Pegge, esquire | died May the 22nd, 1800, aged 67 years. | Martha, wife of Samuel Pegge, esq. | died June 28, 1767, aged 35 years. | Charlotte Anne, the only daughter of | Samuel and Martha Pegge, | died March 17, 1793, aged 31 years. | Mrs Christiana Pegge died July 1, 1790."

Mr Pegge published *Curialia, or an historical account of some branches of the Royal Household*, this was published in several parts extending from 1782 to 1791. Two other parts were published posthumously in 1806. He also assisted Mr Nichols in publishing his father's posthumous *History of Beauchief Abbey*. He was also the author of *Anecdotes of the English Language* published posthumously in 1803 (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, vi, 258, viii, 118, ix, 237, 647, 648).

P. 134 no. 13. The name should be Sayle, by which name he graduated B.A. 1755 and was ordained. William Sayle was ordained Deacon 6 March 1757 and licensed to the curacy of Great Barford with Roxton, Beds., he was ordained Priest 25 September 1757, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. One of these names was instituted Rector of Chelwood or Chelworth, and Vicar of Stowey, both co. Somerset, 26 January 1774, and held the livings until 1799.

P. 134 no. 14. Edward Dering was born 28 September 1732 and succeeded his father as sixth baronet. He was returned as M.P. for New Romney in Kent in five successive Parliaments, viz. on 27 March 1761; 18 March 1768; 7 October 1774; 12 September 1780, and 2 April 1784. He was prepared for the University by the Rev. Samuel Pegge (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, vi, 232). He was one of the Stewards at the Westminster School Anniversary on 1 March 1768 (Welch, *Alumni Westmonasterienses*, 546). He died 8 December 1798. He was twice married (1) on 8 April 1755 to Selina, third daughter and coheirress of Sir Robert Furness, baronet, of Waldershare, Kent; (2) on 1 January 1765 to Deborah, only daughter of John Winchester of Nethersole, Kent. He left issue by both wives. The *Gentleman's Magazine* for 1798 (vol. ii. p. 1089) in announcing his death has the following: "Sir Edward was a candidate as M.P. for Kent in 1774, but declined before the day of election. His influence over the borough of New Romney gave him the nomination of two seats in Parliament, and the large estates and honourable name which he inherited would have carried a vast command over his native county had they not been unhappily sacrificed to his own imprudence."

P. 134 no. 15. On 20 February 1755 the Archbishop of Canterbury granted letters dimissory to Charles Lock to be ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Gloucester. He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Gloucester for the Archbishop of Canterbury, December 1757. One Charles Lock was instituted Rector of North Bovey, Devon, 20 February 1775, and held the living until 1802.

P. 134 no. 16. Thomas Todington was ordained Deacon 25 May 1755, and licensed to the curacy of Sedgbrook, co. Lincoln; he was ordained Priest 18 December 1756, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 19 March 1757, on Keton's foundation *ex mandato speciali Matthiae Episcopi Eliensis*. But his admission only took place after much litigation, and after the College had resisted his election and admission to the last. Dr John Keton, Canon of Salisbury, had founded two Fellowships and two Scholarships in the College by deed dated 22 October 22 Henry VIII. (1531). His fellows and scholars were "to be elect and chosen of those persons that be or had been Queristers of the Chapter of Southwell, if any such able persons in Manners and Learning could be found in Southwell, and in default of such persons there, then of such persons as had been Queristers of the Chapter of Southwell, which persons should then be inhabitant or abiding in the University of Cambridge; and if none such should be found able in the University, then the Fellows and Scholars or Disciples to be elected and chosen of such persons that should be most singular in Manners and Learning, of what country soever they should be that should then be abiding in the University."

In 1755 one of the Keton Fellowships was vacant by the resignation of Theophilus Lindsey. For this Thomas Todington offered himself as a candidate, but the Master and Senior Fellows elected William Craven (afterwards Master) and he was admitted to the Fellowship on 17 March 1755. From this

election Todington appealed to the Bishop of Ely, as Visitor of the College. In his appeal he states that he had "been for three years a chorister of the Church of Southwell and constantly performed choral duty there." That at the time of the pretended election on 17 March 1755, he had been "inhabitant and abiding within the College, and offered himself a candidate for one of the Southwell Fellowships then vacant by the resignation of Theophilus Lindsey. That the Master and Fellows of the College were well acquainted with the claim or property of him, Thomas Todington, as a chorister of Southwell. That he had good reason to believe that the Master and Fellows had no objection to his Manners and Learning because since the 17 March 1755 he received a Testimonial of his Morals and Learning from certain Fellows of the College and by virtue thereof had obtained Holy Orders from the Bishop of Lincoln." To this appeal a reply was made by the Master and Fellows in November 1755. This contains the following objections among others. That Ketton had reserved power to make Statutes or Ordinances for the election and government of his Fellows and Scholars; provided such Statutes be conformable to the Statutes of the Foundress (i.e. Bishop Fisher's Statutes), the reply then goes on to state: "that unless this reference be allowed, the College must be supposed to have covenanted to elect into Dr Ketton's Fellowships such choristers of Southwell as should offer themselves, though they should be boys not 16 years old, without a Degree, or married men, no mention being made in the Deed of the age or degree or celibacy of the person to be elected. That one of the College Statutes ordained that the Scholars should be *Corpore nullis contagiosis aut incurabilibus morbis vitioso, aliasve deformi aut mutilo*. That though the clause is not repeated when the qualifications of the Fellows are described, yet it cannot be believed that the Statutes intended to require lower qualifications of any kind, less perfection of mind or body in the Fellows than the Scholars, since the reason of these rules must be at least as strong in the case of Fellows as of Scholars; since the Statutes expressly describe the Fellows as *potiora et solidiora membra Collegij*, and the Scholars as a seminary out of which the fittest were to be chosen into vacant Fellowships, and since they consider the Fellows as a body of clergymen or persons designed for the Ministry and the Canon Law then in force forbad the Admission of such as were deformed or mutilated into Holy Orders.... That this rule has been observed in the elections of Fellows and Scholars; particularly that at the election of Fellows immediately preceding this of which Mr Todington complains, a candidate whose morals and learning the Master and Fellows approved was rejected for want of a hand. That when Mr Todington was desirous to have offered himself a candidate for a Scholarship before the vacancy or the prospect of a vacancy of one of Dr Ketton's Fellowships, the Master declared to him and his Tutor that he was not eligible. That at the time of the election mentioned in Mr Todington's appeal the incapacity of the Appellant on account of his deformity was so evident to the Master and Fellows that they did not enter into a joint deliberation concerning his other qualifications, but they say that his behaviour had not been such as could have inclined them to elect him, if the Statutes of the College had left them at liberty, and they had reason to believe his ability in learning deficient. And that when Thomas Todington acquainted them with his intention of offering himself a Candidate for Holy Orders, and for that end requested their Letters Testimonial of his good morals and learning they refused to grant his request."

The College in December 1755 deputed Mr Powell to wait upon the Bishop of Ely to answer such questions as the Bishop should put, and on 31 January 1756 empowered Mr Powell to do whatever was necessary to obtain a prohibition from the Court of King's Bench to the proceedings of the Bishop of Ely (*History of St John's College*, 1038). The College had previously taken the opinion of Sir Richard Lloyd (afterwards a Baron of the Exchequer) and of Sir William Murray, Attorney-General (afterwards Lord Mansfield). These opinions seem unfavourable to the view of the College. But the matter went to Court before Lord Mansfield; proceedings extended from 3 February until 26 November 1757; in the end the Court refused to grant the prohibition, and as we have seen, Todington became a Fellow of the College. The matter will be found very fully reported in 1 Burrows' *Reports of Cases adjudged in the Court of King's Bench*, 158—205.

Todington seems to have resided in College for some years and held his Fellowship until 1774. He was instituted Rector of Thornton-le-Moor, co. Lincoln, 19 December 1764; he was presented by the College 22 December 1773 to the

Rectory of Medbourne with Holt, co. Leicester, and instituted 26 December. He then ceded Thornton. He was instituted Vicar of Stapleford, co. Leicester, 16 April 1774, on the presentation of Robert, fourth Earl of Harborough. On 12 April 1774 he obtained a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Medbourne with Stapleford, the respective values being given as £220 and £60, and their distance apart not more than four measured miles. He held both livings until his death. The *Parish Register* of Medbourne contains the following entry with regard to his children: "Sherard, son of the Rev. Thomas Todington, Rector, and Frances his wife, was baptized 9 April 1776." A daughter Frances was baptized 28 October 1777. In the chancel of Medbourne Church is a mural tablet with the following inscription: "Near this place are deposited | the remains of the Rev. | Thomas Todington B.D. | who was several years Fellow of St | John's College in Cambridge; and | late Rector of this parish, and Vicar of Stapleford in this | County. He died March the 29, 1787 | in the 55th year of his age. | Also the remains of Mrs Frances Todington | wife of the late Rev. Thomas | Todington, who died January 27, 1791 | in the 50th year of her age" (Nichols, *History of Leicestershire*, ii, 340, 719, 721, 723).

P. 134 no. 18. Thomas Hanmer was ordained Deacon 24 September 1758 and licensed to the curacy of Montfort, Salop, with a salary of £40, he was ordained Priest 23 September 1759, all by the Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield. He was instituted Vicar of Montfort 13 February 1775, and held the living until 1796.

P. 134 no. 20. William Gill was ordained Deacon 21 December 1755, at St Margaret's, Westminster, by the Bishop of Chester, and Priest 25 September 1757 by the Bishop of Peterborough.

P. 134 no. 21. Both father and son seem to have used at times Touchet as a second Christian name. Sir Philip Touchet Chetwode married in 1727 Elizabeth daughter and coheir of George Venables of Agdon, co. Chester.

John Touchet Chetwode, his eldest son, married in 1756 Dorothy, third daughter and coheir of Thomas Bretland of Thorncliff, co. Chester. He was High Sheriff of Staffordshire from 27 January 1756 to 4 February 1757. He succeeded to the baronetcy on the death of his father 15 November 1766. He had eight children, only one of whom survived him at his death 25 May 1779 (Betham, *Baronetage*, iii, 126-8; Burke, *Peerage and Baronetage*, Chetwode of Chetwode, co. Bucks., and Oakley, co. Stafford).

P. 134 no. 22. John Northon was ordained Deacon 18 December 1756 and licensed to the curacy of Braceborough, co. Lincoln, he was ordained Priest 23 September 1759 and licensed to the curacy of Husbards Bosworth, co. Leicester, all by the Bishop of Lincoln.

P. 134 no. 23. Geoffrey (or Jeffry) Clarkson was ordained Deacon by the Archbishop of York 22 September 1754. He was appointed Usher of the Grammar School at Newcastle-upon-Tyne 18 June 1755, holding this until 1760. He was ordained Priest 28 October 1771 by the Bishop of Durham at a private ordination in the chapel of the castle of Durham and on the same day he was instituted Vicar of Kirkharle; he was instituted Vicar of Whelpington 10 August 1786, both in Northumberland. He held both livings until his death. He is said to have been a learned man and much respected (Nichols, *Literary Illustrations*, v, 125, where there is an extract from a poem "a Latin epistle in verse, addressed to him by a learned divine and dignitary of the church, on his induction to the Vicarage of Kirk Whelpington"). He was buried in the chancel of Kirkharle church where there is a tablet with the following inscription: "M. S. Galfridi Clarkson LL.B. hujus et vicinae apud Velpintoniam ecclesiae ministri fidelis, benevoli, pii; amici comis et benigni; raræ urbanitatis et fidei viri; sacris humanisque literis ornatissimi. Vicesimo septimo die Nov. A.D. 1788, aet. suae 58, inter familiares amicorum coetus subito morbo correptus est; crastino die mortem obiit sibi felicem, acerbisimam suis." The inscription was written by Dr Law, Bishop of Clonfert (Hodgson, *History of Northumberland*, Part 2, Vol. i, 206, 237).

P. 134 no. 24. Thomas Fenwick took the B.A. degree in 1755. A Thomas Fenwick, son of Thomas Fenwick, of Newcastle, boothman, was admitted free of the Merchants' Company 15 August 1768 by patrimony (Dendy, *Newcastle Merchant Adventurers*, ii, 368, Surtees Society's Publications, No. 101).

P. 134 no. 25. Thomas Willan was ordained Deacon by the Archbishop of York 25 May 1755, and licensed to the curacy of Rudston, Yorks., with a stipend of £25. One of these names was instituted Rector of Nunburnholme 30 October 1771, and Vicar of Warter 31 August 1779 (he was reinstituted to Nunburnholme on the same day), both in Yorkshire. He died 15 and was buried at Nunburnholme 20 February 1816, where there is an inscription to his memory.

P. 135 no. 27. James Allen was born at Gayle, in Wensleydale, 24 June 1734. He did not graduate, residing only a year in College. He is stated to have been educated under the care of a clergyman for the Established Church and to have been removed to Scorton School, near Richmond, Yorks., but this it will be observed does not agree with the College Register. During his school life James Allen often heard the preachers connected with Benjamin Ingham, or Mr Ingham himself, and became attached to them and their doctrine. Ingham had left the Church of England in 1732 and at first joined the Methodists. He accompanied the Wesleys to Georgia, and on his return joined the Moravian Brethren. He afterwards became one of Lady Huntingdon's preachers. In 1760 he came under the influence of the writings of Glas and Sandeman, and incorporated some of their views with his own. His followers were called Inghamites; they were Independents in Church discipline, but insisted on some minor peculiarities in doctrine and practice.

James Allen became one of these Inghamites in 1752, and soon became like his leader a zealous and useful itinerant preacher. It is recorded that on one occasion being in danger from the mob at Kirkby-Lonsdale, he was delivered by the timely arrival of a magistrate who was an old College friend. In 1761, Allen went to Scotland, in company with Messrs Batty, to make enquiry concerning the churches founded by Glas and Sandeman. Impressed with what he had seen, Allen urged Ingham to adopt the new methods, but as Ingham was not prepared to do all that he wished, he retired with many others from his connexion. At first he joined the Sandemanians, but subsequently he left them and built a chapel on his own estate at Gayle, where he continued to minister until his death in 1804. His doctrine as well as his discipline, he says, received some modification.

James Allen was the editor and principal contributor to what is called "The Kendal Hymn Book." The exact title taken from Charles Wesley's smaller collection was: *A collection of hymns for the use of those that have found Redemption in the Blood of Christ*, Kendal 1757, 8vo. [by J. A. and C. B., i.e. James Allen and Christopher Batty]. The number of hymns was 142, of which James Allen contributed 71. The third edition contained a few additional hymns; and after his settlement at Gayle, Allen published seventeen hymns, entitled *Christian Songs*. Several of these hymns of Allen's have been widely adopted in various collections (Josiah Miller, *Our Hymns, their Authors and Origin*, 210).

P. 135 no. 28. Joseph Backhouse was ordained Deacon 22 September 1754 and licensed to the curacy of Milton, Beds., by the Bishop of Lincoln, he was ordained Priest 19 December 1756 by the Bishop of Peterborough. He was instituted Vicar of Rothersthorpe, 20 December 1756, and Rector of Alderton 14 December 1764, both in Northamptonshire. He held both livings until his death. He was buried at Alderton 27 March 1774 (Baker, *History of Northamptonshire*, ii, 121).

P. 135 no. 29. See the admission of Richard Nairn, the father, P. 12 no. 9. Thomas Nairn succeeded his father as Rector of Ewhurst, Sussex, being instituted 2 May 1760, and as Vicar and Dean of Battle, being instituted 18 August 1760. On 12 August 1760, when he is described as Chaplain to William, Earl of Stirling, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Ewhurst (valued at £150) with Battle (valued at £200), the livings being stated to be 10 miles apart. Both were vacant in 1776.

P. 135 no. 30. George Reynolds, the father, was of Trinity Hall, LL.B., 1721, Fellow of Jesus College and LL.D. 1726. He was a son of Richard Reynolds, Bishop of Lincoln. See an account of him Nichols, *Illustrations*, iv, 343; *Notes and Queries*, 2 Series xi, 350, 399, 496; xii, 18. See the admission of another son P. 146 no. 30.

P. 135 no. 32. Herbert Taylor, the father, was a member of the College (Part ii, P. 216 no. 65). Edward Taylor was born 26 August 1734. He was ordained Deacon 19 February 1758 by the Bishop of Hereford, in the chapel in Spring

Gardens, Westminster, for the Archbishop of Canterbury, and Priest 11 March 1759 by the Archbishop of Canterbury. He was instituted Vicar of Patricxbourn, Kent, 3 November 1763 on the presentation of his father the Rev. Herbert Taylor, of Bifrons, who had resigned the living. This he held until his death. He married in 1769 Margaret, daughter of Thomas Turner (afterwards Payler), of Ileden, near Canterbury, by whom he left issue. She died at Brussels 27 April 1780. Edward Taylor succeeded in 1767 to the Bifrons property on the death of his brother. He died at Bifrons 6 December 1798 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1798, ii, 1059). The date of his death is also given as 8 and 15 December. Mr Taylor is described as "a man of an enlarged intercourse with society, who had lived some years in Germany and Italy, and whose name may be found both in the domestic tours and foreign travels of Mr Arthur Young" (Nichols, *Literary Illustrations*, vi, 754-5; Sidebotham, *Memorials of the King's School, Canterbury*, 72-3; Berry, *Pedigrees of Families in Kent*, 277).

P. 135 no. 33. Nathaniel Scott was ordained Deacon 13 July 1755 and licensed to the curacy of Thorpe Abbots, Norfolk, with a salary of £20, he was ordained Priest 25 September 1757, all by the Bishop of Norwich. He was instituted Rector of Thorpe Abbots 26 September 1757, and Rector of Thelveton 26 January 1774, both in Norfolk. He held both livings until his death 18 January 1812 in his 80th year (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 31 January 1812).

P. 135 no. 34. Thomas Unett was ordained Deacon 14 March 1756 by the Bishop of Hereford, and licensed to the curacy of Badger. He was collated to the Prebend of Tachbrook in Lichfield Cathedral 3 April 1770; he was instituted Vicar of Tachbrook, co. Warwick, 12 October 1772, and Rector of Copenhall, co. Chester, on the presentation of the Bishop of Lichfield 19 September 1784. He held all these appointments until his death at Stafford 15 March 1785 (Hardy's *Le Neve*, i, 629, where the date of death is given as March 14; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1785, 158 b, March 15; Ormerod, *History of Cheshire*, iii, 227, where the date of death is given as 15 February). He left a widow and children. His daughter Anne, wife of Captain John Grant Fraser, of the Royal Artillery, died at Shooter's Hill, 13 March 1797 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1797, 262 b).

P. 135 no. 36. The Rev. T. W. Hutchinson, Vicar of Great Wilbraham, sends the following notes with regard to John Hutchinson. He was baptized at St Margaret's Chapel, parish of St Oswald, city of Durham, 23 February 1733. He was buried at Appleby, Westmoreland, 24 April 1776. He was the son of John Hutchinson of Framwell-gate, and Isabella, a daughter and co-heiress of Christopher Richmond. His two sons John and Christopher William both died unmarried. His daughter Elizabeth, heiress to her brothers, married at Penrith (14 December 1785) Captain John Nickleson Martin. The Martin family (her descendants) entered a Pedigree of Hutchinsons of Durham, from Cuthbert Hutchinson (who died 1596) at the Herald's College in 1835 (College of Arms, *Grants*, xli, 380). In St Michael's Church, Appleby, there is a monument with this inscription: "Near this place are interred the remains of John Hutchinson the son of John Hutchinson Esqr. of Durham, and Isabella his wife, daughter of Christopher Richmond Esqr. of Catterlen Hall and Highhead Castle in the County of Cumberland, who departed this life Anno Domini 1776, aged 43 years. Also of Frances, relict of the above, the youngest daughter of Thomas Whelpdale, Esqre, of Skirsgill in the same County, died 21st Sept. 1821, aged 77" (Bellasis, *Westmorland Church Notes*, i, 45).

P. 135 no. 37. John Round was a younger son of William Round of Birch Hall, co. Essex, by Susannah daughter of John Warner of Old Ford, Middlesex. He was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn 22 November 1751, and was called to the Bar 10 February 1758. He married 28 August 1782 Catherine, daughter of Edward Green, esquire, of Lawford Hall, Essex, and widow of the Rev. Richard Daniel. He died 9 November 1813 in his 79th year (Burke, *Landed Gentry*, Round, of Birch Hall, and of West Bergholt).

P. 135 no. 38. John Horseman was admitted a Fellow of the College 28 March 1757, his Fellowship was filled up again in 1773. He was ordained Deacon 19 September 1756 by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed to the curacy of Enderby, co. Lincoln. He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Durham 25 September 1757 and licensed next day to the curacy of Houghton-le-Spring, co. Durham, with a stipend of £48. He was presented by the College to the Rectory of Souderne, co. Oxford, 6 July 1772, and instituted 31 July following. On 18 July 1772 the Bishop

of Durham authenticated a testimonial directed to the Bishop of Oxford for the Rev. Mr Horseman, Curate of Houghton-le-Spring. His name first appears in the Registers at Souderne in April 1773. He was an active and good man of business, but he employed himself more in secular and extra-parochial matters than in the due oversight of his parish. His reputation stood high as a land-valuer, and he was therefore largely employed as an Inclosure Commissioner, at a time when many of the neighbouring parishes were being remodelled. His name is met with in the Inclosure Acts and Awards of Westcott and Middle Barton, 1796; Dun's Tew, 1794, Stoke Lyne and Fewcot in the same year; Wiggenton, 1796; Lower Heyford, 1802, and many other Oxfordshire parishes; and Aynhoe, 1793. He constantly undertook occasional services in other neighbouring churches, and had besides the charge of Hardwick in 1781—84. He died at Souderne, 25 June 1806, aged 73. His wife Ursula died 19 April 1803. There is a tablet to their memory recording these dates in the chancel of Souderne Church (Blomfield, *Deanery of Bicester*, Part viii, 81-2). His son, John Horseman, matriculated at Corpus Christi College, Oxford, 30 March 1792, aged 16. Was B.A., 1795; M.A., 1799; Fellow until 1812; Rector of Heydon with Little Chishall 1810, and Vicar of Little Chishall 1839 until his death 14 August 1844. His son, James Horseman, matriculated at Oxford from Magdalen College, 25 July 1794, aged 15. He was B.A., 1798; M.A., 1801; Fellow, 1803-7; Rector of Little Gaddesden, Herts, and of Middle, Salop, until his death 10 August 1844 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*; Bloxham, *Register of the Members of Magdalen College, Oxford*, iv, 131).

P. 136 no. 39. Edward Harwood, the father, was instituted Vicar of Erith 31 October 1713 on the presentation of James Bateman, esq. He held the living until 1732 or 1733. Edward Harwood, the younger, was ordained Deacon 11 June 1755 by the Bishop of Chester and Priest 25 July 1756 by the Bishop of Llandaff. In 1760 he was officiating as curate of St Michael's, in Chester, without formal license. He was instituted Vicar of Shenstone, Staffordshire, 17 February 1759, and Rector of Sutton, near Shrewsbury, 6 September 1775. He held both livings until his death. He died 18 April 1782 at Chester (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1782, p. 207 a).

P. 136 no. 40. Richard Leightonhouse, the father, was instituted Vicar of St Cosmus and Damian in the Blean, in the city of Canterbury, 24 October 1728.

William Leightonhouse, his son, was an Exhibitioner of the King's School, Canterbury, in 1752.

P. 136 no. 1. Edmund Burton was ordained Deacon 23 September 1759 by the Bishop of Peterborough and licensed to the curacy of Rushden, Northants, he was ordained Priest 6 June 1762 by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed to the curacy of Puddington, Beds.

P. 136 no. 2. Dixon Reddall was ordained Deacon 21 May 1758 by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed to the curacy of Wilden, Beds. He was an usher in Wakefield School, and presented a book to the school library (M. H. Peacock, *History of Wakefield Grammar School*, 156, 172). He was instituted Rector of Simpson, Bucks., 9 August 1762, and held it until his death. Cole has the following note on him (MSS. Cole, xxxviii, Addl. MSS. 5839, fol. 373 b) among his notes on the Rectors of Simpson: "Dixon Reddall of St John's College in Cambridge was presented by Walden Hanmer, esq., about 1762, about September. His mother, a very fine woman, keeps the Queen's Arms Tavern in St Paul's Churchyard. He has several brothers in the East India Service, is cousin to Mr Reddall of Eversholt in Bedfordshire; was first assistant to a school in Yorkshire, afterwards Curate at Wellingborough in Northamptonshire, where he married his wife, of the name of Fisher, by whom he has two daughters. He is a short, fat, little man, wearing his own shock-black hair [16 March 1767].—After a tedious long illness and palsy, he died at Wellingborough in February 1772, and was a very worthy, good-tempered man. His mother purchased the living of Hanmer for him."

The exact date of Dixon Reddall's death was 19 February 1772 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 29 February 1772; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1772, p. 95).

P. 136 no. 3. This youth graduated as Joseph Todd, B.A., 1757. He was ordained Deacon 6 March 1757 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed to the curacy of Wilden, Beds. He was ordained Priest by the Archbishop of Canterbury 24 September 1758. He was instituted Vicar of Hollingbourne, Kent, 20 December 1770, holding the living until 1773.

P. 136 no. 4. James Sawkins was ordained Deacon 23 September 1757 and Priest 24 September 1758 by the Archbishop of Canterbury. He was instituted Vicar of Frampton 28 May 1776 and Rector of Bettiscombe 11 May 1784, both co. Dorset. On 8 May 1784 he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Frampton (valued at £80), with Bettiscombe (valued at £70), the two livings being stated to be not more than 18 miles apart. He held both livings until his death on 4 August 1799 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1799, p. 724).

P. 136 no. 6. Thomas Rudd was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of London 5 June 1757 and Priest by the Archbishop of York 29 September 1759, when he was licensed to the curacy of Darton, with a stipend of £25. He was instituted Vicar of Eastrington, Yorks., 1 July 1771, and held it until his death in 1820.

P. 136 no. 7. See the admission of Egerton Leigh, the elder, P. 56 no. 27. Egerton Leigh, the younger, incorporated at Oxford from Brasenose College, 7 February (or 3 March 1758), and proceeded to the M.A. degree at Oxford, 8 July 1758. He was ordained Deacon 8 May 1757 by the Bishop of Hereford, and Priest 28 August 1757 by the Bishop of Bangor. He was instituted to the Leigh moiety of the Rectory of Lymm, Cheshire, 3 August 1758, and collated to the Prebend of Penmynydd in Bangor Cathedral 12 September 1758. He was collated to the Prebend of Dasset Parva in Lichfield Cathedral 29 March 1770, and Archdeacon of Salop 15 August 1770. He became Chancellor of Lichfield Cathedral 18 September 1797. He held all these preferments until his death (Hardy's *Le Neve*, i, 122, 575, 586, 600). In the rectory pew of the church of Lymm, Cheshire, there is a small marble tablet with the following inscription: "Near this spot lies interred | the reverend Egerton Leigh | archdeacon of Salop. | He was forty years rector | of the mediety of this parish | which he enlightened by his example | instructed by his precepts comforted by his | charity and general benevolence | and died full of faith and hope in Christ | on the 17th September 1798 | in the 66th year of his age."

Archdeacon Leigh was twice married, first, to Letitia, daughter of George Leigh, of East Hall, by whom he had no issue. Secondly, to Theodosia, daughter of Ralph Leycester, of Toft, esq., by whom he had two daughters (Ormerod, *History of Cheshire* (ed. Helsby), i, 456, where there is a pedigree, 590; Burke, *Landed Gentry*, Leigh of West Hall).

The career of Archdeacon Egerton Leigh is to be distinguished from that of another Egerton Leigh, stated in the Act Book of the Archbishop of Canterbury to be of Emmanuel College; his name does not appear in the printed *Graduati*. This second Egerton Leigh was ordained Deacon 18 December 1757 by the Bishop of Gloucester, and Priest 11 March 1759 by the Archbishop of Canterbury. He was instituted Vicar of Sandwich St Mary, Kent, 25 August 1763, ceding this on his institution 26 January 1764 to the Vicarage of Tilmanstone, Kent. He was instituted Rector of Murston, Kent, 12 October 1774, on his own petition, holding these two latter livings until his death in 1788 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1788, p. 467).

P. 136 no. 8. James Bernard, only son of James Bernard, of Bristol, esquire, deceased, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 15 April 1755, and was called to the Bar 26 May 1758.

P. 136 no. 9. Thomas Thynne was the son of Thomas Thynne, second Viscount Weymouth and Baron Thynne of Warminster. He was born 13 September 1734, and succeeded his father as third Viscount Weymouth, 12 January 1751. After leaving St John's he studied for some time in Germany. He held the following appointments: High Steward of Tamworth, 25 June 1756; Deputy Lieutenant, county of Hereford, 9 July 1757; Deputy Lieutenant, county of Somerset, 5 June 1758; Lord of the Bedchamber to King George III, 25 November 1760; Deputy Lieutenant, county of Wilts, 10 April 1761, and Deputy Lieutenant, county of Stafford, 28 August 1761; Master of the Horse to Queen Charlotte, 21 April 1763; Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland, 29 May to 1 August 1765; Privy Councillor, 29 May 1765; Secretary of State for the Northern Department, 20 January 1768; Secretary of State for the Southern Department, 21 October 1768 to 16 December 1770; an Elder Brother of the Trinity House, 31 March 1770; Master of the Trinity House, 11 June 1770; Groom of the Stole and First Lord of the Bedchamber to King George III, 29 March to 10 November 1775; Secretary of State for the Southern Department, 10 November 1775 to 25 November 1779; a Governor of the Charterhouse, 26 May 1778; Knight of the Garter, 3 June 1778; Secretary of State for the Northern Department, 8 March to 27 October 1779; Groom of the Stole and First

Lord of the Bedchamber to King George III, 4 May 1782; F.S.A., 28 April 1784; created Marquis of Bath, 25 August 1789; Member of the Board of Agriculture, 31 August 1793. He died, 19 November 1796. He married, 22 May 1759, Lady Elizabeth Cavendish Bentinck, eldest daughter of William, second Duke of Portland; she died 12 December 1825 (Doyle, *Official Baronage of England*, i, 115; iii, 650). Horace Walpole in his *Memoirs of the Reign of King George the Third* gives several pictures of Lord Weymouth. "He was a prompt and graceful speaker of a few apt sentences, which, coming from a young and handsome figure, attracted more applause than they merited. Yet, considering the life he led, his parts must naturally have been good; for sitting up nightly, gaming and drinking till six in the morning, and rising thus heated after noon, it was extraordinary that he was master of himself, or of what little he knew. His great fortune he had damaged by such profuse play that his house was often full of bailiffs; and he had exposed himself to receive such pressing letters and in such reproachful terms, that his spirit was as much doubted, as what is called his point of honour among gentlemen-gamesters. He was in private a clear and sound reasoner, and good-humoured, under a considerable appearance of pride; but having risen on such slender merit, he seemed to think he possessed a sufficient stock, and continued his course of life to the total neglect of the affairs of his office"... (Vol. iii, 135-6). "He was tall, handsome, and from a German education, solemn and proud in his outward deportment. His look spoke absences, and nothing in his ostensible appearance discovered a symptom of the quickness, cunning, and dissoluteness within. A perfect insensibility produced constant and facile good humour; yet his bent brow and constitutional pride indicated no pleasantry or social mirth. His parts were strong, his conception ready, his reasoning acute, his delivery short and perspicuous. His parts must have been very strong, to be capable of emerging from his constant drunkenness and dissipation; for though he had been well instructed, had a retentive memory, and a head admirably turned to astronomy and mechanics, he abandoned all improvement so entirely, that it was wonderful how he gleaned so much common knowledge of politics as embellished his short speeches, and for a quarter of an hour in every debate infused into him aptness and propriety. The becoming decency and dignity of his appearance was all the homage he paid to public opinion. He neither had nor affected any solid virtue. He was too proud to court the people, and too mean not to choose to owe his preferments to the favour of the Court or the cabals of faction. He wasted the whole night in drinking, and the morning in sleep, even when Secretary of State. No kind of principle entered into his plan or practice; nor shame for want of it. He ruined his tradesmen without remorse, and, if that was an excuse, without thought; and with equal indifference frequently saw bailiffs in his house; for pride is a constitutional stoicism, independent of circumstances. With as little sense of fashionable as of real honour, he had often received letters with demands for gaming debts, written in a style that even such gentlemen seldom endure without resentment. Taciturnity, except with his bacchanalian companions, was his favourite habit, because it harmonized with his prodigious indolence; and ambition, though his only passion, could not surmount his laziness, though his vanity made him trust that his abilities, by making him necessary, could reconcile intrigue and inactivity. His timidity was womanish, and the only thing he did not fear was the ill opinion of mankind" (Vol. iv, 239-241; see also ii, 176). There is a monument to his memory in the chapel of the Thynne family in the Church of Longbridge Deverill, Wilts, with the following inscription: "Sacred to the Memory of the Most Honourable Thomas, Marquis of Bath, Viscount Weymouth, Baron Thynne of Warminster, and Knight of the most noble order of the Garter. This much-respected nobleman served their Majesties in the following high and honourable employments: as one of the Lords of the Bedchamber to the King, from the year 1760 to 1765; Master of the Horse to the Queen from 1763 to 1767; one of his Majesties principal Secretaries of State, 20 January 1768 to 19 December 1770, and again from 10 November 1775 to 26 November 1779; and as Groom of the Stole, from 1782 until his death; elected a Knight of the Garter, 1778, and created a Marquis, 1789. He was born 13 September 1734, succeeded his father, Viscount Weymouth 12 January 1751, and married, 22 May 1759, Elizabeth Cavendish Bentinck, daughter of William, Duke of Portland, by whom he had four sons and ten daughters, of which number three sons and five daughters survived him. He died, 19 November 1796" (Hoare, *History of Modern Wiltshire*, i, Hundred of Heytesbury, 43).

A detailed life of the Marquis of Bath is given in the *Dictionary of National Biography*.

P. 137 no. 10. Henry Frederick Thynne, second son of Thomas, second Viscount Weymouth, by Lady Louisa Carteret daughter of John, second Earl Granville, was born 17 November 1735. He took the M.A. degree in 1753, and received the LL.D. degree 3 July 1769. He was returned as M.P. for the county of Stafford 4 January 1757. He was returned as M.P. for the Borough of Weobley, co. Hereford, 28 March 1761. And was again re-elected, 27 December 1762, on his appointment as Clerk Comptroller of the Board of Green Cloth, which office he held until July 1765. He was again returned as M.P. for Weobley, 18 March 1768, and in that month was appointed Master of the King's Household. He became a Privy Councillor, 19 December 1770. He became joint Post-Master General in December 1770 (then vacating his seat for Weobley), this he held until September 1789. He was appointed High Bailiff of Jersey in March 1776, holding this until his death. Having inherited the estates of his maternal grandfather he assumed, by Act of Parliament, the surname and arms of Carteret in 1776. He was created, 29 January 1784, Baron Carteret, of Hawnes, co. Bedford. He died unmarried, 17 June 1826, aged 91 (Williams, *Parliamentary History of the County of Hereford*, 168; Burke, *Dormant, Abeyant, Forfeited, and Extinct Peerages* (1883), 532*b*).

P. 137 no. 11. William Wing Fowle was ordained Deacon 13 June 1756 by the Bishop of Chester (with letters dimissory from the Archbishop of Canterbury), and Priest 11 March 1759 by the Archbishop of Canterbury in his Palace at Lambeth. He was collated by the Archbishop to the Rectory of Snargate, Kent, 10 August 1770. He was instituted Rector of Burmarsh, Kent, 18 December 1772, on the presentation of the King. On 16 December 1772, when he is described as chaplain to Alexander Lindsay, Earl of Balcarres, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Snargate (valued at £84), with Burmarsh (valued at £120), the two livings being stated to be not more than 12 miles apart. In 1780 he was appointed Master of the Free School at New Romney, with an endowment of £60 a year (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1780, 496*a*). He was collated by the Archbishop of Canterbury to the Rectory of Ivy Church, Kent, 18 June 1802, then ceding Snargate. On 15 June 1802 he received a dispensation from the Archbishop to hold Burmarsh (valued at £150), with Ivy Church (valued at £280), the two livings being stated to be not more than 7 miles apart. He held them both until his death, at his house in New Romney, 20 February 1809 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 4 March 1809).

P. 137 no. 12. William Woodhouse was ordained Deacon 18 December 1757 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed to the curacy of Dunton, Beds. One William Woodhouse, probably his father, was then Vicar of Dunton.

P. 137 no. 13. Matthew Wilson the father, of Eshton Hall, Yorks., was sometime a Fellow Commoner of Trinity College, he married Margaret, eldest daughter of Henry Wiglesworth of Slaidburn. Henry Wilson their second son was baptized at Gargrave 23 January 173 $\frac{2}{3}$. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Chester (at St Margaret's, Westminster) 14 March 1756.

He was instituted Vicar of Otley 23 July 1760, and Rector of Slaidburn 7 May 1762, both in Yorkshire. On 3 May 1762, when he is described as chaplain to Thomas, Earl of Kinnoul, he received a dispensation to hold both livings, then stated to be of the respective values of £80 and £28 and to be 22 miles apart. He married Ann, only daughter and heiress of Thomas Fourness of Otley. The Rev. Henry Wilson died at Otley 13 December 1781, and his wife 20 February 1809. There is a monument to their memory in Otley church (Foster, *Yorkshire Pedigrees, West Riding*, ii, Wilson of Eshton; Smith, *Register of Manchester Grammar School*, ii, 65—67). See the admission of an elder brother P. 128 no. 15.

P. 137 no. 15. John Fawcett became second Master, or Usher, of Leeds Grammar School in 1763, and Incumbent of Farnley near Leeds 24 December 1763. He held both offices until his death 7 March 1783. He was descended from a family settled for many generations on a small patrimonial estate in the West Riding of Yorkshire. His wife was descended from Colonel Morris of Elmsall, governor of Pontefract Castle under Charles I, in the defence of which he lost both his life and estate. They had one son, John Fawcett, born at Leeds 30 November 1769, B.A. of Magdalene College, Cambridge, 1792, afterwards incumbent of St Cuthbert's, Carlisle, until his death 4 December 1851 (Memoir prefixed to *An*

Exposition of the Gospel according to St John, by the Rev. John Fawcett, the son; *The Bradford Antiquary*, ii, 82; *The Register of Leeds Grammar School*, xxxiii.).

P. 137 no. 16. Thomas Smith was ordained Deacon 18 December 1757 by the Bishop of Salisbury, and licensed to the curacy of Dauntsey, Wilts. He was ordained Priest 23 December 1759 by the Bishop of Rochester, acting for the Bishop of London. He was instituted Vicar of Great Chishall, Essex, 5 December 1764, and Rector of Heydon, Essex, 24 January 1777. On 21 January 1777, when he is described as chaplain to Theodosia, Baroness Dowager Monson, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then valued at £45 and £100 respectively and stated to be contiguous. He was instituted Vicar of Wendon Lofts with Elmdon annexed 7 February 1781, then ceding Great Chishall, but holding Wendon, the value of which is stated as £120, by dispensation, with Heydon, not more than two miles distant. He was instituted Rector of Little Chishall, Essex, 17 January 1793, then ceding Heydon, but holding Little Chishall, valued at £100 with Wendon Lofts, by dispensation, the two livings being stated to be not more than four miles apart. Both these latter livings seem to have become vacant in 1800.

P. 137 no. 18. One Richard Webb, only son of Nathaniel Webb, late of Kingswood, Wilts., esquire, was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 20 July 1755.

P. 137 no. 19. Samuel Murthwaite was ordained Deacon 23 February 1755 and licensed to the curacy of Upton and Leighton, Hunts., he was ordained Priest 19 September 1756, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted to the Vicarage of Desborough, Northamptonshire, 20 May 1778 and held this until his death. He died suddenly in October 1789 while on a visit to a gentleman of Halifax (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 24 October 1789).

P. 137 no. 20. William Steele was ordained Priest 1 June 1755 by the Bishop of Hereford, his title being the curacy of Ledbury, co. Hereford. He is probably the William Steele who held the following preferments: instituted Vicar of Haresfield, co. Gloucester, 16 September 1779, ceding this on being instituted Rector of Pixley, co. Hereford, 16 May 1780; instituted Vicar of Yarkhill, co. Hereford, 8 June 1784. Both the latter livings were filled up in 1790.

P. 137 no. 21. One Thomas Roberts was instituted Vicar of Llanynys, co. Denbigh, 7 June 1763, and appears to have held the living until 1806.

P. 137 no. 22. Robert Deane was admitted a Fellow of the College 3 April 1759, and his fellowship was filled up again in 1773. He was ordained Deacon by William Ashburnham, Bishop of Chichester, 4 August 1757, and Priest 24 December 1758 by the Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Winchester. He was presented to the Rectory of Wootton Bassett, Wilts., by Thomas, Lord Hyde of Hindon, and instituted 27 January 1762 (*Phillipps, Institutiones Wiltoniae*, ii, 80). He ceded this on his institution 30 March 1772 to the Rectory of Barwick in Elmet, Yorks. He was also instituted Rector of Castleford, Yorks., 9 April 1772. He ceded Castleford on his institution 19 July 1784 to the Rectory of Kirkbramwith, Yorks. He received dispensations from the Archbishop of Canterbury (1) on 1 April 1772 to hold Barwick in Elmet (valued at £300) with Castleford (valued at £120), the two livings being not more than eight miles apart; and (2) on 5 June 1784 to hold Barwick (valued at £380) with Kirkbramwith (valued at £250), the two livings being not more than 29 miles apart. He died 6 February 1799. From the general confidence in his great integrity and by means of small sums intrusted to him, he is supposed to have relieved more debtors from prison than any other individual in the kingdom (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1799, 172 b; 345 a). He was buried in the church of Barwick, a plain stone inscribed "R. D. ob. 1799" marks his grave and a mural tablet in the chancel bears the inscription: "Sacred to the memory of the Rev. Robert Deane, B.D., 25 years Rector of this Parish. This venerable man, learned, pious, humble, and beneficent, lived the delight of his friends, the ornament of Christianity and the father of his flock. He died in peace Feb. 6, 1799, aet. 65. Erected by his affectionate relict H. Deane." He seems to have resided constantly at Barwick, his name is never absent from the Registers for many days together.

P. 138 no. 23. John Richardson was ordained Deacon 14 March 1756 and licensed to the curacy of Chedleton, co. Stafford, with a salary of £25, he was ordained Priest 25 September 1757, all by the Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield. He was afterwards appointed to the curacy of Leek, co. Stafford. In that place he is said to have fallen into some levities inconsistent with his profession, which he afterwards lamented with much sorrow. From thence he removed into Sussex and was appointed Curate to the Dean of Battle. Here he came under the influence of the Methodists. It is stated that "he was more serious in his deportment, and discharged the duties of his calling with integrity and conscientiousness, and though he had not then evangelical views of religion, yet his sermons were so serious, and delivered with so much earnestness, that he attracted the notice of the Dean, and was surrounded with opposition and discouragement." He then removed to a curacy at Ewhurst, near Rye in Sussex, becoming more and more attracted to the tenets of the Methodists, finally joining that body in 1762. He became Minister of the Meeting House in Artillery Lane, Spitalfields, which he seems to have held until his death 11 February 1792. He published several Sermons, some of those ascribed to him in the British Museum Catalogue, if the dates are correctly given, are of too early a date to be his. The following are probably by him: *The Sovereign Goodness of the Most High in putting an end to destructive wars gratefully acknowledged: a sermon* [on Ps. xlv. 8-10] *preached 5 May 1763, the day appointed by his Majesty for a solemn thanksgiving to Almighty God on account of the Peace*, London, 1763, 8vo.; *The Death of Great and Good Kings improved; Being the substance of a Sermon* [on Isa. vi. 1-3] *preached October 26, 1760, the day after the demise of King George II...* now published with some enlargement, J. Buckland, London, 1761, 8vo. (Atmore's *The Methodists' Memorial* (ed. 1871) pp. 192-196).

P. 138 no. 24. John Thompson was ordained Deacon 19 September 1756 and was licensed next day to be curate of Elsdon, co. Northumberland, with a salary of £40; he was ordained Priest 24 September 1758, all by the Bishop of Durham. He is probably the Rev. John Thompson who died at Blythe, Notts., 8 May 1810, aged 76, having been for 48 years chaplain to the late Mr Ridley and Sir M. W. Ridley, bart.; he "was esteemed one of the best Hebrew scholars in the North of England" (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1810, i, 667*a*). John Thompson, the father, was a member of the College (Part ii, P. 198 no. 31). He was assistant curate of St John's, Newcastle, Lecturer of St Thomas' and St Anne's chapels there, and Rector of Elsdon, co. Northumberland (Hodgson, *History of Northumberland*, Part 2, Vol. i, 89).

P. 138 no. 25. Thomas Humphreys took the B.A. degree *per literas Regias* in 1764 and the M.A. in 1767 as Humphries. He was ordained Priest 1 June 1755 by the Bishop of Hereford, his title being the curacy of Oldbury, Salop. He was for some time second master of the Grammar School at Bridgenorth and afterwards succeeded his father in a school at Downton in the parish of Upton Magna. He was nominated by the College to be third master of Shrewsbury School 8 December 1763. He was promoted to be second master in 1771. He was instituted Vicar of St Chad's in Shrewsbury 10 November 1775, and held the living with his mastership until his death. He was buried at Upton Magna, and in the church there there is a monument with the following inscription: "Sacred to the memory of | the Reverend Thomas Humphries, A.M. | Vicar of St Chad's and second master | of the Grammar School in Shrewsbury | Who after a good and useful life | spent in the strict discharge of his ministerial duties | But more especially in an unremitting attention | to the several wants of the ignorant and necessitous | Died the 22nd October 1783 in the 54th year of his age | His reasoning powers being suddenly restored | from a delirium of eight days | the fatal effect of a bilious fever | He, a few moments before he expired | In the presence of his afflicted family | emphatically pronounced the following words: | 'You must all be in my place, but | if you have religion ye will be comforted.' | May ye who read the above lines | derive lasting instruction | from the awful truths contained in them. | Blessed are the dead that die in the Lord | For they rest from their labours, and their | works follow them."

Mr Humphries was three times married: (i) to Anne, daughter of Thomas Baxter of Bridgenorth; (ii) to Mary, daughter of the Rev. John Latham, Vicar of the Abbey in Shrewsbury; (iii) to Mary Alcock, who after his death married the

Rev. Thomas Wellings, Vicar of Bromfield, and died 18 June 1824. He left issue by all his wives.

He printed, (i) *An Infirmary Sermon*; (ii) *The first of a series of letters to the author of Pietas Oroniensis*; (iii) a tract for gaols, entitled, *A preservative from criminal offences, or the power of godliness to conquer the reigning vices of sensuality and profaneness*, Shrewsbury, 1775, 12mo. (Fisher, *Annals of Shrewsbury School*, 242, 252, 471; Owen and Blakeway, *History of Shrewsbury*, ii, 220–221).

P. 138 no. 26. William Raincock was ordained Deacon 19 February 1758 in the chapel in Spring Gardens, Westminster, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Carlisle, by the Bishop of Hereford, and Priest 11 March 1759 by the Bishop of Bristol. He was instituted Vicar of Bromfield 18 September 1763, and Rector of Ulmesby or Ousby 24 January 1766, both in Cumberland. On 20 January 1766, when he is described as chaplain to John, Duke of Roxburgh, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then stated to be of the respective values of £95 and £100 and to be 26 miles apart. Both livings were vacant in 1784.

The following inscriptions from the church at Windermere give some further information with regard to Mr Raincock and his descendants: (1) (church floor) "Here lies interred the body of Elizabeth Fletcher, widow of Fletcher Fleming, late of Fellfoot, gentleman. She departed this life the 26th day of July A.D. 1753 in the 68th year of her age. Here lies the body of George Raincock, gentleman, the youngest son of the late Rev. William Raincock, M.A., Rector of Ousby, Cumberland, and the youngest brother of the late Rev. John Fleming, who died at Rayrigg January 22, 1820, aged 41 years." (2) (In north aisle) "Sacred to the memory of Fletcher Raincock, esquire, A.M. (second son of the Revd. William Raincock, A.M., rector of Ousby, Cumberland, by Agnes, eldest daughter of the late Fletcher Fleming of Rayrigg in this parish, esquire), Fellow of the Society of Antiquaries, formerly Senior Fellow of Pembroke Hall, Cambridge, Recorder of Kendal and one of Her Majesty's Counsel at Law for the County Palatine of Lancaster. He died at Liverpool the 17th of August 1840, in the seventy-second year of his age, and was interred in the churchyard of St James in that town, near the remains of his mother, who after the death of her former husband married William Bolden, of Liverpool, esq., and died the fifteenth of July 1809" (Bellasis, *Westmorland Church Notes*, ii, 300, 309).

P. 138 no. 28. Henry Turner was admitted a Fellow of the College 25 March 1760. He was ordained Deacon 24 September 1758 and licensed to the curacy of Upton, Bucks., by the Bishop of Lincoln, and Priest by the Bishop of Ely 15 September 1760. He occurs as Minister of St Giles's, Cambridge, in 1763 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 30 April). He was a candidate for the Rectory of Ovington in the gift of the University but was defeated by John Jebb, Fellow of Peterhouse, who had 81 votes against Turner's 73 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 20 October 1764; Cooper, *Annals of Cambridge*, iv, 336). He was instituted Vicar of Shepreth, co. Cambridge, 18 October 1768, but ceded this on his institution 24 March 1772 to the Rectory of Burwell, co. Cambridge, to which he was presented by Lord Guildford. He married Miss Lunn, niece of the Rev. Edward Lunn of Elsworth, co. Cambridge (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 20 February 1773). He was instituted Rector of Newmarket, Suffolk, 1 May 1782 on the presentation of the Duke of Rutland, holding this with Burwell until his death on 11 January 1808. His widow Elizabeth died 26 October 1820, aged 87 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 27 October 1820). His youngest daughter Ann died 2 December 1843, aged 66 (*ibid.* 9 December 1843).

Cole has several notes on Mr Turner: Cole MSS. iii, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5804, p. 116, there is the following in an account of Burwell. "Mr Turner of St John's College, lately presented to the living of Burwell, told me this 12 May 1772, that he has totally pulled down these ruins [*i.e.* of the Church of Burwell St Andrew] in order to make the Churchyard a more agreeable close for his horse. In digging up the foundations he met with a stone coffin containing two bodies, which coffin he told me lay North and South."

Again, in his collections for an *Athenae Cantabrigienses* (Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5882) he has the following note on 'Henry Turner of St John's College': "He was son or grandson to Mr Tolner, for that was his real name, tho' Sir John Hawkins in his *History of Music*, vol. iv, p. 356, calls him Turner, an Organ Builder at Cambridge: but being a foreigner he assimilated his German name to one more

English. His son must be an ancient, as I remember his coming to Baberham about 1730, to teach my sisters lessons on the harpsichord, my father playing well on the violin. He died at Cambridge in 1776, in his house in Free School Lane, in the Free School House, for in the schole I saw several of his organs, harpsichords and spinets; and I suppose used it as his workshop, the schole having been neglected these many years: though when I went first to the University there was a flourishing schole. The same has happened to the schole in King's College, which was full of boys all the time I was in College and is now no more. Mr Turner left children, two sons who are clergymen; one was Fellow of St John's, and married about 1772 and had the Vicarage of Burwell where he resides. Henry Turner was Organist of St Margaret's, Westminster, in 1708. I suppose the above person. Hawkins, *History of Music*, v, 101."

Again (MSS. Cole, vii, Addl. MSS. 5808, fol. 62 b, 63 b) he has "A letter from Cole to Sylvanus Urban on Sir John Hawkins' *History of Music*. May 19, 1777: 'At p. 356 of Vol. iv mention is made of Mr Turner, Organ Builder of Cambridge. His real name was Tolner, but being a foreigner, he rather chose, or other people for him, to assimilate his German name to one of a more English accent and called himself Turner. Of this I had full proof, had I not been told so by his son, who died at Cambridge this last year 1776, where he followed his father's occupation, was organist of St John's College, and a very deserving man: for in the Register of St Edward's Church in Cambridge is this entry for old Mr Turner:

'1730 Henry Tolner, alias Turner, the Organ Maker, was buried, September 9. The late Mr Turner left several children, two of them clergymen'."

From these rather involved statements it seems that Henry Turner, the Fellow of St John's, was son of Mr Bernard Turner, the College Organist. And Bernard Turner the son of Henry Tolner the organ-builder.

Gunning in his *Reminiscences*, ii, 12, in giving an account of the University Sermon at Burwell, incidentally mentions the name of the Vicar, Mr Turner.

P. 138 no. 29. Vernon Yonge did not graduate. He was ordained Deacon 14 March 1756 and licensed to the curacy of Pontesbury, Salop, he was ordained Priest 17 May 1761 (his title being the curacy of Brace Meole), all by the Bishop of Hereford.

P. 138 no. 30. William Rowse was ordained Deacon 5 June 1757 and licensed to the curacy of Clophill, Beds., he was ordained Priest 24 September 1758 and was licensed to the curacy of Blunham, Beds., all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Lower Gravenhurst, 21 June 1765, ceding this on his institution 24 July 1792 to the Rectory of Clophill, both in Beds. He was succeeded at Clophill, 30 March 1793, by his brother Ezekiel (P. 147 no. 5).

P. 138 no. 31. One William Broadbent was instituted Vicar of Timberland, co. Lincoln, 16 March 1785, and held the living until 1799. The Rev. William Broadbent "of Billingham, and formerly of St John's College, Cambridge, M.A., married 1 October 1805 Mrs Fowler, a widow lady of Newark-upon-Trent" (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 12 October 1805); from the date this marriage is probably that of William Turner Broadbent, B.A., 1794. Neither Broadbent took the M.A. degree at Cambridge.

P. 138 no. 32. Robert Fletcher was ordained Deacon 14 March 1756 and licensed to the curacy of Leighton with Upton, Hunts., he was ordained Priest 5 June 1757, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. On 21 September 1761 he was licensed incumbent of Over Kellett, co. Lancaster, by the Bishop of Chester, on the nomination of John Leaper, late of Over Kellett, yeoman, a trustee of George Eskrigge, and with the consent and approbation of a majority of the inhabitants of Over Kellett. He was instituted Rector of Halton, co. Lancaster, 31 December 1777, and held the living until his death in 1795. He married Sarah, niece of William Bradshaw, descended from the family of that name of Preesal and Scales, who in 1743 purchased Halton Hall, with the manor and 140 acres of land from the Carus family; and by her had a son, William Bradshaw Fletcher, who, on succeeding to the estates of his great uncle, assumed the name of Bradshaw in lieu of that of Fletcher (Baines, *History of Lancashire* (ed. Croston), v, 529).

P. 138 no. 33. Edward Beresford was the third son of John Beresford of Fenny Bentley and Ashborne, co. Derby, by his wife Frances, daughter of Sir John Fitzherbert of Somersal, co. Derby, knt. He was ordained Deacon 6 March and Priest

25 September 1757 by the Bishop of Rochester for the Bishop of London. He was presented by his uncle, Gilbert Beresford, of Cheadle, to the Rectory of Wilmslow, Cheshire, and instituted there 4 April 1770. He was also Vicar of Arnold, co. Nottingham, where he was instituted 13 February 1760. He married Mary, the daughter of ... Parker, of Salford, Warwickshire, by whom he had two sons, Edward Charles and Parker Beresford, both of whom died unmarried. He built the Parsonage-house at Wilmslow in 1780. He died very suddenly at Wilmslow 11 April 1787. (Earwaker, *East Cheshire*, i, 94—95). He was buried at Arnold. Glover (*History of Derbyshire*, ii, 45, where there is a pedigree) states that he was baptized at Ashbourne, 26 March 1733, and that he had six sons, all of whom died *s.p.* See the admission of his brother, P. 153 no. 14.

P. 138 no. 34. George Parker Farhill was instituted Rector of Llanvetherine, co. Monmouth, 20 February 1765. His successor there was appointed in 1769. He was then appointed to the Prebend of Fittleworth in Chichester Cathedral, 8 October 1773. He was instituted Rector of Lurgashall, Sussex, 20 October 1778. He held the rectory and prebend until his death at Chichester 27 September 1790 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1790, p. 957). He was buried in Chichester Cathedral on 3 October.

P. 138 no. 35. Salusbury Jones was admitted a Fellow of the College 28 March 1757. He was ordained Deacon 21 May 1758, and Priest 30 May 1760, by the Bishop of Lincoln. He died in College in the year 1763 (George Ashby's Common-place book in the College Library). The *Parish Register* of All Saints', Cambridge, has the following entry: "1763, May 31, The Rev. Mr Jones of St John's College" (buried).

P. 139 no. 1. James Torkington, the father, is perhaps the James Torkington admitted to the College 23 December 1713 (Part ii, P. 212 no. 13). He was Rector of King's Ripton and Little Stukeley, Hunts. He married Dorothy Sherard, daughter of Philip Sherard, afterwards second Earl of Harborough, on 4 February 173 $\frac{1}{2}$. He had issue by her: 1. James, baptized at Ripton, 4 July 1733. 2. Philip, admitted to St John's, 28 September 1753. P. 141 no. 1. 3. John, afterwards Master of Clare Hall, born at Little Stukeley, 26 May 1742. i. Anne, born at Ripton, 9 November 1735. ii. Elizabeth, born at Stukeley, 18 May 1740 (*Genealogist*, vii, 45). James Torkington, the younger, was ordained Deacon 19 September 1756, and Priest 24 June 1758, by the Bishop of Lincoln.

James Torkington, the elder, died 6 September 1767, when his son James, who was then chaplain to Bennet, Earl of Harborough, succeeded him and was empowered by dispensation to hold the Rectory of Little Stukeley (to which he was instituted 8 December 1767), with the Rectory of King's Ripton (to which he had been instituted 24 June 1758), both in the county of Huntingdon and diocese of Lincoln, worth near £300 per annum (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 12 December 1767). He married Miss Leeson, of Little Ponton, near Grantham (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 18 February 1775). He was collated to the first prebendal stall in Worcester Cathedral, 13 July 1775 (Hardy's *Le Neve*, iii, 80). He died in 1813 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1813, i, p. 500).

P. 139 no. 2. Thomas Fane Charles Graham was ordained Deacon 5 June 1757 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and Priest 21 December 1758 by the Bishop of Gloucester. He was instituted Rector of Aston 18 June 1798, and Rector of Walton at Stone 10 July 1798, both in Hertfordshire, and in both cases on the presentation of Paul Benfield. On 6 July 1798, when he is described as chaplain to Dr Samuel Horsley, Bishop of Rochester, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Aston (valued at £280), with Walton (valued at £300), the benefices being not more than four miles apart. He held both until his death in 1804 (Cussans, *History of Hertfordshire*, Hundred of Broadwater, 188, 195).

P. 139 no. 3. This is probably the William Dodd who was licensed to the Perpetual Curacy of Lingfield, Surrey, 9 August 1764.

P. 139 no. 4. Richard Penn, second son of Richard Penn, of Holland House, Sunbury, Middlesex, esquire, was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 8 October 1752. The father was brother of Thomas Penn, of Stoke Pogis, Bucks., thus the Richard Penn of St John's was grandson of the celebrated William Penn, founder of Pennsylvania. He was Lieutenant-Governor of Pennsylvania from October 1771 to 1777. He was M.P. for Appleby 1784—1790; for Haslemere December 1790

to June 1791; for Lancaster 1796 to 1802; and for Haslemere 1802–1806. He died 27 May 1811. He was remarkable for his classical attainments and wonderful powers of memory (Pink and Beavan, *Parliamentary Representation of Lancashire*, 128; Bean, *Parliamentary Representation of the six northern counties of England*, 636).

P. 139 no. 5. John Ashcroft, the father, was a member of the College, see his admission Part ii, P. 186 no. 3. Thomas Ashcroft was admitted a Fellow of the College 28 March 1757. He was ordained Priest 1 June 1760 by the Bishop of Rochester. He was instituted Rector of Cowling, Kent, 12 June 1760. He died in his rooms in College 1 March 1768 of consumption, being then Fellow and Rector of Cowling (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 5 March 1768). The following letter appears in the *Cambridge Chronicle* of 26 March 1768: “*To the printers*—In testimony of the regard which I had for the late Rev. Mr Ashcroft of St John’s, and in acknowledgement for the entertainment I have often received in his company, I beg leave to observe by the channel of your paper, that he had a noble spirit of benevolence, and such a pleasant humour, as could diffuse itself from the highest person at an entertainment to the meanest waiter. Of the cheerful temper Mr Addison observes, that it naturally produces love and good will towards the man who has it. A cheerful mind is not only disposed to be affable and obliging, but raises the same good humour in those that come within its influence. A man finds himself pleased he does not know why, with the cheerfulness of his companion: it is like a sudden sunshine that awakens a secret delight in the mind, without her attending to it. The heart rejoices of its own accord and naturally flows out into friendship and benevolence for the person who has so kindly an effect upon it. AMICUS.” The *Parish Register* of All Saints’, Cambridge, has the following entry: “1768, March 4, The Rev. Mr Thomas Ashcroft, M.A., late Fellow of St John’s” (buried).

P. 139 no. 6. William Barrol was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of London at Fulham 18 December 1757 and Priest on 23 September 1759. He emigrated to the province of Maryland in 1760, taking charge of the parish of North Sassafras in Cecil county, Maryland, and remained Rector until 1777. In that year the Legislature of Maryland passed a law requiring all persons holding any office of trust or profit to renounce their allegiance to the King of Great Britain and to be true and faithful to the State of Maryland. This Mr Barrol refused to do and so lost his benefice. He died in 1778. He left many descendants who have attained high positions in the Church, the Army and at the Bar. James E. Barrol, one of his grandsons, was in his day one of the most distinguished jurists of Maryland. William Barrol Frisby, the great Boston divine, was one of his great-grandsons. Lt. Morris K. Barrol was another. (Letter from Mr Hope H. Barrol, Counsellor-at-Law, Chestertown, Maryland.)

P. 139 no. 7. Alexander Hatton, the father, was a member of the College (see Part ii, P. 198 no. 35). Thomas Hatton was ordained Deacon 21 May 1758 by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed to the curacy of Haddon, Hunts., he was ordained Priest by the Bishop of London 21 September 1760. He was instituted Rector of Little Upton, Salop, 22 February 1764, and held the living until 1807.

P. 139 no. 8. Henry Manifold was ordained Deacon 19 June 1757 and licensed to the curacy of Duffield, co. Derby, with a salary of £25, and Priest 25 June 1758 and licensed to the curacy of Cheadle, co. Stafford, all by the Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield. He was instituted Vicar of Brackley, Northamptonshire, 15 April 1766, on the presentation of Francis, Duke of Bridgewater, and Vicar of Ivinghoe, Bucks., 19 December 1777. On 18 December 1777, when he is described as chaplain to Heneage, Earl of Aylesford, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both these livings, then valued at £150 and £100 respectively, and stated to be 24 miles apart. He ceded Ivinghoe on his institution 11 March 1779 to the sinecure Rectory of Aldbury, Herts. He received a dispensation 9 March 1779 to hold Aldbury, valued at £200, with Brackley, and held both until his death. He was buried at Brackley 15 July 1803 (Baker, *History of Northamptonshire*, i, 576, 578).

P. 139 no. 9. Richard Bowser was ordained Deacon 19 February 1758 and licensed to the curacy of Twyford, co. Leicester, by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was ordained Priest 23 September 1764 by the Bishop of Durham, and licensed next

day to the curacy of Easington, co. Durham. He married at Bishop Auckland, being then chaplain to the 7th regiment of Dragoons, Mrs Norton, a young widow with a jointure of £300 a year and a fortune of £15,000 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 2 March 1776).

P. 139 no. 10. William Peacock took the degree of LL.B. in 1761. One of these names was instituted Rector of Danby Wiske, Yorks., 26 June 1761, and held the living until 1811.

P. 139 no. 11. Richard Weddell, the father, was originally Richard Elcock, but took the name of Weddell on succeeding to the fortune of his uncle Thomas Weddell, and bought the estate of Newby on Swale. Thomas Weddell (or Elcock), his son, was born 2 November and was baptized at St Martin's, Coney Street, York, 2 December 1734. He died without issue 24 December 1756 and was buried at Strensall 10 January 1757 (Whitaker, *History of Richmondshire*, ii, 122, where there is a pedigree).

P. 139 no. 12. William Weddell (or Elcock) was born 13 May and was baptized at St Martin's, Coney Street, York, 11 June 1736. He was admitted a student of Gray's Inn 5 April 1753 (as youngest son of Richard Weddell, of Newby, co. York, esquire). He married in February 1771 Elizabeth, daughter of Sir John Ramsden, of Byrom, bart. He was returned as M.P. for the borough of Kingston-upon-Hull 15 March 1766 and 17 March 1768, sitting until 1774. He was returned as M.P. for the borough of Malton, Yorks., 28 February 1775, 11 September 1780, 10 August 1784 and 18 June 1790. He was a candidate for the county of York in 1784. He died in April 1792 (Whitaker, *l.c.*; Bean, *Parliamentary Representation of the six northern counties of England*, 947).

P. 140 no. 13. George Fenwick, the father, was a Fellow of the College (Part ii, P. 174 no. 27). John Fenwick graduated as Fenwicke, B.A. 1757, M.A. 1760. He was born 16 September 1734. He was ordained Deacon 25 September 1757 and licensed next day to the curacy of Hallaton, he was ordained Priest 24 December 1758, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He succeeded his father as Rector of Hallaton, co. Leicester, being instituted 30 May 1760, and held the living until his death. On a mural tablet in Hallaton church there is the following inscription: "Sacred to the memory of | the Rev. John Fenwicke A.M. | who was nearly 29 years rector of | this parish; of whom it may truly | be said, that he fulfilled the duties | of a man and a Christian. | He departed this life March 29, 1789 in the 55th year of his age."

John Fenwicke was twice married; first to Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Hickman, of Tinkwood Malpas, she died 26 April 1772. There is a monument to her memory in Hallaton church. He married secondly Dorothea, daughter of John Ouseley, of Hallaton. She died 26 January 1820 (Hodgson, *History of Northumberland*, Part ii, vol. 2, p. 116, where there is a pedigree; Nichols, *History of Leicestershire*, ii, 604).

P. 140 no. 14. Samuel Griffith was ordained Deacon 6 March 1757 and Priest 19 February 1758 by the Bishop of Rochester at Fulham, for the Bishop of London. One of these names was instituted Vicar of Halesowen, co. Worcester, 8 February 1784, ceding this on his institution 22 April 1788 to the Rectory of Avington, Berks.; this he held until 1796.

P. 140 no. 15. John Snaith was ordained Deacon 25 September 1757 by the Bishop of Peterborough, and Priest by the Archbishop of York 29 September 1759, and was then licensed to the curacy of Kilnsea with Easington and Skeffling, with a stipend of £32. There is a note in the Archbishop's Register to the effect that John Snaith had a verbal license on 1 September 1762 to be curate of Roose to Dr Mark Sykes, Rector; he had been regularly licensed curate of Kayingham 26 September 1757.

John Snaith was instituted Vicar of Owthorne, Yorks., 22 February 1763, on the presentation of King George III. He seems to have held the living until 1811. He was instituted Vicar of Halsham 24 August 1768, ceding it in 1770, and he was for some time Vicar of Sheckling with Burstwick, all in Yorkshire. On 14 July 1784, when he is described as chaplain to Francis, Lord Rawdon, he had a dispensation to hold Owthorne (valued at £75) with Sheckling and Burstwick (valued at £80), the two livings being stated to be not more than 8 miles apart. Both seem to have been vacant in 1811.

P. 140 no. 16. Robert Harding was ordained Deacon 6 March 1757 and licensed to the curacy of Lillingstone Dayrell, Bucks., he was ordained Priest 11 March 1759 and licensed to the curacy of Stoke Goldington, Bucks., all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Grafton Regis, Northamptonshire, 15 January 1765. He succeeded his father as Vicar of Potterspury in 1767 and became Rector of Alderton in June 1774, all in Northamptonshire. He held all these livings until his death. He was buried at Potterspury 13 July 1790 (Baker, *History of Northamptonshire*, ii, 179, 222).

P. 140 no. 18. James Clarke got the degree of LL.B. *per literas Regias* in 1769. He was ordained Priest 21 September 1760 by the Bishop of Peterborough. He was instituted Rector of Northborough, Northamptonshire, 18 July 1769, and held the living until 1794.

P. 140 no. 19. John Adams, eldest son of Samuel Adams, of Barbados, esquire, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 27 November 1753.

P. 140 no. 20. James Penfold was ordained Deacon 18 December 1757 and Priest 21 December 1760 by the Bishop of Chester. He was instituted Vicar of Long Burton, Dorset, 19 November 1761, on the presentation of Hugh, Earl of Northumberland, and Elizabeth his Countess. He is then described as of Petworth, Sussex. He resigned in 1763. He was instituted Vicar of Ferring 20 November 1766 and Vicar of Goring 4 May 1770, both in Sussex. He held both at his death 7 May 1812 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1812, i, 602 a, where he is stated to have been Vicar of Preston, Sussex, but this appears to be a mistake). On the south wall of the nave of Ferring church is a tablet with this inscription: "In memory of Anne, wife of the Rev. James Penfold, Vicar of this Parish, who departed this life the 13th June 1769 in the 31st year of her age. Oh! Reader be wise in time, and suffer the great realities of that awful state into which thou must very shortly enter to exert their full force and influence on thy daily conduct, remembering that the next remove and scene of being is Eternity" (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1811, i, 18, 19).

P. 140 no. 21. Robert Wilson was ordained Deacon 25 September 1757 by the Bishop of Rochester for the Bishop of London, at Fulham, and Priest 11 March 1759 by the Bishop of Bristol. He was instituted Vicar of North Curry, with the Chapel West Hatch and Stoke St Gregory, co. Somerset, 5 June 1760, on the presentation of the Dean and Chapter of Wells. He was appointed to the Prebend of Timberscomb in Wells Cathedral 26 August 1765 (Hardy's *Le Neve*, i, 182). He was instituted Vicar of Buckland Abbas or Buckland Newton, co. Dorset, 18 October 1786. On 12 September 1786, when he is described as chaplain to Edmund, Baron Boyle of Merston, co. Somerset, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold North Curry (valued at £200) with Buckland (valued at £200), the livings being stated to be not more than 28 miles apart. He held both rectories with the prebend until 1791.

P. 140 no. 22. Thomas Newton was ordained Priest 2 July 1758 by the Bishop of Chester. One of these names was licensed to the perpetual curacy of Hushwaite, Yorks., 22 August 1761, on the nomination of the Dean and Chapter of York.

P. 140 no. 23. After the list of those ordained by the Bishop of London 25 May 1755, there is a note: John Evat to be ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Lincoln, by letter of dimissory from the Bishop of London. He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of London 14 March 1756. He was instituted Rector of Laver Marney, Essex, 5 October 1763. William Drake who succeeded him was instituted 1 December 1764.

P. 140 no. 24. Charles Morris, gentleman, son of Roger Morris, late of the parish of St George's, Hanover Square, Middlesex, gentleman, deceased, was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 11 September 1750. It appears probable that this is Charles Morris, eldest son of Roger Morris by his second wife, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Philip Jackson, knt., of Pontrylas, co. Hereford. He was born 9 January 1735 and died unmarried in Italy (Burke, *Landed Gentry*, Morris of York; he is there described as of Jesus College, Cambridge).

P. 140 no. 25. William Webster was ordained Deacon 25 September 1757 and licensed to the curacy of North Wingfield, co. Derby, with a salary of £30, he was ordained Priest 21 September 1760, all by the Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield.

He was instituted Vicar of Hault Hucknell, co. Derby, 28 June 1765, on the presentation of the Duke of Devonshire, and Vicar of Tibshelf, co. Derby, 11 April 1768, on the presentation of William Atwood Lord. Both livings were filled up again in January 1796.

P. 141 no. 27. See the admission of the father, P. 80 no. 33. William Basket was in Holy Orders and of Yarmouth in the Isle of Wight. In 1777 he married Mary Hicks, and died without issue in 1823 (Hutchins, *History of Dorset*, iii, 172, where there is a pedigree).

P. 141 no. 28. William Green was ordained Deacon 21 December 1760 and Priest 6 June 1762, when he was licensed to the curacy of Fooks Cray, all by the Bishop of Rochester. He was instituted Vicar of Bexley, Kent, 10 April 1770. He died at Bexley 10 February 1808, aged 70. At the time of his death he had been for 37 years Vicar of Bexley, and for 38 years one of the mathematical masters of the Royal Military Academy at Woolwich (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1808, i, 271 b).

P. 141 no. 3. Richard Sutcliffe obtained the M.A. degree *per litteras Regias* in 1761. He may be the Richard Sutcliffe who was Master of Hipperholme Grammar School and incumbent of Lightcliffe near Halifax.

P. 141 no. 4. Christopher Milles purchased the estate of Nackington, and died in 1742. Richard Milles was returned as M.P. for the City of Canterbury 27 March 1761, 17 March 1768 and 7 October 1774; he sat until 1780, but did not sit in the next Parliament. He was one of the stewards at the Westminster School Anniversary in 1763. He married Mary daughter of Dr Thomas Tanner, D.D., prebendary of Canterbury. They had an only daughter, Mary Elizabeth, who married (i) 30 Nov. 1785 the Hon. Lewis Thomas Watson, afterwards second Lord Sondes, and (ii) Major-General Sir Henry Tucker Montresor. She died 29 September 1818 (Hasted, *History of Kent*, iii, 728; *Peerage*, under Lord Sondes).

P. 141 no. 6. Sir Alexander Gilmour was the only son of Sir Charles Gilmour of Craigmiller, by his wife Jean, daughter of Sir Robert Sinclair of Longformacus. He became an officer in the First Foot Guards. He accompanied his regiment to France, and was taken prisoner there in September 1758. The *Gentleman's Magazine* for 1758, p. 501, has the following note: "11 October 1758. Lord Frederick Cavendish and Sir Charles Gilmore, bart., arrived at Court on their paroles of honour to settle the exchange of prisoners," where Charles must be a mistake for Alexander. Sir Alexander Gilmour was returned as M.P. for the county of Edinburgh, at a by-election, 12 January 1761, and again at the general election 9 April 1761. He was re-elected 2 January 1766 on his appointment as one of the clerks of the household, and again 2 April 1768, sitting until 1774. He held his appointment as clerk-comptroller of the household, or clerk of the green cloth until 1778. He died at Boulogne-sur-Mer, France, 27 December 1792. The *Gentleman's Magazine* for 1792, p. 1220, in announcing his death states: "He married at a very early age and has left at least one son. He had been periodically subject to gout, and in the last fit which was more violent than usual, the English doctor who had been unluckily in London, did not return in time to attend him. From some pecuniary embarrassments (which however he had very nearly surmounted) Sir Alexander had lived in France many years, and most of them at Boulogne." The statement as to his marriage and issue seems to be incorrect, as most authorities agree in stating that he died unmarried and that with him the baronetcy became extinct (Burke, *Extinct and Dormant Baronetcies*, 623; Foster, *Members of Parliament, Scotland*, 148). I have seen advertised in a catalogue of second-hand books "An Act to enable Sir Charles Gilmour, Bart., to sell part of the Lands and Baronies of Craigmiller, co. Edinburgh, for payment of debts, circa 1735."

P. 141 no. 7. This is the celebrated John Horne, afterwards John Horne Tooke. John Horne, third son of John Horne, a poulterer in Newport Market, was born in Newport Street, Westminster, 25 June 1736, and baptized next day (*Parish Register of St Anne's, Soho*). In 1743 he was sent to a school in Soho Square, in 1744 he was sent to Westminster School and in 1746 he went to Eton. In 1753 he was with a private tutor at Sevenoaks in Kent, and in 1754 with a tutor at Ravenstone, Northamptonshire. He took his degree as a senior optime in the Tripos of 1758. It will be observed that he was sizar to Edwards Beadon (P. 111 no. 18), and that Richard Beadon (P. 142 no. 16), afterwards Bishop of Bath and Wells, was in

Horne's year. Richard Beadon maintained his friendship with Horne through all the vicissitudes of his stormy career. John Horne was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 9 November 1756. He apparently then kept terms for some time, making the acquaintance of two fellow students—John Dunning, afterwards Lord Ashburton, and Lloyd Kenyon, afterwards Lord Chief Justice of the King's Bench. In deference to the wishes of his family, however, Horne forsook the study of the law for the Church. He was ordained Deacon 23 September 1759 by the Archbishop of Canterbury in his chapel at Lambeth, and Priest 23 November 1760 by the Bishop of Salisbury. For a short time after leaving College he was usher in a private school at Blackheath, and after his ordination as Deacon held a curacy in Kent. On 26 September 1760 he became perpetual curate of St Lawrence, New Brentford, on the nomination of the Rector of Hanwell (Hennessy, *Novum Repertorium*, 195), the nomination had been purchased for him by his father. This he held for thirteen years. In 1763–4 he travelled abroad as tutor to the son of Elwes the miser. On returning to his living his biographer Stephens states that Horne worked hard in his parish, studying medicine and establishing a dispensary for his poorer parishioners. He was drawn however into the vortex of political controversy and contributed various articles to the Press, of which little record remains. In 1765 he again travelled abroad as tutor to the son of a Mr Taylor of Brentford. He made the acquaintance of Wilkes in Paris, visited Voltaire in Geneva, and stayed some time with Philip Rosenhagen (P. 147 no. 2) at Genoa. A portrait of Rosenhagen, in China ink, hung in Horne's house at Wimbledon many years afterwards. He returned to England in 1767, taking up his clerical duties and seems to have been sought after as a popular preacher. In 1768 he took up the cause of John Wilkes in the famous parliamentary election for the county of Middlesex, and gave his money, energies and time freely to the cause of that gentleman. He also published a pamphlet on some irregularities in the judicial proceedings connected with the case of Doyle and Valline, two Spitalfields weavers condemned to death. In 1769 he entered into a dispute with George Onslow, Member for Surrey, who had at one time supported Wilkes and afterwards taken office in the Grafton administration. The letters appeared in the *Public Advertiser*, and were also issued in pamphlet form. This led to an action for libel. Woodfall, the printer, acting under instructions gave up Horne's name as the author. The case came before Sir William Blackstone and ended in a non-suit. A new trial was moved for in the King's Bench and was granted. The case came before the Earl of Mansfield, Lord Chief Justice, and a verdict was obtained against Horne. From this he appealed to the Court of Common Pleas, and in 1771 the verdict was set aside, on the ground of misdirection. This was a great triumph for Horne, who was the real director of the proceedings, and a rebuff for Lord Mansfield.

Horne is stated by Stephens to have drawn up the Address of remonstrance and petition to the King, presented by the Lord Mayor (Beckford) and the Corporation of London on the case of Wilkes. He took a part in founding the 'Society for supporting the Bill of Rights.' He also took a prominent part in the proceedings against a printer named Bingley, who was prosecuted for publishing a letter from Wilkes reflecting on the administration of the Courts of Justice; in this Horne again triumphed over Lord Mansfield. In 1771 he engaged in a long controversy with Wilkes; being taunted with having first supported and then attacked Wilkes, he endeavoured to distinguish between Wilkes's private character and his public position. It is doubtful whether Horne appeared to advantage in the squabble, public feeling was with Wilkes. The whole correspondence is printed at length by Stephens. In 1771 Horne came to Cambridge to take the M.A. degree. This was opposed in the Senate on the ground that in his controversy with Wilkes he had traduced the clergy. Cole gives the following brief account of the matter in his collections for an *Athenae Cantabrigienses* (Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5871, article Horne): "This person is to be at Cambridge and to stay there some days, May 25, 1771, in order to take his degree.—He came down accordingly and great opposition in the Senate on Monday, July 1, 1771 about granting it. However being supported by the Johnians, with Mr Beadon, the Orator, at their head, to every one's surprise as he was lately made choice of by the Bishop of London, Terriek for his chaplain, he carried it by a great majority. Lord Montfort and Mr Hubbard of Emmanuel were at the head of the Non-Placets. It was said that he took his Master's degree as a step to qualify him to plead at the Bar, being determined to

quit his cassock." Cole has also copied a letter from Cambridge printed in the *Morning Chronicle*, 9 July 1771 (Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5876, article Montfort). This is printed in *The Eagle*, xx, 112-114. In after years Horne referred to this as one of the two struggles of his life, adding with regard to the M.A. degree: "a great dog might obtain it if able to articulate the words *probo aliter*." Within a few days of this he was involved in a wrangle with 'Junius,' in which he did not come off worsted. In 1773 Horne resigned his benefice at Brentford and began to study law with the view of being called to the Bar. These studies were interrupted by a fresh dispute in which he took a leading part. He had formed a friendship with a Mr William Tooke who had purchased an estate called Purley near Wimbledon. Over this estate a Mr De Grey claimed certain manorial rights, and with a view of settling all disputes in his favour had recourse to the decisive expedient of an Act of Parliament. The bill was undoubtedly unjust, but being influentially supported seemed likely to pass, all opposition to it being stifled. Mr Tooke summoned Horne to his aid. Horne took the daring step of inserting a letter in the *Public Advertiser* which was in effect, as it was intended to be, a gross libel on the Speaker, Sir Fletcher Norton. The matter was at once raised in the House of Commons as a question of privilege and Woodfall, the printer, on being summoned to the bar at once gave the name of Mr Horne as the author, adding that he was present in the House. Horne was brought to the bar and there stated his case and explained his motives. He was remanded in custody, but his case was too strong and he was discharged. His purpose was effected, the bill was dropped, and steps taken to prevent the possibility of such an affair in future.

The war with the American Colonies had now broken out, and a 'Society for Constitutional Information' got up a subscription for the widows and orphans of colonists "inhumanly murdered by the King's troops at Lexington and Concord in the province of Massachusetts on the 13th of April last" (1775). Horne, others flinching, signed the appeal. The matter caused some stir, but the Ministry took no proceedings against Horne till July 1777, when he was tried before Lord Mansfield for libel, found guilty, sentenced to imprisonment for a year, to be fined and to find sureties for good behaviour. He was imprisoned in the King's Bench prison. During his imprisonment he published his *Letter to John Dunning on the English Particle*, dated from the King's Bench prison 21 April 1778. In this commenting on the arguments against him, he complained that he had been made the "miserable victim of two prepositions and a conjunction." Of this pamphlet Dr Samuel Johnson expressed his approval, saying to Mr Seward "Were I to write a new edition of my Dictionary, I would adopt several of Mr Horne's etymologies: I hope they did not put the dog in the pillory for his libel; he has too much literature for that."

On coming out of prison he kept his terms and applied to the Inner Temple for his call to the Bar. This, after two applications, was refused on account of his Orders. He now purchased an estate at Witton near Huntingdon and took to farming, the capital being supplied with money obtained from the sale of his benefice and a bequest from his father. This however he soon abandoned and returned to London. In 1782 he took up the question of Parliamentary Reform. He now also assumed the additional name of Tooke, being designated the heir of Mr William Tooke. In 1786 he published the first volume of *Επεα Πτερόεντα* or *the Diversions of Purley*, a philological work of merit and value. This was dedicated to the University of Cambridge and to Dr Richard Beadon, then Master of Jesus College. He also published some other works, but as Stephens his biographer pointedly remarks 'took no part whatsoever' in the trial of Warren Hastings; perhaps the only public question of his time of which this could be said. In 1790 he stood as a candidate for the representation of Westminster, opposing Lord Hood and Mr Fox. He was unsuccessful. In 1794 he was arrested on a charge of high treason. The Ministry had employed spies to learn the real sentiments of suspicious political characters. One of these attached himself to Horne Tooke, who deluded and duped him. But the joke was serious and he was committed to the Tower. (His diary while in prison is printed in *Notes and Queries*, 8 Ser. xi, 22, 61, 103, 162.) He was tried at the Clerkenwell Sessions and acquitted, Erskine being his counsel. In 1796 he again stood for Westminster against Mr Fox and Admiral Sir Alan Gardner. After a poll extending over 15 days he was defeated. One curious incident being that Wilkes appeared on the first day and gave Horne Tooke his sole vote. On 14 February 1801, however,

Horne Tooke was returned to Parliament as M.P. for the borough of Old Sarum, on the nomination of Lord Camelford. As Horne Tooke had always denounced the 'borough mongers' this return caused some amusement, and it was asserted that Lord Camelford's butler and steward nominated the member for Old Sarum. Stephens however with some trouble ascertained that six electors had voted for Horne Tooke. Their names as a matter of fact appeared in *The Times* of 23 February 1801 and were reprinted in *The Times* of 22 February 1901. He took his seat and the oaths on February 16. Objection was at once taken to him on the ground of his Orders, and an enquiry into the matter was held by the House. He was in the end not excluded, but an Act was passed declaring clergymen ineligible for future parliaments. He held his seat for little over a year, vacating at the dissolution in 1802. In 1803 he succeeded to the estate of Mr William Tooke and took up his residence at Purley, where he resided till his death. In 1805 he published the second part of his *Diversions of Purley*. His health now began to fail, and he suffered from gout and other disorders. His mind remained active till the end. He died at Wimbledon 18 March 1812. He had wished to be buried in his own garden, and had prepared a tomb with an inscription. But his executors thought that this might diminish the value of the property, and he was buried in a private vault in the old churchyard at Ealing, where there is the following inscription to his memory: "John Horne Tooke, late of Wimbledon, Author of the *Diversions of Purley*, was born June 1736 and died March 18, 1812, contented and happy" (*Notes and Queries*, 3 Ser. vi, 88). During his last illness he destroyed a vast quantity of manuscripts and correspondence, including the third part of his philological work and a treatise on Moral Philosophy in express opposition to that of Archdeacon Paley.

Horne was no doubt a very complex personality. He was of unquestionable service to the cause of public justice and popular rights. If his methods were not always beyond criticism, he was superior to all sordid self-interest. Before he took the matter up debates in Parliament were supposed to be private, and no report of the speeches, except in fictitious form, had appeared. He organised the scheme whereby several printers nearly simultaneously published reports of some of the debates, and in consequence of his exertions and influence with the magistrates, they were able to brave and elude the utmost exertions of the House to punish them. He was treated with some injustice, his speculations and projects were more moderate than they appeared to his contemporaries, and his consistency at least was undoubted and one of the principal causes of the opprobrium with which the time-serving politicians of the day loaded him.

Of Horne Tooke, a portrait was painted by Brumpton in 1777, when he was a prisoner in the Rules of the King's Bench. Sir Francis Burdett had a bust of him by the elder Bacon; this was intended as a present for St John's College; it, however, never came to the College. Another bust was modelled by Chantry during Horne's last illness. A portrait of him by S. Percy appeared in the Exhibition of 1803. The chief authority for Horne Tooke's life is his *Memoirs*, published in two volumes by Alexander Stephens in 1813; there is a useful criticism in *The Eclectic Review*, x, 289-304 and 402-424. See also *Dictionary of National Biography*. In addition to the publications mentioned above the following works were published by him: (i) *The Petition of an Englishman; with which are given a copper plate of the Croix de St Pillory; and a true and accurate plan of some part of Kew Gardens*, London, 1765, 4to.; (ii) *A Sermon on Friendship* (Pl. lv. 12, 13), London, 1769; (iii) *Genuine Copies of all the Letters which passed between the Lord Chancellor and the Sheriffs of London and Middlesex, &c., relative to the execution of Doyle and Valline*, London, 1770; (iv) *Facts concerning the War, addressed to the landholders, stockholders, merchants, &c., of Great Britain*, 1780, with Dr Price; (v) *A letter [to Lord Ashburton] on Parliamentary Reform, containing a sketch of the plan*, London, 1782; (vi) *A letter to a friend on the reputed marriage of his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales*, London, 1787; (vii) *Two pair of portraits [Chatham and Holland; Pitt and Fox] presented to all the unbiassed Electors of Great Britain, and especially to the Electors of Westminster*, London, 1788.

P. 142 no. 8. Cole in his collections for an *Athenae Cantabrigienses* (Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS., 5869) has the following notes on Stephen Fovargue.

"This gentleman is of French extraction, from the colony of Walloons, at Thorney, in the Isle of Ely, and is son, if I mistake not, of a clergyman at Upwell or Outwell. He is a man, as I am told, of a good person, hasty and passionate,

and of an amorous complexion, which have brought his moral character into some discredit. In January, 1770, he horsewhipped, and with a kick in his belly, so maltreated a poor man, a Jip as we call them of the College, one Thomas Goode, who ran on errands in the College and looked after his horse, that the man, who had been in a very ill state of health for some time, died on Tuesday, February 6th, 1770; and dying told Dr Ewin's coachman, that he died of the wounds he received from Mr Fovargue. Hereupon a jury was summoned, and Messrs Dr Plumtre, Professor of Physic, Hales and Thackeray, Surgeons, attended, who all declared that there was no sign of any internal bruise which might occasion his death. I was at Cambridge that day. The gentleman, however, thought proper to abscond, and still continues to do so, February 14, though the Statutes of the College are favourable to him, expulsion from his Fellowship being only for *Homicidium Voluntarium*; and we can't suppose him such a villain as to mean to kill the poor man. Mr Fovargue has not appeared yet to take his trial, being apprehensive of a Cambridge Jury from his known ill character: it is supposed that he was half mad, as his actions always discovered such a disposition. I write this September 28, 1771.

"He went into France, and at Paris was forced to submit to play a common violin to strollers, and reduced to the utmost misery and distress; being outlawed his Fellowship was declared void, and his tenants of a small estate were fearful to pay their rent, as it might be demanded elsewhere; so rather than slave he came to Cambridge on Saturday or Friday, 26 or 27, and went to the Vice-Chancellor to surrender himself, who referred him to the Mayor, and was accordingly sent to the Castle, where he will be forced to lie till August, as being an outlaw, he can't have his trial next approaching Assizes. He came to Cambridge in long dirty ruffles, his hair tied up with a piece of pack-thread, and in a sailor's jacket, and yellow trousers. I write this March 2, St Chad, 1774. Pray God send him a good deliverance.

"In July, 1774, at the Assizes at Cambridge, he was acquitted on the depositions of the Physicians and two Surgeons, that the deceased died of a fever brought on by drinking, and that on inspection of the body no fracture or contusion could be found."

Cole adds: "*A new Catalogue of Vulgar Errors by Stephen Fovargue, A.M., Fellow of St John's College, Cambridge*, Cambridge 8vo., 1767, Pr. 2s. 6d. Pages 202, besides a Preface and Introduction of 8. It is a book of no value and has the mark of a flighty writer throughout: not the least part of the book is on music and sporting, viz. shooting and dogs and game.

"In 1775 he sold what little estate he had to Mr Squire of Peterborough, who told me of it, for an annuity, and died soon after in London."

See also some notes in MSS. Cole iii, Addl. MSS. 5804, fol. 60b.

Stephen Fovargue was ordained Deacon 23 September 1759 by the Bishop of Peterborough. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 25 March 1760. He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Lincoln 20 September 1760. He was elected Junior Bursar of the College 27 February 1768 and held the office until 1770. It will be observed that Cole states that Fovargue died in London, but the *Cambridge Chronicle*, 24 June 1775, states that he died in Bath. And the *Parish Register of St James', Bath*, has this entry among the burials: "1775, June 6, The Rev^d Mr Stephen Fovague" (*sic*), (*The Genealogist*, N. S., ix, 110).

The College *Admonition Book* contains the following entry with regard to him:

"Whereas in the month of February, 1770, Stephen Fovargue, B.D., then a Fellow of St John's College in the University of Cambridge, did depart from the said College, and soon after went out of the Kingdom, without the consent of the Master and Senior Fellows, or of the Master only, and without appointing a sponsor; and whereas the said Stephen Fovargue was on the 20th day of April, 1771, cited and required by us, the Master and Senior Fellows of the said College, to appear before us within forty days from the said twentieth day of April, and particularly on the twenty-ninth day of May then next following, in the Hall of the said College; and whereas the said Stephen Fovargue was on the 6th day of July last again cited and required by us, to appear before us within twenty days from the said sixth day of July, and particularly on the twenty-sixth day of the said month in the Hall of the said College; and whereas the said Stephen Fovargue was on the 27th day of October last a third time cited and required by us, to appear before us within the said College within sixty days from the said twenty-seventh day of October, and particularly to appear in the Hall of the said College on the twenty-sixth day of

December then next following; and in all the beforementioned citations the said Stephen Fovargue was required to show us cause why his Fellowship should not be declared to have been vacant from the expiration of eighty days from the day of his absenting himself from the said College, and also to show us cause why his Fellowship should not be declared to be vacant at the time of such citation, and also to show us cause, why we should not at the next usual and customary time of election of Fellows, or at some other time elect another person into his place or room; And whereas the said Citations and summonses were duly published by all the usual ways and means, and were well known to the said Stephen Fovargue, but the said Stephen Fovargue did not at any of the times therein prescribed, nor at any other time, appear, nor by himself or any other person, allege any cause for his not appearing; And whereas the said Stephen Fovargue has been found guilty by the coroner's inquest of voluntary homicide, and has been indicted by the Grand Jury of the County of Cambridge of wilful murder, and whereas the said Stephen Fovargue has been five times required at the Sheriff's Court to surrender and take his trial but has not appeared, and is now either outlawed or subject to an outlawry: Now we the Master and Senior Fellows of the said College, having considered all the circumstances before recited, and the several clauses in our Statutes relating to cases of this kind, do adjudge, that the said Stephen Fovargue has absented himself with an intention of quitting his studies here, and that he has brought very great scandal upon the College, and we further adjudge that he has forfeited and lost his Fellowship in the said College, and we declare his Fellowship to be vacant, and order his name to be taken out of our books. Given under our hands this 5th day of July 1772.

W. S. Powell,
G. Ashby,
J. Mainwaring,
J. Chevallier,

W. Craven,
W. Fairclough,
R. Beadon,
T. Ferris."

The following Orders were also made with regard to the Dividend of his Fellowship:

"29 January 1771. (After declaring the dividend of the year). Agreed that no share of the said dividend be assigned to Mr Fovargue till his case be more known and considered.

"6 July 1772. Whereas there is some difference of opinion about the time when Mr Fovargue's fellowship should have been declared vacant, it is agreed to allow him the dividend to 27 December last, being the last day upon which he was summoned to appear, either as a gift or as due to him."

P. 142 no. 10. Thomas Inman took the B.A. degree in 1758. He was buried 25 March 1758 (*Parish Register of All Saints', Cambridge*).

P. 142 no. 11. The Christian name of father and son should be Jacob. Jacob Houlton, the elder, was born in Size Lane, London, 31 July and was baptized 8 August 1710. He married in July 1735, Mary, daughter of Sir John Hinde Cotton, of Madingley, co. Cambridge. He was M.P. for Colchester and for the County of Hertford, he died 15 February 1770. Jacob Houlton, his eldest son, of Hallingbury Place (which he rebuilt), married in August 1770 Susannah Archer, eldest daughter and co-heiress of John Archer, esq. He died 14 October 1783 (*Morant, History of Essex*, ii, 513; *Harl. Soc. Publ.* xiv, 633-4, where there is a pedigree).

P. 142 no. 12. James Bennett was ordained Deacon 20 September 1761 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed to the curacy of Simpson, Bucks.

P. 142 no. 13. William Williams was ordained Priest 24 September 1758 by the Archbishop of Canterbury 'for Oxford diocese.'

P. 142 no. 14. John Currey was ordained Deacon 21 September 1760 by the Bishop of Ely, and Priest 20 December 1761 by the Bishop of Rochester. He was appointed one of the domestic chaplains of the Earl of Hyndford (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 4 October 1760). On 4 February 1768 he was presented by the College to the Rectory of Brinkley, co. Cambridge, and instituted 4 May. This he ceded on his institution 31 October 1769 to the Vicarage of East Dereham, Norfolk, which he held until his institution 24 April 1778 to the Vicarage of Dartford, Kent; he was instituted Rector of Longfield, Kent, 15 March, and again to Dartford, 16 March 1779, holding both these livings until his death. He married in August 1768 a Miss Elliott (Ashby's MS. in College Library, p. 273; Nichols, *Illustrations*,

vi, 691). She died 1 October 1788. The Rev. John Currey died 18 October 1824. A monument was erected, by subscription, to his memory in Dartford church; it has a medallion profile the size of life and the following inscription: "Sacred to the memory of the Rev. John Currey, M.A., forty-seven years Vicar of this parish, Rector of Longfield, and formerly Fellow of St John's College, Cambridge; who departed this life on the 18th day of October 1824, aged 89 years, and lies buried in Northfleet Church. For a perpetual remembrance of his virtues, to record their deep sense of his worth, and their heartfelt sorrow for their loss, his parishioners have caused this monumental tablet to be erected. We saw in him benevolence tempered with discretion, zeal controlled by sober judgment, piety adorned with simplicity approaching to almost that of the apostolic age." Below is sculptured a shield of arms: *Gules*, a saltire *argent*, in chief a rose, *Crest*, on a wreath a rose. James Currey, Fellow of Corpus, B.A. 1791 and George Gilbert Currey of Trinity, B.A. 1797 were sons of the Rev. John Currey (Nichols, *Literary Illustrations*, vi, 668, 690, 895; *Archaeologia Cantiana*, xviii, 397).

P. 142 no. 15. One James Bingham, third son of John Bingham, of the town of Derby, gentleman, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 15 November 1757. James Bingham, of St John's, was ordained Deacon 24 June 1759 by the Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry, and was licensed to the curacy of Duffield, co. Derby, with a salary of £35, he was ordained Priest 20 September 1760 by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed to the curacy of Loughborough, co. Leicester. He was instituted Rector of Farnborough, Berks., 7 June 1765, ceding this on his institution 12 February 1768 to the Rectory of Upminster, Essex, ceding this on his institution 17 January 1770 to the Rectory of Epperston, Notts. On 13 July 1773, when he is described as chaplain to Nathaniel, Lord Scarsdale, he received a dispensation to hold Epperston, valued at £190 with the vicarage of Calverton, Notts., within the peculiar of Southwell, valued at £50, the two benefices being contiguous. He held both livings until his death, at Wartnaby, co. Leicester (of which county he was a Justice of the Peace), 'far advanced in years' (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1819, i, 282 b).

One James Bingham was Vicar of Llanllwchaiarn, co. Montgomery 1763–1773, but this is probably another person.

P. 142 no. 16. Richard Beadon was ordained Deacon 21 December 1760 by the Bishop of Rochester, and Priest 31 May 1761 by the Bishop of St David's. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 25 March 1760, and his fellowship was filled up again 30 March 1773. He was Junior Dean of the College from 27 February 1768 to 20 April 1771, and was also for sometime one of the Tutors. He was Public Orator of the University from 1768 to 1778, and Master of Jesus College from 1781 until 1789, when he was elevated to the Episcopal Bench. He was chaplain to Dr Samuel Squire, Bishop of St David's, who appointed him Chancellor of his Diocese, with £200 a year (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 4 June 1763). He was appointed a preacher at Whitehall (*ibid.* 1 October 1763). He was appointed domestic chaplain to Dr Terrick, Bishop of London (*ibid.* 30 March 1771). He was collated by the Bishop of London to the Rectory of Little Burstead, Essex, 24 May 1771, and to the Prebend of Reculverland in St Paul's Cathedral 12 October 1771. He was appointed Archdeacon of London 22 February 1775, and advanced to the Prebend of Mapesbury in St Paul's (then ceding Reculverland) 23 February 1775. He was instituted Rector of Stanford Rivers, Essex, 2 September 1775, on the presentation of Lord Hyde, Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, and was collated by the Bishop of London to the Rectory of Orsett, Essex, 12 October 1775. On 1 September 1775 he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Little Burstead (valued at £160) with Stanford Rivers (valued at £350), the two livings being stated to be not more than 15 miles apart; and on 30 September 1775 he received a dispensation to hold Stanford Rivers (valued at £350) with Orsett (valued at £350), the two livings being stated to be not more than 15 miles apart. He then ceded Little Burstead. He was nominated Bishop of Gloucester 6 May 1789, elected the 18th. He was confirmed 6 June 1789 and consecrated next day in the Chapel of Lambeth Palace by the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Bishops of London, Peterborough, and St Asaph assisting. On 1 June 1789 he received permission to hold in *commendam* with his Bishopric the Prebend of Mapesbury in St Paul's with the Rectories of Stanford Rivers and Orsett in Essex. But he resigned the Archdeaconry of London and the Mastership of Jesus College. He

was elected Bishop of Bath and Wells 8 May 1802 and confirmed 2 June. He then ceded his Prebend and Rectories. He died at Bath 21 April 1824, aged 87, and was buried in Wells Cathedral 30 April. Dr Beadon married 18 August 1778 at Ditton, Rachel, daughter of Dr John Gooch, Rector of Ditton and Prebendary of Ely (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 22 August 1778). Cole in his collections for an *Athenae Cantabrigienses* has the following with regard to Beadon: "Orator of the University and made no small figure in that office at the Installation of his Grace the Duke of Grafton in 1769, in a very animated and sensible speech on the occasion. He seems to be a weakly man of a thin, spare, habit of body. Chancellor of St David's, Archdeacon of London, Rector of Orsett and Stanford Rivers, where he built a new house in 1777; his predecessor Lancaster leaving it dilapidated and nothing to recover. On 19 August 1778, Dr Gooch's birthday, he called on me on his way to his residence at Ely to tell me that his daughter Rachel was just then married to Mr Beadon at Ditton by his nephew John Gooch, and that the new married couple were set out for Stanford Rivers. He shewed me a fine gold-headed cane with J. G. on the top, just given him by his son-in-law, who told him that as he had deprived him of one of his staves, it was but fair and reasonable to give him another. 13 November 1778, Friday, he resigned the Oratorship, when the Vice-Chancellor appointed Wednesday the 18th for the choice of a successor, when it is thought Mr Pearce of St John's will succeed, Mr Cook of King's having quitted his pretensions on a foresight of disappointment; was within a vote of the Mastership against Dr Chevallier and would have filled that post with dignity. Dr Caryll dying at Canterbury, aged 74, of the gout in the stomach, on Monday 18 June 1781, the Bishop of Ely, who was thought to be in danger of dying of a dropsy, made haste to provide him of the Mastership of Jesus College, and so acquit himself of his many and great obligations to Bishop Gooch, whose son Dr John Gooch could never get anything but shuffling from him, refusing him the Chancellorship, Archdeaconry and a Prebend in Ely, which the Doctor had asked for Dr Beadon. The College was afraid Dr Watson or Dr Hallifax, neither of them popular in the University, would have been sent to them and seemed well pleased with Dr Beadon's appointment. He was installed Master 28 June 1781."

A fragment of Beadon's speech on presenting the Duke of Grafton is printed in Cradock's *Memoirs*, i, 151. Gilbert Wakefield (*Memoirs*, i, 132) referring to Beadon as Public Orator says: "which office I have heard him discharge with an excellent elocution, and a latinity, easy, elegant and copious." Cole in his collections (MSS. Cole xxi, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. fol. 28b) has a list, given to him by Mr (afterwards Sir Isaac) Pennington of how each Fellow of the College voted at the election of a Master on 15 April 1775. At the first scrutiny, 21 voted for Chevallier, 17 for Beadon and 3 for Ogden. At a second scrutiny Ogden's supporters gave their votes to Beadon. Considerable pressure was exerted in Beadon's favour; Lords North and Sandwich, and Dr Brownlow North, Bishop of Winchester, with other Prelates being very active in his favour. Dr Beadon was for some time tutor to the Duke of Gloucester, which is said to have led to his preferments. He only published two sermons: (i) *A Fast-day Sermon preached before the Lords Spiritual and Temporal in Westminster Abbey 19 April 1793*, 4to.; (ii) *A Sermon before the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts*, 4to.

Dr Beadon's mother, Mary, was a daughter of the Rev. Edward Squire, Rector of Oakford, he was thus related to Mrs Newcome, wife of Dr Newcome, Master of St John's, and to Dr Samuel Squire, Bishop of St David's (Hardy's *Le Neve*, i, 148, 442; ii, 325, 409, 432; Hennessy, *Norum Repertorium*, 7, 37, 47, xviii; Mayor-Baker, *History of St John's College*, ii, 729-30).

P. 142 no. 17. Francis Tong was ordained Deacon 21 May 1758 by the Bishop of Lincoln, with letters dimissory from the Archbishop of York, and Priest by the Archbishop of York 29 September 1759, and licensed to the curacy of Hessle, Yorks., with stipend of £35. He was instituted Vicar of Morton with Haconby, co. Lincoln, 8 September 1768, and Rector of Aisthorpe, co. Lincoln, 1 January 1783, on the presentation of G. T. Tufnell, esq.; on January 2 he was again instituted Vicar of Morton, holding both livings until his death 9 September 1795 at Burlington, Yorks. (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 18 January 1783; 19 September 1795; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1795, p. 794). His will was proved at York in October 1795.

P. 142 no. 18. Walter Edwards did not graduate. This is accounted for by the following entry in the College *Admonition Book*, which contains a record of the

graver punishments inflicted by the Master and Seniors : "Apr. 25, 1757. This day it was order'd by the Master and Seniors that W. Edwards should stay no longer in College; he having melted down a silver spoon belonging to the College, and sold part of it to a Silver-smith in this Town. *Witness, J. Newcome.*"

P. 142 no. 20. John Parker was ordained Deacon 23 December 1759 by the Bishop of Lincoln, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Peterborough. He was ordained Priest 15 February 1761 in Grosvenor Chapel, Middlesex, by the Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Slawston, co. Leicester, 17 February 1761, holding this until his death. He was instituted Vicar of Leake, co. Lincoln, 23 May 1764, on the presentation of the Governors of the Free Grammar Schools of Oakham and Uppingham (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 9 June 1764). This he ceded on his institution 24 June 1777 to the Rectory of Rockingham, Northamptonshire, on the presentation of Lord Sondes (*ibid.*, 28 June 1777). He ceded Rockingham on his institution 24 November 1797 to the Rectory of Lutton, Northamptonshire, this he held with Slawston until his death. He died at Uppingham 1 April 1800, aged 65 (Justin Simpson, *Obituary and Records for the Counties of Lincoln, Rutland, and Northampton*, 4).

P. 143 no. 22. This is the William Mayhew, the younger, of Furnival's Inn, gentleman, who was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn, 25 January 1755, by certificate of C. Pratt, treasurer. He migrated to Gray's Inn, where he was admitted 13 November 1758. He was called to the Bar 22 May 1759, became a Benchler of the Inn 9 February 1770, and was elected Treasurer 17 February 1774. He was High Steward and Recorder of Colchester, and also High Steward and Recorder of Ipswich and Attleborough, Suffolk. He married Frances, daughter of P. Perceval, and died without issue 24 November 1787 (Burke, *Landed Gentry*, Mayhew of Platt Bridge).

P. 143 no. 23. Yorick Smythies was ordained Deacon 23 September 1759 and Priest 15 February 1761 by the Bishop of Rochester, at Fulham, for the Bishop of London. He was instituted Rector of Little Bentley, Essex, 17 October 1765, and to the Rectory of St Martin's, Colchester, 12 April 1770, holding the two livings by dispensation, their value being upwards of £230 a year (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 21 April 1770). He was chaplain to the Royal Regiment of Horse Guards Blue and to John, Earl Waldegrave (*ibid.*, 24 March 1770). He held both his livings until his death, at Colchester, 13 October 1824, aged 89 (*ibid.*, 22 October 1824). He was the author of *A sermon* [on 1 Cor. iii. 9]; *Cooperation of human benevolence with the divine*; preached in St Peter's, Colchester, for the benefit of the Sunday Schools there, 8vo., Colchester, 1789.

P. 143 no. 24. See the admission of the father, P. 9 no. 27. Richard Brome, the younger, was ordained Deacon 22 December 1759 by the Bishop of Salisbury. He was ordained Priest 7 March 1762, and licensed to the curacy of Ixworth, Suffolk, by the Bishop of Norwich. He was instituted Rector of Newton-Flotman, Norfolk, 24 February 1763, and on the presentation of Thomas Crofts, esq., was instituted Rector of Knettishall, Suffolk, 31 October 1768 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 12 November 1768). He was licensed to the perpetual curacy of St Lawrence, Ipswich, 16 June 1775. He held all three benefices until his death on 31 July 1790 in the 63rd year of his age. "In domestic life he was kind and affectionate, as a clergyman, he was strict and punctual in all the duties of his office, and firm and zealous in the cause of true religion. In him the poor found a real friend and benefactor, and by his death society has lost a pleasing and instructive companion" (*Ipswich Journal*, 7 August 1790). His widow died 5 June 1812, aged 75 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 19 June 1812).

The *Ipswich Journal* for 14 August 1790 contains an *Elegy to the Memory of the Reverend Mr Brome*.

P. 143 no. 25. See the admission of a brother P. 102 no. 43. John Allott was the third son. He had letters dimissory from the Archbishop of York, dated 22 December 1758, to be ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield, by whom he was ordained Deacon 24 December. Next day he was licensed by the Archbishop of York to the curacy of Felkirk, with a stipend of £25. He was instituted Vicar of South Kirkby 11 June 1759. He married Ann, daughter of Hugh Hammersley, of Doncaster, attorney. He died in 1813 (Hunter, *Familiae Minorum Gentium*, *Harleian Soc. Publ.*, xxxviii, 504, where there are pedigrees).

P. 143 no. 26. Christopher Seymour was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Hereford in the Chapel in Spring Gardens, Westminster, with letters dimissory from the Archbishop of York, 19 February 1758, he was made Priest by the Archbishop of York 21 September 1760, when he was licensed to the curacy of Wetwang with a stipend of £30.

P. 143 no. 27. James Henvill was ordained Priest 2 March 1760 by the Bishop of Peterborough. He was instituted Rector of Rowne, Hants., 3 March 1760, and held the living until his death in 1805, aged 70. He married Susanna, daughter of Ralph Keddon of Haylands, Isle of Wight, and left issue. He was a son of William Henvill of Haydon, in the parish of Lydlinch, Dorset (not the parish of Haydon near Sherborne), and Joyce his wife, daughter of Edward Pranker of Milborne (Hutchins, *History of Dorset*, ii, 727, where there is a pedigree).

P. 143 no. 28. William Ferne was ordained Deacon 24 December 1758 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed to the curacy of Breedon, co. Leicester.

P. 143 no. 29. The Rev. J. Ingle Dredge, Rector of Buckland Brewer, Devon, writes: "John Rowe was admitted to the Vicarage of Awliscombe, Devon, 26 December 1763. Patron, John, Duke of Bedford. On the death of Rowe, Thomas Roskilly succeeded 14 May 1771." (Oliver, *Eccles. Antiq.*, i, 70.) This seems to fit, and especially as he was of Tavistock.

P. 143 no. 30. Robert Barker migrated to Queens' College, his admission there being recorded as follows: "Robertus Barker, Derbiensis, admissus in Coll. Divi Johannis ante comitia 1754, translatus ad nos Martii 25^o, 1756; Mro Michell, et Mro Newcome." He took the degree of B.A. 1758, M.A. 1761, and B.D. 1770. He was ordained Deacon 24 June 1759 by the Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry, and Priest 2 March 1760 by the Bishop of Ely. He became Fellow and Tutor of Queens' College, and was Senior Proctor of the University 1768-9. He was instituted Rector of St Botolph, in the town of Cambridge, 17 June 1766, this he ceded on being instituted Vicar of Youlgrave, co. Derby, 18 August 1770, on the presentation of the Duke of Devonshire. He attended Prince Poniatowski, nephew of the King of Poland, for three years during his travels in Europe (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 16 October 1773). He was presented by Queens' College to the Rectory of Hickling, Notts., and instituted 14 January 1775. On 13 January 1775 he had a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Youlgrave (valued at £90), with Hickling (valued at £180), the two benefices being stated to be not more than 29 miles apart. In a volume preserved in Queens' College known as 'Dr James' Book,' having been begun by him, there is a note on Robert Barker in the handwriting of Dr Plumtre (President, 1760-1788), in these words: "Barker, Robert, B.D., presented by the College to Hickling in Nottinghamshire, 9 January 1775, by which his Fellowship was vacated in the following year. He had been Tutor of the College for several years, but had about a year before resigned his Tutorship, and at the time the living became vacant was travelling abroad with Prince Poniatowski, nephew of the reigning King of Poland, who had spent some months before in Cambridge to pursue his studies." Robert Barker held Youlgrave and Hickling until his death at the end of November 1796 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 3 December 1796). He is mentioned as a writer in the controversy occasioned by the publication of *The Confessional*, and the presentation of the Clergy's petition to the House of Commons (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1780, p. 225).

P. 143 no. 32. The Hon. Charles Murray was ordained Deacon 23 September 1759, by the Bishop of Rochester at Fulham, for the Bishop of London.

P. 143 no. 33. Stebbing Shaw was ordained Deacon 23 September 1759 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed next day to the curacy of Heather, co. Leicester. He was ordained Priest 20 December 1761 by the Bishop of Salisbury, with a title in the Diocese of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Hartshorn, co. Derby, 17 July 1769, and Rector of Newton Regis, co. Warwick, 8 November 1782, ceding the latter in 1784. He was instituted Rector of Seckington, co. Warwick, 6 July 1785, holding this with Hartshorn until his death, 31 January 1799, aged 63. "In the former parish [Hartshorn], where he had almost constantly resided 30 years, his loss will be more particularly lamented as an assiduous and excellent minister. His surviving issue are the historian of Staffordshire and one daughter" (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1799, p. 169). His son Robert died at Hartshorn, 5 August 1792

(*ibid.*, 1792, p. 771*b*). His daughter married Captain Gillam of the 12th Regiment of Foot (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 16 February 1805). His son, Stebbing Shaw, Fellow of Queens' College, succeeded him as Rector of Hartshorn. The father had bought two turns of the Rectory of Lord Stanhope (*The Autobiography of Sir Egerton Brydges*, i, 55). On Stebbing Shaw, the younger, see Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, ix, 202-3.

P. 143 no. 34. John Hutchinson was ordained Deacon 25 June 1758 by the Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield and licensed to the curacy of Barrow, co. Derby. He was ordained Priest 24 December 1758 by the same prelate, with letters dimissory from the Archbishop of York. On 23 August 1770 he was licensed (by the Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield) first Usher of the Free School of Repton, co. Derby, on the nomination of trustees. He was instituted Vicar of Barrow with the charge of Twyford, co. Derby, 24 June 1773, and held the living until 1803.

P. 144 no. 35. The Rev. T. W. Hutchinson, Vicar of Great Wilbraham, sends the following extract (*Wakefield Court*, Vol. ix, A. K. 4 $\frac{2}{3}$, 61 $\frac{2}{3}$): "23 April 1755 Sale of land to Bland by Thomas Hutchinson, gent., of St John's College, Cambridge, son of Dorothy Hutchinson, deceased (late Dorothy Birkbeck), the late wife of Joshua Hutchinson of Kirkby Stephen, co. Westmorland, maltster—and nephew and heir of Edward Birkbeck, late of Pocklington, Yorks., clerk, deceased."

This Edward Birkbeck was Master of Pocklington School and a member of the College. See his admission (as Birbeach), P. 74 no. 9.

P. 144 no. 37. For some notes on the Pocklington family see the note on Part ii, P. 52 no. 7. Christopher Pocklington is not mentioned in Burke's *Peerage*, *Baronetage*, &c., among the children of Admiral Pocklington (Baronetcy of Domville).

P. 144 no. 1. Thomas Bateman was ordained Deacon 10 June 1759 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and Priest 21 December 1760 by the Bishop of Chester. He was instituted Vicar of Frampton, co. Lincoln, 22 December 1763, ceding this on his institution 28 October 1768 to the Vicarage of Whaplode, co. Lincoln; this latter he held until his death. He was Master of the Grammar School at Boston from 1759 to 1769. He was also one of the domestic chaplains to the Duke of Gordon. He died at Peterborough 3 October 1801 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 31 October 1801). He was the author of the following works: (i) *A Treatise of Agistment Tithe in which the nature, right, object, mode of payment, and method of ascertaining the value of each species of it are explained*, London, 1778, 8vo.; (ii) *An appendix to the Treatise on Agistment Tithe containing copies of the bill, answers and decree in the cause of Bateman against Aistrup for the tithe of the agistment of sheep, etc. To which is added a copy of the original endowment under which the plaintiff's right to these tithes was claimed and allowed. And a copy of the bill of costs, etc., with notes and observations*, London, 1779, 8vo.; (iii) *The Necessity and Advantages of Religious Principles in the Soldier's Life; A sermon [on 2 Chron. xv. 1, 2] before Sir G. Savile's Regiment of Yorkshire Militia and a Company of Artillery at Farnham Camp*, London, 1778, 4to.; (iv) *Two sermons on the resurrection of the Body [on 1 Cor. xv. 35]*, London, 1780, 4to.; (v) *The intermediate state of the soul; a sermon [on Luke xxiii. 42, 43]*, London, 1780, 4to.; (vi) *The Royal Ecclesiastical Gazetteer; or Clergyman's pocket calendar. Containing an alphabetical list of all the livings in England, in the gift of the King, the Prince of Wales, the Lord Chancellor of England, and the Chancellor of the Dutchy Court of Lancaster, to which is added an alphabetical index*, London, 1774, 12mo., of this there seem to have been several editions; (vii) *Ecclesiastical Patronage of the Church of England, containing an Alphabetical Register of all the Ecclesiastical Dignities and Benefices in the gift of all the archbishops, bishops, archdeacons, deans, and chapters in England, in each county separate*, London, 1782, 8vo.

P. 144 no. 3. Lawson Shan did not graduate until 1762, when he took the LL.B. degree. John Shan, the father, was of Queens' College. He was Vicar of Chicheley and Rector of Farnish. He married Barbara, daughter of the Rev. Thomas Remington, Vicar of Easton Maudit (Waters, *The Chesters of Chicheley*, 182, where there is a pedigree).

Lawson Shan was ordained Deacon 15 December 1757 and licensed to the curacy of Little Wolston, Bucks., he was ordained Priest 24 December 1758 and licensed

to the curacy of Great Linford, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Great Linford, Bucks., 14 August 1762, on the presentation of Sir Roger Newdigate, bart., and William Boget, esq., for Francis Uthwayt, esq. In the church of Chicheley in the floor of the nave there is a slab with this inscription: "Under this stone lie entombed the remains of the Revd. Mr Lawson Shan, late Rector of Great Linford, in this county. Exemplary in the discharge of every Christian duty, greatly beloved and lamented, he finished his course in the meridian of his days but ripe for eternity, on Jan^y 22^d, 1770, aged 36 years" (Lipscombe, *History of Buckinghamshire*, iv, 98, 226).

Cole in his Buckinghamshire Collections (MSS. Cole xxviii, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5829, fol. 92 *b*) has the following note: "Robert Chapman, Rector of Great Wolston, was presented [*i.e.* to Great Linford] by Henry Uthwat, esq., on Mr Barton's death in 1755, to hold it in trust for Mr Lawson Shan, then a minor at St John's College, Cambridge, and second son to Mr John Shan, Vicar of Chicheley. By reason of a doubt in relation to the right of patronage between Mr Andrews of Buckingham, guardian to his son, who is in the Entail of the Estate after Mr Henry Uthwat's widow, and the said Mrs Uthwat, who has the estate for life by the will of her late husband, and so claims the patronage for her time; whence Mr Andrews has put in a caveat against her Presentation. The Bishop has refused to accept of Mr Chapman's resignation, which has been offered, but I was told by Dr Forester this week that the Bishop upon being informed of the state of the case designs to accept forthwith of Mrs Uthwat's presentation of Mr Shan. Feb. 23, 1760, W. C." At fol. 93 *b*, Cole gives the following letter from the Bishop of Lincoln addressed to the Rev. Mr Chapman, Rector of Great Linford:

Buckden, Octob. 3, 1759.

Rev^d Sir,

I have receiv'd your resignation of the Parish Church of Great Linford in the County of Bucks and in my Diocese, drawn up in due form of law and sign'd and seal'd by you and attested by two credible witnesses. By this absolute and entire resignation of your Living into my hands, you have honestly and honourably discharged the obligation of your Bond; but your engaging to procure my acceptance of the said Resignation is illegal, as being out of your power to perform and no man can be bound to an impossibility. This is therefore to acquaint you, That I will not accept of your resignation till sufficient security be given to me for Mr Lawson Shan's succeeding to the Rectory of Great Linford upon your resignation being accepted; for you are bound to resign only for the use of the said Lawson Shan; and I was determined not to accept of your resignation, but for his use only; and you must continue to hold the Rectory of Great Linford till such time and assurance be given me that you shall be succeeded in that living by the said Mr Lawson Shan.

I am Sir,

Your affectionate Brother,

JOHN LINCOLN.

P.S. You will signify to me that you have received this letter and acquainted the Persons concerned with the contents of it.

P. 144 no. 4. William Duff, the father, Baron Braco in the Peerage of Ireland, and afterwards Viscount Macduff and Earl of Fife, was twice married. Lewis, Louis, or Ludovic Macduff was his fourth son (or sixth, according to some authorities) by his second wife Jean, daughter of Sir James Grant of Grant, bart. The Hon. Ludovic Duff became a captain in the 8th regiment of Foot. He married at Harwich 27 October 1767 Deborah, daughter of Griffith Davies, esq., but had no issue. She died at Mr Duff's seat, Blervie, 19 March 1796. The Hon. Louis Duff died 14 October 1811 in Craven Street, London (Archdale, *Lodge's Peerage*, iii, 57; Wood's Douglas, *Peerage of Scotland*, i, 577; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1811, ii, 488).

P. 144 no. 5. Robert Devereux Bateson (the father), gentleman, son and heir-apparent of William Bateson of Bourton-on-the-Hill, co. Gloucester, esquire, was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 13 June 1713. He matriculated at Oxford from Brasenose College, 14 November 1710, aged 18.

Robert Bateson (the son), matriculated at Oxford from University College, 12 May 1752, aged 18 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). The father is called Robert B. in the entry of his own and of his son's matriculation. He married Anne, second daughter of Allen Cliffe, of Mathern, co. Worcester. Robert Bateson, the

younger, died without issue (Muskett, *Suffolk Manorial Families*, i, 120, where there is a pedigree).

P. 145 no. 6. Rogers Holland, of Chippenham, Wilts., esquire, was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn 1 November 1751, and was called to the Bar 20 June 1760. Rogers Holland, the father, was a Barrister of Gray's Inn and M.P. for the borough of Chippenham, 1727 to June 1737, when he was appointed Chief Justice of the counties of Carnarvon, Merioneth, and Anglesey. He died at Chippenham 17 July 1761 (W. R. Williams, *History of the Great Sessions in Wales*, 114).

P. 145 no. 7. Thomas Jephson was many years master of the Grammar School at Camberwell. He died 29 April 1815, aged 75. The *Gentleman's Magazine* for 1815, i, 475 *b*, has the following with regard to him: "It may be truly said that he was an honest and good man, strictly fulfilling the duties of his station in life; for a more useful or better one could scarcely be passed, the major part of it being spent in instilling the principles of moral rectitude into the minds of his pupils. If it could with strict propriety be said of any human being, it may be of him, 'That he was a man in whom there was no guile.' Thomson must have had just such another good creature in his eye when he described

'A little man, close button'd to the chin,
Broad cloth without, an honest heart within.'

This is not the language of adulation, but the dictates of truth; and it is an old scholar, feeling grateful for past kindnesses and attentions, that pays this little tribute of respect. And many gentlemen in the City of London can bear testimony to the undeviating and incessant care that he bestowed upon their education, and will drop the tear of affection and breathe the sigh of grateful recollection to his memory." Some verses follow. Mr Thomas Jephson does not seem to have been in orders.

P. 145 no. 8. John Sarraude, son of Moses Sarraude, of Duney, Wilts., *plebeius*, matriculated at Oxford from Oriel College 17 December 1729, aged 17. He took the B.A. degree at Oxford from Merton College in 1733, and the M.A. at Cambridge from St John's in 1755 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He was ordained Deacon 9 June 1734 by the Bishop of Salisbury, and Priest 19 February 1743 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Coleby, co. Lincoln, 20 February 1743, and Rector of Sutton upon Derwent, co. York, 1 August 1750. He was also instituted Rector of Elvington, Yorks., 21 December 1754. On 18 December 1754, when he had ceased to be Vicar of Coleby and is described as chaplain to Hannah Sophia, Countess Dowager of Exeter, he received a dispensation to hold both Sutton and Elvington, there stated to be of the respective values of £100 and £80. He seems to have held both until 1798.

P. 145 no. 9. Stayner Holford, youngest son of Robert Holford, esquire, deceased, one of the Masters in Chancery, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 25 May 1762. See the admission of an elder brother, P. 83 no. 25.

P. 145 no. 10. See the admission of his father (Part ii, P. 170 no. 20). This Samuel Drake migrated to Gonville and Caius College, where he was admitted as son of the Rev. Samuel Drake, of Treeton, Yorks. He was a Scholar of that College from Michaelmas 1756 to Michaelmas 1763. He took the B.A. degree in 1760. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Peterborough 21 September 1760 and Priest at York 25 May 1766 as curate of Feliskirk (Dr Venn). His widow was living at York in 1804. A Samuel Drake was instituted Vicar of Llanllwchaiarn, co. Montgomery, 17 June 1773, and one of these names Rector of Hauxwell, Yorks., 21 May 1789. Both these benefices were vacant in 1799. (There is a pedigree in Hunter's *Familiae Minorum Gentium*, *Harleian Soc. Publ.* xxxix, 1162).

P. 145 no. 11. Robert Dowbiggin was ordained Deacon 21 September 1760 and licensed curate of Hutton Cranswick on the nomination of his father, he was ordained Priest 29 November 1761, all by the Archbishop of York. He was appointed Master of the Hospital of St John the Baptist in Northampton 9 December 1762. Instituted Rector of Stoke Goldington, Bucks., 12 April 1766, and Rector of Wappenham, Northamptonshire, 14 July 1766. On 2 July 1766, when he is described as chaplain to John, Bishop of Lincoln, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Stoke Goldington (valued at £190) with Wappenham (valued at £200), the benefices being stated to be 16 miles apart. He was collated Sub-Dean of Lincoln 28 June 1769; he was collated to the Prebend of

Welton Brinkhall in Lincoln Cathedral 8 August 1769, but ceded this on being collated, 2 September 1773, to the Prebend of Leighton Buzzard in the same Cathedral. With the exception of the Prebend which he resigned, he held all his other preferments till his death. He died at Stoke Goldington and in the floor of the chancel there there is a slab with this inscription: "Sacred to the memory of the Revd. Rob. Dowbiggin, D.D., Sub-Dean of Lincoln and Rector of this Parish, who died Nov. 19th 1794, aged 54 years" (Baker, *History of Northamptonshire*, i, 729; Hardy's *Le Neve*, ii, 41, 173, 230; Lipscombe, *History of Buckinghamshire*, iv, 162, 355; *Cambridge Chronicle*, 29 November 1794; *Gentleman's Magazine*, lxxviii, 353 b; *ib.* 1794, 1061 a). Cole has the following notes on Robert Dowbiggin in his account of the Rectors of Stoke Goldington (MSS. Cole xxxviii, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5839, fol. 364 b): "Robert Dowbiggin of St John's College in Cambridge, son of a Vicar in Yorkshire of 25 *li.* per annum with several children, nephew to Bishop Green, who gave him the Mastership of St John's Hospital in Northampton, and would have given him the Chancellorship had he not been ashamed to produce such a poor creature, as he is reported to be, into the world; for I have never seen him. He is married to an awkward wife, and was inducted into this living in May 1766.—I saw him since at the Visitation of the Archdeacon at Newport Pagnell, 17 June 1766, and seemingly never saw a poorer creature, both in person, understanding and behaviour. He was then indeed more than ordinarily elevated, being just then, about a week before, collated to a second good living of between £200 and £300 per annum in Northamptonshire, vacant by the death of Mr Meade, a native of Blechley and Prebendary of Lincoln. Mr Watson, Vicar of Newport Pagnell, told me 24 June at Mr Barton's at Sherington, that Mrs Dowbiggin was the Bishop's niece, and that her father was a blacksmith, who has several other daughters, who may all reasonably hope to be as well provided for in the Church as their elder sister. It is said he has the promise of the Registrarship of Leicester on the death of Mr Hillesden Franks. The other living he holds with this is called Wappenham, for which his Dispensation passed the Seals on Thursday 3 July 1766, being called chaplain to the Bishop of Lincoln.—I am since informed by Mr Barton, March 1767, that the Bishop has given him the Registrarship of Leicester. But that it is supposed he is forced to pay pensions out of his preferments towards the support of the Bishop's, or his own mother, or both, &c.—I have since heard that Mrs Dowbiggin's father was a miller, and that he has other daughters; one of them was married about 1772 to Mr [John Wheeldon], Scholemaster at St Ives, to whom the Bishop presently gave a living."

P. 145 no. 12. Thomas Dade was ordained Deacon by the Archbishop of York 29 September 1759; the Archbishop's Register has the note: "Mr Dade's father who nominated him to be his curate at Barmston dying before the ordination, he had no regular title; but the Archbishop admitted him upon his assuring his Grace that he had an estate of £64 per annum." He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Ely 15 February 1761, he to be chaplain to a regiment. He was instituted Rector of Middleton in Teesdale, co. Durham, 6 May 1774, on the presentation of the Earl of Darlington. He was then chaplain to the 20th Regiment of Foot and also chaplain to Thomas, Lord Ducie (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 14 May 1774; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1774, p. 239). He ceded Middleton on his institution 9 November 1778 to the Rectory of West Heslerton with the curacy of East Heslerton annexed, and on 30 October 1784 he was instituted Vicar of Burton Agnes with the Chapelry of Harpham annexed, on the presentation of Sir William St Quintin, bart., both these benefices are in Yorkshire, he was empowered to hold them together by dispensation 28 October 1784, the value of West Heslerton being stated as £200 and of Burton Agnes £300 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 6 November 1784). He was appointed chaplain to the Duke of York (*ibid.* 5 July 1788). He died 31 October 1806 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1806, p. 1169), being then Rector of Heslerton and Vicar of Burton Agnes.

P. 145 no. 13. Montague Bertie was ordained Deacon 20 September 1761 and licensed to the curacy of Ketton, co. Rutland, he was ordained Priest 7 March 1762 (with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Salisbury), all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Rodbourne Cheyney, Wilts., 8 March 1762, on the presentation of Peregrine Bertie, junior, and held the living until his death (Phillipps, *Institutiones Wiltoniae*, ii, 80, 89). He was buried at Uffington, co. Lincoln, 22 August 1768. Mr Justin Simpson sends the following extracts from the *Parish*

Register of Uffington: "1738, Montague, son of Charles Bertie, esq., and Bathsheba his wife, was born the second day of August 1737 and baptized in the parish of St Anne's, Westminster; Charles, son of Charles Bertie, junior, esq., and Mary his wife, and grandson to the Honble. Mr Charles Bertie, was born February 13th 170⁶, about 7 in the morning in Newport Street, in the parish of St Anne's, Westminster, and was christened there 5 March; Bathsheba, wife of Charles Bertie, esq. (died September 13), buried in the parish church of Stepney, London, 1755; *Mem.* That Charles Bertie, esq., died at Lisham Green, in the parish of St Mary Lee Bone, Middlesex, on Friday the 26th day of April 1784, and was buried at Stepney, near London." These entries prove that Montague Bertie was descended from Montague Bertie, second Earl of Lindsay (Burke, *Dormant and Extinct Peerages*, 51).

P. 145 no. 14. Anthony Hosken, A.M. (the father), was admitted to the Vicarage of Bodmin 4 November 1735, upon the presentation of Sir John Prideaux of Netherton, baronet. In Bodmin church is a stone with this inscription:

"Near this place are deposited the remains of the Rev. Anthony Hosken, A.M., Vicar of this Parish and Rector of Lesnewth—both in this county, who died 21 November 1766, aged 55. And also the remains of his son, the Rev^d John Hosken, B.D., Fellow of St John's College, Cambridge, and Rector of Great Oakley in the county of Essex. He died March 19th 1783, aged 45" (Sir John Maclean, *History of Trigg Minor*, i. 149, 169; Boase, *Collectanea Cornubiensia*, 391).

"Beneath this stone are deposited the remains of Susanna Hosken, widow of the Rev^d Anthony Hosken, and daughter of the Rev^d Wm Pennington. She departed this life May 3^d 1791, aged 72 years" (Maclean, i, 159).

John Hosken was admitted a Fellow of the College 10 March 1761. He had a year of grace granted by the College 18 February 1769. He was presented by the College to the Rectory of Great Oakley, Essex, 11 May 1778, and instituted 1 June 1778. The *Cambridge Chronicle* of 19 April 1783 states that he died in Cornwall. One John Hosken was instituted Vicar of Manaccan, Cornwall, 19 February 1766 and the living was filled up in 1778, the year of John Hosken's institution to Great Oakley. So that it is probably the same person. He held Great Oakley until his death.

P. 145 no. 15. Millington Massey was admitted to Manchester School 2 October 1749. He was Senior Wrangler in the year 1759, and was admitted a Fellow of the College 22 March 1763, his fellowship was filled up again in 1772. He was ordained Deacon 17 May and Priest 6 September 1761 by the Bishop of Chester. He was elected by the University (in right of Lord Petre, a Roman Catholic patron) to the Rectory of West Hornby with Ingrave, Essex (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 2 November 1765). On 8 July 1766 there was a contested election for the Rectory of Thwaite St Mary, Norfolk (the patron, the Duke of Norfolk, being a Roman Catholic), he polled 55 votes, being defeated by Mr John Story, Fellow of Magdalene, who polled 58 (Cooper, *Annals of Cambridge*, iv, 343). He was elected by the University (in right of the Duke of Norfolk) to the cure of Bungay St Mary, Suffolk (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 21 March 1767). He was appointed domestic chaplain to Viscount Weymouth, one of the principal Secretaries of State, who presented him to the Rectory of Corsley, Wilts. (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 21 May 1768) and was instituted 12 May 1768. He was presented by the same patron to the Rectory of Kingston Deverell, Wilts. and instituted 23 November 1770. He was empowered by dispensation to hold these two livings together, their united value being £220 a year (*ibid.* 1 December 1770). In 1773 he was collated by the Bishop to the Vicarage of Warminster, Wilts. (Phillipps, *Institutiones Wiltoniae*, ii, 86), holding this by dispensation with his other preferment. On 19 November 1770 he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Corsley (valued at £70) with Kingston Deverell (valued at £135), the livings being stated to be not more than 7 miles apart. And on 7 December 1773 he had a dispensation to hold Kingston Deverell (valued at £160) with Warminster (valued at £100), the two livings being not more than 10 miles apart. He seems to have ceded Corsley in 1783, but held his other Wiltshire benefices until his death. On a flat stone within the Communion rails of the church at Warminster there is this inscription: "Sacred to the memory of the Rev. Millington Massey Jackson, A.M., formerly of Dunham Massey in the county of Chester, and Fellow of St John's College, Cambridge, 33 years Vicar of this parish and Rector of Kingston Deverell. He departed this life the 26 December 1807, aged 70 years" (Hoare, *History of Modern Wiltshire*, iii (2), 18).

Under the will of Joseph Jackson, of Rostherne, esq., he succeeded to the manor of Baggiley, Cheshire, and assumed the additional name of Jackson. The *Ecclesiastical Annual Register* for 1808 states that: "As a clergyman, he was pious, conscientious and exemplary; though dignified, he was agreeable, cheerful and unassuming; hospitable, benevolent and liberal." He was twice married, his second wife, daughter of Charles and Elizabeth Aldridge, died at Bath 10 March 1826, aged 66. There is an inscription to her memory in the church at Warminster (*Manchester School Register*, i, 35, 225; ii, 286).

P. 145 no. 16. Richard Hewett was licensed by the Bishop of Chester to be Headmaster of Hawkshead School 15 May 1759 on the nomination of the Governors. He resigned the mastership in 1766. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Chester 6 September 1761. He succeeded his father as Vicar of Thornton cum Allerthorpe, and was also incumbent of Fangfoss with Barmby Moor, both in Yorkshire. He died at Pocklington 6 September 1787, aged 51 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 15 September 1787).

P. 145 no. 17. Wheler Bunce was admitted a Platt Fellow of the College 10 March 1761, holding it until 1767. He was ordained Deacon 23 September 1759 and Priest 12 May 1761 by the Bishop of Ely. He was presented by Dr Head, Archdeacon of Canterbury, to the Vicarage of St Clement's, Sandwich, 4 July 1766. He was instituted Rector of Ham St George, Kent, 8 November 1774, on the presentation of the King, and again instituted Vicar of St Clement's, 18 November, on the presentation of Dr William Backhouse, Archdeacon of Canterbury. He held both livings until his death at Sandwich 30 August 1809 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1809, p. 890 b). His widow died at Canterbury in 1814 (*ibid.* 1814, p. 303 a). He was an Exhibitioner of the King's School, Canterbury, in 1753, and preached before the King's School Feast Society in 1761 (Sidebotham, *Memorials of the King's School, Canterbury*, 23, 26). His birthplace was Hackington (not Stackington), of which his father was Vicar from 1734 to 1787. He was a grandson of the Rev. Richard Bowes, Rector of Eastling and Vicar of New Romney, Kent (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, i, 252 note; from this we also learn that a letter written from Harbledown, near Canterbury, and signed W. B., printed in the *Gentleman's Magazine* for 1808, p. 220, was written by him and refers to his family). One of his sons, the Rev. John Bowes Bunce, B.A. 1796, was a member of the College.

P. 145 no. 18. Henry Friend was ordained Deacon 1 June and Priest 21 September 1760 by the Archbishop of Canterbury at Lambeth Chapel. He was instituted Rector of Frittenden, Kent, 2 October 1761, and held it until his death in March 1805 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 16 March 1805).

P. 146 no. 19. The name should be Thomson, by which name Henry Thomson of St John's graduated B.A. in 1759. He was second son of Thomas Thomson, of Kenfield, Petham, Kent, by his wife Mary, daughter of Thomas Hodges, of Warehorne, Kent. Henry Thomson was ordained Deacon 23 December 1759 by the Archbishop of Canterbury in Lambeth Chapel, and Priest 21 December 1760 by the Bishop of Chester. He was instituted Vicar of Selling, Kent, 25 May 1763, on the presentation of Lord Sondes. He ceded this on his institution 23 November 1771 to the Rectory of Nether, or Little Hardres, Kent, and he was instituted Rector of Badlesmere and Leveland, Kent, 17 June 1784. He held both livings until his death. He married 22 September 1767, Anne, widow of the Rev. John Edward Wilson, of Romney. Mr Thomson died 11 May 1805, and was buried at Petham. His wife died 11 April 1809, and was also buried at Petham. They had no issue (Berry, *Pedigrees of Families in the County of Kent*, 14, 16).

P. 146 no. 20. William Robinson was ordained Deacon 29 September 1759 and licensed to the curacy of Dewsbury with a stipend of £20; he was ordained Priest 6 June 1762 and licensed to the curacy of Thurnscoe with a stipend of £30, on the nomination of John Griffiths, Rector, all by the Archbishop of York.

One of these names was instituted Vicar of Osmotherly, Yorks., 14 October 1768, holding the living until 1779.

P. 146 no. 21. The Christian name should be Fyge, not Tyge. The name Fyge is that of an old Essex family long settled at Pleshey and Writtle. An entry in the *Parish Register* of Winslow states that Thomas Fyge, gent., the last heir male of the family died 19 March 1706 (the *Essex Review*, iii, 137). Fyge Jauncey was

the son of John Jauncey, who married Mary Holt, by whom he had a daughter and four sons, all of whom died young except Fyge. The name of Fyge Jauncey does not appear in the *Graduati*. He matriculated at Oxford 30 June 1758 from Hertford College, being described as the son of John Jauncey, of St Margaret's, Westminster, gent., and took the degree of B.C.L. in 1764 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He was ordained Deacon 15 February 1761 by the Bishop of Bristol, and Priest 21 December 1761 by the Bishop of London. He was presented by the Governors of the Charterhouse to the Rectory of Little Wigborough and was instituted 9 May 1764. He was instituted Rector of Shelley, Essex, 8 June 1769, and Rector of Castle Camps, Cambridgeshire, 22 December 1772. He then resigned the Rectory of Little Wigborough but held the rectories of Shelley and Castle Camps. He had a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury dated 25 May 1769 to hold Little Wigborough (valued at £90) with Shelley (valued at £100), and another on 16 December 1772 to hold Little Wigborough with Castle Camps (valued at £200). He is buried in the churchyard on the south side of the chancel at Castle Camps where there is a monument to his memory with the following inscription: "Beneath | are deposited the remains | of the Rev. Fyge Jauncey, LL.B. | 40 years Rector of this Parish | who died May the 19th, 1812 | Aged 75 years | This Stone is erected as a Tribute | of Respect to his Memory by his | Parishioners | Mors mortis morti mortem nisi morte dedisset | Aeternae vitae janua clausa foret |."

He married in January 1767 Helen, daughter of the Reverend John White, Rector of Stockton, Worcestershire, Vicar of Longdon, Shrewsbury, and sub-chantor of Lichfield Cathedral, she is "the pretty Nellie White" mentioned in Miss Anna Seward's letters and was the belle of Lichfield. The Rev. John White was an elder brother of the Rev. Thomas White (P. 91 no. 49). The Rev. Fyge Jauncey and Helen his wife had three sons. 1. Thomas, born April 1770, died in infancy. 2. John, born October 17—, went very young to Felstead School, Essex, then to Mr Berdmore of the Charterhouse, and after that to the military academy at Norland House. Had an Ensigny presented to him, then a Lieutenancy in the 22nd Regiment of Infantry, afterwards got a Company in the 104th, and then exchanged into the 69th and fell a victim to the climate of St Domingo at Port-au-Prince 21 June 1796. He married Jane, daughter of John Knight, Captain in the Royal Navy (afterwards Admiral Sir John Knight), by whom he had Helen, who died young, Margaretta Henrietta, John Knight, and Henry Fyge. 3. Henry Fyge (son of the Rev. Fyge Jauncey), born 15 December 1776, was educated at Shrewsbury School, which he left before he was 14 years of age. He then went into the Navy and served as midshipman on board *The Duke*, and *The Victory* under Lord Hood, and in *L'Aigle* with Captain Inglefield and Sir Samuel Hood. He was made Lieutenant in 1796 in the *Defence*, Captain Wills, and was afterwards Lieutenant of the *Ethalion* when she took the *Bellona* off Ireland in 1798, and *La Tetis* Spanish galleon in October 1799. When that ship was lost in 1800, he was appointed third Lieutenant of the *Bellona*, Captain Sir Thomas B. Thompson. He married 21 August 1800 Jane Whitney, of Dartmouth, Devon, by whom he had: Fyge who died young at sea; Horatio, Charles, Frances, and John Bidgood, all of whom were born at Castle Camps, and Frances, Helen, Robert, Henry White and George Mundy all born at Dartmouth, of whom Mr G. M. Jauncey is the sole survivor.

Upon the death of the Rev. Fyge Jauncey, his widow, Helen, went to reside with Captain and Mrs Jauncey at Dartmouth. She died in March 1823. Captain Jauncey died 3 July 1834, and his widow in March 1863. All these are buried in a vault in Townstall churchyard, Dartmouth (Notes from Rev. E. L. Pearson, the Rectory, Castle Camps; Mr George Mundy Jauncey, Broomford Manor, Exbourne, Devon).

P. 146 no. 22. William Stevenson was ordained Deacon 23 September 1759 by the Bishop of Rochester for the Bishop of London, and Priest 18 March 1764 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of High Easter 24 January 1766, ceding this on his institution 31 October 1770 to the Rectory of Borley, and he was instituted Rector of Langenhoe 21 November 1770, all three livings being in Essex. He was presented to the two latter by Earl Waldegrave. On 17 November 1770 he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Borley with Langenhoe, the value of each living being stated as £100, and their distance apart not more than 24 miles. He is then described as chaplain to Henry, Lord St John. He held both until his death 6 August 1805 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1805, p. 781).

P. 146 no. 24. James Chelsum, the elder, was one of the choir of Westminster Abbey and of St Paul's. He was sworn a gentleman of the Chapel Royal in 1718. He was married at the Chapel Royal, Whitehall, 21 June 1731 to Mary Ward. He died 3 August 1743 and was buried in Westminster Abbey. James Chelsum, his son, was born 13 April 1738 and was baptized 15 May following; his baptism being recorded both in the Register of Westminster Abbey and of St John the Evangelist, Westminster (Chester, *Westminster Abbey Register*, 85, 364). He was on the foundation of Archbishop Williams at Westminster School, a foundation for poor scholars, who wore a purple gown. He did not graduate at Cambridge, but being presented with a Studentship at Christ Church, migrated to Oxford, where he matriculated, from Christ Church, 30 June 1758. He took the degrees of B.A. 1759, M.A. 1762, B.D. 1772, and D.D. 1773 at Oxford (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Chester at Whitehall 7 March 1762. He is stated to have been an usher in Westminster School for several years, retiring about 1765 or 1766, but this has been doubted. He returned to Christ Church, where he held the offices of Tutor, Censor, and Proctor. He was preferred to the College Curacy of Lothbury near Newport Pagnell. He was instituted Vicar of Duffield, co. Derby, 20 February 1773, ceding this on being instituted Rector of Badger, co. Salop, 29 May 1780. He was instituted Rector of Droxford, Hants., 21 March 1782. He ceded Badger in 1795 but held Droxford until his death. He was also a Whitehall Preacher and for sometime Chaplain to Bishop North. He is said to have travelled a good deal on the Continent and to have been a good French scholar. At Oxford he is believed to have been a member of a Literary Society, vaguely mentioned in the *Olla Podrida*. Chelsum, in a sermon before the University of Oxford, was one of the first to criticise Gibbon, charging him with unfairness and infidelity. The sermon was afterwards published. During his later years his mind seems to have become affected and he was placed under the care of a relative. He died in 1801 near London and was buried at Droxford. He was married, but seems to have left no issue (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1801, ii, 1175-6; 1802, i, 101, 293). Chelsum published the following works: (i) *Remarks on the two last chapters of Gibbon's History of the Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire*, London, 1772, 8vo.; second edition, enlarged, 1778; (ii) *A Sermon* [on 1 Tim. i. 8], *The Character of the Laws of England considered*, Oxford 1777, 4to.; (iii) *A reply to Mr Gibbon's Vindication of some passages in the 15th and 16th chapters of the History of the Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire*, Winchester, 1785, 8vo.; (iv) *A Sermon* [on Isaiah xxix. 19] preached 7 June; *Being the time of the yearly meeting of the children educated in the Charity Schools in and about London. To which is annexed an account of the Society for the Propagation of Christian Knowledge*, London, 1787, 4to.; (v) *A Sermon* [on 2 Tim. iii. 17], *The cautions of the Church of England in the admission of her candidates for the ministry stated and considered*, Winchester, 1788, 4to.; (vi) *A Sermon* [on Matt. xxv. 36], *The duty of relieving the French refugee clergy stated and recommended*, Winchester, 1793, 4to.; (vii) *History of the Art of Engraving in Mezzotinto*, Winchester, 1786, 8vo.

P. 146 no. 26. Regnald Brathwaite graduated as Reginald Brathwaite, but signed himself Reynald on admission to his Fellowship in 1761 (*History of St John's College*, 307, l. 29). He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Ely 11 May 1761, and Priest 7 March 1762 by the Bishop of Chester at Whitehall. He was appointed domestic chaplain to the Duke of Roxburgh (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 31 August 1765). He was instituted Rector of Astwick and Vicar of Arlesey, Beds., 28 April 1764, holding these livings until 1788. He was elected Rector of Brinkley in the gift of the College 22 January 1770 and instituted there 9 February 1770. Being empowered by dispensation to hold the Rectory of Brinkley with the consolidated livings of Astwick and Arlesey, then worth near £300 a year (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 17 February 1770). In the Archbishop's dispensation the values of the livings are stated to be £84 and £90 respectively. He was presented by King George III to the Vicarage of Hawkshead, Lancashire, and instituted 11 March 1762 (Tweddell, *Furness, past and present*, i, 81). He married Frances Irton, widow of Samuel Irton, of Irton Hall, Cumberland (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 25 August 1770). Cole (MSS. Cole xix, 91 b, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5820) says, "This gentleman I dined with at Cambridge on Friday, October 22, 1779, together with Dr Pennington and Dr Ferris of St John's College. He is a well set, square, short man, married a woman of some fortune in the north, where he resides, I think at Hawkshead." He was collated prebendary of St Cross with Morgan in

Llandaff Cathedral 2 May 1791, this became vacant in 1802 (Hardy's *Le Neve*, ii, 266). He was a magistrate for the county of Lancaster. He died in October 1809, being then Rector of Brinkley and Vicar of Hawkshead (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 21 October 1809; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1809, p. 1076).

P. 146 no. 27. John Wheeldon was ordained Deacon 21 May 1758, when he was licensed to the curacy of St Ives, Hunts.; he was ordained Priest 10 June 1759, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was some time master of the Grammar School at St Ives, Hunts. While master there he married at Buckden, Miss Green, niece to John Green, Bishop of Lincoln (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 3 October 1772). Her father was a miller at Beverley, another sister married Robert Dowbiggin (P. 145 no. 11 and the note thereon; *History of St John's College*, ii, 711). Bishop Green collated him 26 September 1772 to the Prebend of Milton Manor with Binbrooke in Lincoln Cathedral, and he was installed 5 December (Hardy's *Le Neve*, ii, 191). He was collated 8 July 1773 by the same prelate to the Rectory of Wheathampstead with the curacy of Harpenden, Herts. He held both until his death. He died 26 July 1800 at Wheathampstead (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 6 September 1800; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1800, p. 799). His widow Mary died at St Alban's 24 January 1820, aged 69 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1820, i, 188). He was a good scholar, and a man of deep research. He published a Latin poetical epistle to Mr Pennant, on his tours; *The Life of Bishop Taylor, and the purest spirit of his Writings extracted and exhibited for general Benefit*, 1793, 8vo.; *A new Delineation of Job's antient abode, by a Gentleman now contemplative in Arabia Petraea, transmitted from Alexandria to John Wheeldon, M.A. To which are added a few Observations on the Book of Job by the Editor*, 1799. Mr Wheeldon was deeply versed in the writings of Wowver, and in 1799 expressed a wish to republish his *Dies Aestiva, sive Paegnon de Umbra*, but this he did not live to accomplish. On the north wall of the chancel of Wheathampstead Church his death is thus recorded: "In a vault near this Place are deposited the mortal remains of the Rev. John Wheeldon, A.M., Prebendary of Lincoln, and 27 years Rector of this Parish, who died July 26, 1800, aet. 65" (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, ix, 765-6). He left one daughter and a son, the Rev. John Wheeldon, of Corpus Christi College (B.A. 1796, M.A. 1799), who married the daughter of Mr Pickford, an eminent waggon-master, at Market Street (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 6 September 1800). He was presented by Thomas Pickford, esq., to the perpetual curacy of Market Street, in the parish of Caddington, with £200 a year (*ibid.* 23 July 1808). He died 4 April 1844, aged 70 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1844, i, 661 a).

P. 146 no. 28. Benjamin D'Aranda was probably the person of that name of University College, Oxford, son of Philip D'Aranda, of Canterbury (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He married as his second wife Elizabeth Oliphant, of Petersham, Surrey, spinster, aged 27 (*Marriage Licences, Vicar General*, 11 May 1734). In *Miscellanea Genealogica et Heraldica*, New Series, i, 83, there is a pedigree of the family of D'Aranda. It does not however include Peter D'Aranda.

Peter D'Aranda was ordained Deacon 1 June 1760 by the Bishop of Rochester for London, and Priest 21 March 1762 by the Bishop of London. He was instituted Rector of Great Burstead, Essex, 17 December 1767, and Vicar of Great Wakering, Essex, 5 February 1779. On 30 January 1779, when he is described as chaplain to Caroline, Baroness Greenwich, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Great Burstead (valued at £65) with Great Wakering (valued at £80), the two livings being not more than 20 miles apart. He held both until his death 1 September 1804 at Great Burstead. Great Burstead was in the gift of Lord Petre, Great Wakering in that of the Bishop of London. The *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1804, ii, 888, states that: "He was for several years curate of Twickenham, where he was much and deservedly esteemed. It is to be feared that his being compelled to reside in an unhealthy part of Essex hastened the end of this very worthy divine." His widow, Mrs D'Aranda, died 24 December 1815 at her brother's, Richmond Green, aged 79 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1815, ii, 643).

P. 146 no. 29. William Fairclough was admitted a Fellow of the College 3 April 1759, his Fellowship was filled up again in 1774. He was ordained Deacon 10 June 1759 and Priest 30 May 1760 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was Junior Proctor of the University for the year 1768-9. He was Senior Dean of the College 27 February 1768 to 17 December 1773. On 21 September 1765 he was unanimously

elected by the University to the Rectory of Crathorn in the county and diocese of York, the patron of the living, Mr Crathorn, being a Roman Catholic and a minor (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 28 September 1765), I have not found his institution. The *Parish Register of All Saints*, Cambridge, has the following entry: "1773 December 21, William Fairclough, Fellow of St John's, buried."

P. 146 no. 31. William Plucknett was ordained Deacon 17 May 1761 by the Bishop of Chester, and Priest 17 October 1762 by the Bishop of Lincoln, when he was licensed to the curacy of Gainsborough, co. Lincoln. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 22 March 1763, and became a Senior Fellow 28 June 1776. He was instituted Rector of Maperton, co. Somerset, 23 October 1766, on the presentation of Elizabeth Cooper, spinster, patroness for that turn. On 22 March 1782 he was presented to the Rectory of Frating with Thorington, Essex, and was instituted 27 May 1782. He then ceded Maperton. He died in London 21 August 1787 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1787, p. 746 b; *Cambridge Chronicle*, 1 September 1787).

P. 147 no. 32. Allin Walker was ordained Deacon 6 June 1762 and licensed to the curacy of Luton, Beds., by the Bishop of Lincoln; he was ordained Priest by the Bishop of London 23 December 1764. He became master of the Grammar School at Lavenham in 1767 holding it until 1774. He was instituted Rector of Kettlebaston, Suffolk, 4 November 1768, and held this until 1787.

P. 147 no. 33. This John Fisher took the degree of M.B. in 1761. He may be identical with the Rev. John Fisher, 'sometime of St John's College, Cambridge,' who married 8 April 1766 Hester Roscoe, third daughter of Baxter Roscoe and the Hon. Helena Willoughby. This Rev. John Fisher was fifty years perpetual curate of Rivington, near Bolton, Lancashire. He died 3 October and was buried at Rivington Church 7 October 1813, aged 74. His wife was buried at Rivington Church 9 May 1805 (*Genealogist*, iv, 42, where there is a pedigree of the wife).

P. 147 no. 34. Owen Philips, son of Owen Philips, of St Peter's, in the city of Hereford, *plebeius*, matriculated at Oxford from Balliol College 10 October 1739, aged 18. He took the B.A. degree at Oxford in 1743 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He was instituted Rector of Kingston, co. Worcester, 3 September 1754, but ceded this on his institution 25 February 1756 to the Vicarage of Hampton in Arden, co. Warwick. He held this until 1782.

P. 147 no. 35. William Slade, son of John Slade, of Warminster, Wilts., esquire, matriculated at Oxford from Wadham College, 6 March 1749, aged 17. He took the degree of B.A. at Oxford in 1750 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He took the degree of M.A. at Cambridge from St John's in 1755.

P. 147 no. 1. George Heath was ordained Deacon 17 May 1761 by the Bishop of Lincoln and was licensed to the curacy of Benington, co. Lincoln, he was ordained Priest 17 June 1764 by the Bishop of London. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 29 March 1762. He died towards the end of May 1769 (being still Fellow) at his chambers in the Temple, London (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 3 June 1769). One George Heath was instituted Vicar of Alkborough, co. Lincoln, 27 February 1765; the living was filled up again in August 1769, so that this was probably the Fellow of the College.

P. 147 no. 2. Philip Rosenhagen was admitted to St Paul's School 22 June 1751 at the age of 14. He is stated to be the son of Mrs Rosenhagen of Isleworth. He was elected a Platt Fellow of the College in March 1761, his Fellowship being filled up again in 1772. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Ely 22 May 1760 and licensed to the curacy of Trumpington, co. Cambridge, 27 May 1760; he was ordained Priest by the Bishop of London 22 December 1765. He was appointed domestic chaplain to the Earl of Chesterfield (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 6 November 1766). He was elected and presented by the University of Cambridge to the Vicarage of Mountnessing in Essex, in right of Lord Petre, a Roman Catholic patron (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 30 November 1765). He was instituted 20 June 1766 and held it until 1774. He was presented by Lord Maynard to the rectory of Little Easton, together with the donative of Tilty, both in Essex (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 22 September 1781), and he was instituted 24 September 1781. He appears to have resided a great deal on the Continent, and to have held an army chaplaincy. A writer in the *Gentleman's Magazine* for 1814, p. 104, who signs himself A. W. A., says: "About twenty years have elapsed since I purchased an

Army Chaplaincy of Mr Rosenhagen, and he soon after went to India." The College gave him leave to go abroad by order, dated 6 August 1765. They gave him a 'year of grace' (i.e. allowed him to postpone taking his B.D. degree, which he was bound to do by the Statutes or vacate his Fellowship) 30 March 1770. And on 10 October 1770 the following order was passed: "Agreed to give Mr Rosenhagen leave to go abroad so that he return to take his degree of B.D. on the 11th day of June next coming." He never took the degree of B.D., so it was probably on this account that he vacated his Fellowship. He went out to Ceylon as Archdeacon of Colombo and died there. His death was announced erroneously in the *Gentleman's Magazine* for 1796, p. 1059, where it is described as having taken place 'lately,' being put at the end of the deaths for September, the statement concludes, "A report was at one time industriously circulated but without foundation, except to flatter his vanity, that he was the author of the letters signed *Junius*." The *Gentleman's Magazine* for March 1799, p. 252, announces his death as having taken place in September 1798. And the *Cambridge Chronicle*, 23 March 1799, announces it as having taken place at Colombo in the East Indies.

The chief interest in Rosenhagen's life is his connexion with Sir Philip Francis, the reputed author of the *Letters of Junius*, for in other respects he seems to have been a loose fish and not a member of whom the College can be proud.

Philip Rosenhagen was captain, or head-boy, of St Paul's School, 1754-5. Philip Francis succeeded him as captain for the year 1755-6. The two boys were class-fellows and friends, though of wholly dissimilar characters. It is said that Mr Thicknesse, the head-master, always mentioned the two pupils as the most naturally clever boys and the best scholars of his entire term of mastership. But he said Rosenhagen had neither perseverance nor moral conduct, whereas Francis had both, and consequently would get the start of the other in the race of life (Parkes and Merivale, *Memoirs of Sir Philip Francis*, i, 9). Lady Francis gives the following account of Rosenhagen (*Memoirs of Sir P. Francis*, ii, 275): "Rosenhagen was of Danish family, but educated at one of our Universities and ordained. The Francis often visited the Chandlers at Richmond, where they met Rosenhagen, who soon made himself agreeable to them. He was full of amusing stories, extremely witty, and had travelled much. He was an excellent whist player, and Francis appears to have acquired much of his excellence at the game from him. His life was not exactly that which would suit our modern evangelists. When chaplain of a regiment he was the gayest man at mess. In aftertimes Francis met him in Paris, in hat and feather, silk coat, red-heeled shoes, and all the foppery of a *petit-maitre*. He told Francis that he mixed in the best society, and therefore could not appear in the dowdy dress of an English parson. He took Francis to his lodgings, up a hundred steps, where he found a little room with a bed in it that nearly filled it; the remaining space was occupied by a chair and a box containing the tenant's wardrobe, on which he seated himself, complimenting his visitor with the honour of the chair, and telling at the same time that yesterday the Duke of — occupied it; the day before, and before, the Marquis, the Comte, the Chevalier, &c. If he was to be believed, half the nobility of France had ennobled his bedroom by their presence. When four or five noblemen happened to meet in the room, he said they had to sit round the bed, but they knew he was a bird of passage, and could not entertain them as if he were at home. At that time his English home was nothing but a name. Speaking the French language, and having an infinite fund of humour, his company was always courted both in France and in England. He discovered that Francis was Junius, and endeavoured to turn the discovery to some personal account. He offered to let Lord North into the secret on condition of receiving a pension. Lord North declined. Francis got information of the negotiation, and fearing he would not be able to baffle Rosenhagen, made an advantageous and honourable retreat. How Rosenhagen made his peace with Francis does not appear, but Rosenhagen left Francis his papers, amongst which was an amusing diary too personal to be published. There is also a curious correspondence relating to the marriage of the Prince of Wales with Mrs Fitzherbert. Colonel Gardner, the Prince's private secretary, writes the first letter, asking Rosenhagen to perform the ceremony. Rosenhagen replies that it would be contrary to law for him to do so, and if done would be productive of important, probably disastrous, consequences to the whole nation. The Colonel answers that the Prince is aware of all that, but pledges himself to keep the matter a profound secret, and that the Prince will feel bound to

reward Rosenhagen for such a proof of his attachment as soon as the means are in his power. Rosenhagen in reply, says he can trust implicitly the Prince's promise of secrecy, but he dare not betray the duty he owes to the Prince by assisting in an affair that might bring such serious consequences to him." Lady Francis says there were six letters, and that she believes Rosenhagen declined the business because no specific offer was made to him, and not from the motives stated in the letters, as he was daring and unscrupulous.

It appears from this account that Rosenhagen spent most of his life abroad, chiefly in France. Writing in May 1771, Sir Philip Francis says (*Memorials of Sir Philip Francis*, i, 261): "Rosenhagen, I hear, is returned to Lisle. How he contrived to reach Lyons is to me inconceivable; and much more so how he could have stretched to Gibraltar."

He is several times mentioned, though not very favourably, in the papers of the day. The *Gazetteer* of 24 January 1774 has the following:

"The celebrated Junius is at last discovered to be the Rev. Phil. R—gen. He was originally a great acquaintance of Mr Horne's, and a contemporary of his at Cambridge. Mr R—gen was there celebrated, above all others, for his classical abilities. Mr R—gen was in London during the whole time of Junius's publication; for a considerable time before, and ever since, he has been abroad. He is now resident at Orleans in France, where he cuts a very conspicuous appearance, having married a very beautiful and accomplished young lady, sister of the celebrated Mrs Grosvenor; nor does he make it any secret where he resides that he is the author of Junius."

Again, the *Town and County Magazine* for 1776 has the following:

"Extract of a Letter from Paris.

"We have a phenomenon here, an English parson, the descendant of a German minister. His name is R—s—h—gen. He was chaplain to an English regiment; but being a very active man, and abusive writer on the side of opposition, he found himself under the necessity of retiring, and commenced *chevalier d'industrie* at large. He was not unacquainted with the finesses at play, and availed himself of them upon every occasion. However, as this commerce is not the most certain in the world, he found it expedient to extend his credit upon paper to a very considerable amount. When the bills became due he sought refuge in the verge of the coast; but even here his liberty became perilous, and he judged it prudent to make a trip to the Continent. He went to the south of France, and sojourned for a considerable time at Lyons; here it was necessary to call his adroitness into play, by which, under the sanction of Mrs P—t (Lady L—g—n—r's mother), who was his patroness, and with whom he lived in the strictest intimacy for some time, his hours glided in ease and luxury. But a disagreeable discovery of an operation at Lansquenette induced him to quit that city *à la sourdine*, and to repair to this metropolis. He had not been here long before he made the acquaintance of Madame L—, who being upon the haut-ton of demireps, she was caressed by persons of the first rank. Her house is now the *belle assemblée* of first-rate ladies of her complexion, and wherever they resort the men will go. Cards form the greatest part of the enjoyment of these parties. Deep play is the word every night; the ladies fleece their male friends with impunity, and the parson has a fellow-feeling. Besides, as he is a scholar, and a man of address, he easily ingratiates himself with his countrymen, who think themselves honoured to be introduced to a real marquis and an imaginary countess. Clericus has been very successful in these pursuits for some time, as an English baronet and a Welsh squire can testify. Notwithstanding these nocturnal revels, R— is seen every forenoon reading his Tacitus in the Thuilleries or the Palais Royal, with as much gravity and composure as if the whole night had been devoted to study."

Almon says in his edition of *Junius*, 1806, that he published for Rosenhagen in the year 1770 a pamphlet in answer to Dr Johnson's *False Alarm*. This pamphlet was entitled *A Letter to Samuel Johnson, LL.D.*, 54 pp., 8vo. Mr John Taylor in his *Junius Identified*, says that Rosenhagen contributed to the *Public Advertiser*, but it may be doubted whether any writings of his can be now identified (*Notes and Queries*, 2nd Ser. x, 216, 315, 3rd Ser. v, 16; Parkes and Merivale, *Memoirs of Sir Philip Francis*, i, 8, 231, 261, 309, ii, 222, 274, 275, 277; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1814, ii, p. 103, 323). Cole in his *Collections* (Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5879, p. 109) has the following: "In the *Cambridge Journal* of Saturday January 29, 1774 are the two following paragraphs:

"A correspondent says, the celebrated Junius is at last discovered to be the Rev. Philip Rosenhagen. He was originally a great acquaintance of Mr Horne and a contemporary of his at Cambridge. Mr R. was there celebrated above all others for his classical abilities. Mr R. was in London during the whole time of Junius' Publications, for a considerable time before; ever since he has been abroad. He is now resident at Orleans in France, where he cuts a very conspicuous appearance, having married a very beautiful and accomplished young lady, sister of the celebrated Mrs Garnier: nor does he make it any secret where he resides, that he is the Author of *Junius*.

"We have the authority to assure the public that the Articles in the papers mentioning the Rev. Mr Rosenhagen to be the Author of the letters signed Junius, are totally void of Foundation.

"Thus the News-writers fill out their Papers, and supposing that such Articles amuse the Public, and fill their pockets, they care not a rush whether they are true or false. In the same paper are such impudent suggestions against the King and private people, that no Age or Country but our own would suffer it. Mr Rosenhagen is a very handsome man, a sister of his, handsome also, and well made, is the wife of my friend Mr Bernard, Rector of Withersfield and Newmarket, Chaplain to his Majesty, as he had been to the Duke of Somerset, our Chancellor, an ingenious man and much retired, and had been Fellow of St John's College."

"Philip Rosenhagen, A.M., was presented by St John's College (*sic*) to the Vicarage of Munassing in Essex, in 1766. I have heard that Mr Rosenhagen lives now at Paris and keeps a sort of Gaming House."

In the *Cambridge Chronicle* of Saturday, July 25, 1778, was this Anecdote:

"B... the Bruiser, the reputed Editor of the *Scandalous Post* or *Morning Post* was formerly curate of a village near Chelmsford. One R...n, formerly of St John's College, Cambridge, who fled from his creditors here, and now keeps a fashionable Gaming House at Paris, had the Cure of Souls at a neighbouring Parish. Their annual stipend was 50*l.* a year apiece: and tho' it was notorious to all the gentlemen of Essex that this illustrious pair had no other visible means of getting their bread, it was as notorious that they used to come down on Sunday morning (after passing the night in Gambling and Pimping in Town) in a chaise and four to do their duty at their respective churches. R...n was indeed a man of letters, and by some people thought to be the author of Junius; but what B... wanted in learning he made up in Prodigy and complaisance to his brother in Iniquity and Extravagance. B... had quarrelled with the Parish Clerk about his fees. The Sunday afterwards, the former catechized the children of the Parish, and conducting with the common questions "and who was the oldest man? and who was the wisest man? &c.," the Clerk said he had a question to ask one of the boys, and immediately interrogated the lad, to whom he had given the cue "Who was the most infamous Fellow who ever existed?" To which the child immediately made answer "Parson B... so help me God."

"The other parson means Mr Bates, who married a Miss Hartley, sister to the celebrated actress, and both Cambridge women, if Mr Beverley the Bedel may be depended on, whose authority is none of the best. Mr Bates was walking in a public garden with these ladies and was accosted very rudely by Lord Littleton, Mr Fitzgerald, etc., to which last Mr Bates sent a challenge, and Mr Fitzgerald sent his servant dressed as a gentleman in his room, whom Mr Bates drubbed very lustily. His sister married a Mr Pochin, who lives at Newport Ponds in Essex, where he lately built a neat Brick House. In July 1778, he had (*viz.* Mr Bates) a duel or shooting match with a French Officer.

"In the Cambridge paper of Saturday, September 22, 1781, it was said that Mr Philip Rosenhagen, formerly of St John's, was presented to the living of Little Easton in Essex, by the Lord Viscount Maynard, where his Lordship chiefly resides. It is possible his Lordship after his marriage with the famous Nancy Parsons, and residence in Italy for some years afterwards, might meet with Mr Rosenhagen in his return through Paris, or probably might know his Lordship, as his brother-in-law, Mr Bernard, is Rector of Withersfield in Suffolk, close to his Lordship's other seat in Cambridgeshire, though in the parish of Ashdon in Essex, in that neighbourhood."

P. 147 no. 3. William Hargrave, eldest son of James Hargrave, of Shawden, co. Northumberland, esquire, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 22 September 1757; he migrated to the Inner Temple, where he was admitted

10 November 1764. William Hargrave, of Shawden, esq., was High Sheriff of Northumberland from 10 February 1783 to 9 February 1784.

P. 147 no. 5. See the admission of the father, P. 49 no. 35. Ezekiel Rowse (or Rouse), the younger, was ordained Deacon 17 May 1761 and licensed to the curacy of Clophill, Beds.; he was ordained Priest 19 December 1762 and licensed to the curacy of Flitton and Silsoe, Beds., all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Harrold, Beds., 12 February 1765, on the presentation of Earl Hardwick. He ceded this on his institution 14 July 1792 to the Vicarage of Pulloxhill, Beds. He was instituted Rector of Clophill, Beds., 30 March 1793, both these latter livings being in the same gift as his first. On 26 March 1793, when he is described as chaplain to Jemima, Marchioness Grey, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Pulloxhill (valued at £50) with Clophill (valued at £180), the two livings being stated to be not more than five miles apart. He held both livings until his death in 1799 "at Mrs White's, in Soho Square," London, aged 61 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1799, i, 353; Harvey, *History of the Hundred of Willey, Beds.*, 334).

P. 147 no. 6. Whalley Bugg was ordained Deacon 21 September 1760 and licensed to the curacy of Willoughby-on-the-Wolds and Wysall, Notts., with a stipend of £20, he was ordained Priest 29 November 1761, all by the Archbishop of York. He was instituted Vicar of Willoughby-on-the-Wolds 21 March 1772, resigning in 1775. He was instituted Vicar of Barnby-in-the-Willows, Notts., 1 June 1779, and held this until 1782.

P. 147 no. 7. The name of Samuel Adderton does not appear in Finch Smith's *Manchester School Register*. He did not graduate.

P. 148 no. 8. William Theophilus Mountjoy Webster was ordained Deacon 24 December 1760 by the Bishop of Chester, and Priest 19 September 1762 by the Bishop of Salisbury, at the request of the Dean of Sarum, "to whose Peculiar he belonged." He was instituted Rector of the united parishes of St Mildred with All Saints and St Mary de Castro, in the City of Canterbury, 13 December 1778, on the presentation of King George III. He held the living until his death in May 1783 at Reading, Berks. (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 10 May 1783).

P. 148 no. 11. Bryan Allott, the father, of Bilham Grange and Rector of Kirk Heaton, Yorks., married Margaret, daughter and coheirress of Nicholas Wilmot. Brian Allott, the son, did not take his degree until 1770, when he graduated as LL.B. He was at first in the Army. He married Mary, daughter of Hugh Kennedy, of Kirk Michael in Ayrshire, 5 September 1761. He then took Orders; he was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Norwich at the request of the Bishop of Peterborough 22 December 1765, and was instituted Rector of Burnham Westgate, co. Norfolk, 29 January 1766. In 1779 his affairs were in disorder, his living sequestered, and he himself in prison (Hunter, *Familiae Minorum Gentium, Harleian Soc. Publ.* xxxviii, 501). The *Gentleman's Magazine* for 1803, ii, p. 987 announces his death, at Whitehaven, in September 1803, as formerly of Bilham Grange, co. York, and Rector of Burnham, co. Norfolk.

P. 148 no. 12. William Usticke, the father, of Leah, Penzance, and Castle Yard, London, married Elizabeth Hussey, third child of John Hnssey, attorney, of Truro. He was buried at Buryan 10 July 1772, aged 59. William Usticke, his son, resided at Nancealverne, Madron, he died before 1785. He sold some of his property to Lord Falmouth. He left an only daughter and heiress, Susannah Usticke, who married in 1802, as his first wife, John Scobell of the Royal Marines. She was buried at Sancreed 22 September 1809 (Boase, *Collectanea Cornubiensia*, 879, 1126). Henry Usticke, a brother of William Usticke, of St John's, was of Exeter College, Oxford (Boase, *ibid.* 1126; Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*).

P. 148 no. 13. George Smith was ordained Deacon 17 May 1761 and licensed to the curacy of Spaldwick, Hunts., he was ordained Priest 12 June 1763, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. One George Smith was instituted Vicar of Mumby, co. Lincoln, 10 November 1763, and held the living until 1769. George Smith, M.A., of St John's College, chaplain to the Duke of Hamilton, and possessed of the Chapel of St John at Market Street in the parish of Caddington, Herts. (valued at £85), had a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury, dated 7 May 1771, to hold this with the Rectory of Puttenham, Herts. (valued at £100). He was instituted Rector of Puttenham 16 May 1771, and held the living until 1808.

P. 148 no. 15. James Machell, esq., of Hollow Oak (born 27 April 1708), married Margaret, daughter of Richard Harrison, of Waterhead. John Machell, his eldest son, was born 7 October 1736. He married 13 June 1767 Isabel, daughter and co-heiress of William Penny, esq., of Pennybridge, co. Lancaster. John Machell died 1 January 1820, leaving issue (Burke's *Landed Gentry*, ed. 1894, family of Machell, of Pennybridge, 1293).

P. 148 no. 17. Thomas Kyffin, gentleman, eldest son of Thomas Kyffin, of Maynan, co. Denbigh, esq., was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn 20 July 1756. He was High Sheriff of Denbighshire from 1 February 1765 to 17 February 1767.

P. 148 no. 18. Richard Wadeson was admitted a Fellow of the College 22 March 1763. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of London 17 June 1764. He did not take Priest's Orders for some time. By the Statutes of the College he ought to have done so within six years from his M.A. degree. He obtained letters dimissory from the Archbishop of Canterbury to be ordained Priest by the Bishop of Lincoln. The entry in the Act Book of the Archbishop is not dated but it comes between two entries dated 20 and 24 December 1770. He was ordained Priest "at the request of the Archbishop of Canterbury" by the Bishop of Lincoln 23 December 1770. The question then arose was Mr Wadeson a Fellow of the College. The Seniority, or governing body, of the College seem to have endeavoured to discover some means of allowing Mr Wadeson to retain his Fellowship. They took the opinion of Alexander Wedderburn, afterwards Lord Chancellor Loughborough, and of John Dunning, afterwards Lord Ashburton. Briefly the opinion of these lawyers was that Mr Wadeson had forfeited his Fellowship, but that if no question as to the rights of others arose, Mr Wadeson might be allowed to continue a Fellow of the College if the College chose to permit it. Unfortunately for Mr Wadeson the question was raised. The Vicarage of Higham, in Kent, became vacant in April 1771 through the promotion of Michael Driver Mease. The choice of livings then went by seniority. Wadeson appears to have claimed Higham, and John Youde, a Fellow junior to Wadeson, also claimed it. At first the Seniority tried to avoid coming to any decision of their own, passing an order on 20 June 1771 agreeing to "wait for the determination of the Visitor or of any court of law, if Mr Youde shall begin any suit relating to it (*i.e.* the right to Higham) before the first day of July next." This was clearly an evasion of responsibility and the Seniority, probably to prevent the presentation lapsing to the Bishop of Rochester, declared on 20 August 1771 that Wadeson's Fellowship was vacant, he not having taken Priest's Orders within the prescribed time. Against this Wadeson appealed to the Bishop of Ely as Visitor of the College, but the Bishop declared that Wadeson had forfeited his Fellowship. A full account of the matter will be found in the College Magazine, *The Eagle*, xxiii, 1—9.

Wadeson was Master of Harrow School. He married 20 April 1783 Miss Page, of Harrow (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1783, i, 363 b). He retired from his mastership in 1789, Mr Drury being elected Headmaster of Harrow School 11 June 1789 "in place of Mr Richard Wadeson, who retires" (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 27 June 1789). He was instituted Rector of Fairlight (or Farleigh), Sussex, 9 May 1798, and held the living until his death in November or December 1823, aged 89 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1823, 645 a).

P. 149 no. 20. Thomas Joy was ordained Deacon 2 March 1760 by the Bishop of Peterborough, and Priest 7 September 1760 by the Bishop of Durham, in both cases at the request of the Bishop of Chester. He was curate of Smeaton in 1760. He was instituted Vicar of Grinton, Yorks., 2 April 1783, and held the living until his death, 20 May 1799, at Smeaton, near Northallerton, in his 63rd year. He seems to have resided at Smeaton. In early life before entering the College he was apprenticed to a surgeon and apothecary at Northallerton. He was thus able to minister to the poor in a twofold manner. When poor or needy persons were ill or when any accident had befallen them he was always ready to attend to the suffering patient. His corpse was carried to the grave by six poor men and the same number of bearers, all of whom had suits of dark grey clothes bequeathed to them. By his will he left a legacy of £100 in the Five per cents. to the governors of the Society for the better provision of the necessitous clergy and their families within the North Riding of Yorkshire (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1799, pp. 528 a, 721 a, 949 b).

P. 149 no. 21. Joseph Griffith was ordained Deacon 20 December 1761 in Grosvenor Chapel, Middlesex, by the Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Chichester. He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Lincoln 17 June 1764, having been presented by Charles, Earl of Peterborough to the Rectory of Turvey, co. Bedford. He was instituted 18 June 1764. He died 17 December 1803 at Brompton Hall, Middlesex, and was buried at Peckham, Surrey (Harvey, *History of the Hundred of Willey, co. Bedford*, 199; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1803, p. 1259). His widow Harriet (daughter of Simon Halliday, of Westcomb Park, Kent, and Jane, daughter of John Bythelsea, esq., of Wick House, Wilts.) died 13 December 1855 at the residence of her nephew Sir Thomas Dyer, bart., aged 99. Hardwicke's *Annual Biography for 1856*, p. 392.

P. 149 no. 22. James Evans, the elder, was of Trinity College, B.A. 1724, and second master of the King's School, Canterbury (Sidebotham, *Memorials of the King's School, Canterbury*, 63).

James Evans, the younger, was ordained Deacon 21 September 1760 by the Archbishop of Canterbury.

P. 149 no. 24. Beaumont Dixie, the father, was of Emmanuel College (B.A. 1726, M.A. 1731). He was instituted Rector of Market Bosworth, co. Leicester, 2 June 1729, and held the living until his death, at Bath, 22 February 1734. He married in Lichfield Cathedral on 7 November 1728 Elizabeth, daughter of Andrew Corbet, of Shrewsbury.

Beaumont Dixie, his son, did not graduate. He is described by some authorities as of Emmanuel College. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of London 1 June 1760 (when he is described as of St John's College). He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Lincoln 27 February 1763. He was instituted Rector of Newton Blossomville, Bucks., 28 February 1763, on the presentation of William Farrer, esq., ceding this on his institution 5 January 1773 to the Vicarage of St Peter's, Derby. He married Margaret, daughter of Richard Shewin, of South Wales (also described as Joseph Shewen, of Strady, co. Carmarthen). He is said to have died in Wales about 1780, but the Vicarage of St Peter's, Derby, was not filled up again until 1786. Two of his sons were successively holders of the family Baronetcy (Nichols, *History of Leicestershire*, iv, Pt. 2, p. 507, where there is a pedigree; Burke, *Peerage and Baronetage*). The *Parish Register of Battlefield, Salop* (printed by the Parish Register Society), has the following entries: "Beaumont Dixie, Minister, licensed 10 January 1772." "The Rev. Beaumont Dixie, Minister of the Perpetual Curacies of Uffington and Battlefield, and of St Peter's, Derby, died at Dalbury, co. Derby, May 10, 1786."

P. 149 no. 25. This person graduated as Aungier Peacocke, B.A. 1760, M.A. 1763. He was ordained Deacon 28 February 1768 by the Bishop of Norwich under the name Aungier Love Peacocke. He was instituted incumbent of Bacon's Portion of Dengie Parish in Essex 25 May 1781, and held the benefice until 1793.

P. 149 no. 27. This appears to be William Tighe, eldest son of William Tighe, of Rosanna, co. Wicklow, Keeper of the Records in the Bermingham Tower, M.P. for Clonmines 1783, and for Wicklow 1761, by his first wife Lady Mary Bligh, eldest daughter of John, First Earl of Darnley. William Tighe, the younger, was returned as M.P. for the borough of Athboy, co. Meath, in the Irish Parliaments of 1761-68 and 1769-1776. He married in 1765 Sarah, only child of the Rt. Hon. Sir William Fownes, bart., of Woodstock, co. Kilkeny; he died in 1782 (Burke, *Landed Gentry*, Tighe of Woodstock).

P. 149 no. 28. Dr Thomas Thackeray was of King's College (B.A. 1715). He was Rector of Heydon and Little Chishall, Essex, and afterwards Headmaster of Harrow. Frederick Thackeray, his son, was born at Heydon 15 March 1737. He took the degree of M.B. in 1764. He resided at Windsor, and died there 22 September 1782, and was buried in the parish church on the 28th. He married Elizabeth, daughter of Abel Aldridge, of Uxbridge, she died at Leamington 11 October 1816 in her 80th year, and was buried at Hatton, Warwickshire. They had four sons and three daughters. The eldest, Henry William Makepeace Thackeray, was admitted a pensioner of the College 10 June 1785 (*Herald and Genealogist*, ii, 319, 444, 558). Frederick Thackeray was the author of a Thesis *Utrum Salvatio in Lue Venerea necessaria est?* (*Medical Register*, 1780, p. 72).

P. 149 no. 30. George Mason was ordained Deacon 2 March 1760 by the Bishop

of Peterborough at the request of the Bishop of Durham, and Priest 7 September 1760 by the Bishop of Durham, who licensed him 22 September 1760 to the curacy of Berwick-upon-Tweed, with a salary of £30. He was instituted Vicar of Leire, co. Leicester, 10 May 1765. He died at Leire, in January 1808. The *Cambridge Chronicle* for 30 January 1808 in announcing his death gives the dates of his degrees as B.A. 1753, M.A. 1756, but these are the degrees of an earlier George Mason (see P. 130 no. 45 and the note thereon), this George Mason was B.A. 1760, M.A. 1763. The same authority gives his age at death as 75 ('in his 76th year'), which does not agree with that given in the College Register.

P. 149 no. 31. This is perhaps the son of Thomas Bolton, admitted 29 March 1715 (Part ii, P. 218 no. 19). He was admitted to Manchester School 21 October 1752 (*Manchester School Register*, i, 50, 227). He was ordained Priest 18 December 1763 by the Bishop of Norwich. He was instituted Rector of Nedging, Suffolk, 20 December 1763. He was instituted Rector of Hollesley, Suffolk, 11 March 1772, which he afterwards resigned in 1783. He was appointed perpetual curate of St Mary-at-Quay, Ipswich, in 1764. He died 29 December 1821 at the Glebe House, Nedging, aged 85 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1822, p. 91). At his son's entry into Manchester School 21 October 1752, the father is described as "Rev. Thomas Bolton, rector, Ipswich" (Finch Smith, *l.c.*). No Thomas Bolton occurs as Rector of a parish in Ipswich, but one of these names was Rector of Barham, Suffolk, from 1732 to 1739.

P. 150 no. 3. William Oddie was ordained Priest 6 June 1762 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and continued in his curacy at Anderby, co. Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Orston, Notts., 14 December 1773, ceding this on his institution to the Vicarage of Leighton Buzzard, Beds., 16 October 1781, holding Leighton until 1788. He was instituted Vicar of Bierton, Bucks., 5 December 1786. He is also stated to have been Vicar of Hough, Lincolnshire, in 1767. He died at Bierton, aged 87, and was buried there 30 March 1825 (Lipscomb, *History of Buckinghamshire*, ii, 103).

P. 150 no. 4. Christopher Naylor was ordained Deacon 20 September 1761 by the Bishop of Salisbury, at the request of the Bishop of Oxford, and Priest 27 February 1763 by the Bishop of London. He was probably the person of that name who was instituted Rector of Llanaber, co. Merioneth, 16 September 1772, holding that living until 1777. He was then presented by the Lord Chancellor to a mediety of the Rectory of Linton, in Craven, Yorks. (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 1 February 1777), and was instituted 15 July 1777, holding the living until 1780. He was at one time tutor to Lord Arden and the Right Hon. Spencer Percival, afterwards Prime Minister (Sidebotham, *Memorials of the King's School, Canterbury*, 79). In 1780 he became second master of the King's School, Canterbury, holding this until 1782, when he became Head Master, which office he held until his death. He was instituted Rector of Roxby, with Risby, Lincolnshire, 9 November 1779, and Rector of Scremby in the same county 20 December 1788; on 19 December 1788, when he is described as chaplain to James, Earl of Abercorn, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold these two livings, then stated to be of the respective values of £180 and £120, and to be 30 miles apart. He held both these livings until his death. He was also one of the Six Preachers of Canterbury Cathedral, to which he was elected and admitted by the Archbishop 24 March 1807. He died 11 April 1816. He was buried in the Cathedral Cloisters near the Chapter House, where there is a monument to his memory, with the following inscription: "S. M. | Rev^d Chris^t Naylor A.M. | e. sex concionatoribus hujusce ecclesiae | qui regiae Scholae Cantuariensi | per annos xxx summa cum dignitate | praeiit | obiit die xi^{mo} Aprilis | Anno Salutis m^{ccc}xvi | et aetatis suae | lxxviii |."

The Rev. Canon H. Bailey sends the following extracts from a MS. book left to St Augustine's College, Canterbury, by the Rev. Canon Gilbert: "Of my Masters, Christopher Naylor and John Francis (undermaster), I can say that I revered and feared the former, and loved the latter. Naylor was a good scholar and apt at Latin versification. This he taught me admirably. He could not teach me Greek Metres, which I longed to understand, and had never read Porson's Preface to Hecuba. He was very dignified in appearance." . . . "The Rev. Christopher Naylor was a dignified looking man, but with much severity of aspect and disposition. He was a good scholar, and clever in composition of Latin verse.

I stood in great awe of him till I became head of the first class, and then I found him not unpleasant to work with. I read with him Ovid's *Metamorphoses*, Virgil fully, Horace, Juvenal, Cicero's Orations, Xenophon, Homer, and several Plays. The rod was his great dependence on all boys but those in the first class. He died in harness aged 75. I respected him, but did not love him." . . . "Naylor's father was said to have been a Veterinary Surgeon, and the boys said his coat of arms was 4 Horse Shoes, with the motto Latin Grammar

{ Nay—or
{ Nail—or hammer.

He had a living in Lincolnshire, and was latterly a Six Preacher. In early life he had Lord Arden and Spencer Percival as pupils. His eldest daughter, Mrs Burrard, was very like Mrs Siddons. His living was near Spilsby. He went down and read in &c., but did not again visit it, being content to receive the income, and retained possession until his death."

P. 150 no. 5. Thomas Constable was baptized in Beverley Minster 21 July 1737. He was ordained Deacon 29 May, and Priest 24 June 1763 by the Archbishop of York. He married, at St Mary's, Beverley, 31 August 1769, Sarah, daughter of Christopher Goulton of Walcot, co. Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Siggles-thorne 14 March 1766, and Rector of Stonegrave 13 May 1784, both in Yorkshire. He was collated by the Archbishop 11 December 1784 to the Archdeaconry of the East Riding, and held this, with his two livings, until his death, 16 February 1786 (*Hardy's Le Neve*, iii, 144; *Foster, Yorkshire Pedigrees*, Constable of Flamborough). On 8 May 1784, when he is described as chaplain to Thomas, Lord Pelham, he had a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Siggles-thorne (valued at £260), with Stonegrave (valued at £300), the two livings being stated to be not more than 30 miles apart.

P. 150 no. 6. Timothy Lowten was second wrangler in 1761. He is mentioned as having been a competitor for the Craven University Scholarships in 1760, when the successful candidates were Thomas Zouch, afterwards D.D., and Joah Bates, Fellow of King's College, a great musician (*Zouch's Works*, i, pp. xxx, xxxi, and *Annual Register*, lvi, 131). He was ordained Deacon 30 April 1761 by the Bishop of Salisbury. He appears to have been instituted to the perpetual curacy of Flixton, Lancashire, 10 December 1764, but relinquished it in 1769, when he appears to have settled and died at Savannah, in America, for in the Register of Manchester Grammar School, under date 10 January 1778, there is an entry: "Thomas, son of the late Rev. Timothy Lowten, Savannah, America." (*Croston's edition of Baines' History of Lancashire*, iii, 308. *Register of Manchester Grammar School* (Chetham Society), i, 52, 228).

P. 150 no. 8. John Houlblon, second son of Jacob Houlblon, of Hallingbury, Essex, esquire, was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 26 May 1757, and was called to the Bar 9 February 1766. He died unmarried 19 July 1783. The father's name should be Jacob, according to Burke's *Landed Gentry*.

P. 150 no. 10. The name seems to have been properly Houldston, by which name he graduated. Thomas Houldston was ordained Deacon 19 September 1762 by the Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield, and was licensed to the curacy of Bolas, Salop, with a salary of £30. He was ordained Priest 12 August 1764 by the Bishop of Norwich, and licensed to the curacy of Rattlesden, Suffolk. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 22 March 1763. He died in May 1775, after a lingering illness (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 20 May 1775).

P. 150 no. 11. Thomas Duke was ordained Deacon 1 June 1760, and Priest 21 September 1765 by the Bishop of London.

P. 150 no. 12. This is probably the Richard Moseley who took the LL.B. degree in 1763, and to whom the following notes refer, but observe that there was another Richard Moseley in College about the same time, P. 153 no. 16. Richard Moseley was ordained Deacon 19 December 1762, in St George's Chapel, Mayfair, and Priest 27 February 1763 in Grosvenor Chapel, Westminster, by the Bishop of Norwich. He was presented to the Rectory of Rattlesden, Suffolk, by William Moseley, esq. (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 20 August 1763), he was instituted 9 August 1763. He was instituted Rector of Drinkstone, Suffolk, 5 September 1763. His successor at Rattlesden was appointed in 1776, but he held Drinkstone until his death.

On the south wall of the chancel of Drinkstone church is a monument with the following inscription: "In Memory of | the Rev^d. Richard Moseley | 40 years rector of this parish | who died the 5th day of Dec^r. 1803 | in the 65th year of his age | whose steady Christianity and unaffected reverence for Religion | wrought that by Example | which Precept alone could not have accomplished; | whose generous mind and truly charitable disposition | rendered him in his lifetime universally beloved | and will long preserve him dear to the recollection | of all who knew him." | Arms above: Moseley—*Sable*, a chevron between 3 pickaxes (or mill pecks) *argent*. Impaling Ray: *Azure* on a chief *or*, 3 martlets *gules*. Crest: out of a mural crown *or*, a semi-lion rampant, holding a mill peck *argent*, dexter side *sable*. (Davy, *Suffolk Collections*, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 19,109). The widow of the Rev. Richard Moseley, Rector of Drinkstone, died 20 December 1805, aged 82 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1826, p. 190).

The *Parish Register* of Drinkstone contains the following entries: "Anne Moseley, buried 22 January 1780; William Moseley of Fornham, and Elizabeth Cocksedge, married, 13 September 1763."

By his will the Rev. Richard Moseley gave to John Moseley, esq., and the Rev. Orbell Ray £700 to be laid out in 3 per cent. consolidated annuities, the dividends to be applied for establishing a Sunday-school and weekly day-school for teaching poor children belonging to, or residing in, the parishes of Drinkstone and Rattlesden to read and write; and he directed the said John Moseley and Orbell Ray to appoint such persons as they should think proper to be trustees with themselves (*Further* (20th) *Report of the Commission for inquiring concerning Charities*, 12 July 1828, pp. 638-9).

P. 151 no. 14. This may be the Thomas Cripps who was instituted Rector of Cheadle, co. Chester, 5 September 1775, on the presentation of Samuel Buck, of Leeds. He died in 1794. He resided for some time at Cheadle, but is not buried there (*Earwaker, East Cheshire*, i, 224).

P. 151 no. 15. Thomas Robinson, the father, was admitted to the College 30 June 1722 (P. 34 no. 44). Stapylton Robinson was ordained Deacon 29 May 1763 by the Archbishop of York, and licensed to be curate of Bubwith (to John Cayley, Rector), with a stipend of £20. He was ordained Priest 16 September 1764 by the Bishop of Carlisle, in the chapel at Rose Castle, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Chester. He was afterwards curate of Whickham, co. Durham. In the church at Wycliffe there is this epitaph to his memory: "H. E. S. Stapylton Robinson, A.M. | reverendi Thomae Robinson filius | Obiit quarto Calendas Junii, A.D. 1769, aet. 28." | His will was proved at York 30 June 1769, administration being granted to his widow (*Yorkshire Archaeological and Topographical Journal*, vi, 193; Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, viii, 398, ix, 695; *Gentleman's Magazine*, lxxxii, part 2, 323a).

P. 151 no. 16. John Dabbs was ordained Deacon 20 June 1762, and licensed to the curacy of Elford, co. Stafford, with a salary of £40, he was ordained Priest 17 June 1764, all by the Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield. One of these names was instituted Vicar of Penn, Bucks., 15 September 1768, and held the living until 1787.

P. 151 no. 17. Edward Thomas took the degree of M.B. in 1764, and perhaps returned to the West Indies. A later Edward Thomas, also born in the island of St Christopher, took the degree of M.D. in the University of Copenhagen 13 June 1789; he was admitted a Licentiate of the College of Physicians 22 December 1795, and then settled at Barbados (Munk, *Roll of the Royal College of Physicians*, ii, 446).

P. 151 no. 18. John Dobbs was ordained Deacon 17 May 1761, and licensed to the curacy of Broxholme with Digby, co. Lincoln. He was ordained Priest 27 February 1763, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. One of these names was instituted Vicar of Steventon, Berks., 14 December 1763, and held the living until 1770.

John Dobbs was the son of John Dobbs, of Waddingworth, co. Lincoln, who died in 1743, by Mildred, daughter of the Rev. John Brownell, and grandson of John Dobbs of Bucknall, co. Lincoln (Rev. A. R. Maddison).

P. 151 no. 19. George Loggon was admitted a Fellow of the College 22 March 1763. He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of London 19 December 1762. He

was appointed Sacrist of the College 20 April 1771, holding office for a year. He was presented by the College to the Rectory of Lawford, Essex, 7 May, and instituted 18 June 1778. He married Miss Raiment, of Barkway (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 9 January 1779). He died in July 1779 (*ibid.*, 10 July 1779).

P. 151 no. 20. William Hasell appears in the printed *Graduati* as Hassel, B.A. 1761. He was ordained Deacon 15 February, and Priest 16 May 1761 by the Archbishop of Canterbury (as Hassell). He preached before the King's School (Canterbury) Feast Society in 1771 (Sidebotham, *Memorials of the King's School Canterbury*, 23). He was instituted Vicar of Hollingbourne, Kent, 11 October 1773, holding the living until 1790.

P. 151 no. 21. George James Edmonds was ordained Deacon 12 June 1763, and licensed to the curacy of Somersham, Hunts. He was ordained Priest 22 December 1765, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Theydon Garnon, Essex, 15 April 1773, ceding this in 1780. He was instituted Vicar of Clun, Salop, 4 July 1782, and held this until his death. He died at Welton 4 December 1804, aged 65 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1804, ii, 1176).

P. 151 no. 23. John King was ordained Deacon by the Archbishop of York 12 September 1762, being recommended by letters dimissory from the Bishop of Chester, and he was ordained Priest by the Archbishop 18 September 1763. On September 19, the succeeding day, he was instituted Vicar of Middleton, Yorks., on the presentation of Thomas Robinson, of Welburne, Yorks., esq. He held the living until 1782.

P. 151 no. 25. Richard Sedgwick was ordained Deacon 6 June 1762, and licensed to the curacy of Pinchbeck, co. Lincoln; he was ordained Priest 12 June 1763, all by the Bishop of Lincoln.

P. 152 no. 1. James Butcher was ordained Deacon 20 September 1761 by the Bishop of Salisbury, at the request of the Bishop of Norwich. He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of London, 29 May 1763.

P. 152 no. 2. Colston Carr took a considerable period, 15 years in fact, before he got his degree. He was readmitted to the College 13 March 1764, and 6 November 1771 (see P. 167 no. 10). He took the degree of LL.B. in 1772. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of London 21 December 1763. He was instituted Vicar of Feltham, Middlesex, 5 August 1771, holding the living until 1777. On the 10th of April in that year he was instituted Vicar of Asheldam, Essex, holding that benefice until 1797. On 21 September 1797 he was instituted Vicar of Ealing, Middlesex, which he held until his death. He was also Curate of Old Brentford (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1822, ii, 92). He was the father of Dr Robert James Carr, of Worcester College, Oxford, who was Bishop of Chichester 1824-31, and of Worcester 1831-41 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*, where the father's Christian name is given as Coulston). In the church of Feltham is a monument (by Westmacott) with this inscription: "Sacred to the memory of the Rev. Colston Carr, LL.B., Vicar of Ealing, Middlesex, and formerly Vicar of this Parish. He died July 6th, 1822, aged 81 years. Benevolent and kind in his temper, he discharged the duties of his Christian profession with guileless simplicity and truth, respected and beloved by all his parishioners as their faithful minister and friend. This tablet is erected by his widow and surviving children, as a lasting memorial of their love and affection for one whose worth and excellence as a husband and father was rarely equalled, and could not be surpassed. Also to the memory of his five children: Colston, who died in 1796; Maria, in 1797; Edward James, Lieutenant in the Royal Navy, in 1802; Sarah Isabella, in 1816; and Henry William, K.C.B. and K.T.S., Lieut.-Colonel in the 3rd Regiment of Foot-Guards, in 1821." (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1824, ii, 39).

P. 152 no. 3. Thomas Williams was admitted to St Paul's School 26 March 1756, when his father is described as of Swansea. He was ordained Deacon 26 December 1769, and Priest 8 July 1770 by the Bishop of Norwich.

P. 152 no. 5. James Fielding, only son of James Fielding, of Silver Street, St James's Parish, in the City of Westminster, gentleman, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 29 December 1757.

P. 152 no. 6. Thomas Bedford was ordained Deacon 12 June 1763, and licensed to the curacy of Barton le Clay, Beds., June 13. He was ordained Priest 2 June 1765, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He became one of the domestic chaplains of Earl Granville (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 3 November 1764). He was instituted Vicar of Hawnes, Beds., 5 March 1781. He was collated 5 June, and installed 21 September to the Prebend of Bedford Major in Lincoln Cathedral (Hardy's *Le Neve*, ii, 108). He was instituted Vicar of Wilshampstead, Beds., 26 November 1782. On 21 November 1782, when he is described as chaplain to William Anne Holles, Earl of Essex, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Hawnes (valued at £160) with Wilshampstead (valued at £105), the two livings being stated to be contiguous. He held both rectories and his prebend until his death, 29 May 1793, at Hawnes, aged 54. He was then chaplain to Lord Carteret (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 15 June 1793; Nichols, *Collectanea*, iii, 88). His only surviving daughter, Lucy, was married on Monday, 4 December 1809, to Frederick Holland Durand, esq., of the Bedfordshire Militia (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 16 December 1809).

P. 152 no. 8. The Christian name of the father was Thomas; he was master of the Grammar School at Dedham. He purchased the advowson of the Rectory of Great Oakley, in Essex, in 1734 for £700, and sold it to St John's College in 1736 for £892. 10s. He seems to have reserved one presentation, for he was instituted Rector of Great Oakley, 15 November 1738, and held the living until his death in 1778. He was probably of St Catharine's Hall, B.A. 1726.

Thomas Lechmere Grimwood, his son, took the B.A. degree at Cambridge from St John's in 1762. He incorporated at Oxford from St Mary's Hall 6 July 1762; and took the degrees of M.A. 1764, B.D. 1774, and D.D. 1779, at Oxford from Magdalen Hall (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He succeeded his father as master of Dedham School, and was also Lecturer at Dedham (*Annual Biography*, 1830, p. 414b; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1809, i, 275). He was instituted Rector of Brandiston, Norfolk, 12 November 1783, and held this until his death at Dedham 15 April 1809 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1809, i, 390). One Thomas Grimwood Taylor is said to have been appointed Vicar of Dedham *vice* Grimwood, deceased (*ibid.*, 577a). Taylor was instituted Vicar of Dedham 9 March 1809 *vice* Richard Fletcher, so Vicar is probably a mistake for Lecturer.

P. 152 no. 9. Henry Ainsworth was admitted to Manchester Grammar School 16 January 1752, when his father is described as a farmer. He did not graduate. He was ordained Deacon 20 September 1761 by the Bishop of Lincoln, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Chester, and Priest 20 June 1762 by the Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield, also with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Chester.

P. 152 no. 10. Marmaduke Carver, the father, of Morthen, married Ann, daughter of John Griffiths, D.D., Rector of Eckington. He died 18 August 1746, aged 34, and was buried at Whiston. John Carver was ordained Deacon 17 June, and Priest 4 November 1764 by the Archbishop of York. He was instituted Rector of Whiston, Yorks., 15 November 1764 (on the presentation of William Simpson, of Stainford, esq.), and Rector of Treeton in the same county, 19 April 1765. The *Cambridge Chronicle* 20 April 1765 announces that he is empowered by dispensation to hold both livings, and describes him as chaplain to the Earl of Aberdeen. He married Sarah, daughter of Thomas Allen, of Chapelton, and heiress to her mother, Elizabeth Middleton. He vacated the Rectory of Treeton in 1804, but held that of Whiston until his death in 1807 (Hunter, *Familiae Minorum Gentium*, *Harleian Soc. Publ.* xxxix, 839, where there is a pedigree).

P. 152 no. 11. Richard Meyrick, the father, was descended from the ancient family of Meyrick of Bodorgan, in Anglesey. He married in 1732, while a boy at Westminster School, his cousin, Jane Cholmondeley, second daughter of Charles Cholmondeley, esq., of Vale Royal, Cheshire; his elder brother having at the same time married another cousin, Lady Lucy Pitt, heiress of the last Earl of Londonderry, through whom the Meyricks became possessed of the Pitt diamond, which was sold to the regent Orleans, and is now among the national jewels of France. They were married by a *Fleet parson*, and the public scandal caused thereby led to the passing of the Marriage Act.

Owen Lewis Meyrick was ordained Deacon 19 December 1762 by the Bishop of Norwich, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Bath and Wells. He was ordained Priest 18 March 1764, in Grosvenor Chapel, Middlesex, by the Bishop

of Coventry and Lichfield, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Norwich. He was instituted Rector of Holsworthy, Devon, 6 May 1766, on the presentation of Earl Stanhope, and held it until his death on 3 May 1819, having held it for the long space of "fifty-three years save four days." He left, by his only wife, Elizabeth, six surviving children—William, Elizabeth, Thomas, Anne, Jane, and Harriet—who, "mindful of the affectionate regard of his parishioners for their beloved rector while living, commit his memory to their care, in grateful confidence that their love, and protection of it, will prove the best and most lasting testimony of his departed worth" (*monumental inscription*). The Rev. Canon Raines, of Manchester, had in his possession a manuscript volume of poems written by the Rev. Owen Lewis Meyrick, which he describes as possessing no merit. There are verses on "Vale Royal, addressed to Thomas Cholmondeley, esq."; also "An epistle to the Rev. Thomas Robert Markham, at Vale Royal, formerly Fellow of St John's College, Cambridge, but now of Brasenose College, Oxford" (see P. 116 no. 32). A fragmentary poem, styled "A Character," was written in the year 1761, and was a satirical attack on a Cambridge man, in which verses "Dr Hogsden" (perhaps Ogden) is severely lashed, but was not the principal object of the poet's merciless censure (*Manchester School Register*, ii, 103-4; 161-2; 186). Mrs Meyrick, the wife of Owen Lewis Meyrick, died at Holsworthy in 1818, aged 72 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1818, p. 645 a; see also *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1827, ii, 107 b; 1842, ii, p. 215 a-b).

P. 153 no. 13. The Christian name of the father of Baptist Noel Turner was James. On the north wall of the chancel of the church of Wing, Rutland, is a white marble tablet with this inscription: "Underneath repose the remains of the Rev. James Turner, 2nd son of the Rev. James Turner, Vicar of Garthorpe, in the County of Leicester, 19 years Rector of this parish, an upright, unpresuming, yet zealous servant of his God. He died April 19, 1774, aged 64. Also the remains of Catherine, his wife, daughter of John Crichloe, of Grantham, gent. She died Dec. 31, 1781, aged 69. To them in pious gratitude is dedicated this memorial by their eldest son, the Rev. Baptist Noel Turner, who succeeded to this Rectory" (*Leicestershire and Rutland Notes and Queries*, iii, 234). James Turner, Vicar of Garthorpe, was instituted there 21 September 1697, and held the living until 1730. His son James Turner (B.A. Clare 1732) was instituted Vicar of Exton, co. Rutland, 4 July 1738, resigning this on his institution to the Rectory of Wing 21 December 1749.

Baptist Noel Turner migrated to Emmanuel College, where he took the degree of B.A. in 1762, and was elected Fellow there. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Lincoln 12 June 1763, and Priest by the Bishop of London 23 December 1764. He was appointed master of Oakham Grammar School in the place of the Rev. Enoch Matcham, deceased (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 1 July 1769; Carlisle, *Endowed Grammar Schools*, ii, 336). He married Sarah, eldest daughter of the Rev. Richard Easton, Prebendary of North Grantham, in Salisbury Cathedral (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 16 September 1769). He was instituted Rector of Denton, Lincolnshire, 19 December 1769, and Rector of Wing, co. Rutland, 17 June 1771. On 3 June 1771, when he is described as chaplain to Henry, Lord Ravensworth, he had a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Denton (valued at £180) with Wing (valued at £120), they being 16 miles apart. He resigned the Head-mastership of Oakham in 1778, and the Rectory of Denton in 1816. He held the Rectory of Wing until his death. His wife, Sarah, died at Denton on Sunday, 31 March 1816, aged 78 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 1s April 1816). An account of Mr Turner, with a portrait, will be found in Nichols' *Literary Illustrations*, vi, 140-194. He was the author of: (i) *Candid Suggestions; in eight Letters to Soame Jenyns, Esq.*, 1782, 12mo.; (ii) *The True Alarm: consisting of a Descant on National Prosperity, Sketch of a refutation of Mr Locke, and Thoughts on an equal Representation*, 1783, 8vo.; (iii) *An Argumentative Appeal on the Modes of raising Money for the Improvement of Church Lands in cases of inclosure; suggesting a plan less exceptionable than any hitherto adopted*, 1788, 8vo.; (iv) *The Words of Eternal Life: or an Explanation of the Catechism*, 1804, 12mo.; (v) *A Catechism of Conformity; adapted to the use of Schools*, 1814, 8vo.; and some other pamphlets. He published in the *New Monthly Magazine* an account of his interviews with Dr Johnson. These are reprinted in the *Literary Illustrations*, vi, 147-171. Mr Baptist Noel Turner died at his residence in Dorset Place, Marylebone, 13 May 1826, aged 86 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 26 May 1826). His eldest son,

William Turner, a Captain in the 81st Regiment, died in action. His son, John Turner, was admitted student of the Middle Temple 24 May 1796, called to the Bar 10 June 1803, elected Bencher 6 November 1840, was Autumn Reader in 1845, and Treasurer in 1850. He died 12 August 1862. Charlotte Aun Harlowe (wife of H. S. Harlowe, esq.), grand-daughter of the Rev. Baptist Noel Turner, died 10 January 1878 at Woodbury, North Bank, in her 78th year (*Lincoln Mercury*, 18 January 1878).

P. 153 no. 14. William Beresford was the son of John Beresford of Bentley and Ashbourne, by Frances, daughter of John Fitzherbert, of Somersall Herbert (Glover, *History of the County of Derby*, ii, 45, where there is a pedigree). See the admission of his brother, P. 138 no. 33. He was baptized at Ashbourne 2 January 1740. He was ordained Deacon 17 June 1764 by the Archbishop of York, and licensed to the curacy of Arnold, Notts. (to Edward Beresford), with a stipend of £30; he was ordained Priest 22 September 1765 by the Bishop of Chester, and licensed next day to St Thomas's Chapel in Heaton Norris, parish of Manchester, on the nomination of the Warden and Fellows of the Collegiate Church of Manchester. He was instituted Vicar of Sonning, in Berkshire, 29 October 1781. He died in June 1784 and was buried at Ashbourne. He married Martha Maria Bland, and left issue.

P. 153 no. 15. Thomas Potts was ordained Deacon (at Whitehall) 2 February 1762, and Priest (at Chester) 2 June 1765 by the Bishop of Chester.

P. 153 no. 16. The name should be Mosley. Richard Mosley took the LL.B. degree in 1764. He was ordained Deacon 20 March 1763, and licensed to the curacy of Strensall, Yorks., on the nomination of Thomas Mosley, Vicar (perhaps his father), with a stipend of £30, and he was ordained Priest 17 June 1764 by the Archbishop of York. On 18 June 1764 he was licensed to the curacy of Huntington, Yorks., on the nomination of the Vicars Choral, who were patrons. On 23 May 1767 he was instituted Vicar of St Cuthbert's with St Helen's on the Wall and All Saints in Peasholm Green, on the presentation of King George III. The living was vacant by the resignation of Zachary Suger; Mosley held it until 1770.

P. 153 no. 17. Joseph Digby, the father, was of Emmanuel College, Cambridge, LL.B. 1741. He was instituted Rector of Thistleton, Rutland, 2 June 1740, and Rector of St Mary's in Stamford, co. Lincoln, 18 May 1745. He ceded both these livings on his institution, 11 May 1754, to the Rectory of Tinwell, Rutland, 11 May 1754, he was also instituted Rector of Barrowden in the same county 28 October 1754. He held both livings until his death. He died 23 April 1786 and was buried at Tinwell. Jane, his wife, daughter of Charles Peale, late Rector of Edith Weston, died 3 March 1765, aged 52, and was also buried at Tinwell. The *Parish Register* of Tinwell records the marriage of William Judd, Lieutenant in the Navy, to Jane Digby, spinster, of Tinwell, 18 June 1764 (Mr Justin Simpson).

Joseph Digby, the son, was ordained Deacon 17 June 1764 (with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Peterborough) and Priest 25 May 1766, both by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Pilton, Rutland, 7 July 1767, holding it until his death, at which time he was also Minister of Queen's Square Chapel, Westminster, and Lecturer of St James, Garlick-hythe. He died 21 March 1794, at his apartments in George Street, Blackfriars Road, aged 52.

The *Gentleman's Magazine* for 1794, i, 385, gives the following account of him: "He was a gentleman highly and justly esteemed, and lamented by a numerous and respectable acquaintance, not only as a scholar of the first erudition, but as a person of great politeness, elegance of manners and address; of a clear head, and a good heart, being possessed of universal philanthropy. He was well known to the learned world for his literary attainments, particularly his happy talent of initiating youth in the Latin language, with ease, elegance of style, and rapidity. Many of his Latin cards, now extant, bear witness to the purity of his style and elegance of composition; and, indeed, some of the first dignitaries of the Church have passed many high encomiums upon his abilities as a tutor in the classics. During the latter part of his life he was under some pecuniary embarrassments; and being in an indifferent state of health for some months previous to his death, his asthmatical and other complaints at length brought on a dropsy, which in the course of a fortnight terminated his life, being found in the morning dead in his bed. Mr Digby was the younger son of the Rev. [Joseph] Digby, chaplain to the

Earl of Exeter. His elder brother is of Bangham, near Puckeridge, Herts., who buried him privately in Christ Church, Surrey."

P. 153 no. 18. Edward Holwell Drake, son of John Drake, of the city of Exeter, gentleman, matriculated at Oxford from Balliol College, 31 May 1750, aged 18. He was B.A. at Oxford 1754 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*).

P. 153 no. 19. John Roberts, son of Richard Roberts, of St David's, co. Pembroke, clerk, matriculated at Oxford from Brasenose College 7 March 174 $\frac{2}{3}$, aged 17. He took the B.A. degree at Oxford in 1751 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*).

P. 153 no. 20. William Crofts or Croftes, the father, was of Little Saxham, co. Suffolk; he married Maria, daughter and coheirress of Sir Matthew Decker. He died 14 November and was buried at Little Saxham 26 November 1770.

Richard Croftes, his eldest son, took the degree of M.A. *per literas Regias* in 1761. He has a copy of verses in *Acad. Cant. Luctus in obitum ... Regis Georgii II et Gratulationes in ... Regis Georgii III Inaugurationem*. He was returned as M.P. for the University of Cambridge 4 February 1771 and 10 October 1774. He was again a candidate in 1780 but was unsuccessful (Cooper, *Annals of Cambridge*, iv, 399). He was of Little Saxham, co. Suffolk, and West Harling, co. Norfolk. He married in 1773 Harriet, daughter of John Darell, of York Street, St James's Square, London. He died 4 July 1783 and was buried at West Harling (Gage, *History of Thingoe Hundred*, 134, where there is a pedigree, 138; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1783, ii, 628 b).

P. 153 no. 22. William Forster graduated as Foster, B.A. 1762. He was ordained Deacon 21 March 1762 and Priest 19 September following by the Bishop of London. One of these names was instituted Vicar of Kew and Petersham 1 August 1788.

P. 153 no. 23. Anthony Keck, of Oldcowliffe, Oxfordshire, fifth son of Nicholas Keck, was admitted to the Inner Temple, November 1653, Barrister 1659, Bencher 1677. He was appointed in 1688 one of the three Commissioners of the Great Seal, and knighted. He was the Author of *Cases argued and decreed in Chancery*, 1661-1680. He was M.P. for Tiverton, 1690-1696. He died in 1697. (*Students admitted to the Inner Temple*, 1547-1660. Privately printed, London, 1877. See also for some notes on the family *The Genealogist*, iii, 173; New Series, vii, 224). Anthony Keck, nephew of Sir Anthony Keck, died 23 November 1736, leaving a daughter Martha, who married David James, and by him (who died 8 January 1745) left at his decease a son Anthony James, who assumed the surname and arms of Keck, 1737. He married Ann Busby, who eventually became an heiress in right of her mother, one of the daughters of Sir Henry Beaumont, bart., of Staughton Grange, co. Leicester. He died 30 April 1786. This is the father of the member of this College. He was also a member of this College, see P. 65 no. 10 and the note thereon. He was M.P. for Leicester borough, 1761-68. Anthony James Keck, the son, of Staughton Grange, co. Leicester, was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn 23 June 1757 as son of Anthony Keck, of Lincoln's Inn, esquire; he married 18 July 1765 Elizabeth, second daughter and coheirress of Peter Legh, of Lyme, esq., co. Chester. He was M.P. for Newton borough, co. Lancaster, 1768-1774, and again 1774-1780. He died in 1782 (Burke, *Landed Gentry*, Powys-Keck, of Staughton Grange; *Names of Members returned to serve in Parliament*, Part ii, 140, 152; Ormerod, *History of Cheshire*, iii, 678).

P. 153 no. 1. James Boughton was ordained Deacon 23 December 1764 by the Bishop of Lincoln, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Peterborough. He was ordained Priest 25 May 1766 and licensed to the curacy of Great Gidding, Hunts., by the Bishop of Lincoln. In 1780, when he was curate of Coveney, he was presented by the Bishop of Ely to the Rectory of Thornton-le-Moors, co. Lincoln (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 16 December 1780). He was instituted 7 February 1781, and held the living until 1793.

P. 153 no. 2. The Christian name of the father was also Samuel; he was fourth or accidence master of Shrewsbury School from 1754 to 1758. In the latter year he resigned and was succeeded by his son, who somehow while acting as accidence master kept his terms at Cambridge. He took the B.A. degree in 1771, and the M.A. in 1774. He was ordained Deacon 21 September 1769 and licensed to the curacy of Hanwood, Salop; he was ordained Priest 24 September 1769, all by the Bishop of Hereford. On his ordination as Deacon, he is described as of

St John's, Oxford, no doubt a slip of the pen. On his ordination as Priest he is described as of St John's, Cambridge, and curate of Hanwood. He was nominated by the College to be Third Master of Shrewsbury School 19 March 1771; he succeeded as Second Master in October 1783, and resigned this office 30 June 1798. Hotchkiss, the Headmaster, states in his MS. that Johnson went out of his mind in May 1768, but it is probable that his mental affection was not of long duration, as his name never disappears from the School accounts. From the year 1769 onwards he is described as a clergyman. He died at Shrewsbury 2 September 1798, aged 59 (Fisher, *Annals of Shrewsbury School*, 241, 252, 471; it is stated at p. 241 that he was admitted Third Master 8 April 1771; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1798, ii, 994a). Samuel Johnson published: (i) A volume of Poems, Shrewsbury, 1768, 4to.; (ii) *An Essay on Education, a poem, in two parts*: Part i, *The Pedant*, Part ii, *The Preceptor*, Shrewsbury, 1771, 4to.; (iii) *The Temple of Fashion, a poem; in five parts*, Shrewsbury, 1781, 4to.

P. 154 no. 3. George Dinsdale was ordained Deacon by the Archbishop of York 6 June 1762 and licensed to the curacy of Kilham, Yorks., with a stipend of £25; he was ordained Priest 24 July 1762 and licensed to the curacy of Saxmundham, Suffolk, by the Bishop of Norwich. He was instituted Vicar of Benhall, Suffolk, 9 August 1764, and Rector of Stratford St Andrew, Suffolk, 15 December 1774. He held both livings until his death. On the south wall of the chancel of Benhall Church is a memorial of Portland stone with this inscription: "Sacred to the memory of | The Rev. Geo. Dinsdale, | Vicar of this Parish forty-six years | who died Feb. 3rd, 1810, | aged 71. | Also of Ann his Relict, | who died May 9th, 1823, | aged 79."

The *Parish Register* of Benhall contains the following entries with regard to the children "of the Rev. Geo. Dinsdale and Anne": Hannah Dinsdale, da., baptized 30 July 1766; George Dinsdale, son, baptized 6 July 1767; James Dinsdale, son, baptized 7 July 1768; Anne Dinsdale, da., buried 23 Sept. 1765; Owen Dinsdale, son, buried 19 July 1782; Rev. James Dinsdale, late Vicar of Cratfield cum Laxfield, son of the Rev. Geo. Dinsdale and Anne (late Anne Senior, spr.), died 4 November, buried 7 November, 1793, bachelor, aged 25 (Davy, *Suffolk Collections*, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 19,100).

This James Dinsdale (who was collated by the Bishop of Norwich to the Vicarage of Cratfield cum Laxfield 24 September 1792) was of Clare Hall, B.A. 1792 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 29 September 1792).

P. 154 no. 4. George Holgate, the father, was a member of the Salters' Company. George Holgate, the younger, was ordained Deacon 3 March 1765 and Priest 8 June 1766, both by the Bishop of Norwich. He was appointed curate of Carleton St Peter with Ashby and Claxton, Norfolk, 1765. He was instituted Rector of Stowting, Kent, 28 May 1771, on the presentation of James Cranston, of the town of Hastings, esq., holding it until his death. He also became Perpetual Curate of Theydon Bois, Essex, 24 November 1791. He married 21 June 1781 Ann, only surviving child and heiress of the Rev. William Salisbury, B.D., formerly Fellow of the College and Rector of Moreton, Essex, and by her had six sons and five daughters. He died at Dudbrooks, near Navestock, Essex, 17 April 1803, and is buried under the chancel window in the churchyard of that church (Mr C. W. Holgate, The Palace, Salisbury). George Rowland, one of the eleven children of the Rev. George Holgate (aet. 7 y. 8 m.), was elected to the Acton Clergy Orphan School in June 1804.

P. 154 no. 6. William Hall was son of the Rev. Mark Hall, perpetual curate of Earsdon, in the parish of Tinnmouth. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 10 April 1764. On 22 September 1763 he was appointed Third Master or under-Usher of the Grammar School at Newcastle-upon-Tyne, being advanced to the post of Usher or Second Master 15 December 1766. He vacated his Fellowship on his marriage to Miss Betsy Temberton, daughter of Richard Temberton, esq., of Newcastle-upon-Tyne (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 26 July 1766). He was ordained Priest 25 September 1774 by the Bishop of Durham in the chapel of the Castle at Bishops Auckland. He is said to have been a man of considerable abilities and acute learning. He was a friend of Dr John Brown, Vicar of Newcastle, author of the essay on Shaftesbury's *Characteristics*. In 1781 Mr Hall was elected Master of Haydon Bridge School, which office he held until his death there 4 June 1803, aged 62 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1803, i, 602). He was presented by the Corpora-

tion of Newcastle-upon-Tyne to the afternoon lectureship of St Thomas's Chapel in that town (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 26 December 1772). Elizabeth, his only child, married at Warden 4 January 1790 Henry Richmond, of Humshaugh, esq. His brother, Dr George Hall, became Provost of Trinity College, Dublin, and in 1811 Bishop of Dromore, but died in November of that year, only six days after his consecration. In 1776 Mr William Hall edited a pamphlet *On the Neglect of Public Worship, in a letter to a young gentleman*. (Hodgson, *History of Northumberland*, Part ii, vol. iii, p. 388; Mackenzie, *History of Newcastle-upon-Tyne*, 423; Nichols, *Literary Illustrations*, v, 126, 129).

P. 154 no. 7. Robert Robinson, the father, was a member of the College, see Part ii, P. 208 no. 26. Peter Robinson was born 18 January 1736 and succeeded his father as Vicar of Norton, Derbyshire, in 1773. He married in 1779 Elizabeth, elder surviving daughter of the Rev. Daniel Lowe, M.A., of Norton, co. Derby (by Elizabeth, youngest daughter of Joseph Mather, of Shipley, co. Derby, gent.), and sister of Joseph Lowe, of Highfield, co. Nottingham, esq. She was born 26 August and baptized 13 September 1743. She died 3 November 1782 and was buried at Norton. Peter Robinson died 23 December 1811 and was buried at Norton (*Genealogist*, iii, 259, where there is a pedigree; *Harleian Soc. Publ.* xxxviii, 449). Peter Robinson was ordained Priest 19 December 1762 by the Bishop of Norwich, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield.

P. 154 no. 10. John Cayley took the degree of LL.B. in 1770. He was ordained Deacon 6 December 1763 and licensed to be curate of Hutton Bushell to his father, with a stipend of £30; he was ordained Priest 2 June 1765, all by the Archbishop of York. He was instituted Rector of Terrington, Yorks., 3 June 1765, on the presentation of Barnabas Legard, of York, esq., William Dawson, of Gilling, esq. and Arthur Ricard, of the city of York, gentleman, patrons for this turn. He appears to have held the living until 1783.

P. 154 no. 12. This is probably the William Wainman, son and heir of Richard Wainman, of the parish of Kilwick in Craven, Yorks., esquire, who was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 1 February 1762, and was called to the Bar 6 February 1767.

P. 154 no. 13. Richard Wainman took the degree of LL.B. in 1765. He was ordained Deacon 23 June 1765 and licensed to the curacy of Kingsley, Staffordshire, with a salary of £35; he was ordained Priest 29 June 1766, all by the Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield. He was instituted Rector of Boddington, Northamptonshire, 28 February 1774, on the presentation of William Wainman, esq. He was buried at Boddington 16 August 1807 (Baker, *History of Northamptonshire*, i, 482).

P. 154 no. 14. One Evan Jones, son of John Jones, of Llanrwst, co. Denbigh, *plebeius*, matriculated at Oxford from Jesus College, 2 April 1723, aged 17. He took the B.A. degree at Oxford 14 March 1726.

Another Evan Jones, son of John Jones, of Llandrillo, co. Merioneth, *plebeius*, matriculated at Oxford from Jesus College 15 April 1736, aged 19. He took the B.A. degree at Oxford 15 February 1739.

Evan Jones proceeded to the M.A. degree at Cambridge, from St John's, in 1759.

Evan Jones, M.A. of St John's College, Cambridge, is stated in the *Canterbury Act Books* to have been ordained Priest by the Bishop of Worcester 24 May 1741. He was instituted Vicar of Evesham All Saints 24 September 1750, and Vicar of Cleeve Prior 7 June 1759, both co. Worcester. On 28 March 1759, when he is described as chaplain to Isabella, Viscountess Irwin, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both these livings, then stated to be of the respective values of £30 and £60 and to be 4 miles apart. Both livings were vacant in 1769.

P. 154 no. 15. Henry Stapylton was the eldest son of Henry Stapylton, of Hatfield, Yorks., Lord of the Manor of Wighill, by his wife Elizabeth, daughter of George Healey, of Burringham. Henry Stapylton, the younger, was baptized at Hatfield 26 March 1741. He died 4 April 1779, aged 38, and was buried at Wighill. He married in 1765 Harriot, fourth daughter of Sir Warton Pennyman Warton, bart., of Beverley. She was baptized at St Cuthbert's, York, 15 August 1737, and died 5 October 1791, aged 53, and was buried at Wighill (Foster, *Pedigrees of the County Families of Yorkshire*, Stapylton of Wighill).

P. 154 no. 16. David Ball was ordained Deacon 27 February 1763 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and Priest 3 March 1765 by the Bishop of Norwich. He became curate to Richard Hurd (afterwards successively Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield and of Worcester) at Thurstaston and Anstey, co. Leicester. He was collated by the Archbishop of Canterbury (under circumstances explained below) to the Vicarage of Chislet 9 May 1777, and to the Vicarage of St Nicholas at Wade 13 May 1777, both in the Isle of Thanet, holding both by dispensation, their values being stated as £70 each. He vacated both these livings on his collation by Archbishop Moore to the Rectory of Aldington with Smeeth, Kent, 10 February 1785. He was instituted Vicar of St Mary's, Sandwich, 15 December 1809, on the presentation of Dr Houstonne Radcliffe, Archdeacon of Canterbury. He held both these livings until his death 19 June 1823 at the parsonage house, Smeeth, aged 83 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 4 July 1823).

The following passage with regard to David Ball occurs in Cradock's *Memoirs*: "At Thurstaston I think I never met any one but Mr Ball, the curate, who always seemed dissatisfied with his situation; he said, 'I do not pretend to be very learned, but I have never been treated with such distance, or rather disdain.' I assured him it was the manner of Mr Hurd to others; that I was certain he had a favourable opinion of him; and I urged him not hastily to give up his situation, for that I was convinced that Mr Hurd was intrinsically good. Mr Ball would not have long followed my advice, but that his rector had been appointed preacher at Lincoln's Inn, and he availed himself of his absence to be more comfortable. Mr Ball, however, was at last convinced of the truth of all my assertions; for as soon as ever his rector rose to be Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry he presented the first living he had in his gift, without the least application, to his astonished curate, the unassuming Mr Ball."

In a letter from Bishop Hurd to Dr Balguy, dated 25 April 1777, the following passage occurs: "The same death that vacates this stall, vacates also a living of about £70 a year for poor Ball. But the Archbishop of Canterbury has asked it for a friend of his, to hold with Eceleshall (his option), and offers me instead for Ball two livings in the Isle of Thanet, to the amount of £150 a year, and, as far as I can learn, not ill-conditioned, which I fancy he will accept" (Kilvert, *Memoirs of Bishop Hurd*, 72, 131).

P. 154 no. 17. John Rugg, son of John Rugg, of Bridgewater, Somerset, clerk, matriculated at Oxford from Balliol College 24 March 1723, aged 18. He took the B.A. degree at Oxford in 1727, and the M.A. degree at Cambridge from St John's (as Rugge) in 1759 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He was ordained Deacon 31 May 1730 and Priest 11 July 1731, by the Bishop of Bath and Wells. He was instituted Rector of Nettlecombe, Somerset, on the presentation of Sir John Trevelyan, bart., 9 September 1755, and Vicar of Bradford, in the same county, on the presentation of John Parker, esq., 2 May 1759. On 28 April 1759, when he is described as chaplain to Alexander, Earl of Kelly, he received a dispensation to hold both livings, then stated to be of the respective values of £120 and £60, and to be 15 miles apart. Both livings were again filled up in 1789.

P. 155 no. 19. On 15 December 1763 the Archbishop of York granted letters dimissory to William Wilson, to be ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Chester, and on 19 December 1763 licensed him to be curate of St Mary's in Beverley. One William Wilson, B.A. of St John's, was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Lincoln 14 June 1767. A William Wilson, B.A. of St John's, was ordained Priest by the Archbishop of York 27 October 1776, when he was curate of St Paul's in Sheffield. This latter person may be the William Wilson, B.A. 1774, who was a Fellow of the College.

P. 155 no. 20. William Dade was ordained Deacon 24 June 1763, when he was licensed to the curacy of St Martin's in York, with a stipend of £30, and he was ordained Priest 2 June 1765, all by the Archbishop of York. He was instituted Rector of St Mary, Castlegate, and also Rector of St Michael in Spurriergate in the city of York 31 August 1773. He was instituted Rector of Barmston, Yorks., 22 January 1772, then ceding St Michael's. He appears to have held Barmston until 1790 and St Mary's until 1792.

P. 155 no. 21. William Gilbank was ordained Deacon 18 September 1763 by the Archbishop of York, and licensed to the curacy of Ryther, with a stipend of £30. He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of London 23 December 1764. He

was collated to the Rectory of St Ethelburga in the City of London 8 December 1775. He was appointed domestic chaplain to the Duke of Gloucester (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 28 July 1781). He held both these pieces of preferment at his death 3 January 1807 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1807, i, 92). He was author of the following: (i) *The Scripture history of Abraham, to which is annexed a dissertation on the sceptre of Judah, in which the comments of Bishop Sherlock and Bishop Warburton upon that subject...are examined*, 8vo. London, 1773; (ii) *The day of Pentecost. A Poem, etc.*, 8vo. London, 1789; (iii) *The Duties of Man: a Sermon* [on 1 Thes. iv. 11] *preached on occasion of the public fast 19 April 1793*, 4to. London, 1793; (iv) *A Sermon* [on John vi. 51] *preparatory to the due observance of Good Friday, containing a summary of the Christian Doctrine upon the subject of that day*, 4to. London, 1804.

P. 155 no. 23. The original name of the father was Thomas Harwood, but he assumed the name of Hill in 1727. He was of Tern, co. Salop, and was elected M.P. for Shrewsbury in 1749, 1754, and 1761. He was envoy-extraordinary to the Court of Brussels and Turin, and a Lord of the Treasury. He declined an Irish Peerage. He was baptized at St Chad's 12 November 1693, and was buried 18 June 1782.

Noel Hill was the second son of Thomas (Harwood) Hill by his second wife Mary, first daughter and coheirress of William Noel, one of the Judges of the Common Pleas. He was born in April 1745. He was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 1 March 1763, and was returned as M.P. for Shrewsbury 19 March 1768, and for the county of Salop 13 October 1774 and 20 September 1780. He was raised to the Peerage of Great Britain by patent dated 19 May 1784, as Baron Berwick of Attingham in the county of Salop. He married 17 November 1768 Anne, second daughter of Henry Vernon, of Hilton, co. Stafford, by Harriet, third daughter of Thomas Wentworth, Earl of Strafford. He died 6 and was buried 20 January 1789 at Alcham, co. Salop. His widow died 23 March 1797, and was buried in Manfredonia in the kingdom of Naples (G. E. C. *The Complete Peerage*, i, 350; Foster's *Peerage*, Lord Berwick).

P. 155 no. 24. One John Wilson was Vicar of Empingham, co. Rutland, from 1750 to 1778, who may be the father. John Wilson was ordained Deacon 17 June 1764 (with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Peterborough) and Priest 25 May 1766, when he was licensed to the curacy of Somersham, Hunts., all by the Bishop of Lincoln. One of these names was instituted Vicar of St Martin, Stamford Baron, 4 April 1776, and held the living until 1782.

P. 155 no. 25. Thomas Ferris was ordained Deacon 25 September 1763, and licensed next day to the curacy of Kelsall, Herts., he was ordained Priest (with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Ely) 21 September 1766, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 10 April 1764, his fellowship was filled up again in 1781. He was Sacrist of the College for one year from 27 February 1768, Steward from 20 February 1770 till 27 February 1773, and President from 25 March 1779 till 17 March 1780. He was presented to the Vicarage of Shepreth, Cambridgeshire, by Hale Wortham, esq., of Royston (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 11 October 1766), and instituted 23 September 1766. He ceded this on his presentation by Thomas Rummer Byde, esq., to the Vicarage of Royston, Herts. (*ibid.* 2 July 1768), and he was instituted 23 June 1768. He left Royston on his presentation by the Governors of the Charterhouse to the Rectory of Great Stambridge, Essex (*ibid.* 28 June 1777), he was instituted 24 June 1777. He was then instituted Dean and Vicar of Battle in Sussex 21 May 1799. On 17 May 1799 he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Stambridge (valued at £270) with the Deanery of Battle (valued at £230). He preached before the anniversary meeting of the Governors of Addenbrooke's Hospital on Thursday 1 July 1779 (*ibid.* 3 July 1779). He married on Monday 1 May 1780 Mary Dixon, of Cockermouth (*ibid.* 13 May 1780). He was appointed to the Prebend of Bishophurst in Chichester Cathedral 13 January 1792, and he became Precentor of the Cathedral 9 January 1801 (Hardy's *Le Nere*, i, 280, 267). He held his Prebend with Stambridge and Battle until his death 19 June 1801. The death of his son, Captain William Ferris, R.N., is announced in the *Gentleman's Magazine* for 1822, i, 567. Cole in his collections for an *Athenae Cantabrigienses* (Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5869) states that Thomas Ferris was Junior Proctor in 1772 and adds, "He is my acquaintance and seems a very worthy man: cousin to Mr Hale Wortham, of Royston, where he is Vicar, and had been, I think, of Shepreth."

P. 155 no. 26. Christopher Atkinson did not graduate. One of these names was instituted Rector of Yelden, Beds., 12 July 1770, and held the living until 1778. He was the author of the following: (i) *A poetical sermon on the benefit of Affliction and the Reasonableness of an entire resignation to the will of the Supreme Being; in two parts*, Ps. cxix. 71, 1766, 4to.; (ii) *Faith, Hope, and Charity described and recommended, in two sermons*, 1767, 8vo.; (iii) *Twenty sermons on the most interesting and important subjects*, Cambridge, 1774, 8vo. One of these volumes is preserved in the School Library at Sedbergh (*Sedbergh School Register*, 137), so that it seems probable that the Rector of Yelden is identical with this member of the school and College.

P. 155 no. 27. Delabere Pritchett, the father, was instituted Vicar of Carew, co. Pembroke, 14 November 1743. He was sub-chantor of the Cathedral of St David's for 57 years, and died at St David's on Saturday, 25 December 1801, aged 87 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 9 January 1802). Richard Pritchett was elected Naden Divinity Student of the College 3 November 1760, and admitted Fellow 10 April 1764. He was ordained Deacon 15 March and Priest 20 December 1767 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was Junior Dean of the College from 20 April 1771 to 17 December 1773, when he became Senior Dean, holding the latter office till 15 March 1782. In a copy, in the College Library, of Nicholas Manu's *De Veris Annis D.N. Jesu Christi Natali et Emortuali Dissertationes &c.*, London, 1742, is this note: "The gift of Frederick, Lord Godolphin to R. Pritchett, in testimony of his esteem and approbation during eight years serving of the curacy of Stapleford, 1782." He was presented by the College to the Rectory of Layham, Suffolk, 10 November 1781 and instituted 11 December. He married on Saturday 5 April 1788 Mrs Newcome, widow of the late Rev. Augustus Henry Newcome, of Hobbets near Hadleigh, with a fortune of £5000 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 12 April 1788). In the north wall of the chancel of Layham Church is a slab, apparently formerly resting over a grave, with this inscription: "Beneath this marble | are deposited the remains of the late | Mrs Mary Pritchett wife of the | Rev^d R. Pritchett B.D. | Rector of this parish | She exchanged this life for a better | on the 3rd day of July 1791 | Aged 30 | In the same grave | lie the Mortal Remains | of the above mentioned Richard Pritchett B.D. | formerly Fellow of | St John's College Cambridge | and near 30 years Rector of this Parish | He died on the 17th of Dec^r 1811 | in the 69th year of his Age | Reader let this plain tale remind thee | That youth as well as age fall a prey to Death | Be wise therefore and redeem the time | While yet through Grace tis in thy power. | "

See the admission of his brother P. 157 no. 9 and the note thereon. See also *Pedigree of Pritchett as derived from De la Bere of Kynnersley, Perkins of Drayton and Pritchett of Richard Castle* by Jas. Piggott Pritchett and Sir T. C. Cullum, London, fol. 1892. There is also a pedigree in Robinson's *Mansions of Herefordshire*, 41, 42.

P. 155 no. 29. One Edmund Evans was Vicar of Alton, co. Stafford, from 1752 to 1791, perhaps the father. William Evans took the degree of LL.B. in 1766. He was ordained Deacon 25 September 1763 and licensed to the curacy of Alrewas, co. Stafford, with a salary of £30, and Priest 21 September 1765, when he was licensed to the curacy of Shirley, co. Derby, with a salary of £40, all by the Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield. One William Evans was instituted Rector of Grindon, co. Stafford, 29 May 1769, and held the living until 1816. One William Evans, LL.B., was instituted Rector of Grendon, co. Warwick, 14 May 1791, and held the living until 1793.

P. 155 no. 30. Henry Shepherd was admitted a Fellow of the College 10 April 1764, his fellowship was filled up in March 1777. He was ordained Deacon 18 March 1764 and licensed to the curacy of Friskney, co. Lincoln, he was ordained Priest 22 December 1765, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Ashby with Fenby, co. Lincoln, 29 July 1773; he was presented by the College to the Rectory of Brandesburton, co. York, 25 April 1776, and instituted 17 May following. On 8 May 1776 he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then stated to be of the respective values of £105 and £200, and to be not more than 27 computed miles apart. He held both livings until his death. In the church of Brandesburton is a monument with this inscription: "Henry Shepherd, thirty-three years Rector of this parish, died 16 March 1809 in the 68th year of his age. Naomi Shepherd, widow of the Rev. Henry Shepherd, B.D., late Rector of this parish, died 22nd January 1823,

in the 74th year of her age" (Poulson, *History and Antiquities of Holderness*, i, 282). He was a brother of the Rev. Richard Shepherd, D.D., of Corpus Christi College, Oxford, who matriculated at Oxford 1 December 1749, and is described as son of Henry Shepherd, of Marcham le Fen, co. Lincoln, clerk. Richard Shepherd was many years Archdeacon of Bedford (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*); he inscribed to his brother Henry his book *The New Boethius or the Consolations of Christianity*, 1806—"in memory of an excellent father, who formed their minds on those principles which only can sustain the shocks of adversity with fortitude; as a pledge of fraternal affection; and a tribute to a studious life passed in private; and to those virtues with which he has adorned the shade of obscurity" (Rivington, *Ecclesiastical Annual Register*, 1809, p. 601).

P. 155 no. 31. Christopher Thompson Maling, eldest son of William Maling, of Sunderland, co. Durham, esquire, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 3 November 1762.

P. 155 no. 32. George Scurfield was ordained Deacon 18 September 1763 by the Archbishop of York, and licensed to the curacy of Osmotherley, Yorks., with a stipend of £30. He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of London 6 June 1773. He died at Newcastle 1 February 1813, aged 72. The *Gentleman's Magazine* (1813, i, 287) gives the following account of him: "Though blind for a number of years he regularly made his own marketing; and he was so fond of antiquities, or anything curious, that he perhaps possessed a greater variety of articles of this description than any other private gentleman in the neighbourhood. He died immensely rich."

P. 156 no. 33. Edward Tighe, second son of William Tighe, of Rossana, co. Wicklow, Ireland, esquire, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 5 November 1759, and was called to the Bar 29 May 1767. He migrated to the Inner Temple, where he was admitted 26 November 1768. In the Parliament of Ireland for 1761 to 1768, he was M.P. for the borough of Belturbet, co. Cavan. In the Irish Parliament of 1769 to 1776 he sat for the borough of Wicklow; in that of 1776 to 1783 he was returned for the borough of Athboy, co. Meath, for which he sat, and also for the boroughs of Innistioige, co. Kilkenny, and Wicklow. He sat for Wicklow in the Parliaments of 1783 to 1790, and 1790 to 1797. He was married and left a son (Burke, *Landed Gentry*, Tighe of Woodstock).

P. 156 no. 34. John Haygarth was the son of John Haygarth, of Garsdale (*Sedbergh School Register*, 141). The *Gentleman's Magazine* for 1827, pp. 205-6, contains the following Memoir, with a portrait of Dr Haygarth.

On the tenth of June [1827], died at Lambridge House near Bath, aged 87, John Haygarth, M.D., F.R.S. Lond., F.R. and M.S., Edinb., and of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences. This eminent physician was born in Garsdale, a retired valley of Yorkshire, in 1740. After a good classical education at the Grammar School of Sedbergh he proceeded to St John's College, Cambridge, and took the degree of M.B. in 1766. He soon after settled at Chester, where for thirty-one years he enjoyed an extensive practice, and most ably discharged the duties of physician to the Infirmary of that city, being elected to that office in 1767, and retiring in 1798, when he was succeeded by Dr Thackeray, who has filled the situation ever since with equal zeal and ability. From Chester Dr Haygarth removed to Bath, where he successfully continued his profession, so long as his health would allow; and where he followed up that course of active benevolence which he had commenced in early life.

To him the whole kingdom is indebted for the introduction of a plan for separating fever cases from their more immediate connexion with public hospitals, or for the establishment of what are called Fever Wards. This improvement was carried into effect at his recommendation, and in conjunction with his colleague Dr Curry, at the Chester Infirmary, in 1783; and its utility became so generally appreciated by the medical profession, that the plan was immediately adopted in other hospitals, and is now become universal.

Dr Lettson, in his *Hints designed to promote Beneficence, Temperance, and Medical Science*, speaks in the highest terms of this and Dr Haygarth's other exertions. His remarks are these: "In reflecting upon the importance of the object which Dr Haygarth has happily effected, of stopping the progress of infectious fevers, by a plan equally simple and efficacious, the mind dwells with

pleasure in witnessing the influence of philanthropy directed by medical science, in snatching victims of contagion from the deleterious air of an infected chamber, and in preserving whole families, with the friendly visitors, from the insidious poison ready to invade every age and rank, and to spread disease and death among the community—In arresting and subduing two poisons (the small-pox and fever), the most insidious to the human race, in pamphlets,—in unveiling imposture clothed in the meretricious garb of bold quackery (in his tract on metallic tractors),—the philanthropic physician justly acquires the approbation of a grateful public, and with a mind conscious of having deserved it, is truly rich in its own reward, as his own sentiments testify.”

To him also mankind are indebted for an investigation of the nature, causes, and prevention of contagion, derived from philosophical principles. The facts which he ascertained by a patient examination of this subject led to the formation of his *Rules of Safety*, the value of which have been proved, wherever they have been adopted.

The medical works of Dr Haygarth consist of (i) *An Inquiry how to prevent the Small-pox*, 8vo., 1784; (ii) *A sketch of a Plan to exterminate the casual Small-pox, and to introduce general Inoculation*, 2 vols. 8vo., 1793; (iii) *Two letters to John Howard, esq., on Lazarettos*, 1793; (iv) *Of the Imagination as a Cause and as a Cure of Disorders of the Body, exemplified by fictitious Tractors and Epidemical Convulsions*, 8vo., 1801; (v) *A letter to Dr Percival on the Prevention of Infectious Fevers*, 8vo., 1801; (vi) *A Clinical History of Diseases, Part I of Acute Rheumatism, and of the Nodosity of the Joints*, 8vo., 1805; (vii) *Synopsis Pharmacopoeiae Londinensis*, 1810.—Besides several papers communicated to the *Philosophical Transactions* and other scientific and professional works.—Of the publications, the first attracted much notice upon its appearance, being translated into French by Dr De la Roche, and into German by Dr Cappel, of Berlin. The means, however, which it proposed for the extinction of the variolous poison were rendered abortive by the astonishing discoveries of Dr Jenner.

Of the *Imagination*, it may be sufficient to say, that it is alluded to by Professor Dugald Stewart, in his able Dissertation on the Progress of Philosophy (*Encyclop. Brit. Supp.* vol. v. pt. i, p. 200), who considers that this volume is one of those which has made a valuable addition to the stock of well-authenticated facts concerning the influence of mind upon body.

But the energy of Dr Haygarth's mind was not confined to his profession. His active benevolence in promoting the education and increasing the comforts of the poor are well known. His endeavours upon the former point, when residing at Chester, are recorded in *A letter addressed to Bishop Porteous*, 8vo., 1812, in which he also calls the attention of the public to the state of the Free Schools in the North of England; and from the earnestness with which he was wont to solicit the interference of his Parliamentary friends, he no doubt contributed in a great degree to the late inquiry which the Legislature have carried into effect with regard to the endowed schools of the kingdom in general.

His desire to benefit the community was also shown in the conspicuous part he took in the formation of Savings Banks. When the inhabitants of Bath were invited by a respectable member of the Society of Friends to consider the advantages of such institutions, he was the individual, who in the following month (March 1813) devised and submitted a proposal, which after much discussion, and a very extensive correspondence, was adopted in that city, and continued in active operation for 18 months without any aid from Government. The principle of Dr Haygarth's plan was that of self-support, by investing all the deposits in the public funds, and making the depositors liable to their rise and fall. He was encouraged in this view of the subject by the approbation of several whose opinions carry weight in the political world, among whom were the Marquis of Lansdowne, Professor Malthus, and the Right Hon. George Rose. Mr Rose afterwards modified this plan in the Act of Parliament he introduced; but in securing a fixed rate of interest to the depositors, he entailed a charge upon the country, from which Dr Haygarth's project was free. All particulars on the subject were published by the Doctor in 1819, in a pamphlet entitled *An Exposition of the Principles and Proceedings of the Provident Institution at Bath for Savings*.

Throughout his life Dr Haygarth cultivated an extensive acquaintance with those who in any way contributed to the promotion of benevolent or scientific objects, and thus his name is associated with some of the most estimable characters

of the day. Among his friends well known for their intellectual endowments or moral worth we may notice his kinsman Mr John Dawson, of Sedbergh, the celebrated mathematician; Dr Percival, Dr Aikin, and Dr Falconer of Bath.

In his retirement from the active duties of his profession Dr Haygarth became a considerable planter on a patrimonial estate in his native dale, to the inhabitants of which he ever preserved a strong attachment.

With regard to the religious opinions of this respected individual, we find that after thus devoting his days to the interests of humanity, he built his hopes in another world (as the benevolent Howard had done), not on his own merits, but on the merits of his Saviour.

P. 156 no. 35. Richard Harrison was ordained Deacon 25 September 1763, and licensed to the curacy of Woolstaston St Michael's; he was ordained Priest 2 June 1765 (his title being the curacy of Worthen, Salop), all by the Bishop of Hereford.

P. 156 no. 36. James Thwaites graduated as Thwaites, LL.B. 1765. He was ordained Deacon 24 December 1769, and licensed to the curacy of Acomb, Yorks., with a stipend of £20; he was ordained Priest 28 October 1770 and licensed to the curacy of St Martin's Micklegate, in the city of York, all by the Archbishop of York. One James Thwaites was instituted Vicar of Compton, with Upmarden, Sussex, 24 December 1771, and held the living until 1806.

P. 156 no. 37. John Hutton was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Lincoln 12 June 1763 (with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Ely) and Priest by the Bishop of Ely 18 September 1763. His family had property at Burton in Kendal, co. Westmorland, and he was nominated Vicar of that parish before 1777 (Nicholson and Burn, vol. i, 236). He married Miss Myles, of Ambleside, on Wednesday, 7 November 1781 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 17 November 1781). He was Moderator and University Taxor in 1769. He died on Tuesday, 5 August 1806, aged 66 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 16 August 1806; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1806, p. 875). He was a member of the S.P.C.K., and Treasurer and Secretary to the Humane Society in the Archdeaconry of Richmond. He was the author of *A Tour to the Caves in the West Riding of Yorkshire, in a letter to a Friend*, inserted in *West's Guide to the Lakes*. A correspondent of *Notes and Queries*, writing in July 1860, stated that he had in his possession a MS. by Hutton, being a *Treatise on the Etymology of Words in the English Language derived from that of the Greek, divided into several Classes according to their distinguishing circumstances*. He was the friend and correspondent of the Rev. Thomas Wilson, B.D., rector of Claughton and Head Master of Clitheroe School, whose life and miscellanies have been edited for the Chetham Society (*Notes and Queries*, 2nd Ser. ix. 444; x. 19; *Paley's Life*, 32, 34).

P. 156 no. 38. The real name of this person was Sanderson, in which name he graduated B.A. 1763, M.A. 1766, and was ordained. He was ordained Deacon 23 September 1764, being licensed next day to the curacy of Woodhorn, Northumberland; he was ordained Priest 21 September 1766 and licensed next day to be curate of the chapel of Widdington, within the parish of Woodhorn, on the nomination of John Wibbersley, Vicar of Woodhorn, all by the Bishop of Durham. He resigned this chapelry into the hands of the Bishop 10 September 1771. He was elected second master of Morpeth Grammar School 26 July 1764, and was elected Headmaster of that School 24 April 1772. He stood a contest for his election with William Hall (P. 154 no. 6). At this contest 211 freemen voted, and though Mr Sanderson had Lord Carlisle's powerful support he had a majority of only five votes. The Bishop of Durham granted him his license as Schoolmaster 21 September 1772. He married, 23 February 1773, Lilia, fifth daughter of William Cresswell of Cresswell. They had one son, who was a captain in the Royal Navy. He resigned his mastership in 1806 (Hodgson, *History of Northumberland*, Part 2, Vol. ii, 202, 403, 404, where he is wrongly stated to be of Trinity College). He was instituted Rector of Croxton, co. Cambridge, 16 June 1810. Thomas Kidd, who succeeded him, was instituted 23 August 1813. He died at Croxton Rectory 3 February 1814, being described as a man "of the most profound learning and amiable manners" (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 25 February 1814). The *Tyne Mercury* (quoted in the *Cambridge Chronicle* of 4 March 1814) says of him, that his "profound and extensive learning in that appropriate aid to his professional studies, the Hebrew and Oriental languages, gave an ornament to his unassuming manners and irreproachable life. The character which a residence

of above forty years at Morpeth, as master of the endowed school, had established, whilst it accompanied him to his distant preferment, left an impression which absence had not impaired, nor diminished the regret with which the account of his death was received by the many witnesses of his long experienced worth." One William Sanderson who was instituted Rector of Gonalston, Notts., 23 June 1808, holding the living till 1811, may be the same man.

P. 156 no. 40. William Ironside, the father, married Mary, daughter and co-heiress of Anthony Wild, of Hutton Henry. William Ironside, the younger, was baptized 4 June 1741. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 10 April 1764, and his fellowship was filled up again in March 1769. He was ordained Deacon 21 September 1766 (with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Ely) and Priest 25 September 1768 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He married Elizabeth, daughter of John Nesham, of Houghton-le-Spring. He was Perpetual Curate of St Helen's, Auckland, and a J.P. for the County Palatine of Durham. He died 6 March 1795 at Houghton-le-Spring, Durham (Surtees, *History of Durham*, i, 150, where there is a pedigree; *Cambridge Chronicle*, 21 March 1795; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1795, p. 350; Hutchins, *History of Dorset*, ii, 282, where there is a pedigree).

P. 156 no. 2. William Norton was the eldest son of Fletcher Norton (afterwards Lord Grantley, see his admission, P. 76 no. 33). He was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 17 April 1755. He was returned as M.P. for the borough of Richmond, Yorks., 21 November 1768, and again 19 December 1775. He was returned as M.P. for the borough of Guildford, Surrey, 4 April 1782, succeeding his father, who was then raised to the Upper House. He was returned as M.P. for the county of Surrey 7 April 1784. He succeeded as second Lord Grantley on the death of his father 1 January 1789. He married 27 September 1791, Anna Margaretta, elder daughter and co-heiress of Jonathan Midgeley, of Beverley, Yorks. (she died 23 April 1795). The second Lord Grantley died without issue 12 November 1822.

P. 157 no. 7. Hugh Percy was the son of Hugh Smithson (afterwards Percy) Duke and Earl of Northumberland, by his wife, Elizabeth Seymour, daughter of Algernon, Duke of Somerset. He was born 28 August 1742 in the parish of St George, Hanover Square. During his long life he held many appointments civil and military. The following list is taken from Doyle's *Official Baronage of England*, ii, 670-1. Styled Lord Warkworth 1750-1766; Ensign 24th Regiment of Foot, 1 May 1759; Captain, 85th Regiment of Foot, 6 August 1759; Lieut.-Colonel, Commandant 111th Regiment of Foot, 16 April 1762; Returned as M.P. for the City of Westminster 15 March 1763, again 16 March 1768, again 26 October 1774, vacating his seat in 1776 and going to the House of Lords as Baron de Percy; Aide-de-Camp to King George III, and Colonel, 26 October 1764; styled Earl Percy, 1766-1786; Deputy Lieutenant co. Northumberland, 16 April 1767; Colonel, 5th Fusilier Regiment of Foot, 7 November 1768; Major-General in America, 11 July 1775; Major-General, 29 September 1775; succeeded (*jure matris*) as Baron Percy, 5 December 1776; Lieutenant-General, 29 August 1777; Colonel, 2nd Middlesex Regiment of Militia; Captain and Colonel, 2nd Troop of Horse Grenadier Guards, 2 November 1784; succeeded as second Duke of Northumberland, 6 June 1786; Lord Lieutenant, co. Northumberland, 2 September 1786 to 4 January 1799; Custos Rotulorum, co. Northumberland, 2 September 1786-June 1800; Vice-Admiral, co. Northumberland, 14 October 1786; F.S.A., 3 May 1787; F.R.S., 6 March 1788; K.G., 9 April 1788; General in the Army, 12 October 1793; Colonel, 'Percy Tenantry' Regiment of Yeomanry, 25 July 1798; Lord Lieutenant, Custos Rotulorum and Vice-Admiral, co. Northumberland, 15 June 1802; Colonel, Royal Regiment of Horse Guards, 30 December 1806-December 1812; High Steward of Launceston; Constable of Launceston Castle; a Councillor of the Duchy of Cornwall; a Vice-President of the Society of Arts.

He was twice married, first on 2 July 1764 to Lady Anne Stuart, third daughter of John, Earl of Bute, she was divorced in 1779; secondly, 25 May 1779 to Frances Julia, third daughter of Peter Burrell, of Beckenham, and sister to Sir Peter Burrell, afterwards Lord Gwydir.

His early inclination pointed to a military career, and in military duties and pursuits he spent the active part of his life, clearly giving himself up to the work with heart and soul. His first experience of war was as a volunteer under Prince

Ferdinand of Brunswick in the Seven Years' War. He took part in the battle of Bergen, and rode in Lord Granby's decisive charge upon the wavering French columns at Minden. Amongst the MSS. at Alnwick Castle is preserved his *Pocket Book of Military Notes*, 1760-1, which gives evidence of the diligence with which he studied the art of war. His promotion in the Army, it will be observed, was rapid, as was then usual with young men of rank. His appointment to the command of the 5th Regiment of Foot formed the subject of a violent attack on the Commander-in-Chief by Junius (Letter to Sir William Draper 7 February 1769). In 1774 he embarked for Boston to take part in the American Revolutionary War. His journal and letters, preserved at Alnwick, give a simple and faithful record of his experiences, throwing light on many of the incidents of that struggle. His commanding officer at first was General Gage, who placed him in charge of the Camp at Boston. He was present at the battle of Lexington 19 April 1775, covering the retreat of the Grenadiers and Light Infantry, who, advancing too far, had been attacked and surrounded, having expended all their ammunition. General Gage in his official despatch observed "that too much praise cannot be given to Lord Percy, for his remarkable activity during the whole day." His letter to his father, written the day after the battle, shows that the official despatch much understated the losses of the British troops. He also took part in the battle of Bunker's Hill, and in the reduction of Fort Washington, where he commanded the assault. His relations with Sir William Howe, who had superseded General Gage in the command of the King's forces, became very strained, and in spite of the entreaties of his friends he returned to England. The Fifth Foot, whom he had commanded, solicited and obtained authorisation to call themselves 'The Northumberland Fusiliers,' by which name the regiment is still known. Lord Percy, as appears in many ways, seems to have been a difficult man to work with, but there was something in his character which gained the respect of his foes. His portrait still hangs in the Town Hall of Boston, and Americans, when they recall the incidents of their great struggle, always mention the name of Lord Percy in kindly and generous terms. With his return to England his active military career came to an end.

In the year 1771 the Duke, his father, had applied to the King to confer the governorship of Tynemouth Fort (an office usually disposed of in accordance with the wishes of the Duke of Northumberland) upon Lord Percy, and the royal promise was supposed to have been obtained. But when the vacancy occurred Lord North passed Lord Percy over, a slight which was not forgiven. When peace was about to be made with America Lord Percy was considered by his character, high rank, and knowledge of America, to be well suited for the office of plenipotentiary then proposed to be sent to the insurgent colonies. His friends pressed his claims, but stipulated for the *Garter* as a necessary appanage to the embassy. To this the answer was returned "that his lordship might depend upon it on his return." To which, bearing his previous experience in mind, he replied "that being too well acquainted with courts to trust to promises, if he could not have the *Garter* before embarkation he must decline going." Accordingly the Earl of Carlisle was sent instead.

For the remainder of his life he devoted himself chiefly to his duties as a country gentleman, living in great state at Alnwick. As second Duke of Northumberland he did not take a public part in politics. His sympathies and friendship were with Charles James Fox. For Pitt and his principles he had a great detestation. He was tenacious of outward ceremonial, and conscious of his own importance. He was several times invited to occupy prominent positions in various ministerial combinations contemplated by the party in opposition, but severely resented what he considered want of deference shown to him. When Lord Grenville formed the Ministry of All the Talents in 1806 Fox had neglected to consult the Duke, or to communicate to him the grounds on which he and his party had been induced to join the new cabinet. This roused the Duke's anger and he issued a circular to those members of the House of Commons who sat as his nominees; the following passage in the circular curiously illustrates the power exercised by a great noble at that time: "I must desire that you and my other friends will refrain from taking any part in the debates, as well as giving your vote upon such propositions as may be offered to the House by the new administration, until I am able to judge of the principles upon which this new coalition intend to govern the country." The difference was made up by the Prince of Wales, who wrote a letter of fourteen closely-written pages to the Duke.

He seems to have been a very kindly man and a good officer. He had a rooted aversion to corporal punishment, and during the whole period of his regimental command the lash was not once called into requisition. At a time when the hospital service of the army was much neglected his personal efforts and private funds ensured care and comfort to the sick and wounded, and as a proof of his solicitude for the soldier, it may be mentioned that all the widows of those under his command who had fallen at Bunker's Hill were sent to England at his own cost, severally provided with a sum of money on their landing, and transported to their various homes. He presented a large sum of money to Mr Kemble when that actor was in distress owing to the burning of Drury Lane Theatre. And on the death of Joseph Richardson, M.P., he assisted the widow and family.

His independence is shewn by the fact that when the Prince Regent wrote to the Duke suggesting that Tom Sheridan should be nominated for one of his Grace's boroughs, he received the reply that it was the Duke's intention to reserve the seat in question for his eldest son. He attended carefully to his duties as a landlord, repairing and rendering comfortable the farm-houses in his northern estates. He beautified and improved Alnwick Castle, and Northumberland House in London. He endeavoured to set an example to others, shewn in a curious way by the following memorandum sent to his house steward at Sion House at a time of scarcity, when with the view of alleviating distress an order was passed by the Privy Council enjoining economy in private households.

"To Henderson,

17 July 1795

"In consequence of the present scarcity of wheat, and in compliance with the desire of His Majesty's Privy Council communicated to me by the Duke of Portland, you will give the most positive directions to the butler that neither rolls, nor any other sort of wheaten bread finer than that which, in an Act of Parliament passed in the 13th year of His Majesty's reign, is called by the name of *Standard Wheaten Bread*, be after this day brought in to my family....Also that the Clerk of the Kitchen be desired to make no puddings, pies, or tarts, or cakes in which flour is used; and that my own dinner for the future is to consist of one course, unless orders are given to the contrary; and no hot joint, and only one kind of cold meat, be at my side table."

The Duke died at Northumberland House in London 10 July 1817, and was buried with much state in Westminster Abbey on July 19 (*Annual Biography* for 1818, 118-127, where there is a silhouette portrait; E. B. de Fonblanque, *Annals of the House of Percy*, ii, 547-568, this contains many extracts from letters and other documents preserved at Alnwick; *Dictionary of National Biography*; Chester, *Westminster Abbey Registers*, 493).

P. 157 no. 9. See the admission of his brother, P. 155 no. 27. Charles Pigott Pritchett became a Conduct Fellow of King's College. Gunning, *Reminiscences of Cambridge*, i, 137, has this anecdote with regard to the two brothers. "...the Rev. Richard Pritchett, of St John's, who had a living in Suffolk, and had a brother at the same College, who was so very like him in voice and appearance, and so very unlike every other person, that during their residence in College together the most ridiculous mistakes were frequently occurring. One of them was Conduct Fellow of King's, who wishing for a month's absence, applied to the Provost for permission: his brother became his substitute. About ten days afterwards, the Provost expressed his surprise to the Vice-Provost, that the Conduct who had asked leave of absence had not yet quitted the College. The Vice-Provost informed him that his place had been supplied by his brother. The Provost expressed his surprise and great dissatisfaction, and remarked that no person but a member of the College ought to have been allowed to perform the service without his permission. I am tempted to relate another anecdote of the Pritchetts which produced much mirth amongst many Members of the University at the time it occurred. Soon after the incident I have mentioned, the elder brother got a living, and resolved on taking a wife. He talked very seriously to his brother of his intention to marry, and of his apprehension that so extraordinary was the likeness between them, that *even the wife* might sometimes find a difficulty in distinguishing which was *really* her husband. He then gravely proposed that the younger brother should wear a wig; the younger brother remarking that as the elder had got a good living, and he hoped would get a good wife, it was *he* who ought to be at the expense of a wig. At this period wigs were considered very ornamental, and

many of the clergy seemed to vie with each other in having the most expensive. It is probable that the lady did not approve of the wig, for it was finally settled that the younger brother should wear it, and that the elder should defray the expense incurred. I knew them both; and when spoken of, they were usually distinguished as 'Wife and no Wig,' and 'Wig and no Wife'."

Charles Pigott Pritchett was ordained Deacon 22 December 1765 by the Bishop of Norwich. He was instituted to the sinecure Rectory of Stackpole Elidore and to the Rectory of St Petrox, both co. Pembroke, 22 June 1780. He was instituted Vicar of Castle Martin, in the same county, 8 October 1782. He held all these livings until his death. He obtained the sixth curial Prebend in the Cathedral of St David's 3 June 1795, and was collated to the Prebend of St Nicholas Penfoyst in St David's 1 October 1796 (Hardy's *Le Neve*, i, 322). He died at St Petrox in 1813 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1813, ii, 503 a; Hardy, *l. c.*). He was also chaplain to Lord Cawdor. He published: *The Necessity of Christian Unity, with the most probable means of its Advancement*. A Sermon on Matth. ix. 36, 37, 38. Carmarthen, 1806, 8vo. (*Brit. Mus. Catal.*).

P. 157 no. 10. James Horseman appears in the printed *Graduati Cantabrigienses* as Joseph Horseman, B.A. 1764. He was ordained Deacon (as James) 23 September 1764 by the Bishop of Durham and was licensed curate of Greatham, co. Durham, next day.

P. 157 no. 11. William Colchester was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of London 2 June 1765, and Priest by the Bishop of Peterborough at a special ordination in St George's, Hanover Square, 1 May 1773. He was instituted Rector of Holton St Peter, Suffolk, 3 May 1773. He held the living until his death, which occurred at the Parsonage House, Holton, 20 June 1824. He was aged 81 (*Ipswich Journal*, 26 June 1824).

P. 157 no. 12. George Grey did not graduate. He entered the Army and became Lieutenant-Colonel of the 59th Regiment of Foot. He died at Gibraltar. He married Margaret, daughter of Roger Moore, of Dublin, by whom he had two daughters (Surtees, *History of Durham*, ii, 19, where there is a pedigree).

P. 157 no. 13. Richard Gee was ordained Deacon 19 October 1766 and licensed to the curacy of Givendale with Millington, Yorks., with a stipend of £30; he was ordained Priest 14 June 1767 and licensed to the curacy of Hotham with a stipend of £35, all by the Archbishop of York. He was instituted to the following Yorkshire livings: to the Rectory of Cowthorpe 18 February 1768, to the Vicarage of North Cave 21 October 1773, and to the Rectory of Leven 6 March 1775. On 24 February 1775 he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold North Cave (valued at £70) with Leven (valued at £130), the two livings being stated to be not more than 17 miles apart. He ceded Cowthorpe in 1788, and North Cave in 1808, but held Leven until his death. He died at Hotham about July 1815, aged 73 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1815, ii, 91 a).

P. 157 no. 14. Thomas Ackland was born 8 September 1743. He was the last Wrangler in the Mathematical Tripos of 1764 and was admitted to the degree of B.A. 24 January 1764, to that of M.A. 4 July 1767, and to that of D.D. 2 May 1807. He was ordained Deacon 23 March 1766 by the Bishop of Chester at Whitehall, and Priest 20 December 1767 by the Bishop of Winchester. He was instituted Vicar of Christ Church, Southwark, Surrey, 31 July 1786, and held the living until his death. He died 19 December 1808 at his house in Bennet Street, Southwark, aged 65. At the time of his death he was also chaplain to the Fishmongers' Company (Manning, *History of Surrey*, iii, 543; *Cambridge Chronicle*, 31 December 1808; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1808, ii, 1134 b). He published: (i) *Religion and Loyalty recommended: a sermon* [on Prov. xxiv. 21] preached at Christ Church, Surrey, September 30, 1798, before the Armed Association of the Parish, London, 1798, 4to.; (ii) *Performance of vows, the true thanksgiving; a Sermon* [on Psalm lxxvi. 12] preached on June 1, 1802, for the peace, London, 1802, 4to.

P. 157 no. 16. Charles Wright was ordained Deacon 25 and Priest 29 September 1768 by the Bishop of London. He was instituted Rector of Rayleigh, Essex, 3 October 1768, on the presentation of Robert Bristow, esq., of Micheldever, Hants. (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 22 October 1768). He held Rayleigh until 1799. He was appointed chaplain to Earl Stanhope (*ibid.* 30 September 1786). In 1792, when he is described as "of Peterborough, Rector of Rayleigh in Essex, and in

the Commission of the Peace for the County of Northampton," he married Susannah, niece and sole heir-at-law of Richard Burton Philipson, esq., deceased (late Lieutenant-General and Colonel of the 3rd Regiment of Dragoon Guards, and M.P. for Eye in the county of Suffolk). He was then empowered to use the surname and bear the arms of Burton and Philipson only (*ibid.* 15 September 1792).

P. 157 no. 17. The father was William Aveling (of Trinity College, B.A. 1736), he was Vicar of Flitwick, Beds., 1740-1774, and Rector of St Peter Martin in the town of Bedford, 1742-1771. William Aveling, the younger, was ordained Deacon 22 December 1765 and licensed to the curacy of Flitwick, Beds.; he was ordained Priest 29 May 1768 and licensed to the curacy of Apsley Guise, Beds., with a stipend of £40, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He succeeded his father as Rector of St Peter Martin in Bedford, being instituted 18 June 1771. He was instituted Rector of Apsley Guise 4 July 1783. On 2 July 1783, when he is described as chaplain to Francis, Duke of Bedford, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold St Peter Martin (valued at £100) with Apsley Guise (valued at £150), the livings being stated to be not more than 15 miles apart. He held both until his death 10 March 1790 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 20 March 1790).

P. 158 no. 19. Robert Twyford, son of Samuel Twyford, of Corsham, Wilts., gentleman, matriculated at Oxford from Oriel College 12 March 1733, aged 18. He took the B.A. degree at Oxford in 1736 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He took the M.A. degree at Cambridge, from St John's, in 1760. He was instituted Rector of Comb Hey, Somerset, 24 February 1742, ceding this on his institution 16 October 1758 to the Vicarage of Minety, Wilts. He was appointed Treasurer of St David's Cathedral, with the Prebend of Llandissilio Gogoff annexed, 8 May 1762 (Hardy's *Le Neve*, i., 318), holding these two preferments until 1776. One Robert Twyford was instituted Vicar of South Petherton, Somerset, 10 March 1761, on the presentation of the Dean and Chapter of Bristol.

P. 158 no. 21. One John Swale, of No. 5, New Square, Lincoln's Inn, esquire, was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn 30 April 1765.

John Swale, junior, gentleman, son of John Swale, of Lincoln's Inn, esquire, was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn 21 January 1766, and was called to the Bar 12 April 1769.

In the Church of Mildenhall, Suffolk, are monuments with the following inscriptions:

1. A mural tablet in the north aisle: "Erected | by John Swale, esq. | as a tribute of sincere affection | to the revered memory of | Elizabeth his wife, | and as a public record of | her eminently Christian virtues. |"

2. Below the last: "To the memory of | John Swale, esq., | who died the 8th of March 1821, | aged 78 years. | This Tablet is inscribed by his sisters, | not to record those services | which were rendered to the public | by his active and superior mind. | But in testimony | of that Christian resignation | with which he endured protracted sufferings. | And also as a tribute | of that affectionate remembrance | which a long and tender intercourse | has indelibly impressed | on the hearts of those who best knew him. |"

3. "Here lieth the body of | Jane Swale, | who died Sept. 4, 1795, | in the 80th year of her age. | She was the daughter of William Melmoth, esq., of Lincoln's Inn, and Relict | of John Swale, esq., of this place, who died July 7th, 1780, aged 72. | Man. Par. Opt. Me. | F. D. D. |"

4. "In a vault beneath | are interred the remains | of | Elizabeth Swale, | who died April 8th, 1818, | in the 68th year of her age. | She was the wife of John Swale, esq., of Mildenhall, | and the daughter of Eliakim Palmer, esq., | of London. | Also the remains of John Swale, esq., | of Mildenhall, | who died March 8th, 1821, | aged 78." | (Davy, *Suffolk Collections*, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 19,095).

P. 158 no. 22. William Procter was ordained Deacon 17 October 1762, when he was licensed to the curacy of Steppingley, Beds.; he was ordained Priest 12 June 1763, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was probably the William Procter who was instituted Vicar of Wollaston with Irchester, Northamptonshire, 28 February 1770, holding the living until his death. He was instituted Rector of Wymington, Beds., 17 June 1777, resigning this on his institution to the Rectory of Woughton-on-the-Green, Bucks., 26 April 1782. He was instituted Rector of Stanwick,

Northamptonshire, 17 September 1790. On 1 September 1790, when he is described as chaplain to Sackville, Earl of Thanet, he obtained a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Woughton (valued at £130) with Stanwick (valued at £140), the two livings being stated to be not more than 22 miles apart. He was also curate of Wellingborough and Master of the Grammar School there up to 1791. He held his livings until his death, 4 August 1793. The *Gentleman's Magazine* for 1793, p. 772, in announcing his death describes him as 'Rector of Woughton, Vicar of Stanwick, and formerly of Long Preston in Craven.' See also Harvey, *History of the Hundred of Willey, co. Bedford*, 435; Carlisle, *Endowed Grammar Schools*, ii, 229.

P. 158 no. 23. Samuel Martin (the father) was the son of Samuel Martin, of Loughborough, co. Leicester, clerk, and matriculated at Oxford from Lincoln College 12 March 1713, and was B.A. 1722, M.A. 1725. He was elected a Fellow of Oriel College 19 April 1723; his election was disputed and the validity not finally established in his favour till 14 May 1726. He vacated his Fellowship 26 March 1731, having been instituted to a benefice. He was Master of Appleby School in Leicestershire from 1725 to 1739. He was instituted Rector of Newton Regis, Warwickshire, 7 April 1730, ceding this on his institution 17 September 1746 to the Rectory of Gotham, Notts. In the church of Gotham there is a monument to him with the following inscription, interesting from its reference to the resignation of a benefice in days when pluralities abounded: "M. S. | Samuelis Martin, A.M. | Collegii Orieli in Academia Oxoniensi | quondam Socii. | Florentissimae Scholae de Appleby in Agro Leicestr. | Magistri simul celeberrimi. | Qui mortem obiit Natalibus Christi 1775, aetat. suae 75. | Hujus ecclesiae per annos 29 rector assiduus. | Olim rector ecclesiae de Newton Regis in Agro Varvicensi | sed alterius emolumento modico satis superque contentus. | Publicae providus utilitatis ac privatae non indecore profusus. | Alteram (credite posteri!) lubens resignavit. | Agnoscas lector viri eximiam pietatem | Et mores apprime spectatos | Et in literis tum sacris tum humanioribus | Hand mediocrem progressum. | At in hac unica laude prorsus haerens | Pro certo habens | Quod quanto erat in terrenis opibus | Accumulandis modestior | Tanto splendidior in Coelis | Christi gratia | sortietur coronam." The arms on the tablet are: *Argent*, three talbots passant in pale, *sable*.

Samuel Martin, his son, was admitted to Manchester Grammar School 30 September 1754. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 18 March 1766. He was ordained Deacon 23 February 1766 by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed to the curacy of Enderby, co. Leicester. He married (by license) on 27 July 1769, Elizabeth, eldest daughter and co-heiress of John Smith, of Nottingham, by Elizabeth, daughter of Langford Nevill. He was instituted Rector of St Peter's, Nottingham, 11 November 1767; collated 7 and installed 13 October 1775 to the Prebend of Scamblesby in Lincoln Cathedral; and instituted Rector of Tollerton, Notts., 1 June 1782, holding all these preferments until his death. He was thrown from his horse on Thursday 12 September 1782 and killed (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 21 September 1782). His burial is thus recorded 19 September 1782 in the *Parish Register* of St Peter's, Nottingham: "The Rev. Samuel Martin, Rector of this Parish and of Tollerton, in this county." He was the father of the Rev. Samuel Martin (of St John's, B.A. 1792), whose baptism is thus recorded in the *Parish Register* of St Mary's, Nottingham: 3 April 1770, "Samuel, son of the Rev. Mr Samuel Martin, of St Peter's in this Town, and Elizabeth." This Samuel Martin was Rector of Worksop, Notts., and died 4 April 1859. While he again was father of Samuel Martin, of St John's, B.A. 1817, who was in Holy Orders and died 26 October 1860 at Exton, in Tasmania. This last Samuel Martin was a brother of Francis Martin, for 30 years Bursar of Trinity College (*Manchester School Register*, i, 58; Hardy's *Le Neve*, ii, 205; Letters from Mr Stapylton Martin, of The Firs, Norton, near Worcester).

P. 158 no. 24. William Becher seems to have migrated to Jesus College for a time, see P. 166 no. 6. He was ordained Deacon 4 November 1764 and Priest 25 May 1766 by the Archbishop of York. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 10 April 1764, vacating it on his marriage to Miss Drake, of Southwell (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 4 April 1767). He was instituted Vicar of Whissendine, co. Rutland, 4 April 1771; this he ceded on his institution 3 February 1778 to the Rectory of Cole Orton, co. Leicester, on the presentation of Sir George Beaumont, bart

He was then chaplain to the Earl of Harborough. He was collated by the Archbishop of York to the Prebend of Woodburgh, in Southwell, 3 February 1778. He was instituted Rector of Hatcliffe, co. Lincoln, 23 December 1778, ceding this in 1785. He was instituted Rector of Whittington, co. Derby, 8 March 1796, but ceded this in 1797, in favour of his son Sherard Becher (also a Fellow of St John's). On 5 March 1796, when he is described as chaplain to Edward, Earl Digby, he had a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Cole Orton (valued at £99) with Whittington (valued at £100), the livings being stated to be not more than 27 miles apart. He was appointed Vicar-General of the Collegiate Church at Southwell (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 18 August 1795). He was instituted Rector of Waltham, co. Lincoln, 12 October 1815, then ceding Cole Orton. He held this with his Prebend until his death 27 June 1821 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 13 July 1821).

The College Conclusion or Order Book contains the following entry with regard to him: 16 April 1767. "Whereas it appears to us that Ds. Beecher, lately Fellow of the College, hath kept his Fellowship about six weeks after his marriage, by declaring the reports of his marriage to be false, with a design of preventing his Fellowship being filled up at this election, It is ordered that his name be taken off the Boards unless cause can be shown to the contrary within a month, and that his sponsor do acquaint him with this order."

P. 158 no. 25. Thomas Cradock, the father of these two youths, was of Queens' College, B.A. 1733, M.A. 1737. He was Vicar of Penn, Staffordshire, from 1751 to 1757; he was also a Prebendary of Wolverhampton.

William Cradock did not graduate at Cambridge, though he was afterwards described as M.A. and D.D. His uncle John Cradock, Bishop of Kilmore, gave him preferment in his diocese. He was Rector of Lurgan, and he was instituted Archdeacon of Kilmore 6 August 1770, ceding this in 1776. He was collated 2 May and instituted 4 May 1774 to the Prebend of St Audoen's, in St Patrick's Cathedral, Dublin. He was elected Dean of St Patrick's 11 September and installed 12 September 1775. He was also Registrar of the Order of St Patrick. He died in Edinburgh 1 May 1793, and was there buried in the churchyard of the Grey Friars (Cotton, *Fasti Ecclesiae Hibernicae*, ii, 104, 144; iii, 176; *European Magazine*, 1793, ii, 239).

P. 158 no. 26. Thomas Cradock was presented by his uncle, John Cradock, then Bishop of Kilmore (P. 45 no. 29), to the rectories of Drung and Laragh, in the diocese of Kilmore, worth £500 per annum (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 9 May 1767); these he held until his death. He was collated and installed to the Prebend of Rathmichael, in St Patrick's Cathedral, Dublin, 25 November 1774, ceding this on his collation 31 October and installation 2 November 1776 to the Prebend of St Audoen's, in the same Cathedral. He died in Dublin in 1827, aged 88, and was buried in the Cathedral (Cotton, *Fasti Ecclesiae Hibernicae*, ii, 144, 173; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1827, ii, 645 a).

P. 158 no. 27. See the admission of the father, Part ii, P. 209 no. 32, and of an elder brother, P. 125 no. 34. Heneage Lloyd, second son of Richard Lloyd, knight, His Majesty's Solicitor-General and one of the Masters of the Bench of the Middle Temple, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 14 June 1754.

P. 158 no. 28. One Evan Evans, only son of Evan Evans, of Hill Street, Berkeley Square, co. Middlesex, gentleman, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 25 June 1761.

Evan Evans, B.A. of St John's College, Cambridge, was ordained Deacon 26 December 1769 by the Bishop of Norwich, at the request of the Bishop of Bath and Wells.

P. 158 no. 30. Richard Palmer took the B.A. degree in 1765. He was ordained Deacon 21 September 1766 and licensed to the curacy of Aylton, co. Hereford; he was ordained Priest 29 June 1768 (when he was curate of Eye, co. Hereford), all by the Bishop of Hereford. He was instituted Vicar of Wigmore, co. Hereford, 20 July 1774, and held the living until 1790.

P. 158 no. 31. John Fancourt, son of William Fancourt, of Liddington, co. Rutland, matriculated at Oxford from Hertford College 26 May 1762, aged 20; he took the B.A. degree at Oxford in 1766 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He took the M.A. at Cambridge from St John's in 1769. One of these names was instituted

Vicar of Stow, co. Lincoln, 24 July 1772. John Fancourt, of St John's, was Headmaster of Uppingham School from 1771 to 1777 (*Uppingham School Roll*, xiv).

P. 158 no. 1. This appears to be Patrick Blake, son of Andrew Blake, of Langham, Suffolk (whose father Patrick Blake, esq., of the Island of Montserrat, was second son of Peter Blake, esq., of Cumner and Ballyglumin, co. Galway), who was created a baronet 8 October 1772. He was returned as M.P. for the Borough of Sudbury, Suffolk, 17 March 1768, 12 October 1774 and 15 September 1780. He died 1 July 1784. He married Annabella, daughter of Sir William Bunbury, bart.; the marriage was dissolved by Act of Parliament (Burke, *Peerage and Baronetage*, Blake of Langham).

P. 159 no. 2. John Cronkshaw, son of Leonard Cronkshaw, of Hawlings, co. Lancaster, *plebeius*, matriculated at Oxford from Brasenose College, 11 April 1739, aged 18. He took the B.A. degree at Oxford in 1742 and the M.A. in 1759 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). His name does not appear in the *Graduati Cantabrigienses*. One John Cronkshaw was instituted Vicar of Broomfield, Essex, 30 January 1788, but only held the living a short time as Joseph Wise, his successor, was instituted there 21 October 1788.

P. 159 no. 3. Johu Ward was ordained Deacon 2 June 1765, and licensed to be lecturer and assistant of St Mary's, Beverley, to Samuel Johnston, Vicar, his salary to be the contributions of the parishioners, about £30. He was ordained Priest 19 October 1766, and licensed to the curacy of Walkington, Yorks., to Randle Hancock, Rector there, all by the Archbishop of York. He is probably the John Ward who was instituted Rector of Thornton Dale, in Pickering, Yorks., 20 July 1768, and held the living until 1781.

P. 159 no. 5. John Milward was ordained Deacon 9 March 1766 by the Bishop of Lincoln, at a special ordination in the Chapel Royal, Whitehall; he was licensed next day to the curacy of Eastwell, Leicestershire; he was ordained Priest by the Bishop of London 12 July 1767. He was instituted Vicar of Framfield, Sussex, 17 July 1767, on the presentation of Sackville, Earl of Thanet. He died in 1771, and was succeeded by his brother Joseph Milward (of Queen's College, Oxford, B.A. 1769) (*Sussex Archaeological Collections*, xxvi, 45).

P. 159 no. 6. John Garrett was ordained Deacon 3 March 1765 by the Bishop of Norwich, at the request of the Bishop of Exeter. He is no doubt the John Garrett who was Headmaster of the Grammar School at Chudleigh, co. Devon. He is said to have been an excellent scholar and critic, and to have brought the school to a high state of efficiency (Carlisle, *Endowed Grammar Schools*, i, 253). He was instituted Rector of Brushford, co. Somerset, 31 July 1790, and Vicar of Culmstock, co. Devon, 30 July 1801. He held both livings until his death in 1811 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1811, ii, 195 a). As confirming the identification of John Garrett, it should be noticed that while he took the B.A. degree in 1765 he did not proceed to the M.A. degree till 1801. He no doubt then took it in order to qualify him under the Canons Ecclesiastical of 1603, to hold two benefices.

P. 159 no. 8. John Pilborough was ordained Deacon 3 March and Priest 22 December 1765 by the Bishop of London. He was for some time curate at Angmering, Sussex; the baptisms of several of his children are recorded in the parish register (Mr E. H. W. Dunkin). He died at Colchester in December 1785 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 31 December 1785).

P. 159 no. 9. Christopher Hull was ordained Deacon 25 March 1765 and licensed to the curacy of Beckbury, and Priest 1 June 1766 (his title being the curacy of Willey), all by the Bishop of Hereford. He was nominated by the Vicar of Kirkham to the curacy of Goosnargh, Lancashire, 15 August 1770 (and licensed thereto by the Bishop of Chester 22 August), then said to be worth near £100 per annum (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 11 August 1770). On 31 May 1782 he was nominated by the College, Headmaster of Sedbergh School, on the death of Wynne Bateman. In June 1790 he was appointed Rector of Aspenden, Hertfordshire, when he resigned the curacy of Goosnargh. During his ministry at Goosnargh a partial repair of the church was made. He was not a success as master at Sedbergh. He died very suddenly (dropping down dead in the street), 3 January 1799, aged 58, and was buried in the chancel of Sedbergh church (Fishwick, *History of Goosnargh*, 35; Platt, *History of the Parish and Grammar School of Sedbergh*, 157-9).

P. 159 no. 12. William Forster was ordained Deacon 25 May 1766 and licensed to the curacy of Wymeswold, co. Leicester, he was ordained Priest 19 February 1769, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Thistleton, co. Rutland, 26 March 1771, and Rector of Ayston in the same county 10 November 1780. On 6 November 1780, when he is described as chaplain to Robert, Earl of Harborough, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Thistleton with Ayston, the value of each living being stated to be £100, and their distance apart not more than 13 miles. He held both livings until his death at Ayston 15 April 1834, aged 90 (Justin Simpson, *Obituary and Records for the counties of Lincoln, Rutland, and Northampton*, 319j). He was a Governor of Uppingham School (Carlisle, *Endowed Grammar Schools*, ii, 333).

P. 159 no. 13. The name of both father and son should be Aldrich. The father was of Emmanuel College, B.A. 1729. The father was Rector of St John the Baptist, Clerkenwell, and lecturer of St Botolph, Bishopsgate, and also held preferment in Essex. He married Miss Richardson, of Stanway Hall, near Colchester, with a fortune of £10,000 (Hennessy, *Novum Repertorium*, 245). Stephen Aldrich, the younger, was ordained Deacon 3 March 1765 and Priest 21 December 1767 by the Bishop of London. He was instituted Rector of Chickney, co. Essex, 7 April 1776.

P. 159 no. 14. The father was probably the Samuel Hall who was instituted Vicar of Long Houghton 12 November 1730, vacating this on being instituted Vicar of Chatton, 20 July 1752, both co. Northumberland. He held Chatton until 1775. Samuel Hall, the younger, does not appear in the printed *Graduati Cantabrigienses*. He was ordained Deacon 23 September 1764 (when he is described as B.A. of St John's College, Cambridge), and was licensed to the curacy of Chatton and Doddington, co. Northumberland, next day, he was ordained Priest 22 September 1765, all by the Bishop of Durham. He was instituted Vicar of Chatton 13 July 1782, and held the living until 1799.

P. 159 no. 15. George Travis was the only son of John Travis, of Heyside, in the parish of Royton, near Shaw, Lancashire. His grandfather, also named George, who died in 1739, was descended from the family of Travis of Inchfield, in Rochdale parish, which had migrated thither from Blackley, near Manchester, in the time of Queen Elizabeth. Young Travis received the early part of his education from his uncle the Rev. Benjamin Travis (of St Catharine's, B.A. 1748), then incumbent of Royton. He was admitted to Manchester Grammar School 13 January 1756. At first he seems to have inclined to a legal career: for George Travise, only son of John Travise, of Royton, co. Lancaster, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 4 May 1761. But after taking his degree, as fifth Senior Optime and Senior Chancellor's Medallist in 1765, he was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Norwich 3 March 1765, at the request of the Bishop of Lincoln, and Priest by the Bishop of Lincoln 22 December 1765 with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Chester. On 21 March 1766 he was instituted Vicar of Eastham, in the Hundred of Wirral, Cheshire, on the nomination of the Crown. On 13 August 1767 he was appointed perpetual curate of Bromborough, an adjacent parish, on the nomination of the Dean and Chapter of Chester, and again instituted Vicar of Eastham 14 August 1767. On 9 February 1783 he was collated by Bishop Porteous to a Prebend in Chester Cathedral, and on 27 September 1786 he was appointed Archdeacon of Chester. He was instituted Rector of Handley, Cheshire, 12 February 1787, and again instituted Vicar of Eastham 13 February 1787, holding all these preferments until his death. In 1766 he married Ann, daughter and coheir of James Stringfellow, esq., of Whinfield, who survived him. He resided at Eastham all his life. The value of that living was but £30 a year and Bromborough then about £13. He appears to have possessed considerable private means. The preceding Vicars of Eastham had, as far as the memory of the parishioners went back, "lived for the greatest part of their lives on charity, and died insolvent." "Unable," says Travis, "to assert the rights of the Vicarage, they bartered them away in unequal compacts, or abandoned them through a despair of enforcing their payment." Travis was resolved to vindicate these rights to the utmost. Having first made himself a master of the Law of Tithe, on which he became an eminent authority, he commenced proceedings against the principal landowners in the parish, who leagued themselves together to resist his demands. He carried on the contest single-handed, knowing

that the law was on his side. His opponents sought to stop him by carrying the case from court to court. "Relying on their wealth," he writes in 1778, "they are determined that even my successes shall be ruinous to me, and have accordingly carried the principal of the causes, after two unanimous decrees in the Court of Exchequer against them, before the highest court of judicature in the kingdom... They do not depend on their own strength, but on my weakness and inability to pursue them." In spite of the strength and wealth of his opponents, Travis succeeded in defeating them on every point; and after expending some £2000 in the struggle, he had the satisfaction of raising the value of the living to over £100 a year. Travis appears to have been an excellent parish priest. His answers to the Visitation Articles of Bishops Porteous and Cleaver throw a great amount of light upon the state of the parish at the time. The vicarage house and out-buildings, which were in ruins at his accession, were put in a state of complete repair by him at an expense of upwards of £500. The church, which was exceedingly dilapidated, was also put in good repair. The church services were frequent, and two sermons were preached every Sunday—a somewhat unusual occurrence in the eighteenth century.

Travis died at Hampstead 24 February 1797, where he had gone for change of air, and was buried there 6 March (Park, *History of Hampstead*, 341). There is a monument to his memory in the north aisle of Chester Cathedral, with a profile portrait. It bears the inscription: "Sacred to the memory | of the Reverend George Travis M.A. | late Archdeacon of Chester | and Vicar of Eastham in this county | who departed this life February 24, 1797 | He was a man whose extensive learning | active mind and generous heart | were assiduously exercised in the service | of religion, his country and his neighbour | his loss will long be regretted and his memory ever revered | Reader | this eulogy is no flattery | but the sincere testimony of | a sorrowing friend" (*Manchester School Register*, i, 67-8; *Wirral Notes and Queries*, i, 21, 24).

Travis is chiefly notable for his controversy with Gibbon and Porson, in defence of the three heavenly witnesses. Gibbon had observed in a note in the third volume of his history with reference to the disputed text 1 John v. 7, that "the three witnesses have been established in our Greek Testaments by the prudence of Erasmus, the honest bigotry of the Complutensian editors; the typographical fraud or error of Robert Stephens in the placing of a crotchet, and the deliberate falsehood or strange misrepresentation of Theodore Beza." This dictum of Gibbon, Travis took upon himself to overthrow in a series of letters to the *Gentleman's Magazine*, these were afterwards published with the title: *Letters to Edward Gibbon, Esq., Author of the History of the Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire: in defence of the authenticity of the seventh verse of the fifth chapter of the first Epistle of St John* (Fletcher, Chester, 1784, 4to.; 2nd edition, London, 1785; 8vo.; 3rd edition 1794, 8vo.). To these letters Richard Porson replied in the form of letters to the *Gentleman's Magazine* in 1788 and 1789, afterwards published in book form. The controversy was most bitter. Travis's attack upon Gibbon has been characterised as violent, but it is mildness itself when compared with Porson's attack upon Travis. Porson's 'Letters' having been described by Dr Rennell to be "such a book as the devil would write if he could hold a pen." An account of the controversy will be found in Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, ix, 78-82; in Watson's *Life of Richard Porson*, 55-84. Gibbon also wrote on the matter with bitterness: "The bigoted advocates of Popes and monks may be turned over even to the bigots of Oxford (*sic*), and the wretched Travis still howls under the lash of the merciless Porson" (Murray, *The Autobiographies of Edward Gibbon*, 1896, p. 322).

The following account of Archdeacon Travis is given in Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, ix, 78: "Though a pluralist, and a man of respectable talents, Mr Travis was remarkably affable, facetious, and pleasant. The universality of his genius was evinced by the various transactions in which he was concerned, and in all of which he excelled. In his manners the gentleman and the scholar were gracefully and happily blended. Among other branches of knowledge he appears to have been familiarly acquainted with the Law of Tithes; but turning his mind too eagerly to sacred criticism he undertook to vindicate the controverted text, 1 John v. 7; and met with powerful antagonists in Griesbach, Porson, Marsh, and Pappelbaum. His labours however, have proved not a little useful to the world, having excited a closer attention of learned men to the MSS. of Stephens, to the Vatican

Readings, and the MS. at Berlin, &c. relative to the authenticity of the present text of the Greek Testament."

P. 160 no. 16. Edward Mason was ordained Deacon 22 September 1765 and licensed to the curacy of Thorpe Salvin, Yorks., with a stipend of £35, he was ordained Priest 14 June 1767, and licensed to the curacy of Blythe, Notts., with a stipend of £60, all by the Archbishop of York. One of these names was instituted Vicar of Gringley-on-the-Hill 20 March 1781, and Vicar of Sutton-upon-Lound 30 June 1795, both in Notts. Both livings were vacant in 1802.

P. 160 no. 17. Francis Kingston did not graduate at Cambridge. He is perhaps identical with the Francis Kingston, son of Robert Lumley Kingston, of St Trinity, Dorchester, gentleman, who matriculated at Oxford from Trinity College 17 August 1765, aged 18, taking the degrees of B.A. 1770 and M.A. 1774 from New College. He was afterwards a Fellow of New College, and was collated on 26 December 1771 to the Rectory of Turnworth and the Vicarage of Winterbourne Whitchurch, Dorset, holding both livings until his death. He was buried in the cloisters of New College, where on a tablet there is the following inscription to his memory: "M.S. | Reverendi Francisci Kingston M.A. | Hujus Collegii per quindecennium Socii | Pietate, honestate, doctrina | Probatissimi: | Qui obiit, eheu! immaturi | Die Januarii 6to A.D. 1781 aetat. suae 34. | Nihil illi querulum labefacta valetudo" (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*; Hutchins, *History of Dorset*, i, 203; iii, 474). The Oxonian is stated to have been educated at Winchester, while the St John's man is stated to have been educated at Dorchester; he may have gone to Winchester instead of coming to St John's. It will be observed that he entered the College at an unusually early age.

P. 160 no. 18. See the admission of his father P. 51 no. 3, and of his brother P. 163 no. 8.

Thomas Paddon was ordained Deacon 3 March 1765 and Priest 14 July 1771 by the Bishop of Norwich. He was presented to the Rectory of Bradfield, Norfolk, by the Hon. Thomas Howard (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 28 May 1776) and instituted 12 June 1776. He was presented to the Rectory of St Nicholas, with All Saints, South Elmham, Suffolk, by Alexander Adair (*Ipswich Journal*, 24 July 1790) and instituted 13 July 1790. He held both livings until his death on 13 August 1820 (*Ipswich Journal*, 19 August 1820; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1820, ii, 190). He married Miss Rackham, daughter of a surgeon at Bungay (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 8 February 1777). She died at Bungay 16 January 1829 (*Ipswich Journal*, 24 January 1829). In the churchyard of St Mary's, Bungay, there is a stone with the following inscription:—"In | memory of | The Rev. Thos. Paddon | Rector of All Saints with | St Nicholas in this County | and of Bradfield | in Norfolk | who died Aug. 13 | 1820 | aged 77 years. | Also of | Mary his wife | who died Jan 16th 1829 | aged 85 years" (Davy, *Suffolk Collections*, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 19111).

P. 160 no. 19. It will be observed that the parentage of James Rudd is not given, but he is said to have been born at Kilham. One James Rudd was instituted Vicar of Kilham in 1742; he was also instituted Vicar of Skipsea, Yorks., 9 July 1776, ceding this on his institution to the Rectory of Newton Kyme, Yorks., 8 March 1781, this he held with Kilham until his death 9 August 1785, aged 75. He was probably the father of James Rudd, of St John's. On 20 February 1766 James Rudd (of St John's) had letters dimissory from the Archbishop of York to the Bishop of Lincoln, who ordained him Deacon 23 February 1766, the Archbishop on 24 February licensed him to the curacy of Scrayingham, Yorks., with a stipend of £40. He was ordained Priest by the Archbishop of York 5 June 1768, and licensed to the curacy of St John's Church, Leeds, with a stipend of £40. While holding this he was elected episcopal Minister of St Paul's Chapel, Edinburgh, worth £150 per annum (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 13 June 1772). He was instituted Rector of Full Sutton, Yorks., 9 October 1789, on the presentation of John Simpson, esq.; he was also minister of Walton in Yorkshire, to which he was presented by the impropiators of that chapelry in 1774. He held both livings until his death on 23 February 1827, at his lodgings in York, aged 83. While Minister of St Paul's, Edinburgh, he married 5 December 1772, Elizabeth, daughter of Eric, commonly called Lord Duffus, and sister of Lord Duffus, who died in 1827, then widow of Mr Sinclair. By this lady he was father of the Rev. Eric Rudd, Vicar of Appleby, co. Lincoln, and perpetual curate of Thorne, Yorks. (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1827, i, 376 a, where he is described as D.D., he only took the degree of B.A. at Cambridge).

P. 160 no. 20. Brooke Boothby, the father, succeeded his second cousin in 1787 as fifth baronet. He was the brother of Miss Hill Boothby, the correspondent of Dr Samuel Johnson. Brooke Boothby, the younger, was the eldest son by a second marriage. He was born 3 June 1744, succeeded as sixth baronet in 1789, and died at Boulogne, in France, 23 January 1824, and was buried at Ashbourn, co. Derby. He married Susanna, daughter and sole heiress of Robert Bristowe. They had one only daughter Penelope, born 11 April 1785, died 13 March 1791. To commemorate his daughter, Sir Brooke Boothby employed the brush of Sir Joshua Reynolds, and also of Fuselli for an allegorical painting. A monument by T. Banks, R.A., in the form of a recumbent child was also placed in Ashbourn church with inscriptions in English, Latin, Italian, and French, recording that: "The unfortunate parents ventured their all in this frail bark, and the wreck was total." It is said that Sir Francis Chantrey designed his celebrated monument of the two sleeping children in Lichfield Cathedral, in an Ashbourn inn after a visit to the monument of Penelope Boothby (Glover, *History of Derbyshire*, ii, 36, 43, where there is a pedigree; Cox, *Derbyshire Churches*, ii, 392; *History and Topography of Ashbourn*, 35-38). Sir Brooke Boothby, of St John's, was a member of the literary circle at Lichfield and a friend of Erasmus Darwin, with whom he corresponded, and of Miss Anna Seward, who frequently mentions him in her letters. He published the following: (i) *Rousseau jugé de Jean Jacques Rousseau... d'après le manuscrit... laissé entre les mains de B. B.* 1780, 8vo.; (ii) *A letter to the Right Hon. Edmund Burke* [upon his Reflections on the French Revolution], London, 1791, 8vo.; (iii) *Observations on the Appeal from the New to the Old Whigs, and on Mr Paine's Rights of Man*, 2 parts, London, 1792, 8vo.; (iv) *Sorrows, sacred to the Memory of Penelope*, 1796, fol., this contains engravings of his daughter's tomb; (v) *Britannicus, a tragedy. Translated from the French of Racine, with a critical preface*, 1803, 8vo.; (vi) *Fables and Satires, with a preface on the Aesopian Fable*; (vii) *Monumental Inscriptions in Ashbourn Church, Derbyshire, written by Sir B. B. and Miss Seward*, Ashbourne, 1806? 12mo. Miss Seward in enumerating the friends of Erasmus Darwin, says: "A votary to botanic science, a deep reasoner, and a clear-sighted politician is Sir Brooke Boothby, as his convincing refutation of that splendid, dazzling, and misleading sophistry, Burke on the French Revolution, has proved" (Seward, *Memoirs of the Life of Dr Darwin*, 58; see also, Charles Darwin, *The Life of Erasmus Darwin*, 2nd ed.; *Dictionary of National Biography*).

P. 160 no. 22. Thomas Weatherhead was ordained Deacon 23 February 1766 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed next day to the curacy of Appleby, co. Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Easton 22 December 1783; Vicar of Sedgford 11 September 1793; Vicar of Rougham 31 May 1800, all co. Norfolk. He held all three till his death. He died at Sedgford 20 July 1808 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 30 July 1808; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1808, p. 753). His widow died at Sedgford 24 November 1818, aged 73 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1818, ii, 573 a). His youngest daughter Catherine Eliza Weatherhead died 6 September 1873, at Marchmont House, Lee, Kent, aged 83 (*Times*, 9 September 1873).

P. 160 no. 23. Stanhope Ellison, son of Thomas Ellison, of Walton-le-Dale, Lancashire, *plebeius*, matriculated at Oxford from Brasenose College 9 April 1739, aged 20. He took the B.A. degree at Oxford 14 February 174 $\frac{1}{2}$ (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He took the M.A. degree at Cambridge from St John's in 1761. He was ordained Deacon 21 December 1740 by the Bishop of Chester, and Priest 19 December 1742 by the Bishop of Norwich. He was presented to the Rectory of St Bennet and St Peter, Paul's Wharf, London, by the Dean and Chapter of St Paul's, and instituted 29 June 1757. He married Miss Wilby of Boston in Lincolnshire (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 5 May 1764). He was instituted Vicar of Thorpe, Surrey, 19 December 1765. On 14 December 1765, when he is described as chaplain to Frances, Baroness Dowager Halkerton, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold St Bennet's (valued at £120) with Thorpe (valued at £50), the two livings being stated to be not more than 20 miles apart. He was collated by the Archbishop of Canterbury to the Rectory of Wittrisham (or Wittersham), Kent, 16 April 1774, then ceding his other livings. He was collated by the Archbishop of Canterbury 21 July 1777 to the Vicarage of Boughton Blean, having on 12 July received a dispensation to hold Wittersham (valued at £220) with Boughton Blean (valued at £130). He held both livings until his

death. In the porch of the church of Boughton Blean there is a small circular white tablet with the following inscription: "Sacred to the memory | of the Revd Stanhope Ellison | Rector of Wittersham and Vicar of this church | who died the 3d of Jan. 1778, aet. 60 | Each pious moral duty was his plan | Beloved in life, he died the honest man." (P. Parsons, *Monuments and Painted Glass in Churches in Kent*, 91; Hasted, *History of Kent*, iii, 10, 546; Hennessy, *Novum Repertorium*, 346, cxliii, where he is said also to have been Rector of Wimbush in Essex).

P. 160 no. 24. Samuel Bethell, son of Samuel Bethell of Dindor, co. Hereford, clerk, matriculated at Oxford from Wadham College 26 April 1738, aged 17. He took the B.A. degree at Oxford in 1742 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He took the M.A. degree at Cambridge from St John's in 1761. He was ordained Deacon 25 September 1743 by the Bishop of Hereford, when he was licensed to the curacy of Dindor, and Priest 9 June 1746 by the Bishop of Worcester. He became Rector of St Nicholas in the city of Hereford, and was instituted Rector of Stretton Sugwas, co. Hereford, 20 February 1767. On that day, when he is described as chaplain to John, Lord Sundridge, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold St Nicholas with Stretton, each living being valued at £50. He was buried at St Owen's, Hereford, 26 May 1777. He married Susanna, daughter of Charles Mayo, of Hereford, 26 May 1755, and had issue. His son Samuel Bethell was a Fellow of Brasenose College, Oxford, and was Rector of Clayton-cum-Keymer, Sussex, from 1793 to 1803 (*Genealogical account of the Mayo and Elton families*, 147).

P. 160 no. 25. Thomas Grove was the third son of Chafin Grove of Zeals, near Mere, Wilts., by his wife Ann Amor. He was ordained Deacon 5 July 1767, and Priest 5 September 1768, by the Bishop of Bath and Wells. He was instituted Vicar of Orcheston, St George, Wilts., 29 June 1772, on the presentation of Richard Head, of the Middle Temple, esq. He was instituted Rector of Melcombe Regis, with the Chapelry of Radipole, Dorset, 16 December 1777. On 15 December 1777, when he is described as chaplain to Martha, Countess Dowager of Elgin and Kincardine, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Orcheston (valued at £200) with Melcombe (valued at £150), the two livings being stated to be not more than 30 miles apart. He was collated Vicar of Mere, Wilts., 24 April 1802, then ceding Orcheston. On 6 March 1802 he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Melcombe (valued at £180) with Mere (valued at £140), the two benefices being stated to be not more than 30 miles apart. He held both until his death. There is a monument to his memory in the church of Mere with the following inscription: "Hic jacet Thomas Grove, hujusce ecclesiae nuper vicarius, In expectatione diei supremi. Qualis erat, dies iste indicabit. Obiit secundo die Aprilis A.D. 1809 aetatis suae 64" (Hoare, *History of Wiltshire*, Hundred of Mere, i, 16, 37).

P. 161 no. 1. See the admission of Andrew Burnaby, the father, P. 26 no. 17.

Thomas Beaumont Burnaby was ordained Deacon 23 February 1766, and licensed to the curacy of Asfordby, co. Leicester, and Priest 20 September 1767, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Wymington, Beds., 13 September 1774, ceding this on his institution to the Rectory of Ashby Folville, co. Leicester, 21 December 1776. He was instituted Rector of Asfordby on his own petition 17 May 1777. On 15 May 1777, when he is described as chaplain to Basil Fielding, Earl Denbigh, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Ashby Folville (valued at £60) with Asfordby (valued at £200), the two livings being stated to be not more than three miles apart. He held both until his death. He married, 31 October 1780, Catharine Clark, daughter of William Abney, of Measham, co. Derby. He was Lord of the Manor of Asfordby, and Patron of the Rectory, and for many years a magistrate for Leicestershire. He died at Asfordby 15 June 1823, aged 83. His wife died 26 April 1825; there are monuments to their memory at Asfordby (Harvey, *History of the Hundred of Willey, co. Bedford*, 435; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1823, ii, 644 b; *Cambridge Chronicle*, 27 June 1823; Foster, *Collectanea Genealogica*, i, 21).

P. 161 no. 3. Thomas Craster was ordained Deacon 25 May 1766 by the Bishop of Chichester, and Priest 6 June 1773 by the Bishop of Lincoln, when he was licensed to the curacy of Wickenby, co. Lincoln, with a stipend of £21. He was instituted to the Vicarage of Ashby Puerorum 20 October 1778, and to the Rectory of Thorpe on the Hill 15 August 1781. He was collated to the Prebend of Spald-

wick or St Crucis in Lincoln Cathedral 18 December 1788, and installed 21 February 1789. He was instituted to the Rectory of Heapham 14 May 1795. On 11 May 1795, when he is described as chaplain to Charles, Earl of Haddington, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Thorpe (valued at £130) with Heapham (valued at £120), the two benefices being stated to be not more than 23 miles apart. He was instituted Rector of Kettlethorpe 12 February 1800. On 12 January 1800 he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Thorpe (then valued at £190) with Kettlethorpe (valued at £360), the two benefices being stated to be not more than eight miles apart. He vacated Heapham on receiving Kettlethorpe, but held his other benefices (all of which were in Lincolnshire) with his Prebend until his death, which seems to have occurred in April 1806 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 12 April 1806).

In the year 1766 Thomas Craster made a transcript of the Codex Bezae for Kennicott, by whom it was sent to J. S. Semler, who published from it the Latin version of St John in 1771, at the end of his *Paraphrasis Evan. Joann. cum notis*. Griesbach also consulted the manuscript, but is said to have taken from it only one reading, and that false ἐπ' ἡγείραν, Acts xiv. 2 (Scrivener, *Codex Bezae Cantabrigiensis*, Introduction, xii).

P. 161 no. 4. Vincent Green was ordained Deacon by the Archbishop of Canterbury in Lambeth Chapel 20 September 1767, and licensed to the curacy of Cliffe, Kent; he was ordained Priest by the same prelate 20 December 1767. He was afterwards curate of Amberley, Sussex, and married there 21 April 1773, being then a widower, Mary Bonus, widow (Mr E. H. W. Dunkin).

P. 161 no. 5. John Kirby took the B.A. degree in 1766; he was afterwards Fellow of Clare Hall. He was instituted Vicar of Mayfield, Sussex, 16 October 1780, and held the living until 1807 when he resigned in favour of his son, John Kirby, who was admitted a pensioner of the College 17 June 1805 (B.A. 1810).

P. 161 no. 8. John Crosley was ordained Deacon 20 October 1771, and Priest 21 June 1772, by the Archbishop of York. He was appointed by the Archbishop and Dean of York to be Master of the Free Grammar School at Tadcaster in 1765 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 1 June 1765). He was instituted Vicar of Tadcaster 16 December 1779, and held it until his death 4 July 1791 (*ibid.* 16 July 1791).

P. 161 no. 10. George Warrington was ordained Deacon 30 July 1769 by the Bishop of Chester. He was collated to the Cursal Prebend of Johannis Griffith (or Galfridi Ruthin) in St Asaph Cathedral 5 August 1776. He was instituted Vicar of Eastyn or Queenhope. co. Flints., 16 June 1778, and Rector of Pleasley, co. Derby, 14 March 1793, on the presentation of Bache Thornhill, esq. He held all these preferments until his death in 1830 (Thomas, *History of the Diocese of St Asaph*, 264; Cox, *Notes on the Churches of Derbyshire*, iv, 475; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1830, ii, 282).

P. 161 no. 11. William Chafy was a son of John Chafey (or Chaffey), M.A., of Wadham College, Oxford. Vicar of Long Burton 1712—1718, and of Lillington 1718—57, Rector of Purse Candle, Dorset, 1730, until his death 9 November 1757. William Chafy took his B.A. degree from St John's in 1766. He was elected one of the Esquire Bedells of the University in 1767, an office which he held till 1772. He was sworn in as a Proctor in the Ecclesiastical Court on the appointment of Dr Wharton Peck, Chancellor of the Diocese of Ely (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 17 October 1767). He became Fishmongers' Fellow of Sidney Sussex College in 1768 (*ibid.*, 17 December 1768), and took his M.A. degree from that College in 1769. He was ordained Deacon 4 March 1772 by the Bishop of Peterborough, and Priest 15 March 1772 by the Bishop of London. He married 5 April 1774 Mary, only daughter and heiress of John Chafie, of Sherborne, Dorset. He became a Minor Canon of Canterbury, and was resident in Canterbury, for some time at least, in the Archbishop's Palace. He was instituted Vicar of Faversham, Kent, 9 December 1778, on the presentation of Dr James Cornwallis, Dean of Canterbury. This he resigned on being collated 30 March 1780 to the Vicarage of Sturry, Kent. He was instituted Rector of Swalecliffe, Kent, 9 December 1791, on the presentation of Earl Cowper. On 7 December 1791, when he is described as chaplain to George Augustus Nassau Clavering Cowper, Earl Cowper, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Sturry with Swalecliffe, the respective values of the benefices being stated as £105 and £20, and their distance apart seven miles. He probably

resided chiefly in Canterbury, and died there 28 January 1826 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 3 February 1826; Burke, *Landed Gentry*, Chafy of Rouse Lench).

The baptisms of several of his children are recorded in the Registers of Canterbury Cathedral (*Harl. Soc. Publ., Register Series*, ii). He was the father of William Chafy, Fellow, and afterwards Master of Sidney Sussex, whose birth is thus recorded in the Canterbury Register: 1779 February 7: "William, son of the Rev. William Chafy, Minor Canon of this Church, and Mary his wife, resident in the Archbishop's Palace, was born and privately baptized February the 7th, and received into the Congregation March 10."

P. 161 no. 12. William Sheepshanks was admitted a Fellow of the College 7 April 1767. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Ely 20 September 1767. He was elected by the University to the Rectory of Ovington, Norfolk (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 2 November 1771). He married Miss Hawkridge, daughter of Mr Hawkridge, surgeon at Pateley Bridge, Yorks. (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 10 October 1773). He became master of the Grammar School at Burnsall-in-Craven in 1776 (Stavert, *The Parish Register of Burnsall-in-Craven*, Vol. i, p. x). In 1783, being then curate of Leeds parish church, he was elected minister of St John's Church in Leeds, worth upwards of £200 per annum (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 21 June 1783). He was collated to the Prebend of Marston St Lawrence in Lincoln Cathedral 18 October, and installed 20 October 1792 (Hardy's *Le Neve*, ii, 184). He resigned this in 1795, and on 22 July of that year was collated to the fourth prebendal stall in Carlisle Cathedral (Hardy's *Le Neve*, iii, 255). He died 26 July 1810 at Leeds (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 5 August 1810; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1810, August, p. 190). His name appears as a subscriber to Whitaker's *Craven*. See also Paley's *Life*, pp. 60, 177. The *Parish Register* of Linton in Craven has the following entries: "(i) William, son of Richard Sheepshanks of Linton, yeoman, was baptized 14 of April 1741; (ii) Richard Sheepshanks and Susanna Garside, both of this parish, were married 29 December 1739."

P. 161 no. 14. Anthony Keck, the father, was a member of the College: see his admission P. 65 no. 10, when his name was James.

David Anthony Keck, gentleman, son of Anthony Keck, of Lincoln's Inn, gentleman, was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn 23 June 1757. He took the degree of LL.B. in 1768. He was ordained Deacon 11 March 1770, and Priest 23 December 1770, by the Bishop of Norwich. He died 18 March 1801 at the house of the Rev. Dr Frampton, at Exning Hall, near Newmarket (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 28 March 1801). He seems to have been curate of the parishes of Alburgh and Starston, Norfolk. Dr Thomas Frampton was Rector of Starston (Hopper, *Some Account of the Parish of Starston, Norfolk*, 28, 31).

P. 162 no. 17. The Christian name should be Harry. Harry Place, of St John's College, B.A., was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of London 21 December 1766. He was ordained Priest 25 September 1768 by the Bishop of Salisbury, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Bristol. He was instituted Rector of Minstead 26 June, and Vicar of Sopley 27 June 1770, both livings being in Hampshire. Vacating these on his institution 1 October 1778 to the Rectory of Marnhull, Dorset, on his own petition. His monument there states: "In memory of the Rev. Harry Place, M.A., younger son of the Rev. Conyers Place, and Elizabeth his wife. He succeeded his father as Rector of this parish, An. Dom. 1778, and died April 12, 1828, aged 84 years, having survived both his sons. He was for thirty years an active Magistrate of this county. Of Jane his wife, daughter of the Rev. John Hubbock. She died September 2, 1807, aged 65 years. Also of the Rev. Harry Place, A.M., their youngest son, who died unmarried, August 10, 1807, aged 34 years. This tablet is erected in grateful remembrance by their surviving grand-children" (Hutchins, *History of Dorset*, iv, 321; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1828, i, 571 b).

P. 162 no. 18. George Marsh was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Salisbury 29 May 1768. He was instituted Vicar of Milton Abbas, Dorset, 8 March 1774, resigning the living in 1785 (Hutchins, *History of Dorset*, iv, 408 a). In the church of Blandford Forum, Dorset, there are the following inscriptions:

"The Revd. George Marsh, A.M., departed this life Feb. 22, 1813, aged 68. In him were united the good Christian and the solid divine."

"Near this place are deposited the remains of Mary, wife of George Marsh, clerk, A.M. She departed this life Jan. 30, 1787, aged 43. Many and great were her virtues; but sincerity, that virtue which discriminates the genuineness of all

the rest, and gives them their lustre, was most observable in every part of her conduct. Resurgat in pace." (Hutchins, *l. c.*, i, 226 *b.*) The Rev. George Marsh died at Little Fonthill House, Dorset (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1813, i, 588 *b.*).

P. 162 no. 21. John Towers Allen was ordained Deacon 20 September 1767, and Priest 6 November 1768, by the Bishop of Norwich. He was instituted Rector of Barwick, Norfolk, 18 July 1783, on the presentation of Mrs Ann Glover (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 26 July 1783). He held the living until 1788. The name of the Rev. Towers Allen, of Lynn, appears as a subscriber to T. Underwood's Poems in 1768.

P. 162 no. 22. The father was not Vicar of Carlton in Craven. He may be the Thomas Deason who was Vicar of Middleton, Yorks., from 1743 to 1763.

Thomas Deason, of St John's, was ordained Deacon 21 September 1766 by the Bishop of Lincoln (with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Ely), and Priest 18 December 1768 by the Bishop of London. The *Gentleman's Magazine* for 1771, p. 46, announces the marriage in 1770 of the Rev. Mr Deason, Vicar of Faceby, Yorkshire, to Miss Greenside, of Broughton. This Thomas Deason is to be distinguished from Thomas Deason, of Lincoln College, Oxford, who was Perpetual Curate of Whitworth, Durham, and died 12 December 1833 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1833, ii, 551 *b.*).

P. 162 no. 23. Robert Fountaine was ordained Deacon 29 September 1766, when he was licensed to the curacy of Dartford; he was ordained Priest 20 December 1767, all by the Bishop of Rochester. He was a Minor Canon of Rochester Cathedral 1769-99. He was instituted Vicar of Halling 13 December 1770; ceding this on his institution to the Vicarage of West Farleigh 29 November 1776; ceding this on his institution 20 January 1779 to the Vicarage of Frindsbury; ceding this on his institution 19 January 1788 to the Vicarage of Sutton at Hone. He was instituted Vicar of Horton Kirby, 31 December 1801, and again Vicar of Sutton at Hone, 5 February 1802. All these livings being in Kent. He held the two latter until his death in 1818 (Shindler, *Registers of the Cathedral Church of Rochester*, 89; Foster, *Index Ecclesiasticus*, 1800-40). The *Parish Register* of Linton in Craven has the following entry: "Robert, son of Mr Richard Fountaine, the elder, of Linton, was baptized the 7 of December 1743."

P. 162 no. 24. Richard Arnald, the father, was of Corpus Christi College (B.A. 1717), and afterwards Fellow of Emmanuel. He was Rector of Thurcaston, co. Leicester, from 1733 until his death, 4 September 1756. He was author of a *Commentary on the Apocrypha*, forming part of the well-known *Commentary on the Holy Scriptures*, which bears the names of Patrick, Whitby, and Lowth.

William Arnald was Senior Wrangler in 1766. The year contained several distinguished men. The second wrangler was John Law, of Christ's College, brother of the first Lord Ellenborough, and successively Bishop of Clonfert, Killala, and Elphin. Law is said to have remembered with bitterness all through his life his defeat for this academic honour. The third wrangler was R. Graham, of Trinity, afterwards a Baron of the Exchequer; and the last wrangler, Arden, of Trinity, afterwards Lord Chief Justice of the Common Pleas and Lord Alvanley.

William Arnald was elected Naden Divinity Student of the College 3 November 1766, and was admitted Fellow 7 April 1767. He became one of the Tutors of the College in 1768. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Lincoln 10 June 1770. He was appointed Whitehall Preacher in 1773 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 1 May 1773). He was admitted to the office of Sacrist in College 26 February 1772, became Steward 27 February 1773, holding this for a year.

Early in life he had attracted the attention of Richard Hurd, afterwards successively Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield, and of Worcester. In 1775 Hurd, then Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield, appointed him one of his chaplains. In 1776 Bishop Hurd was appointed Preceptor to the Prince of Wales and Duke of York, and on his recommendation William Arnald was appointed Sub-Preceptor. They held these offices until 1781. Arnald was tutor to the prince in Natural Science.

On 15 July 1778 he was collated by Bishop Hurd to the Precentorship of Lichfield Cathedral, with the Prebend of Bishops Itchington attached, and on 7 September 1779 was appointed by the King to a Canonry of Windsor. He held both these until his death.

In 1781 he preached the Commencement Sermon before the University. This

was published after his death with the title: *The Important Station of an English University. A Sermon* [on Matt. v. 14] *preached at Cambridge, Commencement Sunday, 1781.* London, 1803, 4to. This sermon it is said "gave offence by the honest freedom of its exhortation to maintain the character of the University by a regard to letters, morals, and religion." And is described by Kilvert as "a model of sober piety and sound judgment in its sentiments, and of elegant simplicity in its expression."

In January 1782 "to the unspeakable regret, as well as surprise of all his friends, symptoms of insanity unhappily put a stop to any expectation of further preferment; and that, too, at a moment when the highest Personage in the Kingdom had condescended so far to interest himself in his welfare as to advise him to enquire into the value of the living of Twickenham, just then vacated by the death of Mr Collard" (Nichols, *History of Leicestershire*, iii, 1071). From this time until his death he continued under restraint. Several gentlemen, however, to whom he was known, used to visit him and play with him at backgammon. His delusion seemed to be ambition. He sometimes wore a mitre, and while yielded to was tolerably composed. His death is thus mentioned by Bishop Hurd in his dates of occurrences: "My most deserving, unhappy friend, Dr William Arnald, died at Leicester Aug. 5, 1802" (Kilvert, *Life and Correspondence of Bishop Hurd*, 129—130).

The *Gentleman's Magazine* for 1802, p. 884, in announcing his death, adds: "The unhappy situation of his mind for 20 years has been the cause of real grief to a numerous circle of friends, who, attached to him by the strongest ties of gratitude and affection, admired his abilities, loved the sweetness of his manners, and acknowledged the goodness of his heart."

On the north side of the chancel of Thurcaston Church there is a monument to his memory with the following inscription: "Sacred | to the memory of | the Rev. William Arnald, D.D. | son of the | Rev. Richard Arnald | late Rector of this parish. | He was formerly | Preceptor to their | Royal Highnesses | the Prince of Wales | and Duke of York | one of the Canons of Windsor | and | Precentor of Lichfield Cathedral. | He departed this life the 5th of August | in the year of our Lord 1802 | and in the 56th year of his age" (Nichols, *l.c.* 1061; see also *Manchester School Register*, i, 76, 77; Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, ii, 704; Kilvert, *l.c.* 129, 130, 132, 136, 143).

Cole, in his *Collections for an Athenae Cantabrigienses* (Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5862), has the following notes on William Arnald:

"This ingenious man, at a very early period, was made Tutor of the College, and had it not been on account of his youth was thought to have been most likely to have succeeded to the Mastership in 1779 on the death of Dr Powell. He had secured the Oratorship on the designed resignation of Mr Beadon: but in May 1776, on Bishop Hurd's being made Preceptor to the Prince of Wales, he was appointed Sub-Preceptor. And though many people thought his views at Cambridge were such as made it hardly worth his while to exchange his situation, yet the entrance into a Court, and an assurance that he would be soon made amends for his loss at St John's, determined him to quit College; where his income is judged to be £800 per annum. Not a month before Miss Tollard, niece to the late Master, who left her all his great fortune, died and left him a legacy of £500. About July 1778 Bishop Hurd collated him to the Precentorship of Lichfield.

"In the infamous *Cambridge Chronicle* of Saturday, January 1, 1780, was this Anecdote inserted on purpose to make the King contemptible in the eyes of his people; a Liberty allowed in no Country but our own, where Faction, Radicalism, Republicanism and Dissention ride triumphant.

"*Anecdote.* On the late change of System, it is to be hoped for the better in the education of Princes, Mr Arnald was made Sub-Preceptor; and to acquire the dignity becoming his situation, thought proper to cut off his hair, and assume the wig. The King desired the Queen to order a bushy wig to be modelled in pastry, after his own plan as usual, which he sent to Arnald accompanied by a letter graciously written with his own hand, disguised as if coming from one of the Maids of Honour, replete with sterling humour and good things, rallying him on his want of taste in the choice of his present wig, insinuating a *Tendre* for his person and recommending the pastry wig as a pattern for his perruquier. The joke was highly relished for a day or two, in the little amiable circle, and the laugh went round at the expense of poor Arnald. But the King could hold no

longer, he threw himself in his way—‘Well, Arnald! Well, Arnald! what, what, what? Ha, ha, ha! he, he, he! So you have got a pattern wig have you? From one of the Maids of Honour too, ha? a good joke e’ faith; a good joke! you are sure it came from one of the Maids of Honour too, ha? You don’t think I wrote the letter, do you? What, what, what? Ha, ha, ha! He, he, he!’ Arnald, as became him, played the gentle echo to the loud laugh of Royalty; and from that moment he protests, that his most gracious Master was great a Wit, as he is acknowledged to be a Statesman, General, Divine, Architect, Mathematician, and Mechanic.

“This abuse of the King and of Mr Arnald puts me in mind of a story told me by a friend of mine, and Mr Arnald’s, some six years ago. My friend, now a Master of a College, and well acquainted with the great Dr Samuel Johnson, happened to be in London and lodged in the same house with Mr Arnald, who had no small curiosity to be introduced into the company of so learned and celebrated a man as Dr Johnson. My friend offered to be his introducer, and had privately taken an opportunity to advertize the Doctor of his design, letting him know that the friend he meant to introduce was a most ingenious man, and had been educated or brought up among the dissenters. Soon after the usual compliments were over Dr Johnson in his blunt manner, but seemingly without knowing the education he had had, addressed him in this rough manner, ‘Young gentleman, sayd he, take it for granted from me, and as a certain truth, that when you see a Whig, you see a Rascal.’ My friend was no less astonished at the assertion than was Mr Arnald, who probably since that time has had opportunities of being satisfied that Dr Johnson’s position was not so paradoxical as it appeared to him then, and that there was at least some foundation for it.

“From the design to render Mr Arnald ridiculous at Cambridge, I am persuaded this anecdote [Cole seems here to refer to the wig episode] is the offspring of some bigotted Presbyterian or Independent of that place, either Town or University, both replete enough with these, in revenge for his office so near his Majesty. I recollect hearing one of the kidney, within the fortnight, speaking slightly of him: it is now plain to me from whence rises the antipathy.

“In January 1782, in the night, he was seized with a frenzy, got up, broke all the windows and glasses, and cut himself in a lamentable condition. He was immediately confined, Dr Heberden, Dr Gisborne sent for, who ordered him to the care of Dr Munro. It seems his mother is mad of a melancholy style, and his brother an idiot. His father was Rector of Thurcaston in Leicestershire, where Dr Hurd succeeded him, and finding the brother and son in the house when he went to take possession, the parts of the young man struck him, and he recommended him to be Sub-preceptor when he was appointed Preceptor to the Prince of Wales. It is a most fatal stroke for so promising a prospect, especially as the King had a personal regard for him. His father had published a sequel of Patrick and Lowth, &c. Mr Arnald was educated at Manchester School, and had an Exhibition, which sent him to St John’s, otherwise was designed for Emmanuel. A very unfortunate family, one of his brothers lately drowned and his sisters ill-married or worse.”

See also Cradock’s *Memoirs*, iv, 193, 194.

P. 162 no. 25. Luke Gardiner was the son and heir of Charles Gardiner (afterwards the Right Honourable), of Dublin, by Florinda, daughter of Robert Norman, of Lagore, co. Meath. He was born 7 February 1745. His father, who died 15 November 1769, succeeded some months previously, on the death of the third Viscount Mountjoy, his maternal grandfather, to much of the property of that family. Luke Gardiner preceeded B.A. 1766 and M.A. 1769. He was M.P. for the county of Dublin in three parliaments, viz. 1769–1776, 1776–1783, and 1783–1789. He was a Privy Councillor and Colonel of the Dublin Militia. He was created, 19 September 1789, Baron Mountjoy, of Mountjoy, co. Tyrone; and subsequently, on 30 September 1795, Viscount Mountjoy, of Mountjoy, co. Tyrone. He married firstly Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Sir William Montgomery, first baronet, of Magbiehill, co. Peebles. She died 7 November 1783. He married secondly, 20 October 1793, Margaret, first daughter of Hector Wallis, of Spring Mount, Queen’s County. He died 5 June 1798, being slain at the head of his regiment at the battle of Ross in Ireland (*Burke, Dormant and Extinct Peerages*, 227; *Cokayne’s Complete Peerage*, v, 403; *Cambridge Chronicle*, 16 June 1798; *Cooper’s Monthly Magazine*, v, 460). The *Gentleman’s Magazine*, 1798, i, 541, in an obituary notice has the following: Miss Wallis, his second wife, was brought up to the millinery

business in Dublin, but her beauties and accomplishments were perhaps unrivalled in that or any other country. He was a nobleman of distinguished talents, and of the most amiable character; the patron of literature; and, with a mind highly cultivated, would have made no inconsiderable figure in the Republic of Letters if he had exerted his abilities. No man possessed a more loyal and patriotic character, or a more hearty detestation of those mischievous declaimers in Ireland who have aided the rebellions of that country, and covered a partiality for French doctrines under the dangerous cant of emancipation.

P. 162 no. 26. Walter Burne did not graduate at Cambridge. It is probable that he was the Walter Burne, son of John Burne, Rector of Stowford, Devon, who matriculated at Oxford from All Souls' 16 July 1762, aged 17; he took the B.A. degree at Oxford in 1766 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). One Walter Burne was instituted Rector of Lifton, co. Devon, 26 April 1771, and held the living until 1798.

P. 162 no. 27. See the admission of an earlier Maurice Moseley, P. 42 no. 53.

Maurice Moseley was ordained Deacon 26 May 1771, and Priest 15 March 1772 by the Bishop of London. He was instituted Rector of Tostock, Suffolk, 4 December 1775, on the presentation of Thomas Moseley, esquire (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 16 December 1775). He married Miss Sukey Sparrow, of Saffron Walden, Essex (*ibid.*, 22 June 1776). In the church of Tostock, within the chancel on the north side is a flat freestone with this inscription:—"In Memory of | The Rev. Maurice Moseley | Rector of this parish | he died July 1st, 1796 | aged 53 years | Susanna his first wife | (late Susanna Sparrow) | died Sept. 12th 1787 | aged — years | Susanna his second wife | (late Susanna Knight) | died July 29th 1807 | aged 61 years" (Davy, *Suffolk Collections*, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS., 19,109).

P. 162 no. 29. Robert Russel migrated to Trinity College, where he was admitted a sizar under Mr Backhouse 24 November 1762. He then wrote his name Russel. He took the B.A. degree from Trinity College as Russel in 1767. He was admitted a Fellow of St John's, 29 January 1770, on the nomination of the Bishop of Ely, then signing his name Russell. His fellowship was filled up again in 1777. He was instituted Vicar of Bodiham 8 September 1770, and Rector of Ewhurst 2 August 1776. Both livings, which are in Sussex, were vacant in 1803. On 12 July 1769 the College nominated Thurston Blackman, of Clifford's Inn, London, attorney-at-law, and William Chafy, esquire, Fellow of Sidney Sussex College, one of the exercent Proctors of the Consistorial Court of the Bishop of Ely, to be proctors and attorneys for the College in a case before the Bishop of Ely as Visitor, in the matter of an appeal by Robert Russell, clerk, B.A.

P. 162 no. 30. Henry Churley Manley was instituted Vicar of Sampford Arundel, Somerset, 26 September 1768, on the presentation of Jeremiah Woodbury, gent. He was instituted Rector of Tollard Royal, Wilts., 12 November 1770, on the presentation of Thomas Hardwick, gent., and Matthew Maddock, clerk (Phillipps, *Institutiones Wiltoniae*, ii, 85). He ceded Tollard Royal on his institution, 3 February 1789, to the Rectory of Hawkrigge, Somerset, 3 February 1789, on the presentation of Catherine Portbury Wood, spinster, and ceded this on his institution, 23 January 1801, to the Rectory of Bradford, near Taunton, Somerset. He held Bradford with Sampford Arundel until his death in February or March, 1819, aged 78, having "discharged his sacred duties in both his parishes to within a few weeks of his dissolution" (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1819, i, 283 a; *Christian Remembrancer*, i, 263 b).

P. 163 no. 31. Charles Le Grice was descended from an ancient Norfolk family. He was ordained Priest 18 December 1768 by the Bishop of Norwich. He married on Saturday 21 March 1772, at Bury St Edmunds, Miss Sophia Ann Day, of Bury (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 28 March 1772). In 1778 he was elected Lecturer of St James', Bury. He was instituted Rector of Thwaite St George, Suffolk, on 6 July 1775 on the presentation of Sir Samuel Prime and Dame Hannah his wife, and on 18 March 1785 he was instituted Rector of Wickhampton, Norfolk. Holding these livings until his death. In 1789 he was brought into some trouble through the Bishop of Norwich refusing him a licence to the Lectureship of St James', though he had held it more than ten years. Mr Le Grice in consequence moved the Court of King's Bench for a Mandamus against the Bishop, but the matter was amicably settled by his Lordship voluntarily consenting to grant the licence. Mr Le Grice afterwards published a statement of his case (*The Case of the*

Rev. C. Le Grice, 8°, pp. 14, 1788). He died at Thwaite and is buried there in the chancel, with the following memorial on a small piece of freestone:—"In Memory of the Rev^d | Charles Le Grice | who died 27 April | 1792 | aged 50 years" (*Gentleman's Magazine*, lxii, 480; *Ipswich Journal*, 7 February, 9, 16, and 23 May 1789; Davy, *Athenae Suffolcienses*, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 19,166).

His widow died at Stonehouse 21 May 1830, aged 79.

One of his sons, Charles Valentine Le Grice, born 14 February 1773, was admitted to Christ's Hospital on the gift of Thomas Guy, esquire, and was the friend and schoolfellow of Charles Lamb (see Charles Lamb's Essay, *Christ's Hospital Five and Thirty Years Ago*; Lockhart, *Christ's Hospital, List of University Exhibitioners*). He was of Trinity College, Cambridge, B.A. 1796. In 1806 he was appointed by the Mayor and Corporation of Penzance Perpetual Curate and Lecturer of St Mary's, Penzance (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 16 May 1806). He died 24 December 1858 at his residence Trereife, Penzance, aged 85 (Boase and Courtney, *Bibliotheca Cornubiensis*, i, 311—314, iii, 1266—7; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1859, 322—324; Boase, *Collectanea Cornubiensia*, 485).

Another son, Samuel Le Grice, baptized 1 November 1775, admitted to Christ's Hospital in April 1783, died from the effects of the climate while serving in the Peninsular War (Lockhart, l.c.).

His eldest daughter, Sophia Le Grice, married at East Stonehouse, Devonshire, 28 August 1806, Spelman Swaine, esquire, Captain R.N. (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 6 September 1806).

P. 163 no. 1. Henry Hetley was admitted a Fellow of the College 14 March 1769. He was ordained Deacon 14 June 1767 by the Bishop of Lincoln and licensed to the Curacy of Alwalton, Hunts., and Priest by the Bishop of London 24 September 1769. He was instituted Vicar of South Newton, Wilts., 21 January 1774. He was presented by the College to the Vicarage of Aldworth, Berks., 23 November and instituted 7 December 1782. He had a dispensation on 3 December 1782 to hold the two livings, South Newton being valued at £80 and Aldworth at £180, their distance apart being stated to be not more than 30 miles. He was instituted Rector of Wilton St Mary, Wilts., 7 April 1788, then ceding South Newton. On 27 March 1788 he had a dispensation to hold Aldworth (valued at £180) with Wilton (valued at £150), their distance apart not being more than 28 miles. He was collated to the Prebend of Warmminster in the Cathedral of Salisbury 28 September and installed 15 October 1802, holding this with Aldworth and Wilton until his death. He died 12 March 1832 at Wilton, aged 87. On the north wall of the chancel of Aldworth Church is a marble tablet with this inscription:—"In memory of | the Rev. Henry Hetley B.D. | fifty years Vicar of this Parish | Rector of Wilton Wilts and | Prebendary of Sarum | who died at Wilton 12th March 1832 | in the 88th year of his age." Dr Samuel Parr, for the short time he continued at Cambridge, was Mr Hetley's contemporary and friend, and they occasionally corresponded through life. Three of Mr Hetley's letters, the first written in 1767 and the last in 1824, are printed in Parr's *Life and Works*, viii, 185—189. At the former period Mr Hetley had been recently appointed to a curacy at Staines. In the second, written in 1777, he mentions that the second son of Lord Pelham was his pupil, and that at a recent ordination of the Bishop of Ely (Keene) he had been Examiner. In his last letter written from Headington Hill, Oxford, 16 June 1824, he gives a cheerful picture, both of his success in the career of his profession, and of his happy temper of mind towards its close. He states:—"The only Johnian left of my standing is John Carr [P. 165 no. 20], who lives in Derbyshire, and of whom I occasionally hear"; he was "in possession of nine hundred a year, temporal and spiritual; and though not a great dignitary, I have four prebends bestowed upon me (two belonging to Wilton Abbey) by Lord Pembroke, the Lord Lieutenant of the County, Bishop Douglas, and Dean Ekin; and to have been so distinguished is a great gratification to one in so private a walk in life. About the end of May I veer towards my living, to see how things go on. You remember it is in Berkshire, where you more than once threatened to disturb me with the fumes of your pipe or pipes, and to have come to me from Oxford, but alas, you never did me that favour." Mr Hetley had two sons; one living at Wilton, the other not far from it (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1832, ii, 87—88; Parr's *Life and Works*, viii, 185—9; Hardy's *Le Neve*, ii, 681).

Henry Hetley was collated to the Prebend of Horsingham in the Collegiate Church of Heytesbury, Wilts. (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1801, p. 1219).

Richard Hetley, the father, of Alwalton, Hunts., was Sheriff of Cambridgeshire and Huntingdonshire in 1800. He received knighthood, on presenting the address of congratulation to King George III. on his happy escape from assassination by Hatfield. He died in 1807, aged 89 (*ibid.* 1807, p. 184).

P. 163 no. 2. Isaac Pennington took his degree as a Wrangler in the Mathematical Tripos of 1767. On 3 November 1766 the College passed the following order: "Agreed to allow Pennington £15 a year for the care of the Observatory, and for making Observations to be delivered to the Master and Seniors, till such time as some other provision shall be made for the business." Pennington held the office for about a year. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 22 March 1768. On 18 October 1775 the College passed a resolution that Pennington was *destinatus studio medicinae*, which seems to have been the recognised form of giving him the right to hold one of the two Fellowships reserved for students of medicine, freeing him from the obligation of taking Orders. He became a Senior Fellow 25 January 1783, and remained a Fellow until his death. He held the following College offices: Steward, from 9 March 1774 until 24 March 1775, when he became Junior Bursar; this latter office he held until 23 March 1787 when he was elected President of the College, holding with this also the office of Bakehouse Bursar until 20 March 1802. He was admitted a Candidate of the Royal College of Physicians 13 April 1778, a Fellow 29 March 1779, and was Harveian Orator in 1783 (Munk, *Roll of the Royal College of Physicians*, ii, 320). He was appointed Physician to Addenbrooke's Hospital in 1773 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 4 and 18 December 1773); this office he held until his death. In 1773 he was elected Professor of Chemistry to the University. Cole (MSS. Cole, xxxiii, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5834, p. 158) has the following, in his account of the Professors of Chemistry: "Isaac Pennington, A.M., Fellow of St John's College, was elected on Wednesday 15 December 1773 by a majority of 19 or 20 against Mr Hodson of Trinity, supported by all the weight of Lord Sandwich's interest, who attended himself, with Lords Montfort, Strange, Hyde, Bishops of Lincoln, Peterborough, and Carlisle, and was as much contested an election, and brought as many people together and from as great a distance, as had been known. Mr Pennington studies Physic and is reckoned a very ingenious man in his profession. The Master of St John's College constantly opposed the Trinitarians who counted to have it pass as a popular election, whereas the Johnians were for electing, as had been usual for this Professorship, by a Grace and Placets in the Senate." The exact voting was—for Pennington 148, for William Hodson, Fellow of Trinity, 128. On 28 November 1773 a Grace passed the Senate that *pro hac vice* the election of a Professor of Chemistry should be *secundum morum in Electione Burgensium receptum*. A Grace to the same effect had been rejected 11 June 1772, there were then five candidates, though two only went to the poll (Cooper, *Annals of Cambridge*, iv, 369). Pennington resigned the Chair of Chemistry in 1793 on becoming Regius Professor of Physic, holding the latter until his death.

On 14 November 1795 the Senate of the University voted an address to King George III. expressive of the warmest sentiments of loyalty and affection, and of extreme concern and indignation at the late outrageous attempt against his life. This address was presented at St James's on December 2, by the Vice-Chancellor and the usual deputation from the University; on this occasion Isaac Pennington received the honour of knighthood (Gunning, *Reminiscences of Cambridge*, ii, 44). In the year 1794 Pennington got involved in a dispute with Busick Harwood, Professor of Anatomy, of this Gunning (*l.c.* i, 56) gives the following account: "A quarrel took place one day at the hospital between Harwood and Sir Isaac Pennington; very high words ensued. As soon as Harwood reached home he wrote a challenge to the knight (*sic*, Pennington had not then been knighted), and sent it by an undergraduate of Trinity, but Sir Isaac declined opening the letter. The same undergraduate posted off immediately to town, and the letter appeared in the London papers of the following morning, with an account of the quarrel and the subsequent proceedings. The whole was a silly affair and Harwood did not acquire by his conduct on this occasion a character either for valour or discretion."

The following appears in *The True Briton* of 18 March 1794:

"The following letter having been sent to Dr Pennington, Professor of Physic, by Dr Harwood, Professor of Anatomy, in consequence of some altercation which happened at a public meeting yesterday, and the letter having been returned by

Dr Pennington unopened, Dr Harwood has no other means of making Dr Pennington acquainted with his sentiments but through the medium of a public print.

“To Dr Pennington, St John’s.

March 17, 1794.

SIR,

You must be so far acquainted with the rules of Civilized Society, as to know that no Gentleman can receive the Lie, and be admitted into Company afterwards, without sufficient apology. Now, as I do not intend to quit Society till I am obliged to quit the World, I write this to give you an opportunity of explaining, whether you meant to convey to me, and to the Audience, any idea of that kind of insult which the words themselves (without proper explanation) must necessarily imply.

I am, Sir,

B. HARWOOD.”

While the following appears in *The Cambridge Chronicle* of 29 March, 1794:

“To Dr Pennington, St John’s College.

EMMANUEL COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE,

March 27th, 1794.

SIR,

That I may in no instance appear to imitate your example, by committing an offence which I am too obstinate to retract and too weak to defend, I must bespeak your indulgence for a deviation from justice, into which the nature of the present subject has unavoidably led me: I mean the impossibility of addressing you in terms at once appropriate to your conduct and becoming to my own character. Suffer me however to remind you that more than a week has now passed away in silence since the publication of my last letter, and give me leave to inform you, that after an Imputation upon their Honour and Morality, men susceptible of these sentiments but ill brook such an irksome delay. You must excuse me then if for a moment I disturb the Solemnity of your repose, by telling you that your substituting sullenness for dignity and obstinacy for firmness, is an artifice which can impose only on yourself; and your enemies will be but too apt to recollect and apply as expressive of the present state of your mind a much admired passage of a celebrated Historian, *Non tumultus, non quies, sed quale magni metus, et magnae irae silentium est.* Do not however apprehend that it is my intention to require of you to come forward and to prove your charge, or apologise for your accusations, for this would be a measure at once manly, spirited, and open, and therefore such as (under the present circumstances) I will not insult you by expecting; but I mean merely to caution you against mistaking impunity for success and to assure you that there are few even of your own friends, who can reflect without strong marks of disgust upon conduct which so grossly violates the best established laws of polished Society. I cannot however conclude without adding this consoling circumstance (which to a mind like yours must be productive of the greatest happiness and exaltation) that at the bar of truth, to have been at once the criminal and the accuser, that to have been insolent without power, and daring without spirit, will hereafter mark you out for contempt, and screen you from resentment.

I am, Sir, &c.,

B. HARWOOD.”

The altercation which gave rise to this and the former letter to Dr Pennington (which appeared in some of the London papers) happened in consequence of Dr Harwood’s having had occasion to observe, that “he believed it to have been pretty generally understood, that Dr P. had for some time past deputed his practice at the hospital to another person, and Dr H. is both ready and able to prove his assertion incontestably, when called upon.”

Pennington seems to have taken no notice of these letters. It would appear however on the one hand that Pennington, when Professor of Chemistry, did perform his duties by means of a deputy,—J. Milner of Queens’ (*Wordsworth, Scholae Academicæ*, 173, 190); while Harwood was a very curious person (*Gunning, l.c. i.*, 52—56). As Pennington’s knighthood came shortly afterwards we may assume that public opinion was on his side. Sir Isaac Pennington was interested in the Volunteer movement of his day. In 1798 there was a general contribution

for the defence of the country. The College gave £525, Dr Craven, the Master, and Sir Isaac Pennington each gave £100 (Cooper, *Annals of Cambridge*, iv, 461). In September 1803 a Volunteer Corps of members of the University was formed. Sir Isaac was one of the members of the Committee for St John's College, the others being Lord Palmerston and Henry Martyn (Cooper, *ibid.* 479). Sir Isaac also gave a great coat to each of the servants of St John's College (in number 13) who were members of the Cambridge Volunteer Infantry (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 1 September 1804). Sir Isaac died at his house in Bridge Street (now No. 69), Cambridge, 3 February 1817, aged LXII (*ibid.* 7 February 1817). The *Gentleman's Magazine* for 1817, i, 187, in announcing his death states that "His professional abilities were first-rate and his amiable disposition endeared him to a numerous circle of friends in the university, town, and neighbourhood. His loss will be sincerely regretted by all who knew him; it will also sensibly be felt by numbers among the lower classes of the community who in illness or distress have received the benefit of his advice, attention, and charity."

A tablet to his memory is placed in the ante-chapel with the following inscription: "H.S.E. | Isaacus Pennington | Eques Auratus, M.D. | Coll. Medicorum Regal. apud Londinum | Socius, | in Acad. Cantab. primo Chemiae | deinde Regis Mandato Medicinæ | Professor | hujus Collegii plus XLVIII annos | Socius. | In curandis morbo laborantibus | diligens, benevolens, prudens, felix, | erga omnes comis et humanus, | suorum amantissimus: | Collegium quod virtutibus vivus | ornabat | Moriens suis omnibus fere bonis auxit. | Decessit annorum LXXII. | III Non. Feb. MDCCLXVII. | Magister et Socii | L.L.M. ponendum curaverunt."

There is a portrait of Sir Isaac Pennington in the Master's Lodge, with pleasant face, and wearing his own white hair. In the examples of costumes given in Ackerman's *History of the University of Cambridge*, ii, 312, the Doctor of Physic is said to be a portrait of Sir Isaac Pennington (*Notes and Queries*, 3 Ser. x, 45). The following epigram attributed to Bishop Mansel gives also a pleasing picture of him:

For female ills when Pennington indites,
Not minding *what*, but only *how* he writes,
The ladies, while the graceful form they scan,
Cry with ill-omened rapture—*Killing man!*

By his will, dated 2 January, and a codicil, dated 31 January 1817, he appointed Dr James Wood, Master, and the Rev. Laurence Palk Baker, and the Rev. Charles Blick, Fellows of the College, his executors. After devising his house in St Sepulchre's Parish to Dr James Wood, and bequeathing legacies to his executors, servants, and others, the will proceeds as follows: "I give to the Master of St John's College for the time being £200 a year, if he be Rector of Freshwater, but not otherwise. This sum to be paid by the Master Fellows and Scholars of the College out of the effects I shall leave them. And if it shall happen that the Master is not Rector of Freshwater, then my will is that the said sum do accumulate, as fast and as long as by the Law it may, by making fresh purchases in the funds, always however upon the condition that the accumulations do stop for the time and the Master receive not only the original £200 a year but also the interest of all the accumulations whenever he is Rector of Freshwater. All the rest and residue of my estate and effects whatsoever and wheresoever I give and bequeath to the Master Fellows and Scholars of St John's College. I desire the College will give good Exhibitions to the Students of the College born in Foreness Fell, that is in one of the two parishes of Hawkshead and Colton, if they be orderly, studious and willing to learn, of good appearance and good manners, who are capable of making and do make a proper progress in Literature and not otherwise. And I desire the College will be attentive to all these particulars and not give any except to students qualified as above, and if any have been inadvertently given that they be taken away again. The number value and duration of these Exhibitions I leave entirely to the regulations of the Master and Seniors and to depend upon the merits of the candidates. I desire the College will out of the effects I have left them at all times take such judicial or other measures as may be necessary for calling on the Masters of Sedbergh, Pocklington, Rivington and Hawkshead Schools to do their duty in diligently teaching public Grammar Schools, and in keeping their Schoolhouses and houses of residence in good repair according to the true intent and meaning of the said foundations."

It should be explained that under a gift of Lord Keeper Williams, Archbishop of

York, the advowsons of the Rectories of Soulderne, co. Oxford, of Freshwater in the Isle of Wight, and of the sinecure Rectories of St Florence, co. Denbigh, and Aberdaron, co. Carnarvon, came to the College. Under the deed of gift the Master of the College might "assume and retain to himself" one of these Rectories "at every avoidance." This right had been exercised by William Beale and Anthony Tuckney in respect of the sinecure Rectory of Aberdaron and by William Samuel Powell in the case of Freshwater. Pennington's bequest is a very curious example of a direct encouragement to holding in plurality. Dr James Wood took the Rectory of Freshwater in 1823 and held it until his death, drawing Pennington's annuity. When the College Statutes came to be revised in the years 1856-60 under the University of Cambridge Act (19 & 20 Vict. c. 88) the College took the opinion of Sir Roundell Palmer (afterwards Lord Selborne) as to whether the continued accumulation under Sir Isaac Pennington's will was not prohibited by the Thellusson Act (39 & 40 Geo. III. c. 98). In his opinion the accumulation directed by the will was void under the Act, and the accumulations already made belonged to the College. The new Statutes made by the University Commissioners provided that the Master should surrender his rights under Archbishop Williams' gift and Sir Isaac Pennington's will, and a fixed money payment was made to him in respect of these and other rights. The Pennington Fund was then merged in the general revenues and his Exhibitions in the Foundation Scholarships then established without restrictions as to birthplace. Sir Isaac's benefaction was very considerable, the income at the time of his death being at least £650 per annum.

P. 163 no. 4. John Yale was admitted a Fellow of the College 7 April 1767 and his Fellowship was filled up again in April 1781. He was ordained Deacon 29 May 1768 and Priest 11 March 1770 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was appointed Chaplain of Horningsey, co. Cambridge, 15 March 1777, and held that until 25 March 1779 when he was appointed Steward; his successor in the office of Steward was appointed 17 March 1780. He was presented by the College to the Rectory of Lawford, Essex, 26 October and instituted 5 November 1779, holding the living until his death 27 May 1800. "His only ambition was to die worth £50,000. He was conveyed in a miserable country hearse, accompanied by his sister and maid-servant to Wrexham, the place of his nativity" (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1800, i, 487). His brother, an apothecary and surgeon, in Catherine Street, London, died 17 August 1787 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 18 August 1787).

He was probably the John Yale who was instituted Rector of Stradishall, Suffolk, 12 January 1775, holding the living until 1778. One John Yale was instituted Rector of Llandegla, co. Denbigh, 5 July 1760, and held the living until 1789, but this was probably the Rev. John Yale of Jesus College, Oxford (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*).

P. 163 no. 5. Richard Raikes was admitted a Fellow of the College 7 April 1767. He was ordained Deacon 21 December 1771 and Priest 14 June 1772 by the Bishop of London. He married Miss Ann Mee, daughter of Thomas Mee, of the City of Gloucester (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 7 January 1775). He was presented to the perpetual curacy of Maisemore, Gloucestershire, by the Bishop of Gloucester, 5 October 1793. He was appointed Treasurer of St David's Cathedral with the Prebend of Llandissilio-Gogoff annexed 24 October 1797 (Hardy's *Le Neve*, i, 318). He was collated to the Prebend of Huntingdon in Hereford Cathedral 29 September 1809 (*ibid.* i, 511). He held all these appointments at his death on 5 September 1823 in his 80th year. He was a gentleman whose hospitality and munificence were unbounded and whose loss will long and sincerely be felt (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1823, ii, 643 b).

P. 163 no. 6. See the admission of the father P. 59 no. 14. Henry Marshall was ordained Deacon 14 June 1767, and licensed to the curacy of Ashby Puerorum, he was ordained Priest 21 May 1769, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Rector of Salmonby, co. Lincoln, 14 December 1779, and held the living until his death in 1812 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1812, ii, 403 b).

P. 163 no. 7. Culpepper Tauner, the father, was a member of the College, see his admission Part ii, P. 115 no. 12 and the note thereon. He married at St Martin's, Stamford, 28 October 1709 Elizabeth Ryley. She was buried at St Martin's 23 December 1734 (Mr Justin Simpson).

P. 163 no. 8. See the admission of his father George Paddon P. 51 no. 3 from which it appears that 'Challey' is Chawleigh.

George Paddon, the younger, was ordained Deacon 12 July 1767 and Priest 24 February 1771 by the Bishop of Norwich. He was instituted Rector of Pakefield, Suffolk, 22 February 1780, on the presentation of Robert Nelson, gentleman (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 4 March 1780). He was also Perpetual Curate of Stoven. He died at Southwold 25 January 1802, aged 58, and is buried in the churchyard there, where on a headstone, near the east end of the south aisle, is an inscription recording the fact (Davy, *Suffolk Collections*, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 19,082). His widow Elizabeth died on Friday morning 22 December 1843 at her residence in Regent Street, Cambridge, aged 84 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 23 December 1843).

P. 163 no. 9. John Youde was admitted a Fellow of the College 18 March 1766. He was ordained Deacon 21 December 1765 and Priest 21 December 1767 by the Bishop of London. He was presented by the College to the Vicarage of Higham, Kent, 22 November and instituted 28 November 1771. This he held until his death. He was appointed by the Bishop of Bangor to be Headmaster of the Free Grammar School of Beaumaris, Anglesea (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 19 December 1778). He died probably in September 1796 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 24 September 1796; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1796, ii, 795; *European Magazine*, xxx, 311).

His son Henry Youde matriculated at Oxford from Jesus College 3 December 1801; the Rev. John Youde is then described as of Llandegfan, co. Anglesea (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). His daughter, Miss Youde, died 12 January 1804 at Maidenhead, Berks. (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1804, p. 93).

Mr Youde published *The Adventures of Telemachus in blank verse: from the French of Fenelon*, by J. Y(oude). 3 vols. 12mo. This seems to have been published at Chester in 1791. Lowndes gives the date as 1793 and states that a specimen appeared in 1775. The British Museum Catalogue gives the date as "1793?"

Cole in his collections for an *Athenae Cantabrigienses* (Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5884) preserves the following advertisement from *The Cambridge Chronicle* for 1775; "*The two first books of the Adventures of Telemachus, attempted in English verse. To which is prefixed an Essay on the Origin and Merits of Rhyme.* By the Rev. John Youde, A.M., late Fellow of St John's College.—As Proposals will probably be made for publishing this work by subscription as soon as it is completed, the first two Books are in the meantime offered to the Public as a specimen of the manner in which it is intended to be executed." Cole adds "*v. Critical Review* for 1775, July, p. 82."

P. 164 no. 10. John Byron was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of London 14 June 1767 and Priest by the Bishop of Lincoln 24 September 1769. He was appointed Chaplain to the English Factory at Leghorn, in the room of the Rev. Andrew Burnaby appointed Vicar of Greenwich (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 7 April 1770). He had been admitted a Fellow of the College 22 March 1768. By College Order dated 3 April 1770 he had leave to go abroad. His Fellowship was again filled up in March 1771.

P. 164 no. 11. Allen Johnson, the father, of Kiltiernan, co. Dublin, married in 1740 Olivia, daughter of John Walsh of Ballykilcavan. John Allen Johnson was their eldest son. He was created a baronet of Ireland 24 February 1775. He was M.P. for the borough of Baltinglass, co. Wicklow, in the Irish Parliament of 1783—1790. On 9 May 1809 he assumed by Royal license the additional surname and arms of Walsh on the death of his maternal uncle, the Very Rev. Ralph Walsh, dean of Dromore. He married Sackvill, daughter and coheirress of Edward Brereton, of Spring Mount, Queen's County. They had issue. Sir John Allen Johnson Walsh died in December 1831 at his seat Ballykilcavan, Queen's County. He was an elder brother of General Sir Henry Johnson, G.C.B. (Burke, *Baronetage*; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1831, ii, 94 b).

P. 164 no. 12. John Weston, the father, was Rector of St Leonard's, Exeter, from 16 May 1755 to his death 8 October 1767.

Samuel Ryder Weston, eldest son of the Rev. John Weston of Exeter, was admitted a Student of the Middle Temple 25 May 1764. He was admitted Fellow of the College 14 March 1769. He was ordained Deacon 2 April 1771 and Priest 26 May following by the Bishop of Winchester. He was instituted Rector of St Leonard's, Exeter, 17 October 1778, and the benefice became vacant by his

cession in 1780 (Rev. J. Ingle Dredge; Oliver's *Ecclesiastical Antiquities*, i, 167). On 31 May 1782 he was presented by the College to the Rectory of Marwood in Devonshire, then vacant by the death of Richard Harding; he was instituted 7 June. On 18 August 1804 the College presented Richard Riley to Marwood, then vacant by the cession of Mr Weston. Samuel Ryder Weston was collated canon of the ninth prebend in Canterbury Cathedral 15 April 1788, and this was filled up on his cession in January 1799 (Hardy's *Le Neve*, i, 58). On his resignation the Archbishop of Canterbury conferred on him the degree of D.D. 6 December 1798. He then became Prebendary of Wildland in St Paul's, London, being instituted 6 December 1798 (Hardy's *Le Neve*, ii, 450) holding this until his death. He was presented by the Bishop of Ely to the Rectory of Kelshall, Herts. (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 11 February 1804), and instituted there on Monday 30 July 1805 (*ibid.* 4 August 1805). He was instituted Rector of Therfield near Royston, Herts., 24 April 1812 (Foster, *Index Ecclesiasticus*). On 10 April 1812 he was licensed by dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Kelshall (valued at £240) with Therfield (valued at £550), the livings being stated to be contiguous. He held both until his death. He died in December 1821, aged 74 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 14 December 1821).

When he went to Marwood the College lent him £480, without interest, towards rebuilding the Rectory House at Marwood, on a mortgage of the living. His name appears as a subscriber to Gutch's *Collectanea*.

P. 164 no. 13. James Smyth was ordained Deacon 20 September 1767 and was licensed next day to the curacy of Ickleford, Herts., he was ordained Priest 24 September 1769, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Streatley 20 March 1771 and Vicar of Tilsworth 2 December 1775, both in Bedfordshire. He was instituted Vicar of Raunds, Northamptonshire, 5 April 1781, then vacating Streatley. He was instituted Rector of Great Addington, Northamptonshire, 15 November 1784. On 1 November 1784, when he is described as chaplain to John Campbell, Earl of Breadalbane, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Raunds with Great Addington, the values of these benefices being stated as £80 and £150 respectively, and their distance apart not more than four miles. He held both with Tilsworth until his death 20 November 1799 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1799, ii, 1088). He married 29 November 1787 Miss Crofts, of Lewes (*ibid.* 1787, 1125 a).

P. 164 no. 14. Thomas Sedgewick Whalley, as the Register states, was son of Dr John Whalley, originally of Pembroke Hall (B.A. 1719), afterwards Regius Professor of Divinity and Master of Peterhouse. His mother was a daughter of the Rev. Francis Squire (originally of Merton College, Oxford, admitted to St John's 6 April 1715, Part ii, P. 218 no. 22), Rector of Exford and Vicar of Cutcombe and Luxborough, Somerset, and Canon and Chancellor of Wells Cathedral. Canon Squire seems to have lived with his son-in-law at Peterhouse Lodge. Dr Whalley died 12 December 1748, and Cole (Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5880, p. 145) makes the following statement: "He (*i.e.* Francis Squire) was at the Lodge of Peterhouse with Dr Whalley, who had married his daughter. Mr Squire was violently afflicted with the stone and was many times given over, however he survived his son-in-law, and went, with his daughter and her numerous offspring, in a horse-litter, after the Doctor's death, to Wells, leaving, though very rich, vast debts unpaid behind him among the tradespeople at Cambridge which Dr Whalley had contracted; and who must have laid up considerably every year for the last six years when he lived very frugally and a large income. But Mr Chancellor Squire and Mr Dean of Rochester, and his widow were very easy to make the poor tradespeople at Cambridge who could not deny to trust him and were obliged to come into what was offered them, come into a most shameful composition for so much in the pound, when it was well known the whole might be paid."

Thomas Sedgewick Whalley was ordained Priest 15 March 1772 by the Bishop of London. He was instituted Rector of Hagworthingham, co. Lincoln, 17 May 1772 on the presentation of the Bishop of Ely, and was collated to the Prebend of Combe in Wells Cathedral 22 August 1777. He held the Rectory until his death, but resigned his Prebend in 1826 (Hardy's *Le Neve*, i, 210). Dr Keene, Bishop of Ely, in presenting Whalley to Hagworthingham stipulated that he should not reside there, as the air of the Fens was fatal to any but a native. This Whalley complied with, and during his incumbency of more than half a century

the duty was taken by curates. During the last two or three years of his life however he built a new parsonage-house for the parish. He married in January 1774 Elizabeth, widow of John Sherwood, and only child of John Jones, esq., of Langford. By this marriage he became possessed of Langford Court near Wrington in Somersetshire with a considerable fortune. Shortly after his marriage he purchased the centre house in the Crescent at Bath. His residence at Bath brought him the acquaintance of Mrs Siddons, the actress, and of Mrs Thrale-Piozzi. With his wife he travelled much on the Continent. At Paris he saw Queen Marie Antoinette, who is said to have described Mr Whalley as *Le bel Anglais*. Returning to England in the summer of 1787 he built a cottage in the Mendip range, in which he resided during the summer, moving to Bath for the winter. During this period he formed a friendship with Miss Hannah More. When controversies arose over the schools started in the parish of Blagdon by the Misses More, Whalley supported them in a pamphlet issued anonymously, entitled *Animadversions on the Curate of Blagdon's Three Publications*. Mrs Whalley died 8 December 1801. He married a second time in 1803 a Miss Heathcote, of a Wiltshire family, but she died 10 October 1805. He married for a third time 3 October 1812 Mrs Horneck, widow of General Horneck (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1812, ii, 390). The marriage was an unhappy one and Mr Whalley separated from his wife, he then resumed European travel, leaving Paris suddenly on the arrival of the news of Napoleon's escape from Elba. He was at Louvain on the day of Waterloo. After a short further stay on the Continent he returned to England, where he resided until 1828, when he went to La Flèche to see a niece. The journey proved too much for his strength and he died at La Flèche 3 September 1828, and was buried there with the following inscription to his memory: "M.S. | Thomae Sedgewick Whalley S.T.D. | ex comitatu Somersettiae in Anglia | ecclesiae cathedralis Wellensi prebendarii; | cujus civile studium, comitatus idem, cui magistratus praeerat, | humanitatem, villae suae Mendip vicinia | testantur. | Vigeant in eo spectata erga deum pietas | benevolentia erga homines vere Christiana | erga egenos effusa liberalitas. | Amore itaque, quem per longam vitam | ingenii excellentia, et morum suavitate | conciliarat | Morte tandem in desiderium acerrimum commutato | omnibus charus, suis charissimus | obiit tertio die Sep. A.D. MDCCCXXVIII | aetatis suae LXXIII."

Dr Whalley (who was a D.D. of Edinburgh) published the following: (i) *Edwy and Edilda, a tale*, published anonymously in 1778, a second edition, with plates, was issued in 1794; (ii) *The Fatal Kiss. A poem written in the last stage of an atrophy by a beautiful young lady*, 1781, 4to.; (iii) *Verses addressed to Mrs Siddons*, 1782, 4to.; (iv) *Mont Blanc, a poem*, 1784, 4to.; (v) *The Castle of Montval, a tragedy*, 1788, 8vo., second edition 1799; (vi) *Poems and Translations*, 8vo.; (vii) *Kennet and Fenelia, an allegorical tale*, 1809, 8vo. *The Castle of Montval* was brought out at Drury Lane Theatre in 1799, Mrs Siddons and the two Kembles taking parts, the piece was a failure, and after a run of nine nights was withdrawn. Whalley carried on a voluminous correspondence with Mrs Siddons, Miss Anna Seward and others. These letters and his diaries of Continental travel, with some fugitive pieces of poetry were published with the title *Journals and Correspondence of Thomas Sedgewick Whalley, D.D., of Mendip Lodge, Somerset*, 2 vols. 8vo., edited by the Rev. Hill Wickham in 1863. To this a portrait is prefixed. Mrs Piozzi in a letter to Madame d'Arblay dated 18 January 1821 writes: "Your constant admirer Dr Whalley keeps his tall figure and high head above the water; spite of many efforts to hold him down" (Barrett, *Diary and Letters of Madame d'Arblay*, iv, 457). William Wilberforce describes Whalley in 1813 as "the true picture of a sensible, well-informed, and educated, polished, old, well-beneficed, nobleman's and gentlemen's house-frequenting, literary, and chess-playing divine — of the best sort (not adulatory)—I hope beginning to be serious."

P. 164 no. 15. George Richards migrated to Trinity College where the Admission Register has the following entry: "24 October 1763, Admissus est pensionarius (e Coll. Div. Johannis) Georgius filius Georgii Richards, de Peckham in comitatu Cantiae, e schola de Tunbridge in eodem Comitatu sub praesidio Magistri Towers, annos natus 18. Mag. Backhouse, Tutore." He took the degree of B.A. from Trinity College in 1767. George Richards, the father, was instituted Vicar of West Peckham 21 July 1749, and held the living until 1783.

P. 164 no. 16. William, son of William Pearce, surgeon, and Dorothy his wife,

was baptized at St Keverne, 3 December 1744. He was third wrangler and second Chancellor's medallist in 1767. He was ordained Deacon 14 June 1767 by the Bishop of Lincoln, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Norwich, and Priest 14 June 1772 by the Bishop of Peterborough, in the chapel of Trinity College, Cambridge. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 22 March 1768, his fellowship was filled up again 11 March 1788. He was Sacrist of the College from 27 February 1773 to 9 March 1774. Junior Dean 17 December 1773 to 17 March 1780. He was elected a Senior Fellow, and President of the College, 20 March 1781, holding this office until 1787. He was also for many years one of the Tutors of the College. He was presented by the College 6 July 1786 to the Rectory of Houghton Conquest, Beds., and instituted 13 November 1786. He was appointed Whitehall Preacher (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 6 June 1772). Cole in his collections for an *Athenae Cantabrigienses* (Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5878) has the following: "On Wednesday 18 November 1778, the Rev. Mr Pearce was unanimously elected Orator, Mr Prettyman [probably George Pretymann, of Pembroke Hall, afterwards Bishop of Lincoln and Winchester] was nominated with him. Mr Cooke, son of the Provost, a man every way qualified for the office by person and address and scholarship, had made all possible interest to be chosen; perhaps the universal detestation of the father might hurt the son. Mr Pearce has every qualification but person and manner. Barford the late Orator was an excellent scholar, but his manner mixed all." Barford was Public Orator from 1762 to 1768. Pearce's immediate predecessor was Richard Beadon (P. 142 no. 16). Pearce held the office of Public Orator of the University until 1788. In 1787 he was appointed Master of the Temple (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 2 June 1787). In 1789 he was appointed Master of Jesus College, Cambridge. He was installed Dean of Ely 2 December 1797, then resigning the Mastership of the Temple. He was instituted Rector of Wentworth, in the Isle of Ely, on the presentation of the Dean and Chapter of Ely 20 February 1799. On 10 February 1799 he had a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Houghton Conquest (valued at £360) with Wentworth (valued at £200), the two benefices being stated to be not more than 30 miles apart. He was Vice-Chancellor of the University in the years 1789 and 1806. He held the two rectories, the Deanery of Ely and the Headship of Jesus until his death 14 November 1820, at Jesus College Lodge, aged 76 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1820, ii, 467). He was buried in the College Chapel 22 November (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 1 December 1820). One William Pearce was instituted Rector of Miningsby, co. Lincoln, 12 July 1774. John Williams, who succeeded him, was instituted 25 November 1786, *i.e.* a fortnight after Dean Pearce's institution to Houghton Conquest, so the two are probably identical. Dr Pearce married 21 April 1795, Anne, eldest daughter of the Rev. Walter Serocold, of Cherry Hinton. She died at her house in Bene't Street, Cambridge, 29 May 1835, aged 82 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 25 April 1795; 5 June 1835). They had a son, Edward Serocold Pearce, of St John's, B.A. 1818, and M.A. of Jesus 1821. He afterwards took the name of Pearce Serocold (Burke, *Landed Gentry*). In the transept of the chapel of Jesus College is a white marble tablet with the following inscription: "Gulielmus Pearce S.T.P. | Decanus Eliensis | et hujusce Collegii plus quam triginta annos | Magister | vir si quis alius | tam doctrina quam ingenio insignis | et in omnibus vitae academicae officiis | vix satis laudandus | Sociorum pariter ac discipulorum amor et desiderium | Aetatis anno trigesimo quarto | Orator Publicus a senatu constitutus | id genus eloquentiae coluit | in quo quum nihil redundaret | nihil tamen deesset | astrictus simul et solutus. | Novi deinde Templi apud Londinenses | Magister et concionator factus | ita difficiles hominum istorum aures | implebat | ut nec disertius aliquid nec doctius | requirerent. Patriae ecclesiae regis fuit amantissimus | et idem veritatis Christianae | acerrimus propugnator. | Postremo inerat in eo | benevolentia prope singularis | cum summa morum comitate | conjuncta | et acedebat sermo sic facetus et urbanus | et lepore quodam sibi proprio commendatus | ut parem in eo genere vix quemquam invenires | superiorem frustra quaereres. | Sanctae Kevernae in agro Cornubiensi natus anno mdcxlii | decessit anno mdccxx | H. M. P. P. | Magister et Socii | P. C. | " On a slate slab underneath, the following is in brass letters: "Gul. Pearce | Decan. Elien. | Magister | mdccxx."

Dean Pearce was author of the following: *A Sermon preached in Lambeth Chapel at the consecration of the Right Rev. George Pretymann, D.D., Lord Bishop of Lincoln, on Sunday, March 11, 1787, by W. Pearce, D.D., Public Orator of the*

University of Cambridge and Master of the Temple. Published by order of the Archbishop. London, printed by H. Goldney for T. Cadell, in the Strand, 1787, 4to.

After his death was published: *Sermons by the late Very Reverend William Pearce, D.D., F.R.S....Published by his son Edward Serocold Pearce, esq., A.M. Student of the Inner Temple.* Cambridge, printed at the University Press, by J. Smith for T. Cadell in the Strand, London, 1821, 8vo. To this is prefixed a portrait of Dr Pearce (see also Boase and Courtney, *Bibliotheca Cornubiensis*, ii, 438).

P. 164 no. 17. John Wise was elected a Fellow of the College 21 March 1768, the College Register containing this note after his name: "electus dum variolis laborabat, antequam juratus et admissus fuerit, mortuus est." He died 5 April 1768 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 9 April 1768). In the old churchyard of All Saints, Cambridge, is a flat stone (now 1899 much broken and decayed) with this inscription: "H.S.E. | Joannes Wise A.B. | Coll. D. Joannis Socius | judicii subtilis facilis | et facetae indolis in sociorum | ordinem ascriptus est | variolis jam | ingravescens quibuscum amplius viginti dies | luctatus e vita migravit | Non. Apr. 1768 | aet. 24." The *Parish Register* of All Saints, Cambridge, has the following entry: "1768, April 7, The Rev. John Wise, B.A., late of St John's College" (buried).

P. 164 no. 18. The father of Daniel Francis Durand was the Rev. Francis William Isaiah Durand de Fontcouverte, descended from a noble family of Languedoc. He dropped the name Isaiah and the territorial title. The Rev. F. W. Durand was first pastor of the Dutch church at Norwich, where his son was born in 1745. In 1751 F. W. Durand was ordained Deacon and Priest in one day by the Bishop of Winchester, and four days afterwards inducted into the livings of St Michael and St Sampson, Guernsey. About two years afterwards he was appointed Minister of the French church at Canterbury, and held these livings until his death in 1789.

Daniel Francis Durand on his ordination was appointed his father's curate in the parishes of St Michael and St Sampson. At this time he purchased a chaplaincy in the 96th Regiment, but went on half-pay when the regiment quitted the Island, continuing to draw his half-pay until his death. After six years as curate he crossed to England and became tutor to a young nobleman with whom he travelled on the Continent. During this tour he visited his relatives in Languedoc, and is said to have been told that if he would become a naturalised Frenchman and join the Romish Church his title (Baron de Fontcouverte) and family estates would be restored to him. During his absence on this tour the living of St Andrew's, Guernsey, became vacant, he was thought so highly of that the patron, Lord Amherst, kept it for him for 18 months. He was instituted Rector 12 August 1779 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 21 August 1779). He vacated this on his institution 28 April 1794 to the Rectory of St Peter Port, and became Dean of Guernsey with its dependencies in 1795 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 11 July 1795). He married Anne, daughter of Richard de Jersey, esq., of the Manor of St Helène, in Guernsey. He was Principal of Elizabeth College, Guernsey, from 1780 to 1794, when he resigned the office, becoming with the Governor one of the Visitors. In the church of St Peter's is a monument with this inscription: "In memory of the very revd. Daniel Francis Durand A.M. | (son of the Rev. F. Durand of Canterbury) | Dean and Surrogate of Guernsey and its dependencies | And for 37 years the beloved and revered rector of this parish | labouring with zeal and devotedness in the performance of its arduous duties | He died on the 30th of January 1832 in the 87th year of his age | The memory of the Just is blessed | Also of Anne de Jersey daughter of Richard de Jersey Esq. | The beloved wife of the above who died on the 24th of January 1850 in the 85th year of her age | " (Sidebotham, *Memorials of the King's School Canterbury*, 80; Letters from the Rev. G. E. Lee, Rector of St Peter Port, and Colonel C. J. Durand (his grandson) of Grange Villa, Guernsey).

His son, Haviland Durand, was of Pembroke College, Oxford, and his grandson Haviland (second son of Haviland) of Exeter College, Oxford (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). His daughter Sophia, widow of the Rev. Alfred Sabonadière, died 30 December 1874 in Guernsey, in her 81st year (*Times*).

P. 165 no. 19. The father of this youth may have been Samuel Sneade, of Magdalene College, B.A. 1734, M.A. 1738, who was ordained Deacon 12 October 1735, and licensed to the curacy of Shelve, Salop, and Priest 17 October 1736,

all by the Bishop of Hereford. He was Rector of Snead, co. Montgomery, 1747–1771, and Vicar of St Alkmund's in Shrewsbury, 1763–1774. Samuel Sneade, of St John's, took the LL.B. degree in 1769. He was ordained Deacon 29 May 1768 and Priest 11 June 1772 by the Bishop of Hereford. He was instituted Rector of Bedstone, Salop, 11 June 1772, and held the living until 1809.

P. 165 no. 20. John Carr, son of Anthony Carr, Vicar of Selston, Notts., was admitted to Manchester School 26 June 1759. He took his degree as fifth wrangler in 1767, and was admitted a Fellow of the College 22 March 1768. He was ordained Deacon 20 December 1767 by the Bishop of Chester in St Margaret's Church, Westminster, and Priest by the Bishop of Peterborough 9 June 1770, in the chapel of Trinity College. He was appointed chaplain of Horningsey, Cambridgeshire (a cure served by a Fellow of the College) 25 March 1773, but was succeeded by Edward Frewen 9 March 1774. He was long one of the principal Tutors of the College. He was presented by the College to the Rectory of Great Oakley, Essex, 8 May and instituted 13 June 1783. He held this for nearly half a century, being all the time non-resident, on the ground of holding a small chapelry, Holbrook, near Derby. He married Miss Anna Stubbs, of Ranton Abbey, Staffordshire (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 8 October 1785). He died at Holbrook 12 May 1833 within a few days of attaining the age of 88, and was buried at Alfreton, Derbyshire. In 1789 on the death of Dr Chevallier, John Carr was nearly elected Master of the College. When the vacancy occurred the two great tutors of the College were Carr and Pearce, the latter having been for ten years Public Orator (P. 164 no. 16). Politics ran high; the former was leader of the Whigs, the latter of the Tories. Between the two parties the College was equally divided; and the election at last came to the seniority of eight. Here again Carr and Pearce each got four votes. In the end William Craven was elected.

In one of his letters to Dr C. Burney, Dr Parr asks: "Pray do you know a Mr Carr, who is represented to me as a most profound Greek scholar and belongs to the εἰμελίαν what d'y'e call it?" (Parr's *Works*, vii, 415; *Register of Manchester School*, i, 85–7).

P. 165 no. 21. Jonathan Peake, the father, was also of St John's College (B.A. 1733, see P. 62 no. 16). James Peake was appointed 24 July 1766 by the Bishop of Chester (on a lapse), Master of the Free Grammar School at Hawkshead, Lancashire. He held the office until 1781. He was ordained Deacon 12 July 1767 and Priest 25 September 1768 by the Bishop of Chester. He was chosen Minister of the donative of Finsthwaite, Lancashire (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 5 September 1778). He was probably the James Peake who was instituted Vicar of Thornton Steward, Yorks., 30 December 1779, but this was held a very short time, as the next incumbent was instituted 23 February 1780. He was presented by the Duke of Devonshire to the Rectory of Kingsley, Staffordshire (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 22 May 1790), being instituted 12 May 1790, holding this until his death. He was also domestic chaplain to the Duke of Devonshire, and Minister of Edensor and Cartmell in Lancashire; he resided at Edensor and died there 1 December 1803, in his 59th year. A Latin inscription on his memorial stone at Edensor ends with these words:

"Et tanta erat oris atque orationis
Commendatio, ut se quisque monitis
Libenter attentum praeberet
'Multis ille flebilis occidet.'"

(Croston's edition of Baines' *History of Lancashire*, v, 622; *Admission Register of Manchester School*, i, 87, 232; *Transactions of the Historical Society of Lancashire and Cheshire*, xvii, 179). He married Elizabeth Russel, widow, daughter of Thomas Sunderland, of Bigland, co. Lancaster (Hunter, *Familiae Minorum Gentium, Harleian Soc. Publ.* xxxvii, 342, where there is a pedigree).

P. 165 no. 22. Benjamin Barnes was ordained Deacon 15 March 1767 by the Bishop of Lincoln, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of London. He died at Wisbech, in the Isle of Ely, of a violent fever (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 4 February 1769).

P. 165 no. 23. Richard Glover was ordained Deacon 15 March 1767, and licensed to the curacy of Whaplode Drove, co. Lincoln, with a salary of £40, he was ordained Priest 20 September 1767, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He has been identified with the Richard Glover who was curate of St John the Evangelist,

Westminster, 1802-5, and with the Richard Glover who was instituted Vicar of Dagenham, Essex, 13 June 1811, holding that living until 1816. A Rev. Richard Glover died at Ilford in June 1824 (Smith, *Parochial Memorials of St John the Evangelist, Westminster*, 113; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1824, i, 573 a).

A Richard Glover was instituted Rector of Salcott Virley, Essex, 24 June 1778, and Rector of Melbury Bubb, Dorset, 16 January 1792. Both livings were vacant in 1796.

P. 165 no. 24. Thomas Orme was ordained Deacon 14 June 1767, and licensed to the curacy of Woodwalton, Hunts., next day, he was ordained Priest 19 February 1769, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of South Scarle, Notts., 18 April 1772, on the presentation of the Rev. Mr Easton, of Grantham (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 16 May 1772), this he held until 1806. He became Vicar of North Leverton, Notts., within the peculiar jurisdiction of the Church of Southwell (*ibid.*, 29 June 1775). He was instituted Vicar of Barholm, with Stow, co. Lincoln, 29 August 1777, holding this until his death. He was elected Headmaster of Oakham Grammar School in June 1778, this he held until July 1796, when he was elected Headmaster of Louth Grammar School, which he held until his death. He was collated 1 September 1801 and installed 30 January 1802 to the Prebend of Louth in Lincoln Cathedral, which he held until his death. He died 20 October 1814, aged 70, and was buried in St James' Church, Louth, where there is a mural tablet to his memory (Hardy's *Le Neve*, ii, 181; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1814, ii, 502 b; Goulding, *Louth Old Corporation Records*, 42, 118).

He was appointed in 1778 chaplain to the Countess Dowager Ferrars, and was elected a Fellow of the Antiquarian Society in 1791 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 31 October 1778, 2 July 1791).

P. 165 no. 25. Richard Deane was ordained Priest 28 February 1768 by the Bishop of Norwich. He was instituted Vicar of Rowdham 4 December 1781, and Rector of West Harling 31 December 1789, both in Norfolk. He was instituted Rector of Knettishall, Suffolk, 29 December 1790, on the presentation of Miss Harriet Croftes (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 8 January 1791). He held all three livings until 1826. The *Parish Register* of Linton in Craven has the following entries: "(i) Richard, son of Mr William Deane of Linton, yeoman, was baptized the 19th of October 1742; (ii) William Deane and Margaret Tennant, both of this parish, who had been lawfully published, were married 11 May 1738."

P. 165 no. 27. Peter Jones took the degrees of B.A. in 1764, and M.A. 1769. One of these names was instituted Rector of Derwen, co. Denbigh, 13 February 1781, holding the living until his death; he was buried at Derwen 6 December 1809. A son of his, Thomas Jones, was admitted to Manchester School 5 February 1785 (*Manchester School Register*, ii, 142; Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*).

P. 165 no. 28. Graduated as Joseph Watkins, B.A. 1767. Joseph Watkins (of St John's College) was ordained Deacon by the Archbishop of York, 2 October 1768, and licensed to the curacy of Edstone, Yorks., with a stipend of £25. He was ordained Priest 23 September 1770 by the Bishop of Durham, and was licensed next day to the curacy of Darlington, co. Durham, with a stipend of £45. He held the following livings, all co. Durham; he was instituted Vicar of Dalton le Dale 5 December 1775, ceding this on his institution, 4 September 1779, to the Vicarage of Merrington, on the presentation of the Dean and Chapter of Durham, ceding this on his institution, 1 August 1795, to the Vicarage of Norham in the same gift. He was appointed Perpetual Curate of St Giles, city of Durham, 25 September 1802, on the presentation of Sir H. V. Tempest, bart., and was reinstated Vicar of Norham 29 September. He held both these latter livings until his death in July or August 1827 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1827, ii, 473; Surtees, *History of Durham*, i, 3; iii, 283; iv, 60). A mural tablet in the south wall of the chancel of St Mary the Less, Durham, records that his widow, Anna Maria Watkins, died in that parish 14 January 1838, aged 80 (Carlton, *Monumental Inscriptions of the Cathedral, Parish Churches, and Cemeteries of the City of Durham*, 87). The *Parish Register* of Stokesley, in Cleveland, has the following entries: "(i) Joseph Watkins, barber, and Ann Mann, widow, both of this parish were married by licence 12 November 1742; (ii) Joseph, the son of John Watkins, baptized 21 January 1744."

P. 165 no. 29. Theophilus Houlbrooke took the degree of LL.B. in 1769. He was ordained Deacon 21 May 1769 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed to the

curacy of Little Coates, co. Lincoln, with a salary of £20. He was ordained Priest 5 June 1770 by the Bishop of Hereford. He was instituted Rector of Stockton-on-Terne, co. Worcester, 5 June 1770, which he held until 1784. He quitted the Established Church and became a Unitarian. He was the author of: *A sermon occasioned by the death of William Tayleure, esq., delivered at a Meeting of Unitarian Dissenters in Shrewsbury upon the 15th day of May 1796, by Theophilus Houlbrooke, LL.B., F.R.S.E.*, Liverpool 1796 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1797, i, 317; Belsham, *Memoirs of Theophilus Lindsey*, Centenary Volume, 1873, p. 89 note).

P. 166 no. 30. Charles Gough was ordained Deacon 29 May 1768 and Priest 24 September 1769 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He seems later to have been known as Charles John Gough, by which name he took the LL.B. degree in 1777, and was instituted to his benefices. He was instituted Vicar of West Thurrock, Essex, 21 March 1770, ceding this on his institution, 30 November 1770 to the Rectory of Notgrave, co. Gloucester, and ceding this latter living on being instituted, 13 May 1783, Vicar of Newchurch, in the Isle of Wight. He was instituted Rector of Bradley, Hampshire, 2 July 1783. On 26 June 1783 he had a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Newchurch (valued at £180) with Bradley (valued at £120), the two benefices being stated to be not more than 28 miles apart. Both livings were vacant in 1816.

P. 166 no. 1. No John Highmore appears in the printed *Graduati*, but one Thomas Highmore appears as B.A. in 1768. Thomas Highmore, B.A., of St John's College, Cambridge, was ordained Deacon 24 September 1769, by the Bishop of Lincoln, and was licensed to the curacy of Pinchbeck, co. Lincoln, with a salary of £50.

P. 166 no. 3. John Lloyd was ordained Priest 24 December 1769 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and was licensed to the curacy of Barton le Clay, Beds., with a salary of £50.

P. 166 no. 4. Owen Lewis took the B.A. degree in 1768. One of these names was instituted Rector of Llansantffraid Glyndyrfwyd, co. Merioneth, 9 November 1780, and held the living until 1798.

P. 167 no. 8. Dacre Youngson was ordained Deacon 29 May 1768, and Priest 29 May 1774 by the Bishop of London. In the chancel of the church of Warminster, Wilts., is a tablet with this inscription: "Near this place are deposited the remains of the Rev. Dacre Youngson, M.A., formerly of St John's College, Cambridge, late curate of this parish, who died 31 January 1783, aged 37 years. Tho' dead he yet speaketh and still present in remembrance. Forcibly, though silently, he nourished his own beloved flock. To be cut off in the midst of a valuable and useful life is one of the mysteries of divine providence which will be cleared up at the resurrection of the just" (Hoare, *History of Modern Wiltshire*, iii (2), 17).

The *Parish Register* of Kilham has the following entries: "(i) 11 December 1744 Married by banns: George Youngson and Ann Wilson, both of Kilham. (ii) 10 October 1745, Baptized: Dacres (*sic*), son of George Youngson, butcher."

Ann Wilson, the mother of Dacre Youngson, was a daughter of Henry Wilson, of Kilham, Yorks., yeoman freeholder, and sister of the Rev. Henry Wilson, Fellow of Trinity College, Cambridge (B.A. 1742), and Vicar of Heversham. Henry Wilson, the elder, was the son of a previous Henry Wilson by his wife — Dacre, sister of Henry Dacre, once of Unthank.

The will of the Rev. Dacre Youngson, dated 22 January 1783, was proved in the Prerogative Court of Canterbury, 12 June 1783 (329 Cornwallis) by his widow, Mary, to whom he left all his effects. The *Parish Register* of Warminster has the following entry among the marriages: "17 May 1780, Revd. Dacre Youngson, widower, and Mary Whateley, spinster, both of the parish of Warminster." She signs Mary Whatley. After Dacre Youngson's death an anonymous Address was published called a *Tribute of Affection*, with references to his work. It was dedicated to the "Christians, the reformed, the lukewarm and the impenitent amongst the respectable and numerous congregation, which compose the audience of Warminster Church" (Notes from W. Asheton Tong, esq., Staneclyffe, Disley).

P. 167 no. 11. William Wood was ordained Deacon 24 December 1769 by the Archbishop of York, and licensed to the curacy of Southwell, Notts., with a salary

of £20; he was ordained Priest 21 December 1771 by the Bishop of London (with letters dimissory from the Archbishop of York), and on December 23 was licensed by the Archbishop of York to the curacy of Averton, with Kilham, Yorks. In April 1775 he was a candidate for a Fellowship, on Dr Keton's foundation, for which a preference was given to choristers of Southwell. To this Fellowship the Master and Seniors elected *Chambre* William Abson (B.A. 1774), and he was admitted 4 April 1775. Against this decision William Wood appealed to the Bishop of Ely as Visitor. In the papers connected with this appeal it is stated that in April 1775, and for two years before, Wood had been in possession of the Vicarage of North Leverton, with cure of souls, which he had resigned, or purported to resign, in order to qualify as a candidate for the Fellowship; he is also described as "occupying a farm," perhaps working the glebe of his benefice. It was stated on Mr Wood's behalf that he (Wood) had been admitted a Chorister of Southwell in 1756, at the age of ten, had regularly performed the duties for six years, and after quitting the Choir had remained in Southwell School till he came to College. *Chambre* William Abson was a son of the Rev. Samuel Abson (P. 89 no. 20), and was born at Kirtlington, Notts. He entered Southwell School at the age of 7, and on 21 April 1768, when he was 16 years old, was admitted a chorister of Southwell, and did duty for quarter of a year only. William Wood maintained that this admission was allowed only for the purpose of qualifying Abson for the Keton Fellowship. This view was taken by the Bishop of Ely, who ejected Abson, and ordered the College to admit Wood, and he was accordingly admitted Fellow on 24 October 1775. He does not seem to have resided much in College, but he was appointed Junior Bursar 17 March 1789, holding this office until he was appointed Senior Bursar of the College 26 March 1795, in succession to his brother, Dr James Wood (P. 174 no. 8); he only held this latter office for two years, James Fawcett being appointed 22 March 1797. He was turned out of the office for certain irregularities in his management of the College moneys. The matter was the subject of lengthy legal proceedings, both before the Visitor and in the Courts of Law. Wood printed a lengthy statement of his defence in 1801, copies of which occasionally occur in catalogues of secondhand books, and a series of articles headed *Vindiciae Fraternalae*, appeared in the *Cambridge Chronicle* weekly from 26 January till 18 May 1805 (some of these are signed J[ames] F[isher]). While these legal proceedings were in progress his Fellowship was suspended, and he was refused the presentation to several livings, such as Lilley, Herts., and Great Snoring, Norfolk. In November 1805, Dr Whitmore, Rector of Lawford, Essex, died. William Wood at that time was secreted in the Isle of Man to avoid arrest by his creditors. Had he taken the living at once it would have been sequestered for payment of his debts. He requested delay for the purpose of making an arrangement with his creditors, and this, with several extensions, was granted by the College. A settlement being arrived at, he accepted Lawford, to which he was presented by the College, 2 May 1806, and instituted 16 May. According to the College Statutes he had a 'year of Grace,' i.e. remained a Fellow for one year from institution. During this year the sinecure Rectory of Aberdaron, co. Carnarvon, became vacant by the death of John Mainwaring, on 15 April 1807. Wood claimed, as a Fellow, the right to be presented to Aberdaron. The College presented Herbert Marsh (afterwards Bishop of Peterborough), and Wood appealed against this to the Visitor. The presentation of Marsh was, however, upheld by the Bishop. Wood appealed to the Court of King's Bench for a mandamus to compel the Bishop of Ely to re-hear his appeal, but the Court refused the application (Cooper, *Annals of Cambridge*, iv, 489). Wood then disappears from College life. He held Lawford until his death, 26 December 1821, at his sister's residence, Assembly Row, Mile End Road, aged 74 (*The Courier*, 28 December 1821). There is a tablet to his memory in the south side of the chancel of Lawford Church, with the following inscription: "In a vault beneath this tablet | lie the mortal remains | of the late Revd. William Wood, B.D. | Rector of this parish 16 years | who departed this life on the 26th December 1821 | in the 74th year of his age. | In all his relative duties he was strictly just | and upright, | and to the poor, a friend and protector. | By will he bequeathed £100 to be invested | in the Funds, the interest of which to be | enjoyed by his successor | and every Incumbent | hereafter."

P. 167 no. 12. See the admission of the father, P. 72 no. 17. Edward Cuthbert was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Norwich 6 November 1768, and

Priest by the Bishop of London 23 September 1770. He was instituted Rector of Stifford, Essex, 15 January 1772, ceding this in 1784. He was instituted Rector of Bulphan, Essex, in succession to his father, 7 March 1799, holding this until his death. He died 18 December 1803, in Hatton Street, London, being then also joint Minister of Long Acre Chapel. He married in 1799, Miss Clark, of Norwich (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1803, ii, 1259).

P. 167 no. 14. Thomas Drake was born at Halifax 14 November, and baptized 4 December 1745. He was educated first at Hipperholme School, and then transferred to Winchester. He was elected a Fellow of the College 13 March 1769. He was ordained Deacon 31 May 1769, and Priest 30 November following by the Bishop of Winchester. He acted for a time as private tutor to Richard, afterwards second Earl of Mount Edgumbe, and accompanied that nobleman on his continental tours. The College (as the practice then was) giving him leave to go abroad by orders dated 1 June 1782 and 20 June 1783. On his return he was appointed, in 1783, chaplain to Archbishop Moor, to whom he also acted as examining chaplain. He preached at the consecration of the American Bishops (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 27 December 1783; Bishop White's *Memoirs*, 158). On 22 February 1786 he was elected by the College, Rector of Little Hornead, Herts. On 28 March 1786 he was collated by Archbishop Moor, Rector of Hadleigh, Suffolk, and on the 1st of April following was appointed by the same Prelate Dean of Bocking, and in November 1787 one of the Principal Registrars of the Court of Canterbury. Archbishop Moor, on 15 July 1790, nominated him Vicar of Rochdale, but he remained at Hadleigh for a short time. (Miss Eliza Ferrand, writing to her brother at Howden, 22 February 1791, says: "Our new Vicar, Dr Drake, and his family arrived at Brown Hill last week," *Lancashire Manuscripts*, ix, 384). During his Vicariate at Rochdale the church was renovated, and additional church accommodation provided in the parish. He married, 25 August 1788, at Bromsberrow, Gloucestershire, Eleanor, second daughter of Robert Dobyns Yate, by whom he had two sons (who predeceased him) and three daughters, all of whom married. He died at Rochdale 12 September 1819 (*Christian Remembrancer*, i, 718a; *Annual Biography*, 1820, 460a), at the age of 75. He was buried in the churchyard at Rochdale in a grave selected by himself a few weeks before his death, over which is a large and costly tomb erected to his memory, at the cost of his parishioners, with the following inscription on the north side:

"H. S. E. | Thomas Drake S.T.P. | Natu Halifaxensis | Coll. Div. Joh. Cant. Quondam Socius | Reverendissimo in Xto Patri Johⁿⁱ Moore | Archiep. Cantuar. A sacris Domesticis | Deinde | Eccl. de Hadley Com. Suff. Rector | Demum | Hujus Parochiae | De Rochdale Per Annos xxix Vicarius | Qui Diem Ob. supremum Sep. xii^o | MDCCCXIX. Annum Ætatis Agens LXXV | Vir Doctus, Mitis, Vitae Integer."

On the south side of the tomb is this inscription: "This Monument is erected by the Parishioners | in testimony of their affectionate regard | For the memory of their late worthy Vicar."

On one side is an heraldic shield, on which are emblazoned the arms of Drake and Wood, quarterly, impaling Yate, with three other quarterings—Dobyns, Berkeley and Box, with the Drake crest—a wyvern, *gules* and the motto *L'Esperance*. (Croston's edition of Baines' *History of Lancashire*, iii, 32-3; Pigot's *Hadleigh*, 281, 282. He helped Whitaker with his *History of Whalley*, who dedicates to him a map, a life of him, *ib.* 431, 432; Fishwick, *History of the parish of Rochdale*, 241-3, where there is an account of his family; Hunter, *Familiae Minorum Gentium*, *Harleian Soc. Publ.* xxxviii, 508, where there is a pedigree).

P. 167 no. 16. Bernard Turner was ordained Deacon 25 September 1768 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed to the curacy of Sandon, Herts.; he was ordained Priest 24 December 1769 by the Bishop of London.

P. 167 no. 17. Harry Grove was admitted a Fellow of the College 14 March 1769, and became a Senior Fellow 3 April 1786. He was ordained Deacon 7 March and Priest 6 June 1773 by the Bishop of London. He was chaplain of Horningsey, co. Cambridge, on the nomination of the College 25 March 1779 until 11 April 1783, when he was admitted Steward of the College, holding that office until 27 April 1786, when he became Bakehouse Bursar, which he held until 23 March 1787. He was presented by the College to the Rectory of Staplehurst, Kent,

14 June, and instituted 13 September 1786. This he held until his death at Mere, Wilts., without issue, 6 July 1808 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1808, p. 750). In the Church of Mere there is a monument to his memory, with the following inscription: "Harry Grove, Clerk, Rector of Staplehurst, in Kent, died 6 July 1808, aged 62 years" (Hoare, *History of Wiltshire*, Hundred of Mere, i, 16, 37).

P. 168 no. 18. Julines Wheeler was ordained Deacon 26 May 1771 by the Bishop of London, and Priest 14 June 1772 by the Bishop of Lincoln (in St Paul's Cathedral, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Salisbury). On both occasions he is called Julines Hering Wheler.

P. 168 no. 19. Francis Fitchatt, born 5 December 1745, was admitted to Merchant Taylors' School in 1756 (Robinson, *Register of Merchant Taylors' School*, ii, 116). He was admitted a Fellow of the College 14 March 1769. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Lincoln 21 May 1769, and Priest by the Bishop of London 15 March 1772. The College *Conclusion* (or Order) *Book* contains the following entry under date 16 January 1774: "Agreed to give Mr Fitchatt and Mr Fisher leave to go abroad, provided that they return in time to observe the directions of the Statute concerning degrees."

Cole in his collections (vol. xxi, fol. 28 b, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5822) has preserved a list given to him by Mr (afterwards Sir Isaac) Pennington, showing how all the Fellows of the College voted at the election of Mr Chevallier to be Master of the College. In this list Mr Fitchatt's name appears among those who did not vote with the note 'at Barbadoes.'

Fitchatt's Fellowship was filled up 26 March 1776.

P. 168 no. 20. George Greaves was ordained Deacon 24 September 1769 and licensed to the curacy of Hartshorne, co. Derby, and Priest 23 September 1770, all by the Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield. He was instituted Rector of Stanton by Bridge, co. Derby, 24 September 1770; Vicar of Alstonfield, co. Stafford, 9 March 1775, and Rector of Swarkeston, co. Derby, 5 October 1795. On 6 March 1775 he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Stanton, valued at £150, with Alstonfield, valued at £40, the two livings being not more than 24 miles apart. On 17 September 1795 he received a dispensation to hold Stanton, valued at £200, with Swarkeston, valued at £150, the two livings being stated to be one mile apart. On both occasions he is described as chaplain to John, Duke of Athole. He seems to have held Alstonfield until 1801, and the other two livings until his death. He died at the Rectory, Stanton by Bridge, 12 January 1828, aged 81. He was presented to his Derbyshire livings by the Crewe family (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1828, i, 91-2).

P. 168 no. 21. Robert John Sayer was ordained Deacon 4 November 1770 and licensed to the curacy of Clehonger, co. Hereford, with a stipend of £20, and Priest 21 December 1771, all by the Bishop of Hereford. He was instituted Rector of Itchen-Abbas, Hampshire, 29 March 1774, he held this living until 1803. He was instituted Vicar of Rudgwick, Sussex, 16 October 1776, and Vicar of Leominster or Lymminster, in the same county, 19 January 1785. He was presented to the Vicarage of Wixoe (or Whixoe), Suffolk, by William Berkeley, esq. (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 16 June 1787), and was instituted there 7 June 1787; he held this living but a short time as a new incumbent was instituted there in October 1787. The *Cambridge Chronicle*, in its issue of 1 September 1792, states that he had been appointed a Prebendary of Winchester Cathedral, but his name does not appear in Hardy's edition of *Le Neve's Fasti*. It is probable that he had some fresh preferment at that time as he was again instituted Rector of Itchen-Abbas (he was, in fact, five times instituted to that benefice, viz. on 29 March 1774, 17 December 1776, 18 July 1785, 13 October 1787, and 8 February 1793). On 9 July 1785, when he is described as chaplain to James, Earl of Glencairn, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Leominster (valued at £80) with Itchen-Abbas (valued at £150), the livings being stated to be not more than 28 miles apart; and on 3 December 1787 he received a dispensation to hold Itchen-Abbas with Leominster. Presumably his institution to Wixoe had vacated Itchen-Abbas, but repenting of the change he ceded Wixoe and was again instituted to Itchen, receiving a fresh dispensation to hold it with Leominster. He was Vicar of Rudgwick and of Leominster at the time of his death. He was buried at Rudgwick 19 April 1813.

P. 168 no. 23. See the admission of Samuel Baskett, the father, P. 80 no. 33. John Baskett was ordained Deacon 27 February 1768 by the Bishop of Salisbury, and Priest 26 December 1769 by the Bishop of Norwich, in each case at the request of the Bishop of Bristol. He was instituted Rector of Compton Abbas, Dorset., 6 December 1777, on the presentation of Henry Langdon, of Lyndhurst, clerk; he held the living until his death. He was also Official of Wimborne Minster. He died at Wimborne 20 December 1826, aged 82. He was then the senior minister of the Collegiate Church there, in which he had officiated above 50 years. His cheerful, humane, and benevolent disposition obtained for him the kind affection of his acquaintance and the prayers and blessings of the poor (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1826, ii, 645 b). He married Hannah Palmer. She died at Wimborne 16 May 1818, aged 72 (*ibid.* 1818, ii, 88 a; Hutchins, *History of Dorset*, iii, 172, where there is a pedigree; he is there described as B.A., though his name does not appear in the printed *Graduati Cantabrigienses*).

P. 168 no. 24. William Williams was ordained Deacon 28 February 1768 by the Bishop of Norwich, at the request of the Bishop of Bangor, and Priest by the Bishop of Chester 30 July 1769. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 14 March 1769. He was instituted Vicar of St Martin's, in the Deanery of Oswestry, co. Salop, 16 July 1776, and held this until 1787, when he was presented by the College to the Rectory of Medbourne with Holt, Leicestershire, where he was instituted 16 August 1787. He died at Medbourne 24 August 1824, aged 80 (Thomas, *History of the Diocese of St Asaph*, 641; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1824, p. 475). According to Rivington's *Clerical Guide or Ecclesiastical Directory* for 1822, he held the following preferments: Medbourne cum Holt, R., Mowseley, C., Nether Avon, V., Caerwys, R., Kegidock, R., Kelligarn, R., Llangoven, C., Llantillio Cresney V. cum Penrhos, Mager V. cum Redwick, C., Nandee, C., Pendoylovin, V., Peny y Claud, C., Rouslench, R., Trallong, C., Trawsfydd, R., Llanadhaiarn, R., Llanner, V. cum Denio, C.; but it seems probable that these benefices were really held by different people of the name (*Notes and Queries*, 3 Ser. i, 428, 478).

P. 168 no. 25. Thomas Kipling took his degree as Senior Wrangler in the Mathematical Tripos of 1768. He was ordained Deacon 29 May 1768 by the Bishop of London, and Priest 10 June 1770, in Trinity College Chapel, by the Bishop of Peterborough. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 14 March 1769, but was removed and Robert Russell put in his place, on a mandate from the Bishop of Ely as Visitor; he was again admitted a Fellow 19 March 1771, and his fellowship was filled up in 1786. He acted for several years as Auditor of the College accounts. He was Sacrist of the College on four occasions: 24 March 1775 to 16 March 1776; 15 March 1777 to 26 March 1778; 17 March 1780 to 20 March 1781; and 15 April 1784 to 31 March 1785. He was Junior Dean 11 April 1783 to 15 April 1784. On 31 May 1775 he was a candidate for the Rectory of Bedale, the patronage falling for this turn to the University, the owner of the advowson being a Roman Catholic. The votes were: for Richard Kirshaw, Fellow of Trinity College, 81; for Kipling, 74 (Cooper, *Annals of Cambridge*, iv, 378). He was appointed by the Bishop of London to be one of his Majesty's Chaplains at Whitehall (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 7 February 1778). He was elected into the Lady Margaret Preachership (*ibid.* 13 April 1782). On 22 August 1788 he was an unsuccessful candidate for the Lady Margaret Professorship of Divinity, John Mainwaring (of St John's) receiving 33 and Kipling 20 votes (Cooper, *l.c.* 431). He was for many years deputy to Dr Richard Watson, Regius Professor of Divinity, resigning this office in 1802, owing to ill-health (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 11 September 1802). He was instituted Rector of Owmbly, co. Lincoln, 30 July 1778. He was presented by the College to the Vicarage of Holme on Spalding Moor, Yorks., 17 November, and instituted 7 December 1784. On 30 November 1784 he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Owmbly (valued at £110) with Holme (valued at £200), the benefices being stated to be not more than 26 miles apart. He was nominated by the King to the Mastership of the Temple (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 9 December 1797). He was installed Dean of Peterborough 10 February 1798 (Hardy's *Le Neve*, ii, 541). He was instituted Rector of Fiskerton, co. Lincoln, 23 November 1798, then ceding Owmbly. On 15 September 1798 he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold the Vicarage of Holme (then valued at £490) with Fiskerton (valued at £240), the

benefices being stated to be not more than 28 miles apart. He held both livings with his Deanery until his death at Holme 28 January 1822. Dr Kipling published: (i) *The elementary part of Dr Smith's complete system of Optics*, 1778, 4to; (ii) *Codex Theodori Bezae Cantabrigiensis, Evangelia et Apostolorum Acta complectens, quadratis literis Graeco-Latinus*, 1793, 2 vols. folio; (iii) *The Articles of the Church of England proved not to be Calvinistic*, 1802, 8vo.; this pamphlet having been remarked on by a writer signing himself *Academicus*, a reply appeared by a friend of Dr Kipling's, supposed to be the Doctor himself, *Certain accusations brought against British and Irish Protestants examined*, 1819; (iv) *An appendix to the second edition of a treatise entitled, 'The Articles of the Church of England proved not to be Calvinistic.'* He preached the Boyle Lectures in 1792, but never published the course (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, vi, 456).

In the year 1793 Dr Kipling became very prominent in the University in connexion with the proceedings against William Frend of Jesus College. Frend had published at St Ives a tract entitled, *Peace and Union recommended to the associated bodies of Republicans and Anti-republicans*. He openly professed unitarian or Socinian views. He was deprived of his fellowship and tutorship at Jesus College, and his tract was stated "to have been written with the evil intent of prejudicing the clergy in the eyes of the laity, of degrading in the public esteem the doctrines and rites of the Established Church, and of disturbing the harmony of society." Frend also held Jacobinical views. Steps were taken to prosecute the author in the Vice-Chancellor's Court, and in these proceedings Dr Kipling, as deputy Regius Professor, acted as promoter or prosecutor. In this capacity he seems to have displayed more zeal than discretion, and rendered himself very obnoxious to the innovating party in the University. A full account of these proceedings will be found in vol. i, chap. ix of Gunning's *Reminiscences*. The opportunity of making things disagreeable to Kipling came when his edition of the *Codex Bezae* appeared. He was guilty of several mistakes in his introductory preface and there were many misprints in his text. His work was sharply criticised by Porson in the *British Critic*, iii. He was also fiercely and coarsely attacked by Thomas Edwards (of Clare Hall, LL.B. 1782, LL.D. 1787, and Fellow of Jesus College; sometime Vicar of Histon; who died at Huntingdon 30 March 1820), who published *Remarks on Dr Kipling's Preface to Beza*, Part i, 1793; Part ii, 1797. In this he disclaims any personal animosity to Dr Kipling, but displays extraordinary bitterness. Kipling is constantly referred to as 'our Promoter.' His slips in Latin are pointed out and his learning held up to ridicule. Edwards seems to have been the author of the expression 'a Kiplingism,' which afterwards passed into the slang of the University as the equivalent of an error in latinity. Thus: "Cur, exempli gratia, Oxoniensi illo, qui Laudi olim fuit, vetustior est habendus, equidem non video. A Kiplingism. Cicero would probably have chosen *sit*.—I must refer our Promoter, which I shall have occasion to more than once, to Walker's Particles, p. 412, or to Turselinus de Particulis, cap. 40, p. 25, where he will find instances of the proper regimen of this particle in similar cases" (Edwards, *Notes*, etc., p. 4). "...The Doctor...does not aspire to the distinction of *Chief Blunderer*, which Bentley has bestowed upon Collins; he is modestly contented with the title of *Deputy Blunderer*: but the University are so unanimously of opinion, those only excepted who are utterly lost to all sense of merit, that he has an indisputable claim to the former appellation, that they will probably thrust him, whether he will or no, into that enviable situation. For this purpose the following grace will in the ensuing term be proposed to the Senate: Cum vir Reverendus Thomas Kipling in doctissimis suis paginibus rara specimina linguae antehac inauditae ediderit, usitatisque artis logicae proculcatis regulis, novam ratiocinandi methodum in usum tyronum induxerit, cumque divinum illud ingenium tales errores procuderit, quales ullo alii in mentem ne per somnium quidem unquam venire potuissent, tamque varios, ut de iis disserere omitto; placeat vobis ut pro tantis meritis *Ἀρχιπλανητοῦ* titulo cohonestetur" (*ibid.* pp. 8, 9). Edwards concludes (*ibid.* p. 72): "We shall I hope...be no more told, that the dignity of the University demanded the banishment of Mr Frend, unless the same persons will confess, that the literary character of our seminary more forcibly demands that a public vote of censure should be passed on Dr Kipling for the want of ability, integrity, and accuracy, which he displayed in his preface to Beza." The pamphlet, whatever one may think of its taste, is an amusing example of the bludgeon-like method of criticism, inspired by political and theological rancour.

That Kipling's work was not so utterly bad as Edwards would have it appear may be gathered from the following remarks by F. H. Scrivener (*Bezae Codex Cantabrigiensis*, 1864, Introduction, xii-xiii): "I have found the text of my predecessor less inaccurate than some have suspected, the typographical errors number 83, of which 16 are in his notes.... Yet Kipling has laboured faithfully and not wholly in vain to approach correctness as near as may be. His most serious fault is one of design and plan, in that he has placed in the body of his work those numerous changes made by later hands (some of them of very recent date) which deform the pages of Codex Bezae itself, but which its editor should have been glad to banish into the Notes: nor has he availed himself of the researches of those who went before him. Respecting his Preface it is enough to say that even seventy years ago it was obviously behind its age, both in respect to its general tone and spirit, and to the then existing standard of critical knowledge."

Edwards (Part i, p. vii) indulges in the sneer: "I will however take the trouble of reminding our Promoter, that though our auditory nerves for the space of six long years have been grated by his harsh and dissonant notes in defence of Orthodoxy, yet that his zealous exertions have not hitherto been rewarded with the smallest preferment."

Kipling, however, as we have seen got a fair share of preferment in the Church. In the *Annual Biography* for 1823, p. 449, a notice of Dr Kipling concludes: "As a reward for his political services and as some consolation for the mortifications which he had experienced Dr Kipling was made Dean of Peterborough."

See also *Literary Memoirs of Living Authors*, 1798, i, pp. 199, 342; Wordsworth, *Scholae Academicæ*, 86, 391.

P. 168 no. 26. William Charles Colyear was the second and only surviving son of Charles Colyear, second Earl of Portmore, by his wife Juliana, daughter of Roger Hale, esq., and widow of Peregrine, third Duke of Leeds.

He became Viscount Milsington on the death of his elder brother 16 January 1756. He married at Esher, 5 November 1770, Lady Mary Leslie (b. 29 August 1753), second daughter of John Leslie, ninth Earl of Rothes; she died at Kedleston 21 March 1799, aged 45. He succeeded as third Earl of Portmore on the death of his father, 5 July 1785. He died in Beaumont Street, London, 15 November 1823, aged 78, leaving issue (J. P. Wood, *Douglas' Peerage of Scotland*, ii, 373; *The Complete Peerage*, vi, 278).

P. 168 no. 27. Richard Davies, son of Richard Davies, of Brecknock, clerk, matriculated at Oxford from Worcester College, 5 March 1756, aged 19. He took the B.A. degree in 1759 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He took the M.A. degree at Cambridge from St John's in 1764.

P. 168 no. 28. This is probably the Edward Williams, son of John Williams, of Pendering, co. Brecon, clerk, who matriculated at Oxford from Jesus College 15 April 1736, aged 18. He took the B.A. degree 19 February 1738 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He took the M.A. degree at Cambridge from St John's in 1764.

P. 168 no. 29. William Potter, the father, was baptized at Lazonby, Cumberland, 27 September 1711. He married Frances, daughter of Ralph Northend, of Kilpin (she was baptized at Howden 22 November 1715), at Howden 21 April 1743. He was buried at Hemingborough 25 October 1768. He was an antiquary and correspondent of Dr John Burton, author of the *Monasticon Eboracense*. (Raines, *History of Hemingborough*, 115-119, there is a pedigree at p. 116). William Potter, the son, was baptized at Hemingborough 2 May 1744. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Exeter, with letters dimissory, 10 April 1768, and Priest by the Archbishop of York 22 October 1769. He was licensed to the curacy of Barlby 8 June 1768, on the nomination of his father. He resigned it in 1770, but was again licensed to it in 1780, and held it till his death in 1796. He was instituted Vicar of Brayton 3 May 1773 (vacant by the death of Marmaduke Teasdale, P. 76 no. 34), this he held for his life. He was also licensed 11 April 1783 to the perpetual curacy of Selby, which he held till his death. Mr Potter died 26 August 1796, aged 52, and was buried in the chancel at Brayton. Administration to his effects was granted 13 September 1796. (Raines, *History of Hemingborough*, 119-120). He was instituted vicar of Hemingborough 23 October 1769 and held it till 1780.

P. 169 no. 30. Henry Lovell Noble, son of Anthony Noble, of Frowlesworth, co. Leicester, clerk, matriculated at Oxford from All Souls' College, 16 July 1756, aged 18. He took the B.A. degree at Oxford in 1760 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He took the M.A. degree at Cambridge from St John's in 1764. He was instituted Rector of Frowlesworth, Leicestershire, 12 May 1764. He died on Friday, 14 November 1788 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1788, p. 1033).

P. 169 no. 31. Note that there is some difficulty in separating the career of this John Taylor from that of his namesake admitted 6 May 1765 (P. 170 no. 14). This John Taylor took the B.A. degree in 1768 and did not proceed to the M.A. degree. He was ordained Deacon 29 May 1768 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed to the curacy of Fenstanton, Hunts. He was ordained Priest 21 May 1769 by the Archbishop of York, and licensed to a curacy in the parish church of Wakefield. One of these names was instituted Rector of High Hoyland (second part), Yorks., 20 June 1777, and held it until 1785.

P. 169 no. 3. Rowland Hill was the sixth son of Sir Rowland Hill of Hawkestone, in the parish of Hodnet, and his wife, Jane, daughter of Sir Brian Broughton, baronet, of Broughton, Salop. He was born at Hawkestone 27 August 1745. He was sent to school at Eton. His elder brother, Richard, who had preceded him, afterwards author of *Pietas Oxonienses*, published on the Oxford expulsion of 1768, had a considerable influence over Rowland Hill, and turned his thoughts in early youth to religious matters. Rowland Hill was sent to St John's with the view of becoming a clergyman, obtaining a Fellowship, and so qualifying for one of the Hill livings attached to St John's. (These livings were the gift of Sir Richard Hill, the diplomatist, see Part ii, P. 55 no. 44.) According to his biographer, Mr Sidney, Hill became a fellow-commoner soon after entering College, a class at that time not eligible for Fellowships. While at Cambridge Hill came under the influence of John Berridge (Fellow of Clare Hall, B.A. 1738, Rector of Everton, Beds., 1755-1793), then celebrated as an itinerant preacher. Hill was in the habit of riding over to Everton on Sundays to attend Berridge's services, returning to College in time for evening chapel. He soon began to preach in the neighbourhood of Cambridge, and entered into correspondence with Whitefield, carrying on his preaching near home during the vacations. He kept up a correspondence with friends of similar views at Oxford, and sympathised with the six students who were expelled from St Edmund Hall, Oxford, on 11 March 1768, for methodistical views and practices. This has led to some confusion, and it has been stated that Rowland Hill had been at Oxford before entering at St John's. While an undergraduate he is stated to have excelled in athletic pursuits, riding, skating, and swimming, and he is stated to have swum from Cambridge to Rochester. In January 1769 he took his degree as Junior Optime in the Mathematical Tripos of 1769; it was unusual for a Fellow Commoner to graduate in honours. He now tried to obtain Orders, but was refused by six Bishops. His attitude towards the Church both then, and throughout his life, was practically the same; he accepted her doctrines and liturgy, but refused to submit to her discipline. He continued his itinerant preaching, although it was not regarded with favour by his father. He took the degree of M.A. in 1772. In 1773 he became engaged to Miss Mary Tudway, sister of his brother-in-law, Clement Tudway, M.P. for Wells, and they were married in London at Marylebone Church, 27 May 1773. Through the influence of Mr Tudway he was ordained Deacon by Dr Edward Willes, Bishop of Bath and Wells, on Trinity Sunday, 6 June 1773. His letters at this time shew that Hill was anxious to be ordained, but he would submit to no conditions, and he was greatly gratified when he was ordained 'without any promise or condition whatever.' Even after the promise of ordination had been obtained he put himself in some jeopardy by itinerant preaching. On ordination he was licensed to the curacy of Kingston, Somerset, with a stipend of £40; how long he held this is not quite clear. He now obtained letters dimissory from the Bishop of Bath and Wells to be ordained Priest by the Bishop of Carlisle (Dr Edward Law, P. 22 no. 19), who had promised to give Priest's orders if some other prelate would grant those of Deacon. But when Hill presented himself Law pleaded inability to carry out his promise, the Archbishop of York having forbidden Hill's ordination on the ground of his perpetual irregularities. In September 1773 Hill was appointed Chaplain to Melusina, Countess Dowager of Chesterfield. After this failure to obtain Priest's orders,

Hill found a new field for his activity in, and near London, attracting large audiences. He also travelled and preached in Wales and the West country. He had a house and chapel built for him at Wotton-under-Edge, Gloucestershire, and carried on his work from there as head-quarters. In 1782 a Committee was formed to build the Surrey Chapel with which Hill's life was in future to be identified. The management of the Chapel was placed in the hands of a body of trustees, of which Rowland Hill and his brother, Sir Richard Hill, were members. By the trust Rowland Hill was to "provide and direct the ministers, so long as he should preach agreeably to the doctrinal articles of the Church of England, and not to give the use of the pulpit to any one who was known to preach otherwise." The first stone of the Chapel was laid 24 June 1782, when Hill preached, and it was opened for public worship on 8 June 1783. The congregations were large, and it was henceforward the chief sphere of Hill's labours. In connexion with it schools were built, and other charitable institutions found a centre there. During the summer months Hill visited Wotton, preaching also at Bristol, and elsewhere in the West. About this time he described himself as "Rector of Surrey Chapel, Vicar of Wotton-under-Edge, and Curate of all the fields, commons, &c., throughout England and Wales." In the year 1786 he started Sunday Schools in connexion with the Surrey Chapel, among the first to be established. He visited Ireland in 1793. In 1795 the London Missionary Society was founded, in which Hill was especially interested; its annual meetings were held in the Surrey Chapel. In 1795 he revisited Ireland, and in 1798 Scotland. At Edinburgh he preached on the Calton Hill, and estimated the number who heard him at 15,000. As in England, so in Scotland, he came under the censure of the Established Church. The General Assembly published a 'Pastoral Admonition' warning the people against irregularities, and censuring itinerant preachers. In 1799 he assisted in the foundation of the Religious Tract Society. In 1800 he conceived the idea of his *Village Dialogues*, a work which had a great run, and was translated into several languages. On the discovery of vaccination, Hill, who was Jenner's neighbour in Gloucestershire, took the matter up with enthusiasm, and defended the cause against all opponents. He vaccinated children and adults with his own hands, both in London and in the country, and did as much as any man to advance the cause. According to his own statement he had in 1805 vaccinated some 3,000 persons with his own hands (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1805, i, 524; see also his pamphlet on vaccination, where he then claims to have vaccinated between eight and nine thousand persons). In 1808 his elder brother, Sir Richard Hill, died, and he succeeded to a considerable additional income. In 1811 an attempt was made to rate the Surrey Chapel, which he resisted. He took long tours in the years 1823 and 1824, revisiting Scotland in the latter year. His wife died at Wotton-under-Edge, 17 August 1830. He was then a very old man, but in spite of one or two accidents, kept up his activity, visiting various parts of England, and preaching with astonishing vigour. In his old age he was greatly cheered by the success of his nephews. He had four nephews present on the field of Waterloo. His nephew, Rowland, Viscount Hill, was one of Wellington's most trusted lieutenants in the Peninsular War.

Hill preached his last sermon at the Surrey Chapel 31 March 1833; he died 11 April, and was buried in the Surrey Chapel, under the pulpit, 19 April. A tablet, surmounted by a bust, was erected in front of the gallery, behind the pulpit, with the following inscription: "To the memory of the late | Reverend Rowland Hill, A.M. | formerly of | Saint John's College, Cambridge | and for | half a century the zealous, active, and devoted | minister of Surrey Chapel. | This tablet is erected, rather in token | of | the grateful recollections of | a reverend pastor | by his bereaved and mourning congregation, | than as a tribute | suitable to the worth of one | the | imperishable monuments of whose labours | are the names | written in heaven of the multitudes led to God | by his long and faithful ministry. | His mortal remains | were interred in this Chapel on the | nineteenth day of April | A.D. MCCCXXXIII."

Rowland Hill may be said to have been a preacher for seventy years; he started as a boy, preaching in cottages on his father's estate, and as has been stated above preached till within a few days of his death. From a memorandum of his own it appears that up to 10 June 1831 he had preached 22,291 times. He was known to have preached 21 sermons in a single week. His appearance was dignified and commanding, his voice was powerful and melodious. He had a singular faculty of suiting his reasoning to his audience, bringing them insensibly

up to his own level, finding apt metaphors and allusions in the occupations of his hearers. The rapid succession of his ideas sometimes tintured his sermons with the ludicrous, but most of the stories told of his pulpit jests seem to have been exaggerated. While he was an enthusiast, he was an educated man, and even in his more grotesque sallies there was at bottom a simplicity of purpose and seriousness of intention. His printed sermons are said to furnish no illustration of the style of his natural eloquence, they were written down after delivery from recollection, or from notes taken down at the time by one of the audience. He attracted men of very different casts of mind, and was warmly praised by men so different as Sheridan and Dr Milner, Dean of Carlisle. With his brother Richard, Toplady, Berridge, and others, he had at one time a bitter controversy with John and Charles Wesley, in which hard words were used on both sides, the Wesleys accusing him of Calvinism and Antinomianism. He was not always discreet as a controversialist. His *Spiritual Characteristics; a sale of Curates*, suggested by an Act of Parliament passed in 1803 with regard to the residence of the benefited clergy, was issued contrary to the advice of his sincerest friends. It led to his exclusion from many pulpits in the Church of England into which he had previously been admitted. Prior to the publication of this unlucky volume he had preached in many churches of the Establishment, amongst others in the Temple Church, when William Pearce (P. 164 no. 16) was Master of the Temple. It must be confessed that though the intention of the volume may have been good, its taste was deplorable. He admitted his error when it was too late, and said, 'I wish I could buy it up.' It is now very scarce.

The Life of the Rev. Rowland Hill was published in 1833 by his relative, the Rev. Edwin Sidney (of St John's, B.A. 1821), curate of Acle, in Norfolk. All Hill's papers and manuscripts were, by his desire, placed at Sidney's disposal, to be used at his discretion. Many of these papers and other documents collected by the Rev. E. Sidney were sold, with the papers of Viscount Hill, by Messrs Hall, Wateridge and Owen, at the Mart, Shrewsbury, 25 November 1896 (*The Times*, 26 November 1896). Sidney's life of Hill deals delicately with his relative's attitude towards the Church. *Memoirs of the Life, Ministry, and Writings of the Rev. Rowland Hill*, by the Rev. William Jones, M.A., was published in 1834. The point of view of this volume is that of the uncompromising dissenter. It contains many extracts from contemporary notices of Rowland Hill, printed at the time of his death, and a selection of his sermons. The volume is very inaccurate in the matter of dates and minor facts. A volume, *Rowland Hill, his life, anecdotes, and pulpit sayings*, by V. J. Charlesworth, with an introduction by the Rev. C. H. Spurgeon, was published in 1876. Portraits of Rowland Hill are numerous, one is prefixed to each of the above volumes. One of the most remarkable is a likeness by Mountjoy, mezzotinted by Lupton and published in 1826 (*Annual Biography*, 1834, p. 272). The following is believed to be a fairly complete list of Hill's publications. (i) *A token of respect, to the memory of the late Rev. James Rouquet; being the substance of a sermon, preached in the parish church of St Werburgh, in the City of Bristol on Sunday, November 24th 1776*; (ii) *Imposture detected, and the dead vindicated, in a letter to a friend; containing some gentle strictures on the false and libellous harangue, lately delivered by Mr John Wesley, upon his laying of the first stone of his new Dissenting Meeting House, near the City Road, 1776* (in defence of Whitefield); (iii) *A full answer to the Rev. J. Wesley's Remarks on a late Pamphlet, published in defence of the character of the Rev. Mr Whitefield and others; in a letter to a friend, Bristol, 1777*; (iv) *Christ crucified, the sum and substance of the Scriptures; A Sermon preached by Rowland Hill, A.M., on Whitsunday, June 8th, 1783, on the opening of the Surrey Chapel, St George's Road, London, 1783*; (v) *A warning to Professors, containing aphoristic observations on the nature and tendency of public amusements, 1790* (there were several editions of this); (vi) *An expository letter to the Rev. W. D. Tattersall, A.M., Rector of Westbourne, Sussex, and Vicar of Wotton-under-Edge, Gloucestershire; in which the bad tendency of Stage amusements, in a religious and moral point of view, is seriously considered, 1795*; (vii) *Journal of a tour through the North of England and parts of Scotland; with remarks on the present state of the Established Church of Scotland, and the different secessions therefrom. Together with reflections on some party distinctions in England; shewing the origin of their disputes and the causes of their separation. Designed to promote brotherly love and forbearance among Christians of all denominations; also some remarks on the propriety of what*

is called *Lay and Itinerant Preaching*, London, 1799; (viii) *A series of letters, occasioned by the late Pastoral Admonition of the Church of Scotland, as also their attempts to suppress the establishment of Sunday Schools, addressed to the Society for Propagating the Gospel at Home*; (ix) *A plan for union, and for a free propagation of the Gospel; being an answer to Dr Jamieson's Remarks on the late Tour of the Rev. R. Hill, addressed to the Society for Propagating the Gospel at Home*, 1798; (x) *Extract of a Journal of a second tour from London through the Highlands of Scotland, and the North-Western parts of England, with observations and remarks*, 1800; (xi) "*An apology for Sunday Schools*," dedicated to the President, Vice-Presidents, and the Committee and Subscribers of the Sunday School Society, with incidental remarks on the late charge of the Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Rochester, 1801; (xii) *Village Dialogues, between Farmer Littleworth, Thomas Newman, Rev. Mr. Lovegood, and others*, 1801 (over thirty editions were published); (xiii) *Spiritual characteristics: represented in an account of a most curious sale of Curates by public auction; who were to be disposed of in consequence of the Clergy Residence Act: in which the original design and probable consequences of that Law are laid before the public: delivered in the similitude of a dream. By an old observer*, 1803; (xiv) *A Sermon preached before the Volunteers, 4 December 1803*; (xv) *Cow-pock inoculation vindicated and recommended from matters of fact*, 1806; (xvi) *A serious investigation of the nature and effects of parochial assessments being charged on places of religious worship protected by the Act of Toleration; wherein the manifest partiality, evil tendency, and ruinous consequences of such a taxation, are amply set forth*, 1811; second edition enlarged 1813; third, abridged 1816; (xvii) *Instruction for children; or a token of love for the rising generation*, 1831; (xviii) *A catechism for children; being a short and easy summary of the Christian dispensation, intended for the use of Sunday Schools*.

P. 169 no. 4. On 23 December 1769 Thomas Verrier Alkin had letters dimissory from the Archbishop of Canterbury to be ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Norwich, and was ordained by the latter Prelate on 26 December. On the following day he was licensed by the Archbishop of Canterbury to the curacies of Acrise and Swinfield, Kent, on the nomination of John Hanley Franklyn, Rector and Curate there, with a stipend of £40. He was ordained Priest by the Archbishop of Canterbury 22 September 1770. He was instituted Vicar of Lenham, Kent, 23 October 1772, on the presentation of Thomas Best, of Chilston, Kent; this he ceded in 1781. He was instituted Vicar of Eynesford or Aynesford, Kent, 10 April 1783. He died at Aynesford, 28 January 1784 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1784, p. 73).

P. 169 no. 6. Howell Price did not graduate. One of these names was instituted Rector of Evesbach, co. Hereford, 21 February 1771, and held the living until 1781.

P. 169 no. 7. George Coke, the father, of Kirkby Hall, Notts., married Elizabeth, daughter of Seth Ellis, curate of Brampton, co. Derby. He was a Colonel in the 3rd Dragoon Guards, and died at Kensington in 1759.

D'Ewes Coke, the son, was ordained Deacon 23 September 1770, and licensed to the curacy of Normanton, co. Derby, with a salary of £40; he was ordained Priest 15 December 1771, all by the Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield. He was instituted Rector of South Normanton, and also Rector of Pinxton, both co. Derby, on 16 December 1771, worth together upwards of £500 per annum (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 21 December 1771). He held both livings until his death, which took place at Bath, 12 April 1811 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 26 April 1811; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1811, i, 495). He was buried in Pinxton Church, where there is a monument to his memory. He married Hannah, only daughter of George Heywood, of Brimington Hall; she died 26 September 1818 (Hunter, *Familiae Minorum Gentium, Harleian Soc. Publ.*, xxxviii, 572, where there is a pedigree). An account of the Rev. D'Ewes Coke, with many details, will be found in *Coke of Trusley, a Family History*, 89-93.

P. 169 no. 9. William Fitzherbert, the elder, was a brother of John Fitzherbert (P. 83 no. 34). He married Mary, eldest daughter of Littleton Poyntz Meynell, of Bradley, co. Derby. He was M.P. for Derby in the Parliaments of 1761 and 1768. He was appointed one of the Commissioners for Trade and Plantations in 1765. He was a friend of Dr Johnson. He died by his own hand 2 January 1772.

William Fitzherbert, the younger, took the degree of M.A. by royal mandate, in 1770. He was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn, 14 June 1773, and was called to the Bar 25 June 1776. He married Sarah, only daughter of William Perrin, of Jamaica, 14 October 1777. He became Recorder of the borough of Derby, was created a Baronet 22 January 1784. He died 30 July 1791, aged 43 (Hunter, *Familiae Minorum Gentium, Harleian Soc. Publ.* xxxvii, 253, where there is a pedigree; Burke's *Peerage and Baronetage*, Fitzherbert of Tissington).

P. 170 no. 10. Paul Jodrell took the degree of B.A. 1769, M.A. 1772, and M.D. 1786. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 7 April 1772, and his Fellowship was filled up again in March 1777. He had formal leave from the College to go abroad on 6 July 1772 and 21 November 1774. He was admitted a candidate of the College of Physicians of London, 30 September 1786, and a Fellow 1 October 1787. He was elected physician to the London Hospital 6 December 1786, but resigned that office in November 1787, when he went out to India in the capacity of physician to the Nabob of Arcot. That potentate had applied to King George III to send him a physician. Sir George Baker, then president of the College, being consulted, recommended Dr Jodrell, who was thereupon appointed, and knighted 26 October 1787. He died 6 August 1803, at his house on Choultry Plain, Madras (Munk, *Roll of the Royal College of Physicians.* ii, 378; *Cambridge Chronicle*, 11 February 1804). He married Jane, daughter of Sir Robert Bewicke, of Close House, Northumberland.

Paul Jodrell, the father, son and heir-apparent of Paul Jodrell, of Lincoln's Inn (and of St Clement Danes, London), and grandson of Paul Jodrell of Syon Hill, Middlesex, clerk to the House of Commons, matriculated at Oxford, from Trinity College, 7 November 1730, aged 15, and was created M.A. 22 February 1733. He was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn 1 February 1723, and was called to the Bar 18 November 1735. Called to the Bench of his Inn 23 January, and sat 2 February 1752. He was Solicitor-General to Frederick, Prince of Wales; he was returned as M.P. for the borough of Old Sarum, Wilts., when he is described as of Bedford Row, in the parish of St Andrew's, Holborn. He died 30 June 1751.

His father again, Paul Jodrell (son and heir-apparent of Paul Jodrell, of Chancery Lane), was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn 17 October 1695, and was called to the Bar 6 November 1702. He was called to the Bench of his Inn 29 January, and sat 10 February 1733. He held the following offices in the Inn: Master of the Walks, 1734; Black Book Keeper, 1736; Dean of the Chapel, 1738; Treasurer, 1742.

His father was perhaps the Paul Jodrell, of St Bridget's Parish, London, who was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 5 November 1678. One Paul Jodrell, of the Liberty of the Rolls, London, about 26, bachelor, was on 5 January 1673, licensed to marry Mrs Jane Rolles, of St James's, Clerkenwell, spinster (Foster, *London Marriage Licenses*).

P. 170 no. 13. Thomas Filewood took his B.A. degree in 1769, and the M.A. degree as Thomas Roger Filewood in 1772. He was ordained Deacon 21 May 1769 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed to the curacy of Hemingford Abbots, Hunts., with a salary of £25, he was ordained Priest 9 May 1771 by the Bishop of Winchester. He was instituted Rector of Mickleham, Surrey, 9 May 1771, and Rector of Dunsfold, Surrey, 6 February 1786. On 25 January 1786, when he is described as chaplain to John, Lord Bishop of Oxford, he had a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Mickleham with Dunsfold. The value of each living being stated to be £150, and their distance apart not more than 20 miles. He died 10 August 1800, aged 55, and was buried at Mickleham, where there is a monument to his memory in the churchyard. He married Elizabeth, daughter of the Rev. Joseph Bridges (see P. 75 no. 18 and the note thereon). She died at Silkston, near Barnsley, 31 October, and was buried in York Minster 11 November 1803, aged 54 (Brayley, *History of Surrey*, iv, 463, 467, v, 125; *Yorkshire Archaeological and Topographical Journal*, i, 319).

P. 170 no. 14. See the admission of another John Taylor, P. 169 no. 31 and the note thereon. This John Taylor took the degree of B.A. in 1769, and M.A. in 1772. He was ordained Deacon 22 October 1769 and licensed assistant curate of the chapel of Greasborough, Yorks., with a salary of £35 (he is then described as B.A.); he was ordained Priest 27 July 1777 (when he is described as M.A.), and

licensed to the curacy of Methley, Yorks., with a salary of £40, all by the Archbishop of York.

P. 170 no. 16. William Burslem was admitted a Fellow of the College 3 March 1770; his Fellowship was filled up again in 1781. He was ordained Deacon 23 September 1770 by the Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield, and Priest 27 February 1774 by the Bishop of London, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield. He was instituted Rector of Ightfield, Salop, 5 March 1774 on the presentation of Philip Justice, of Plymouth, Devon, and Rector of Hanbury, co. Worcester, 5 July 1780; both livings were vacant in 1820. He married at Marston, Derbyshire, Miss Harvey, of Hoon-hay, Derbyshire (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 29 January 1785). He married at Stoke Newington, 21 November 1798, Miss Aislabie, eldest daughter of Rawson Aislabie, esq. (*ibid.* 1 December 1798; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1798, ii, 993).

Samuel Burslem, the father, was probably the person of that name, son of Thomas Burslem, of Sandbach, Cheshire, who matriculated at Oxford from Brasenose College 17 April 1719 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He was Vicar of Etwall, co. Derby, from 1747 until his death 19 October 1785 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 29 October 1785).

Mr Philip Burslem, who died 3 December 1785, and Dr Thomas Burslem, who died 1 May 1786 at Passage Fort, in Jamaica, were brothers of the Fellow of St John's (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 17 December 1785 and 23 July 1786).

P. 170 no. 17. Samuel Hunt was ordained Deacon 21 September 1769 by the Bishop of Peterborough, and licensed to be curate of St Martin's (probably in Stamford). In 1772 the Bishop of Peterborough gave him letters dimissory to be ordained Priest by the Bishop of Ely. He was instituted Rector of Tickencote, Rutland, 19 July 1773, and held the living until 1793. One of these names was instituted Rector of St George with St Paul in Stamford, co. Lincoln, 10 November 1786, and Rector of Wakerley, Northamptonshire, 6 November 1809; both livings were vacant in 1814.

P. 170 no. 18. Samuel Bowry, the father, was of Clare Hall, B.A. 1733. He was Rector of Inworth, Essex, 1752 to 1761.

John Bowry was ordained Deacon 21 May 1769, and Priest 23 September 1770 by the Bishop of London.

P. 170 no. 19. William Harrison was ordained Deacon 19 February, and Priest 21 May 1769 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He is probably the William Harrison who was instituted Vicar of Langton by Wragby, co. Lincoln, 22 May 1769, but he held the living only a short time, his successor being instituted 9 September 1770. He was instituted Rector of Winterton 11 November 1779, and Vicar of Limber Magna 11 February 1789, both livings being in Lincolnshire, and in the gift of the Crown. On 9 February 1789, when he is described as chaplain to John, Lord Delaval, he got a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Winterton (valued at £65) with Limber Magna (valued at £110), their distance apart being stated as not more than 20 miles. He held both until his death, 2 February 1827, at the age of 82 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1827, i, 282 b).

P. 170 no. 20. Samuel Tayleure was ordained Deacon 24 February 1771, and Priest 15 March 1772 by the Bishop of London. He was instituted Rector of Frenze, Norfolk, 4 July 1789, holding the living until his death. He died 14 January 1824, at Norwich, aged 78 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 23 January 1824). His wife died 27 December 1813, when he is described as of Eye, Suffolk (*ibid.* 7 January 1814).

P. 170 no. 21. David Simpson was born at Ingleby Arncliffe, near Northallerton, 12 October 1745. When a boy he felt drawn to the Ministry, and was educated by Mr Dawson of Northallerton, and Mr Noble, of Scorton. He was ordained Deacon on the title of Rev. Mr Unwin (immortalised by Cowper), and licensed by Bishop Terrick, of London, 24 September 1769, to the curacy of Stock-Harward with Ramsden-Bellhouse, Essex. He was ordained Priest (London) 24 February 1771. He next settled and preached at Buckingham, but had to leave on account of his methodistical proclivities. On 1 June 1772 he was appointed curate of St Michael's, Macclesfield. Here, after some time, the earnestness of his preaching caused him to be brought to the notice of Dr Markham, Bishop of Chester, who deprived him

of his curacy. He married about this time a Miss Ann Waldy, of Yarm, in Yorkshire, who died after a union of about fifteen months on 16 September 1774, and was buried at Macclesfield 19 September. She left an infant daughter, Ann, baptized at Macclesfield 31 August 1774, who afterwards married Mr Lee, attorney, of Wem, in Shropshire. David Simpson married again in October 1776, Elizabeth Davy. He was for a time an itinerant preacher. He was nominated the first incumbent of Christ Church, Macclesfield, by Charles Roe, esq., the founder of that church, and preached his first sermon there 25 December 1779. On the death of Thomas Hewson, Prime Curate of Macclesfield, in 1778, he was nominated as successor by the Mayor, Thomas Gould. But his appointment was so strongly opposed on the ground that he was a Methodist that he refused to hold it. On the consecration of Christ Church he was immediately appointed first incumbent 16 November 1779, being duly licensed by Bishop Porteous 31 December 1779, and he remained there for the rest of his life. He died on Easter Sunday, 24 March 1799, aged 54, and was buried at Christ Church. His second wife predeceased him by a few days. His life and portrait are prefixed to an edition of his *Key to the Prophecies*. See also "*Memoir of the Rev. David Simpson, M.A.*... by the Rev. James Johnson, B.A., Chaplain of the Home and Colonial Training College, London," Macclesfield 1878. A little pamphlet entitled *Elegiac Thoughts, occasioned by the death of the Rev. D. Simpson, M.A., etc.*, by Joseph Nightingale, was published in 1799. Atmore, *Methodists' Memorial*, 388-99. *Living Authors* (1798), ii. 264. *Wesley's Journal* 29 March 1782. David Simpson was a voluminous author, publishing the following: *Sermons on useful and important subjects*, Macclesfield, 1774; *A collection of Psalms and Hymns*, 1776, 2nd ed. 1780; *Sacred Literature*, 4 vols., 1788; *Discourses on Several Subjects*, 1789; *Portraits of Human Characters*, 1790; *The Excellency and Greatness of a Religious Mind*, 1790; *The Nature and Design of Christianity*, 1790; *Discourses on Dreams and Night Visions*, 1791; *Strictures on Religious Opinions*, 1792; *An Essay on the Authenticity of the New Testament*, 1793; *A Key to the Prophecies*, 1795; *A Plea for Religion and the Sacred Writings*, 1797; a second edition appeared in 1799, and has been frequently reprinted, at Bungay, 1814, London, 1837; *An Apology for the Doctrine of the Trinity*, 1798 (Earwaker, *East Cheshire*, ii, 509; Darling's *Encyclopaedia*, 2745-6; Rowland Hill's *Life*, p. 17). *The Gentleman's Magazine* for 1799, i, p. 352, in recording his death states that 'he instituted several charity schools on week days and Sundays, long before the worthy Mr Raikes, of Gloucester, formed his plan for Sunday Schools.' He was a friend of the Rev. Rowland Hill (P. 169 no. 3), who preached in Simpson's Church at Macclesfield, in July 1798 (E. Sidney, *Life of the Rev. Rowland Hill*, 183).

P. 170 no. 22. For an account of Thomas Frewen, the father, who was an M.D. of Leyden, see Lower's *Worthies of Sussex*, 198-9. Edward Frewen was admitted a Fellow of the College 14 March 1769, became a Senior Fellow 4 October 1787, his fellowship was filled up in March 1789. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Chester, at Whitehall Chapel, 1 May 1769. He was for some years Tutor of the College, among his pupils being William Wilberforce. He held the following College offices: Parochial chaplain of Horningsey, co. Cambridge, 9 March 1774 to 15 March 1777; Sacrist, 16 March 1776 to 15 March 1777, and again 26 March 1778 to 17 March 1780; Steward, 15 March 1777 to 26 March 1778; Junior Dean, 17 March 1780 to 11 April 1783; Senior Dean, 11 April 1783 to 15 April 1784. He was licensed by the Bishop of Ely to be Perpetual Curate of St Clement's Parish, Cambridge, 28 November 1778. He was presented by the College to the united Rectories of Thorington with Frating, co. Essex, 8 January 1788, and instituted 14 February following. He married 30 June 1789 at Lewes, in Sussex, Sally Taylor, daughter of the late Rev. Richard Taylor Moreton, of Moreton Hall, in Cheshire (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 11 July 1789). He died 18 December 1831, aged 87 (*ibid.* 23 December 1831). His wife died 3 May 1835, aged 79. There are monuments to their memory in Frating Church.

P. 170 no. 23. Richard Wightwick was ordained Deacon 14 July 1771 by the Bishop of Norwich, and licensed to the curacy of Ousden, Suffolk, with a salary of £30.

P. 171 no. 24. John Villette was elected Ordinary of Newgate 8 February 1774. The *Cambridge Chronicle* of 12 February 1774 has the following: "On Tuesday the Rev. Mr Villette was elected Ordinary of Newgate by a considerable majority. One circumstance which reflects honour upon the electors is that the gentleman whom

they have chosen was the only one among the candidates who had received an University education. The candidates were: the Rev. Mr Prior, formerly a weaver, the Rev. Mr Massey, formerly an apothecary, the Rev. Mr Russin, formerly a chair-maker, and the Rev. Mr Villette, Bachelor of Arts, late of St John's College." Mr Villette held the office until his death, 26 April 1799, at his house at Islington. The *Gentleman's Magazine* for 1799, p. 358 a, in announcing his death adds: "Almost 30 years chaplain to Newgate, which important office he sustained it may with truth be said to the general satisfaction of the numerous magistrates under whom he served. He leaves a widow and six children." His widow, Elizabeth, died 19 April 1839, at her house in Pentonville in her 88th year (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1839, i, 665 b).

P. 171 no. 25. Webster Whistler was the third and youngest son of John Whistler, of Tangley, Berks., and Beckley, Hants., by his wife, Elizabeth Turner. He was born 17 January 1747. He was ordained Deacon 10 June 1770 by the Archbishop of York, and licensed to the curacy of Sutton Bonnington, St Michael's, Notts., with a stipend of £40. He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of London 15 March 1772. He was instituted Rector of New Timber, Sussex, 12 August 1774, and Rector of All Saints with Saint Clement's in Hastings 3 May 1803, on the presentation of his kinsman, Sir Godfrey Whistler. On 30 April 1803, when he is described as chaplain to Nathaniel, Lord Harrowby, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold New Timber (valued at £200), with All Saints (valued at £150), the two livings being stated to be not more than 30 miles apart. He held his preferments until his death 2 March 1832 at Hastings, aged 84; he was buried in All Saints parish church. The Rev. Webster Whistler married first 26 October 1769, Ann Lowther: and secondly, Mary, daughter of George Lashmer, of Shipley, co. Sussex, leaving issue by both wives (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1832, i, 375 a; *Burke's Landed Gentry*, Whistler of Elton, the date of Mr Whistler's death is there wrongly given). For some anecdotes of Mr Whistler see *Eagle*, xx, 112.

P. 171 no. 26. Thomas Dannett was admitted to Manchester School 21 July 1759, when his father is described as of Wavertree, gentleman. He was ordained Deacon 30 July 1769, and Priest 23 December 1770 by the Bishop of Chester. He was licensed to the curacy of Childwall, co. Lancaster, with a salary of £40. He was instituted to the second mediety of the Rectory of Liverpool, co. Lancaster, 14 March 1783, holding this until his death 9 May 1796. He was married and had a son and three daughters. The son, John Dannett, went abroad in the army, and was never heard of after (Finch Smith, *Manchester School Register*, i, 88, 151; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1796, p. 445 a).

P. 171 no. 27. Charles Grove took the degrees of B.A. 1769, M.A. 1772, and M.D. 1782. He practised as a physician in Salisbury (*Medical Register*, 1780, p. 156). In the church of Mere, Wilts., there is a monument to his memory with the following inscription: "Charles Grove, Esquire, son of Chafin and Ann Grove, died 27 October 1806, aged 59 years" (Hoare, *History of Wiltshire*, Hundred of Mere, i, 16). He married 19 January 1786, Elizabeth, daughter of Arthur Acland, of Fairfield, co. Somerset, and left issue (*Burke, Landed Gentry*, Chafin Grove of Zeals).

P. 171 no. 28. Samuel Boswell took the degree of LL.B. in 1772, and LL.D. in 1778. He was ordained Deacon 30 July 1769 by the Bishop of Chester, and Priest 24 February 1771 by the Bishop of Ely. He was instituted Vicar of Linton, co. Hereford, 17 November 1775, and held the living until 1791.

P. 171 no. 29. Samuel Pearson was ordained Priest 26 May 1771 by the Bishop of Hereford, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Winchester. He was for some time Rector of St Martin's, Birmingham. He was Perpetual Curate of Osmaston, co. Derby, and was instituted Rector of Weston-upon-Trent, co. Derby, 18 June 1807, on the presentation of Sir Robert Wilmot, bart. He died at Birmingham 13 June 1811, aged 65; at the time of his death he was one of the oldest members of the Antiquarian Society (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1811, i, 681). There is a monument to his memory in Osmaston Church, but his remains are at Croxall, beside those of his brother, J. Batteridge Pearson, Vicar of that parish (Cox, *The Churches of Derbyshire*, iv, 167).

P. 171 no. 2. Thomas Radford was admitted Fellow of the College 7 April 1772, vacating it on his marriage. He was ordained Deacon 28 October 1770, and Priest 21 June 1772, when he was licensed assistant curate of Ravenfield, with a salary of £43, all by the Archbishop of York. He married 17 December 1777, Miss Elizabeth Gunning, of Swainswick, near Bath (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 3 January 1778; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1777, p. 611 b, where the date is given as 11 November). He was instituted Rector of Hardmead, Bucks., 9 July 1802. He held this until his death 10 November 1816, when he was also Minister of St James's, Sheffield (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1816, ii, 477 a). He was curate of St Paul's, Sheffield, until 1789, when he became curate of St James's Church. He also held the curacy of Mexborough, Yorks., under the Archdeacon of York; he also held the curacy of Ravenfield, Yorks. It is related of him that he used to ride from Sheffield to Ravenfield on horseback, hold service there, to ride thence to Mexborough, and conduct a second service in that place, riding back to Sheffield in time for evening service at St James's. The *Gentleman's Magazine* for 1816, ii, 635, has the following with regard to Thomas Radford: "This excellent man, and indefatigable minister for nearly forty years, has been the blessing of his extensive pastoral charge and of his own family, to whom his loss is irreparable; and the widely circulating influence given by his energies, talents, and virtues over the labouring classes in a populous manufacturing district, renders his departure at this critical period more painfully important. Perhaps there never existed a man more calculated to persuade, impress, and soothe the irritated mind, and console and tranquillise the wounded spirit. His zeal was attempered with all the gentle humanities which result from Christian principles and genuine benevolence; and the milder elements of religious humility and native modesty were happily blended in him with the unwearied activity and unshrinking courage demanded by the awful duties of his situation, during a period when democratic innovation and infidel principles threatened to overspread the land. To spotless integrity and unaffected holiness of life he added the social qualities and domestic virtues, which are the most endearing charms. He was an elegant scholar, and his conversation united the brilliancy of a poetic imagination with the information of highly cultivated powers and various knowledge; his manners would have graced a polished Court, yet they displayed a simplicity and ingenuousness rarely found in the most sequestered walks of private society. Married early in life to a lady (the daughter of the late — Gunning, Esq., of Turner's Court, Bath), whose temper, talents, and principles, assimilated to his own, they have, for more than thirty-eight years engaged and suffered together in the pleasure of rearing a numerous and promising family, and the grief of beholding many of their most hopeful branches sinking at different ages, and from various causes, into an untimely grave. Out of a family of thirteen only six survive, the eldest of whom, the Rev. John Radford, tutor and sub-dean of Lincoln College, Oxford, is well known in that University as the best modern linguist this country can boast..."

Thomas Radford was buried at Ravenfield. In St James's Church, Sheffield, there is a tablet to his memory with the following inscription: "Sacred to the Memory | of the | Revd. Thomas Radford, M.A. | first Minister of this church, to which he was licensed A.D. 1788. | After an affectionate discharge of his | ministerial duties during 46 years | he was called to give an account of his stewardship | in the 69th year of his age | A.D. 1816. | Reader! Thou art a steward:—art thou faithful? | This frail memorial, a tribute of affection and regret, | was erected by the seat-holders."

Thomas Radford communicated the account of Mexborough to Miller's *History of Doncaster*. (Hunter, *History of South Yorkshire*, i, 392; *Hallamshire*, ed. Gatty, 275, 276; *The Sheffield Miscellany*, part 6, pp. 230–232).

John Radford, the son above mentioned, became Rector of Lincoln College, Oxford, in 1834; he died 21 October 1851.

P. 171 no. 3. Lewis Hughes was Senior Wrangler in 1770. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 30 March 1773, and his Fellowship was filled up again in 1784. He was ordained Deacon 2 June 1771 by the Bishop of Peterborough, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Ely, and Priest 30 January 1774 by the Bishop of Chester. He was instituted Vicar of Llanidan 4 September 1781, and Rector of Llanfachell 15 November 1782, both in Anglesey. On 4 November 1782 he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold these two livings, their values being stated as £110 and £50 respectively. He became

Chancellor of Bangor Cathedral 22 December 1783, holding this until 1816 (Hardy's *Le Neve*, i, 120). He was instituted Rector of Llangadwalladr, with the Chapelry of Llanforcan in Anglesey, 27 June 1803, then ceding Llanidan. On 25 May 1803, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Llanfachell (then valued at £250) with Llangadwalladr (valued at £200), the benefices being stated to be not more than 13 miles apart. He was instituted Rector of Llanrhyddlad, Anglesey, 22 March 1816, holding this with Llangadwalladr until his death. In the churchyard of Llanrhyddlad is a stone with the following inscription: "Here lie the Remains of | Lewis Hughes, clerk | late Rector of the Parishes of | Llanrhyddlad and Llangadwalladr | He died on the 23rd day | of February 1824 | Aged 75 years."

Lewis Hughes published: *Historical views of the rise, progress and tendency of the principles of Jacobinism*, 1798, 8vo. In a short notice in the *Gentleman's Magazine* for 1802, p. 743, it is stated that this was "undertaken at the suggestion of the Bishop of Bristol, and may be considered as a compendium of the Abbé Barruel's voluminous work." The *Parish Register* of Llanidan, Anglesey, contains the following entry: "Lewis, the son of John Hughes, clerk, and Mary his wife, was baptized 19 July 1748."

P. 171 no. 4. Robert Hebblethwaite Lambert was ordained Deacon 11 March 1770 by the Bishop of Lincoln, and licensed to the curacy of Astwick with Arlesey, Beds., with a stipend of £40. He was ordained Priest 28 July 1770 by the Bishop of Chester. He was instituted Rector of Fersfield (or Ferfield), Norfolk, 21 November 1788, on the presentation of Mr Joseph Lambert. He held the living until his death, towards the end of July 1803, at Kendal, Westmorland (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 6 August 1803; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1803, ii, 882 a).

P. 171 no. 5. George Belgrave was born 5 April and baptized at Preston, co. Rutland, 2 May 1745 (Nichols, *History of Leicestershire*, ii, Part i, 207, where there is a pedigree). He was admitted a Fellow of the College 7 April 1772, became a Senior Fellow 7 March 1788, and vacated his fellowship on marriage. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Peterborough 2 June 1771. He was presented by the College to the Rectory of Cockfield, Suffolk, 2 June, and instituted 5 June 1788. He was instituted Vicar of Stebbing, Essex, 23 June 1802, on the presentation of Thomas Buttery. He held both livings until his death. He married 6 August 1788, Fanny, daughter of James Neave, of Walthamstow (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 16 August 1788, *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1788, ii, 750). He took the B.D. degree at Cambridge in 1781, incorporating at Oxford from Trinity College 16 June 1802, and taking the B.D. degree there 17 June 1802 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). He resided constantly at Cockfield, where he died. On the south wall of the chancel of Cockfield Church is a white marble slab with the following inscription: "Within a vault beneath is deposited the body | of | the Rev. George Belgrave, D.D. | rector of this parish | and Vicar of Stebbing in the county of Essex. He died March 10 1831 | Aged 81 years. | Also that of Fanny his wife | She died Dec. 16th 1844 | Aged 88 years." Mrs Belgrave died at her residence in Westgate Street, Bury St Edmunds (*Ipswich Journal*, 21 December 1844). Dr Belgrave built a considerable part of the present Rectory-house at Cockfield; when the late Dr Churchill Babington wrote his *Materials for a History of Cockfield, Suffolk*, in 1880 he stated "there are now among us some who can recollect his three-cocked hat, as well as his kindly manners and instructions" (Babington, *l. c.* 14, 26, 40, 56; Davy, *Suffolk Collections*, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 19,077).

P. 172 no. 6. Thomas Greenall did not graduate. He was ordained Priest 21 December 1766 by the Bishop of Lincoln, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Ely. He is then described as a "student" of St John's College. It will be observed that this was a week after his admission to the College. One Thomas Greenall was instituted Vicar of Bethersden, Kent, 22 April 1808 and held the living until 1815.

P. 172 no. 7. James Neale was ordained Deacon 24 February 1771 by the Bishop of London. He died at Botley 10 November 1828. The *Gentleman's Magazine* for 1828 (ii, 871 a) in announcing his death gives the following account of father and son: "He was the son of the Rev. James Neale, M.A., late curate of Albourne, Wilts., well known to the literary world by various publications, especially by a translation of the Book of Hosea from the Hebrew, with a Scripture commentary and notes—a work of high repute at the time but now extremely scarce. His

son (B.A. of St John's College 1771) was Perpetual Curate of Allerton Mauleverer, near York. For more than seven years he had been almost bedridden, and during the long period of his sufferings his Bible was his constant companion, every page of which bears witness how intensely its sacred contents engrossed his mind; its promises were his stay under trouble, and support in death. His departure was so placid and tranquil that it was imperceptible to his surrounding friends."

James Neale, the father, was of Pembroke Hall, B.A. 1742. In 1747, being then curate to the Rev. Dr Webster at Ware, Herts., he was chosen teacher of the Free Grammar School at Henley-upon-Thames (*Cambridge Journal*, 14 November 1747).

P. 172 no. 8. William Smith was admitted a Fellow of the College 7 April 1772, and Senior Fellow 1 December 1787. He was ordained Deacon 19 September 1773, and Priest 24 December 1775 by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was elected Minister of Holy Sepulchre Church, Cambridge, on the resignation of Dr Samuel Ogden (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 31 May 1777). He was chaplain of Horningsey, co. Cambridge, on the nomination of the College from 11 April 1783 to 15 April 1784. He died at York 14 November 1793, when he is described as "a Senior Fellow and son of the late Rev. Mr Smith of Huntingdon" (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 23 November 1793).

P. 172 no. 9. Robert Willan migrated to Trinity College, where his entry is as follows: "8 November 1766 admitted sizar, Robert, son of Thomas Willan, of Dent, Yorkshire, from Sedbergh School, Yorks., under Dr Bateman, aged 19, Tutor, Mr Postlethwaite." He took his degree as third Wrangler in the Mathematical Tripos of 1770, and became a Fellow of Trinity College. He was instituted Vicar of Cardington and Vicar of Keysoe, Beds., 9 July 1776, and held both livings until his death at Cardington 31 January 1796 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1796, i, 170 a). He married at Bath Miss Smijth, only daughter of the late Sir Charles Smijth, of Hill Hall in Essex (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 24 January 1778). Sir Charles Smijth, who died 24 March 1773, is stated in most *Baronetages* to have died without issue.

P. 172 no. 10. George Arnold Sargent, eldest son of John Sargent, of May Place, Kent, esquire, was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn 2 December 1766, and was called to the Bar 16 June 1774. He assumed the name of Arnold in lieu of his patronymic, and was afterwards known as George Arnold Arnold. He succeeded his father in the ownership of Halsted Place, Kent, and died at his house at Blackheath 18 August 1805, aged 57 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1805, ii, 782 b).

John Sargent, the father, was storekeeper of the King's Yard at Deptford, and afterwards a Director of the Bank of England. He was returned as M.P. for the borough of Midhurst, Sussex, 25 January 1754, at a by-election, and again 23 April 1754 at the general election, sitting until 1761. He was returned as M.P. for the borough of West Looe, Cornwall, 19 January 1765, sitting until 1768. He first possessed May Place in Kent, and afterwards purchased Halsted Place in the same county. He died at Tunbridge Wells 20 September 1791, aged 76 (*Lower, Worthies of Sussex*, 293). See the admission of another of his sons, P. 176 no. 27.

P. 172 no. 11. Joseph Martin, the father, was a banker in Lombard Street, and some time M.P. for Tewkesbury. He married Eleanor, daughter of Sir John Torriano, knt. Thomas Martin was their eldest son. He succeeded to the estate of Quy Hall, co. Cambridge. On the north wall of St Mary's Church, Stow-cum-Quy, co. Cambridge, there is a tablet with the following inscription: "Near this place | lies interred the body of | Thomas Martin | late of Quy Hall, esq. | Lord of the Manor of Stow-cum-Quy | He departed this life xixth day of July m^occcxxi | In the lxxiurd year of his age | Also that of | Ann, the widow of | The said Thomas Martin | who departed this life | the xxxth day of January m^occcxlvi | In the lxvth year of her age."

P. 172 no. 12. John Beswicke was born 29 October 1746. He was admitted to Manchester School 16 January 1758. He succeeded to the estate of his great uncle, John Halliwell, of Pike House, Rochdale, in 1771. His will is dated Pike House, 31 January 1772, and he died there 3 June 1772, unmarried (Finch Smith, *Manchester School Register*, i, 79).

P. 172 no. 13. See the admission of Sir Samuel Prime, Part iii, P. 15 no. 34. Samuel Prime, only son of Sir Samuel Prime, knight, K.C., was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 20 November 1766, and was called to the Bar 30 April

1773. He was of Whitton, co. Middlesex, and married in 1771 Susan, daughter of Richard Holden, of Field House, co. York. He died 21 March 1813, in Upper Brook Street, London, aged 63, leaving issue (Burke, *Landed Gentry*, Prime, of Walberton House; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1813, p. 390 b).

P. 172 no. 14. Paul Trapier, only son of Paul Trapier, of Georgetown, South Carolina, esquire, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 17 February 1767.

P. 172 no. 15. This is probably the John Ellis, junior, who was instituted Rector of Llanystumdwy, co. Carnarvon, 11 September 1771, holding the living until 1811. The *Gentleman's Magazine* for 1824, ii, 92 b, identifies John Ellis, of St John's, with the John Ellis, Prebendary of Ripon and of Barnby in York Cathedral, and also Vicar of Strensall and Osbaldwick, Yorks., who died at his lodgings in York, 16 April 1824, aged 71, but at that date John Ellis, of St John's, would have been 78 years of age.

P. 172 no. 17. One Robert Hudson, son of Robert Hudson, of Red Lion Square, London, esquire, was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn 19 April 1765, and was called to the Bar 5 February 1773.

P. 173 no. 18. This is perhaps the Evan Morris who was instituted Vicar of Much Wenlock, Salop, 7 October 1786. Another, or perhaps the same, Evan Morris, was instituted to the same living 30 March 1789, and held the living until 1793.

P. 173 no. 20. Robert Field was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Ely 23 June 1770, and Priest by the Archbishop of York 20 October 1771, when he was licensed Curate of the Parish Church of Leeds, with a stipend of £50. His appointment to this curacy was announced in the *Cambridge Chronicle* of 8 June 1771. He died 6 February 1800, at which time he was Curate of Chapel Allerton, near Leeds (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1800, p. 284).

P. 173 no. 21. Solomon Robinson was ordained Deacon 8 July 1770 by the Bishop of Norwich, and Priest 31 July 1774 by the Archbishop of York, when he was appointed Perpetual Curate of Skelton, Yorks., on the nomination of the Dean and Chapter of Ripon. He was instituted Vicar of Bracewell, Yorks., 1 December 1788, and held the living until 1798.

P. 173 no. 22. Charles Dymoke, the father, was a cadet of the Scrivelshy family. Nedham Dymoke, his son, by his wife Elizabeth, was baptized at St Mary Magdalene, in the City of Lincoln, 18 June 1748. He was one of the leaders in the Undergraduate movement in certain Colleges, in 1769, to substitute square caps for round ones (Wordsworth, *University Life*, 512; MSS. Cole, xli, 397, Brit. Mus. Addl. MSS. 5842, this is printed in *The Eagle*, xx, 110-112). Nedham Dymoke, son of —, of Lincoln, Doctor of Medicine, deceased, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 12 November 1770. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 19 March 1771. He was elected one of Worts' travelling Bachelors in 1769 or 1770. He died at Paris, 9 July 1772 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 8 August 1772).

P. 173 no. 25. James Parson (not Parsons) graduated from St John's, B.A. 1770. He was ordained Deacon 11 June 1772, and Priest 26 July following, by the Bishop of London (as Parson). He was instituted Rector of Little Parndon, Essex, 31 July 1772, and held the living until 1812.

One of these names also held the following preferments: Instituted Rector of Larling, Norfolk, 18 July 1774, ceding it on his institution 28 December 1781 to the Rectory of Meesden, Herts., ceding this on his institution, 29 October 1790, to the Rectory of East Wretham, Norfolk, ceding this on his institution, 14 July 1791, to the Rectory of Brandon Ferry, Suffolk, and reinstituted Rector of East and West Wretham, Norfolk, 8 April 1794. Brandon and the two Wrethams being vacant again in 1796.

P. 173 no. 26. Jonathan Lipyeatt was ordained Deacon 26 May 1771, and Priest 6 June 1773 by the Bishop of London. He was instituted Rector of West Tanfield, Yorks., 5 October 1780. In 1781 he was appointed chaplain to the Marquis of Ailesbury. He was tutor to Lord George Bruce, elder son of the Marquis (who died at Nice, 28 March 1783, aged 21). Mr Lipyeatt was instituted Rector of Wath, Yorks., 13 February 1787, then ceding West Tanfield. On 11 March 1791 he was instituted Vicar of Marton cum Grafton, Yorks., on the

presentation of the College. On 5 March 1791 he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Wath (valued at £370), with Marton c. Grafton (valued at £90), the two livings being stated to be not more than 14 miles apart. He held both livings until his death. He died at Wath, 2 January 1799, aged 50, and was buried there. He married, at Bishop's Stortford, 17 September 1793, Elizabeth, daughter and co-heir of the Rev. Edmund Gibson, Vicar of Bishop's Stortford, and Chancellor of the Diocese of Bristol. She married, secondly, Edmund Poore, of Rushall and Charlton, co. Wilts. (*Topographer and Genealogist*, iii, 430, 434; *Cambridge Chronicle*, 23 February 1788; 26 February 1791; 28 September 1793).

P. 173 no. 27. Edward Nicholson took the degree of LL.B. in 1772. He was ordained Priest 19 September 1773 by the Bishop of Durham, in the Chapel of the Castle at Bishop Auckland, and was licensed the same day to the curacy of Morpeth, with a stipend of £50. One of these names was instituted Vicar of Millom, Cumberland, 4 September 1778, ceding the living in 1780. Edward Nicholson, LL.B., was collated Vicar of Mitford, Northumberland, 23 November 1793, and Vicar of Misson, Notts., 20 July 1803, being again instituted Vicar of Mitford 12 August 1803. He held both livings until 1828.

P. 173 no. 28. See the admission of Joseph Eyre, the father, P. 61 no. 45. Joseph Arnall Eyre was ordained Deacon 10 June 1770, and licensed to the curacy of Houghton with Marston, co. Lincoln, with a salary of £40 and surplice fees; he was ordained Priest 22 September 1771, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of Durrington 11 March 1772, and Rector of Ruskington 1 May 1780, ceding this latter on his institution 10 May 1781 to the Vicarage of Ruskington, all co. Lincoln. He held Durrington and Ruskington until his death, at Sleaford, 13 September 1791 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1791, ii, 877 a).

P. 173 no. 29. An account of Daniel Peter Layard, the father, will be found in Munk's *Roll of the Royal College of Physicians*, ii, 181.

The *Parish Register* of St Anne's, Westminster, has the following entry: "Charles Peter Layard, son of Daniel Peter and Susanna Henrietta, born 19 February 1733, baptized 6 March 1733."

Charles Peter Layard was ordained Deacon 21 December 1771 (with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Ely, who licensed him to be curate of Stapleford), and Priest 27 February 1774 by the Bishop of London. He was for some time minister of Oxenden Chapel, in Oxenden Street, where he was greatly followed and admired as a most eloquent and excellent preacher. He was also Librarian of Archbishop Tenison's Library in St Martin's parish, London, and Chaplain in Ordinary to the King. He was instituted Vicar of Wootton Bassett, Wilts., 21 June 1793, holding this until 1798. He was appointed to the fifth Prebend in Worcester Cathedral 16 November 1793, resigning this in 1800 (Hardy's *Le Neve*, iii, 84). He was instituted Rector of Uffington, co. Lincoln, 5 December 1798, holding this until his death. He was appointed to the Prebend of Pennynydd, in Bangor Cathedral, 14 June 1799, holding this also until his death (Hardy's *Le Neve*, i, 123). He was instituted to the Vicarage of Kewstock, Somerset, on the presentation of the King, 6 December 1777, holding this until 1799. On 4 June 1793 he had a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Kewstock (valued at £120), with Wootton Bassett (valued at £200), the two livings being stated to be not more than 30 miles apart. He was appointed Dean of Bristol early in 1800. He died at the Deanery, Bristol, 11 April 1803 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1803, i, 481). He was a nephew of the Duchess of Ancaster (who was a daughter of Major Layard). He was twice married, and left a widow and ten children. He was a man of great learning, and most amiable manners. He was to have been instituted on April 20, 1803, to the Vicarage of St Augustine, Bristol (*ibid.*). He married, at the church of St Nicholas, Rochester, Miss Carver, daughter of the Rev. John Carver, LL.B., Archdeacon of Surrey (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 3 November 1798). Some letters from him will be found in T. S. Whalley's *Journal* (i, 316, 376; ii, 134). There is a monument to his memory in Wells Cathedral. He was grandfather of the Right Hon. Austen Henry Layard, of Nineveh celebrity; some notes on the family will be found in Bruce's *Autobiography of A. H. Layard*. Dean Layard was the author of the following: (1) *Charity: a poetical essay* [Seatonian Prize Poem], Cambridge, 1773, 4to.; (2) *A poetical essay on Duelling* [Seatonian Prize Poem], Cambridge, 1775, 4to.;

(3) *A Sermon* [on Rev. xiv. 13], preached at Oxenden Chapel . . . occasioned by the decease of the late M. Maty, London, 1776, 8vo.; (4) *A Sermon* [on Tit. i. 9], preached . . . at the Consecration of Samuel Horsley, Bishop of St David's, etc., London, 1788, 4to.; (5) *A Sermon* [on Ps. xcii. 4, 5, 6], preached in the Chapel of the Royal Hospital . . . at Greenwich, 18 October 1789, London, 1789, 12mo.; (6) *A Sermon* [on 1 Peter v. 4], preached at the Consecration of William Stuart, Bishop of St David's, etc., London, 1794, 4to.; (7) *A Sermon* [on Ps. cxxii. 8, 9] preached at the anniversary meeting of the Sons of the Clergy, London, 1795, 4to.; (8) *A Sermon* [on James v. 20], preached in the Chapel of the Magdalen Hospital, 4 May 1802, London, 1802, 4to.

P. 173 no. 31. Thomas Bryer was instituted Rector of All Saints', in Dorchester, 19 September 1774, and Rector of Shafton (near Shaftesbury), St James, co. Dorset, 2 June 1797. He held both livings until his death, 8 October 1818, at Dorchester (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1818, ii, 382 a). A Thomas Bryer was instituted Rector of Beeby, co. Leicester, 1 May 1787, ceding the living in 1797, the year in which Shafton St James was filled up, so this is probably the same man.

P. 174 no. 33. James Webster was admitted a Fellow of the College 22 March 1774, he became a Senior Fellow 24 September 1791, and his Fellowship was filled up in 1793. He was ordained Deacon 1 July 1770 by the Bishop of Chester, at Kendal. He is probably the James Webster who was instituted Vicar of St Laurence, Wootton, Hants., 25 April 1771, and again 24 August 1774. His successor there was instituted 16 March 1792. He was presented by the College to the Rectory of Meppershall, Beds., 23 June 1791, and instituted 21 September 1791. This he held until his death. He married Miss Gillard, only daughter of Thomas Gillard, of Yarde, Devon (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 19 April 1793). He died at Meppershall Rectory, 14 May 1833, aged 85 (*ibid.*, 17 May 1833). His relict, Dorothy, died 3 November 1841, at Clophill House, Beds., aged 74 (*ibid.*, 13 November 1841). He published: *Discourses on several subjects, preached at the Cathedral Church at Winchester*, Winchester, 1787, 8vo.

By his will, dated 2 November 1832, he appointed his wife, Dorothy Savery Webster, sole executrix, and after her death, his relative, Mary Burnell, spinster, and George D. Wade, of Baldock, solicitor. After the death of his wife he bequeathed to St John's College £3500 stock in the South Sea Annuities, to found (i) a Fellowship to be given to a B.A., and to be tenable for ten years, he to receive £80 per annum; (ii) a Scholarship, the scholar to be elected annually "who on taking his degree shall excel most in academical knowledge," he to receive £25 per annum. After the Universities Commission which led to the Statutes of 1860, these foundations were abolished and the endowment incorporated in the general funds of the College.

By a memorandum or codicil dated 3 November 1832, to be considered part of his will, he bequeathed, after the death of his wife, his portrait, by Archer Oliver, to the College. This hangs in the Combination Room. This has been engraved, and the engraving bears the inscription: "Rev. James Webster, B.D., Rector of Meppershall, by A. J. Oliver, Esq., A.R.A., 1809, engraved by Thomas Lupton."

P. 174 no. 1. William Brodie, of St John's College, Cambridge, gentleman, eldest son of David Brodie, of Ampthill, Bedfordshire, esquire, was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn 15 December 1767, and was called to the Bar 3 February 1774.

P. 174 no. 2. Thomas Whiston of St John's was a son of Thomas Whiston of Trinity College, B.A. 1735, who, again, was son of Daniel Whiston of Clare Hall, B.A. 1700; and thus a nephew of William Whiston of Clare, B.A. 1689, Lucasian Professor of Mathematics.

Thomas Whiston, the father of the Johnian, was minister of Ramsey, Hunts., and died there in June 1795, aged 82 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 13 June 1795). The *Parish Register* of Ramsey contains the following entry: "Thomas, the son of the Rev. Thomas Whiston, and Mary his wife, was baptized 15 December 1747."

Thomas Whiston, of St John's, took the B.A. degree in 1771. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Ely 24 February 1771, and licensed to the curacy of Chatteris, Isle of Ely, and Priest 6 December 1772 by the Bishop of Peterborough. He was instituted Rector of Cranwich, Norfolk, 14 December 1779, and Vicar of Methwold, Norfolk, 14 December 1780. He seems to have resigned both livings

in 1791. He had been instituted Rector of Stoke Ferry, Norfolk, 1774, and held this until his death on 17 January 1803, at Ramsey, aged 55 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 29 January 1803). He married, at Ramsey, Miss Betsey Brown, younger daughter of Mr Henry Brown of that place (*ibid.*, 7 July 1781).

P. 174 no. 4. Thomas Goulton, second son of Christopher Goulton, of Beverley, Yorks., esquire, was admitted a student of the Inner Temple 13 June 1765.

P. 174 no 5. Stephen Moore was ordained Deacon 24 February 1771 by the Bishop of Lincoln, when he was licensed to the curacy of Winterton, co. Lincoln, with a salary of £30; he was ordained Priest 21 June 1772 by the Archbishop of York, who licensed him to the curacy of Brodsworth and Marr, Yorks. He was instituted Vicar of Brodsworth 9 July 1774, holding this until 1790. He was instituted Vicar of Hayton, Notts., 1 December 1775. He was collated to the Prebend of Botevant in York Cathedral 20 December 1775, when he was domestic chaplain to the Archbishop of York (Hardy's *Le Neve*, iii, 177; *Cambridge Chronicle*, 30 December 1775). He was instituted Vicar of Appleby, co. Lincoln, 3 March 1780. He was collated to the Prebend of Bugthorpe, in York Cathedral, 4 February 1784, then ceding that of Botevant (Hardy's *Le Neve*, iii, 180). He was instituted Vicar of Doncaster, Yorks., 28 April 1790, being licensed by dispensation to hold this, with Appleby; he was then chaplain to Robert, Earl of Kinnoull and Baron Hay (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1790, ii, 675). He held Doncaster, Appleby, Hayton, and his Prebend, until his death, 12 July 1807. The *Gentleman's Magazine* for 1807, ii, 691, in announcing his death, describes him as: "A man endeared to his friends by the open, generous, manly qualities of an excellent heart; and to his parishioners by whatever was amiable and praiseworthy in the discharge of his duties as a clergyman." Welch, *Alumni Westmonasterienses*, 385, 386, identifies this cleric with one Stephen Moore who was elected from St Peter's College to Cambridge in 1767, but this is not borne out by his place of education as given in the College Register.

P. 174 no. 7. Thomas Heath, second son of Bailey Heath, of Stansted Hall, co. Essex, esquire, deceased, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple, 22 April 1767.

P. 174 no. 8. James Wood was a brother of William Wood, admitted 16 March 1764 (P. 167 no. 11). He was ordained Deacon 8 June 1772, when he was licensed Curate of Fen Ditton, and Priest 29 September 1775 all by the Bishop of Ely. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 30 March 1773, admitted Senior Fellow 30 August 1788, and his Fellowship was filled up again in 1796. He was admitted Senior Bursar of the College 2 April 1789, and his successor was admitted 26 March 1795. He was instituted Rector of Wyfordby, co. Leicester, 28 October 1776. He was presented by the College to the Rectory of Marston Morteyne, Beds., 28 February and instituted 15 April 1795. On 10 April 1795 he had a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Wyfordby (valued at £100) with Marston Morteyne (valued at £400), the livings being stated to be not more than 30 miles apart. He married at Bath, 24 March 1806, Miss Frances Bromhead, only daughter of the late Boardman Bromhead, esq., of the Close, Lincoln (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 29 March 1806). He died 26 December 1814 at Bath (*ibid.* 16 January 1815), and was buried at Marston Morteyne 7 January 1815. In the chancel of Marston Morteyne Church there is a mural tablet with the following inscription: "Near this monument | lie the mortal remains of | James Wood D.D. | who was six years Bursar of St John's Coll. | in Cambridge | and upwards of nineteen years | Rector of this parish | in both of which stations | he endeavoured to do his duty | He died at Bath the 26th of Dec. 1814 | in the sixty-fifth year of his age | And of Frances wife of | James Wood D.D. | and daughter of | the late Lt. Col. Boardman Bromhead | of the county of Lincoln | She died on the 8th of February 1842 | aged 79 years."

P. 174 no. 10. The *Parish Register* of Wigan contains the following entry: "Thomas Bromley, son of Mr Thomas Bromley, of Standishgate, was baptized the 29th day of March 1749." Thomas Bromley took his B.A. degree in 1771, when he was eighth wrangler and Chancellor's junior medallist. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Peterborough 2 June 1771 (with letters dimissory from the Bishop of Ely), he to be curate of Whaddon, co. Cambridge. He was appointed assistant

to Mr Heath, Master of Harrow School (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 26 October 1771). He was instituted Vicar of Staunton Bernard, Wilts., on the presentation of the Earl of Pembroke, he seems to have held this until 1812. He was instituted (sinecure) Rector and Vicar of Bishopston, Wilts., 9 November 1810, holding this till 1816. He became Rector of Bighton, Hants., in 1814, holding this until his death, 27 March 1827. He was buried at Southampton (Finch Smith, *Manchester School Register*, i, 97; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1827, i, 473 b).

P. 175 no. 11. Thomas Johnson was admitted to Manchester School 31 January 1764, when the father (whose name is spelled 'Jonshon') is described as a farmer of Hipston (i.e. Ipstone), near Leek, Staffordshire (Finch Smith, *Manchester School Register*, i, 121).

P. 175 no. 14. Edmund Crofts, the father, was perhaps the Edmund Crofts, son of Edmund Crofts of Southwell, Notts., gentleman, who matriculated at Oxford from Queen's College, 14 April 1739, aged 17. He was B.A. of Oxford in 1742, and perhaps M.A. of Cambridge from King's College in 1784 (Foster, *Alumni Oxonienses*). Edmund Crofts, the younger, did not graduate. One of these names was instituted Rector of Brandon Ferry with Wangford, Suffolk, 10 October 1772, and held the living until 1791.

P. 175 no. 15. Thomas Lawrence (the father), second son of Thomas Lawrence, Captain, R.N., by his wife Elizabeth, daughter of Gabriel Soulden, merchant, of Kinsale, in Ireland, was of Trinity College, Oxford; an account of him is given in Munk's *Roll of the Royal College of Physicians*, ii, 150-154. An account of this branch of the Lawrence family will be found in the *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1815, ii, 12-17. Soulden Lawrence was seventh wrangler in 1771. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 22 March 1774, became a senior Fellow 21 February 1792, and vacated his Fellowship on becoming a Judge.

Soulden Lawrence, eldest son of Thomas Lawrence, of Essex Street, Strand, Doctor in Physic, was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn, 14 May 1768, and was called to the Bar 21 June 1773 by that Society. He became Serjeant-at-Law 9 February 1787. In March 1794 he became a Justice of the Court of King's Bench, when he was knighted; he had previously held for one month a Justiceship of the Common Pleas. In consequence of some difference with Lord Ellenborough, the Lord Chief Justice, he returned to the Court of Common Pleas in 1808, retiring in Hilary Term 1812. He died 8 July 1814, and was buried in St Giles-in-the-Fields, where there is a monument to his memory.

He was a great favourite with the bar, who respected him for his learning, and loved him for his courtesy, a habit to which there was no exception, unless it was a little roughness towards those who were connected with the newspaper press. His collection of pictures, by ancient and modern masters, comprising works of Spagnoletto, Panini, Albano, F. Hals, Sir J. Reynolds, Louthborough, Opie, Morland and others, were sold by Mr Squibb, 30 July 1818. His portrait was painted by Hoppner, and engraved by C. Turner in 1804. The College has a copy of the engraving. He left by will to the College all his law books and £100 to put them in good condition or to buy more. His arms appear in the west window of the College Library.

By a codicil to his will dated 14 June 1813, he directed his executors to learn who the persons were that paid the costs of the plaintiff in an action tried before him at York, in March 1809, in which J. Saunderson was plaintiff, and H. Mills defendant, which was brought for diverting the water of certain springs from a rivulet called Commondale Beck, to the prejudice of the plaintiff's mill, in which action the jury found a verdict for the defendant; and (in case he should not have done so in his lifetime) to repay such persons, or their representatives, the whole costs and expenses with interest. And he added, that, understanding a subsequent action to have been brought for the diversion of the said water, in which the plaintiff's right to the use thereof was established, his executors are to reimburse the several persons, or their representatives, who contributed to the expense of such second action, all costs and expenses and interest thereon, if not done by himself in his lifetime. He further stated that he understood, from particular and careful inquiry, that the injury sustained by the plaintiff did not exceed £20, and he directed his executors to pay the same, with interest thereon, from the time of giving the said verdict (Foss, *Judges of England*, viii, 324-6; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1814, ii, 92).

P. 175 no. 17. William Wade was ordained Deacon 24 February 1771 by the Bishop of Norwich, and Priest 6 June 1773 by the Bishop of London. One of these names was instituted Rector of Brightlingsea, Essex, 7 January 1778, holding the living until 1809. Another was instituted Vicar of Kirk Ella, Yorks., 11 June 1783, holding the living until 1794.

P. 175 no. 18. Joseph Nicklin graduated as Joseph Dickinson Nicklin, B.A. 1771, M.A. 1774. He was instituted Vicar of Pattingham, co. Stafford, 18 March 1780, and held the living until 1796.

P. 175 no. 19. John Matthews was ordained Deacon 20 September 1772, and Priest 27 December 1773 by the Bishop of London.

P. 175 no. 20. William Pym, gentleman, eldest son of William Pym, of Hasell Hall, Beds., was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn, 25 May 1768. According to the pedigree in Burke's *Landed Gentry* (Pym of the Hazels), William Pym was the second son; he died at Tours, France, 1 December 1775, aged 26. From the date 18 October 1748 of the marriage of William Pym the elder, it is clear that William Pym of St John's was the eldest son.

P. 175 no. 21. Thomas Aveling was ordained Deacon 22 December 1771, when he was licensed to the curacy of Flitwick, Beds., with a salary of £40, and Priest 18 December 1774, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He married 28 December 1776 (when he is described as of Milbrooke, Beds.) Miss Butts, of Eversholt, Beds., niece to Sir Benjamin Trueman (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 4 January 1777). He was instituted Rector of Milbrooke 6 January 1785, and Vicar of Henlow 21 November 1787, both in Bedfordshire. On 25 October 1787, when he is described as chaplain to Ann, Baroness Dowager Ravensworth, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold these two livings, then stated to be of the respective values of £100 and £80, and to be not more than 14 miles apart. He was also curate of Flitwick, Beds. "Whilst giving orders to his men in the garden on Sunday 8 August 1790, he was suddenly taken speechless and continued so until Monday at half-past four in the afternoon, when he expired, leaving a widow and five children" (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 21 August 1790).

P. 176 no. 23. On 19 December 1771, Henry Taylerson had letters dimissory from the Archbishop of York to be ordained Deacon by the Bishop of London. He was ordained Deacon by that Bishop 21 December 1771, and on December 23 the Archbishop licensed him to the curacy of South Leverton, Notts. He was ordained Priest by the Archbishop of York 11 July 1773. In 1785 he was presented by the Dean and Chapter of York to the Vicarage of Kilham, in the East Riding (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 1 October 1785).

P. 176 no. 24. James Halls was ordained Deacon 19 December 1773 by the Bishop of Peterborough. He became a Fellow of Sidney Sussex College in 1775.

P. 176 no. 25. Thomas Starkie was the eldest son of James Starkie, of Twiston, and Alice, daughter of Richard Lawson, of Langcliffe. He was Senior Wrangler and first Smith's Prizeman in 1771. He was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Carlisle, and Priest 12 March 1775 by the Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield. He was presented by the Archbishop of Canterbury to the Vicarage of Blackburn, Lancashire, and instituted 27 November 1780. He married Ann, daughter of Thomas Yatman, of London, by whom he had with other issue a son, Thomas Starkie (also of St John's), who was like his father Senior Wrangler and first Smith's Prizeman in 1803. The Vicar in 1796 obtained an Act of Parliament enabling him to let part of the vicarial glebe on building leases, by which means the income of the benefice was greatly increased. He died 26 August 1818, aged 68, and was buried at Downham. He published an *Address to his parishioners on the observance of the Sabbath*, 8vo. 1805, and some sermons (Croston's edition of Baines's *History of Lancashire*, iv, 11; Sutton, *List of Lancashire Authors*, 119; *Biographical Dictionary of Living Authors*, 1816; Whittaker, *History of Whalley*, 416 and preface vi., his pedigree, 294). He was elected a Fellow of the College 18 March 1771, his fellowship being filled up in March 1782. While fellow he had leave from the College "to go out of the kingdom" on 8 July 1774, and 28 June 1777. See also Abram, *History of Blackburn*, 297, for details as to the value of his living and his glebe, with an abstract of the special Act of Parliament obtained by him for letting the glebe on long leases.

P. 176 no 26. Jeremiah Jackson was ordained Deacon 18 October 1772 by the Bishop of Limerick, Ardfer, and Aghadoe, and Priest 18 September 1774 by the Bishop of Ely. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 30 March 1773. He was instituted Rector of Manton, co. Rutland, 1 November 1774, on the presentation of Miss Mary Bourne, of Abbot's Langley, Herts. (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 5 November 1774). He was appointed Head Master of Uppingham School at Midsummer 1777. This office he resigned in 1793, and he was then presented by the Governors of the School with a piece of plate of the value of forty pounds (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1794, i, 138). He was presented by the College to the Vicarage of Ospringe, co. Kent, 25 April, and instituted 22 May 1777. This he ceded on his presentation to the Vicarage of Swaffham Bulbeck, co. Cambridge, 11 August 1814, resigning this in 1827. He was instituted Rector of Offord Darcy, Hunts., 19 September 1814. This he held with Manton until his death, at Offord Darcy, 2 June 1828.

He was author of the following : (1) *A Sermon preached at Sittingbourne, on the Visitation of the Archdeacon of Canterbury*, 4to. 1796 ; (2) *A Sermon preached at Sittingbourne 11 June 1800, at the Visitation of the Archdeacon of Canterbury*, 4to. Canterbury, 1800 ; (3) *A discourse delivered at Wisbech in Commemoration of the Charity of Mr John Crane*, 4to. 1810 ; (4) *Three discourses delivered at St Peter's, Wisbech, before the Wisbech Battalion of the Isle of Ely local regiment of Militia*, Wisbech, 1813, 8vo. ; (5) *Horae Subsecivae ; or, a Refutation of the popular opinion, as founded in Prophecy, that Peace will ultimately prevail over the whole world*, 1816, 8vo. ; (6) *Sermons in which the connexion is traced between a Belief of the Truth of Revelation, and the Character, Comfort, and Prosperity of Christians*, 1818, 8vo. (Watts, *Bibliotheca Britannica ; Biographical Dictionary of Living Authors*, 1816).

P. 176 no. 27. John Sargent, second son of John Sargent, of May Place, Kent, esquire, was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn, 5 February 1770. See the admission of his elder brother P. 172 no. 10.

While at Eton John Sargent was distinguished for his scholastic exercises, some of which are preserved in the *Musae Etonenses*. He married Charlotte, daughter and heiress of Richard Bettesworth, esq., of Petworth, the representative of the old Sussex families of Orme and Earton, of Woollavington, through whom he inherited the manor of Woollavington (Elwes and Robinson, *Castles, Mansions, and Manors of Western Sussex*, 272, where there is a pedigree of his descendants). He was returned as M.P. for the Cinque Port of Seaford, 26 June 1790. He vacated his seat in November 1793, on being appointed Chief Clerk of the Ordnance, by his friend, Charles, third Duke of Richmond, then Master General of the Ordnance, and was not re-elected. But on 15 February 1794 he was returned as M.P. for Queenborough, Kent, and was again returned 27 May 1796, sitting until 1802. He was defeated at the general election of that year by a small majority, but was returned as M.P. for the borough of Bodmin, Cornwall, 17 December 1802. In the interval he had resigned his place in the Ordnance Office for that of Joint Secretary to the Treasury, this he gave up to Mr Huskisson in 1804, he retired from public life in 1806.

John Sargent published in 1785 *The Mine ; a dramatic poem*, suggested by the case of a Count Alberti, who was condemned to the quicksilver mines of Idria as a punishment for duelling, his countess resolving to share his fate. It was much admired in its day, and was several times reprinted, the third edition in 1796 having in addition "two historic odes," *The Vision of Stonehenge*, and *Mary Queen of Scots*. Cartwright, writing in Sargent's lifetime, observes that : "men of taste and genius may sincerely regret that an author of such merit has given to the world specimens only of the gems with which his poetic *Mine* is so amply stored." While in *Literary Memoirs of Living Authors* (1798, ii, 238), the poem is thus described : "The *Mine* is a successful attempt to unite poetry and science. Its principal subjects are the wonders of the fossil kingdom ; and the manner in which it is executed does great honour to the learning and genius of the writer, and frequently discovers in him very uncommon powers of expression." Mr Sargent died in 1830 or 1831. His eldest son, John Sargent, was a Fellow of King's College, and Rector of Woollavington (as to him see the *Dictionary of National Biography*). Emily, the second daughter of the Rev. John Sargent (and granddaughter of John Sargent, of St John's), married Samuel Wilberforce, Bishop of Oxford, and Caroline his youngest daughter was the wife of the Rev. Henry Edward Manning, Archdeacon

of Chichester, and afterwards Cardinal Archbishop of Westminster in the Roman Catholic Church (Lower, *Worthies of Sussex*, 296-7; Elwes and Robinson, *l. c.*; *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1833, i, 636).

P. 176 no. 28. Hugh Williams was ordained Deacon 29 November 1772 by the Bishop of Bangor, and Priest 7 August 1774 by the Bishop of St Asaph. He held Welsh preferment which is difficult to follow, but the following seems a correct account of it. He was instituted Rector of Llanellidan, co. Denbigh, 25 September 1780, Vicar of Conway, co. Carnarvon, 10 February 1786 (being again instituted Rector of Llanellidan), Rector of Llangyniew, co. Montgomery, 6 September 1791 (then ceding Conway, but being again instituted Rector of Llanellidan, 13 October 1791). He was appointed to the second curial canonry, or Prebend of Arthur Bulkeley, in St Asaph Cathedral, 2 July 1792. He was instituted Vicar of Corwen, co. Merioneth, 8 October 1792 (then ceding Llangyniew, but being again instituted Rector of Llanellidan, 8 November 1792). He was instituted Rector of Clocaenog, co. Denbigh, 23 July 1796, then ceding Llanellidan. He was instituted Rector of Halkin, co. Flint, 4 July 1797, then ceding Corwen. On 16 June 1797, when he is described as an M.A. of St John's College, Cambridge, and chaplain to Dr Lewis Bagot, Bishop of St Asaph, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Clocaenog (valued at £270), with Halkin (valued at £350), the two livings being stated to be not more than 20 miles apart. He appears to have held both Rectories with his Prebend until 1809.

P. 176 no. 29. William Steggall, the father, was of Christ's College (B.A. 1738). He was Rector of Wyverstone and Hawstead. He died 28 February 1794 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 8 March 1794). Charles Steggall was ordained Deacon 26 May 1771 by the Bishop of Lincoln (at the request of the Bishop of Norwich), and Priest 14 June 1772 by the Bishop of Peterborough. Charles Steggall, described as of Creeting St Mary, was presented to the Rectory of Little Oakley, Essex, by John Leakes, esquire, of Bury, and instituted 24 February 1778 (*Ipswich Journal*, 28 February 1778). He was instituted Rector of Wyverstone, Suffolk, on his own petition, 28 May 1794, then vacating Little Oakley. He was instituted Rector of Westhorpe, Suffolk, 24 December 1812, holding these two livings until his death.

In the chancel of Wyverstone church is a monument with this inscription: "Hoc marmor | in perpetuum memoriam fuit positum | Caroli Steggall A.M. | huius ecclesiae rectoris | annos 25 | Obiit Martii die 21 an. Dom. 1819 | aetat. 78 | Et Mariae Steggall | uxoris charissimae | quae vixit annos 65 | Obiit Martii, 16, 1816 | Requiescat in pace | et resurgat in gloria." (Davy, *Suffolk Collections*, Brit. Mus., Addl. MSS. 19,090). His daughter, Mary Ann, wife of Mr C. D. Hancock, surgeon, of Burwell, Cambridgeshire, died 26 May 1833, aged 56 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 7 June 1833).

P. 176 no. 30. John Longley, only son of Joseph Longley, merchant (who was born 16 July 1705, and died at Rochester in 1785), by his wife, Mary Cosens, a widow, was born at Chatham, Kent, 27 October 1749. He was admitted a student of Lincoln's Inn, 10 September 1764, and was called to the Bar 2 July 1772. He married at Battersea Church, 23 September 1773, Elizabeth Bond, daughter of Thomas Bond, esq., of Battersea Rise (she was born 25 March 1754, and died in 1845). John Longley was appointed Recorder of Rochester in 1784, resigning that office 23 July 1803. He was subsequently appointed Resident Magistrate of the Thames Police Court, Stepney, retaining this office until his death. He resided for some years at Angley, near Cranbrook, and subsequently at Satis House, Boley Hill, near Rochester Castle, where he died, 5 April 1822. He had seventeen children, the youngest but one of whom was the Most Rev. Charles Thomas Longley, Archbishop of Canterbury (Notes from Mr S. de H. Larpent).

P. 176 no. 31. Waldegrave Batteley was ordained Deacon 1 April 1771, and Priest 14 July 1771 by the Bishop of Norwich, on the latter occasion he was licensed to the curacy of Shotley, Suffolk, with a salary of £40. He died at Shotley in 1814, aged 66 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1814, i, 304 a; *Nichols' Illustrations*, iv, 94).

P. 176 no. 32. Richard Williams was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Peterborough 31 March 1771, and Priest by the Bishop of Lincoln, at Buckden, 20 September 1772, and licensed to the curacy of Stapleford, co. Leicester, with a salary of £20. He was instituted Vicar of Oakham cum Capellis de Edgeston, Langham, Barleythorpe, and Brooke, 12 April 1782, and held the living until his

death, 21 July 1805 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 10 August 1805; Justin Simpson, *Obituary and Records for the Counties of Lincoln, Rutland, and Northampton*, 53). One Richard Williams was instituted Vicar of Skillington, co. Lincoln, and as the living was filled up again in 1805 he is probably identical with the Vicar of Oakham. Richard Williams was succeeded at Oakham by his son, the Rev. Richard Williams.

P. 176 no. 35. John Cleobury was the son of John Cleobury, admitted to the College 19 April 1739 (P. 93 no. 14; see *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1801, ii, 860 a). He was ordained Deacon 22 December 1771, when he was licensed to the curacy of Great Marlow, Bucks., with a stipend of £40, and Priest 19 December 1773, all by the Bishop of Lincoln. He was instituted Vicar of St Helen's, Abingdon, Berks., 15 November 1775, and Vicar of Medmenham, Bucks., 22 March 1781. On 21 March 1781, when he is described as chaplain to John Thomas, Bishop of Rochester, he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold both livings, then valued at £120 and £65 respectively, and stated to be not more than 25 miles apart. He held both until his death. He married 10 August 1790, at Great Marlow, Miss Peggy Becket, daughter of Thomas Becket, of Littleton, Wilts. (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1790, ii, 764 a). He died 23 August 1800 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1800, ii, 903, 1000, and see *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1801, ii, 860).

P. 177 no. 2. James Pedley was ordained Deacon 20 September 1772 by the Bishop of London.

P. 177 no. 3. Thomas Cockshutt was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Ely 15 March 1772, and licensed on March 18 to the curacy of Parsons Drove Chapel. A statement was submitted to the Bishop of Ely by John Cockshutt, of Huthwaite, in the parish of Silkstone, Yorks., that Thomas Cockshutt was born 18 May 1748, and baptized in the parish of Silkstone, but the fact is not registered. The birth was recorded in the family Bible. He was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Peterborough 6 June 1773. He was admitted a Fellow of the College 30 March 1773, holding it until 1792. He was Sacrist of the College 11 April 1783 to 15 April 1784, and Senior Dean 15 April 1784 to 25 March 1791. He was appointed a Whitehall Preacher in 1785 (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 2 July). He preached the sermon before the annual meeting of the Governors of Addenbrooke's Hospital, on Thursday, 1 July 1790 (*ibid.* 3 July 1790). He was instituted Vicar of Long Stanton, All Saints, co. Cambridge, 30 October 1787. On 22 December 1790 he was presented by the College to the Rectory of Little Hornead, Herts., and instituted 14 January following. On 28 June 1791 he received a dispensation from the Archbishop of Canterbury to hold Little Hornead (valued at £140) with Long Stanton (valued at £45), the livings being stated to be not more than 28 miles apart. He was again instituted Vicar of Long Stanton, All Saints, 28 July 1791, and held both livings until his death in 1812 at Little Hornead, aged 61 (*Gentleman's Magazine*, 1813, p. 37 a; Hunter, *Familiae Minorum Gentium*, Harl. Soc. Publ. xxxvii, 429, where there is a pedigree). He married at Little Hornead 19 March 1801, Lydia Smith, of Harestreet, Herts. (*Cambridge Chronicle*, 24 March 1801). He died at Little Hornead 12 December 1812 (*ibid.* 25 December 1812). His widow died in 1814 (*ibid.* 4 June 1814). He delivered the Boyle Lectures from 1793 to 1798 inclusive; these have not been published (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, vi, 456).

P. 177 no. 4. William Bishop, eldest son of Henry Bishop, of Barbados, America, esquire, was admitted a student of the Middle Temple 2 October 1767.

P. 177 no. 6. Frederick Irby was the eldest son of the first Lord Boston. He was born 9 July 1749. He succeeded to the title on the death of his father 31 March 1775. He married 15 May 1775, Christian, only daughter of Paul Methuen, of Corsham House, Wilts. (she died 9 May 1832). They had a large family, some of whom were members of the College. Lord Boston was one of the Lords of the Bedchamber to the King in 1780. He died 23 March 1825 (Thompson, *History of Boston*, 397; Burke's *Peerage*).

P. 177 no. 7. This is probably the Thomas Johnson, B.A., who was ordained Deacon 28 July 1771 by the Bishop of London, and Priest by the Bishop of Lincoln 15 March 1772 (see P. 175 no. 11, who probably did not graduate).

P. 177 no. 8. The *Parish Register* of All Saints, Cambridge, has the following entry: "1768, June 18, Henry Neve, scholar of St John's College" (buried).

ADDITIONS AND CORRECTIONS.

P. 25 no. 2. Robert Gardiner died 14 April and was buried in Bath Abbey 16 April 1763 (*Harl. Soc. Publ. Registers*, xxviii, 451).

P. 29 no. 39. In the signatures to the certificate read Eubulus Thelwall for Eubulus Thetwall.

P. 32 no. 23. Mr H. M. Wood sends the following extract from the *Parish Register* of Holy Trinity, Sunderland: "1748 May 3, Ralph Tatham and Elizabeth Yellowlee, married by licence."

And the following from the *Parish Register* of Whittingham, Northumberland: "Baptisms; 1778 November 6, Ralph, son of the Revd. Mr Ralph Tatham, of Barton." This youngest Ralph was afterwards Master of the College.

P. 33 no. 32. For Quarnby we should no doubt read Queensbury.

P. 35 no. 3. There is a Woodrooffe pedigree in F. A. Crisp's *Visitation of England and Wales, Notes*, Vol. iv, pp. 1-3. From this we learn that John Woodrooffe was born at Balsham, 15 April 1705. He married Catherine Pocklington, daughter of the Rev. Oliver Pocklington, Rector of Chelmsford. She died 1 May 1783. Both John Woodrooffe and his wife are buried at Cranham, where there are inscriptions to their memory.

P. 39 no. 14. For Eynning we should perhaps read Aynhoe.

P. 39 no. 15. In line 42 for Reginali we should read Regali; see P. 16 last line.

P. 89 no. 12. Henry Offley Wright was ordained Deacon 29 September 1749, and Priest 1 October 1749 by the Bishop of Hereford in his Cathedral.

P. 90 no. 25. Geoffry (or Jeffry) Bentham was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Ely 25 May 1746. He must have been curate not Vicar of Meldreth, as Thomas Tookie was instituted Vicar 3 May 1744.

P. 90 no. 35. On 6 July 1757 the Bishop of Ely appointed Sir Anthony Thomas Abdy, bart., to be Chief Justice of the Isle of Ely. He resigned the office in 1758, when William de Grey was appointed.

P. 90 no. 36. For "Swath" in line 43 we should no doubt read Snaith.

P. 91 no. 43. Stuart Gunning was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Ely 10 March 174 $\frac{1}{2}$.

P. 92 no. 1. For Hophin read Hophni.

P. 92 no. 5. The name of this youth should be Reginald or Reynold. The entry in the Register is Reginaldus not Richardus. He was ordained Deacon and Priest on 14 March 174 $\frac{1}{2}$ by the Bishop of Norwich, with letters dimissory from the Bishop of London, in the Chapel within the Mansion House of the Bishop of Ely in Holborn. His name is given as "Reynold." The Bishop of London's Register contains the following entry: "Licensed for the Ministry in Barbados, April 12, 1742, Reynold Forster, of St John's College, Cambridge."

P. 95 no. 31. William Cole was ordained Deacon 5 June 1748 by the Bishop of Ely.

P. 96 no. 12. Kingsman Baskett was ordained Deacon 25 April 1748, and Priest 10 June 1750 by the Bishop of Ely.

P. 98 no. 43. Thomas Barnard was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Ely 25 May 1746, and was licensed to the curacy of Swafflam.

P. 99 no. 9. In line 30 we should probably read Hoyland for Soyland.

P. 100 no. 14. John Johnson was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Ely 23 September 1744.

P. 100 no. 19. George Ashby was ordained Priest 24 May 1752 by the Bishop of Ely.

P. 120 no. 45. The *Parish Register* of St Bene't's Church, Cambridge, contains the following entry among the burials for 1748 : " Mr Will^m Chasteney, late of St John's College in this University, was buried November 30."

P. 134 no. 16. Thomas Todington was presented to the Rectory of Thornton-le-Moor by the Bishop of Ely, on the death of Thomas Booth. The Bishop's Register contains the following note : " When the gentleman mentioned in the preceding page took possession of the Rectory of Thornton-le-Moor, he found it let for £60 *per annum* or thereabouts ; and on his attempting to advance the rent the farmers pleaded a Modus, and refused to comply with his terms. The gentleman at length, by the advice of his friends, filed a bill in the Court of Exchequer against two or three of the principal farmers, who put in their answers ; but as they made no defence on the day fixed for the hearing, the Court decreed for the Rector, and by this means the Rectory of Thornton-le-Moor is become worth £100 *per annum* or thereabouts."

P. 136 no. 2. The father's name is Richard Reddall, not Richard Dixon.

P. 160 no. 20. In the east window of the southern aisle in Lichfield Cathedral there is the following inscription, written by Dr Samuel Parr : " Quae in apside vicina insunt | Septem fenestrae picturatae, | Coenobio Cauonicorum Herchenrodensi | Quod olim exornauerant, | Foedissime direpto atque diruto, | Novam et Deo volente stabiliorem sedem | In hac Ecclesia nactae sunt | Ope et consilio viri in omni judicio elegantissimi | Dom. Brooke Boothby, de Ashbourn aula, | In Comitatu. Derby. Baronetti, | Anno Sacro мсссш" (*Aphorisms, Opinions and Reflections of the late Dr Parr, 183*).

The following corrections should be made in the Index :

P. 193, 1st col. in line 8 read 49 for 46.

P. 194, 2nd col. in line 9 read 63 for 64.

P. 199, 1st col. Edward Edwards was admitted 30 June 1733, not 1732.

P. 208, 1st col. William Henvill, father of James H. p. 143, l. 21, not l. 12.

P. 210, 1st col. Joshua Hotchkis appears on p. 25, not p. 24.

P. 230, 2nd col. in l. 4 from bottom, for p. 64 read p. 54.

P. 231, 2nd col. insert Rowse, Ezekiel, February 3, 1756. Rowse, Ezekiel, father of Ezekiel, p. 147, l. 28.

P. 238, 1st col. the asterisk should be opposite John Taylor, admitted 7 June 1721, and not opposite the name of John Taylor admitted 9 June 1724.

P. 242, 1st col. in line 3 for p. 153 read p. 154.

P. 246, 1st col. the asterisk ought to be opposite the name of William Wilson, admitted 29 April 1717, and not opposite the name of William Wilson, admitted 24 May 1716.

